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SOCIÉTÉ JERSIAISE.

Rolls of the Assizes

HELD IN THE

CHANNEL ISLANDS

IN THE

Second Year of the Reign
of King Edward ii.

A.D. 1309.

PUBLICATION 18^{ME}



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PREFACE

The history of the Channel Islands during the centuries immediately following the Norman Conquest will remain obscure until that very important series of documents known as the Assize Rolls has been published. Not only do they throw much light on the rise and development of local institutions, judicial in particular, but it is possible to obtain from them a very perfect picture of the social condition of the Islanders in the middle ages.

The transcript of the Roll which is now published was made by Mr Arthur F. Heintz during the Secretaryship of the late Mr Humphrey Marett Godfray, but at his death only a portion thereof had come into the possession of the Société Jersiaise, and it is only quite recently that Lord de Saumarez acquired the remainder and very generously presented the same to the Society.

A brief account of the nature of the Assizes held in the Islands by the Justices-Itinerant will not be out of place. The institution of Assizes is anterior to the separation of the Islands from Normandy. They were to be held at intervals of three years, and appear to have so taken place until the end of the reign of Edward I, after which period they were held at irregular intervals. In Normandy the Assizes were, with certain exceptions, presided over by the Seneschal or his delegates, but whether the Justices holding them in these Islands were nominated by the Seneschals or by the English Sovereigns must remain for the present an open question. After the conquest of the Duchy by Philip Augustus the Wardens of the Islands were often appointed, with others, to hold the Assizes, but under Edward I and his successors we find that Justices-Itinerant were specially named to conduct these judicial proceedings. It must not however be inferred that the institution of these Justices-Itinerant was derived from the Norman system of the holding of Assizes by three or four

sworn Barons or Knights. The custom of sending Judges on circuit through the Counties of England dates from the reign of Henry I, who brought the provincial judicature into connexion with the central judicature by means of the eyres of the Judges. It must not be assumed that England adopted the Norman polity in matters legal merely because we find a similarity in the institutions.

The Justices-Itinerant sent to the Islands were generally nominated by letters patent of the King in duplicate, i.e. the Commission itself was usually accompanied by a letter addressed to the permanent officers of the King and to the inhabitants notifying the appointment and demanding that obedience and assistance should be given to the Judges. The Commissions usually set out the matters of which the Justices were to take cognizance. Besides the usual business of Assize, they were sometimes specially directed to adjudicate on particular suits; sometimes to hear complaints against the King's Officers, the Jurats, &c. At times again it was the condition of the Royal Revenues or the Customs and Laws of the Islands that had to be enquired into. The King's revenues and profits indeed seem never to have been lost sight of and the great number of amercements or fines inflicted by these Judges, which accrued to the Crown, leads one to conclude that there existed under the Norman Kings an intimate connexion between judicature and finance. Our countryman Wace has well pictured the condition of the people in those days of judicial exactions in the following graphic lines:

Ne poent une heure avoir paiz.
 Jur en jur sunt semuns de plaiz :
 Plaiz de forez, plaiz de moneies,
 Plaiz de purprises, plaiz de veies,
 Plaiz de biés, plaiz de moutes
 Plaiz de fautez, plaiz de toutes.

On the arrival of the Justices in the Islands all judicial functionaries and other officers were summoned to appear. A list of such was drawn up, to which was added a list of the Jurors of each parish, whose duty it was to make presentments of crimes and misdemeanours, of encroachments on the royal domain and of anything done to the detriment or prejudice of the King's revenues and rights.

The Justices then proceeded with the various pleas, Crown pleas, Common pleas, Pleas of "quo warranto", of Gaol Delivery, &c. An interesting account of these is to be found in "Les Cour Royales des Iles Normandes" by Julien Havet, a work which we would strongly recommend to any one desiring to profitably study and investigate the contents of this publication.

The present volume contains the pleas held in the 2nd year of Edward II's reign before John de Fressingfeld, John de Ditton, William Russel, and Drogo de Barentin. The original MS. is in the Public Record Office and though really forming only one roll, being a record of the proceedings of one assize, is catalogued as if it were two, under the numbers 1160 and 1161. Probably this arose from the second portion becoming detached from the first at some remote period during the custody of these documents in the Tower of London, which resulted in the second part being exposed to the effects of damp, whilst the first shared a better fate. It is to be remarked that the first part is in an excellent condition whilst a great number of the membranes of the second are very imperfect.

The Roll is one of the most important and interesting of these ancient manuscripts. It contains many and minute particulars as to the administration of justice, and the ecclesiastical relations of the Islands with Normandy and the See of Coutances. But perhaps the most important part of the roll is the enquiry held concerning the Customs obtaining in the Islands and the rights and privileges of the inhabitants to govern themselves according to such customs. The commonalty of each Island (*Communitas Insulae*) was called upon to put in a statement of the customs claimed and the laws by which they are governed, and the Justices having obtained this, the pleas of "quo warranto" against them were proceeded with, the whole in the presence of William des Mareys, the King's Counsel or Attorney General, who seems to have strongly contested the claims made by the Islanders, and in whose pleas will be found in full detail the complaints brought against them. A close study of the pleas recorded on both sides will shed considerable light on the subject of the judicature at the period of the separation of the Islands from Continental Normandy, as well as on the bearing of the document which is known as the "Constitutions" of King John.

It will be seen that the Justices of 1309 did not give any decision on the claims of the Islanders but referred the matter to the Court of the King's Bench, and it may be interesting to note that the points raised were not adjudicated upon for many years to come. In 1320 William de Bourne, Nicolas de Cheny and John de Carteret were appointed Justices in Eyre and these rendered judgment entirely in favour of the Islanders, who had based their claims and privileges on immemorial possession and use. But the King was not satisfied, fearing that his authority might be lessened, and three years afterwards other Justices, Henry Spigurnell and William Denon were sent over. They reversed the decisions given by William de Bourne and his associates. The question dragged on until the Islanders in 1333 resorted to a petition⁽¹⁾ to the King and Parliament, which was referred to a special Committee of the House. The Islanders questioned the legality of the writs of "quo warranto,"⁽²⁾ demanded that the prosecution of these suits should cease and prayed that new Justices be sent over and that their privileges be confirmed. The result was satisfactory; for a writ of the King, dated the 12th February, 1333, ordered the Judges of the King's Bench, to whom the question had been referred, to suspend all proceedings, and henceforth we hear no more of this remarkable episode. That the position was acute may be gathered from the fact that when in 1331 the itinerant Justices visited the Islands, they found the Islanders had formed an association, at the head of which were the Priors of St. Clement and the Vale and some members of the leading local families, with the object of defending their liberties. To the number of five hundred they presented themselves before the Justices, pleaded their case, and declared they would defend their liberties at the peril of their lives. They were arrested as rebels and tried, but the jury acquitted them.⁽³⁾ In pre-

(1) This petition (in Norman French) is printed in the Appendix to Havet's *Cours Royales des Iles Normandes*, Number xxxv, page 228.

(2) A writ of "quo warranto" was an action against persons who were supposed to have appropriated to themselves chattels belonging to the King or usurped royal rights. Unless the defendant could produce a legal title, the chattel or right usurped was recovered for the Crown.

(3) See Commissioner's Criminal Report for Guernsey (1848), page 810, where a considerable portion of the Roll of the Justices of 1831 is published. See also Dupont, *Histoire du Cotentin et de ses Iles*, vol. ii, pp. 245—248.

sence of this condition of affairs it is highly probable that Edward III, about to go to war with the French, did not wish to alienate the sympathies of his subjects of the Norman Archipelago. On many occasions, indeed, the Islanders had gently hinted their dangerous proximity to France & they knew well how to appeal to the King and his Council on this score. They had bravely withstood every attempt to wrest from them their liberties and franchises and a few years afterwards, on the 18th July, 1341, Edward amply confirmed to them their cherished customs and privileges.

It will thus be readily recognised how desirable it is that the contents of these Rolls should be published. The work is not only great but costly. Yet without this material it is impossible to bring to bear any sound criticism on the early institutions of these Islands. The Société Jersiaise having now entered upon the threshold of the task, it is sincerely to be hoped it may be in a position to continue the publication of these Rolls, the utility of which to the future historian of Jersey is indubitable.

The translation of the Roll is in the main the work of Miss E. M. Walford. The revision thereof was entrusted to us by the Executive Committee of the Society. The task has not been of the easiest, for many passages have presented considerable difficulties of interpretation. It is to be hoped therefore that allowance will be made for any errors that may have escaped notice. The reader's attention is drawn to the list of Errata which have been discovered in the course of the publication. Three indices which have been made as complete as possible accompany the work and will afford easy reference to the student.

GERVAISE LE GROS,
ED. TOULMIN NICOLLE.

ERRATA.

- Page
- 10, line 30. For "pardoned" read "granted."
- 11, " 14. For "consider" read "determine."
- 14, " 12. "Saynk" is doubtless "Saint's Bay," Guernsey.
- 23, " 9. For "principal things" read "things appertaining to the Prince."
- 44, " 27. For "reasonably" read "lawfully."
- 49, " 14. For "de Bosc" read "du Bois."
- 60, last line. For "Coolms" read "Coloms."
- 74, line 26. Between "Precentor" and "Chapter" insert words "of the."
- 80, 5 lines from bottom. For "Sheriff" read "Viscount."
- 95, line 17. For "cry of" read "Clameur de Haro."
- 113, " 22 (Latin). For "de Puten" read "Patenti Pomerio."
- 130, " 27. For "he is outlawed" read "his appearance is required and he is outlawed."⁽¹⁾
- 163, " 24. For "fumiage" read "fumage."
- 171, " 11. For "cited" read "accused."
- " last line. For "port assigned to" read "sentence pronounced on."
- " (Latin version), l. 8. For "rectatis" read "rectatos."
- " " 14. For "rec....." read "recto."
- " " 21. For "ven....." read "venerint."
- " " 24. For "Rot....." read "Rotulis."
- 176, lines 13 & 14. For "Gremdaveine" read "Greindaveine."
- 214, line 22. For "whose domestic servant he is" read "under whose authority he is."

Note to page 269.

CONSERVATORES PRIVILEGIORUM UNIVERSITATIS PARISIS: Pro tuendis autem ipsius Universitatis et suorum officiorum juribus instituti sunt duo Conservatores, scilicet Conservator Apostolicus, et Conservator Regius, coram quibus ipsius Universitatis supposita, quascumque personas sibi reas et in aliqua re obligatas faciunt convenire. (See Ducange under "Conservator").

The connection between the Islands & the University of Paris is not very clear.

(1) *Exigatur et utlagatur*.—The writ of *exigi facias* (writ of exigent) was so-called because it *exacted* the appearance of the party against whom it was issued within certain days of proclamation under pain of outlawry. The expression occurs frequently in this Roll and has been translated "banished and outlawed." In all cases therefore the translation given in the Errata above should be substituted.

Rolls of the Assizes

ADDITIONAL ERRATUM.

Page 228 (*Translation*).

line 28. For "Simon de la Haye" read "Simon de la Hague."

A.D. 1309.

2 Edward ii.
Record Office,
Nº 1160.

Plita querelarū coram Johne de ffresingfeld e
Wiffo Russel Justiciā d[ñi] Regis assignatis in Insulis ad
audiend querelas dñsoꝝ conquerenciū de ministris dñi Regis
e Ottonis de Grandisono in qñdena scī Johinis bapt̃ anno
regni dñi Edwardi Reg^o Angt̃ scdo finiente.

ffresingfeld.

(M. 1.) Dñs Rex mandavit hic liſas suas patenť in hec verba. Edwardus
Dei grā Rex Angt̃ Dñs Hibn e Dux Aquit̃ dilectis e fidelibus suis
Johni de ffresingfeld e Wifmo Russel Salūm. Quia ex querela quo-
rundam Insulanoꝝ de Gernereye, Jerseye, Serk e Aureneye accepim^o
qd̃ qdā ministri e Balli tam p dñm E quondam Regem Angt̃ patrem
nostrū q^m p nos ad insulas pdcas quas dilectus e fidelis noster Otto
de Grandisono tenet ad terminū vite sue ex concessione dñi patris
nostri certis Račōnibꝫ missi necnō e ministri e balliui Insulaꝫ illaꝫ
per pdc̃m Ottonem deputati iniurias t^{ns}gressiones e dampna diſsa
voluntarie e absq̃ causa račōnabili pdc̃is Insulanis multipliciť in-
tulerunt ; et qd̃ idem ministri e balliui iniurias t^{ns}gressiones e
dampna huiusmodi eisdem Insulanis adhuc de die in diem inferre
non desistunt put in quibusdam petiçōibꝫ Insulaꝫ pdcōꝝ coram nobis
e consilio nrō exhibitis, quas vobis mittim^o sub pede sigilli nrī pleni^o
continet̃, volentes eisdñ Insulanis de ministr^o e balliuis pdc̃is
coram vobis conqueri volentibus fieri celeris Justitie complementū
assig^{uim}^o vos Justiciarios nostros ad querelas omīū de Insulis pdc̃is
sup Iniuriis t^{ns}gressionibꝫ e dampnis eis p pdc̃ōs ministros e balli-
uos illatis conqueri volenciū audiendū e ſminandū et ad justiciam
inde ptibus pdc̃is faciendū scdm legem e consuetudinē Insulaꝫ pdc̃aꝫ

Pleas of the Plaints before John de Fresingfeld & William Russel Justices of the Lord the King appointed to hear in the Islands the plaints of divers plaintiffs concerning the officers of the lord the King and of Otto de Grandison ending in the quindene of St. John the Baptist in the second year of the reign of the lord Edward King of England.

Fresingfeld.

(M. 1.) The lord the King sent here his letters patent in these words. Edward by the grace of God King of England Lord of Ireland & Duke of Aquitaine to his beloved & faithful John de Fresingfeld & William Russel greeting. Because through the complaints of certain islanders of Guernsey, Jersey, Sark & Alderney we understand that certain officers & bailiffs sent for certain reasons as well by the lord E. formerly King of England our father as by us to the islands aforesaid which our beloved & faithful Otto de Grandison holds for the term of his life of the grant of our said father, also the officers & bailiffs of those islands deputed by the aforesaid Otto, have very often inflicted divers wrongs, trespasses & damages, voluntarily & without reasonable cause upon the said islanders; & that the said officers & bailiffs do not cease from day to day to inflict such wrongs trespasses & damages upon the said islanders as is more fully contained in certain petitions of the said islanders exhibited before us & our council which we send to you under the foot of our seal, willing that to the same islanders wishing to complain of the officers and bailiffs aforesaid before you there be made the accomplishment of swift justice, we have appointed you our justices to hear & determine the plaints of all those of the islands aforesaid wishing to complain of the wrongs, trespasses & damages done to them by the aforesaid officers & bailiffs, & to do justice thereupon to the parties aforesaid according to the law & custom of the islands aforesaid. And there-

Et ido vobis mandan^o qđ ad ĉtos dies e loca quos ad hoc puideritis querelas pđčas audiatís e tmineſ in forma pđča fřřuri inde qđ ad Justiĉ ptinet scđm legem e consuetudinē přm illaz Saluis nobis am-
ciamtis e aliis ad nos inde spectantibus; Mandauim^o enim Balliuis Insulaz pĉaz qđ ad ĉtos dies e loca quos eis faĉ facietis venire faciatís coram vobis tot e tales pĉbos e legř hoies de Insulis pđcis p quos Rei veritas in pmissis melius sciri pořit e inquire. In cui^o Rei testi-
moniũ has liřras nřas fieri fecim^o patentés. T. me iřo apđ Westm̃
xx die maii anno regñ ñ. scđo.

Mandauit ř quoddam bř clausum in hec verba. Edwardus dei
grā Rex Angł Dñs Hibñ Dux Aquit dilectis e fidelibus suis Jořni de
ffresingfeld e Wilfo Russel Justiĉ suis ad querelas Insulanoř de Ger-
nereye Jerseye Serk e Aureneye sup iniuriis e dampnis e gřuami-
nibus eis p ministros e balliuos Insulaz illaz illatis vt decitur audiend
e ĉminand assigřtis salřm. Mittim^o vobis petiĉom Jordani filii Guifři
Leuesqe de quodam annuo reddiř septē buss řři duoř panũ e duař
gallinař in poch scē Marie de Arso monastio in dcā Insula de Jerseye
de quo p ballfos e ministros Ottonis de Grandisono Custodis insulaz
predĉaz asserit se iniuste erectum⁽¹⁾ fuisse přsentibus interclusam
mandantes qđ inspecta petiĉone predĉa et vocatis ptibus vobis auditis
q, huic inde eazdem raĉonibus pfato Jordano inde faciatís debitum e
festinũ Justice complementũ put scđm legem e consuetudinē přm
illaz řřit faciend. T. me iřo apđ Kenyngtoñ xxiiij die maii anno
regñ ñ scđo. Et est peticio talis Enřquerant la gře nře seignř le
Roy se complaint Jordā Leuesqe filř Guillame Leuesqe come Jordan
Leuesqe pere du dist Giff & ael du dist Jordan eust achate vn buss
de ffurmēt ij pains & ij gellinus en la poisse de seinte Marie de
Arsmoster en lysle de Jerř de annuel rente de Geruase file de Richř
Leuesqe en tens de sa venezte. La quele rente auantdite le auaunt-

(1) For ejectum.

fore we command you that at certain days & places which you shall provide therefor you hear & determine the said complaints in the form aforesaid, doing therein what belongs to justice according to the law & custom of those parts; saving to us the amerciements & other things which belong to us therein. We have also commanded the bailiffs of the islands aforesaid that at certain days & places which you shall cause to be made known to them they shall cause to come before you all & such good & lawful men of the islands aforesaid by whom the truth of the matter in the premises may the better be known & enquired into. In witness whereof we have caused these our letters to be made patent. Witness ourself at Westminster the 20th day of May in the second year of our reign.

He sent also a certain closed writ in these words. Edward by the grace of God King of England Lord of Ireland Duke of Aquitaine to his beloved & faithful John de Fresingfeld & William Russel his Justices appointed to hear & determine the complaints of the islanders of Guernsey, Jersey, Sark & Alderney upon the wrongs, damages & grievances done to them by the officers & bailiffs of those islands, as it is said, greeting. We send to you in these presents enclosed the petition of Jordan son of William Levesque concerning a certain yearly rent of seven bushells of wheat, of two loaves & of two hens in the parish of St. Mary of the burnt Monastery in the said island of Jersey out of which he declares himself to have been unjustly ejected by the bailiffs & officers of Otto de Grandison Warden of the said islands commanding you that having inspected the petition aforesaid & the parties having been called before you & having heard their reasons therein, you make to the said Jordan therein the due & speedy accomplishment of Justice as according to the law & custom of those parts it ought to be done. Witness ourself at Kenyngton the 24th day of May in the second year of our reign. And the petition runs thus: Desiring the grace of our lord the King Jordan Levesque son of William Levesque complains that whereas Jordan Levesque father of the said William & grandfather of the said Jordan had bought one bushell of wheat, two loaves & two hens of annual rente in the parish of St. Mary of the burnt Monastery in the island of Jersey, of Gervase daughter of Richard Levesque in the time of her

dit Jordan tynt ben & poysiblemēt tote sa vie & en murust en peisible
seisine & le dit Gillame son fiz la tynt bien & peisiblement ieks ala
venue sire Ottes de Granson le quel laresta ou fit arester en la mayn
nostř seignr le Roy saunz cause ne mes defaus encusours des queux il
auoit trop en lauand dite paroisse en tel tens & la encuserunt en
sa absence pur la quele chose ledit Jordan requert la grace nostre
segnur le Roy qe il ly pleyse afcē ly aueir vne leale enqueste de
douzse pdes hoīmes de la paroisse desuzdite assauoir si il ē issi com il
dist. E si ledit Gillame en fist vnges chose p quey il endit pdre
seisine ne ly ne ces hirs. E si il est issi trouee come il dist qe len-
queste ne demoerge pas a passer pur les roules des arestez. E requert
ledit Jordan q̄ droit li soit fait sur ces qar il a autrefoiz eu breffs sur
ceste peticion e le bailif de la dite Isle ly a respondu qe il niliapar-
tenieit pas tenir enqueste de ces. E qe il apteneit as Justiē le Roy
erraunz par qei ledit Jordan requert la gē nre sir le Roy qe le bref
seit enuoye as Justices qe sunt assignes atener dreit en la dite Isle
de par ly sur les ministres sire Ottes. E si il est troue qil est issi
prie le dit Jordan qe les ministres sir Ottes li facent restituōn des
choses desuzdites. Et quesitum est a p̄dco Jordān qui fecit ei Inju-
riam & de quibus vult conqueri et nich scit dicere nisi qd mortui
sunt. Postea die mercuī p̄xima ante festum assumpcōnis be marie
p̄dcs Jord venit e dicit qd Lucas de Taun fecit arestari p̄dcm reddm
qui mortuus est tē. Et quesitis rotulis eiusdē Luce inuentū est
recordū in eisdē in hec verba Iīm vn busseff fruēti qui fuerunt⁽¹⁾
escheta dñi reg^o p forisfcūram Ricī dēi Epī tenenē ptem Norman
arestaī p dñm J. Wyg quos tenuit Wiflms dēus Epūs eo vocat coram
nobis peciit dēus⁽²⁾ vñ busseff a dño rege nobis afferentibus qd eos
ñere non debuit qz futūnt esē dñm Reg^o p Ricī dēm Ep̄m tenenē
ptem Norīn e qd ingressū quem fuit fuit ab illis qui nullū ing^ossum
ñuerunt de Jure. Ille vero asseruit qd nō clamabat aliqd Jus p dēm

postea ad die
idē cōp Justiē
de Banco dñi Rē
apd L.....⁽³⁾ Jordā
nō est p̄secuē
Et Id sit in mīa
Et nich cepiat
p petiōm suam.

(1) Sic.

(2) The word Jordanus appears to have been omitted here by error in the original.

(3) Erased.

widowhood : which said rente the said Jordan held well & peaceably all his life & died in peaceable seisin thereof, & the said William his son held it well & peaceably until the coming of Sir Otto de Granson who seised or caused it to be seised into the hand of our lord the King without reason but by false accusers of whom he had too many in the said parish at that time, & they accused him in his absence, for which thing the said Jordan desires the grace of our lord the King that it may please him (the King) to cause him to have a lawful inquisition of twelve good men of the parish aforesaid to ascertain if it be as he says, & whether the said William ever did anything whereby he ought to lose seisin to him or his heirs. And if it is found then as he says that the inquisition will not delay to pass the judgment rolls. And the said Jordan requests that right be done to him therein because he has formerly had writs upon this petition & the bailiff of the said island answered him that it was not within his province to hold an inquisition thereupon ; & that it appertained to the Justices of the King in eyre, wherefore the said Jordan desires the grace of our lord the King that the writ may be sent to the Justices who are appointed to do justice in the said Island on his behalf on the officers of Sir Otto. And if it be found that it is thus, the said Jordan prays that the ministers of Sir Otto make restitution to him of the things abovesaid. And the said Jordan was asked who did him wrongs & about whom he wishes to complain & he could only speak of those who are dead. Afterwards on the Wednesday next before the feast of the Assumption of the Blessed Mary the said Jordan comes & says that Lucas de Tavy caused the said rente to be seized, who is dead &c. And the rolls of the said Luke being searched a record is found in them in these words : Also 1 bushell of wheat which were [*sic*] the escheats of the lord the King by the forfeiture of Richard called Bishop having taken the part of the Normans seised by Sir J. Wyger which William called Bishop held ; thereupon being called before us the said (Jordan) claimed one bushell from the King, we alleging that he ought not to have them because they were the escheats of the King through Richard called Bishop having taken the part of the Normans & that the entry which he had he had from those who had no entry of right. But he asserted that he did not

Afterwards
on the same
day before
the Justices
of the Bench
of the lord
the King at
L..... Jordan
did not sue
And therefore
he is fined &
shall take
nothing by
his petition.

Ricm set p Geruaſ fit suam que vendidit pſatū frumentū paſ dñi
Willi e nos p pte Reg^o dixim^o qd illa non fuit aliquod Jus in tram
quam paſ suus forisfecit vt in frumentū et que frtū fuit ab eo pſt
multas alſcacōnes vtrum vellet sustineſ inqñs sup hiis que dixim^o e
que ipe dixit respondit qd noluit sustinere aliqui inqñs vt Judm e
sic p consideraōm Cuſ remanet dñm fr in mañ dñi Reg^o e tra simſr
vnde puenit fruñtū antedñm qz dicitur qd pdcūs Ricūs Epūs feoffauit
tra illā Jordano dñō Epō postq^m forisfecit e de hiis debet inquiri p
balliuos.—Et pdcūs Jordſ nō potest dediceſ qñ recordū istud sit de
diſsa plita pdcō redd quem ipe modo petīt. Et Ideo datus est ei dies de au-
diendo Iudicio suo coram dñō reg^o a die scī Michis in vnū mensem
vbicumq; ſc. Et recitatis biletis de querelis diusoſ comptum est qd
sunt quasi in quatuor ptes vnde quedam sunt de Justiĉ hic alias
Itifantibus de quibus Justiĉ hic diſunt querentibus qd ipi non ſnt
Waſ cognoscendi de ſcīs Justiĉ. Quedam t̄ sunt de ministris dñi
Reg^o tēpe Gwerſ qui tunc cepant batellos quozdam ad hurdicianđ
inde Caſtſ dñi Reg^o e quidam alia vt vittualia tē quibuscum non
posset doceri qd dñs Rex assignasset aliquem ad soluendū phi^o captis
e constat qd Insule cū exitibz tunc flumt⁽¹⁾ in manu dñi Reg^o e
Henſ de Cobham custos p tempe tē. Et Nichūs de Chesny fuisset
custos alio tempe tē. dñm est hi^o querentibus qd sequant^r erga con-
siſm dñi Reg^o vt inde pvideat^r ſmedm tē. Quedam t̄ e p maiori
pte ſient originē de debili moneta Turoneñ currente tempe guerre
que dum currebāt currebant⁽¹⁾ nomine & loco bonoſ. Et post inhibi-
coēm inde ſcam tres illoſ tñ valebant vnū bonū Turroneñ post q^m
Inhibicoēm ministri pſci Otonis petierint e adhuc petunt suñam
debittoſ tempe guerre solui in bona moneta Turroneñ sine diminu-
cōne suñe tē. Vnde debitoſe putant se posse quietat^r p vnū bonoſ

(1) Sic.

claim any right by the said Richard but by Gervase his daughter who sold the said wheat to the father of the said William, & we on behalf of the King said that she had not any right in the land which her father forfeited or in the wheat, and which wheat was sought from him ; after many altercations whether he wished to sustain the inquisition upon those things which we said & which he said, he answered that he did not wish to sustain any inquisition or judgment, & so by consideration of the court the said wheat remains in the hand of the lord the King & likewise the land whence came the said wheat because it is said that the said Richard Bishop enfeoffed that land to Jordan called Bishop after he made forfeiture, & as to these things enquiry ought to be made by the bailiffs. And the said Jordan cannot deny that that record concerns the aforesaid rente for
divers pleas. which he now petitions. And therefore a day is given to him to hear his judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael whersoever &c. And the bills being recited of the complaints of divers [people] it is found that they are nearly in four parts whereof certain are of the Justices sometime in eyre here of whom the Justices here said to the plaintiffs that they had not a warrant to take cognizance of the acts of the Justices. And some are of the officers of the lord the King in time of war who then took the boats of some to barricade the castle of the lord the King & certain other things as victuals &c. to whom it cannot be proved that the lord the King assigned anything to be paid for these things taken ; & it appears that the Islands with the issues were then in the hands of the King & Henry de Cobham was Warden for the time &c. And Nicholas de Chesny was the Warden at another time &c. It is granted to the plaintiffs to sue before the council of the lord the King so that remedy may be provided &c. And certain & for the greater part have their origin in the bad moneys tournois current in the time of war which were current in the name & place of good. And after the inhibition thereof made, three of those were only worth one good tournois, after which inhibition the officers of the said Otto prayed & still pray that the whole of the debts of the time of war may be paid in good money tournois without diminution of the sum &c. Whereupon the debtors deem that they may acquit them-

Turoneſi p̄ tribus de debili tē. que currebant tempe guerre ſup quibz certis de cauſis Juſtiſ hic decreſſunt inde tractandū cum conſilio dñi Reg^o Et hitis inde quibzdam alſcaſcōnibus dēm fuit querentibus qđ expectent indē coram dño Regē a die ſcī Michis in vnū menſem ubi-cumq; tē Et ſequat̄: unus loco om̄n tē. Ita qđ ſolo inde fiet genaliſ ſcđm qđ videbitur conſilio dñi Reg fore faciendū. Quedam t̄ ſunt de quibusdam qui ſſunt miniſtri p̄dci Otonis e iam abeo deſceſſerunt ante tempus querelaꝝ e nich hnt in Insulis p̄ qđ poſſint atacki nec ibi poſſunt Inueniri. Sup quibus conſimilr Juſtiſ hic volunt hre tractaſi cū p̄dco conſilio dñi Reg^o p̄fatū l̄minū. Et inſim expectet̄ tē

Postea ad diem illū apud Weſtū Phus de Carteret e quidā alij Insulani optulerunt ſe nōie om̄n conquerenciū quo ad monetam tē. Et quia dedici nō poſteſt q̄u moneta nūc currens in Insulis taſt eſt et euſdem valoris qualis fſſat ab antiquo ante temp^o vltime guerre, et ſimiliſ de quali redditus firme e anſciamentā que ſub ēta ſumā p̄cu-nie aſſeſſa ſſunt ab antiquo, nō videſt Cuſ dñi Rē qđ illi p maliciam ſiue p negligenciā ſuā recumerūt red̄ds firmas vel anſciamentā hui^o modi dum quieti poſant extitiſſe p debilem monetam ſi ea ſoluiſſe voluiſſent ſub eadem ſumā dū debil moneta currebat loco bone de-beant modo conſequi p̄ficuū de maliſcōſa detenſcōne hui^o modi Et Ido ſoluant̄ hui^o modi arreragia p monetam nūc currentē in forma qua ſoluerent̄ ſi de moderne tempe debent̄. Et q^o ad firmas debitas de molend e aliis q̄ diſmiſſa fuerūt tēpe p̄dce debiſt monete multo carius p̄ debilitate monete illi^o ſoluāt̄ ar̄i fir̄a hi^o iux^a verū valorē teſn s^o diſmiſſoꝝ ſcđm qđ iam dim̄tunt̄ ad firmā.

selves by one of the good tournois for three of the bad &c. which were current in the time of war; upon certain of which causes the Justices herein decided to refer the matter to the council of the lord the King. And there being some altercations thereupon it was said to the plaintiffs that they should attend before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever &c. And one should sue in the place of all &c., so that to one therein should be done generally according to that which shall seem to the council of the lord the King ought to be done. And certain are concerning some who were the officers of the said Otto & have now departed from hither before the time of the complaints & have nothing in the Islands whereby they can be attached nor where they can be found. Whereupon likewise the Justices here wish to have them referred to the said council of the lord the King in the said term. And in the meantime let it be attended &c.

Afterwards at that day at Westminster Philip de Carteret & certain other islanders put themselves in the name of all the plaintiffs as to the money &c. And because it cannot be denied that the money now current in the Island is such and of the same value as it was of old before the time of the last war, and likewise for such rents, farm & amerciements which of old were assessed under a certain sum of money, it does not seem to the court of the lord the King that those who by malice or their negligence retained such rents farm or amerciements while they could have been quit by bad money if they had wished to pay them under the same sum while bad money was current in the place of good, ought now to obtain the profit of such malicious detention. And therefore such arrears should be paid in the money now current in the form in which they would be paid if they were owing of modern time. And as to the farm due for mills & other things which were leased in the time of the said bad money much more dearly through the depreciation of that money, the arrears of farm of that kind be paid according to the true value of the tenements so leased according to what they are now let to farm.

Adhuc de plitis querelaz in Gerner.

Gerneŕ Jordŕ Listarc queŕ qđ cum ipe fuisset Grangiarus⁽¹⁾ Reg^o anno Reg^o nũc pmo tẽ et Idm Jordŕ assignaŕ fuisset ad vendend blada dñi Reg^o p Robtm de Haddy tunc Receptorem tẽ Et Idm Jordŕ in vendendo blada illa recepisset cões monetas currentes scit grossum Turoneũ p vni Turoneũ e duabus ptibus vnus Turoneũ et sterlingũ p iiij Turoneũ et grossum Turoũ argenteũ vulgaliŕ vocatũ a la flour e alo p xiiij Turoũ e fcia pte vnus Turoũ Petrus de Puasiaco nũc Receptor tẽ non vult recipere de pđco Jordo pđcm grossum Turoũ pŕ qm p viij Turoũ e sterlengũ p iiij Turoũ e ob⁽²⁾ e grossum Turoũ a la flour p xiiij Turoũ ad magnũ detrimentũ e dampnũ ipius Jordani vnde petit remeđ.

Et pđcus Petr non veĩ nec est acach⁽³⁾ qđ non est in Insulis tẽ Et petrus de Garrys qui est loco pđci Petr in hac Inŕ veĩ e gatis respondet p pđco Petr e dicit qđ Otto de Grandisono tenet locũ dni Reg^o in Inŕ e dicit qđ dõs Rex Angt potest e debet recipere monetas Reg^o ffranẽ currentẽ in terra sua modo e forma quibz idem Rex francie eas recipit in terra sua et dicit qđ pđcus Rex ffranẽ recipit pđcas monetas s. grossum Turoũ p viij Turoũ e grossum Turoũ a la flour p xiiij Turoũ e sterlengũ p iiij Turoũ vbi pđcus Petr illum recipit p J. ob vltius. Et hoc offert vificari mod quibz Cnr cons Et Jordŕ nõ potest hoc dedicere. Et Justiẽ hic ppendentes qđ blada pueniencia de redđu hic vendunt foro m̄catorio et inde fieri debet soluẽ et de consimilibus in forma qua vendunt adiudicafunt recepẽm inde fieri sũ eadẽ form Et de redditibz firmis e debitis sub antiqua consuetudine p etum minũ computat fiat soluẽ dño Reg Et eiusdẽ locũ tenenti sub eadẽ forma, qua de consimilr moneta e consimilibz redditibz debitis e firmis soluit Reg ffrancie in secio suo

(1) Grangia = a grange, a farm-house belonging to a Monastery.

As to Granger, see Précepte d'Assize (Guernsey) in Warburton's Treatise, p. 151.

(2) Obolus. (3) Attachiare = to take in pursuance of a writ.

Continuation of the pleas of the plaintiffs in Guernsey.

Guernsey.

Jordan Listarc complains that whereas he was granger of the King in the first year of the King that now is &c., and the said Jordan was assigned to sell the corn of the lord the King by Robert de Haddy then receiver &c., & the said Jordan in selling that corn received the common moneys current to wit, the large tournois for 1 tournois and two parts of one tournois and the penny for four tournois and the large silver tournois commonly called "fleur de lis" for 13 tournois and the third part of one tournois: Peter de Parvasiaco now receiver &c. will not take from the said Jordan the said large tournois except for 8 tournois & the penny for 4 tournois & a halfpenny & the large tournois "fleur de lis" for 13 tournois to the great detriment & damage of the said Jordan, whereupon he claims remedy.

And the said Peter does not come nor is he attached because he is not in the Islands &c. And Peter de Garrys who is in the place of the said Peter in this Island comes & answers freely for the said Peter & says that Otto de Grandison holds the place of the lord the King in the Island & says that the said King of England may & ought to take the moneys of the King of France current in his land in the manner & form in which the same King of France takes them in his land, & says that the said King of France takes the said moneys, to wit, the large tournois for 8 tournois & the large tournois "fleur de lis" for 13 tournois & the penny for 4 tournois, where the said Peter took it for one halfpenny more. And this he offers to establish by the means to which the Court is accustomed. And Jordan cannot deny this. And the Justices here, considering that the corn forthcoming from the rent is sold here in the market to the merchant that the payment thereof & of similar things ought to be made in the form in which they are sold, have adjudged that the receiving thereof shall be made under the same form. And as to the rents farms & debts under an ancient custom as is computed by a certain number let the payment be made to the King & his lieutenant under the same form in which of like money & like rents debts & farms there is paid to the King of France into his Exchequer of Normandy while it shall seem to the council of the lord the King that it ought

Normanū dum tamen consilio dñi Reḡ videat! sic fore faciend Et ind loquend est cum eodm consilio a die sc̃i Michis in vnū mensem. Et dcm̃ est om̃ibz quos hui⁹ negoċm̃ contingit qđ p se vť vnū loco om̃ tunc sint coram eodm̃ consilio decretum suū auditū e receptuř scđm qđ ibidm̃ disc̃netur. Postea ad diem illū apđ Westm̃ nullus se optulit quo ad ea que tangunt q̃relam istā.

(M. 1. d.) Droḡ de Barentyn p attorñ suū e Joñes de Dyttōn optulerunt se p quinq dies vsus Cōitatem hui⁹ Insule sc̃it de Gerneř de p̃libus e diſsis querelis in quibus t̃nsgressionēs nimis enormes continent! licet ppet̃ta non fuissent vt dicunt de quibus querunt! qđ p Insulanos nup f̃iat sup eos facta magna querimonia corā consilio dñi Reg⁹ in Angt p cedulas seu billas p Insulanos ibidem p̃positas e ostensas e iam de nouo Wilfo Russel vm⁹ Justiċ hic p Insulanos hui⁹ Insule lib̃atas ad psequend cū effectu vt dicit! Et Insulani hic p Justiċ sup hiis allocuti diſsis viabus e diebus dicunt & singlis viabz dixerunt qđ quid Insulanoz nō gerentes se contentos de ministris p̃posuerunt tam in Angt q̃m p̃dcō Wilfo hic cedulas illas absq, scitu e consensu Cōitatis e ip̃i om̃no deadvocant noīe Cōitatis om̃es illas cedulas. Ita tamen qđ salua sit cui⁹libet conqueri se volenci secta sua de t̃nsgr̃sione sibi f̃ia si qua f̃uit. Et petunt qđ p̃positor̃ puniant! e non Cōitas que ad f̃cm̃ illud nō consensit si ullo de tota Cōitate cont̃dicente nisi quidam singillatim conquerentes qui dixerunt se velle psequi q̃relas suas quilibet eoꝝ p se Et q, p̃dcus Wilfs recordatur qđ q̃ndo bille ille seu cedulae sibi lib̃ate f̃fūt ad pseqund noīe Cōitatis e ip̃e petiit p̃lē de p̃s dcm̃ fuit p p̃tes qđ quilibet foret p̃lē al̃ius e hoc in p̃sencia maioris partis totius Cōitatis hic nullo eoꝝ cont̃dicente nisi tantūmodo illi qui sunt familiares ip̃ius Otonis Et h̃ito sup hiis longa tractatu cons̃ est qđ p̃dcā Cōitas p nō secta sit in m̃ia ad quilibet

so to be done. And thereupon it is reserved for pleading before the said council in one month from the day of St. Michael. And it is said to all whom this business concerns that they be by themselves or one in the place of all before the said council to hear & receive their decree according to what shall therein be determined. Afterwards at that day at Westminster no one presented himself as to those things which touch this plaint.

(M. 1. d.) Drogo de Barentyn by his attorney & John de Dytton presented themselves for five days against the commonalty of the said island, to wit, of Guernsey, concerning the pleas & divers plaints in which are contained the very enormous trespasses although they were not perpetrated as they say, of which they complain that grave complaints were lately made about them by the islanders before the council of the lord the King in England by schedules or bills brought & shown by the islanders there and now newly delivered to William Russel one of the Justices here by the inhabitants of this Island to prosecute with effect as it is said. And the islanders here being challenged by divers means and days say & to each point said that certain of the islanders not being content with the officers brought those schedules as well in England as to the said William here without the knowledge & consent of the commonalty & they altogether disavow all those schedules in the name of the commonalty. So that nevertheless it be reserved to any one to take up if he should wish his suit for the trespass done to him if any such were. And they pray that the prosecutors may be punished & not the commonalty which did not consent to that deed if none of the whole commonalty were gainsaying it except certain plaintiffs in particular who said that they wished to prosecute their plaints each one for himself. And that the said William recorded that when those writs or schedules were delivered to him for prosecution in the name of the commonalty & he demanded pledges for the prosecution it was said by the parties that each should be the pledge for the other & this in the presence of the greater part of the whole commonalty here, no one gainsaying them except only those who are the servants of the said Otto. And having had upon these things a long discourse it is considered that the said commonalty shall be amerced for non-suit upon each of the

cedulaꝝ Et ꝑdci Drogo e Joñes inde sine die set etis ex causis puniçō fiet inde ꝑ amçamētū ⁽¹⁾ consilii dñi Reg^o a die scī Michis in vnū menſ.

Thoñ de Estfeld ꝑ se e Olivero le moigne e Matño de Saumareys libauit Justiç hic s̄b pede sigilli dñi Reg^o septem cedulas querelaꝝ e petitionū alias pliaemento dñi E quond Reg^o Angl ꝑris dñi Reġ nūc de tñiō scī Michis anno r̄ sui xxx^{mo} ꝑ eosdem ꝑpoitas versus ministros Otonis de Grandisono Scit Henr Priorē de Wenlok e Joñem de Newent de diuisis querimoniis sicut plenius patet in eosdñ Et in quaz ꝑhibus indorsatur qđ mittant Justiç in Insulas ad inquirend tē Et in longa cedula indorsat inl cēla qđ Prior se posuit in Inquis tē Et qđ conſ fuit ꝑ consilñ tē qđ mittent huc Justiç tē qui in ꝑsencia ꝑcñ rite ꝑmunitaꝝ inquirant rei veritatem tē Et ꝑdci Thoñ e alii alias hic ad festum scī Barnabe apli in ꝑsencia Joñis de ffresingfeld libaſūt Baſto hui^o Insule tanq^m locum tenenti ꝑfati Otoñ brē dñi Reg^o clauſ directum ꝑfato Otoñ vñ eius locum tenenti, ꝑ qđ dñs Rex mandafiat ꝑfato Otoni qđ venire faceř coram Justiç hic ad certos diem e locum quos Justiç ei scire fecissent ꝑdços Priorem e Joñem de Newent inde responſ tē Et Thoñ e Aliç vñ eius Oliſ e Matñus modo veñ sed Prior e Joñes non veñ Et Balliui Insulaꝝ tam ad brē directum ꝑfato Otoni q^m in bñbus sibi directis responđ qđ Prior e Joñes non sunt Inuenti nec fñūt in Insulis a tempe brñ tē Et Thoñ e alii ꝑē qđ Justiç ꝑcedant ad Inquirend Et sup hoc Pñus le Euesk Balliuus de Jerseie una cum Matño de Cuř Baſto huius Insule qui se dicunt tenere locū ꝑfati Otoñ dicunt noīe ipius Otonis qđ Thoñ nō debet admitti ad aliquid petend de tempe ꝑdci pliañti ꝑ eo qđ Idem postea in hac Insula feloniam fecit ꝑ qua Insulas abiurauit. Et sic

(1) Amerciamentum = Fr. amercement.

schedules. And the said Drogo & John are to go 'sine die' therein, but for certain reasons the punishment therein shall be made at the discretion of the council of the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael.

Thomas de Estfeld for himself & Oliver le Moigne & Matthew de Saumareys delivered to the Justices here under the foot of the seal of the lord the King seven schedules of complaints & petitions elsewhere proposed by them in the Parliament of the lord E. formerly King of England father of the lord the King that now is of the term of St. Michael in the 30th year of his reign against the officers of Otto de Grandison, to wit, Henry, Prior of Wenlok & John de Newent concerning divers complaints as more fully appears in the same And on many of which it is endorsed that they are sent to the Justices in the Islands to be enquired into &c. And in the long schedule it is endorsed among other things that the Prior put himself in the inquisition &c. And that it was considered by the council &c. that they be sent here to the Justices &c. who in the presence of the parties lawfully forewarned shall enquire into the truth of the matter &c. And the said Thomas & others elsewhere here at the feast of St. Barnabas the Apostle in the presence of John de Fresingfeld delivered to the bailiff of this island as lieutenant of the said Otto the writ of the lord the King closed directed to the said Otto or his lieutenant whereby the King commanded the said Otto to cause the said Prior & John de Newent to come before the justices here at a certain day & place which the justices should let him know, to answer therein, &c. And Thomas & Alice his wife, Oliver & Matthew now come, but the Prior & John do not come. And the bailiffs of the islands answer as well to the writ directed to the said Otto as to the writs to them directed that the Prior & John are not found nor were they in the islands from the time of the writs &c. And Thomas & the others pray that the justices may proceed to enquire. And upon this Philip L'Evesque, bailiff of Jersey, together with Matthew de la Court, bailiff of this island, who say that they are the lieutenants of the said Otto, say in the name of the said Otto that Thomas ought not to be admitted to any plea from the time of the said parliament because he afterwards in this island committed a felony for which he abjured

dicunt qđ om̃ia bona e catalla que Thom̃ fuit tempe abiuraconis illius debent esse ip̃ius Otonis tanq^m forisfcã t̃c rōe d̃m̃issionis q^m p̃dc̃us d̃ns Rex pãl t̃c fecit ip̃i Otoni de Insulis istis cum forisfc̃uris e aliis t̃c Et sim̃tr debent esse cãl p̃d̃ci magistri Wil̃i qui sim̃l̃r feloniam fẽc p̃ qua abiurauit t̃c qual̃cumq^z Prior ṽl Joh̃es p̃litaſit t̃c Dicunt ĩ p̃ d̃no suo qđ nūcqu^m consuetudinis fuit in Insulis qđ h̃edes potent catalla ãncessoꝝ suoꝝ ṽl h̃rent nisi fuissent p̃ antecessores eis legata tanq^a ex^aneis Et hoc offẽrt verificã p̃ d̃no suo t̃c Et petiuit qđ nich̃ attemptet^r in p̃uidm̃ p̃d̃ci d̃ni sui p̃ p̃tm̃ p̃d̃coꝝ Prioris ṽl Joh̃is.

Et Thom̃ e alii dicunt qđ ip̃i sunt in Cũr d̃ni Reg^o vbi Oto non est nisi ṽt eoꝝ vicinus Et ex quo nō est p̃ attorñ t̃c non f̃int ip̃i n̄ce ad hec respondere sed instañt petunt qđ Justĩc hic Inquirant sicut d̃ns Rex eis demandauit ṽl qđ Justĩc eis relĩbent petĩcōnes suas sub sigillo suo Et c̃tis de causis dãl est eis dies de audiendo Jũdo suo coram d̃no Reg^e a die sc̃i Mich̃is in vnū meñs vbicumq^z tunc f̃ũit in Angl. Postea ad diem illū apud Westm̃ veñunt p̃d̃ci Thomas e Oliſs et qz nō possunt dedĩce qđ p̃dc̃us Thomas post p̃dcas Octab̃ sc̃i Mich̃is qu^{do} ad̃isarii sui se posuerunt in Inquĩs abiurauit Insulas sicut p̃dc̃m est, et sic amisit om̃em actōem quam p̃us hab̃lat t̃c et p̃dc̃a actio fuit ip̃oꝝ cōiunctim e p̃ indiuiso et ip̃i licet satis expectati nich̃ sciunt ṽl̃ius ostendere pp̃t qđ p̃dc̃o Thome debeat^r responderi nisi tantū qđ dicunt qđ d̃ns Rex p̃donauit ei inde sectam pacis sue ; iō nich̃ fiat ṽl̃ius de p̃dc̃is petĩcōibz, sed sibi p̃quirat de nouo q̃ volūit.

the islands. And so they say that all the goods & chattels which Thomas had at the time of that abjuration ought to belong to the said Otto as forfeitures &c. by reason of the demise which the said lord the King the father &c. made to the said Otto of these islands with the forfeitures & other things &c. And likewise ought it to be with the chattels of the said master William who likewise committed felony for which he abjured &c. as the Prior & John shall plead &c. And they say for their lord that there was never a custom in the islands that the heirs might have & hold the chattels of their ancestors unless they were bequeathed to them as if to strangers. And this they offer to establish for their lord &c. And they pray that nothing may be attempted to the prejudice of their said lord by the plea of the said Prior or John.

And Thomas & the others say that they are in the court of the lord the King where the said Otto is not except as their neighbour. And as he is not there by his attorney &c. it is not necessary for them to answer to these things, but they at once claim that the justices may enquire herein as the lord the King commanded them or that the justices may redeliver to them their petitions under their seal. And in certain of the causes a day is given to them to hear their judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wherever he might then be in England. Afterwards on that day at Westminster came the said Thomas & Oliver, and inasmuch as they cannot deny that the said Thomas abjured the said islands as is aforesaid after the said Octaves of St. Michael when his adversaries put themselves in the inquisition, and so lost all action which he first had &c. and the said action was of them jointly & undivided & they although fully expectant know nothing further to show why the said Thomas ought to be answered, except only that they say that the lord the King pardoned him therein the suit of his peace: therefore nothing shall be done further concerning the said petitions, but let him who will acquire them anew.

(M. 2.)

Plita coram Johne de ffresingfeld, Drogone de Barantyn e Johanne de Dittone Justiciariis Itinantibz in Insulis die Lune prima ante fin sancti Barnabe apli, anno regni Regis Edwardi, filii Regis Edwardi Secundo. e ptim corā pfatis Johanne e Johne p litfas dñi Regis patentcs.

ffresingfeld.

Gerneř

Dñs Rex p Guilm des mareys qui sequit' p eo petit vsus Abbem de Blancalanda aduocacoem ecclie de Bellosa vt ius tē Et vnde pdcus Guiff dicit p dño Rege qđ dñs H. Rex auus tē tempe suo tempe pacis fuit in seisina de pdcā aduocacōe vt de feodo e iure ——— (1) Corone sue e ad eccliam illam psentauit quendam Robtm Clicum suū qui ad psentacōem suam fuit admissus e in eadem institut' Et qđ tale sit ius dñi Reg^o offert vificare p dño Rege sicut Cuř conř.

Et Abbas veñ Et dicit qđ ipē mirat' qđ dñs Rex vult pefe vsus eum pdcām aduocacōem pdcē ecclie narrando de seisina pdcī dñi H. aui sui Quia dicit qđ ipē Abbas e pdecessores sui quond Abbēs de Blancalanda fuerunt e tenřunt pdcām aduocacōem pdcē ecclie a tempe quo nō extat memoria sine tempis intrupcōe Et hoc patus est vificare p sacřm xij. tē.

Et dñs Rex p pdcēm Guilm petit Judm de ipō Abbte tanq^a in-defenso maxime ex quo pdcēs Abbas nō defendit ius suū in forma debita nec aliquid respondere ad ius ipius dñi Reg^o qđ eidem Abbi cedere possit in defensionem iuris sui. Dicit tē vltius qđ nō potest dedici quin quidam Rex ffancie exēdauit dñm Johem quondam

(1) Sic.

(M. 2.)

Pleas before John de Fresingfeld Drogo de Barantyn & John de Ditton Justices in eyre in the islands on Monday next before the feast of St. Barnabas the Apostle in the second year of the reign of King Edward, and partly before the said John & John by letters patent of the lord the King.

Fresingfeld.

Guernsey. The lord the King by William des Mareys who sues for him claims against the Abbot of Blanchelande the advowson of the Church of Bellosa⁽¹⁾ as his right &c. And thereupon the said William says for the lord the King that the lord H. the King the grandfather &c. in his time in the time of peace was in seisin of the said advowson as of fee & right of his Crown and presented to that Church a certain Robert his clerk who was admitted on his presentation & instituted into the same. And that such is the right of the lord the King he offers to establish for the lord the King as the court shall consider.

And the Abbot comes & says that he wonders that the lord the King should wish to claim against him the said advowson of the said Church by narrating the seisin of the said lord H. his grandfather because he says that he the Abbot & his predecessors formerly Abbots of Blanchelande had and held the said advowson of the said Church from time immemorial without interruption of time. And this he is ready to establish by the oath of 12 men &c.

And the lord the King claims judgment against the said Abbot as undefended chiefly for that the said Abbot did not defend his right in due form nor answers anything to the right of the lord the King that he may yield to the said Abbot in the defence of his right. And he says further that he cannot deny but that a certain King of France disinherited the lord John formerly King of England of the

(1) St Martin's Church, Guernsey.

Regem Angl de Ducatu Normañ et tunc idem Rex ffrancie p duas vices eiecerat p̃d̃c̃m dñm Jol̃em Regem t̃c̃ de hiis Insulis e illas occupafiat tanq̃m annexas p̃d̃c̃o Ducatui Et p̃d̃c̃us dñs J. Rex vi armata p binas vices reconquestavit has Insulas sup ip̃m Regem ffrancie. Et a sc̃d̃o conquesto suo p̃d̃c̃o ip̃e e posteri sui Reges Angl Insulas istas tenfunt hucusq̃. Et dicit qđ p̃d̃c̃us dñs J. Rex post eundem cōquestū suū in hiis Insulis sicut e in Angl exulavit e exheredavit om̃es Normannos in ffrancia seu Normannia commorantes tam religiosos q̃m laicos, et de t̃ris e bonis eoꝝ disposuit p sua voluntate vbi constat p̃decessores ip̃ius Abb̃is tunc fuisse. Et dicit qđ postea toto tempe p̃d̃c̃i dñi J. Regis nūq̃ Normanni illi sibi f̃fiant reconciliati set idem dñs J. Rex de tenementis eoꝝ que p̃us nō dederat obiit in seisinā. Post cui⁹ mortem p̃d̃c̃us dñs H. Rex ei successit in regnū vt filius qui quidem dñs H. Rex consimilem statum de tenuris hui⁹modi Normannoꝝ continuavit p magnū tempus quousq̃ pax int̃ ipos Reges Angl e ffrancie f̃fuit reformata. Et qđ ita est p̃d̃c̃us Guillelm̃s offert ṽficare p dño Rege sicut Cuř considerafuit Et petit Judm p dño Rege si p̃d̃c̃s Abbas possit clamare ab antiquo tenenciam suam, de p̃d̃c̃a advocac̃oe, s̃b forma qua clamat. Dicit t̃ vlt̃ius p dño Rege qđ reuera post p̃d̃c̃am pacem int̃ p̃d̃c̃os Reges reformatam p̃d̃c̃us dñs H. Rex p̃tes Normannos Religiosos e laicos reconciliauit Et eo tempe quidam Abbas de Blancalanda p̃decessor t̃c̃ se intrusit in p̃d̃c̃am eccliam e illam occupavit in p̃p̃os vsus Et quidam tūc Abbas maioris monast̃ii in Cuř xp̃ianitatis petiit p̃d̃c̃am advocac̃oem p̃d̃c̃e ecclie vsus ip̃m qui tunc fuit Abbas de Blancalanda e pace int̃ eos ibi inita. Idem Abbas de Blancalanda concessit p̃d̃c̃o Abb̃i maioris monast̃ii duas ptes decime garbaꝝ ad eccliam illam p̃tinentis vna cum annua pensione quinquaginta solidoz qui quidem Abbas maioris monast̃ii e successores sui Abbes ibidem semp postea tenfunt p̃d̃c̃as duas ptes

Duchy of Normandy & then the said King of France on two occasions had ejected the said lord John the King &c. from these islands and occupied them as annexed to the said Duchy. And the said lord J. the King with armed force on two occasions reconquered these islands from the said King of France. And from that his said second conquest he & his posterity Kings of England have held these islands up to the present time. And he says that the said lord J. the King after his said second conquest in these islands as also in England banished and disinherited all the Normans living in France or Normandy as well ecclesiastics as laymen, and disposed of their lands & goods at his will where it appears that the predecessors of the said Abbot then were. And he says that afterwards for the whole time of the said lord King J. those Normans were never reconciled to him but the said lord King J. died in seisin of those of their tenements which he had not already given away. After his death the said lord King H. succeeded him in the kingdom as his son, which said lord King H. continued a like estate of the tenures of such Normans for a long time until peace was renewed between the said Kings of England & France. And that it is thus the said William offers to establish for the lord the King as the court shall consider. And he claims judgment for the lord the King if the said Abbot may claim from ancient times his tenancy of the said advowson under the form in which he claims. And he says moreover for the lord the King that in very deed after the said peace was renewed between the said Kings the said lord H. the King reconciled many Normans ecclesiastics & laymen. And at that time a certain Abbot of Blanchelande the predecessor &c. intruded himself into the said Church & occupied it to his own uses. And a certain Abbot then of the larger monastery in the court of Christianity claimed the said advowson of the said Church against him who was then Abbot of Blanchelande & peace was made between them. The said Abbot of Blanchelande granted to the said Abbot of the larger monastery two parts of the tithe of the sheaves belonging to the said Church together with a yearly pension of fifty sols: which said Abbot of the larger monastery & his successors Abbots there for ever afterwards

e pensionem vt de aduocacone sua pp'a Quod fcm nō fuisset si pdcūs Abbas de Blancalanda e pdecessores sui tenuissent pdcām aduoca-
coem in forma qua clamat vnde sicut p'ns petit Judm p dno Rege.

Et Abbas nō potest dediēe quin plitum sic fuit e pax inde
reformata fūat in forma qua pdicit^r sed dicit qđ ipe patus est vificare
p pat'am qđ ipe e pdecessores sui Abbes de Blancalanda a tempe
quo nō extat memoria semp fūunt in possessione p'sentandi ad pdcām
eccliam Et qz viso scripto p quod Abbas maioris monastii clām h're
aduocações eccliaꝝ suaꝝ in hac Insula de dono Wiffi quondā Ducis
Normanñ anteq^m Regnū Angl adeptus fuisset. Comptum est qđ
idem Wiffi inl alias ecclias, dedit Abbi maioris monastii eccliam de
Bellosa, quesitum est a pdcō Abbe de Blancalanda si heat aliquod
fcm speciale p quod possit ostendere qđ aduocaō pdcē ecclie data
ffit alicui pdecessoꝝ suoꝝ et ad hoc nō respondit aīr q^m pdcēm est
Et daī est ei dies de Juđo suo audiendo de assensu ipius Abbis coram
dno Rege a die scī Michis in vnū mensem vbicumq^q tūc fūit in Angl.
Et Abbas po. lo. suo Ricm le Herice vī Petrum fil Pet^r Dartys. Et
sciendū qđ Juī testant^r qđ ipi numq^m audierunt nec p pgenitores
suos intellexerunt qđ alius p'sentasset ad dcām eccliam q^m Abbas
de Blancalanda. Postea ad diem illū apud Westm veñ pdcūs Abbas
p attorñ suū e ctis de causis dat⁹ est eis ⁽¹⁾ dies coram dno Rege de
Juđo suo aud a die Pasche in vnū menš vbicumq^q tūc fūit in Angl.
Ad quē diem pdcūs Abbas p attorñ suū veñ e daī est ei ⁽¹⁾ dies vlīus
a die Pasch in vnū mensem vbicumq^q tē Ad quē diem pdcūs Abbas
non venit Ideo pcedatur ad iudiciū p eius defaltam, sed ctis de causis
ponit^r in resp^tum usq^q a die Pasch in xv dies vbicumq^q tē Et deinde
respectuat^r vt p'ns vsq^q a die Pasch in vnu mensem vbicumq^q tē Et

Quia pltm
istud fuit
sine die
coram Rē
pnt pz seq^r
Rex de nouo
si tē.

(1) Sic.

held the said two parts & pension as of their own advowson. Which would not have been done if the said Abbot of Blanchelande & his predecessors had held the said advowson in the form in which he claims, whereupon as before he claims judgment for the lord the King.

And the Abbot cannot gainsay but that the plea was such & that peace was renewed in the form in which it is said, but he says that he is ready to establish by the verdict of the country that he & his predecessors Abbots of Blanchelande from time immemorial were always in the possession of presenting to the said Church. And because having seen the writing whereby the Abbot of the larger monastery claimed to have the advowsons of his Churches in this island of the gift of William sometime Duke of Normandy before the kingdom of England was obtained: it is found that the said William among other Churches gave to the Abbot of the larger monastery the Church of Bellosa. The said Abbot of Blanchelande was asked if he had any special deed whereby he might show that the advowson of the said Church was given to any of his predecessors, and to this he does not answer otherwise than as is aforesaid. And a day is given to him to hear his judgment with the assent of the said Abbot before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever he shall then be in England. And the Abbot put in his place Richard le Herice or Peter son of Peter Dartys. And be it known that the jurors witness that they had never heard neither had they understood from their progenitors that any other but the Abbot of Blanchelande had presented to the said Church. Afterwards at that day at Westminster came the said Abbot by his attorney & for certain causes a day is given before the King to hear his judgment in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. At which day the said Abbot comes by his attorney & a day is given to him further in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Abbot did not come. Therefore they proceeded to judgment by his default, but for certain causes it is put in respite until 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. And thence it is respited as before until one month from the day of Easter &c. And thence it is respited as before until the

Because
that plea
was "sine
die" before
the King
as it
appears
let the
King sue
anew if
&c.

deinde respectuat: vt p^rns vsq^q In crastino aīaz vbicūq^q tē. Et deinde respectuat: vt p^rns a die Pasch in vnū mensem vbicūq^q tē In crastino aīaz vbicūq^q. Et deinde resp^ctuat: vt p^rns a die Pasch in vnū mens vbicūq^q. Deinde respectuat: vt p^rns a die Pasch in tres sep^t vbicūq^q tē. Et deinde resp^ctuat: vt p^rns a die Pasch in xv dies vbicūq^q tē. Et deinde respectuat: indiciū a die Pasch in q^unq^q sep^t p^rx futu^r in vnū annū.

Idem Abbas suū fuit ad respondend^o dⁿo Regi de plito quo Waranto sine licencia e voluntate dⁿi Reg^o e p^rgenitoz suoz Regum Ang^l clam poipe e hie libam espkeriam apud Saynk de piscibz p hoīes suos captis in aquis dⁿi Reg^o que ad dⁿm Regem ptinet tē.

Et sim^lr de
ist p^lt se^r
Rex ut p^lus.

Et Abbas veū e dicit q^d dⁿs J. quondam Rex Ang^l p Cartam suam datam anno regni sui p^rmo dedit ecclie scⁱ Nicⁱ de Blanca-landa e Abbi e Canonicis ibidem deo s^uientibz in libam puram e ppetuam elemosinam p^rbendam de Cesaris burgo quam Ro^btus de sc^e Marie ecclia ibi fuit cū omibz ad eam ptinentibz et concessa q^uantum in ip^o fuit q^d confⁱcent eam in p^ros vsus suos et pfert p^rd^cam Cartam que hoc testat^r, et dicit q^d ipⁱ tenent hic in hac Insula maio-rem ptem t^raz suaz que sunt e fūnt de p^rd^ca p^rbenda. Et dicit q^d p^rd^cus Ro^btus dum p^rbendam illam tenuit, et omes alii p^rbendarii eiusd^e p^rbend^e ante eum semp vsi flūnt hie libam espkeriam in p^rd^co loco e sim^lr omes Abbes de Blancalanda a tempe quo p^rbenda illa sic eis data fuit, sic vsi flūnt hie ibidem libam espkeriam et q^d ita est offert vⁱficare p patriam.

Et Wil^lus dicit p dⁿo Rege q^d Espke^r mere spectat ad p^rncipem terre in qua existit quam nemo potest hie nisi de concessione p^rnci-pis Et ex quo Abbas nō ostendit inde aliquod sc^m speciale petit Jud^m p dⁿo Rege. Dicit t^o q^d p^rd^cus Abbas fiet ppe p^rd^cam espkeriam ptes

Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. And thence it is respited as before in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. In the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever. And thence it is respited as before in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. Thence it is respited as before in three weeks from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. And thence it is respited as before in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. And thence judgment is respited in five weeks from the day of Easter next coming in one year.

The same Abbot was summoned to answer to the lord the King concerning the plea by what warrant without the licence & will of the lord the King & of his progenitors Kings of England he claims to take & have fee esperkeria at Saynk of the fish caught by his men in the waters of the lord the King which belongs to the lord the King &c.

And
likewise
of this plea
let the King
sue as
before.

And the Abbot comes & says that the lord J. sometime King of England by his charter given in the first year of his reign gave to the Church of St. Nicholas of Blanchelande & to the Abbot & Canons serving God there in frankalmoign the prebend of Cherbourg which Robert of the Church of St. Mary had there with all things to the same belonging & granted as much as in him was that they should convert the same to their own proper uses, and he produced the said charter which witnesses this, & says that they hold here in this island the greater part of their lands which are & were of the said prebend. And he says that the said Robert while he held that prebend, and all the other prebendaries of the said prebend before him always used to have free esperkeria in the said place, & likewise all the Abbots of Blanchelande from the time in which that prebend was so given to them were accustomed to have there free esperkeria & that it is so he offers to establish by the verdict of the country.

And William says for the lord the King that the esperkeria only belongs to the prince of the land in which it is which no one can have except of the grant of the prince. And inasmuch as the Abbot did not show therein any special deed he claims judgment for the lord the King. And he says that the said Abbot has besides the said esperkeria many other men & tenants who are not of the fee or

alios hoīes e tenentes qui nō sunt de feodo vī dñio p̄dce p̄bende vt de feodo malueysin de quibz e quoꝝ p̄scaçōibz p̄dcūs Abbas capit e h̄et espkeriam p̄dcām adeo sicut de hōibz p̄dce p̄bende et hoc petit qđ inquiratꝝ p̄ dño Rege et Abbas simitr. Iđo fiat inde Jurata Juř dicunt sup sacrm̄ suū qđ p̄dcūs Abbas h̄et in feodo de malueysin circiř nouem tenentes piscatores tē, et dicunt qđ Idem Abbas adeo pcipit comodū espkeř de illis tenentibz sicut de aliis qui sunt de feodo p̄bendo Dicunt t̄ qđ ip̄i credunt qđ řra illoꝝ vbi espkeria est fuit de p̄dča p̄benda et qđ p̄bendam ip̄i e Abbes illi postea řuerunt ibi espkeriam ab antiquo. Et quidam Abbas de Blancalanda iam tarde p̄quisiuit feod̄ de malueysin qui in nullo spectat ad p̄dcām p̄bendam. Et de assensu ip̄ius Abbis dat̄ est ei dies de Juđo suo audiendo coram p̄fato dñō Rege ad p̄fatum řminū tē. Et Abbas po. lo. suo p̄dcōs Ricm̄ vī Petrum. Postea ad diem illū apud Westm̄ veñ p̄dcūs Abbas p̄ attorñ suū et řtis de causis dat̄ est eis dies coram dñō Rege de Juđo suo aud̄ a die Pasch̄ in vuū mensem vbicumqz tunc řřit in Angl̄. Ad quē diem p̄dcūs Abbas p̄ attorñ suū venit e dat̄ est ei dies a die Pasch̄ in vnū mensem vbicumqz tē. Ad quē diem p̄dcūs Abbas non venit Ideo p̄ceditꝝ ad iudicm̄ p̄ eius defaltam. Sed řtis de causis ponitꝝ in resp̄tū vsqz a die Pasch̄ in xv dies vbicumqz tē Et deinde respectuatꝝ vt p̄ns iudm̄ vsqz a die Pasch̄ in vnū mensem vbicūqz tē Et deinde ——— respectuatꝝ vt p̄ns vsqz in crastino aiāz vbicūqz tē Et deinde a die Pasch̄ in vnū mensem vbicumqz tē. In Crastino annuaz vbicūqz tē. Et de inde resp̄tuatur indicm̄ vt sup̄ vsqz a die Pasch̄ in vnū menš vbicūqz tē. Deinde resp̄tuatꝝ tē vsqz a die Pasch̄ in tres sep̄ vbicūqz tē. Et deinde resp̄tuatur vt prius a die Pasch̄ in xv dies vbicūqz tē. Et deinde respectuatꝝ iudicm̄ a die Pasch̄ in quinqz sep̄⁽¹⁾ p̄xio futuř in vnū annū.

(1) Sic.

lordship of the said prebend as of the fee of Malvoisin of whom & of whose fisheries the said Abbot takes & has the said esperkeria as of the men of the said prebend, & he demands that this may be enquired into for the lord the King. And the Abbot likewise. Therefore let a jury be formed. The jurors say upon their oath that the said Abbot has in fee of Malvoisin about nine tenants, fishermen &c., & they say that the said Abbot therefore takes the profits of the esperkeria of those tenants as of others who are of the fee of the prebend. They also say that they believe that the land of those, where the esperkeria is, belonged to the said prebend & that they & those abbots afterwards held the prebend where the esperkeria was of old time. And a certain Abbot of Blanchelande not long ago purchased the fee of Malvoisin which in no way belongs to the said prebend. And with the assent of the said Abbot there is given to him a day to hear judgment before the said lord the King at the said term &c. And the Abbot puts in his place the said Richard or Peter. Afterwards at the said day at Westminster comes the said Abbot by his attorney & for certain causes a day is given to them before the lord the King to hear his judgment in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. At which day the said Abbot by his attorney comes & a day is given to him in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Abbot does not come. Therefore they proceed to judgment through his default, but for certain causes it is put in respite until 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. And thence as before judgment is respited until one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. And thence it is respited as before until the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. And thence in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. In the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. And thence judgment is respited as above until one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. Thence it is respited &c. until three weeks from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. And thence let it be respited as before in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. And thence let judgment be respited in five weeks from the day of Easter next to come in one year.

(M. 2. d.) **Adhuc de p̃litis coram p̃fatis Justiciar̃ p̃fatis
die 1 anno.**

ffresingfeld.

+ obiit

Abbas de Chireburg̃ in m̃ia p̃ plibz defaultis.

Gerneř

Idem Abbas & Prior de Erm suū f̃iunt qđ essent hic ad respondendū dño Regi de plito quo Waranto sine licencia & voluntate dñi Reg^o & pgenitoz suoz Regū Angl clamant p̃cipe e h̃re oīmmoda p̃ficua pueniencia de Insula de Erm & Wrecū maris ibidem accidens tam in fra sua q^m in aquis dñi Reg^o in costera maris ibidem adiacente / que p manus ministroz dñi Reg^o de Insula de Gerneř ad opus dñi Reg^o debent deuenire vt ea que spectant ad Coronam e dignitatem suam Et t̃ quo Waranto clamant h̃re standardū, mensur̃, e ponderū de suo p̃pro p totam fram suam de Erm absq̃ libacone vt visu ministroz dñi Reg^o de Gerneř Et t̃ quo Waranto clamant p̃cipe e h̃re catalla homīm suoz feloñ dñi Reg^o vt fugitiuoz que spectant ad Coronam e dignitatem dñi Reg^o Et t̃ quo Waranto clañ h̃re eschetam de fr̃is homīm suoz felonū dñi Reg^o quietam e exemptam Ita qđ Dñs Rex p̃ficua nō p̃cipiat inde p vnū anū e vnū diem put spectat ad Coronam e dignitatem suam Et t̃ quo Waranto clañ p quēcumq̃ hōiem volūnt Cuř suam p̃efe e h̃re de singlis hōibz suis ex^a Cuř dñi Reg^o Et t̃ quo Waranto clamant p̃cipe e h̃re libam eskeriam apud Erm de piscibz p hōies suos captis in aquis dñi Reg^o que ad dñm Regem ptinent t̃c Et sciendū qđ p̃dcus Prior Abbe licet sumonito tunc absente e dixit qđ p̃dcā Insula de Erm est Insula p se nō contenta in Waranto Justiciar̃ hic et p̃ciit inde allocoem e Judm t̃c.

Et Wiffus des mareys qui sequit̃ p dñm Rege dicit qđ a tempe quo nō extat memoria p̃dcā Insula de Erm fuit ps e membrū hui^o

(M. 2. d.) **Continuation of the pleas before the aforesaid Justices the
said day & year.**

Fresingfeld.

+ dead

Guernsey.

The Abbot of Cherbourg amerced for many defaults.

The said Abbot & the Prior of Herm were summoned to be here to answer to the lord the King concerning the plea by what warrant without the licence & will of the lord the King & of his progenitors Kings of England they claim to take & have all manner of profits forthcoming from the island of Herm & wreck of the sea there happening as well in their land as in the waters of the lord the King in the sea coast there adjoining, which by the hands of the officers of the lord the King of the island of Guernsey ought to come to the use of the lord the King as those which belong to his Crown & dignity. And also by what warrant they claim to have standard, measure & weight of their own throughout all their land of Herm without delivery or view of the officers of the lord the King in Guernsey. And also by what warrant they claim to take & have the chattels of their men felons or fugitives of the lord the King which belong to the Crown & dignity of the lord the King. And also by what warrant they claim to have escheat of the lands of their men felons of the lord the King quit & exempt. So that the lord the King may not take the profits thereof for one year & one day as belongs to his Crown and dignity. And also by what warrant they claim by whatsoever man they wish to claim & to have their court of all their men outside the court of the lord the King. And also by what warrant they claim to take & to have free esperkeria at Herm of the fish caught by their men in the waters of the lord the King which belong to the lord the King &c. And be it known that the said Prior came at another time, the Abbot although summoned then being absent, & said that the said island of Herm is an island by itself & is not contained in the warrant of the Justices here & claimed therein allowance & judgment &c.

And William des Mareys who sues for the lord the King says that from time immemorial the said island of Herm was part &

Insule Et qđ quocienscūq; hōies de Erm se conqueri voluerunt de p'dcis Abbē e Priore de namio iniuste capto vl iniusto Judo venient ad Baſtm hui⁹ Insule Et hic fit inde iusticia. Et Prior nō potest hoc dediĉe.

Et Abbas e Prior modo veñ. Et Abbas dicit qđ p'cūs Prior nō est Prior ppetuus / licet Prior sic vocat̃ sed est immitandus p voluntate Abbis de Chireburgh qui p tempe fūit . Et Prior hoc cogñ Et Abbas claīn omimoda pficua pueniencia de p'dcā Insula de Erm Wreccū maris libām Warennam catalla hoīm tē libām eskeriam tē sicut in brī continet̃ hīe p antiquam tenuram a tempe quo nō extat memoria p Cartam dñi H. Reg⁹ filii Impat'cis quam pfert sine data in hec verba. H. Rex Angt e Dux Normanñ e Aquit e Comes Andeg / H. Rothom Archiepo e Ep̃is Abbibz Comitibz / Justiciar / Baron / ministris e omibz fidelibz suis Normanñ / saltm. Sciatis me dedisse e concessisse deo e Canonicis deo servituris in Insula que vocat̃ Erm totam Insulam illam cū omibz ptiñ suis ad ponendū ibidem Conuentū vnū Canōicoz regulariū / et quicquid ego hī in p'dcā Insula cū piscaĉoe ad eandem Insulā ptinente / Quare volo e firmif p'cipio qđ Canōici qui ibidem mansuri sunt teneant in pace e quiete e libe e honorifice e integre Insulam p'dcām cū piscaĉoe e omibz ptinenciis suis et cū omibz libtatibz e libis consuetudinibz quas alie religiose domus de Normanñ hient. T.T. Cancellario e Wiffo filio Hamon e ffole fil Wař apđ saresbir. Et dicit qđ ipe e p'decessores sui a tempe p'dci doni semp continue vsi fūūt p'dcis libtatibz Et qđ ita est patus est pficare p sacrm xij tē si necēe fūit Et quoad eschetam tē dicit qđ nō est aliquis libe tenens in p'dcā Insula Nec hient standardū tē eo qđ Insulani illi nō sūt m̃catores infra Insulam nec exētent m̃candisas nisi alibi e in alienis villis tē Et quo ad Curiam

parcel of this island. And that as often as the men of Herm wished to complain of the said Abbot & Prior concerning distress wrongly taken or unjust judgment they come to the bailiff of this island. And that here justice was done therein. And the Prior cannot gainsay this.

And the Abbot & Prior now come. And the Abbot says that the said Prior is not a perpetual Prior, although he is so called Prior, but is admitted at the will of the Abbot of Cherbourg for the time being. And the Prior acknowledged this. And the Abbot claims to have all manner of profits forthcoming from the said island of Herm, wreck of the sea, free warren, chattels of men &c. free esperkeria &c. as is contained in the writ, by ancient tenure from time immemorial, by the charter of the lord H. the King son of the Empress which he brings without date in these words. H. King of England & Duke of Normandy & Aquitaine & Earl of Anjou to H. Archbishop of Rouen & to the Bishops, abbots, counts, justices, barons, ministers & to all his faithful people of Normandy greeting. Know ye that I have given & granted to God and to the canons serving God in the island which is called Herm all that island with all its appurtenances to put there a community of regular canons, and whatever I have in the said island with the fisheries to the said island belonging. Wherefore I will & firmly command that the canons who shall dwell there may hold peaceably & quietly & freely & honourably & wholly the said island with the fisheries & all the appurtenances & with all the liberties and free customs which the other religious houses of Normandy have. Witnesses the Chancellor & William son of Hamon & Fulk son of Warwick at Salisbury. And he says that he & his predecessors from the time of the said gift have always continuously enjoyed the said liberties. And that this is so he is ready to establish by the oath of 12 men &c. if it should be necessary. And as to the escheat &c. he says that there is not any free tenant in the said island. Neither have they a standard &c. because those islanders are not merchants within the island nor do they carry on their business except elsewhere & in foreign towns &c. And as to claiming & obtaining his court outside the court of the

suam petendam e optinendam ex^a Cuñ dñi Reg^o coram Bañio de Insula tñ dicit qđ ipe e omes p^odecessores sui Abb^{es} de Chireburgh a tempe quo nō extat memoria semp consueſunt peſe Curiam suam p Priorem Senescallū vñ p^opositum suū de hoīb^z suis iuquerelatis coram Bañio ad sectam alio^z de minorib^z plitis quo^z cognicō spectat ad Cuñ i^opius Abbis e illam optine. Et hoc similt^r patus est vificare p sacm̄ xij tñ si necce fñit. Cogñ eciam qđ quociens Insulani de Gerneñ con- queri volñnt de aliquo homin^u suo^z de Erm coram Bañio de Gerneñ de debitis vñ contractib^z fcis in hac Insula Prior e Bañi i^opius Abbis de Erm semp consueſunt faſe venire coram Bañio de Gerneñ hui^o- modi hoies suos ad faciend e recipiend Justiciam.

Dñs Rex tñ p Willm des mareys qui sequit^r p eo petit vsus eund Abbem p^odčam Insulam de Erm vt Jus tñ et vnde dicit qđ dñs H. Rex auus tñ fuit in seisina de p^odča Insula cū ptiñ vt de feodo e Jure Corone sue tempe pacis capiendo inde explecia ad valenč tñ Et qđ tale sit Jus i^opius dñi Reg^o offert vificare p dño Rege tñ.

Et Abbas veñ e dicit qđ ipe clañ p^odčam Insulam ab antiquo ex p^odča concessione p^odči dñi H. Reg^o p p^odčam Cartam suam in forma qua supius est exp^ossum.

Et Willm des mareys dicit p dño Rege qđ p^odčus Abbas nō defendit Jus suū in forma competenti et petit Judñ p dño Rege. Dicit tñ qđ p^odčus Abbas p Cartam dñi Reg^o quam pponit nec alio modo docet vel ostendit qđ p^odča Insula vnq^u data fuit p^odecessorib^z suis Abbib^z de Chireburgh, sed tantū Canōicis deo seruitur in eadem Insula vñde petit Judm p dño Rege p toto tñ. Dicit tñ qđ in p^odča Carta Reg^o continet^r qđ p^odčus dñs H. Rex dedit p^odčam Insulam Canōicis deo seruituris in eadem ad ponend ibi Conuentū vnū tñ. Et dicit qđ a magno tempe nō fñūt ibi nisi tantum duo Canōici qui

lord the King before the bailiff of the island &c. he says that he & all his predecessors Abbots of Cherbourg from time immemorial have always been wont to claim their court by their Prior, steward or provost of their men pleading before the bailiff at the suit of others concerning the minor pleas the cognizance whereof belongs to the court of the said Abbot, & to obtain it. And this likewise he is ready to establish by the oath of 12 men &c. if it should be necessary. He acknowledges also that as often as the islanders of Guernsey wished to complain of any of their men of Herm before the Bailiff of Guernsey as to the debts & contracts made in this island the Prior & Bailiffs of the said Abbot of Herm were always wont to cause such men to come before the bailiff of Guernsey to do & receive justice.

And the lord the King through William des Mareys who sues for him claims as against the said Abbot the said island of Herm as his right &c. & thereupon says that the lord H. the King the grandfather &c. was in seisin of the said island with the appurtenances as of fee & by right of his crown in the time of peace taking thereof rents to the value &c. And that the right of the King is such he offers to establish for the lord the King &c.

And the Abbot comes & says that he claims the said island from ancient time by the said grant of the said lord H. the King by his said charter in the form in which it is above expressed.

And William des Mareys says for the lord the King that the said Abbot does not defend his right in proper form & he claims judgment for the lord the King. And he says that the said Abbot neither by the charter of the lord the King which he propounds nor in any other manner proves or shows that the said island was ever given to his predecessors Abbots of Cherbourg, but only to the Canons serving God in the said island, whereupon he claims judgment for the lord the King for all &c. And he says that in the said charter of the King it is contained that the said lord H. the King gave the said island to the Canons serving God in the same to place there a community &c. And he says that for a long time there were only two Canons there who rarely celebrate & that there is no one

raro celebrāt nec est alius ibi diuina celebrans, et sic abstracta est ibi Cantaria p qua data fuit Insula vnde pē Judm vt p'us tē. Dicit t qđ p'dcūs Abbas e quidam p'decessorū suorū sē colore p'dcē Carte, Licet Jus nō hērent app'atūnt sibi aduocaōem ecclie Insule illius in cui⁹ poch' tota Insula existit, et illam tenent in pp'os vsus e simitr approp'atūnt sibi regalem Jur⁹dicōem Iudicii vite e membroz e forisfcūras anni e vasti e alioz Jurm Regaliū e Wrecci p'cipiendi et t constituendi Justic' suos pp'is ad assisas suas tenendas sine scitu e voluntate dñi Reg⁹, de quibz manifeste liquet qđ nō licet p'dcō Abbi sic vti vt hīre maxīe cum p'dcūs Abbas dediē nō possit quin ipe e hoīes sui de p'dcā Insula sint Justiciabiles dñō Regi coram Baffio suo de hac Insula in forma sup'dcā, vnde petit Judm p dñō Rege. Dicit t sicut p'us dixerat vsus Abbem de Blancalanda qđ dñs J. Rex tē p forisfcūram Normanū fuit in seisina de p'dcā Insula et Inde obiit in seisina. Et p'dcūs Abbas nō ostendit quat' p'decessores sui postea intraūnt in Insulam vnde petit Judm tē.

Et Abbas nō potest hec dediē nec aliud scit diē p se nisi qđ ipe e p'decessores sui Abbes de Chireburgh sic vsi fūnt a tempe quo nō extat memoria. Et hoc offert vificare p priam. Et Abbas diē se hīre diem festinanē qđ Epus suus visitabit domū suam petens licenciam recedendi. Et po. lo. suo Priorem de Erm in p'dcō plito. Et in c'stino p'dcūs Abbas sollempniē vocat⁹ nō veñ ante mridiem nec eius attornat⁹. Et cū Justic' adiudicassent defaltē Abbis tūc demū veñ p'dcs Prior offerens se tanq^a attorn Abbis tē Tū post horam nonam ipis Justic' adhuc sedentibz in Banco ad plita tē. Et hitis multis alfcāoibz sup defaltē Et Prior Jurans se citius nō posse batellū adipisci ad veniendū coram Justic' qz batellarii fūnt ad

else there celebrating divine service, and so the chantrey there was withdrawn, for which the said island was given, whereupon he claims judgment as before &c. And he says that the said Abbot & certain of his predecessors under colour of the said charter, although they had no right, appropriated to themselves the advowson of the Church of that island, in whose parish all the island is, & hold it to their uses, & they likewise appropriated to themselves the royal jurisdiction of the judgment of life & limb & of taking forfeitures of year & of waste & of other royal rights & of wreck & of constituting their own justices to hold their assizes without the knowledge & will of the lord the King, by which it manifestly appears that it is not lawful for the said Abbot so to enjoy or have, especially as the said Abbot cannot gainsay that he & his men of the said island are under jurisdiction of the lord the King before his Bailiff of this island in the form aforesaid, whereupon he claims judgment for the lord the King. And he says, as he said before, against the Abbot of Blanchelande that the lord King J. by the forfeiture of the Normans was in seisin of the said island & died in seisin thereof. And the said Abbot does not show in what way his predecessors afterwards entered into possession of that island, wherefore he claims judgment &c.

And the Abbot cannot gainsay this & has nothing else to say for himself except that he & his predecessors Abbots of Cherbourg were wont so to enjoy from time immemorial. And this he offers to establish by the verdict of the country. And the Abbot asks that he may have a day speedily inasmuch as his Bishop is about to visit his house, praying for leave to withdraw. And he puts in his place the Prior of Herm in the said plea. And on the morrow the said Abbot being solemnly called did not come before noon, nor his attorney. And when the justices had adjudged the default of the Abbot, then at length came the said Prior offering himself as the attorney of the Abbot &c. Then after the hour of nine the said Justices still sitting on the Bench for the pleas &c., & having many altercations upon the defaults. And the Prior swearing that he could not obtain a boat sooner to come before the justices because the boats were out fishing

Seq^r Rex de
nouo qz Abbas
ob.

piscand^t tē. Tandem posuit se in grām dñi Reg^o de xx. ti. p p^rdca defalta et admittunt^r si rex acceptet / p^rp^rm Prioris scī Elerii Et de assensu ip^rius Abbis qui postea veñ in p^rp^ra psona datus est ei dies de audiendo Ju^do suo coram dño Rege a die scī michis in vnū mensem vbicumq^z tunc fūit in Angl. Et Abbas amouit p^rdcm Priorem quem p^rius tē. Et po. lo. suo frēm Nichm Leuesk Concanōicum suū v^t Petrū film Petri Dartys Et sciend^t qd Ju^r testant^r qd ipi nō recolunt nec a pgenitoribz suis audierunt qd alius teneret Insulam de Erm q^m Abbas de Chireburgh. Postea, ad diem illū apud Westm veñ p^rd^rus Abbas p attorñ suū e ctis de causis dat^o est eis dies de Ju^do suo aud^r coram dño Rege a die Pasch in vnū men^s vbicumq^z tūc fūit in Angl. Ad quem diem p^rd^rus Abbas p attorñ suū veñ e datus est ei dies vsq^z a die Pasch in vnū mensem vbicumq^z fūit in Angl tē. Ad quē diē p^rd^rus Abbas nō venit Ideo pcedat^r ad iudm p ei^o defaltam sed ctis de causis ponit^r in resp^m vsq^z a die Pasch in xv. dies vbicumq^z tē. Et deinde vt p^rus resp^tuat^r iudm vsq^z a die Pasch in vnū mensem vbicumq^z tē.—Et deinde in c^rstino aīaz vbicumq^z tē. Et deinde a die pasch in vnū men^s vbicumq^z tē. Ad quē diē testatū est p fidedignos qd p^rd^rus Abbas mortuus est p quod mand^t est Odoni de Grandisono vel ei^o locū tenenti qd inde ctificet. Et in crastio aīaz vbicumq^z tē Ad q diē tenēs locū tē mand^t [hic] p lras ball [signatas?] patentes⁽¹⁾ consutas q testant^r qd p^rd^rus Abbas mortuus est.

(1) The interlineations here are not decipherable. MS. slightly torn.

The King
sues anew
because the
Abbot died.

&c. Finally he put himself in the grace of the lord the King for 20 livres for the said defaults & they are admitted if the King accepts, by the pledge of the Prior of St. Helier. And with the assent of the said Abbot, who afterwards came personally, a day is given to him to hear his judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever he shall then be in England. And the Abbot removed the said Prior whom before &c. And put in his place Brother Nicholas Levesque his fellow-canon or Peter son of Peter Dartys. And be it known that the jurors testify that they do not recollect nor have they heard from their progenitors that any other than the Abbot of Cherbourg held the island of Herm. Afterwards on that day at Westminster came the said Abbot by his attorney & for certain causes a day is given to them [*sic*] to hear judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. At which day the said Abbot by his attorney came and a day is given to him in one month to the day of Easter wheresoever he shall be in England &c. On which day the said Abbot did not come. Therefore they proceeded to judgment by his default, but for certain causes it is put in respite until 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. And thence as before judgment is respited until one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. And thence in the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. And thence in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. On which day it is witnessed by trustworthy men that the said Abbot is dead, whereupon it is commanded to Otto de Grandison or his lieutenant that he shall certify this. And in the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. On which day the lieutenant &c. directed [here] by his own letters patent to his bailiff sealed with his seal sewn to this roll which testify that the aforesaid Abbot was dead.

(M. 3.) **Adhuc de p̄lis coram p̄fatis Iusticiar̄ p̄fatis
die 1 anno.**

ffresingfeld.

Gerneř

Nichus de Cheney e magr̄ Phūs frat̄ eius suū fūunt ad respond
dnō Regi de p̄lito quo Waranto sine licencia e voluntate dñi Reg^o e
p̄genitoꝝ suoꝝ Regum Angl̄ clamant h̄re quartam p̄tm Wrecci maris
accidentis in dñicis f̄ris e aquis dñi Reg^o iux^a Castrum Reg^o e alibi
in f̄ris ip̄ius dñi Reg^o e aquis suis e terris tenenciū suoꝝ p̄ totam
costeram Insule de Gerneř que nō sunt de feodo v̄t dn̄io ip̄oꝝ Nichi e
Phi et illud in p̄p̄os vsus suos conūte. Et t̄ quo Waranto clamant
pcipe e h̄re quartam p̄tem omiū regaliū pisciū p̄ quoscumq̄ mari-
nellos captoꝝ in aquis dñi Reg^o vbicumq̄ applicanciū in p̄d̄ca Insula
que spectant ad Coronam e dignitatem dñi Reg^o. Et t̄ ostensuř quo
Wař clamant fugare p̄ totam f̄ram dñi Reg^o de p̄d̄ca In̄s et Cunictoꝝ
dñi Reg^o cape p̄ voluntate sua sine licencia ip̄ius dñi Reg^o e minis-
troꝝ suoꝝ potestatem f̄nciū licenciam hui^omodi concedendi. Et t̄ quo
Waranto clamant p̄ quemcumq̄ hoīem volūnt Curiam suam p̄fe e
h̄re de singlis hoībꝝ suis ex^a Cuř dñi Regis t̄c.

Et Nichus e Phūs veñ. Et quo ad Wreccum t̄c dicunt qđ p̄d̄cūs
Nichus tenet solus tenementa ad quē Wreccū illud ptinet. Et Ni-
chus dicit qđ teñ que ip̄e modo tenet quond̄ f̄fūt cui^od̄ Robti Comitis
Moritoñ qui teñ illa dedit cuidam Baldewyno de Veer qui inde obiit
seisitus. Et postea Wilfus pater ip̄ius Nichi cui^o heres ip̄e est teñ
illa cum p̄tiñ p̄quisiuit de h̄ede p̄d̄ci Baldewyni. Et dicit qđ tam
p̄d̄ci Comes e Baldewyn^o et om̄es alii qui teñ illa tenūnt a tempe
quo nō extat memoria, q̄m p̄d̄cūs pat̄ suus e ip̄e semp̄ vsi f̄funt
pcipe e h̄re hui^omodi Wreccū et hoc offert v̄ficare p̄ pat̄am. —

(M. 3.) **Continuation of the pleas before the said Justices the said day & year.**

Fresingfeld.

Guernsey.

Nicholas de Cheney & Master Philip his brother were summoned to answer to the lord the King concerning the plea by what warrant without the licence & will of the lord the King & of his progenitors Kings of England they claim to have the fourth part of the wreck of the sea occurring in the demesne lands & waters of the lord the King next the castle of the King & elsewhere in the lands & waters of the said lord the King & in the lands of his tenants throughout the whole coast of the island of Guernsey which are not of the fee or demesne of the said Nicholas & Philip & to convert it to their own uses. And also by what warrant they claim to take and have the fourth part of all the royal fish taken by whatsoever mariners being found in the waters of the lord the King wheresoever in the said island, which belong to the crown and dignity of the lord the King. And also to show by what warrant they claim to chase throughout all the land of the lord the King of the said island & to take the conies of the lord the King at their will without the licence of the lord the King & his officers having power to grant such licence. And also by what warrant they demand, by whatsoever man they will, to claim and have their court of all their men outside the court of the lord the King &c.

And Nicholas & Philip come. And as to the wreck &c. they say that the said Nicholas alone holds the tenements to which that wreck belongs. And Nicholas says that the tenements which he now holds belonged formerly to a certain Robert Earl of Mortain who gave those tenements to a certain Baldwyn de Vere who died seised thereof. And afterwards William father of the said Nicholas, whose heir he is, purchased those tenements with the appurtenances from the heir of the said Baldwyn. And he says that as well the said Count & Baldwyn & all others who held those tenements from time immemorial, as his said father & himself, have always used to take & have such wreck, & this he offers to establish by the verdict of

Et quo ad regales pisces disclān tē dum cū balena e porpiscus nō comp^hendant^r s^b hoc noīe. — Et quo ad fugam Cunictōz tē dicunt qđ īpī et omēs alii tenentes teñ que īpī modo tenent a tempe quo nō extat memoria semp vsi fūunt fugare Cunictos cum cane e bacto sine alio ingenio. Et qđ ita est pati sunt vificare p p^riam et sic clamant īpī fugare e non ali^l. — Et quo ad Cu^r suam tē dicunt qđ quando aliquis tenenciū suo^z implitatus est in Cu^r dñi Reg^o coram Batlo tē de catañ e aliis minutis plitis, de quibz īpī cognosce possunt in Cu^r suis īpī clañ inde pefe Curiam suam p Senescallū aut p^poitum suū e illam optifse. Et sic vsi fūunt omēs alii tenentes teñ que īpī modo tenent a tempe quo nō extat memoria. Et hoc offerunt simitr vificare p pat^ram.

Et Wiffus des mareys qui sequit^r p dñō Rege dicit qđ feoffator p^dci Wiffi p^ris tē nunq^a fuit in seisina pcipiendi Wreccū in t^ra Reg^o, sicut p^dcūs Nichus illud modo clañ, et hoc offert vificare p patriam p dñō Rege. Et de aliis tē, petit simitr qđ inquirat^r p dñō Rege. Et Nichus e P^rius simitr Ido fiat inde Ju^r. Et quicquid accadat de Ju^r p^dcūs Wiffus petit Judm p dñō Rege, ex quo īpī nō ostendunt qđ aliquis Regum hec eis concesserit. Ju^r dicunt sup sacrin suū qđ p^dci Comes e Baldewynus v^lq^h eo^z p tempe suo p^rcipe solebant Wreccū in dñicis t^ris suis, et simitr p^dcūs Wiffus tē. Et postmodū dū mater p^dci Nichi tenuit teñ que p^dcūs Nichus modo tenet, fca fuit plocu^{cō} iul Batlm dñi Reg^o de hac Insula e Batlios Abbis de monte scī Michis e p^dcē matris tē s^b hac forma qđ ad sedandū omēs controu^rsias cui^omodi p^rus habite fūūt iñ eos, de t^riminis e bundis t^raz suaz vbi Wreccū acciderat p^dcūs Abbas solus p^rcipet Wreccum maris accidens in dñicis t^ris suis de Wale e Lyho p eo videt^r qđ īpe Abbas multo plus t^re fuit in costera maris vbi Wreccum accidit q^m aliquis

the country. And as to the royal fish he disclaims &c. provided however that whale & porpoise are not comprehended under that name. And as to the chase of conies &c. they say that they & all others holding the tenements which they now hold from time immemorial were always used to chase conies with a dog & staff without other engine. And that it is so they are ready to establish by the verdict of the country & so they claim to chase & not otherwise. And as to their court &c. they say that when any of their tenants is impleaded in the court of the lord the King before the Bailiff for chattels & other small pleas, of which they can have cognizance in their courts, they claim their court by their steward or provost & to obtain it. And so used all others holding the tenements which they now hold from time immemorial. And this they offer likewise to establish by the verdict of the country.

And William des Mareys who sues for the lord the King says that the grantor of the said William the father &c. was never in seisin of taking the wreck in the land of the King, as the said Nicholas now claims, & this he offers to establish by the verdict of the country for the lord the King. And as to the other things &c. he prays likewise that it may be enquired into for the lord the King. And Nicholas & Philip likewise. Therefore let a jury be formed. And whatever may result from the jury the said William claims judgment for the lord the King inasmuch as they do not show that any of the Kings granted these things to them. The jury say upon their oath that the said Earl & Baldwyn each of them in his time were wont to take wreck in their demesne lands, & likewise the said William &c. And afterwards while the mother of the said Nicholas held the tenements, which the said Nicholas now holds, an overture was made between the Bailiff of this island of the lord the King & the Bailiffs of the Abbot of Mount St. Michael & of the said mother &c. under this form, that to allay all controversies whatsoever which before were had between them concerning the terms & boundaries of their lands where wreck should happen, the said Abbot alone should take wreck of the sea happening in his demesne lands of the Vale & Lyhou, because the said Abbot had much more land on the coast of

alius et de toto Wrecco residuo accidente p totam Insulam p̄lq^m in dñicis fr̄is mathi de Sauzmareys qui solus ibi h̄et Wreccum fierit equa p̄ticio Ita qđ medietas integre remanebit dñō Regi, et alia medietas equaliter p̄tiret^r int̄ p̄d̄m Abbem ex vna pte e tenentes f̄ras p̄d̄ci Comitis quas p̄dc̄us Nic̄us modo tenet ex alia, saluis semp dñō Regi p̄ncipalibz rebus antiquitus exceptis, vt aurū nō opatū, serica nō opata, scarletta integra, mantellū sine attachia, aues regales e hui⁹modi t̄c. Et sunt triginta anni elapsi e amplius qđ p̄locuō illa vltimo f̄ca fuit t̄c. Et dicunt qđ semp postea vsi sunt p̄tiri Wreccū in forma p̄d̄ca sed nesciunt si dñs ad hoc p̄buit assensum nec ne. Et de aliis p̄dc̄is lib̄tatibz t̄c. dicunt qđ om̄es dñi qui tenfunt teñ que ip̄i modo tenent a tempe quo nō extat memoria semp vsi f̄funt gaudere lib̄tatibz illis, in forma qua ip̄i modo clañ, hoc excepto qđ nulli licet fugare Cuniclos, nisi tempe assueto, scit̄ a men̄s Septembr̄ vsq, ad mensem f̄febr. Et tunc dñs Rex e ministri sui fugabunt p voluntate sua. Et postea q^m pfugañt p̄d̄ci Abbas e Nic̄us cū cane e bacto sine ingenio t̄c. Et P̄hus e quidam alii lib̄e tenentes postea simitr̄ t̄c. Et qz largius clamañt t̄c Ido ip̄i in m̄ia. Et de Wrecco e aliis t̄c. de assensu eozđ dat̄ est eis dies de audiendo Juđo suo coram dñō Rege a die sc̄i Mich̄is in vnū mensem vbicumq, tunc f̄fūt in Angl̄. Et p̄dc̄us P̄hus po. lo. suo p̄d̄m Nic̄m vt Hen̄ de Trente. Postea ad diem illū apud Westm̄ veñ p̄d̄ci Nic̄us e P̄hus. Et c̄tis de causis dat⁹ est eis dies de Juđo suo aud̄ coram dñō Rege a die Pasch̄ in vnū mensem vbicūq, tūc f̄fūt in Angl̄. Et Nic̄us e P̄hus po. lo. suo Hen̄ de Trente P̄hm de Cheny vt Simonē de Esse tam in p̄d̄ca loquela q^m in om̄ibz aliis ip̄os tangentibz de eod̄ Itife. Ad quem diem p̄d̄ci Nic̄s e P̄hs p̄ attorū suū veñ, e dat⁹ est eis dies corā dno Rē a die Pasch̄ in vnū mensem vbicūq, tūc f̄fūt in Angl̄.

the sea where wreck happens than any one else, & that of the residue of the whole wreck happening throughout the whole island, except in the demesne lands of Matthew de Sauzmareys, who alone there has wreck, an equal partition should be made. So that the moiety should wholly remain to the lord the King, & the other moiety should be equally divided between the said Abbot of the one part, & those holding the lands of the said Count, which the said Nicholas now holds, of the other part, saving always to the lord the King the principal things of old excepted, such as gold not worked, silk not worked, scarlet whole, cloaks without fastening, royal birds & such like &c. And 30 years & more have elapsed since that overture was last made &c. And they say that always afterwards they used to divide the wreck in the form aforesaid, but they do not know if the lord gave his assent to this or not. And as to the other liberties aforesaid &c. they say that all the lords who held the tenements which they now hold from time immemorial have always used to enjoy those franchises, in the form in which they now claim with this exception that it was not lawful for any one to chase conies, except in the customary season, viz. from the month of September up to the month of February. And then the lord the King & his officers chased at their will. And afterwards the said Abbot & Nicholas shall chase with dog & staff without engine, &c. And Philip, & certain other free tenants afterwards likewise &c. And because they claimed more, &c. therefore they are amerced. And concerning the wreck & other things &c. with their assent a day is given to them to hear judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever he shall then be in England. And the said Philip puts in his place the said Nicholas or Henry de Trente. Afterwards at that day at Westminster came the said Nicholas and Philip. And for certain reasons a day is given to them to hear judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. And Nicholas & Philip put in their place Henry de Trente, Philip de Cheny or Simon de Esse as well in the said plea as in all other things concerning them of the said cyre. At which day the said Nicholas & Philip by their attorney come, & a day is given to them before the lord the King in

Ad quē diem p̄d̄ci Nich̄s e P̄hs veñ e ētis de causis datus est eis dies
 veñ : a die Pasch̄ in xv. dies vbiq̄, t̄c. Ad q̄ diem p̄d̄ci Nich̄s e p̄hs
 veñ e ētis de cāis datus est eis dies a die Pasch̄ in vnū mensem vbi-
 cūq̄, t̄c. Et deinde dat⁹ est eis dies in c̄stino Annuaꝝ vbiq̄, t̄c.—
 Et deinde dat⁹ est eis dies a die Pasch̄ in vnū mensem vbiq̄, t̄c.
 in c̄s. aiaꝝ In Crastino aiaꝝ vbiq̄, t̄c. Ad q̄ diē p̄d̄ci Nich̄s e p̄hs veñ e datus
 est eis dies a die Pasch̄ in vnū men̄s vbiq̄, t̄c. Ad q̄ diē p̄d̄ci Nich̄s
 e p̄hs veñ e datus est eis dies a die Pasche in tres sep̄t vbiq̄, t̄c
 v. sep̄t pas. Ad quem diem p̄d̄ci Nich̄s e p̄hs veñ e datus est eis dies a die
 Pasch̄ in xv dies vbiq̄, t̄c. Ad quē diē p̄d̄ci Nich̄s e P̄hs veni⁹unt
 e dat⁹ est eis dies de audienđ Judicio suo a die Pasch̄ in q̄nq̄ septias
 p̄x futuř in vnū annū vbiq̄, t̄c

Seq̄ Rex
 de nouo.

Oliuerus le moigne e p̄ticipes sui, e Thomas de Estfeld e Alicia
 vxor eius allocuti de eo qđ cum dñs E nup Rex Angt̄ pat̄ dñi Reg⁹
 nunc in Cuř sua coram maḡro Rob̄to de Leisset e sociis suis Justiē
 assignat̄is ad Itin̄andū hic t̄c recupasset seisinam suam vsus Rob̄tm
 le marchaunt e Ceciliam v̄xem eius modo defunctos e p̄d̄cos Oliuū,
 Thomam e Aliciam de om̄ibz tenementis que fuerunt maḡri Guilli
 de scō Remigio qui teñ illa tenuit de p̄d̄cō dño Rege p̄ homaꝝ e fide-
 litatem e sectam ad tres magnas Cuř dñi Reg⁹ sine sumoñ t̄c et qui
 fecit feloniam p̄ qua Insulas dñi Reg⁹ abiur̄ / p̄ quod teñ illa fl̄ūt
 escheta dñi Reg⁹ / p̄d̄ci Oliuū, Thomas e Alicia adhuc teñ illa dño
 Regi iniuste detinent occupata t̄c.

Et Oliuū e alii veñ, Et dicunt qđ post assisas illas ip̄i secuti
 fl̄ūt coram dño Rege qui nup obiit e eiu⁹ consilio conquerentes de
 p̄cessu illo, et hoc offerunt f̄ficare p̄ record̄ Rotloꝝ p̄d̄ci dñi Reg⁹ de
 p̄d̄cō tempe. Et Ido de assensu eoꝝd̄ datus est eis dies coram dño

Came.

one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. At which day the said Nicholas & Philip come & for certain reasons a day is given to them in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Nicholas & Philip come & for certain reasons a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. And thence a day is given to them in the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. And thence a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. In the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. At which day the said Nicholas & Philip come & a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Nicholas & Philip come & a day is given to them in three weeks from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Nicholas & Philip come & a day is given to them in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Nicholas & Philip come & a day is given to them to hear judgment in five weeks next to come from the day of Easter in one year wheresoever &c.

Came.

In the Morrow
of All Souls.

5 weeks
to Easter.

The King
sues anew.

Oliver le Moigne & his parceners & Thomas de Estfeld & Alice his wife questioned as to this that whereas the lord E. late King of England father of the lord the King that now is in his court before Master Robert de Leisset & his fellow-justices assigned for the eyre here &c. recovered his seisin against Robert le Marchaunt & Cecilia his wife now deceased, & the said Oliver, Thomas & Alice, of all the tenements which were of Master William de St. Remy who held those tenements of the said lord the King by homage & fealty & suit at the three great courts of the lord the King without summons &c., & who committed a felony for which he abjured the islands of the lord the King whereby those tenements were the escheats of the lord the King—the said Oliver, Thomas & Alice still unjustly detain from the lord the King those tenements occupied &c.

And Oliver & the others come & say that after those assizes they were sued before the lord the King who lately died & his council, complaining of that process, & this they offer to establish by the records of the rolls of the said lord the King of the time aforesaid. And therefore with their assent a day is given to them before

Rege a die sc̃i Michis in vnū meñs vbicumq; tūc f̃fuit in Angl̃. Et infim querant̃ Rotli. Et qz timebat̃ qđ causa ref̃sionis p̃cessus h̃iti, coram p̃dco magrō Rob̃to posset esse p̃ eo qđ certa q̃ntitas teñ nōiata nō extitit. Ido de nouo fc̃us est vsus eos p̃cessus p̃ dno Rege p̃ formam pl̃iti de escheta / modo quo sequit̃.

Respice in tergo de eod̃.

(M. 3. d.) **Adhuc de pl̃itis coram p̃fatis Iusticiar̃ p̃fatis
die 1 anno.**

ffresingfeld.

Gerneř

Dñs Rex p̃ Guil̃m des mareys qui sequit̃ p̃ eo / petit vsus Oliuū le moigne, Joñem e Radm f̃res eius medietatem duodecim mesuagior̃ quatuor curtilagior̃, duas bouatas e Centū e quātinginti e tresdecim virgatas f̃re e dī, decem e octo libratas e sexdecim solid̃ redd̃s, et reddit⁹ sexaginta e q̃tuor quartior̃ e vnus buss̃ fr̃i, duodecim panū, sexdecim capoñ e viginti gallinas cū p̃tiñ in poch̃is sc̃i Petri in portu, sc̃e Marie de Castro, sc̃i Saluatoris, sc̃i And̃r, sc̃i Martini de Bellosa, sc̃i Samp̃s, sc̃i Pet̃ de Bosco, de Wale, Torteual, e floresta. Et vsus Thomam de Estfeld e Aliciam ṽxem eius medietatem duodecim mesuagior̃ quatuor curtilagior̃, duas bouatas e Centū e quātinginti e tresdecim virgatas f̃re e dī, decem e octo libratas e sexdecim solidatas redd̃s, et redditus sexaginta e quatuor quartior̃ e vnus buss̃ fr̃i, duodecim panū, sexdecim caponū e viginti gall̃n cum p̃tiñ in eisđ poch̃ vt Jus e eschetam suam p̃ eo / quod Wil̃s de sc̃o Remigio qui p̃dca mẽs, curtilagia, f̃ram e redd̃s de dñō Edwardo quondam Rege Angl̃ patre dñi Reg⁹ nūc tenuit feloniam fec̃ p̃ qua Insulas dñi Reg⁹ abiurauit. Et vnde Idem Guil̃s dicit p̃ dñō Rege qđ p̃dcs Wil̃s de sc̃o Remigio tenuit p̃dca teñ de dñō Rege patre t̃c p̃ fidelitatem e S̃uiciū secte ad magnam Cur̃ dñi Reg⁹ in Gerneř ter p̃ ann sine sumoniçoe t̃c.

the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael where-soever he shall then be in England. And in the meantime let the rolls be searched. And because it was feared that the cause of the reversion of the process had before the said Master Robert might be because a certain number of the tenements named do not exist, therefore process is made anew against them for the lord the King by the form of the plea of escheat in the manner which follows

[Continued on the back of the same.]

(M. 3. d.) **Continuation of the pleas before the said Justices the said day & year.**

Fresingfeld.

Guernsey.

The lord the King by William des Mareys who sues for him claims against Oliver le Moigne, John & Ralph his brothers the moiety of 12 messuages, 4 curtilages, 2 bovates⁽¹⁾ & 193½ virgates⁽²⁾ of land and domain, 18 librates⁽³⁾ & 16 sols rent, & the rent of 64 quarters & 1 bushell of wheat, 12 loaves, 16 capons & 20 hens with the appurtenances in the parishes of St. Peter-port, St. Mary de Câtél, St. Saviour, St. Andrew, St. Martin de Bellouse, St. Sampson, St. Peter in the Wood, the Vale, Torteval & the Forest. And against Thomas de Estfeld & Alice, his wife, the moiety of 12 messuages, 4 curtilages, 2 bovates & 193½ virgates of land and domain, 18 librates & 16 sols rent, & the rent of 64 quarters & 1 bushell of wheat, 12 loaves, 16 capons & 20 hens with the appurtenances in the said parishes as his right & escheat inasmuch as William de St. Remy, who held the said messuages, curtilages, land & rents of the lord Edward sometime King of England father of the lord the King that now is, committed a felony for which he abjured the islands of the lord the King. And there-upon the said William says for the lord the King that the said William de St. Remy held the said tenements of the lord the King the father &c. by fealty & the service of suit at the great court of the lord the King in Guernsey three times a year without Summons &c.

(1) Bouvées. (2) Vergées.

(3) Livrée de terre : as much land as would bring in an annual revenue of one pound.

Et Oliſus e alii veñ e dicunt qđ postq^m pđcūs Wiſſus abiuraſſat tē, pđcūs dñs Rex paſ tē pdonauit pđcō Wiſſo, tam feloniam quam feč, q^m abiuračōem Insulaſ, quam fečat p eadem et pſea de grā ſua ſpeciali reconceſſit ei oīnia teñ ſua que ea occ^aone capta fſūt in mañ dñi Reg^o. Et dicunt qđ pđcūs Wiſſs inde ptulit brē dñi Reg^o Custodi Insulaſ qui p brē illud teñ ſua ſibi reličauit vnde dicunt qđ pđcūs Wiſſus ſic obiit ſeiſitus de pđcis teñ vt de feodo, et poſt eius mortem intraſunt ipi in pđcis teñ vt hedes, tē., et offerunt vſicare p patriam qđ pđcūs Wiſſs ſic obiit ſeiſitus de pđcis teñ vt de feodo. Et ſimiſr offunt vſicare p recordū Rotloſ dñi Reg^o de Cancellaria e plia-mento qđ pđcūs dñs Rex conceſſit pđcō Wiſſo teñ ſua in forma pđča. Et ſciend qđ Juſr teſtant^r qđ pđcūs Wiſſs obiit in ſeiſina de pđcis teñ in forma pđča. Et qđ pđča Alicia ſoror eius fuit, e Oliſus e alii fſūt filii alſius ſororis eius, et ſunt hedes ein^o ppinquiores tē. Et cum Juſticiaſ die Jouis poſt feſtum Aploſ Petⁱ e Pauli adiornasse voluiſſent pđcōs Oliſum e alios, pđči Thomas e Alicia veſſunt, ſed pđči Oliſus e alii nō veñ, quosq^q defalt^r eoſ adiudicata fuit, e tūc circiſ meridiem veſſunt petentes grām de defalī tē dicentes qđ ſcdm conſuetudinem pat^re nō debent puniri, ex quo veſſunt dū Juſtič ſede- runt in Banco. Poſtea optulerunt dño Regi decem liſr p ſic qđ poſſint plitare in p^rncipali tē Et eis concedit^r ſi dñs Rex acceptet tē, ppīm ſingloſ ipōſ p oīibz tē. Et dat^o eſt eis dies coram dñō Rege a die ſcī Michis in vnū menſ vbicumq^q, tunc fſit in Angt de vtroſ phto tē. Et Alicia po. lo. ſuo pđcōs Thomam vſ Oliſum Et pđcūs Thomas po. lo. ſuo ſuo pđcēm Oliſū. Et pđcūs Oliſus po. lo. ſuo pđcēm Tho- mam Et pđči Joñes e Rađus po. lo. ſuo pđcēm Oliſum. Poſtea ad diem illū apud Weſtm veñ pđči Oliſs e alii Et etis de cauſis dat^o eſt eis dies de Juđo ſuo aud coram dñō Rege a die Paſch in vnū

And Oliver & the others come & say that after the said William had abjured &c., the said lord the King the father &c. pardoned the said William as well for the felony which he committed as for his abjuration of the said islands which he made for the same, and moreover of his special grace regranted him all his tenements which on this occasion were taken into the hands of the lord the King. And they say that the said William brought a writ of the lord the King to the warden of the islands, who by that writ redelivered to him his tenements, whereupon they say that the said William so died seised of the said tenements as of fee, & after his death they entered into the said tenements as heirs, &c., & they offer to establish by verdict of the country that the said William died so seised of the said tenements as of fee. And likewise they offer to establish by the record of the rolls of the lord the King of his Chaucery & Parliament that the said lord the King granted to the said William his tenements in the form aforesaid. And be it known that the jurors testify that the said William died in seisin of the said tenements in the form aforesaid. And that the said Alice was his sister, & Oliver & the others were the sons of his other sister & are his next heirs &c. And when the justices on Thursday after the feast of the Apostles Peter & Paul wished to adjourn the said Oliver & the others, the said Thomas & Alice came, but the said Oliver & the others did not come until their default was adjudged, & then about noon they came praying grace for their default &c. saying that according to the custom of the country they ought not to be punished because they came while the justices were sitting on the bench. Afterwards they brought to the King 10 livres so that they may plead on the main issue &c. And it is granted to them if the lord the King accepts &c. by the pledge of each of them for all &c. And a day is given to them before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever he shall then be in England for each plea &c. And Alice puts in her place the said Thomas or Oliver. And the said Thomas puts in his place the said Oliver. And the said Oliver puts in his place the said Thomas. And the said John & Ralph put in their place the said Oliver. Afterwards on that day at Westminster came the said Oliver & others. And for certain causes a day is given to them to hear

mensem vbicūq, tūc fuit in Angl. Et Oliūs po. lo. suo p̄dēm Thoñ.
 Et p̄dēa Alicia v̄x p̄dēi Thome po. lo. suo p̄dēm Thomam iñ loquela
 p̄dēa tē Ad quem diem veñ ptes p̄ attorñ suos e datus est eis dies a
 die Pasch in vnu mensem vbicūq, tē.—Ad quē die veñūt p̄dēi Oliverus
 e alii, e etis de causis datus est eis dies a die Pasch in xv. dies vbi-
 cumq, tē Ad q̄ diē veñūt p̄dēi Oliūs e alii e etis de caīs datus
 est eis dies a die Pasch in vnū mensem vbicūq, tē Ad quē diem
 veñūt p̄dēi Olyūs e alii e etis de caīs datus est dies in Crastino aīaꝝ
 vbicūq, tē. Et deinde dat⁹ est eis dies a die Pasch in vnū mensem
 vbicūq, tē In Crastino aīaꝝ vbicūq, tē Ad q̄ diem p̄dēi Oliūs Joñes
 e Raðs veñ e datus est eis dies a die Pasch in vnū menē vbicūq, tē
 etis de caīs vt sup⁹ tē Ad q̄ diem p̄dēi Olyūs Joñes e Raðs veñ e
 dat⁹ est eis dies a die pasche in tres sept̄ vbicūq, tē, etis de caīs tē.—
 Ad quem diem p̄dēi Olyūs Joñes e Raðs Thoñ e alicia veñ e datus
 est eis dies a die Pasch in xv dies vbicūq, tē, etis de caīs tē Ad quē
 diē p̄dēi Oliuerus Joñs Raðs Thoñ e Alič veñ. Et dat⁹ est eis dies
 a die Pasch in qñq, septiās p̄x futuř in vnū annū vbičq, tē

v̄ñ
 v̄ñ
 v̄ñ
 v̄ñ
 v̄^h sept̄ pas.
 Seq̄ Rex
 de nouo

Matheus de Curia Ballus hui⁹ Insule, e qui se dicit teñe locum
 Otonis de Grandisono hio in ista Insula loco dñi sui p̄dēi querit⁹ de
 Rohto de Haddy nup Receptore p̄dēi Otonis e Thoñ de Estfeld
 de eo videlt qđ cum p̄dēs Thomas nup infecisset quemdam fidelem
 hoīem dñi Reg⁹ e fugiisset ad refugiū ecclie e ponens se in eccliam
 recōgnouisset fēm e abiurasset Insulas p̄ quod fr̄e e catalla que tūc
 sũunt ip̄ius Thome forisfēa sũunt ip̄i Otoni rōne dimissionis ip̄i Otoni
 nup fēe p̄ dn̄m E. quonđ Regem tē p̄rēm dñi Reg⁹ nūc de Insulis hic
 ad t̄minū vite ip̄ius Oton cum om̄imodis p̄ficuis eschetis e obuē-
 cōibz inde em̄gentibz que ad dn̄m Regem deuenirent si Insulas in

judgment before the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. And Oliver puts in his place the said Thomas. And the said Alice wife of the said Thomas puts in her place the said Thomas in the said plea &c. At which day came the parties by their attorneys, & a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Oliver & the others came, & for certain causes a day is given to them in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Oliver & others came & for certain causes a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Oliver & the others came, & for certain causes a day is given to them in the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. And thence a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. In the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. At which day the said Oliver, John & Ralph came & a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. for certain causes as above &c. At which day the said Oliver, John & Ralph came & a day is given to them in three weeks from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. for certain causes &c. At which day the said Oliver, John & Ralph, Thomas & Alice came & a day is given to them in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. for certain causes &c. At which day the said Oliver, John, Ralph, Thomas & Alice came. And a day is given to them in five weeks from the day of Easter next to come in one year wheresoever &c.

Came.

Came.

Came.

5 weeks
from Easter.

The King
sues anew.

Matthew de la Court, Bailiff of this island, & who says that he is lieutenant of Otto de Grandison here in this island in the place of his said lord, complains of Robert de Haddy late receiver of the said Otto & Thomas de Estfeld, for this that whereas the said Thomas lately killed a certain faithful man of the lord the King & fled to the sanctuary of the Church & putting himself in the Church acknowledged the deed & abjured the islands whereby the lands & chattels which then belonged to the said Thomas were forfeited to the said Otto by reason of the grant lately made to the said Otto by the lord E. formerly King, &c. father of the King that now is, of the islands here for the term of the life of the said Otto with all manner of profits, escheats & revenues arising therefrom which would come to the lord

manu sua tēbēt p̄dcs q, Otto dñs suus p̄ ministros suos f̄ras e catalla illa seisiri fecisset in manū suam oc̄ōne p̄dca p̄dci Rohtus e Thomas p̄dca f̄ras e catalla occuparunt e elongaūunt a seisina ip̄ius Otonis aine scitu e voluntate ip̄ius Otonis e absq, causa r̄onabili Et hoc offert v̄ificare p̄ dñō suo sicut Cuī conš e petit remediū p̄ dñō suo tē.

Et Rohtus e Thomas veñ, Et Rohtus dicit p̄ se qđ tempe delibacōis p̄dcoz f̄re e catañ tē fuit ip̄e Receptor tē e executor b̄rim dñi Reg^o directoz p̄dco Otoni v̄t eius locum tenenti tē Et p̄dcs Thomas detulit ei brē dñi Reg^o in hec v̄ba. — Edwardus dei grā Rex Angl Dñs Hiñ e Dux Aquit / dilectio e fideli suo Ottoni de Grandisono Custodi Insulaz de Gerneseye e Gereseye v̄t eius locum tenenti salm. Cum p̄ lit̄as n̄ras patentes p̄donatūm^o Thome de Estfeld sectam pacis n̄re que ad nos ptinet p̄ morte Rohti du Celer et eciam abiuraçōem Insulaz p̄dcaz e cet̄az Insulaz adiacentiū quam fecit p̄ morte p̄dca put in d̄cis iris n̄ris eidem Thome inde confectis plenius continet / volentes eidem Thome grām facē v̄biorem, voš mandamus qđ om̄es f̄ras e teñ que f̄sunt ip̄ius Thome in Insulis p̄d̄cis die abiuraçōis p̄dce e que de nob̄ tenent / ac t̄ om̄ia bona e catalla sua oc̄ōne mortis e abiuraçōis p̄dcaz in manū n̄ram capta si f̄re ille e teñ tanq^m escheta n̄ra, ac bona e catalla p̄dca oc̄ōne p̄dca tanq^m forisfca ad nos debeant ptinere eidem Thome libari faciat̄ de grā n̄ra sup̄dca. Saluis voš pfate Otto iuribz ad vos spectantibz in hac pte. T. me ip̄o apud Lyncoñ scđo die Januař. Anno ř. ñ. Tricesimo f̄cio. Et dicit qđ ip̄e detulit brē illud in plenam Cuī hic coram Petro le marchaunt tunc Ballo e Juř Reg^o qui se dicunt Judices ad om̄ia tē Et ip̄i adiudicařunt p̄ brē illud f̄ras e catalla illa p̄dco Thome quiete fore delibanda. Et hoc in p̄sencia eořđ offert v̄ificare sicut Cuī conš. Sed n̄ts eoř in aliquo sibi cont̄dicit. Et Thomas dicit qđ nō debet p̄dco

the King if he held the islands in his hands & the said Otto his lord by his officers caused those lands & tenements to be seised into his hands for the reason aforesaid—the said Robert & Thomas occupied the said lands & chattels & removed them from the seisin of the said Otto without the knowledge & will of the said Otto & without reasonable cause. And this he offers to establish for his lord as the court shall determine & he claims a remedy for his lord &c.

And Robert & Thomas come. And Robert says for himself that at the time of the delivery of the said lands & chattels &c. he was Receiver &c. & executor of the writs of the lord the King directed to the said Otto or his lieutenant &c. And the said Thomas brought to him the writ of the lord the King in these words—Edward by the grace of God King of England, Lord of Ireland & Duke of Aquitaine to his beloved & faithful Otto de Grandison warden of the islands of Guernsey & Jersey or to his lieutenant greeting: Whereas by our letters patent we have granted to Thomas de Estfeld the suit of our peace which belongs to us by the death of Robert de Celer and also the abjuration of the said islands & of the other islands adjoining which he made for the said death as in our said letters to the said Thomas thereof made it is more fully contained, we willing to show to the said Thomas our abundant grace command you that you cause to be delivered to the said Thomas of our grace aforesaid all the lands & tenements which were of the said Thomas in the said islands on the day of the said abjuration & which are held of us & also all his goods & chattels taken into our hands by reason of the said death & abjuration if those lands & tenements as our escheats & the said goods & chattels for the reason aforesaid as forfeitures ought to belong to us. Saving to you the said Otto the rights belonging to you in this behalf. Witness ourself at Lincoln the 2nd day of January in the 38rd year of our reign. And he says that he produced that writ in open court here before Peter le Marchant then Bailiff & the Jurats of the King who call themselves judges for all things &c. And they adjudged by that writ that all those lands & chattels should be quietly delivered to the said Thomas. And this in their presence he offers to establish as the court shall determine. But none of them gainsaid him in anything. And Thomas says that he ought

Baillo nec alii q^m p^dcō Ottoni si inf^lesset in pp^a psona v^t p attorē suū inde respondere. Et pēi Judm. Dies dat⁹ est eis coram dⁿo Rege a die scī Michis in vnū mēns vbicumq³ tē. Postea ad diem illū apud Westm. Etis de causis respectuat^r reddendū coram dⁿo Rege a die Pasch in vnū mensem vbicūq³ tūc fuit in Ang^t in statu quo nūc tē Et sciend^r q^d p^dcūs Robus modo nō veñ. Ad quem diem indicm respectuat^r in forma p^dcā tē. Ad quē diē iudm respectuat^r vsq³ a die Pasch in xv. dies vbicūq³ tē in forma p^dcā tē. Et deinde resp^tuat^r iudm vsq³ a die Pasch in vnū mensem vbicūq³ tē Ad quem diem Judicm respectuat^r vsq³ in Crastino aīaz vbicūq³ tē Et deinde respectuat^r iudiciū vsq³ a die Pasche in vnū mensem vbicūq³ tē. In Crastino aīaz vbicūq³ tē Ad q³ die iudiciū p^dcēm respectuat^r vt sup^r vsq³ a die Pasch in vnū mēns vbicūq³ tē. Ad q³ diem iudiciū p^dcēm resp^tuat^r vsq³ a die Pasch in tres sept^r vbicūq³ tē.—Ad quem diem iudm p^dcēm resp^tuatur vsq³ a die Pasch in xv dies vbicūq³ tē. Ad q³ diē p^dcēm Judm resp^tuatur vsq³ a die Pasch in qⁿq³ sept^rs p^x futur^r in vnū anñ vbiq³ tē

v^h sep^r pa^s

Seq^r Oto
de Grandisono.

(M. 4.) **Adhuc de p^litis coram p^rfatis Iusticiar^r p^rfatis
die f anno.**

ffresingfeld.

Gerne^r

Cōitas huius Insule allocuta qua lege vtunt^r, e p quam legem clamant deduci an videt^r p legem Ang^t v^t Normanñ, aut p speciales consuetudines eis p Reges concessas tē, dicunt q^d nec p legem Ang^t nec Normanñ sed p certas consuetudines in hac Insula vsita^r a tempe quo memoria nō existit. Et dicunt q^d ipi ñent de indigenis hui⁹ Insule duodecim hoīes Ju^r Regis qui vna cū Baillo Insule in absencia Justic^r e vna cū Justic^r cum huc adueñint debent Judicare de oīibz

not to answer therein to the said Bailiff nor to any other except the said Otto if he should be present personally or by his attorney. And he claims judgment. And a day is given to them before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever &c. Afterwards at that day at Westminster for certain causes let it be respited to be continued before the lord the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England in the state in which it is now &c. And be it known that the said Robert does not come now. At which day the judgment is respited in the form aforesaid &c. At which day judgment is respited up to 15 days of the day of Easter wheresoever &c. in the form aforesaid &c. And thence judgment is respited until one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day judgment is respited until the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. And thence judgment is respited until one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. In the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. At which day the said judgment is respited as above until one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said judgment is respited until 3 weeks from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said judgment is respited until 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said judgment is respited until 5 weeks from the day of Easter next to come in one year wheresoever &c.

5 weeks
from Easter.

Otto
de Grandison
sues.

(M. 4.) *Continuation of the pleas before the said Justices the said
day & year.*

Fresingfeld.

Guernsey.

The commonalty of this island being asked what law they use & by what law they claim to be governed i.e. whether by the law of England or of Normandy, or by special customs granted to them by the Kings &c., they say neither by the law of England nor of Normandy but by certain customs used in this island from time immemorial. And they say that they have of the natives of this island 12 men Jurats of the King who together with the Bailiff of the island in the absence of the justices & together with the justices

casibz in hac Insula qualicūq; emgentibz Et ipsi duodecim debent vna cum Justici de hiis que coram eis fiūt in coi e vna cū Ballo de hiis que coram ipsis fiunt in absencia Justici facere record tē. licet post assisas, scribi debeat solummodo Justici ad faci venire record plitor hui⁹ Insule coram dno Rege cum necesse fuit.

Postea p^odca Cōitas suū fuit ad respondend dno Rege de plito quo Waranto sine licencia e voluntate dñi Reg⁹ e pgenitor suoz Regn Angl clam fere de seipsis vnam duodenam hoim Jur dno Regi qui Judm e recordū facient de omimod plitis agitatis e plitatis coram Ballis dñi Reg⁹ de Inś. Et t coram Justici ipius dñi Reg⁹, cum ad ptes istas venint, tam de plitis Corone dñi Reg⁹ q^m aliis plitis quibzcūq; et t de contemptibz e t^onsgr fcis ipsi dno Regi e Corone e dignitati sue e t Curie sue e ministris suis que quidem cognicoes e Judiçoꝝ reddicoes ad ipm dñm Regem e Coronam e dignitatem suā e ministros suos p ipm ad hoc spaliꝝ deputatos e nō ad aliū mere spectant. Et Willes des mareys qui sequit^r p dno Rege diē p dno Rege qd vbi ab antiquo cū dñs Rex qui p tempe fuit miserit Justici huc ad Itinand tē vt ad audiend e tminand certa negocia tē Justici illi solent pcedere ad Judm iux^a discrecoes suas nisi tantūmodo in casibz totalr tangentibz Insulanos e tenuras suas adinvicem petitas de quibz ijdem Justici quibz consuetudines Insule sunt incognite petierunt am̃samentū a xij. Jur tē auteq^m pcesserint ad Judm tē p^odca Cōitas iam de nouo p hui⁹ Jur suos volunt sibi attrahere Jur⁹diccoem regiam tē in lesionem Corone e dignitatis dñi Reg⁹ tē Et qd Ita est offert vificare p dno Rege sicut Cuñ cons.

Et Cōitas veñ e diē qd ipsi e eoz pgenitores Insulani hic a tempe quo memoria nō existit semp vsi fuit habendi xij Jur hui⁹, de seipsis

when they shall come hither ought to judge of all cases in this island in what way so-ever arising. And those 12 ought together with the justices to make a record of those things which are done before them in common & together with the bailiff [to make a record] of those things which are done before them in the absence of the justices &c. although after the assizes, it ought to be written only to the justices to cause the Records of the pleas of this island to come before the lord the King when it shall be necessary.

Afterwards the said commonalty was summoned to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by what warrant without the license & will of the lord the King & of his progenitors Kings of England they claim to have of themselves a dozen men jurats of the lord the King who make judgment & record of all manner of pleas moved & pleaded before the bailiffs of the lord the King in the island; and also before the justices of the said lord the King when they shall come to those parts, as well of the pleas of the crown of the lord the King as of other pleas whatsoever & also of the contempts & trespasses made upon the said lord the King & his crown & dignity & also his court & his officers: which said cognizances & returns of judgments belong only to the said King & to his crown & dignity & to his officers specially deputed by him for this purpose & not to any other. And William des Mareys who sues for the lord the King says for the lord the King that where of old the lord the King for the time being sent justices hither in eyre &c. or to hear & determine certain matters &c. those justices are wont to proceed to judgment according to their discretions, except only in cases altogether touching the islanders & their tenures mutually sued for, concerning which the said justices, to whom the customs of the island are unknown, have sought the amerciamment of the 12 jurats &c. before they proceeded to judgment &c.—the said commonalty now in a new manner by their said jurats wish to draw to themselves the royal jurisdiction &c. to the damage of the crown & the dignity of the lord the King &c. And that this is so he offers to establish for the lord the King as the court shall determine.

And the commonalty come & say that they & their progenitors the islanders here from time immemorial were always used to have

qui eligi debent p ministros dñi Reg^o, e optimates pñe cū opus fñit. Scit post mortem vni^o eoꝝ alⁱ fidedignus simi^r si quis eoꝝ conuict^o fuisset a casu de falsitate loco suo debet alⁱ s^ustitui. Et debent Jura^r sine condi^one ad manutenend^u e saluand^u Jura dñi Reg^o e patriotaꝝ. Et ipi xij. debent Judicare de omibꝫ causis pñtis contemp^ttibꝫ t^rnsgr^o felonis fcis dño Regi ministris e Cu^r sue vicinis ex^oneis e aliis quibꝫcumqꝫ exceptis tam casibꝫ nimis arduis si^c si quis recesserit a fide dñi Reg^o vel maⁿ iniecit violent^u in ministros dñi Reg^o e emend^u oim p^rmissoꝝ p^rd^eis arduis exceptis debent ipi xij taxare. Dicunt t^u q^d si dñs Rex velit etiorari de recordo pñti coram Justi^ce e ipis xij. agitati Justi^ce vna cū illis xij. debent record^u illud fa^ce. Sed si di^usificent in^t eos, tunc debent Justicia^r vna cū militibꝫ e magnatibꝫ assedentibꝫ cū eis in Banco ad pñta fa^ce record^u hui^o. Et de agitatis coram Bal^lio e ipis, hnt ipi recordū cōiunctim tē Et sic vti solet ab antiquo. Et q^d Ita sit pati sunt vⁱficare.

Et Wi^lls dicit p dño Rege q^d p^rd^ei xij. nūq^u consue^runt hñe record^u nisi tantū in casu vt sectatores Cu^r Baronū tē. Dicit enim q^d cū quis inphitans vt inphitatus coram Bal^lio e Ju^r fa^ce velit attornatū hoc fa^ce nō potest nisi ps ad^rsa pñsens fñit qū fit attorn^u si^c e in Cu^r Baronū vbi si plenū record^u hñissent pnt clamant possent ipi tam in absencia q^um pñen^t pñtis attorn^u recipe e receptū recordari. Dicit t^u q^d si p^rd^ei xij. cū veniunt coram Justi^ce velint al^r recordari cont^a partem aliquam q^um scdm id quod coram eis fñit agitatū, e ps allega^rit q^d pñtum al^r se hñet q^um ipi recordant^r, e illud volūit pbare cū effectū, debet e solet ad hoc admitti quod nō fieret si xij. illi plenū record^u hñissent. Dicit t^u p dño Rege quod al^r vsitatū est coram Justi^ce q^um si^c ipi clamant. Quia di^c q^d cū quis cōunicat^r coram Justi^ce de t^rns-

12 such jurats of themselves who ought to be elected by the officers of the lord the King & the magnates of the country when there shall be need. To wit, after the death of one of them another trustworthy person ; likewise, if any of them should be convicted in a case of corruption, another ought to be substituted in his place. And they ought to swear without condition to maintain & preserve the rights of the lord the King & of their countrymen. And those 12 ought to judge of all causes, pleas, contempts, trespasses & felonies done to the lord the King his officers & his court, on the inhabitants, strangers & others whomsoever, except only in cases too arduous, such as if any one shall withdraw from the fealty of the lord the King or shall lay his hands violently on the officers of the lord the King, & the said 12 ought to fix the amends of all the premises, the said arduous [cases] excepted. They say also that if the lord the King shall wish to be certified of the record of a plea moved before the justices & the said 12, the justices together with those 12 ought to make that record, but if they should differ among themselves, then the justices together with the knights & magnates sitting with them on the Bench for the pleas ought to make such record. And as to those things moved before the bailiff & themselves they have a record jointly &c. And so it was wont to be used of yore. And that it is so they are ready to establish.

And William says for the lord the King that the said 12 were never wont to have the Records except only such as *Sectatores*⁽¹⁾ of Courts Baron &c. He says also that when anyone suing or being sued before the bailiff & the jurats shall wish to appoint an attorney he cannot do this unless the opposing party be present when he appoints the attorney as also in a Court Baron, whereas if they had full record, as they claim, they might appoint an attorney as well in the absence as in the presence of the party, receive the attorney & record the admission. He says also that if the said 12 when they shall come before the justices should wish to be recorded against the party otherwise than according to that which was moved before them & the party should allege that he has the plea otherwise than they record & should wish to prove that with effect, he ought & is wont to be admitted thereto which could not be done if those 12 had full record. He says also for the lord the King that it is used before the justices otherwise than as they claim. Because they say that when

(1) *Sectatores* : persons who owe suit of Court.

gressiōibz p qua redimi debeat vt t̃ contemptū fač Cuř dñi Reg^o in
psencia Justič ipi Justiciar iux^a discređem suam inde ordinabunt e
admittent finem ipis xij. ad hoc nō vocatis. Et hoc dič bn pafe corā
Robto de Leisset e sociis suis nup Justič Itifantibz hic de Robto du
viner e plibz aliis e coram aliis Justič simitr in casibz consimilibz.
Dicit t̃ qđ pdci xij. iam de nouo leuantes consuetudines cont^a statū
Corone dñi Reg^o e cont^a sacrñ suū pp^{um} abusi sunt legibz e con-
suetudinibz Insulař ab antiquo nitis e optentis, sic de plibz latronibz
captis cū manuope e aliis felonibz e quasi innumis latronibz de diuisis
latrocinis indictatis e p magna pte coram Ballo applegiatis ad ass̃ tē
quos ipi Juř adiudicaſunt e consenserunt qđ de grā sua abiurarent
Insulas in plena Cuř Reg^o e alibi p voluntate sua Licet nūq^a ad
locum refugii deueſunt vbi p legem e consuetudinem Insulař nullus
deſ Insulas abiurare nisi tantum illi qui deueſunt ad refugiū ecclie.
Et sic concedunt felonibz pdonađem de amissione vite e mēbroř
qđ nulli licet nisi soli Regi. Dicit t̃ qđ pdča xij. sbornaſunt pdčm
Robtm de Leisset e soč suos Justič qđ quedam Alicia Alianor capta
p receptamento Matif Loer que Insulas abiuraſat e ducta coram ipis
Justič, e inde cōiucta iux^a testiñ ipōř xij. de consuetudinibz suis
abiur Insulas vt sic p fcñ Justič maliciam suam pp^{am} possent pal-
liař. Et nullus de cōitate cont^adixit tē nec in aliquo reclamauit
vnde petit Judm de omibz tē Dicit t̃ qđ pdci xij. cōincūt in hiis
assis de q^m plibz hui^o abiurađōibz quas fieri feſunt e pmiserunt
coram ipis fieri ex^a locū refugii. Et t̃ qđ adiudicaſunt inquīs ifato
capi sup indictatis de feloniis e sic indictati coram ipis quietati sunt
cont^a legem e consuetudinem tē vnde dediče nō possunt quin legibz
e consueſ Insulař totař abusi sunt. Et petit Judm vt p^{ns} tē Dič

anyone is convicted of trespasses before the justices for which he ought to make amends, or commits contempt of the court of the lord the King in the presence of the justices, those justices shall ordain therein according to their discretion & determine the fine, the said 12 not being called for the purpose. And this he says appears fully before Robert de Leisset & his associates late justices in eyre here concerning Robert du Vivier & many others, & before other justices likewise in like cases. He also says that the said 12 now in a new manner raising customs against the state of the crown of the lord the King & against their own oath, have abused the laws & customs of the islands of old time had & obtained; as concerning many thieves taken with stolen goods & other felons & as innumerable thieves indicted for divers robberies, & for the great part bailed before the bailiff at the assizes &c. which those jurats judged & consented that by their grace they should abjure the islands in the open court of the King & elsewhere at their will, although they never came to a place of refuge, whereas by the law & custom of the islands no one ought to abjure the islands except only those who have arrived at the refuge of a Church. And so they grant to felons pardon for the loss of life & limbs which is not lawful to anyone except only the King. He says also that the said 12 deceived the said Robert de Leisset & his fellow justices, in that a certain Alice Alianor being taken for receiving Matilda Loer who had abjured the island & being led before the said justices & thereof convicted according to the declaration of the said 12 concerning their customs, abjured the islands, so that they were able to cover their own malice by the act of the justices. And none of the commonalty contradicted it &c. nor objected in anything, wherefore he claims judgment in all things &c. He says also that the said 12 are convicted in these assizes of many such abjurations which they have caused to be done & permitted to be done before them without a place of refuge. And also that they have adjudged an inquisition to be taken again upon those indicted of felonies & so those indicted are acquitted before them contrary to the law & custom &c. whereupon they cannot gainsay but that they have altogether abused the laws & customs of the islands. And he claims judgment as before &c. And he says that

t̃ qđ Cōitas hic nō vtit̃ ad p̃sens antiquis consueť. Diť enim qđ manifestū est qđ om̃es Insulani sunt vni⁹ e eiusđ lingue e tēpe quo Ducat⁹ Normań fuit Ducē f̃fūt Insule Ducis illius et quociens Insulani faciunt p̃quisitū a Cuř dñi Reg⁹ semp ad eoř suggestionē scribit̃ scđm legem e consueť Insulař e sic patet qđ in om̃ibz hiis Iñs debet esse vna lex e vna consuetudo. Et diť qđ Insulani hic p voluntate sua assumpseřt sibi p lege e consueť quedam quibz vtunt̃ que om̃ino discordant legibz e consuetudinibz aliař Insulař e hoc iam in lege de heř, de dote, e Corona de ponderē e mensuř q^m de cons e customis que quasi totař contrariant̃ sen discordant vnde narrare foret infinitū. Et hec om̃ia diť se patum esse ṽficare p dño Rege tē e petit Judm. Diť t̃ qđ plibz modis aliis abutunt̃ tē Quia diť qđ vbi Bařs Insule quociens viderit expedire faciet Inquiř suas p xij. ip̃i suadent Justiť cū ṽfint qđ p sacřm vj t̃m in vna inquisiće debent pcedere ad inquirend de feloń e Juribz dñi Reg⁹ qđ oĩo discordat legi. Diť t̃ qđ simiř suadent ip̃is Justiť qđ Indictatores debent amofi ex officō Justiciarioř⁽¹⁾ cū indictat⁹ se ponat in Inq̃siće licet indictat⁹ excepćem aliquam nō f̃uerit vsus eos ponentes p causa ne Indictatores incurrant infamiam piurii si indictatū q̃etarent cū t̃m Jurent iux^a consciencias, vnde petit p dño Rege qđ p̃missa corrigant̃ tē

Et Cōitas bñ cogñ qđ nullus deř abiurař Insulas nisi loco refugii e recognoscens feloń. Cogñ t̃ qđ lex e consuetudo quibz vtunt̃ discordant aliis siť p̃dc̃m est. Et dicunt qđ cū quis t̃nsg̃diat̃ puniendus est t̃nsgressor e eoř t̃nsgressiones nō debent imputari Cōitati. Dicunt t̃ qđ pati sunt ṽficare sicut Cuř cons qđ p̃genitores eoř Insulani hic vsi f̃funt lege e consuetudie quibz ip̃i clamant vti tē. Dies datus est eis de aud̃ Judio suo coram dño Rege a die sc̃i Michis in

(1) *Justiciariorum*: evidently meant for *Juratorum* (Jurors).

the commonalty here does not use at present the ancient customs. For he says that it is manifest that all the islanders are of one & the same tongue & in the time when the Duchy of Normandy had a Duke the islands belonged to that Duke, & as often as the islanders demand an enquiry of the court of the lord the King, it is always written therein at their suggestion [that it is] according to the law & custom of the islands, & so it is clear that in all these islands there ought to be one law & one custom. And they say that the islanders here at their will have assumed to themselves for law & custom certain ones which they use, which differ altogether from the laws & customs of the other islands & this as well in the law of inheritance, of dower, & of the crown rights of weights & measures as well as of customs & duties which are almost entirely opposed to or differ from them, whereof it might be narrated indefinitely. And all these things he says he is ready to establish for the lord the King &c. & claims judgment. He says also that in many other ways they have abused &c., because he says that whereas the bailiff of the island as often as he shall deem it expedient should make his inquisitions by the 12 they persuade the justices when they come that they ought to proceed by the oath of 6 only in one inquisition to enquire touching felonies & the rights of the lord the King which is altogether at variance with the law. He says also that they likewise persuade those justices that accusers ought to be removed from the office of jurors when the person indicted puts himself on an inquisition although the person indicted shall not have any exception against them, putting forward as the reason lest the accusers shall incur the infamy of perjury if they acquit the accused when they only swear according to their consciences; wherefore he asks for the lord the King that the premises may be corrected &c.

And the commonalty knows well that no one ought to abjure the island except from a place of refuge & acknowledging the felony. They also acknowledge that the law & custom which they use are at variance with the others, as is aforesaid. And they say that when anyone transgresses, the transgressor is to be punished & their transgressions ought not to be imputed to the commonalty. And they say also that they are ready to establish as the court shall determine that the islanders their progenitors herein have used the law & custom which they claim to use &c. A day is given to them to hear

vnū mensē vbicumq; tē. Et Cōitas po. lo. suo Ricm̃ le Herice, Joñem de Vinario vñ Henř Trente. Postea ad diem illū apud Westm̃ veñ p̃dca Cōitas p̃ attorñ suū. Et etis de causis dat⁹ est eis dies de Juđo suo aud̃ coram dñō Rege a die Pasch̃ in vnū mensem vbicūq; tūc fūit in Angl̃. Ad quem diē p̃dca cōitas p̃ attorñ suū veñ, e dat⁹ est eis dies corā dñō Rē a die Pasch̃ in vnū mensem vbicūq; tē. Ad quē diem p̃dca cōitas p̃ attorñ suū venit e etis de causis dat⁹ est eis dies a die Pasch̃ in xv. dies. Ad q̃ diem p̃dca cōitas veñ, e etis de cais̃ datus est eis dies a die Pasch̃ in vnū mensē vbicūq; tē. Ad quem diem p̃dca Cōitas veñ e etis de cais̃ datus est eis dies in Crastino aiaꝝ vbicūq; tē. Et deinde datus est eis dies a die Pasch̃ in vnū mensem vbicūq; tē. In Crastino annuaꝝ vbicūq; tē.—Ad q̃ diē p̃dca Cōitas veñ e etis de cais̃ vt p̃lus datus est dies a die Pasch̃ in vnū m̃ vbicūq; tē. Ad quē diē p̃dca cōitas veñ e etis de cais̃ vt p̃lus datus a dies eid̃ cōitati a die Pasch̃ in tres sept̃ vbicūq; tē.—Ad quem diem p̃dca cōitas veñ e etis de causis vt prius datus est dies eidem cōitati a die Pasch̃ in xv dies vbicūq; tē. Ad quē diē p̃dca cōitas veñ et etis de cais̃ dat⁹ est eidem a die Pasch̃ in q̃nq; sept̃s p̃x̃ futuř in vnū auñ vbičq; tē.

Seq^r Rex
de nouo

(M. 4. d.) **Adhuc de pl̃itis coram p̃fatis Ĵusticiar̃ p̃fatis
die 1 anno.**

ffresingfeld.

Gerneř
—
Inquirat^r

Mathus de Sauzmareys, Thomas de Estfeld, Alicia vxor eius,
+ obiit
Johanna e Nichaa sorores dñi Mathi, e Johannes de Barantyn suñ
fūunt qđ essent hic ad hunc diem ad respondend̃ dñō Regi de pl̃ito

their judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever &c. And the commonalty put in their place Richard le Herice, John du Vivier or Henry Trente. Afterwards at that day at Westminster came the said commonalty by their attorney. And for certain causes a day is given to them to hear their judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. At which day the said commonalty came by their attorney & a day is given to them before the lord the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said commonalty by their attorney came, & for certain causes a day is given to them in 15 days from the day of Easter. At which day the said commonalty came, & for certain causes a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said commonalty came & for certain causes a day is given to them in the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. And thence a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. In the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. At which day the said commonalty came & for certain causes as before a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said commonalty came & for certain causes as before a day is given to them in 3 weeks from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said commonalty comes & for certain causes as before a day is given to the said commonalty in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said commonalty came & for certain causes a day is given to them in 5 weeks from the day of Easter next to come in one year wheresoever &c.

5 weeks
from Easter.

The King
sues anew.

(M. 4. d.)

**Continuation of the pleas before the aforesaid Justices the
day & year aforesaid.**

Fresingfeld.

Guernsey.

Matthew de Saumareys, Thomas de Estfeld, Alice, his wife,
dead

—
To be
inquired
into.

Joan & Nicholaa, sisters of the said Matthew, & John de Barantyn
were summoned that they be here at this day to answer to the lord

quo Waranto sine licencia e voluntate dñi Reg^o e pgenitoꝝ suoꝝ Regum Angt clām hīe Wreccū maris p totam t̄ram suam de Gerebourgh, e illud in pp'os vsus conf̄te. Et t̄ quo Waranto clām p̄cipe e hīe custumam makereft̄ assessam tempe dñi Edwardi nup Reg Angt p̄ris dñi Reg^o qui nūc est de omibz tenentibz ip̄ius Mathi e alioꝝ p̄dcoꝝ de p̄dca Insula que ad Coronam e dignitatem dñi Reg^o ptinent. Et t̄ quo Waranto sine licencia e voluntate dñi Reg^o e pgenitoꝝ suoꝝ Regū Angt clām hīe libam Warennam in omibz dñicis t̄ris suis de Gerebourgh. Et t̄ quo Waranto clamant fugare p totam t̄ram dñi Reg^o de p̄dca Insula e Cunicos dñi Reg^o cape p voluntate sua / sine licencia ip̄ius dñi Reg^o e ministroꝝ suoꝝ potestatem hñciū licenč hui^o concedendi. Et t̄ quo Waranto clamant p quemcūq, hoīem volūint Curiam suam p̄fe e hīe de singtis hoībz suis ex^a Cuī dñi Reg^o. Et t̄ quo Waranto clamant p̄cipe e hīe libam espker in t̄ra sua de Gerebourgh de piscibz p hoīes suos captis in aquis dñi Reg^o que ad dñm Regem ptinent.

Et Mathus e alii veñ, Et Thomas e Alicia dicunt qđ ip̄i tenent teñ sua vbi p̄dce libtates sunt in dotem ip̄ius Alicie de h̄editate p̄dci Mathi. Et alii dicunt qđ ip̄e Mathus h̄et exueciam de h̄editate p̄dca e pcipit Wreccū e h̄et libtates hui^omodi, e ip̄i pticipes cū p̄ficuū inde v̄ffit p̄cipiunt ptem ip̄os inde contingentem p manus ip̄ius Mathi. Et Mathus dič qđ ip̄e clamat Wreccū accidens in t̄ris suis p̄dcis / p̄tq^m p̄ncipalia excepta t̄c Ita cū qđ dñs Rex p ministros suos h̄eat inde visum anteq^a hoīes sui mañ apponant e simitr libam Warennam ibidem e espkeriam ab antiquo / Et dicit qđ ip̄e e antecessores sui a tempe quo nō extat memoria semp vsi f̄funt sic Wreccū p̄cipe cū ibidem accidisset e vtebant^r simitr liba Warennam e espkeria ibidem sine aliqua tempis in̄rupcōe. Et hoc petit qđ inquirat^r p p̄riam. Et

the King concerning a plea by what warrant without the license & will of the lord the King & of his progenitors, Kings of England, they claim to have wreck of the sea throughout all their land of Jerbourg & convert the same to their own uses. And also by what warrant they claim to take & have custom of mackerel assessed, in the time of the lord Edward, late King of England, father of the lord the King, who now is, of all the tenants of the said Matthew & of the others aforesaid of the said island which belong to the crown & dignity of the lord the King. And also by what warrant without the license & will of the lord the King & of his progenitors Kings of England they claim to have free warren in all their demesne lands of Jerbourg. And also by what warrant they claim to chase throughout the whole land of the lord the King of the said island & to take the conies of the lord the King at their will without the license of the said lord the King & his officers having power to grant such license. And also by what warrant they demand by whatsoever man they will to claim & have their court of all their men outside the court of the lord the King. And also by what warrant they claim to take & have free esperkeria in their land of Jerbourg of the fish caught by their men in the waters of the lord the King which belong to the lord the King.

And Matthew & the others come. And Thomas & Alice say that they hold their lands where the said franchises are in dower of the said Alice of the inheritance of the said Matthew. And the others say that the said Matthew has primogeniture of the said inheritance & takes wreck & has such franchises, & they participating when the profit thereof shall come take the share coming to them thereof through the hands of the said Matthew. And Matthew says that he claims wreck occurring in his said lands, after the things appertaining to the Prince have been taken &c. Wherefor the lord the King by his officers has view thereof before his men lay their hands upon it, & likewise free warren there & esperkeria of old. And he says that he & his ancestors from time immemorial were always wont so to take wreck when it should occur there & used likewise free warren & esperkeria there without any interruption of time. And he claims that this may be enquired into by verdict of

quo ad fugam Cunieloz dicunt qđ claũ fugare cū cane e bacto sine ingenia et sic fecunt om̃es antecessores sui ab antiquo e hoc simitr petit qđ inquirat^r p pat'am. Et quo ad Curiam suam petendam tē dicunt qđ si aliquis tenenciū suoz implicet^r corā Batlo Insule de aliquo minori plito quod potest det̃minari in Cuĩ Baronū tē ipe e antecessores sui soliti sunt a tempe quo nō extat memoria peſe p se vī p̃pōitum suū Cuĩ suam in hui⁹ casibz e illam optiffe tē. Et hoc offert simitr ṽficare sicut Cuĩ coñs tē.

Et Wiſs des mareys qui sequit^r p dño Rege, dič qđ Abbas de monte s̃ci Michis quo ad lib̃tatem Wrecci sui in hac Insula ptulit Cartam dñi E. quondā Reg⁹ Angl p̃ris dñi Reg⁹ nunc que testat^r qđ p̃decessores ip̃ius Abbis ab antiquo consueſunt e debent p̃cipe quartam ptem totius Wrecci maris in om̃ibz locis hui⁹ Insule, et Idem dñs E. Rex p eandem Cartam sic concessit Wreccum hui⁹ p̃d̃ce Abb̃ie imp̃petuū Et sic patet p eandem cartam qđ p̃decessores p̃d̃ci Abb̃is p̃ceperunt quartam ptem Wrecci maris accidentis in p̃d̃cis f̃ris p̃d̃ci Mathi vbi p̃d̃cus Mathus iam claũ integre totū Wreccū ab antiquo vnde petit Judm p dño Rege de toto Wrecco ip̃m Mathm e p̃ticipes suos contingente.

Et Mathus dič qđ in p̃d̃ca Carta dñi Reg⁹ continet^r qđ dñs Rex accepit p inq̃siſcoem ita esse. Et dič qđ nec ipe nec antecessores sui f̃fūt ad inq̃siſcoem illam capiendam nec ptes ad eandem. Et dič qđ ipe patus est ṽficare p pat'am qđ antecessores sui vsi f̃fūt pacifice p̃cipe totū Wreccū accidens in f̃ris suis in forma qua claũ tē. Et Justiciarii hic et̃is de causis p̃cesserunt ad inquirendū inde veritatem in p̃sencia p̃d̃ci Abb̃is ad hoc p̃muniti p s̃scriptos. s. p Petrū le Markaunt, Guil̃m le Gros, Mathm de la Curt, Jordanū Choffyn, Petrum de Lestak, Rddm Turleye, Ranulpl̃m Galt⁹, Ricm le Herice, Rob̃tm Blaunche, Petrum le Hageys, Petrū Ernald, Aug⁹tinū de la Curt.

the country. And as to the chase of conies they say that they claim to chase with dog & staff without engine, & so did all their ancestors of old, & they likewise pray that this may be enquired into by verdict of the country. And as to claiming their court &c. they say that if any of their tenants be sued before the bailiff of the island for any minor plea which may be determined in a Court Baron &c. he & his ancestors are wont from time immemorial to claim by themselves or their provost their court in such cases & to obtain it &c. And this he also offers to establish as the court shall determine &c.

And William des Mareys who sues for the lord the King says that the Abbot of Mount St. Michael with respect to his right of wreck in this island brought the charter of the lord E. formerly King of England father of the lord the King that now is which witnesses that the predecessors of the said Abbot of old were wont & ought to take the fourth part of all wreck of the sea in all places of this island, & the said lord E. the King by the same charter so granted such wreck to the said Abbey for ever. And so it appears by the same charter that the predecessors of the said Abbot took the fourth part of wreck of the sea occurring in the said lands of the said Matthew whereas the said Matthew now claims wholly all wreck as of old, wherefore he claims judgment for the lord the King for the whole wreck touching the said Matthew & his parceners.

And Matthew says that in the said charter of the lord the King it is contained that the lord the King accepted it to be so by inquisition. And he says that neither he nor his ancestors were at the taking of that inquisition nor were parties to the same. And he says that he is ready to establish by verdict of the country that his ancestors were wont peaceably to take all wreck happening in their lands in the form in which he claims &c. And the justices here for certain causes proceeded to enquire into the truth thereof by the underwritten in the presence of the said Abbot hereto summoned, viz., by Peter le Marchant, William le Gros, Matthew de la Court, Jordan Choffyn, Peter de Lestak, Ralph Turleye, Ranulphus Galtier, Richard le Herice, Robert Blaunche, Peter le Hageys, Peter Ernald, Augustin de la Court, who say upon their oath that the

Qui dicunt sup sacr̃m suū qđ p'dc̃us Math̃us e om̃es antecessores sui a tempe quo nō extat memoria semp vsi f̃funt in p'dc̃is tr̃is suis pcipe e t̃re Wreccum integre in forma qua p'dc̃us Math̃us modo illud claĩ. Et quo ad fugam Cunicloz, dicunt qđ ip̃i e om̃es antecessores sui a tempe quo nō extat memoria tempe seisonē fugandi Cuniclos scit̃ a fine meñs Septemb̃r vsq, ad meñs f̃feb̃r solebant fugare cum cane e bacto, in forma qua claĩ t̃c. Et quo ad Cuĩ suam petendam t̃c., dicunt qđ ip̃e e om̃es antecessores sui sic vsi f̃fūt ab antiquo. Et Wiłs quo ad fugam t̃c. petit Judm p dño Rege, ex quo claĩ fugaĩ p totū añū t̃c. Et quo ad espkeriam que regalis est dignitas, Et quo ad Warennam simit̃ e alias dignitates regales, de quibz nō pferunt Cartam Reg⁹ petit Judm p dño Rege. Dies datus est eis de audiendo Judō suo coram dño Rege a die sc̃i Mich̃is in vnū meñs vbicumq, tūc f̃fuit in Angl. Postea ad diem illū apud Westm̃ veĩ p'dc̃us Math̃us qui sicut p'us respondet p om̃ibz t̃c. Et et̃is de causis dat⁹ est eis dies de Judō suo aud coram dño Rege a die Pasch̃ in vnū meñs vbicumq, tūc f̃fuit in Angl. Et p'dc̃s Math̃s po. lo. suo Thomam de Estfeld vt Simonem de Esse in loquela p'dc̃a t̃c. Ad quem diem p'dc̃us Math̃us p attor̃n suū veĩ, e datus est eis dies a die Pasch̃ in vnū mensem vbicūq, t̃c.—Ad quē diē venerūt p'dc̃i Joh̃s e om̃es alij, p'f̃ p'dc̃os Johanna e Joh̃es Barentyn e dał est eis dies a die Pasch̃ in xv. dies vbicūq, t̃c. Et quo ad p'dc̃os Johannam e Joh̃s Barentyn p'cedat^r ad iudm. Sed ponit^r in respectū vsq, ad diem p'dc̃m t̃c. Ad q̃ diem veĩ p'dc̃i Joh̃ns e om̃es alij p'f̃ p'dc̃os Joh̃am e Joh̃m Barentyn. Et datus est eis dies a die Pasch̃ in vnū mensē vbicumq, t̃c. Et quo ad p'dc̃os Joh̃am e Joh̃em Barentyn p'cedat^r ad iudm. Sed ponit^r in respectum vsq, ad p'fatū f̃m̃iñ t̃c. Ad quē diem om̃es alij veĩ p'f̃ p'dc̃os Joh̃am e Joh̃em Barentyn. Et datus est eis dies in Crastino aiaĩz vbicūq, t̃c. Et quo ad p'dc̃os Joh̃am e Joh̃em p'cedat^r ad iudiciū sed ponit^r in respectū vsq, ad p'fatu f̃minū t̃c. Ad quē diem p'dc̃i

Seq^r Rex t̃c

aforesaid Matthew & all his ancestors from time immemorial were always used to take & have wreck wholly in their said land in the form in which the said Matthew now claims it. And as to the chase of conies, they say that they & all their ancestors from time immemorial in the time of the season for chasing conies viz., from the end of the month of September until the month of February were wont to chase with dog & staff in the manner in which he claims &c. And as to claiming their court &c. they say that he & all his ancestors were so accustomed of old. And William as to the chasing &c. claims judgment for the lord the King for that he claims to chase throughout the whole year &c. And as to esperkeria which is a royal dignity & as to warren likewise & other royal dignities of which they do not bring a charter of the King he claims judgment for the lord the King. A day is given to them to hear their judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever he shall then be in England. Afterwards at that day at Westminster comes the said Matthew & answers as before for all things &c. And for certain causes a day is given to them to hear their judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. And the said Matthew puts in his place Thomas de Estfeld or Simon de Esse in the plea aforesaid &c. At which day the said Matthew by his attorney comes, & a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day came the said John & all the others, except the said Joan & John Barentyn, & a day is given to them in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. And as to the said Joan & John Barentyn let it proceed to judgment, but it is put in respite until the day aforesaid &c. At which day came the said John & all the others except the said Joan & John Barentyn. And a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. And as to the said Joan & John Barentyn let it proceed to judgment. But it is put in respite up to the said term &c. At which day they all came except the said Joan & John Barentyn. And a day is given to them in the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. And as to the said Joan & John let it proceed to judgment but it is put in respite up to the said term &c. At which

The King
sues &c.

Joñes e omēs alii veñ p^rt p^rdcōs Joñam e Joñem Barentyn. Et dat^o
est eis dies a die Pasch in vnū mensē vbicūq^z tē. Et quo ad p^rdcōs
Joñam e Joñem Barentyn pcedat^r ad iudīn sed ponit^r in respectū vsq^z
ad p^rdcōm diem tē. In Crastino aīa^z vbicūq^z tē. Ad q^z diē omēs p^rter
p^rdcōs Joñem e Joñam veñ e dat^o est eis dies a die Pasch in vnū
mensē vbicūq^z tē. Ad q^z diē omēs p^rter p^rdcōs Joñem e Joñann veñ e
datus est eis dies a die Pasch in tres sep^t vbicūq^z tē. Et deinde
datus est eis dies a die Pasch in xv dies vbicūq^z tē. Ad que diē
omēs p^rt p^rdcōs Joñem e Joñann veñ e dat^o est eis dies a die Pasch
in qnq^z sept^s p^rx futu^r in vnū añū vbicūq^z

voñ ut p^rus
v^h sep^t

Nichus de Cheny e P^rius fra^r eius suū f^runt ad respond^r dño
Regi de p^rito quo Waranto sine licencia e voluntate dñi Reg^o e p^rge-
nito^rz suo^r Regum Ang^t clamant p^rcipe e f^re duodenam garbam de
omimodis bladis crescentibz in xj. bouatis f^re in pochia s^ci Sampsonis
que ad dn^m Regem p^rinent ra^coe Campti spectantis ad Coronam e
dignitatem ip^rius dñi Reg^o de omibz bla^d crescentibz in feodo ip^rius
dñi Reg^o. Et Nichus e P^rius veñ, Et di^c q^d p^rdcōs P^rius ad p^rsens
solus tenet p^rdcōm Camptū sim^t cū quibzdam teñ ibidem e aliis teñ
alibi noīe p^rpartis sue de hedi^r Wil^rti p^ris ip^roz Nichi e Phi cui^o hedes
ip^ri sunt. Et dicunt q^d dñs H. Rex auus dñi Reg^o nūc dedit p^rdcō
Wil^rto p^ri ip^roz omia teñ que f^runt Joñnis e Sampsoñ de Anneuiff cū
omibz p^rtiñ suis tenend^r p^rdcō Wil^rto e hedi^rz suis adeo integre sicut
p^rdcōi Joñnes e Sampson ea ten^runt. Et dicunt q^d p^rdcōi Joñnes e
Sampson toto tempe suo quo ten^runt teñ illa sic p^rcipe consue^runt
camptū illud sicut ip^re P^rius illud modo p^rcipit. Et hoc offerunt vifi-
care p^r p^riam. Dicunt t^r q^d Carta p^rdcōi dñi H. Reg^o inde f^ca patri
suo est in Anglia e illam huc nō detulerunt qz nō putabant sup^r hiis
inquerelari. Et petunt diem ad ostendend^r Cartam illam. Et dat^o

they come
as before.
5 weeks.

day the said John & all the others come except the said Joan & John Barentyn. And a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. And as to the said Joan & John Barentyn let it proceed to judgment but it is put in respite up to the said day &c. In the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. At which day all except the said John & Joan came & a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day all except the said John & Joan came & a day is given to them in three weeks from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. And thence a day is given to them in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day all except the said John & Joan came & a day is given to them in five weeks from the day of Easter next coming in one year wheresoever.

Nicholas de Cheny & Philip his brother were summoned to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by what warrant without the license & will of the lord the King & of his progenitors Kings of England they claim to take & have the twelfth sheaf of all manner of corn growing in 4 bovates of land in the parish of St. Sampson which belong to the lord the King by reason of the champart belonging to the crown & dignity of the said lord the King of all corn growing in the fee of the said lord the King. And Nicholas & Philip come & say that the said Philip at present holds solely the said champart together with certain tenements there & other tenements elsewhere in the name of his parceners of the inheritance of William father of the said Nicholas & Philip whose heirs they are. And they say that the lord H. the King grandfather of the King that now is gave to the said William their father all the tenements which belonged to John & Sampson de Anneville with all their appurtenances to hold to the said William & his heirs as fully as the said John & Sampson held them. And they say that the said John & Sampson the whole time they held those tenements were wont to take that champart as the said Philip now takes it. And this they offer to establish by verdict of the country. And they say that the charter of the said lord H. the King thereof made to their father is in England & they did not bring it here because they did not think that these things would be impleaded. And they pray for a day to

[o]stend[car]tam est eis dies coram dño Rege, a die Sñi Michis in vnũ menš vbicumq, tũc fñit in Angl. Et sciend qđ Juř dicunt sup sacrm suũ qđ pđci Joħes e Sampson vsi fñunt pcipe camptũ tempe suo Juř ģeditař in forma qua pđcũs Pħus illud modo capit. Postea ad diem illũ apud Westm pđci Nichus e Pħus veñ. Et etis de causis datº est eis dies de Judo suo aud coram dño Rege a die Pasch in vnũ menš tũc fñit in Angl. Ad quem diem pđci Nichus e Pħs p attorñ suũ veñ, et datus est eis dies a die Pasch in vnũ mensem vbicũq, tč. Ad quē diē pđci Nichs e Pħs veñ e etis de causis datº est eis dies a die Pasch in xv. dies vbicũq, tč. Ad q diē pđci Nichs e Pħs veñ e etis de cais datº est eis dies a die Pasch in vnũ mensem vbicũq, tč. Ad quem diem pđci Nichus e Pħus veñ. Et datus est eis dies vsq, in Crastino aiař vbicũq, tc. Et deinde datus est eis dies a die Pasche in vnũ menš vbicũ tč. In Crastino aiař vbicũq, tč. Ad q diē pđci Nichus e Pħus veñ e datº est eis dies a die Pasch in vnũ mensē vbicũq, tč. Ad q diē pđci Nichs e Pħs veñ e datº est eis dies a die Pasch in xv. dies vbicũq, tč. Ad [q] diē pđci Nichs e Pħs veñ e datº est eis dies a die Pasch in qnq, sepřas pħ futuř in vnũ annũ vbičq, tč.

(M. 5.) **Adhuc de plitis coram přfatis Iusticiar přfatis
die f anno.**

ffresingfeld.

+ obiit. inqřat' tč.

Gerneř Abbas de monte sñi Michis in picto maris in mĩa p pluribz defaltis

Idem Abbas e Prior de Wale suĩ fñunt qđ essent hic ad respond dño Regi de plito quo Waranto sine licencia e voluntate dñi

Charter
to be
produced.

produce that charter. And a day is given to them before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever he shall then be in England. And be it known that the jurors say upon their oath that the said John & Sampson were used to take champart in their time by right of inheritance in the form in which the said Philip now takes it. Afterwards at that day at Westminster the said Nicholas & Philip came. And for certain causes a day is given to them to hear their judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. At which day the said Nicholas & Philip by their attorney come, & a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Nicholas & Philip come & for certain causes a day is given to them in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Nicholas & Philip come & for certain causes a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Nicholas & Philip come, & a day is given to them up to the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. And thence a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. In the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. At which day the said Nicholas & Philip come & a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Nicholas & Philip come & a day is given to them in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At [which] day the said Nicholas & Philip come & a day is given to them in 5 weeks from the day of Easter next coming in one year wheresoever &c.

(M. 5.) **Continuation of the pleas before the aforesaid Justices the day & year aforesaid.**

Fresingfeld.

dead. let it be enquired into &c.

The Abbot of Mount St. Michael 'in periculo maris' amerced for many defaults.

Guernsey.

The said Abbot & the Prior of the Vale were summoned that they be here to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by

Reg^o e pgenitoꝝ suoꝝ Regum Anglⁱ clamant h̄re Wreccū maris p totam f̄ram suam de Wale e costeram maris contigui e illud in pp^oos vsus conf̄te. Et t̄ quo Waranto claī h̄re quartam ptem Wrecci maris accidentis in dñicis f̄ris e aquis dñi Reg^o iux^a Castrum suū e alibi in f̄ris ip̄ius dñi Reg^o e aquis suis e f̄ris teneuciū suoꝝ p totam costeram Insule de Gerneṛ que nō sunt de feodo v̄l dominio ip̄oꝝ Abbis e Prioris e illam in pp^oos vsus conf̄te. Et eciam quo Waranto clamant p̄cipe e h̄re quartam ptem oīm regaliū pisciū p quoscumq^{ue} marinelloꝝ captoꝝ in aquis dñi Reg^o vbicumq^{ue} applicanciū in p̄d̄ca Inṣ. Et t̄ quo Waranto clamant p̄cipe e h̄re custumam makereṣt assessa tempe dñi Edwardi nup Reg^o Anglⁱ p̄ris dñi Reg^o qui nūc est, de oīmibz tenentibz ip̄oꝝ Abbis e Prioris de p̄d̄ca Insula que ad Coronam e dignitatem dñi Reg^o ptinent. Et t̄ quo Waranto sine licencia t̄ clamant h̄re liṡam Warennam in oīribz dñicis f̄ris suis de Wale. Et eciam quo Waranto clamant fugare p totam f̄ram dñi Reg^o in p̄d̄ca Insula e Cunicloꝝ dñi Reg^o cape p voluntate sua sine licencia ip̄ius dñi Reg^o e ministroꝝ suoꝝ potestatem h̄nciū licenciam hui⁹modi concedendi. Et t̄ quo Waranto sine licencia t̄ clamant p̄cipe e h̄re oīmimoda p̄ficua pueniencia de Insula de Geyteho e Wreccū maris ibidem accidens que p manus ministroꝝ dñi Reg^o de p̄d̄ca Inṣ de Gerneṛ ad opus dñi Reg^o debent deuenire vt ea que spectant ad Coronam e dignitatem suam. Et t̄ quo Waranto clamant h̄re standardū mensū e ponderū de suo pp^oo p totam f̄ram suam de Wale absq^{ue} libaṡoe v̄l visu ministroꝝ dñi Reg^o de Gerneṛ. Et t̄ quo Waranto clamant h̄re f̄ras suas ibidem sic exemptas qđ de viis regalibz in eisdem nō debeat visus fieri p ministros sup̄d̄coꝝ quoꝝ emende spectant ad Coronam e dignitatem dñi Reg^o. Et t̄ quo Waranto sine licencia t̄ clamant p̄cipe e h̄re catalla hominū suoꝝ felonū dñi

what warrant without the license & will of the lord the King & his progenitors Kings of England they claim to have wreck of the sea throughout all their land of the Vale & the sea-coast adjoining & to convert it to their own uses. And also by what warrant they claim to have the fourth part of the wreck of the sea occurring in the demesne lands & waters of the lord the King next his castle & elsewhere in the lands of the said lord the King & in his waters & the lands of his tenants throughout the whole coast of the island of Guernsey which are not of the fee or demesne of the said Abbot & Prior & to convert the same to their own uses. And also by what warrant they claim to take & have the fourth part of all the royal fish by whatsoever mariners taken in the waters of the lord the King wheresoever found in the said island. And also by what warrant they claim to take & have the custom of mackerel assessed in the time of the lord Edward late King of England, father of the lord the King that now is, of all the tenants of the said Abbot & Prior of the said island which belong to the crown & dignity of the lord the King. And also by what warrant without license &c. they claim to have free warren in all their demesne lands of the Vale. And also by what warrant they claim to chase throughout the whole land of the lord the King in the said island & to take the conies of the lord the King at their will without the license of the said lord the King & his officers having power to grant such license. And also by what warrant without license &c. they claim to take & have all manner of profits forthcoming from the island of Jethou and wreck of the sea there occurring which by the hands of the officers of the lord the King in the said island of Guernsey ought to come to the use of the lord the King as those (things) which belong to his crown & dignity. And also by what warrant they claim to have a standard of weights & measures of their own throughout their whole land of the Vale without permission or view of the officers of the lord the King in Guernsey. And also by what warrant they claim to have their lands there so exempt that view ought not to be made of the royal ways in the same by the officers aforesaid, the fines whereof belong to the crown & dignity of the lord the King. And also by what warrant without license &c. they claim to take & have the chattels of their

Reg^o vñ fugitiuoz que spectant ad Coronam e dignitatem dñi Reg^o. Et t̃ quo Waranto clamant h̃re eschetam de h̃ris hominũ suoz felonũ dñi Reg^o quietam e exemptam. Ita qđ dñs Rex p̃ficua nō p̃cipiat inde p vnũ annũ e vnũ diem put spectat ad Coronam e dignitatem suam. Et t̃ quo Waranto claĩ p quemcũq, hoĩem volũint Cuĩ suam peĩe e h̃re de singlis hoĩbz suis ex^a Cuĩ dñi Reg^o. Et t̃ quo Waranto clamant h̃re sepalem⁽¹⁾ piscariam in quinq, maris exemptam de dño Rege e ministris suis. Et t̃ quo Waranto clamant p̃cipe e h̃re libam espkeriam apđ la Wale de piscibz p hoĩes suos captis in aquis dñi Reg^o que ad dñm Regem ptinent. Et t̃ quo Waranto clamant p̃cipe e h̃re de omĩbz tenentibz suis custumam de fumagio sine moneağ, que ad dñm Regem ptinet.

Idem Abbas e Prior de Lyho suĩ fũunt qđ essent hic ad respondendũ dño Regi de p̃lito quo Waranto sine licencia e voluntate dñi Reg^o e p̃genitoz suoz Regum Angl clamant h̃re Wreccũ maris p totam f̃ram suam de Lyho e costeram maris contigui e illud in pp'os vsus conf̃sse quod spectat ad Coronam dñi Reg^o. Et t̃ quo Waranto clamant h̃re libam Warennam in omĩbz dñicis h̃ris suis de Lyho. Et t̃ quo Waranto clamant h̃re sepalem piscariam in la Russemare exemptam de dño Rege e ministris suis. Et t̃ quo Waranto clamant p quemcũq, hoĩem volũint Cuĩ suam peĩe e h̃re de singlis hoĩbz suis ex^a Cuĩ dñi Reg^o. Et t̃ quo Waranto clamant p̃cipe e h̃re de omĩbz tenentibz suis custumã de fumagio sine moneağ que ad dñm Regem ptinent. Et t̃ quo Waranto sine licencia t̃c clamant p̃cipe e h̃re de singlis tenentibz suis in pochĩ s̃ci Petri de Bosco p manus p̃poĩti dñi Reg^o in eadem villa auxiliũ regale quod ad dñm Regem e Coronam e dignitatem suam ptinet.

Dñs Rex p Guiffm des Mareys qui sequit' p eo petit vsus eundem Abbem aduocaçoes eccliaç de Wale, Castro, s̃ci Saluatoris e

(1) Sic.

men who are felons or fugitives of the lord the King, which things belong to the crown & dignity of the lord the King. And also by what warrant they claim to have the escheat of the lands of their men who are felons of the lord the King quit & exempt. So that the lord the King may not take the profit thereof for one year & one day as belongs to his crown and dignity. And also by what warrant they demand by whatsoever man they will to claim & have their court of all their men outside the court of the lord the King. And also by what warrant they claim to have a several fishery in five seas exempt from the lord the King & his officers. And also by what warrant they claim to take & have free esperkeria at the Vale of the fish caught by their men in the waters of the lord the King which belong to the lord the King. And also by what warrant they claim to take & have of all their tenants the custom of fumage or moneage, which belongs to the lord the King.

The Abbot & the Prior of Lyhou were also summoned to be here to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by what warrant without the license & will of the lord the King & of his progenitors Kings of England they claim to have wreck of the sea throughout all their land of Lyhou & the sea-coast adjoining & convert it to their own uses which belongs to the crown of the lord the King. And also by what warrant they claim to have free warren in all their demesne lands of Lyhou. And also by what warrant they claim to have a several fishery in la Russemare⁽¹⁾ exempt from the lord the King & his officers. And also by what warrant they demand by whatsoever man they will to claim & have their court of all their men outside the court of the lord the King. And also by what warrant they claim to take & have of all their tenants the custom of fumage or moneage which belong to the lord the King. And also by what warrant without license &c. they claim to have & take of all their tenants in the parish of St. Peter-in-the-Wood by the hands of the provost of the lord the King in the said village the royal aid which belongs to the lord the King & his crown & dignity.

The lord the King by William des Mareys, who sues for him, claims against the said Abbot the advowsons of the Churches of the

(1) Rousse-Mare, Claire Mare & Grande Mare were three ponds on the west of Guernsey, all belonging to Mont St Michel, but now drained.

s̄ci Petⁱ de Bosco vt ius tē. Et vnde Idem Guifls dic̄ p dño Rege qđ dñs H. Rex auus tē fuit seiscitus de p̄dc̄is aduocācoibz tempe pacis, et ad ecclias illas p̄sentauit Clicos suos qui ad p̄sentac̄oes suas f̄f̄unt admissi e in eisdem instituti. Et qđ tale sit ius Reg^o offert v̄ificare sicut Cuř cons̄.

Idem dñs Rex p eundem Guiflm qui sequit^r p eo petit vsus eundem Abbem Insulam de Geyteho cū p̄tiñ vt ius tē. Et vnde Idem Guifls dicit p dño Rege qđ dñs H. Rex auus tē fuit seiscitus de p̄dc̄a Insula vt de feodo e iure Corone sue tempe pacis capiendo inde explecia ad valent̄ tē. Et qđ tale sit ius Reg^o offert v̄ificare sicut Cuř cons̄.

Et Abbas e p̄dc̄i Priores ven̄. Et Abbas dicit qđ p̄dc̄i Priores sunt remutabiles p voluntate sua. Et p̄dc̄i Priores hoc idem cognoscunt. Et Abbas dicit qđ quo ad regales pisces ip̄e disclaĩ tē dū tamen balena e porpiscus nō conphendant^r s̄ hoc noĩe. Et quo ad standardū mensur̄ tē, ip̄e disclaĩ tē. Et quo ad catalla hominū suoꝝ felonū tē, dicit qđ si hoĩes sui cicius possint appon̄e manus ad hu^o catalla hominū suoꝝ latronū q^m hoĩes dñi Reg^o, tunc claĩ ĥre catalla illa e aliĩ nō, et dicit qđ sic vs^o est ip̄e e om̄es p̄decessores sui Ab̄bes de monte s̄ci Mich̄is, a tempe quo nō extat memoria. Et quo ad fugam Cunioꝝ tē, clamat fugare tempe seiscione tē cū cane e bac̄o sine ingenio postq^m ministri dñi Reg^o pfugaũunt tē. Et quo ad exemp̄coem de ĥris suis tē, disclaĩ e bene cognoscit qđ dñs Rex debet ĥre de ĥris hominū suoꝝ felonū annū e vastum tē. Et quo ad Cuř suam tē dicit qđ de plito de cataĩ e hui^omodi minutis tē vsus est ip̄e e p̄decessores sui peŕe Cuř suam de hoĩbz suis ex^a Cuř dñi Reg^o p Priorem, Senescallū vt p̄poĩtum suū e illam optinere. Et quo ad auxiliū regale, disclaĩ, sed dicit qđ q^{ndo} p̄poĩtus dñi Reg^o

Vale, of Castel, of St. Saviour & of St. Peter-in-the-Wood as his right &c. And thereupon the said William says for the lord the King that the said lord King H. the grandfather &c. was seised of the said advowsons in the time of peace & to those Churches presented his clerks who were admitted on his presentations & instituted into the same. And that such is the right of the King he offers to establish as the court shall determine.

Likewise the lord the King by the same William who sues for him claims against the said Abbot the island of Jethou with the appurtenances as his right &c. And thereupon the said William says for the lord the King that the lord King H. the grandfather &c. was seised of the said island as of fee & right of his Crown in the time of peace taking thereof rents to the value &c. And that such is the right of the King he offers to establish as the court shall determine.

And the Abbot & the said Priors come. And the Abbot says that the said Priors are removeable at his will. And the said Priors acknowledge this. And the Abbot says that as to the royal fish he disclaims &c. provided nevertheless that the whale & porpoise are not comprehended under this name. And as to the standard of measures &c. he disclaims &c. And as to the chattels of his men who are felons &c. he says that if his men can lay hands more quickly upon such chattels of his men who are thieves than the men of the lord the King, then he claims to have those chattels & not otherwise, & he says that he & all his predecessors Abbots of Mount St. Michael have so used from time immemorial. And as to the chasing of conies &c. he claims to chase in the time of the season &c. with dog & staff without engine after the officers of the lord the King have chased &c. And as to the exemption of his lands &c. he disclaims & fully acknowledges that the lord the King ought to have of the lands of his men who are felons year & waste &c. And as to his court &c. he says that concerning the plea of chattels & such like small things &c. he & his predecessors are wont to claim their court of their men outside the court of the lord the King, by their Prior, steward or provost & to obtain it. And as to royal aid, he disclaims,

leuaſit fumaḡ in pochl ſcī Pet' de Bosco Idem p̄poſitus tenet' faſe eidem Ab̄bi reſtituōem in Prioratu ſuo de Lyho de fumaḡ recepto de tenentibz ipius Ab̄bis eiꝫ pochl, et ſe extendit coībz annis ad viginti ſolid'. Et dicit qđ quidam Rex Angl' dedit denarios illos in offerend' ecclie p̄dci Prioratus de Lyho, ſed nō oſtendit inde aliquod ſc̄m ſpeciale tē. Et quo ad cuſtumam makereſt tē dicit qđ q'ndo dñs E. Rex paſ dñi Reg^o nūc aſſedebat cuſtumam illam ſup tenentes ſuos piſcatores tē Idem Abbas de aſſenſu homīu ſuoꝝ piſcatoꝝ aſſedebat conſimilem cuſtumam ſup hoīes ſuos piſcatores tē ſicut ei bene licuit vt dicit, e a p̄dco tempe recepit ipe hui^o cuſtumam. Et quo ad Wreccū tē, dicit qđ Idem dñs E. Rex tempe quo fuit dñs iſtaꝝ Inſulaꝝ p'usq'm fuit Rex, fecit fieri inq̄iſ ſup Wrecco p̄dco, et poſtq'm fuit Rex confirmauit Wreccū illud p̄deceſſori ipius Ab̄bis p Cartam ſuam quam p̄fert in hec verba. —

Edwardus dei gr̄a Rex Angl' Dñs Hiḃn e Dux Aquit', omībz ad quos p̄ſentes ſre pueſiunt Sal̄tm. Inſpeximus Cartam quam dudū anteq' guḃnacula regni n̄ri ſuſcepamus fieri fecimus diſcis nob' in xp̄o Ab̄bi e Conuentiū ſcī Mich'is de piclo maris in hec v̄ba. Edwardus Illuſtris Reg^o Angl' p̄mogenitus, Achiepiſ, Ep̄iſ, Ab̄bibz, Prioribz, Comitibz, Baronibz, Juſtič, vič, p̄poſitis, miniſtris, e omībz Baſtis e fidelibz ſuis, Sal̄tm. Quoniam p inq̄iſiōem quam p dictm e fidelem n̄rm Drogonem de Barantino tūc Baſtm n̄rm Inſulaꝝ de Gerſ e Gerneſ fieri p̄cepim^o accepimus qđ Abbas e monachi de piclo maris ex antiqua e app̄bata conſuetudine p̄cipe conſueſtunt tempibz p̄deceſſoꝝ n̄roꝝ Regum Angl' e dnoꝝ Inſulaꝝ p̄dcaꝝ quartam ptem tocius Wrecci maris in omībz locis Inſ n̄re de Gerneſ, tam illius Wrecci quod p ſe e ſine alicui^o auxilio venit ad litus maris q'm illius qđ p auxilīū aliq'ꝝ coadinuanciū trahit' ad litus. Et qđ intus Walium e Lyho e Guetehou totum Wreccū e om̄es auenturas maris p viſum

but says that when the provost of the lord the King shall levy fumage in the parish of St. Peter-in-the-Wood the said provost is held to make to the said Abbot restitution in his priory of Lyhou for the fumage taken from the tenants of the said Abbot of the said parish & it extends common years to 20 sols. And he says that a certain King of England gave that money as an offering to the Church of the said priory of Lyhou, but he does not show any special deed thereof &c. And as to the custom of mackerel &c. he says that when the lord King E. father of the lord the King that now is, assessed that custom upon his tenants, fishermen &c., the said Abbot with the assent of his men, fishermen assessed a like custom upon his men fishermen &c. as was fully lawful for him to do, as he says, & from the said time he took such custom. And as to wreck, &c. he says that the said lord King E. at the time that he was lord of these islands before he was King, caused an inquisition to be made on the said wreck, & after he was King he confirmed that wreck to the predecessor of the said Abbot by his charter which he brings in these words :—

Edward by the grace of God, King of England, lord of Ireland & Duke of Aquitaine to all to whom these present letters shall come greeting. We have inspected the charter which lately, before we took upon us the government of our kingdom, we caused to be made to our beloved in Christ the Abbot & community of St. Michael 'de periculo maris' in these words: Edward first-born son of the illustrious King of England to the Archbishops, bishops, abbots, priors, earls, barons, justices, sheriffs, provosts, officers, & to all his bailiffs & faithful people greeting. For-as-much as by inquisition which we commanded to be made by Drogo de Barantin then bailiff of our islands of Jersey & Guernsey we understand that the Abbot & monks 'de periculo maris' by old & approved custom were wont to take in the times of our predecessors Kings of England & lords of the said islands the fourth part of all wreck of the sea in all places of our island of Guernsey as well of that wreck which by itself & without the aid of any comes to the sea-shore, as of that which by the aid of any helpers is brought to the shore. And that within the Vale, & Lyhou & Jethou they were likewise wont to have all wreck & all

Baſſi p̄dcoꝝ Regum ſimiſr p̄cipe conſueſiunt, exceptis auro, ſerica nō opata, eſcarleta nō ſciſſa, et pallus de eſcarleta nouis ſine tachiis que ad Regm̄ ptinent dominiū. Et qđ in Inſ de Gereſ p̄cipe conſueſiunt totū Wreccū maris p̄ totam fram ſuam quam h̄ent in eadem Inſ, volum⁹ e concedim⁹ p̄ nob e h̄edibz n̄ris qđ p̄dci Abbas e monachi e eoꝝ ſucceſſores h̄eant e p̄cipiant e poſſideant ſine impedimento aut calumpnia n̄ri v̄l h̄edum aut Baſſioꝝ n̄roꝝ quartam p̄tem tocius Wrecci maris applicantis p̄ ſe ſine alicui⁹ auxilio, et t̄ p̄ aliquos coadiuantes ad litus adducti in om̄ibz locis Inſ n̄re de Gerneſ. Et qđ intus Walium e Lyhou e Guetehou p̄cipiant totū Wreccū e auenturas maris p̄ viſum Baſſi n̄ri qui p̄ tēpe f̄ſit. Saluis nob auro, ſerica nō opata, eſcarleta nō ſciſſa, et pallus de eſcarleta nouis ſine tachiis. Et qđ in Inſ de Gereſ p̄cipiant totū Wreccū maris p̄ totam fram ſuam quam h̄ent in ead̄ Insula ✓ Saluis nob Wrecco in fra ſua que eſt in poſſi S̄ci Clementis in ead̄ Insula e h̄edibz n̄ris, niſi nob monſtrare poſint alias r̄onabiliꝝ qđ ip̄i illud h̄re debeant de iure. Et p̄hibemus ne cont̄ hanc conſeſſionem in aliquo vexent̄ in poſtūm. Hiis teſtibz Dominis Henrico f̄it nobilis Reg⁹ Aleman̄, Rog⁹o de Leybur̄n, hen̄ de Bathōn, Drogone de Barantino, Wiſſo de Chany, Adam de Geſemuth, Joſſe Burdet e aliis. Dat⁹ p̄ manū n̄ram a p̄d Bermundeſ ſc̄do die Nouem̄br, anno regni d̄ni Reg⁹ p̄ris n̄ri quadra-geſimo quarto. Nos autem p̄dcam cōceſſiōem ratam h̄entes e ḡtam volum⁹ e concedim⁹ eam obſeruari in futurū, ſicut Carta illa r̄onabiliꝝ teſtat̄. In cui⁹ rei teſtimoniū has lras n̄ras fieri fecim⁹ patentes. T̄ me ip̄o apud Weſtm̄ quarto decimo die Maij anno r̄. n̄. Nouo. Et ſic Idem Abbas clām h̄re Wreccum put in p̄dco breui continetur.

Respice in tergo de eodem.

(M. 5 d.)

Et quo ad aduocaōnes eccliaꝝ t̄c, et Insulam de Geyteho, e alias lib̄tates t̄c dicit qđ quidam Rob̄tus quondam Dux Norman̄ e d̄ns Insulaꝝ iſtaꝝ dedit cuidam p̄deceſſori ſuo Abbi de monte ſc̄i Michis,

the ventures of the sea by the view of the bailiff of the said Kings, except gold, silk not worked, scarlet not cut, & cloak of scarlet new without fastenings which belong to the royal domain. And that in the island of Jersey they were wont to take all wreck of the sea throughout all their land which they have in the same island: we will & grant for us & our heirs that the said Abbot & monks & their successors may have & take & possess without impediment or challenge of us or our heirs or our bailiffs the fourth part of all wreck of the sea drifting by itself without the aid of any, & also brought by any helpers to the shore in all places of our island of Guernsey. And that within the Vale & Lyhou & Jethou they take all wreck & the ventures of the sea by the view of our bailiff for the time being, saving to us gold, silk not worked, scarlet not cut, & cloak of scarlet new without fastenings. And that in our island of Jersey they may take all wreck of the sea throughout their whole land which they have in the said island, saving to us & to our heirs wreck in their land which is in the parish of St. Clement in the said island, unless they can show to us reasonably elsewhere that they ought to have that of right. And we forbid that in the time to come they should be vexed in any way contrary to this grant: these being witnesses, the lords Henry son of the noble King of the Germans, Roger de Leybourn, Henry de Bath, Drogo de Barantin, William de Cheny, Adam de Gesemuth, John Burdet & others. Given by our hand at Bermundes the 2nd day of November in the 44th year of the reign of the lord the King our father. Now we having ratified & confirmed the said grant will & grant that the same may be observed in the future as that charter reasonably witnesses. In witness whereof we have caused these our letters to be made patent. Witness ourself at Westminster the 14th day of May in the 9th year of our reign. And so the said Abbot claims to have wreck as is contained in the said writ.

[Continued on the back of the same.]

(M 5 d.)

And as to the advowsons of Churches &c. and the island of Jethou & the other franchises &c. he says that a certain Robert formerly Duke of Normandy & lord of these islands gave to a certain predecessor of his Abbot of Mount St. Michael the moiety of this island, &

medietatem istius Insule, et inde pfert quoddā sc'ptū cū signis sine sigillo quod inl cēla continet sic in pncipio. In noīe sēe Trinitatis tē Ego Robtus fit magni Riči, grā dei Dux e p'nceps Normannoꝝ reddo sēo Michi altare suū cum toto monastio tē. Et ex inde continet sic inl cēla, Concedo t de rebꝫ quas ad pp'os vsus iur' hēditaꝝ possidebam, e in vsus seruoꝝ dei ipi in eodem loco sēi Michis Archangli seruienciū sollempniū t'nsfundo id est medietatem Inē que dicit' Gerneꝝ ad integrū, et ex alīa medietate quam quidam fidei nꝝ noīe Nigellus in bñfīco tenet omēs consuetudīes, quas in meos vsus detinebam, hoc est melaḡ, e omīa quecūqꝫ ex ipō bñfīco meis vsibꝫ pueniūt. Et ex inde inl cēla sit continet volo vt hec Iur' ppetus teneant possideant heant absqꝫ vlla reclamacoe e publicoꝝ ministroꝝ in quietudine sicut res ad fiscum dñicum ptinentes. Et dicit qđ a tempe pđci doni ipi e pdecessores sui Abbes de monte sēi Michis tenſunt pacifice pđcas aduocaōes e Insulam de Geyteho, tanq'm de pte medietalis hui⁹ Insule sic date pdecessori suo, e quasdam alias tꝝas suas in hac Insula sine inſrupcōne tē et vsi sunt pđcis libtatibꝫ in forma qua modo claī. Et qđ ita sit offert vificare sicut Cuꝝ consideraſit.

Et Guiffus quo ad catalla felonū tē, dicit qđ pđcus Abbas nō hēt aliquam Iurisdicōem cognoscendi sup aliquo furto vt alia felonia, nec pdecessores sui vnqꝫ hēre consueſunt, et ex quo pđcus Abbas nō potest dedediēe quin dñs Rex hēbit catalla hoīn ipius Abbis feloī de latrocinio, si ministri Reg⁹ possint ad illa manus appoſe petit Iudm si Abbas aliquid claī possit in hui⁹ cataſt ex quo nō ostendit aliquod fēm speciale tē. Et quo ad restituōem fumagii tē petit simitr Iudm p dño Rege ex quo Abbas nō ostendit inde aliquod fēm speciale tē. Et quo ad Custumam makereſt, dicit qđ bn patet p Cartā dñi Reg⁹ qđ custuma illā tīm spectat ad dñm Regem in hac Insula, et qđ p nullo alio dño assessa fuit custuma illa, et ex quo

thereof he produces a certain writing with signatures without a seal which among other things contains thus in the first place. In the name of the Holy Trinity &c. I Robert son of the great Richard, by the grace of God Duke & prince of the Normans, give to St. Michael his altar with the whole monastery &c. And therein is contained thus among other things: also I grant of the things which I possessed to my own use by right of inheritance & I transfer them to the use of the servants of God solemnly serving Him in the said place of St. Michael the Archangel, that is, a moiety of the island which is called Guernsey in full, & out of the other moiety which a certain faithful man of ours named Neel holds in benefice all the customs which I retained to my use, that is melagium & all things whatsoever outside that same benefice which belonged to me. And therein it is contained thus among other things: I will that they may hold possess & have these rights for ever without any reclamation & without interference of the public officers, as things belonging to the royal revenue. And he says that from the time of the said grant he & his predecessors Abbots of Mount St. Michael held peaceably the said advowsons & the island of Jethou as of part of the moiety of this island so given to his predecessor & certain other his lands in this island without interruption &c. and used the said liberties in the form in which he now claims. And that it is so he offers to establish as the court shall determine.

And William as to the chattels of felons &c. says that the said Abbot has not any jurisdiction to take cognizance of any theft or other felony, neither were his predecessors ever wont to have it, & for that the Abbot cannot gainsay, but that the lord the King should have the chattels of the men of the said Abbot convicted of theft, if the officers of the King may lay their hands on those things, he claims judgment as to whether the Abbot may claim anything in such chattels for that he does not show any special deed &c. And as to the restitution of fumage &c. he claims judgment likewise for the lord the King for that the Abbot does not show therein any special deed &c. And as to the custom of mackerel he says that it appears clearly by the charter of the lord the King that that custom only belongs to the lord the King in this island, & that for no other lord

ſd̄cs Abbas nō ostendit inde aliquod f̄m speciale petit Judm p̄ dño Rege, et maxie cū Receptores dñi Reg^o in hac Insula ex pp̄a voluntate sua admiserint quand̄ pixidem a Pore de Wale in qua deponūt ad opus p̄oris denaī p̄ceptos de hoībꝫ suis de hui^o custuma sine Waranto. Et quo ad aduocações eccliaꝫ e Insulam de Geyteho, dicit qđ ſd̄cs Abbas nō defend̄ Jus suū in forma competenti nec similt̄ respondit ad seisinam antecessor̄ dñi Reg^o t̄c vnde petit Judm t̄c. Dicit t̄ qđ Insula de Geyteho licet modica sit e pna, nō est pars hui^o Insule, sed Insuletta p se fere contigua Insule de Erm. Et hoc petit qđ inq̄rat̄ p̄ dño Rege. Et petit Judm p̄ dño Rege. Petit t̄ p̄ dño Rege qđ inq̄rat̄ de Wrecco t̄c, ex q^o p̄ legalem inq̄is captā in p̄sencia ip̄ius Abbis vsus Mat̄im de Sauzmareis cōuictū est qđ dñs Rex pat̄ t̄c in inq̄is capta que in Carta continet̄ deceptus fuit. Et Guille le Gros, Jorda Choffin, Pet̄r del Estak, Riçus le Herice, Pet̄r Nicole, Pet̄r le Hageis, Pet̄r Ernald, Aug^otinus de la Curt, Wille le Gay, Riçus Bernard, Hen̄r de vaugerard e Colinus de la Curt Juī dicunt sup sac̄m qđ Abb̄es de monte s̄ci Mich̄is a tempe quo nō est memoria semp̄ ten̄unt Insulettam de Geyteho licet raro moret̄ ibi aliquis homo, e fr̄as e teñ e aduocações ſd̄caꝫ eccliaꝫ in forma qua ſd̄cs Abbas modo tenet. Dicunt tū qđ nūq̄ antea audierunt qđ ſd̄ca Insuletta plus sit pars vni^o medietatis istius Insule q̄m al̄ius medietatis, nisi tantū qđ Abb̄es de ſd̄co monte illam ten̄unt vt Insulettam p se, sicut ſd̄cs Abbas eam modo tenet. Distat enim ab hac Insula p̄ duas leucas e amplius. Et quo ad alias lib̄tates p̄lq̄m de Wrecco, dicunt qđ Abb̄es de ſd̄co monte vti solebant ſd̄cis lib̄t̄ibꝫ in forma qua ſd̄cs Abbas eas modo claī, a tempe quo memoria nō existit. Et quo ad Wreccū t̄c, dicunt qđ p̄ p̄res suos intellexerunt qđ Abb̄es de ſd̄co monte poipe solebant totum Wreccū accidens in

was that custom assessed, & for that the said Abbot does not show therein any special deed he claims judgment for the lord the King & chiefly as the Receivers of the lord the King in this island of their own will admitted a certain chest from the Prior of the Vale in which they place to the use of the Prior the money taken from his men of such custom without warrant. And as to the advowsons of Churches & the island of Jethou, he says that the said Abbot does not defend his right in proper form nor likewise does he answer to the seisin of the ancestors of the lord the King &c. wherefore he claims judgment &c. And he says that the island of Jethou although it is moderate & small is not part of this island but is a little island by itself almost adjoining the island of Herm. And he prays that this may be enquired into for the lord the King. And he claims judgment for the lord the King. He claims also for the lord the King that it may be enquired into concerning wreck &c. for that by the lawful inquest taken in the presence of the said Abbot against Matthew de Saumareys it was proved that the lord the King the father &c. was deceived in the inquest taken which is contained in the charter. And William le Gros, Jordan Choffyn, Peter de L'Estak, Richard le Herice, Peter Nicole, Peter le Hageis, Peter Ernald, Augustin de la Court, William le Gay, Richard Bernard, Henry de Vaugerard & Colin de la Court, jurors, say upon their oath that the Abbots of Mount St. Michael from time immemorial always held the little island of Jethou, although there rarely lived there any man, & the lands & tenements & the advowsons of the said Churches in the form in which the said Abbot now holds them. They say also that they never before heard that the said little island is more part of one moiety of this island than of the other moiety, unless only that the Abbots of the said Mount held the same as a small island by itself, as the said Abbot now holds the same, for it is distant from this island two leagues & more. And as to the other franchises except wreck, they say that the Abbots of the said mount were wont to use the said franchises in the form in which the said Abbot now claims them, from time immemorial. And as to wreck &c., they say that they were told by their fathers that the Abbots of the said Mount were wont to take all wreck occurring in their lands

fr̃is suis p totā hanc Insulam. Et tunc pre diūsis discordiis e dissensionibz sepius ortis p locis vbi Wreccū accidit existentibz in dubio sine ſta meta e aliis de causis, vt de Wrecco t̃nsferendo de loco ad locū vť furando t̃c, inť Bařlos e ministros dñi Reg^o e Abb̃is, e de feodo Comit̃is quod Nic̃us de Cheny modo tenet inť ip̃os Bařlios concordatū fuit qđ p̃d̃c̃us Abbas solus pcipet Wreccū maris accidens in dñicis fr̃is suis de Wale e Lyho p eo videt̃ qđ ip̃e Abbas multo plus fr̃e fuit in costera maris vbi Wreccū accidit, et de toto Wrecco residuo accidente p totam Insulam p̃lq^m in dñicis fr̃is Mathi de Sauzmareis qui solus ibi fiet Wreccū fieret equa pticio Ita qđ medietas integre remanebit dño Regi, et alia medietas equaľr ptireť inť p̃d̃c̃m Abbem ex vna pte, e tenentes fr̃as p̃d̃ci Comit̃is quas p̃d̃cs Nic̃us modo tenet ex alťa. Saluis semp dño Regi p̃ncipalibz rebz antiquitus exceptis vt aurum nō opatum, Serica nō opata, escarleta integra, mantellū sine attachia, aues regales e hui^omodi t̃c. Et sunt triginta anni elapsi e amplius qđ plocuĉo illa vltimo f̃ca fuit t̃c. Et dicunt qđ semp postea vsi sunt pcipi Wreccū in forma p̃d̃ca, sed nesciunt si dñs Rex ad hoc p̃bnit assensum nec ne. Et dicunt qđ diu antea f̃fiat inť bařlos e ministros eoř de hui^omodi Wrecco consimilis plocuĉo. Et de assensu Abb̃is datus est eis dies de audiendo Iudo suo coram dño Rege a die s̃ci Mich̃is in vnū mensem, vbicumq; tūc f̃fiit in Angľ. Et Abbas po. lo. suo Joñem leffay vť OliŃm le moigne.

nō veñ

Et Abbas p̃ter p̃d̃cas libtates clañ duĉe victualia blad, carnū e pisciū ad Abbiam suam ex^a hanc Insulam libe p fr̃as patentes dñi H. Reg^o aui t̃c quas pfert e que testant̃ qđ p̃d̃cs dñs H. Rex sic eis cōcessit sed no continet̃ in eisdem qđ sic concesserat p se vť f̃iedibz suis nec successor Abb̃is imp̃pm, sed tantum qđ maudauit Bařlis In-

throughout the whole island. And then by reason of divers discords & discussions often arising through the places where wreck occurs being in doubt without certain bounds & for other causes such as by wreck being taken from one place to another or stolen &c. between the bailiffs & officers of the lord the King & of the Abbot & of the fief Le Comte which Nicholas de Cheny now holds, it was agreed between those bailiffs that the said Abbot alone should take wreck of the sea occurring in his demesne lands of the Vale & Lyhou, for that to wit, the said Abbot had much more land on the sea-coast where wreck occurs, & of the residue of the whole wreck occurring throughout the whole island except in the demesne lands of Matthew de Saumareys, who alone has wreck there, an equal division shall be made; so that the one moiety shall wholly remain to the lord the King & the other moiety shall be equally divided between the said Abbot of the one part & those holding the lands of the said Count which the said Nicholas now holds of the other part. Saving always to the lord the King the princely things of old excepted as gold not worked, silk not worked, scarlet in the whole, cloak without fastening, royal birds & such like &c. And 30 years & more have elapsed since that arrangement was last made &c. And they say that always afterwards wreck was wont to be taken in the form aforesaid but they do not know whether the King gave his consent to this or not. And they say that long before there was a similar arrangement between their bailiffs & officers concerning such wreck. And with the assent of the Abbot a day is given to them to hear their judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever he shall then be in England. And the Abbot puts in his place John Leffay or Oliver le Moigne.

They do not
come.

And the Abbot besides the said franchises claims to carry victuals, corn, flesh & fish to his Abbey outside this island freely by letters patent of the lord H. the King grandfather &c. which he brings & which witnesses that the said lord H. the King so granted to them but it is not contained in the same that he so granted it for them or their heirs nor their successors, abbots there, for ever, but only that he commanded the bailiffs of the island by the said letters

sule p easd tras qđ pmitfent Abbem duce hui⁹modi victualia ad
Abbiam suam pdcam. Et postea papiens qđ ire ille nō sunt aucto-
ritatis ad War ei ad psens duce hui⁹ victualia absq custuma inde
danda ex q^o Abbia nūc existit in alio regno tē, supponit inde in grañ
dñi Reg⁹ tē. Clām t qđ in fine Itifis debet ipe face portare virgam
dñi Reg⁹ p omes altas vias in feodo suo de Wale ad scrutand si fce
ffint ibi ppresture. Et debet ipe emendare face ppresturas illas, e
emeud inde pcipe e sic solebant eius pdecessor tē ab antiquo. Et
inde g^{at}is respondet e poñ se sup Ju^r prie, sed nich scit ostendere de
aliqua concessione regia inde sibi fca nec qđ alias in Cu^r dñi Reg⁹
ffit allocu^r, sed tm qđ dicit qđ sic vsi ffunt ab antiquo. Et Ju^r
dicunt sup sacrm suū qđ pdci Abbes sic vsi ffunt ab antiquo. Dicunt
tm qđ vie ille sunt pp^e vie dñi Reg⁹ p quas hoies Reg⁹ de tota In-
sula hent. Iter snū cum bestiis suis ad cōam ipius dñi Reg⁹ quesita
est quasi in medio feodi pdci Abbis, e dñs Rex semp hucusq solebat
emend pcipe de omimodis ppresturis fcis in pdca cōa p quoscumq.
Dies datus est pdco Abbi de audiendo Ju^{do} suo coram pfato dño
Rege ad pfatū fminū. Et Abbas po. lo. suo pdcos Joñem vt Oliūm.
Posteo ad diem illū apd Westm pdcus Abbas veñ p attorn suū. Et
ctis de causis dat⁹ est eis dies de Ju^{do} suo aud de vtroq coram dño
Rege a die Pasch in vnū menš vbicūq, tūc ffuit in Angl Ad quem
diē pdcus Abbas veñ p attorn suū e dat⁹ ei dies vsq a die Pasch in
vnū mensem vbicūq, tē.—Ad quē diem pdcs Abbas venit e dat⁹
veñ est ei dies a die Pasch in xv. dies vbicumq, tē. de vt^oq, plito tē. Ad
q diem pdcus Abbas veñ, e dat⁹ est ei dies a die Pasch in vnū men-
sem vbicūq, tē. Ad quē diem pdcus Abbas non venit io pcedat^r ad
Judm sed ponit^r in resp^tū vsq in Crastino aīaz vbicūq, tē. Et deinde
a die Pasche in vnu menš vbicūq, tē. In Crastino aīaz vbicūq, tē.

to permit the abbot to carry such victuals to his said abbey. And afterwards perceiving that those letters are no authority to warrant him to take at present such victuals without giving custom for them because the abbey is now in another kingdom &c., he puts himself in the grace of the King &c. He claims also that at the end of the eyre he ought to cause the rod of the lord the King to be carried throughout all the high-ways in his fee of the Vale to search whether any encroachments shall have been made there. And he ought to cause those encroachments to be fined & to take the fines thereof, & so his predecessors were wont to do from ancient times. And he answers freely therein & puts himself upon the jury of the country, but he cannot show any royal grant made to him therein nor that it was allowed elsewhere in the court of the lord the King, but only that he says they were so used from ancient time. And the jurors say upon their oath that the said Abbots so used to do from ancient times. But they say that those ways are the high-ways of the lord the King, by which the men of the King of the whole island have their way with their beasts to the common of the said lord the King which is situated nearly in the middle of the fee of the said Abbot, & the lord the King has always been wont up to the present time to take the fines for all manner of encroachments made by whomsoever in the said common. A day is given to the said Abbot to hear his judgment before the said lord the King at the said term. And the Abbot puts in his place the said John or Oliver. Afterwards at that day at Westminster the said Abbot comes by his attorney. And for certain causes a day is given to them to hear the judgment of both before the lord the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. At which day the said Abbot comes by his attorney & a day is given to him in one month to the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Abbot comes & a day is given to him in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. of each plea. At which day the said Abbot comes, & a day is given to him in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Abbot does not come, therefore let it be proceeded to judgment, but it is respited up to the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. And thence in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. In the Morrow of All Souls where-

Comes.

Does not
come.

J^m resp^r

Ad q̄ diē iudičm resp^tuat^r vt sup^a vsq³ a die Pasch in vnū menš vbicūq³ tē. Ad q̄ diē iudičm resp^tuat^r vt p^lus vsq³ a die Pasche in tres sept̄ vbicūq³ tē. Ad quē diē iudm̄ resp^tuat^r vt prius vsq³ a die Pasch in xv dies vbicūq³ tē. Ad quē diē testat^r qđ p̄d̄c̄us Abb̄ obiit. Sed et sciat^r inde rei f̄itas manda^l est Otoni de Grandisono qđ Regē c̄tificet a die Pasch in qūq³ sep̄s p̄x futu^r in vnū annū vbicūq³ tē.

Seq^r Rex tē

(M. 6.)

Plita coram Johne de ffresingfeld e sociis suis Justiciariis dñi Regis Itiñantibz in Gernereye die Lune pxima ante festū s̄ci Barnabe Apli anno Regni Regis Edwardi secundo.

Gerner̄

Radus de Bosc Burgenš Rotomageñ alias coram Matheo de Curia tenente locū Ottonis de Grandisono in hac Insula peciit delibācoem vinoz suoꝝ que dixerat occupata e sibi detenta p Ricm̄ le Herice, Robtm̄ Dagenas, Petrum la Cornaille, e Lucam le Corner e quosdam alios Insulanos hic eis adherentes. Et iidem Ričus e alii tunc dixerunt qđ cum quedam navis de Grestem in qua p̄d̄ca vina simul cū aliis vinis cartata fuerunt, e de qua Johnes le Maceon fuit magister piclitaui in costera maris ppe hanc Insulam e marinelli cū m̄catoribz sine custodibz vina illa conducentibz rogauerunt eos vt efficax e festinū auxiliū eis impenderent ad saluandū nauem suam cum rebus in eadem existentibz e ip̄i satisfācent eis de competenti salario. Et cum ip̄i Ričus e alii eis respondissent qđ hoc nō fačent vllo modo nisi p medietate mercandisaꝝ saluataꝝ scđm consuetudinem p̄rie. Willus le Maceon pa^l p̄d̄ci mağri dixit qđ consuetudo no fuit f̄ca parciali^l p vllo eoꝝ sꝝ p om̄ibz in cōi e tam ip̄e Willus e marinelli e m̄catores sine custodes vinoꝝ illoꝝ ibi tunc p̄sentes q^m magis^l navis e marinelli e m̄catores sine custodes ad nauem existentes ad hoc

Judgment
respited.

soever &c. At which day judgment is respited as above until one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day judgment is respited as before up to 3 weeks from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day judgment is respited as before up to 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day it was testified that the said Abbot was dead. But in order that the truth of the matter may be known it is commanded to Otto de Grandison to certify to the King in 5 weeks from the day of Easter next coming in one year wheresoever &c.

Let the King
sue &c.

(M. 6.)

Pleas before John de Fresingfeld & his fellow-Justices in Eyre of the Lord the King in Guernsey on Monday next before the feast of St. Barnabas the Apostle in the second year of the reign of King Edward.

Guernsey.

Ralph de Bosc' burgess of Rouen elsewhere before Matthew de la Court lieutenant of Otto de Grandison in this island claims delivery of his wines which he says are taken & detained by Richard le Herice, Robert Dagenas, Peter la Cornaille, & Luke le Corner & certain other islanders here adhering to them. And the said Richard & others then said that whereas a certain ship of Grestain⁽¹⁾ in which the said wines together with other wines were conveyed, & of which John le Maceon was master was in peril on the sea-coast near this island, & the sailors with the merchants or keepers conducting those wines requested them to render them effectual & quick help to save their ship with the things being in the same & they would give them a sufficient reward. And whereas the said Richard & others answered them that they could on no account do this except for the moiety of the merchandizes saved according to the custom of the country. William le Maceon father of the said master said that the custom was not made specially for any of them but for all in common & as well the said William & the sailors & merchants or keepers of those wines then being present there as the master of the ship & the sailors & merchants or keepers being in the ship agreed to this &

(1) Grestain was in the diocese of Lisieux, and possessed an Abbey.

concordarunt e totaīr concesserunt. Et sic ipe Ričus e socii sui pđčam nauem que fere plena erat aqua salsa saluauerunt ad magnos labores e pictosos e guindauerunt vina ex^a nauem quousq^q nauis fñat repata e de assensu e bona voluntate pđčoꝝ marinelloꝝ e m̃catoꝝ sine custodū vinoꝝ illoꝝ sic saluatoꝝ, fuerunt vina illa equalīr partita p mediū, et vna medietas reposita fuit in nauem ad opus m̃catoꝝ, et alia medietas iux^a consuetudinem patrie e conuenčoem pđčam remansit ad t̃ram e equalīr partita fuit p mediū, et vna medietas inde remansit ip̃is saluatoribꝫ, e alia medietas medietatis illius partita fuit equaliī in duas ptes, quaz vna pars remansit dño Regi, e alia pars p equali porčoe partita fuit in^o Priorem de Wale noīe Abbtis de monte sc̃i Mich̃is ad cui^o voluntatem idem Prior extat remitta bilis e Nich̃m de Cheny iux^a consuetudinem de rebus in mari piclitantibꝫ sic saluatis hacten^o vsitatam parciendis. Et sic tam ex causa Wrecci, q^m p pđčas conuenčoem e consuetudinem clamaūunt ip̃i pp̃etatem vinoꝝ illoꝝ. Et cum quesitum fuisset ab eis vtrum illa clamare voluissent ex causa Wrecci, vī p pđčas conuenčoem e consuetudinem cū p vtrasq^q rōnes nō potuissent / ip̃i se tenuerunt ad pđčas conuenčoem e consuetudinem renunciantes Wrecco. Et h̃itis loquelis hui^o-modi p consensum oīm loquela inde in^o eos remansit indiscussa vsq^q, ad has as̃s, vinis illis remanentibꝫ in arresto dñi Regis.—Et pđčus Rad̃s modo venit.—Et pđči Abbas, Nich̃us, Ričus, Rohtus, Petrus, e Lucas modo veniunt. Et pđča Ričus, Rohtus, Petrus e Lucas offerunt se respondere p aliis saluatoribꝫ. Ita tamen qđ Curia dñi Regis sit eis in auxiliū ad Justiciand̃ socios eoꝝ nunc absentes si necce fñit. Et pđčus Rad̃us dicit qđ ipe fideliī emit vina illa e soluit p eis oīmmodas custumas debitas nec p se vī aliū vnq^a forisfecit vina illa, et petit qđ dñs Rex illa sibi delib̃ari faciat, vī qđ ea occupantes ostendant quare sibi delib̃ari nō debeant.

granted it fully. And so the said Richard & his fellows saved the said ship which was nearly full of salt water with great trouble & at great danger & took charge of the wines out of the ship until the ship was repaired, & with the assent & good will of the said sailors & merchants or keepers of those wines so saved, those wines were divided equally in half, & one moiety was placed in the ship for the use of the merchants, & the other moiety according to the custom of the country & the agreement aforesaid remained on land & was equally divided in half & one moiety thereof remained to the salvors & the other moiety of that moiety was divided equally in two parts, whereof one part remained to the lord the King & the other part by equal portions was divided between the Prior of the Vale in the name of the Abbot of Mount St. Michael at whose will the said Prior is removable & Nicholas de Cheny according to the custom hitherto used for dividing those things so saved from the peril of the sea. And so as well on account of the wreck as by the said agreement & custom they claimed the ownership of those wines. And when it was asked of them whether they wished to claim them on account of wreck or by the said agreement & custom, as they could not do it for both reasons, they held to the said agreement & custom, renouncing wreck. And such pleas being had, by the consent of all, the plea thereof remained undiscussed among them until these assizes, those wines remaining in the arrest of the lord the King. And the said Ralph now comes. And the said Abbot, Nicholas, Richard, Robert, Peter & Luke now came. And the said Richard, Robert, Peter & Luke offered to answer for the other salvors. So nevertheless that the court of the lord the King should aid them in compelling their associates now absent if need should be. And the said Ralph says that he bought those wines in good faith & paid for them all manner of customs due, & that neither for himself or others did he ever forfeit those wines, & he prays that the lord the King will cause them to be delivered to him or that those keeping them may show why they should not be delivered to him.

Et Abbas e alii dicunt qđ iux^a pđčas consuetudinem e conuen-
coem pđča medietas vinoꝝ saluatoꝝ mere spectat ad ip̃os Abbem e
alios in forma qua pđdicit^r excepta quarta pte vinoꝝ illoꝝ que p eandem
consuetudinem remanet dño Regi. Et dicunt qđ dñs Rex sine causa
put eis videt^r vina eoꝝ in pp̃a possessione ip̃oꝝ inuenta fecit arres-
tari. Et petunt qđ dñs Rex ammoneat manū suam de arresto, e
ip̃i parati erunt vna cum consilio dñi Regis p pparte ip̃m inde con-
tingente respondere pđčo Rađo put de iure fūit faciendū. Et hoc
manucap̃mt quilibet eoꝝ sciūt p porcoe ip̃os inde contingente tē.
Et eis concedit^r. Et dictum est eis qđ plitent p se ⁊ e dñs Rex sup
hoc habebit am̃amentū.

Et Rađus petit versus eos triginta e sex pipas vini albi p̃cij
cuiuslibet ix. liḡr saluo sibi e retento beneficio legis m̃icatorie scđm
qđ inde pbare poſit^r vna cum dampnis suis tē que se ptestatur peti-
turū. Et Abbas e alii bene cognoscunt qđ medietas vinoꝝ que fuerunt
ip̃ius Rađi in pđča nauī, que remansit parcienda inl dñm Regem e
eos in forma qua pđdicit^r se extendit tantūmodo ad t'ginta e duas
pipas, e de plibꝫ nō cognoscunt nec concedunt p̃ciū quod Rađus
apponit^r in pđcis pipis. Sed dicunt qđ de vinis illis nō tenent^r pđčo
Rađo faĉe restitucoem nec sibi inde respondere. Quia dicunt qđ con-
suetudo in hiis Insulis de rebus piclitantibꝫ in mari saluatis p Insu-
lanos hacten^o ab antiquo vsitata talis est vt pđdicit^r. Et dicunt qđ
ip̃i parati sunt ṽificare qđ pđča conuencio fca inl ip̃os e ptes de
pđcis marinellis e m̃icatoribꝫ sine custodibꝫ vinoꝝ, et postea p om̃es
e singl̃os eoꝝ concessa e anullo dedicta talis fūat, qđ bona p ip̃os
saluata p mediū partirent^r inl eos iux^a consuetudinem patrie sup^a-
dcam. Dicunt etiam qđ ip̃i Riĉus e alii pati sunt pbare qđ ip̃i
saluarunt nauem pđcam cum vinis sicut est pđcm, e qđ consuetudo
talis existit.

And the Abbot & others say that according to the said custom & agreement the said moiety of the wines saved merely belong to the said Abbot & others in the form abovesaid, except the fourth part of those wines which by the same custom remains to the lord the King. And they say that the lord the King without cause as it seems to them caused their wines found in their own possession to be arrested. And they pray that the lord the King will raise the arrest, & they will be ready together with the council of the lord the King to answer for the share coming to them therein, to the said Ralph as of right ought to be done. And this each of them gave surety for, to wit, for the portion coming to them, &c. And it is granted to them. And they are told to plead for themselves, & the King will have advice hereupon.

And Ralph claims against them thirty-six pipes of white wine, the price of each 9 livres, saving & retaining to himself the benefit of the merchant law according to what might be proved thereof, together with his damages &c. which he protests that he will claim. And the Abbot & the others well know that the moiety of the wines which were of the said Ralph in the said ship, which remained to be divided between the lord the King & them in the form aforesaid extends only to thirty-two pipes & of a greater number they are ignorant nor do they admit the price which Ralph put on the said pipes. But they say that they are not bound to make restitution of those wines to the said Ralph nor to answer to him therein. Because they say that the custom in these islands of things saved from the peril of the sea by the islanders hitherto used from ancient time is such as is aforesaid. And they say that they are ready to establish that the said agreement was made between them and many of the said sailors & merchants or keepers of the wines, & afterwards was granted by all & each of them, and such had been denied by no one, that the goods saved by them should be divided in half between them according to the custom of the said country. They also say that the said Richard & the others are ready to prove that they saved the said ship with the wines as is aforesaid, & that the custom is such.

Et Radus dicit qđ p costeram maris Angl, Normanñ e Insul in tali casu nō est consuetudo nisi de Wrecco cum acciderit. Et ex quo pđci Ričus e alii renunciauerunt Wrecco sicut pđcm est, e si petuisse voluissent legale salariū libent̃ illud soluisset, e si conuentū fuisset inl̃ eos e marinellos, hoc fuit scđm consuetudinem pñe, e hic nō est consuetudo in tali casu, nisi Wreccū acciderit e ipi renunciauerūt Wrecco : petit Judm si ipi ĩre debeant medietatem vinoꝝ suoꝝ, vť aliud qm legale salariū.—Et Justič sup hiis volentes ĩre plenio anisamentū, nec inuenientes aliquem sup hui⁹modi consuetudine noticiam ĩntem, qui nō sit adherens alicui parciū pđcāꝝ, pceserunt ad scrutandū inde plenius veritatem p sacm̃ legalioꝝ hui⁹ Insule minus suspectoꝝ, ptibus ad hoc nō vocatis nec in aliquo sup hoc requisitis. Et inuenerunt p eoꝝ sacm̃ qđ ipi recolunt de tempe dñi H. Regis aui Regis nunc qđ accidit hic de quadam naui de Wynchelse piclitante e saluata consimilr fcam fuisse ptičoem in forma qua pđicit̃ antecessoribꝝ ipōꝝ tūc dicentibꝝ consuetudinem Insule extitisse. Et postea consimilr fcm fuisse de quadam naui de Chirebourgñ in Normanñ que vocabat̃ la Bastarde, similr piclitante e saluata. Et postea de duabꝝ nauibꝝ Petri Lupe de Ispannia, videlt vna in vno anno e alia in anno seqñti, similr piclitantibꝝ e saluatis. Et postea de quadam alia naui de Normanñ e de alia naui Almaria vicery de Vascoñ similr piclitantibꝝ e saluatis. Et eciam de plibꝝ aliis e semp de bonis saluatis hui⁹modi paracio fca fuit. Sed nō recolunt qđ consuetudo illa fūat vnq̃ approbata vť repbata p dñm Regem vť eius consiliū, nec qđ vnq̃ antea venit in discussionem. Et Justič hic ppendentes dñm Regem e eius pgenitores p tantum tempus fuisse in possessione pcipiendi tale pficuū de rebus sic saluatis in Insul Et etiam qđ pđci Abbas p successionem e Michus p descensum clamant hui⁹modi pficuū pcipe : noluerunt vlñs pcedere dño Rege sup hiis inconsulto. Et Ido de consensu pđcāꝝ parciū datus est eis dies coram ipō dño Rege de audiendo Iudicio suo a die

And Ralph says that along the sea-coast of England, Normandy & the islands it is not the custom in such case except as to wreck when it shall happen, for that the said Richard & others renounced wreck as is aforesaid, & if they wished to have asked their lawful salary he would have paid it willingly, & if there was an agreement between them & the sailors, this was according to the custom of the country, & here it is not the custom in such a case, unless a wreck should occur, & they renounced wreck. He claims judgment whether they ought to have the moiety of his wines, or other than their lawful recompense. And the justices wishing to have fuller advice upon these things, & not finding anybody having knowledge of such custom who is not a partizan of either of the said parties, proceeded to search more fully the truth thereof by the oath of lawful men of this island above suspicion, the parties not being hereto called nor required in anything hereupon. And they found by their oath that they remember in the time of the lord H. the King grandfather of the King that now is that a certain ship of Winchelsea happened to be in peril & was saved & in like manner partition was made in the form aforesaid to their ancestors who then said that the custom of the island was such. And afterwards it was done in like manner concerning a certain ship of Cherbourg in Normandy which was called la Bastarde, likewise in jeopardy & saved. And afterwards concerning two ships of Peter Lupe of Spain, viz., one in one year & the other in the following year, similarly in peril & saved. And afterwards a certain other ship of Normandy & another ship Almaria Viceroy of Gascony similarly in peril & saved. And also of many others & such partition was always made of the goods saved. But they do not remember that that custom was ever approved or disapproved by the King or his council, nor that it ever before came to discussion. And the justices here considering that the lord the King & his progenitors were for such time in possession of the right of taking such profit of things so saved in the island. And also that the said Abbot by succession & Nicholas by descent claim to take such profit, they do not wish to proceed further, without consulting the King upon these things. And therefore with the consent of the said parties a day is given to them before the said lord the King to

Seq^r pars si
velit tē.

sēi Michis in vnū mensem vbicumq; tūc fuerit in Angl.—Et Radus
po. lo. suo Petrum Baudewyn ad lucrandū vī pdendū in loquela p'dcā.
Et Abbas e alii po. lo. suo p'dcōs Ricm le Herice, vī Petrum la Cor-
naille. Postea ad diem illū apd Westm veñ ptes p attorñ suos. Et
ētis de causis dat⁹ est eis dies de Juđo suo aud coram dño Rē a die
Pasch in vnū mensē vbicūq; tūc fūit in Angl. Ad quē diē p'dcē partes
p attorñ suū veñ e dat⁹ est ei dies vsq; a die Pasch in vnū mensē
vbicūq; tē. In crastino aīaz vbicūq; tē.

(M. 7.) **Adhuc de plīis coram p'fatis Iusticiar in Insula
de Iereseye de eod Iñi.**

ffresingfeld.

Iereseye. Dñs Rex p Willm des mareys qui sequit^r p eo petit vsus Abbem⁺
de Blanclanda aduocaōem ecclie sēi Lauř vt Jus tē. Et vnde Idem
Willm dicit p dño Rege, qđ dñs H. Rex auus tē fuit seisitus de p'dcā
aduocaōe tempe pacis, vt de feodo e Jure Corone sue tē et ad eccliam
illam p'sentauit quemdam Radm du Val Chicū suū qui ad p'senta-
ōem suam fuit admissus e in eadem institut⁹. Et qđ tale sit Jus
ipius dñi Reg⁹ offert vificare p dño Rege sicut Cuř cons.

Et Abbas veñ e dicit qđ dñs J. quondam Rex tē, dum fuit Comes
Moritoñ e dñs Insulaz anteqm Rex fūat dedit Abbie de Blanclanda
p'dcā eccliam p Cartam suam quam pfert in hec vba tē. Omibz
sēe matris ecclie filiis ad quos p'sens scriptum puenit, Joñes Comes
Moritoñ saltm. Nofitis me pietatis intuitu dedisse e p'senti carta
mea confirmasse Abbie sēi Michi de Blanclanda e frībz ibidem deo
suiuentibz in puram e ppetuam elemosinam, eccliam sēi Lauř in Inś
sič ad Jus meū e p'sentaōem meam ptinebat integre e plenarie cū

Let the party
sue if he will
&c.

hear their judgment in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever he shall then be in England. And Ralph put in his place Peter Baudewyn to gain or lose in the said suit. And the Abbot & others put in their place the said Richard le Herice or Peter le Cornaille. Afterwards at that day at Westminster came the parties by their attorneys. And for certain causes a day is given to them to hear their judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. At which day the said parties by their attorney came & a day is given to them until one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. In the Morrow of All Saints wheresoever &c.

(M. 7.) *Continuation of the pleas before the said Justices in the
island of Jersey of the same eyre.*

Fresingfeld.

Jersey

The lord the King by William des Mareys who sues for him claims against the Abbot of Blanchelande the advowson of the Church of St. Lawrence as his right &c. And thereupon the said William says for the lord the King that the lord H. the King grandfather &c. was seised of the said advowson in the time of peace as of the fee & right of his crown &c., and presented to that Church a certain Ralph du Val his clerk who was admitted on his presentation & instituted into the same. And that such is the right of the said lord the King he offers to establish for the lord the King as the court shall determine. And the Abbot comes & says that the lord J. sometime King &c. while he was Earl of Mortain & lord of the islands before he was King gave to the Abbey of Blanchelande the said Church by his charter which he produces in these words, &c. &c. To all the sons of Holy Mother Church to whom this present writing shall come, John Earl of Mortain greeting. Know ye that I of pious intent have given & by this my present charter have confirmed to the Abbey of St. Nicholas of Blanchelande & to the brethren serving God there in frankalmoign the Church of St. Lawrence in the island as belonged to my right & presentation wholly & fully with all its

omibz ptiñ suis quam Galfi sacerđ e Decanus tenuerat Ita qđ in p'dča Abbia pdm vexero memoria mei heat e post decessum meū solempne e ppetuū annūsañ ibidem p me celebret e eiusđ loci conuent⁹ in die obitus mei in victualibz celebriť pcuret. T Joñe Abbe de Doul Rađo Plore de Plesš, Gernaš Canōico, Nicňo Capellano, Ričo de ffentč, Regñ de Vire, Wilfo de Eula, Hušte de Bingo, mađro Heñr de Haya, apud Tenerchebr. viij die ffebr, anno regni Reg⁹ Riči Nono. Dat⁹ p mañ Joñnis de Graio.

Et Wilfus dicit qđ dñs H. Rex filius p'dci Joñnis postea fuit in seisina de p'dča aduocačoe p'dče ecclie. Et ad eandem eccliam p'sentauit p'dčm R. qui tūc fuit clicus Drogonis de Barantin Custodis Insulaž, qui ad p'senť ipius dñi Reg⁹ admissus fuit ad p'dčam eccliam e institutus in eadem, e inde obiit psona tč. Et hoc offert vificare p dño Rege.

Et Abbas dicit qđ plitum motum fuit inť p'dčm dñm H. Regem quendam Abbem de Blancalanda, sed dicit qđ tandem ad rogatum p'dci Drogonis Abbas ille p'sentauit p'dčm Clicum ipius Drogonis ad eccliam illam, Ita qđ Clicus ille fuit admissus ad eccliam illam e institut⁹ in eađ ad p'senť ipius Abbis, e nō ad p'sentačoe p'dci dñi H. Regis. Et de hoc ponit se sup pñam. Et Wilfs instantť petit Judm p dño Rege, ex quo Abbas nō potest dediče quin Clicus p ipm dñm Regem p'sentatus fuit psona, inpsonata de p'dča ecclia, et Abbas nō ostendit aliquod fčm speciale p quod doče possit Clicum illū admissum fuisse ad eandem ad p'senť pdecesš sui. Petit t ex habundanti qđ rei vitas inquirat p dño Rege.

Juř dicunt sup sacrm suū, qđ p'dcus Clicus admissus fuit ad p'dčam eccliam ad p'sentačoe Abbis, e nō ad p'sentačoe ipius dñi Reg⁹ tč. Dies dat⁹ est ei de audiendo Judo suo coram dño Rege, a

appurtenances which Geoffrey priest & dean held. So that in the said Abbey for as long as I shall live the memory of me may be had & after my decease an anniversary may be celebrated there for me solemnly & for ever, & the community of the same place on the day of my death may be thoroughly provided with victuals. Witnesses : John Abbot of Dol, Ralph Prior of Plessis, Jervase the canon, Nicholas the chaplain, Richard de Fentes, Reginald de Vire, William de Eula, Hubert de Bingo, Master Henry de Haya, at Tenchebray the 8th day of February in the ninth year of the reign of King Richard. Given by the hand of John de Gray.

And William says that the lord H. the King son of the said John was afterwards in seisin of the said advowson of the said Church. And to the same Church presented the said R. who then was clerk of Drogo de Barentin keeper of the islands who on the presentation of the said lord the King was admitted to the said Church & instituted into the same, & died parson thereof &c. And this he offers to establish for the lord the King.

And the Abbot says that a plea was moved between the said lord H. the King & a certain Abbot of Blanchelande, but he says that at length at the request of the said Drogo that Abbot presented the said clerk of the said Drogo to that Church, so that the clerk was admitted to that Church & instituted into the same on the presentation of the said Abbot and not on the presentation of the said lord H. the King. And for this he puts himself upon the verdict of the country. And William earnestly claims judgment for the lord the King, inasmuch as the Abbot cannot gainsay but that the clerk presented by the said lord the King was the person beneficed of the said Church, & the Abbot cannot show any special deed whereby he can prove that that clerk was admitted to the same on the presentation of his predecessor. And he claims over and above that the truth of the matter may be enquired into for the lord the King.

The Jurors say upon their oath that the said clerk was presented to the said Church on the presentation of the Abbot & not at the presentation of the said lord the King &c. A day is given to

die s̄ci Michis in vnū mensem vbicumq; tunc f̄f̄it in Angl̄. Et Abbas po. lo. suo Ričm le Herice v̄t Petrum f̄it Petri Dartyz. Postea ad diem illum ap̄d Westm̄ veñ p̄d̄c̄us Abbas p̄ attorñ suū. Et ētis de causis dat⁹ est ei dies de Judo suo aud̄ coram dño Rege a die Pasch̄ in vnū men̄s vbicūq; tūc f̄f̄it in Angl̄. Ad quem diē p̄d̄c̄us Abbas p̄ attorñ suū veñ. Et datus est ei dies a die Pasch̄ in vnū mensē vbicumq; tē. Ad quē diem p̄d̄c̄us Abbas non veñ Iō de ip̄o ad iudiciū tē sed ponit⁹ in respectū vsq; a die Pasche in xv dies vbicumq; tē. Et deinde resp̄tuat⁹ v̄t p̄lus vsq; a die pasch̄ in vnū mensem vbicūq; tē.

nō veñ

nō veñ

In Crastio annuaꝝ vbicūq; tē. Ad q̄ diē iudiciū p̄d̄c̄m resp̄tuat⁹ vsq; a die Pasch̄ in vnū men̄s vbicūq; tē. Ad q̄ diē iudiciū p̄d̄c̄m resp̄tuat⁹ vsq; a die Pasch̄ in tres sep̄t vbicūq; tē. Ad quē diem iudm̄ p̄d̄c̄m resp̄tuat⁹ vsq; a die Pasch̄ in xv dies vbicūq; tē. Ad quē diē Judm̄ p̄d̄c̄m resp̄tuat⁹ vsq; a die Pasch̄ in q̄nq; sept̄s p̄x̄ futuř in vnū annū vbicq; tē.

v̄^q sep. pa.

Seq⁹ Rex tē

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Petrus de Saumuareys suū fuit qđ esset hic ad respondendū dño Regi de p̄lito quo Waranto sine licencia e voluntate dñi Reg⁹ e p̄genitoꝝ suoꝝ Regum Angl̄ claīñ ĩre Wreccū maris p̄ totam ĩram suam in pochl̄ s̄ci Clementis e s̄ci Elerii, et illud in pp̄los vsus conũte. Et t̄ quo Waranto claīñ ĩre furtas⁽¹⁾ in eadem pochl̄. Et t̄ quo Waranto clamat p̄cipe e ĩre liām eskeriam in pochl̄ p̄d̄ca de piscibz p̄ hoies suos captis in aquis dñi Regis, que spectant ad Coronam e dignitatem dñi Regis. Et t̄ quo Waranto clamat ĩre liām Warennam in monte s̄ci Elerii. Et t̄ quo Waranto clamat p̄cipe e ĩre catalla hōinū suoꝝ felonū dñi Reg⁹, v̄t fugitiuoꝝ, que spectant ad Coronam e e dignitatem dñi Reg⁹. Et t̄ quo Waranto clamat ĩre bestias de Weif, que ad dñm Regem ptinent. Et P̄lus de Carteret suū fuit tē

(1) furcas = gallows.

him to hear his judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever he shall then be in England. And the Abbot puts in his place Richard le Herice or Peter, son of Peter Dartyz. Afterwards at that day at Westminster came the said Abbot by his attorney. And for certain causes a day is given to him to hear their judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. At which day the said Abbot by his attorney came. And a day is given

Did not come. to him in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Abbot did not come. Therefore of him to judgment &c., but it is put in respite until 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. And thence it is respited as before until one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. In the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. At which day the said judgment is respited until one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said judgment is respited up to 3 weeks from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said judgment is respited up to 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said judgment is respited up to 5 weeks from the day of Easter next to come in one year wheresoever &c.

5 weeks
from Easter.

Let the King
sue &c.

Peter de Saumareys was summoned to be here to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by what warrant without the license & will of the lord the King & his progenitors Kings of England he claims to have wreck of the sea throughout all his land in the parishes of St. Clement & St. Helier, & to convert the same to his own uses. And also by what warrant he claims to have gallows in the same parish. And also by what warrant he claims to take & have free esperkeria in the parish aforesaid of the fish caught by their men in the waters of the lord the King, which belong to the Crown & dignity of the lord the King. And also by what warrant he claims to have free warren in the hill of St. Helier. And also by what warrant he claims to take & have the chattels of his men who are felons or fugitives of the lord the King, which belong to the Crown & dignity of the lord the King. And also by what warrant he claims to have beasts of waif, which belong to the lord the King.

de p̃lito quo Waranto tē clamat h̃ere liḃam Warennam in om̃ibz dñicis fr̃is suis in poch̃ s̃ci Audoeni. Et t̃ quo Waranto clamat h̃ere maram suam in eadem poch̃ liḃam e sepalem. Et t̃ quo Waranto claṃ h̃ere Wreccū maris p̃ totam fr̃am suam in p̃d̃cā poch̃, et illud in pp̃los vsus conſiſſe. Et t̃ quo Waranto clamat h̃ere liḃam espkeriam de piscibz p̃ hoīes suos captis in aquis dñi Reg⁹. Et t̃ quo Waranto claṃ h̃ere bestias de Weyf. Et t̃ quo Waranto clamat pcipe e h̃ere catalla hoīm suoꝝ felonū dñi Reg⁹ ṽl fugitiuoꝝ, que spectant ad Coronam e dignitatem dñi Regis. Et Guiffus des Augreys suṃ tē de p̃lito quo Waranto tē clamat h̃ere liḃam Warennā in om̃ibz dñicis fr̃is suis in pochia s̃c̃e Trinitatis. Et t̃ quo Waranto clamat h̃ere Wreccū maris p̃ totam fr̃am suam in p̃d̃cā pochia, et illud in pp̃los vsus conſiſſe. Et t̃ quo Waranto claṃ h̃ere bestias de Weif. Et t̃ quo Waranto clamat pcipe e h̃ere catalla hoīm suoꝝ feloñ dñi Regis ṽl fugitiuoꝝ que spectāt ad Coronam e dignitatem dñi Reg⁹. Et Joñnes de Carteret e Lucia vxor eius suṃ tē de p̃lito quo Waranto tē claṃ h̃ere liḃam Warennam in om̃ibz dñicis fr̃is suis in poch̃ s̃ci Audoeni. Et t̃ quo Waranto clamat h̃ere Wreccū maris, p̃ totam fr̃am suam in p̃d̃cā poch̃, et illud in pp̃los vsus conſiſſe. Et t̃ quo clamāt h̃ere liḃam espkeriam de piscibz p̃ hoīes suos captis in aquis dñi Reg⁹. Et t̃ quo Waranto claṃ h̃ere bestias de Weif. Et t̃ quo Waranto clamat h̃ere catalla hoīm suoꝝ felonū dñi Reg⁹ ṽl fugitiuoꝝ que spectant ad Coronam e dignitatem dñi Reg⁹. Et P̃hus Leueske suṃ tē de p̃lito quo Waranto tē clamat h̃ere Wreccū maris accidens in feodo quod fuit Nichi de Wyncheſ, et illud in pp̃lus vsus conſiſſere.

Et p̃d̃ci Petrus, P̃hus, Guiffus, Joñnes e Lucia, e P̃hus veñ. Et dicunt quo ad catalla hoīm suoꝝ fugitiuoꝝ e felonū tē qđ ip̃i claṃ h̃ere catalla hoīm suoꝝ latronū, fuḡ e dampnatoꝝ ad que ip̃i ṽl eoꝝ Baſſi

And Philip de Carteret was summoned &c. concerning a plea by what warrant &c. he claims to have free warren in all his demesne lands in the parish of St. Ouen. And also by what warrant he claims to have his pond in the same parish free & separate. And also by what warrant he claims to have wreck of the sea throughout his whole land in the said parish & to convert the same to his own uses. And also by what warrant he claims to have free esperkeria of the fish caught by his men in the waters of the lord the King. And also by what warrant he claims to have beasts of waif. And also by what warrant he claims to take & have the chattels of his men who are felons or fugitives of the lord the King, which belong to the Crown & dignity of the lord the King. And William des Augreys was summoned &c. concerning a plea by what warrant &c. he claims to have free warren in all his demesne lands in the parish of Holy Trinity. And also by what warrant he claims to have wreck of the sea throughout all his land in the said parish, & to convert the same to his own uses. And also by what warrant he claims to have beasts of waif. And also by what warrant he claims to take & have the chattels of his men who are felons or fugitives of the lord the King which belongs to the Crown & dignity of the lord the King. And John de Carteret & Lucia his wife were summoned &c. concerning a plea by what warrant &c. they claim to have free warren in all their demesne lands in the parish of St. Ouen. And also by what warrant they claim to have wreck of the sea throughout their land in the said parish & to convert the same to their own uses. And also by what warrant they claim to have free esperkeria of the fish caught by their men in the waters of the lord the King. And also by what warrant they claim to have beasts of waif. And also by what warrant they claim to have the chattels of their men who are felons or fugitives of the lord the King which belong to the Crown & dignity of the lord the King. And Philip Levesque was summoned &c. concerning a plea by what warrant &c. he claims to have wreck of the sea occurring in the fee which was of Nicholas de Vinchelez & to convert the same to his own uses.

And the said Peter, Philip, William, John & Lucia & Philip came. And they say that as to the chattels of their men fugitives & felons &c. they claim to have the chattels of their men, thieves, fu-

cicius pofint manus apponē q^m hoīes dñi Reg^o. Et quo ad hui^o catalla et alias libtates, simul cum ista libtate de cañ hui^o pcipiend clamant ipi ab antiquo. Et dicunt qđ ipi e omēs antecessores sui a tempe quo nō extat memoria illas habuerunt sicut ipi illas modo clamant. Et hoc offerunt vificare sicut Cuñ conñ.

Respice in tergo de eod.

(M. 7 d.) Et Willus des Mareys qui sequit^r p dño Rege, dicit p dño Rege qđ nullus de hac Insula pñ ministros dñi Reg^o hēt potestatem Judicandi latronem vt felonem, vnde dicit qđ nullus eoꝝ potest eoꝝ catalla vendicare pter dñm Regem. Et quo ad Warennam dicit qđ nullus illam hēre pōit, nisi inde habñt spāle Warantū de dño Rege, maxime cū omēs hic Indigene statū suū hēant in Insul de tempe dñi Reg^o J. de vltimo conquestu suo cui^o tempus continet^r infra tempus memorie. Dicit t̃ consimilr quo ad libtatem de espkeñ hñd, e de Wrecco pcipiend que mere sunt regales dignitates. Et quo ad bestias de Weif diñ similr qđ regalis est dignitas illas optinendi. Et diñ qđ omēs Insule debent esse sñ eadem lege. Et diñ qđ dñs Rex seisitus est de omibꝫ hui^o bestiis euenientibꝫ de Weif in Insula de Gerneñ sine cui^ocumqꝫ cont^adicōe e sic debet esse in hac Insula e esse consuevit. Et petit qđ ipi ostendant q^{ndo} e qualiñ hui^o libtates regales allocate fñūt antecessoribꝫ ipōꝝ in Cuñ dñi Reg^o, que potestatem hñit inde cognoscendi.

Ad que nullus ipōꝝ respondñ nisi tñ qđ ipi e antecessores eoꝝ a tempe quo nō extat memoria semp vsi fñūt hēre libtates hui^o, in forma qua ipi illas modo clamant. Et sciend qđ hec petiñ gēfaliñ fñā fuit omibꝫ e singlis Insulanis libtates hēre clamantibꝫ tñ. Dies datus est eis de audiendo Judio suo coram dño Rege a die sñi Michis in vnū menñ vbicumqꝫ tñc fñūt in Angl. Postea ad diem illū apđ

gitives & condemned, upon which they or their bailiffs can put their hands more quickly than the men of the King. And as to such chattels and other franchises, together with that franchise concerning the taking of such chattels they claim of old. And they say that they & all their ancestors from time immemorial had the same as they now claim them. And this they offer to establish as the court shall judge.

[Continued on the back of the same.]

(M. 7 d.) And William des Mareys who sues for the lord the King says for the lord the King that no one of this island except the officers of the lord the King has power to judge a thief or felon, wherefore he says that none of them may claim their chattels except the lord the King. And as to warren he says that none can have it unless he has a special warrant from the lord the King, especially as all the natives here should reckon their status in the island from the time of the lord J. of his last conquest, the time of which is contained within the time of memory. And he says likewise as to the franchise of *esperkeria* to be had & wreck to be taken, that they are purely royal dignities. And as to the beasts of waif he says likewise that the dignity of retaining them is royal. And he says that all of the island ought to be under the same law. And he says that the lord the King is seised of all such beasts of waif coming out [of pound] in the island of Guernsey without contradiction of any & so it ought to be in this island & is wont to be. And he claims that they will show when & how such royal franchises were allowed to their ancestors in a court of the lord the King which had power to take cognisance thereof.

To which none of them answer except only that they & their ancestors from time immemorial were always used to have such franchises in the form in which they now claim them. And be it known that this petition was made generally to all & singular the islanders claiming to have franchises &c. A day is given to them to hear their judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever he shall then be in England. Afterwards at that day at Westminster came the said Peter & the others

Westm̄ veñ p̄dci Petr̄ e alii p̄ attorñ suū. Et etis de causis dat⁹ est
eis dies de Judo suo aud̄ coram dño Rege a die Pasch̄ in vnū men̄s
vbicūq; tūc sūt in Angl̄. Ad quem diem p̄dci Petrus e alii veñ e
nō veñ (1) datus est eis dies a die Pasch̄ in vnū mensem vbicumq; tē. Ad quē
diē p̄dci Petrus e alii veñ e datus est eis dies a die Pasche in
xv dies vbicūq; tē. Ad q̄ diem p̄dci Petrus e alii veñ e dat⁹ est eis
v^q sep. pa. dies a die Pasch̄ in vnū mensem vbicūq; tē. In Crastino aīaz vbicūq;
tē. Ad q̄ diē iudiciū p̄dci resp̄tuat⁹ vt p̄lus vsq; a die Pasch̄ in vnū
men̄s vbicūq; tē. Ad q̄ diē iudiciū p̄dci resp̄tuat⁹ vsq; a die Pasch̄
in tres sept̄ vbiq; tē. Ad quē diē Judm̄ p̄dci resp̄tuat⁹ vsq; a die
Pasch̄ in q̄nq; sept̄s p̄x futur̄ in vnū añū vbiq; tē.
Seq⁹ Rex tē

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Plus de Carteret e magr̄ Galf̄rus frat⁹ eius suū f̄funt qđ essent
hic ad hunc diem ad respondēd̄ dño Regi de p̄lito quo Waranto sine
licencia e voluntate dñi Reg⁹ e p̄genitoz suoz Regum Angl̄ claīn l̄re
Wreccū maris in feodo Paynelli quod ad dñm Regem e Coronam e
dignitatem suam ptinet, qui veñ Et dicunt qđ dñs E. quond̄ Rex
Angl̄ pal⁹ dñi Reg⁹ nūc, dedit Regiñ de Carfet p̄ri ipoz Phi e Galfri
cui⁹ hedes ip̄i sunt, f̄ras e teñ que Robtus de Melesches tenuit ad
f̄rñ vite sue de cōcessiōe p̄dci dñi Reg⁹ de f̄ris que f̄funt in manu
ip̄ius dñi Reg⁹ de forisf̄ura Thome Paynel Normanni tē h̄nd e
tenend̄ p̄dci Regiñ e h̄edibz suis p̄dci teñ cū p̄tiñ ad feodi firmam.
Et dicunt qđ ip̄i clamant Wreccū tanq̄m ptinens ad p̄dci teñ. Et
dicūt qđ p̄dci Robtus dū vixit sic h̄uit ibi Wreccū tē. Et simitr̄
p̄dci Thomas e oīes antecessores sui teñ illa tenfunt a tempe quo
nō extat memoria. Et hoc offerunt f̄ficare p̄ p̄riam.

Iidem Plus e Galf̄r in p̄libz locis ad p̄lita Corone sepius allo-
cuta de quibz tē que post mortem p̄dci Robti deuefunt ad manus

(1) Sic.

by their attorneys. And for certain causes a day is given to them to hear their judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. At which day the said Peter & the others came & a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Peter & the others came & a day is given to them in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Peter & the others came & a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. In the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. At which day the judgment aforesaid was respited as before up to one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the judgment aforesaid was respited up to 3 weeks from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the judgment aforesaid was respited in 5 weeks from the day of Easter next to come in one year wheresoever, &c.

Did not come.

5 weeks of
Easter.

Let the King
sue &c.

Philip de Carteret & Master Geoffrey his brother were summoned to be here at this day to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by what warrant without the license & will of the lord the King & his progenitors Kings of England they claim to have wreck of the sea in the fee of Paynel which belongs to the lord the King & his Crown & dignity, who come & say that the lord E. formerly King of England father of the King that now is, gave to Reginald de Carteret father of the said Philip & Geoffrey, whose heirs they are, the lands & tenements which Robert de Melesches held for the term of his life of the grant of the said lord the King of the lands which were in the hand of the said lord the King of the forfeiture of Thomas Paynel the Norman &c. to have & to hold to the said Reginald & his heirs the said tenements with the appurtenances in fee farm. And they say that they claim wreck as belonging to the said tenements. And they say that the said Robert while he lived thus had there wreck &c. And likewise the said Thomas & all his ancestors held those tenements from time immemorial. And this they offer to establish by verdict of the country.

The same Philip & Geoffrey repeatedly challenged in many places at pleas of the Crown regarding certain tenements which after

dñi Reg^o p eschetas de diſsis felonibz tē que nūq̄ fūnt in seisina
p̄dci Robti, sed de eo tenebant, et t̄ de quibz tē que Idem Robtus
tenuit de aliis forisfcuris vt de forisfcura Buteuileyn. Simitr dicunt
qd̄ om̄ia p̄dca tē clām ex concessione p̄dci dñi Reg^o p Cartam suam
quam pferunt in hec vba. Edwardus dei gr̄a Rex Angl Dñs Hibn e
Dux Aquit̄ om̄ibz ad quos p̄sentes litte pueſint. saltm. Quia acce-
pim^o p inquisiçoem p̄ dilectm e fidelem nrm̄ Ottonem de Grandisono
Custodem nrm̄ Insulaꝝ de Jereseye e Gerneꝝ de mandato nro fcam e
in Cancellaria nra returnatam, qd̄ qued̄ t̄re e tē cum p̄tiñ que fūnt
Thome Paynel in p̄dca Inſ de Jereseye dudum ad manus p̄genitoꝝ
nroꝝ quond̄ Regum Angl tamq̄ escheta sua p forisfacturam p̄fati
Thome e sic ad manus nras post modū deueniunt, e qd̄ t̄re e tē illa
cū p̄tiñ p mortem Robti de melesches qui ea tenuit ad t̄m̄ vite sue
ex dimissione nra in manu p̄fati Ottonis ad t̄m̄ vite sue ex com̄is-
sione nra existunt qd̄ q̄ nos t̄ras e tē p̄dca cum p̄tiñ concedere
possumus cui volūmus, t̄nd in feodo post mortem p̄fati Ottonis absq̄
iniuria alicui facienda Nos dilecti e fideli nro Reginaldo de Carfet qui
p̄fato Ottoni de eo qd̄ ad ip̄m Ottonem inde p̄tinet satisfacit sicut p
Joh̄em de Dittoñ tenentem locum p̄fati Ottoñ in Insulis p̄d̄cis coram
nob̄ est testificatū, volentes gr̄am in hac pte fac̄e specialem, dedim^o
e concessimus eidem Reginaldo t̄ras e tē p̄dca cum p̄tiñ, t̄nd e
tenenda eidem Reginaldo e f̄edibz suis de nob̄ e f̄edibz nris in p̄p̄m.
Ita videt̄ qd̄ Idem Regiñ ea teneat toto tempe vite sue quiete e
soluta absq̄ aliquo ſuicio nob̄ aut f̄edibz nris inde faciendo. Et qd̄
f̄edes sui post mortem ip̄ius Reginaldi sexaginta lib̄r puoꝝ Turoñ e
vnam lib̄r Cumin ad quas t̄re e tē p̄dca cū p̄tiñ extendunt p̄ añū
nob̄ e f̄edibz nris inde soluant annuatim p̄ om̄i ſuicio ad nos inde
p̄tinente. In cui^o rei testimoniū has t̄ras nras fieri fecimus patentes.

the death of the said Robert came to the hands of the lord the King by the escheats of divers felons &c. which were never in the seisin of the said Robert, but were held of him, & also regarding certain tenements which the said Robert held of other forfeitures as of the forfeiture of Boutevillon. They say likewise that they claim all the said tenements of the grant of the said lord the King by his charter which they produce in these words: Edward by the grace of God King of England, lord of Ireland & Duke of Aquitaine to all to whom these present letters shall come greeting. Because we understand by the inquisition made at our command by our beloved & faithful Otto de Grandison keeper of our islands of Jersey & Guernsey & returned into our Chancery, that certain lands & tenements with the appurtenances which belonged to Thomas Paynel in the said island of Jersey formerly came into the hands of our progenitors formerly Kings of England as their escheats by the forfeiture of the said Thomas, & so came to our hands afterwards, & that those lands & tenements with the appurtenances by the death of Robert de Melesches, who held them for the term of his life, by our lease are in the hands of the said Otto for the term of his life by our deed, that we can grant the said lands & tenements with the appurtenances to whom we will, to be held in fee after the death of the said Otto without doing injury to any: We willing to show our special grace in this behalf to our beloved & faithful Reginald de Carteret who satisfied the said Otto of that which belongs to the said Otto therein, as is testified before us by John de Ditton, lieutenant of the said Otto in the said islands, have given & granted to the said Reginald the said lands & tenements with the appurtenances: to be had & to be held to the said Reginald & his heirs of us & of our heirs for ever, so that the said Reginald may hold them all the time of his life quietly & freely without doing any service to us or our heirs therefor. And that his heirs after the death of the said Reginald shall pay yearly therefor 60 livres of small Tournois & 1 lb. of cummin (at which the said lands & tenements with the appurtenances are valued yearly for us & our heirs) to be paid annually for all service to us thereunto appertaining. In witness whereof we have caused these

T. me ip̃o apud Lauretost iiii^{to} die Decemb̃r anno regni ñri xxxv^{to} p
petiçoem Retornatam de consilio in plamento. Et dicūt qđ illa
ōm̃ia cadebant in extentam inde f̃cam t̃c.

Et Willus des Mareys qui sequit̃ p dño Rege dicit qđ ex quo
nec Wreccū nec f̃re de hui^o esch̃ continent̃ in p̃d̃ca Carta dñi Reg^o
ip̃i no possunt illa clãm p Cartam illam. Et peĩ qđ occupata que nō
continent̃ in Carta cap̃t in manū dñi Reg^o t̃c. Dies datus est eis de
audiendo Judo suo coram dño Rege a die s̃ci Michis in vnū meñs
vbicūq, tūc f̃uit in Angl̃ t̃c. Postea ad diem illū apđ Westm̃ veñ
p̃d̃cus P̃hus. Et p̃d̃cus Galf̃r no veñ, sz p̃d̃cus P̃hus petit admitti p
integro t̃c dicens qđ p̃d̃cus Galf̃r nich̃ f̃et in teñ illis nisi tantū ad
f̃m̃n vite sue de f̃editate ip̃ius P̃hi. Et c̃tis de causis dat^o est eis
dies de Judo suo aud̃ coram dño Rege a die Pasch̃ in vnū meñs
vbicūq, tūc f̃uit in Angl̃. Et tūc f̃iet Judm̃ de defalt̃ t̃c. Et P̃hus
po. lo. suo Heñr de Trente ṽt Willm̃ Renulf̃ in hiis e aliis p̃litus
Ńsus Dñm̃ Regē t̃c. Postea coram R̃f̃ p̃d̃cus P̃hs po. lo. suo Johem
de s̃co Martino in loquela t̃c. Ad quē diē p̃d̃cus P̃hs per attorñ suos
veñ. Et datus est eis dies a die Pasch̃ in vnū mensem vbicūq, t̃c.
Ad quē p̃d̃cus P̃hus p̃ at̃i suū veñ e datus est ei dies a die Pasch̃ in
xv dies vbicūq, t̃c. Et deinde dat^o est ei dies a die Pasch̃ in vnū
mensem vbicūq, t̃c. In Crast̃io aīaz vbicūq, t̃c veñ vt p̃^o e dat^o est
ei dies a die pasch̃ in vnū meñs vbicūq.

Ad q̃ diē p̃d̃cus
P̃hs veñ p̃ at̃i
suo e dat^o est ei
dies a die [pas]ch̃
in tres sept̃ vbi-
cūq, t̃c [Ad] quē
diem [p̃d̃]cus P̃hs
p̃ [att]orñ suū
veñ e datus est
ei dies a die pasch̃
in xv dies vbi-
cūq, t̃c. Ad quē
die p̃d̃cus P̃hs
veñ p̃ at̃i suū
Et Galf̃ridus
... veñ e dat^o
est ei dies a die
pasch̃ in q̃nq, sept̃s
in vnū annū
vbiçq, t̃c.

Et sciend̃ qđ p̃d̃cus Galf̃r lĩtauit hic in cedula extentam quam
dicit se credere inde f̃cam fuisse que dicit sic, In p̃ochia s̃ci Elerii p
mañ p̃poĩti de firma triginta lib̃r, vnde ps colligit̃ in p̃ochia s̃ci Sal-
uatoris. Itm̃ in p̃och̃ s̃ci Elerii Decime de feodo as Coloms ad quad-
raginta solid̃. Itm̃ in p̃d̃ca p̃och̃ s̃ci Saluatoris de firma d̃ca la Gre-

our letters to be made patent. Witness ourself at Lauretost the 4th day of December in the 35th year of our reign by petition returned from council in parliament. And they say that all those things are set down in the extent thereof made &c.

And William des Mareys who sues for the lord the King says that inasmuch as neither wreck nor lands of such escheat are contained in the said charter of the lord the King, they cannot claim them by that charter. And he claims that those things which are occupied which are not contained in the charter may be taken into the hands of the lord the King &c. A day is given to them to hear their judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever he shall then be in England &c. Afterwards at that day at Westminster came the said Philip. And the said Geoffrey did not come, but the said Philip prays to be admitted for the whole &c. saying that the said Geoffrey has nothing in those lands except only for the term of his life of the inheritance of the said Philip. And for certain causes a day is given to them to hear their judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. And then judgment will be made concerning defaults, &c. And Philip puts in his place Henry de Trente or William Renulf in these & other pleas against the lord the King &c. Afterwards before the lord the King the said Philip puts in his place John de St. Martin in the plea &c. At which day the said Philip by his attorneys came. And a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which [day] the said Philip by his attorney came & a day is given to him in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. And thence a day is given to him in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. In the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. he came as before & a day is given to him in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever.

At which day the said Philip came by his attorney & a day is given to him in 3 weeks from the day of Easter wheresoever &c.
[At] which day the said Philip by his attorney came & a day is given to him in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c.
At which day the said Philip came by his attorney And Geoffrey ... came & a day is given to him in 5 weeks from the day of Easter in one year wheresoever &c.

And be it known that the said Geoffrey delivered here in court the extent which he says he believes to have been thereof made, which says thus: In the parish of St. Helier by the hand of the provost 30 livres of farm whereof part is collected in the parish of St. Saviour. Also in the parish of St. Helier tithes of the fief of Coolms 40 sols. Also in the said parish of St. Saviour of the farm

uerie xviiij. ſ. e Camptū de Carucata Dyne ad lx. ſ. Itm̃ in pochl̃ ſcē
Trinitatis Decima de feodo de Buron ad xl. ſ. Et in pochl̃ ſcī Joh̃nis
de feodo Buteuileyn de firma xxviiij. ſ. Et de Greueria xxviiij. d.
Et quarta ps vnus molend̃ ad lx. ſ. Itm̃ in pochl̃ ſcī Lauř de firma
xij. li. iiij. d. Decima de feodo Paynel in hiis duabz pochl̃ L. ſ. Itm̃
in om̃ibz pochiis p totū redditus quinq. q^rī frī p̃cii L. ſ. xv. pañ p̃cii
cui⁹bz I. d. xv. galliñ p̃cii xxx. d. e xx. oua p̃cii iij. d. ob. Itm̃ plita
e pquisita Cuř e inde nō liķauit extentam, nec in Carta sua con-
tinent. Et inde ſimilr̃ hent diem de Juđo suo auđ ſicut e de aliis.
Sciend̃ t̃ qđ p̃dcus Galfř p̃cipit de oibz tenentibz de p̃dco feodo rele-
uia e om̃imoda ſuicia que debent in eodem feodo.

Seq^r. Rex.

(M. 8.) **Adhuc de p̃litis coram p̃fatis Juſticiař in Inſula
de Jereſeye de eod̃ Blin'e.**

ffreſingfeld.

Jereſeye.

Dñs Rex p Wiłm des mareys qui ſequit^r p eo petit ſuſus
+ obiit inquirat^r tē
Robtm Conſtanciē Epm̃ vuū meſ quinquaginta e quinq. ſolidatas
redd̃, e reddm̃ trm̃ quartioř fruñti, e duas ſolidatas firme de Cuſ-
tuma cū ptiñ in Inſula de Gerneř. Et ſuſus eundem Epm̃ aduocaçoem
ecclie de Serk. Et ſuſus eundem Epm̃ quadraginta ſolidatas redd̃
cum ptiñ in pochl̃ be Marie, et aduocaçoem medietatis decime garbař
ecclie ſcī Saluatoris in hac Inſula vt Jus tē. Et vnde dicit qđ dñs
H. Rex, auus dñi Reg⁹ nūc, fuit in ſeiſina de p̃dcis teñ tempe pacis
vt de feodo e Jure Ceronc ſue tē. Et de p̃dcis aduocaçoibz ſimilr̃,
e ad eaſdem ecclias p̃ſentauit Clicos ſuos qui ad p̃ſentaçoſ ſuas
ffuunt admiſſi e inſtituti in eiſdem tē. Et qđ tale ſit Jus ip̃ius dñi
Reg⁹ offert ṽficare p dño Rege ſicut Cuř conſ.

called la Greverie 18 sols and the champart of the ploughland of Dync at 60 sols. Also in the parish of Holy Trinity the tithes of the fief of Buron at 40 sols. And in the parish of St. John of the fief Boutevillon 28 sols of farm. And 28 deniers of Greverie. And the 4th part of one mill, 60 sols. Also in the parish of St. Lawrence 12 livres 0s. 4d. of farm. The tithes of the fee of Paynel in these 2 parishes 50 sols. Also in all the parishes a total rent of 5 quarters of wheat price 50 sols, 15 loaves price of each 1 denier, 15 hens price 30 deniers & 20 eggs price 1½ deniers. Also the pleas & profits of the court, & thereof he did not deliver an extent, neither is it contained in his charter. And thereof likewise he has a day to hear his judgment as also of the other things. Be it known also that the said Geoffrey took from all his tenants of the said fief reliefs & all kinds of services which are owing in the same fief.

7 parishes.
Came.
The King
sues.

(M. 8.) **Continuation of the pleas before the Justices aforesaid in the Island of Jersey of the same eyre.**

Fresingfeld.

Jersey. The Lord the King by William des Mareys who sues for him he died, let enquiry be made &c. claims against Robert⁽¹⁾ Bishop of Coutances 1 messuage, 55 sols rent, & the rent of 3 quarters of wheat, & 2 sols of farm of custom with the appurtenances in the island of Guernsey. And against the same Bishop the advowson of the Church of Sark. And against the same Bishop 40 sols rent with the appurtenances in the parish of the Blessed Mary, & the advowson of the moiety of the tithe of the sheaves of the Church of St. Saviour in this island as of right &c. And thereupon he says that the lord H. the King grandfather of the now lord the King, was in seisin of the said tenements in the time of peace as of fee & right of his Crown &c. And of the said advowsons likewise, & to the same Churches presented his clerks who at his presentations were admitted & instituted into the same &c. And that the right of the said lord the King is such he offers to establish for the lord the King as the court shall determine.

(1) Robert d'Harcourt, brother of the Admiral Jean d'Harcourt.

Et Ep̃us misit huc de Cl̃icis suis qui p̃ eo allegarunt qđ p̃deces-
sores sui solebant cū nc̃e fuisset p̃litare coram Justiĉ hic p̃ p̃curatoř.
Et petierunt sic posse fieri ad p̃sens p̃ ip̃o asserentes qđ ad mandatū
Reg^o francie, iam est Itinans ūsus eum. Et Thomas de Ausses
ptulit hic quasdam lras sigillatas magno sigillo ip̃ius Ep̃i in hec ṽba.
Vniūsis hec visuř e audituř Robtus p̃missione diuina Constancieñ
ecclie minisť humilis saltm in dño. Notum facim^o qđ nos dīcos nřos
Decanū nřm in Insula de Jereseye e Thomam de Ausses Rectorem
ecclie s̃ci Martini vetis in eadem Insula, latores seu exhibitores p̃sen-
ciū p̃curatoř nřos constituim^o facimus e ordinamus ad compend p̃
nob in as̃ Illustrissimi p̃ncipis dñi Reg^o Angt p̃ gentes suas in In-
sulis tam Jereseye q̃m Gerner tenend deputatas nosq, defendend vbi
put e quando necesse fuit e viderint aut alter eoř expedire. Dantes
cisdem p̃curatoř e eoř cuilibet in solidum Ita qđ nō sit melior con-
dicio occupantis potestatem e mand speciale ad p̃missa om̃ia e singla,
nec nō e ad om̃ia facienda que faĉe potest, e debet p̃curatoř legitime
constitutus e quecumq, faĉemus si p̃sentes essemus. Ratum e g̃tum
h̃ituri quicquid cum ip̃is p̃cur e eoř quemlibet in solid ac p̃ vnū-
quemq, eoř agi contigit in p̃missis e singlis eořdem p̃mittentes p̃ ip̃is
p̃curatoř e eoř quolibet insolidū tam qūtū q̃m diuisim si necesse
fuit Judiĉ solui. In cui^o rei testimoniū sigillū nřm lris p̃sentibz est
appensum p̃cur nřis at̃ constitutis quos p̃ p̃sens p̃cur nō intendimus
reuocare, in suo nichomim^o Robore duraturis. Dat^o valeñ die martis
in Octab festi Natiuitatis b̃i Joñnis Bap̃e Anno dñi m^o ccc^{mo} Nono.
Et petiit admitti loco attorñ genat ip̃ius Ep̃i ex quo f̃cus est genat
eius p̃curator quod est vis eiusd. Et offert inuenire bonos pleġ qđ
Ep̃us ratum h̃ebit ip̃m p̃ hui^o attorñ t̃c. Et admittit si dñs Rex
acceptet p̃ptm Petⁱ de s̃co Elerio dñi de Saumuareys, Guiffi Payn
bursette, Joñnis de s̃co Martino p̃sbif e Joñnis de Caley. Et dicit

And the Bishop sent hither from among his clerks some who alleged for him that his predecessors were wont when it was necessary to plead before the Justices here by their proctors. And they prayed that it may be done so at present for him, asserting that at the mandate of the King of France the eyre is now against him. And Thomas de Ausses brought here certain letters sealed with the great seal of the said Bishop in these words. To all who shall see & hear these, Robert by divine permission the humble minister of the Church of Coutances greeting in the Lord: We make it known that we constitute, make & ordain our beloved our Dean in the island of Jersey & Thomas de Ausses, rector of the Church of St. Martin the old in the same island, the bearers or exhibitors of these presents, our proctors to appear for us in the assizes of the most illustrious prince the lord King of England deputed to be held by his people in the islands as well of Jersey as of Guernsey & to defend us where & when it shall be necessary and they or either of them shall deem it expedient. Giving to the same proctors & to each of them entirely (so that the condition of the person acting be not better than the other), the power & special mandate to all & each of the premises and also for doing all things which a proctor lawfully constituted can & ought to do & whatsoever we should do if we were present, holding ratified & confirmed whatsoever shall be done by the said proctors & each of them entirely & by either of them in the premises & each of them, promising for the said proctors & each of them entirely as well jointly as severally, if it shall be necessary, to suffer judgment. In witness whereof our seal has been affixed to the present letters, our proctors elsewhere constituted whom by these presents we do not intend to revoke as proctors this notwithstanding to remain in full force. Given at Valognes on Tuesday in the Octaves of the feast of the Nativity of St. John the Baptist in the year of our Lord 1309. And he claimed to be admitted in the place of the attorney general of the said Bishop because he is made his general proctor which is of the same authority. And he offers to find good pledges that the Bishop will hold him properly constituted as such attorney &c. And he is admitted, if the lord the King will accept, by the pledge of Peter de St. Helier lord of Samarès, of William Payn (Bursar), of John de St. Martin priest & of John de Caley. And he says that

qđ pđcūs Eps e omēs pdecessores sui Epi Constancieñ a tempe quo nō extat memoria semp pacifico tenfunt pđča teñ, aduocações e redd sicut ipe Eps ea modo tenet. Et qđ Ita est off^o t vificare p pñam.

Et Wills dicit p dño Rege qđ fiedes conquestoꝝ clamare possūt ab antiquo Et nō religiosi qui nichñ fient nisi ex collačone Regum vñ fideiū suoꝝ. Et dicit qđ ipe patus est vificare p dño Rege qđ Insule fñunt antiquitus de Epatu Exoñ. Et ex quo pđcūs Eps nō pfert fcm spale de tenuris suis, nec in forma competentī respondet ad seisinam dñi Reg^o, petit Iudm p dño Rege. Dies dat^o est ei de audiendo Iudō suo coram dño Rege a die scī Michis in vnū mensem vbicūq, tūc fñit in Angl^t tē. Postea ad diem illum apđ Westm veñ pđcūs Thomas offerens se p pđčo Epo in for^a qua p^lus tē. Et ctis de causis dat^o est ei dies de Iudō suo aud coram dño Rege a die Pasch in vnū mensem vbicūq, tūc fñit in Angl^t. Ad quem diem pđcūs Thoñ offerēs se vt p^lus venit, et datus est ei dies a die Pasch in vnū mensem vbicūq, tē.—Ad quē diem pđcūs Eps non venit. Ideo pcedat^r ad iudiciū p eius defaltam sed ctis de causis ponit^r in respectū vsq, a die Pasch in xv. dies vbicūq, tē.—Ad quem diem pđcūs Eps non veñ. Ido vt p^lus respectuat^r iudm vsq, a die Pasch in vnū mensem vbicūq, tē. In Crastino aīaz vbicūq, tē. Ad q diē iudiciū pđcm vt p^lus resp^otuat^r vsq, a die Pasch in vnū menš vbicūq, tē. Ad q diē iudiciū resp^otuat^r vsq, a die Pasch in tres sep^t vbicūq, tē.—Ad quem diem iudm resp^otuatur vsq, a die Pasch in xv dies vbicūq, tē. Ad quē diē testat^r qđ pđcūs Eps obiit Sed vt sciat^r inde rei fñtas mandai est Otoni de Grandisono ut eius locū teñ qđ Rē inde ctificet a die Pasch in quinq, sept^{as} pñ futu^r in vnū añū vbičq, tē.

Seq^r Rex si tē,

+

Idem Eps suñ fuit ad respondend dño Regi de plito quo Waranto sine licencia e voluntate dñi Reg^o e pgenitoꝝ suoꝝ Regum

the said Bishop & all his predecessors Bishops of Coutances from time immemorial always peacefully held the said tenements, advowsons & rents as the said Bishop now holds them. And that this is so he offers to establish by verdict of the country.

And William says for the lord the King that the heirs of acquirers may claim from ancient times, and not ecclesiastics, who have nothing except of the collation of kings or of their faithful people. And he says that he is ready to establish for the lord the King that the islands were anciently of the bishopric of Exeter. And because the said Bishop does not bring a special deed of his tenures nor answers in proper form to the seisin of the lord the King, he claims judgment for the lord the King. A day is given to him to hear his judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever he shall then be in England &c. Afterwards at that day at Westminster came the said Thomas offering himself for the said Bishop in the form as before &c. And for certain causes a day is given to him to hear his judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. On which day the said Thomas offering himself as before comes, & a day is given to him in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. On which day the said Bishop did not come. Therefore it is proceeded to judgment by his default, but for certain causes it is put in respite in 15 days to the day of Easter wheresoever &c. On which day the said Bishop did not come. Therefore as before judgment is respited in one month to the day of Easter wheresoever &c. In the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. At which day the said judgment as before is respited in one month to the day of Easter wheresoever &c. On which day judgment is respited in 3 weeks to the day of Easter wheresoever &c. On which day judgment is respited in 15 days to the day of Easter wheresoever &c. On which day it is witnessed that the said Bishop has died, but that the truth of the matter therein may be known it is commanded to Otto de Grandison or his lieutenant to certify the King therein in 5 weeks from the day of Easter next to come in one year wheresoever &c.

The Abbot
did not come.

The Bishop
came.

Did not come.

Did not come.

The King
sues if &c.

The same Bishop was summoned to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by what warrant without the license & will of the

Angl^{us} vsurpauit e sibi attraxit cogniçoem plitoꝝ de t^{ra}nsgressiōibz in Insulis dñi Reg^{is} de Gerneŕ, Jereseye, Serk, e Auren^y cont^a pacem ipius dñi Reg^{is} fciis, et de cataŕ et debitis que nō sunt de testamento vť matrimonio quoꝝ cogniço mere spectat ad Coronam e dignitatem ipius dñi. Et vnde Wiŕŕs des mareys qui sequit^r p dño Rege dicit qđ licet Cognicio oĩm plitoꝝ de t^{ra}nsgressiōibz qualicūq, quibzcuq, p quoscūq, illatis in Insulis, et de debitis e cataŕ laicalibz que nō sunt de testamento vť mat^{ri}monio, simit^r quibzcuq, a quibzcuq, debeant^r, tam de Jure q^{ua}m de consuetudine spectet ad Coronam e dignitatem dñi Reg^{is}, et ipse dñs Rex e oĩnes pgenitores sui Reges Angl^{us}, e dñi Insulaꝝ a tempe quo nō extat memoria extit^{er} inde in seisinā e possessione pacifica, pđcūs Epūs iam de nouo vsurpauit sibi attraxit e intendit attrahere cogniçoem plitoꝝ de t^{ra}nsgressiōibz in Insulis fciis cuicumq, Cllico p laicum vť aŕm e cuicumq, laico p Cllicum, e de debitis e cataŕ laicalibz Cllicum qualicūq, contingentibz simit^r cont^a fidem qua dño Regi tenet^r de temporalibz suis in lesionem e piudm Corone e dignitatis dñi Reg^{is}, e ad dampnū suū mille libr. Et qđ Ita est offert vřificare p dño Rege. Quer^{it} t^{amen} p dño Rege qđ cum moris fřit a tempe quo nō extat memoria qđ cum Cllici capti fuissent p c^{on}minibz, p quibz ličandi sunt Ordinario debent e solent Cllici hui^{us} p Epōs peti coram Justič vť aliis Judicibz potestatem hētibz inde cognoscendi e in casibz consuetis ei vť illi qui p ipm p lras suas patentes ad hoc assigni libari cū inhibiçoe si libandus male credit^r de c^{on}mine qđ nō delibet^r a p^{er}sona sine competenti purgaçoe tē. Et sic vsitatū fřit in Insulis tempibz pgenitoꝝ ipius dñi Reg^{is} Regum Angl^{us} e p^{re}decessoꝝ ipius Epī e alioꝝ Epōꝝ in quoꝝ Diocesi Insule solent esse pđcūs Epūs iam quasi de nouo q^{ua}mcicius aliquis Cllicus captus sit p c^{on}mine vť attachi p Baŕm Insule p qualicūq, t^{ra}nsgressiōe statim p tras Offic^{ium} sui Constanč, qui nō est de ligiancia dñi Reg^{is}, nec ad

lord the King & his progenitors Kings of England he usurped & took to himself cognizance of the pleas of the trespasses made against the peace of the lord the King in his islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Sark & Alderney, & of the chattels & debts which do not relate to wills or marriage, the cognizance whereof belongs only to the Crown & dignity of the said lord. And thereupon William des Mareys who sues for the lord the King says that although the cognizance of all pleas of trespasses of whatsoever nature they may be arising in the islands, & of debts and lay chattels which do not relate to wills or marriage likewise by whomsoever they may be owed, belongs to the Crown & dignity of the lord the King as well by law as by custom ; & that the said lord the King & all his progenitors kings of England & lords of the islands from time immemorial have been in seisin & peaceable possession thereof, the aforesaid Bishop now anew usurped, took to himself & intends to take to himself the cognizance of the pleas of trespasses made in the island to any clerk by a layman or other, or to any layman by a clerk, & of the debts & chattels of laymen in any way touching the clerk, likewise against the fealty by which he holds his temporalities of the lord the King, to the loss & prejudice of the Crown & dignity of the lord the King & to his damage to the value of 1000 livres. And that this is so he offers to establish for the lord the King. And it is also claimed for the lord the King that whereas it has been the custom from time immemorial that when clerks were taken for crimes for which they are to be delivered to the ordinary, such clerks ought & are wont to be claimed by the Bishops before the Justices or other judges having power to take cognizance thereof & in ordinary cases to be delivered to him or to that one who shall be assigned thereto by him by his letters patent with the inhibition that if the one to be delivered be thought guilty of the crime that he shall not be delivered out of the prison without sufficient punishment &c. And so it was used in the islands in the times of the progenitors of the said lord the King, Kings of England & of the predecessors of the said Bishop & of other Bishops in whose diocese the islands were wont to be ;—the said Bishop now almost as if anew as soon as any clerk is taken for crime or attached by the bailiff of the island for whatsoever trespass forthwith by letters of his official at

eius fidem minatorias e excoicatorias singlis Capellanis Insulaꝝ directas compellit Baſſm ad hui⁹ Clicum statim deliſand Decano Insule cū casu e causa attachi, et Decanus illū mittet cū sibi placūit p̄dco Officē ex^a regnū Angl̄, eciam licet t^ansgressio illa f̄ca sit ip̄i dño Regi de Cuniclis suis v̄l aliū. Et tūc p̄d̄cus Officē p̄ voluntate sua facit illi Clico ḡram t̄c., e cum fr̄is suis remittit eum in Insulas, purgaçoe modo legitimo nō f̄ca, nec aliquo Insulanoꝝ inde p̄munito, e sic p̄ compulsionem Ep̄i morant^r hui⁹ Clici in Insulis tanq^m hoīes pacis, nec ob timorem excoicaçom ipoꝝ Ep̄i e Officē sui audet aliquis ad illos manus appoſſe, licet nec dño Regi, nec p̄ti lese f̄ſit in aliquo satisf̄m in magnam p̄ turbaçoem pacis dñi Reg⁹ e dampnū p̄pli sui t̄c. Et qđ Ita est offert v̄ſicare p̄ dño Rege t̄c. Et petit ad hoc nō ven̄ remediū adhiberi t̄c. Et Thomas dicit qđ ip̄e nō audet nec vult de Jurisdicçoe dñi sui coram ministris ſecularibꝫ plitare, nec aliud vult inde diçe licet ſepius ad hoc inſpellat⁹.

Respice in tergo de eodem.

(M. 8 d.) **Adhuc de p̄litis coram p̄ſatis Juſticiari in Inſula de Beresepe de eodem Glin'e.**

ffresingfeld.

Et Wiſſus dicit qđ ex quo p̄d̄cus Thomas optulit ſe p̄ geſſali p̄curatore ip̄ius Ep̄i petens ſe admitti vt eius geſſalem attorū hic in Cuī e inuenit ſecuī de Rato t̄c p̄ut constat Cuī debet ip̄e Ep̄us p̄ ip̄m Thomam qui p̄sens est in Cuī dño Regi inde Respondere v̄l haberi p̄ indefenſo. Et instanē petit Judm p̄ dño Rege t̄c. Dies dat⁹ est ei de audiendo Judo ſuo coram dño Rege a die ſc̄i Michis in vnū menſem vbicumqꝫ tūc f̄ſit in Angl̄. Et dēm est p̄d̄co Thome qđ niſi dñs ſuus hab̄ſit attorū ad hoc ſc̄m p̄ Cancellariam Anglie totū

Coutances who is not of the allegiance of the lord the King nor of his fealty [by] threats & excommunications directed to all chaplains of the islands compels the bailiff to forthwith deliver such clerk immediately to the Dean of the island with the case & cause of attachment, & the Dean shall send him when it shall please him to the said official outside the kingdom of England, even although that trespass be made to the said lord the King of his conies or otherwise. And then the said official at his will shows favour to that clerk, &c., & with his letters he sends him back to the islands, punishment not having been made in lawful manner, nor any of the islanders having been warned thereof, & so by compulsion of the Bishop such clerks live in the islands as men of peace, nor for fear of excommunication of the said Bishop & his official dare anybody lay hands upon them, although neither to the lord the King nor to the party wronged was satisfaction given in any thing to the great disturbance of the peace of the lord the King & to the damage of his people &c. And that this is so he offers to establish for the lord the King &c. And he claims that remedy may be applied for this &c. And Thomas says that he neither dares nor will plead for the jurisdiction of his lord before secular officers, neither will he say anything therein although again & again questioned on the subject.

[Continued on the back of the same.]

(M. 8 d.) **Continuation of the pleas before the said Justices in the island of Jersey of the same eyre.**

Fresingfeld.

And William says that whereas the said Thomas presents himself as the general proctor of the said Bishop praying to be admitted as his attorney-general here in the court & finds security for his proper appointment &c. as it appears to the court, the said Bishop ought to answer to the King by the same Thomas who is present here in court or to be considered as undefended. And he earnestly claims judgment for the lord the King &c. A day is given to him to hear his judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever he shall then be in England. And it is said to the said Thomas that unless his lord shall have an attorney hereto

Eps nō veñ
nec Thom̃ tē

amittet tē. Postea ad diem illū ap̃d Westm̃ p̃d̃c̃us Thomas veñ sicut
e p̃lus tē. Et dicit se nullo modo velle p̃litare de Jur̃dic̃oe dñi sui
in Cuñ hic. Et h̃itis inde p̃libz al̃cãcoibz tē, dat⁹ est eis⁽¹⁾ dies de
Jud̃o suo auđ coram dño Rege a die Pasch̃ in vnū meñs vbicūq, tūc
fuit in Angl̃. Ad quem diem p̃d̃c̃us Thomas venit, et dat⁹ est ei
dies a die Pasch̃ in vnū mensem vbicumq, tē. Ad quem diem p̃d̃c̃i
Eps e Thom̃ non veñ, Iō de ip̃o Ep̃o ad iudiciū tē, sed ponit⁹ in res-
pectū vsq, a die Pasch̃ in xv dies vbicūq, tē. Et deinde resp̃tuat⁹
iudm̃ vsq, a die Pasch̃ in vnū mensem vbicūq, tē. In Crastino aīaz
vbicūq, tē. Ad q̃ die iudiciū p̃d̃c̃m vt sup⁹ resp̃tuat⁹ vsq, a die Pasch̃
in vnū meñs vbicūq, tē. Ad q̃ die iudiciū p̃d̃c̃m resp̃tuat⁹ vsq, a die
Pasch̃ in tres sep̃t vbicūq, tē. Ad quē diem iudm̃ resp̃tuat⁹ vsq, a
die Pasch̃ in xv dies vbicūq, tē. Ad quē diē Judm̃ resp̃tuat⁹ vsq,
a die Pasch̃ in q̃nq, sept⁹s p̃x futuř in vnū annū vbičq, tē.

Seq⁹ Rex tē

Dñs Rex p̃ Guiffm̃ des mareys qui sequit⁹ p̃ eo petit vsus Abbem̃
obiit inquirat⁹
de monte sc̃i Mich̃is in pic̃to maris vnū molendinū e reddm̃ Campti
bladoz oīm tenenciū ip̃ius Abbis in nigro monte in poch̃ sc̃i Broelardi,
et aduocãones Prioratus de Laik, e eccl̃ie sc̃i Audoeni vt Jus tē.
Et vnde Idem Guiffus dicit p̃ dño Rege, qđ dñs H. Rex auus tē fuit
seisitus de p̃d̃c̃is teñ e aduocãcoibz tē, tēpe pacis, vt de Jure e feodo
Corone sue, Et qđ tale sit Jus Reg⁹ offert ṽficare p̃ dño Rege sicut
Cuñ cons̃.

Idem Abbas suñ fuit qđ esset hic ad hunc diem ad respond̃
dño Regi de p̃lito quo Waranto sine licencia e voluntate dñi Reg⁹ e
p̃genitoz suoz Regum Angl̃ claīm h̃ere libam Warennam p̃ totū feodū
suū de nigro monte, e Wreccum maris ibidem accidens que spectant

(1) Sic.

appointed by the Chancery of England he will lose all &c. Afterwards at that day at Westminster the said Thomas came as before &c. And says that he does not in any way wish to plead concerning the jurisdiction of his lord in the court here. And pleas, altercations, &c. being had therein, a day is given to them to hear their judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. At which day the said Thomas came & a day is given to him in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. On which day the said Bishop & Thomas did not come. Therefore concerning the said Bishop to judgment &c., but it is put in respite until 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. And thence judgment is respited until one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. In the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. On which day the said judgment as above is respited in one month to the day of Easter wheresoever &c. On which day the said judgment is respited in 3 weeks from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. On which day judgment is respited until 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day judgment is respited until 5 weeks from the day of Easter next coming in one year wheresoever &c.

The Bishop
did not come
nor Thomas
&c.

The King
sues &c.

The lord the King by William des Mareys who sues for him he died, let enquiry be made. claims against the Abbot of Mount St. Michael 'in periculo maris' one mill & the rent of the champart of the corn of all the tenants of the said Abbot in Noirmont in the parish of St. Brelade, & the advowsons of the Priory de Lecq & of the Church of St. Ouen, as his right &c. And thereupon the said William says for the lord the King that the lord H. the King the grandfather &c. was seised of the said tenements & advowsons &c. in the time of peace as of the right & fee of his crown. And that such is the right of the lord the King he offers to establish for the lord the King as the court shall determine.

The same Abbot was summoned to be here at this day to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by what warrant without the license & will of the lord the King & his progenitors Kings of England he claims to have free warren throughout all his fee of Noirmont, & wreck of the sea occurring there, which belong to the

ad Coronam e dignitatem dñi Reg^o. Et Abbas p attorñ suū veñ,
Et dicit qđ quidam Pñus de Cartrahio p Cartam suam dañ anno dñi
m^o c lxxij^o dedit Abbie de monte sđi Michis pđčam eccliam sđi Au-
doeni cum oñibz ad ipam spectantibz pter id solum quod de decimis
frugum monach̃ sđi Saluatoris e scimoniales h̃ere debent. Et simitr
dedit eis Capellam be marie cū ptiñ eiusdem in eadem poch̃ e iux^a
illam quamdam mansionem vbi P'orat^o ille puus p pdecessores suos
constitutus est. Et pfert Cartam pđčam que hoc testat^r. Et dicit
qđ oñes pdecessores sui Abbes de p'dčo monte, e ipe a tempe quo
nō extat memoria post p'dčm donū semp tenfunt pacifice p'dčas
eccliam Capellam e mansionem. Et hoc off^t vificare p pñam. Et
quo ad molend̃, reddm Campti e libam Warennam, dicit qđ ab an-
tiquo quidam Rex Angl̃ dedit cuidam pdecessori suo quond̃ Abbi tč
feod̃ de Nigro monte in hac Insula cū oñibz ptiñ suis, vnde molend̃
illud est membr̃ e Camptū simitr in escamb̃ p teñ que ipe Abbas fuit
in Insula de Aureny que dño Regi remanserunt e adhuc remauent.
Et oñes Abbes tč e pdecessores sui a tempe pđci doni e illi qui
antea feod̃ illud tenfunt a tempe quo nō extat memoria semp vsi
ffñt h̃ere libam Warennam in feodo illo. Et hoc offert vificare p
pñam. Et quoad Wreccū dicit sicut e in Insula de Gerneñ qđ dñs
E. Rex pañ tč p Cartam suam testat^r qđ anteq^a Rex fuit dum dñs
erat Insulaz inquiri fecit de Wrecco ad Abbiam illam ptinente, et qđ
inuenit qđ pdecessor̃ ipius Abbis ab antiquo h̃ebant e pcipiebant
Wreccum hui^o in oñibz tris suis in hac Insula ab antiquo pter teñ
sua in poch̃ sđi Clementis, Et hui^o Wreccum p pđčam Cartam suam
eis confirmavit imppm̃. Et sic clañ ipe pcipe Wreccum tč.

Et pđcus Guiffus qui sequit^r p dño Rege, quo ad pđča eccliam,
Prioratum, molend̃ e Camptū, petit qđ rei vitas inquirat^r p dño Rege.

crown & dignity of the lord the King. And the Abbot by his attorney comes & says that a certain Philip de Carteret by his charter dated A. D. 1167, gave to the Abbey of Mount St. Michael the said Church of St. Ouen with all things belonging to the same except that only which the monks of St. Saviour & the holy nuns ought to have of the tithes of the fruit. . And he likewise gave to them the Chapel of the Blessed Mary with the appurtenances of the same in the same parish and next to a certain mansion where that small priory was established by their predecessors. And he produces the charter aforesaid which witnesses this. And he says that all his predecessors Abbots of the said mount & himself from time immemorial after the said gift always held peaceably the said Church chapel & mansion. And this he offers to establish by verdict of the country. And as to the mill, rent of the champart & free warren he says that in ancient times a certain King of England gave to a certain one of his predecessors formerly Abbot &c. the fee of Noirmont in this island with all its appurtenances, whereof that mill is a member & the champart likewise in exchange for the tenements which the said Abbot had in the island of Alderney which had remained & still remain to the lord the King. And all the Abbots &c. and their predecessors from the time of the said gift & those who before held that fee from time immemorial were always used to have free warren in that fee. And this he offers to establish by verdict of the country. And as to wreck he says as & in the island of Guernsey that the lord E. the King father &c. by his charter witnesses that before he was King while he was lord of the islands he caused enquiry to be made concerning wreck belonging to that Abbey, & that he found that the predecessors of the said Abbot of old had & took such wreck in all their lands in this island from ancient times except their tenements in the parish of St. Clement. And such wreck by his said charter he confirmed to them for ever. And so he claims to take wreck &c.

And the aforesaid William who sues for the lord the King, regarding the said Church, Priory, mill & champart, claims that the truth of the matter may be enquired into for the lord the King.

Et quo ad Warennam tē, dicit qđ dñs H. Rex auus tē dedit pdča teñ in escamb̃ cuidam Abbi pdecessori tē vnde dicit qđ Abbas nō potest claĩn Warennam ab antiquo. Et ex quo Abbas nō ostendit inde fcm speciale petit Judm p dño Rege. Et quo ad Wreccū dicit simitr qđ ex quo pdčus dñs H. Rex auus tē dedit pdča teñ in escamb̃ tē et pdecessores pdči Abbis nich habũunt in illo feodo ante donū illud, pdčus Abbas nō potest clamare Wreccū p virtutem pdče Carte dñi Reg^o que continet qđ inuent̃ fuit p inquis qđ Abbes pdče domus fuerunt Wreccū in feodo illo ab antiquo, ex quo p recordū Rotloz pdči dñi H. Regis aui tē, repiet^r qđ Abbes tē feodū illud fuerunt de dono suo, p quod clamare nō possent fire Wreccū, nisi in Carta sua continet^r, vnde petit Judm p dño Rege. Et Jur̃ quo ad aduocações pdčoꝝ Prioratus e ecclie, dicunt sup sacrm suū qđ Abbes de pdčo monte eas tenũunt a tempe quo nō extat memoria in forma qua modo eas tenet. Dicunt t̃ qđ simitr tenũunt pdča molend̃ e Camptum a tempe pdči escambii tē. Et qz pdčus Abbas nō ostendit hic aliquam Cartam dñi Reg^o de pdčo escambio. Iō tam inde qm de Warennam e Wrecco, datus est ei dies de audiendo Judo suo coram dño Rege a die sc̃i Michis in vnū meñs vbicumq, tūc fũit in Angl̃ tē. Et Abbas po. lo. suo Johem le moigne vl̃ Wifm Siglel. Postea ad diem illū apđ Westm̃ pdčus Abbas veñ p attorñ suū. Et etis de causis dat^o est eis dies de Judo suo aud̃ coram dño Rege a die Pasch̃ in vnū meñs vbicūq, tūc fũit in Angl̃. Ad quem diem pdčus Abbas p attorñ suū veñ e dat̃ est eis dies vsq, a die Pasch̃ in vnū mensem, vbicūq, tē.

veñ Ad quē diem pdčus Abbas p attorñ suū veñ, e datus est ei dies a die Pasche in xv dies vbicūq, tē. Ad q̃ diē pdčus Abbas veñ, Et dat^o est ei dies a die Pasch̃ in vnū meñs vbicūq, tē. In Crastino aĩaz vbicūq, tē.

veñ Ad q̃ diē pdčs Abbas veñ e dat^o est ei dies a die Pasch̃ in vnū meñs

And as to the warren, &c. he says that the lord H. the King, the grandfather &c. gave the said tenements in exchange to a certain Abbot a predecessor &c. whereupon he says that the Abbot cannot claim the warren of old. And inasmuch as the Abbot does not show any special deed thereof, he claims judgment for the lord the King. And as to the wreck he says likewise that inasmuch as the said lord H. the King the grandfather &c. gave the said tenements in exchange &c. and the predecessors of the said Abbot had nothing in that fee before that gift, the aforesaid Abbot cannot claim wreck by virtue of the said charter of the lord the King which contains that it was found by inquisition that the Abbots of the said house had wreck in that fee of ancient time, because by the record of the rolls of the said lord H. the King the grandfather &c. it appears that the Abbots &c. had that fee of his gift, by which they cannot claim to have wreck unless it is contained in their charter, whereupon he claims judgment for the lord the King. And the jurors, regarding the advowsons of the said Priory & Church, say upon their oath that the Abbots of the said Mount held them from time immemorial in the form in which he now holds them. And they say that they likewise held the said mill & champart from the time of the said exchange &c. And because the said Abbot does not show here any charter of the lord the King of the said exchange, therefore as well thereof as of warren & wreck a day is given to him to hear his judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever he shall then be in England &c. And the Abbot put in his place John le Moigne or William Siglel. Afterwards at that day at Westminster the said Abbot came by his attorney. And for certain causes a day is given to him to hear his judgment before the lord the King in one month from the said day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. At which day the said Abbot by his attorney came & a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Abbot by his attorney came, & a day is given to him in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Abbot came, & a day is given to him in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. In the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. At which day the said

Came :

vbicūq, tē. Ad q̄ diē p̄dūs Abbas veñ, e dat⁹ est ei dies a die Pascē in tres sep̄ vbicūq, tē. Ad quem diem p̄dūs Abbas veñ e datus est ei dies a die Pascē in xv dies vbicūq, tē. Ad quē diē testat^r qđ Abb obiit, sed vt sciat^r inde rei ſitas mand^t est Otoni de Grandisono qđ Regē certificet a die Pascē in q̄nq, sept^{is} p̄x futu^r in vnu añ vbicūq, tē.

Seq^r Rex tē

(M. 9.) **Adhuc de plitis coram p̄fatis Justiciā in Insula de Jereſ de eod̄ ſine.**

ffresingfeld.

Jereſeye.

Cōitas hui⁹ Insule allocuta qua lege vtunt^r e p̄ quam legem clamant deduci an videt^r p̄ legem Anglie vel Normanñ, aut p̄ sp̄ales consuetudines eis p̄ Reges concessas tē, Dicunt qđ p̄ legem Normanñ excepto qđ ip̄i ſient etas consuetudines in hac Insula vsitatas a tempe quo memoria nō existit diſſantes tū a legibz Normannoz put patet plenius in quadam cedula quam hic liſarunt. Et dicunt qđ ip̄i ſint de Indigenis hui⁹ Insule xij hoīes Ju^r Reg⁹ qui vna cū Baſſo Insule in absencia Justi^c e vna cum Justi^c cū huc adueſſint debent Judicare de oībz casibz in hac Insula qualiſcumq, enūgentibz, exceptis casibz vbi spectat redemp^o p̄ voluntate dñi Reg⁹ e Cu^r sue, vnde taxa^o mere spectat ad dñm Regem e Cu^r suam tē. Sed ip̄i xij debent vna cum Justiciā de hiis que coram eis fiunt in cōi e vna cū Baſſio de hiis que coram eis fiunt in absencia Justiciarioz fa^ce record^t tē. Et post aſſ totū record^t erit ip̄oz xij. vna cum Baſſo tē, cū dñs Rex scribere volūit ad faciend^t inde record^t venire coram eo.

Postea p̄dca Cōitas suū fuit ad respondend^t dño Regi de plito quo Waranto sine licencia e voluntate dñi Reg⁹ e p̄genitoz suoz Regū Anglⁱ clamant ſire de ſeip̄is vnam duodenā hoīm Ju^r dño Regi

Came : Abbot came & a day is given to him in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Abbot came, & a day is given to him in three weeks from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Abbot came & a day is given to him in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day it is witnessed that the Abbot is dead, but that the truth of the matter may be thereof known it is commanded to Otho de Grandison that he certify the King in 5 weeks from the day of Easter next coming in one year wheresoever &c.

**The King
sues &c.**

**(M. 9.) Continuation of the pleas before the aforesaid Justices in
the Island of Jersey of the same eyre.**

Fresingfeld.

The commonalty of this island being asked what law they use & by what law they claim to be governed whether to wit, by the law of England or of Normandy, or by special customs granted to them by the Kings &c. say by the law of Normandy, except that they have certain customs used in this island from time immemorial differing however from the laws of the Normans as appears more fully in a certain schedule which they have here delivered. And they say that they have of the natives of this island 12 men jurats of the King, who, together with the bailiff of the island, in the absence of the justices & together with the justices when they shall come hither ought to judge of all cases in this island in what way soever arising, except cases where the redemption appertains to the will of the lord the King & of his court, whereof the taxation belongs merely to the lord the King & his court &c. But those 12 ought to make a record &c. together with the justices of those things which are done before them in common, & together with the bailiff [to make a record] of those things which are done before them in the absence of the justices. And after the assize the whole record shall be of those 12 together with the bailiff &c. when the lord the King shall wish to write to cause the record thereof to come before him.

Afterwards the said commonalty was summoned to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by what warrant without the license & will of the lord the King & his progenitors Kings of

qui Judm e record facient de oīmimodis plitis agitatis e plitatis coram Baillis dñi Reg^o de Inñ. Et t̃ coram Justiciar̃ ip̃ius dñi Reg^o, cum ad ptes istas veñint tam de plitis Corone dñi Reg^o q^m aliis plitis quibzcumq^b. Et t̃ de contemptibz e t^ansg^r f̃cis ip̃i dño Regi e Corone e dignitati sue e t̃ Cu^r sue e ministris suis que quidem cognicoes e Judiço^z reddicoes ad ip̃m dñm Regem e Coronam e dignitatem suam e ministros suos p ip̃m sp̃alr ad hoc deputatos et nō ad aīm mere spectant. Et t̃ quo Waranto clamant qđ nō liceat dño Regi vt Justiç suis p ip̃m sp̃ali^r assign^atis ad Itinānd in hiis Insul̃ inquirere de feloñ e aliis f̃cis cont^a pacem dñi Reg^o p ptes hoīes ponend in Inqui^s q^m sex vt ad maius octo quod manifeste cedit in lesionem Corone e dignitatis dñi Reg^o. Et vnde Wiſſs des mareys qui sequit^r p dño Rege dicit p dño Rege qđ vbi ab antiquo, cum dñs Rex qui p tempe f̃fuit miserit Justiç huc ad Itinānd t̃c vt ad audiend e t̃minand ēta negocia t̃c Justiç illi pcedere solent ad Judm iux^a discreçoes suas nisi tantūmodo in casibz tota^r tangentibz Insulanos e tenuras suas adinvicem petitas de quibz Iidem Justiç quibz consuetudīes Insule sunt incognite petierunt am̃samentū a xij. Ju^r t̃c anteq^m pcesserunt ad Judm t̃c p̃dca Cōitas iam de nouo p hui^o Ju^r suos volunt sibi attrahere Ju^rdicçōem regiam t̃c in lesionem Corone e dignitatis dñi Reg^o. Et qđ Ita est offert ṽficare p dño Rege sicut Cu^r cons̃.

Et Cōitas veñ, e diç qđ ip̃i e eo^z p̃genitores Insulani hic a tempe quo memoria nō existit semp vsi f̃funt h̃ndi xij Ju^r hui^o de seip̃is, qui eligi debent p ministros dñi Reg^o e optimates p̃rie cū opus f̃fuit scit̃ post mortem vnus eo^z alⁱ f̃fidedignus, simi^r si quis eo^z cōuictus fuisset a casu de falsitate loco suo debet alⁱ s̃stitui. Et debent Jurare sine condiçione tantum ad manutenend e saluand Jura dñi Reg^o e pat^ota^z. Et ip̃i xij. debent iudicare de oīibz causis

England they claim to have of themselves a dozen men sworn to the lord the King who make judgment & record of all manner of pleas moved & impleaded before the bailiffs of the lord the King in the islands, and also before the Justices of the same lord the King when they shall come to these parts as well of the pleas of the Crown of the lord the King as of other pleas whatsoever. And also of contempts & trespasses made against the said lord the King & his crown & dignity & also against his court & his officers; which said cognizances & delivering of judgments belong only to the said lord the King & his crown & dignity & his officers specially deputed by him for this matter, & not to any other. And also by what warrant they claim that it is not lawful to the lord the King or his Justices by him specially assigned to go in eyre in these islands to enquire concerning felonies & other things done against the peace of the lord the King by putting more men on an inquisition than 6 or at most 8 which manifestly tends to the contempt of the crown & dignity of the lord the King. And thereupon William des Mareys who sues for the lord the King says for the lord the King that where of old when the lord the King, who then was, sent justices here in eyre &c. or to hear & determine certain causes &c. those justices were wont to proceed to judgment according to their discretion excepting only in cases altogether touching the islanders & their tenures mutually sued for, of which the said justices to whom the customs of the island are unknown sought advice from the 12 jurats &c. before they proceeded to judgment &c.—the said commonalty now anew by such their jurats wish to draw to themselves the royal jurisdiction &c. in contempt of the crown & dignity of the lord the King. And that this is so he offers to establish for the lord the King as the court shall determine.

And the commonalty come & say that they & their progenitors the islanders here from time immemorial were always used to have 12 such jurats of themselves who ought to be chosen by the officers of the lord the King & the magnates of the country when need shall be, to wit, after the death of one of them another one trustworthy, also if one of them be convicted in a case of corruption another ought to be substituted in his place. And they ought to swear without condition except to maintain & preserve the rights of the lord the King & of their countrymen. And those 12 ought to judge all

plitis contemptibz tⁿsg^r feloniis f^cis vicinis ex^aneis e aliis quibz-
cumq, exceptis tñ casibz nimis arduis sicut p^dc^m est et emend^r o^mn
p^missoz p^dcⁱs arduis exceptis debent i^pi xij taxa^r. Dicunt t̃ q^d si
dñs Rex velit c^tiorari de recordo p^liti coram Justic^e e i^pis xij agitata
Justic^e vna cū ill^x xij debent record^r illud fa^ce. Et post Iter record^r
fiet p i^pos xij. vna cum Ballo. Et de agitatis coram Ballo e i^pis hnt
i^pi record^r coniunctim t^c. Et sic vti solent ab antiquo. Et q^d Ita
est off^punt v^ficare sicut Cu^r considera^rit.

Et Willus dicit p dño Rege q^d p^dcⁱ xij. nunq^a consue^runt h^ere
record^r nisi tantū in casu vt sectatores Cu^r Baroñ t^c. Di^c e^m q^d
cum quis implitans vt implitat^o coram Ballo e Ju^r fa^ce velit attorñ,
hoc fa^ce nō potest nisi ps ad^lisa p^sens f^uit q^ando fit attorñ si^c in Cu^r
Baroñ vbi si plenū record^r fuissent put clamant possent i^pi tam in
absencia q^am p^sencia p^tis attorñ recipe e receptū recordari. Di^c t̃
q^d si p^dcⁱ xij. cum ve^rint coram Justic^e velint a^r recorda^r cont^a ptem
aliquam q^am sc^dm id, q^d coram eis f^uit agitatū, et ps allega^rit q^d
p^litum a^r se fiet q^am i^pi recordant^r e illud volūnt p^bare cum
effectū, debet e solet ad hoc admitti quod nō fieret si xij illi plenū
recordū fuissent. Di^c t̃ q^d Cōitas hic nō vtit^r ad p^sens antiquis
consuetudinibz. Di^c enim q^d manifestum est q^d o^mes Insulani sunt
vnius e eiusd^e lingue, e tempe quo Ducat^o Normanñ fuit Ducem f^uit
Insule Ducis illius, et quociens Insulani faciunt p^quisitū a Cu^r dñi
Reg^o, semp ad eo^r suggestionem scribit^r sc^dm legem e consuetud^e In-
sula^r e sic patet q^d in o^mibz Insul^e debet esse vna lex e vna con-
suetudo. Et di^c q^d Insulani hic p voluntate sua assumpserunt sibi
p lege e consuetudine quedam quibz vtunt^r que o^mino discordant
legibz e consuetudinibz alia^r Insula^r e hoc tam in lege de he^r de
dote e Corona de pondere e mensu^r, q^am de consuetudibz e Custumis
que qⁱ tota^r contrariant^r seu discordant, vnde narrare foret infinitū.

causes, pleas, contempts, trespasses, felonies done to the inhabitants, strangers & others whomsoever excepting only too arduous cases as is aforesaid, & those 12 ought to tax the fines of all the premises, the said arduous matters excepted. And they say that if the lord the King wishes to be certified of the record of a plea raised before the justices & those 12, the justices together with those 12 ought to make that record. And after the eyre let a record be made by those 12 together with the bailiff. And concerning cases moved before the bailiff & themselves they have the record conjointly &c. And so they are wont to use of old. And that this is so they offer to establish as the court shall determine.

And William says for the lord the King that the aforesaid 12 were never wont to have the record except only in a case as suitors in a Court Baron &c. He says also that when any one pleading or impleaded before the bailiff & the jurats wished to appoint an attorney, he could not do this unless the opposing party was present when he appointed his attorney as in a Court Baron, whereas if they had full record as they claim they might receive an attorney as well in the absence as in the presence of the party, & make a record of such admission. He also says that if the said 12 when they shall come before the justices shall wish to record against the party anything other than according to that which was moved before them, & the party shall allege that the plea is other than they recorded & shall wish to prove that with effect, he ought & was wont to be admitted thereto, which would not be done if those 12 had full record. And he says also that the commonalty here do not at present use the ancient customs; for he says that it is manifest that all the islanders are of one & the same tongue & at the time in which the Duchy of Normandy had a Duke the islands were of that Duke, & as often as the islands make a request of the court of the lord the King it is always written at their suggestion that it is according to the law & custom of the islands, & so it appears that in all the islands there ought to be one law & one custom. And he says that the islanders here at their will took to themselves for law & custom certain things which they use which are altogether at variance with the laws & customs of the other islands & this as well in the law of inheritance, of dower & of the crown rights of weights & measures as well as of customs and duties which are so totally contrary & dis-

Et hec omnia diſe patum eſſe vificare p dño Rege ſicut Cuſ conſ.
Et petit Judm p dño Rege. Diſe t qđ plibz modis aliis abutunt^r
legibz tñ. Quia diſe qđ vbi Baſſs Insule quociens viderit expedire
faciet inquiſiçoes ſuas p xij. ipi ſuadent Juſtiç cum veñint qđ p
ſacſm vj. tñ in vna inquiſiçoe debent pcedere ad inquirendū de feloñ e
Juribz dñi Reg^o quod omīno diſcordat legi. Diſe t qđ ſimilr ſuadent
ipſis Juſtiç qđ Indictatores debent amoſſi ex offiço Juſtiç⁽¹⁾ cū In-
dictat^o ſe ponat in Inquiſ licet Indictat^o excepçoeſ aliquam nō
huerit vsus eos ponentes p cauſa ne Indictatores incurrant infamiam
piurii ſi Indictatum quietarent cū tñ Jurent iux^a conſciencias. Diſe
t qđ xij. Juſ Reg^o circiſ a xx. annis elapsis pſumptuoſe cont^a Juſtiç
de ſe ſine aſſenſu dñi Reg^o leuaſſunt hic quedam noua ſtatuta p eos
vt legalia que omñ Juri ſunt cont^aria de eo videt qđ cum quis hic
conquerens de debito quod dicat aliquem abſentem ſibi debere pbaſſit
hui^o debitū ſibi deberi niſi debitor vbicumq; comorans veniſſet infra
xl. dies, e ſatisfeciſſet creditori de debito ſtatim pdçi xij façent libari
creditori tſas debitoris p debito illo tenendū in feodo inppm fca tū
pñs p ſacſm Juſ appciaçoe de eiſdem terris, e ſic ſiue debitū fuiſſet
clarum nec ne nichominus ille qui debitor dicebat^r ſiue iuſte vt in-
iuſte amittet teñ ſua inppm p libaçoem illam. Et ſ[ic] fcm fuit
de Petro de Hoga e plibz aliis. Et illi Juſ Reg^o qui fũunt in vltio
Itiſſe coram H. de Guildeford tñ illam conſuetudinem pnunciaſſunt
p legali p quod Wiſſus Payn tñc amiſit teñ ſua, Cōitate Insule tunc
pſente nec tñc nec alias cont^adicente. Et iam p eandem Cōitatem e
p Juſ comptū eſt qđ illud nec eſt nec eſſe debet lex vt conſuetudo.
Diſe t qđ aſr decreſſunt in decepçoeſ dñi Reg^o de Cuſtumis ſiue
conſuetudinibz ſibi debitis. In eo videt qđ vbi dñs Rex hie debet
hic ſicut e in Inſ de Gerneſ terciūdecimū denaſ de omibz teñ e red-

(1) Juſticiariorum : as at page 33 for Juratorum (Jurors).

cordant, to tell of which would be endless. And all these things he says he is ready to establish for the lord the King as the court shall determine. And he claims judgment for the lord the King. He says also that in many other ways they abuse the laws &c. because he says that when the bailiff of the island as often as he shall deem necessary will make his inquisitions by 12 men they persuade the justices when they come that by the oath of 6 men in one inquisition they ought to proceed to enquire concerning the felonies & rights of the lord the King which is altogether at variance with the law. He also says that they likewise persuade those justices that accusers ought to be removed from the office of jurors when the accused puts himself on an inquisition although the accused shall not have any exception against them, putting forward as the reason lest the accusers incur the infamy of perjury, if they acquit the accused, when they only swear according to their consciences. He also says that the 12 jurats of the King about 20 years ago presumptuously, against the justices, of themselves, without the assent of the lord the King, applied here certain new rules by them as if lawfully enacted which are contrary to all right on this subject, to wit, that when anyone here, sueing for a debt which he says that any absent person owes him, he proved such debt to be owing to him, unless the debtor, wheresoever he is living, come within 40 days & satisfy the creditor of the debt, immediately the aforesaid 12 cause to be delivered to the creditor the lands of the debtor for that debt to be held in fee for ever, a valuation of those lands being first made by the oath of the jurors, & so whether that debt was paid or not nevertheless he who was called debtor whether justly or unjustly would lose his tenements for ever by that delivery. And so it was done in the case of Peter de la Hogue & many others. And those jurats of the King who were in the last eyre before H. de Guildford &c. pronounced that custom to be legal whereby William Payn then lost his tenements, the commonalty of the island being then present & neither then nor elsewhere gainsaying. And now by the same commonalty & by the jurats it is found that that neither is nor ought to be the law or custom. And he says that in other ways they have decreed to the deception of the lord the King concerning duties or customs due to him. That is to say that where the lord the King ought to

ditibz venditis in feod e in Normanñ simitr sic vsitatum est dñs Rex nō pcipit hic plusq^a iij. š. de vendiçoe licet nō specificet^r illa diſsi-ficaço in pdča cedula Cōitatis tē. Diç t qđ pdča Cōitas iam qđ de nouo assumpserunt sibi quamdam nouam sectam de quod tractatu quem quid cognōie Ma[ncael]⁽¹⁾ Normann⁹ fecat diu postq^m Nor-manni recesserant a fide dñi Reg⁹ Angl, e scripta eius sequ[untur]⁽¹⁾ hiis que placent eis e quedam inde dimittūt put patz in eoꝝ cedula, e sic Insulani hic dis[cordant]⁽¹⁾ ab vsibz alioꝝ Insulanoꝝ. Et petit p dño Rege qđ iusta e antiqua consuetudo reformet^r. Ita [quod] oñes Insulani eisdem lege e consuetudiē vtant^r, et qđ consuetudines sue possint sciri e agnos[ci]. Diç t qđ Juř Reg⁹ hic p'die sbornaſiunt dñm suū coram Justiç hic in eo videlt qđ dederunt Justiç hic amsa-mentū in quodam plito tangente vnū socioꝝ suoꝝ qđ faciens defalč post diem visus constitutū in plito ĩre si visus sufficienł fēus sit amittere debet seisinam teñ petiti, e postea in consimili casu dixe-runt qđ teñ nō sunt p eoꝝ conš amittenda in nullo casu sine sačro Juř in inquis inde facienda, et plies vsi fřiunt, e sunt tam coram Justiç q^m coram Balfio variare sic in Judiciis suis pferend. Et qđ Ita est offert vificare sicut Cuř conš, e petit vt plus pro dño Rege tē.

Et Cōitas diç qđ ipi e eoꝝ antecessores vsi fřiunt talibz consue-tudinibz sicut ipi modo clama[nt]. Et dicunt qđ ipi bene curant de pdča suā de mancael eo qđ leges Normanñ, bñ in ea continent^r. Nec volunt ipi plitare cum dño Rege. Et si tⁿsgřssum sit puniant^r tⁿsgřssores. Nec⁽²⁾ aliud respond nisi tm qđ Juř dñi Reg⁹ dicunt qđ ipi Judicant fidelr iux^a cōsciencias suas. [Et] dat⁹ est eis de audiendo Juđo suo coram dño Rege a die sčī Michis in vnū men-sem vbicūq, [tūc] fřiit in Angl. Et Cōitas po. lo. suo Plm de Carlet

(1) Margin torn. (2) Margin slightly torn.

have here as also in the island of Guernsey the thirteenth penny of all tenements & rents sold in fee, & it is likewise so used in Normandy, the lord the King does not here take more than 3 sols for a sale although that difference is not specified in the said schedule of the commonalty &c. He also says that the said commonalty now as it were anew, have taken to themselves a certain new suit of a certain treatise which one by the name of Mancel, a Norman, made some time after the Normans had withdrawn from the allegiance of the lord the King of England & his writings they follow in those things which please them & certain things thereof they pass over as appears in their schedule & so the islanders here are at variance with the usages of the other islanders. And he claims for the lord the King that the just & ancient custom be reformed; so that all the islanders may use the same law & custom & that their customs may be known and acknowledged. He also says that the jurats of the King here the day before suborned their word before the justices, i.e. to say that they gave the justices here advice in a certain plea touching one of their fellows, that he making default after the day appointed for the view in a plea of land, if that view were sufficiently made, ought to lose seisin of the tenement sued for, & afterwards in a like case they said that the tenements are not by their custom to be lost in any case without the oath of the jurors in an inquisition thereof to be made; & often they were and are used to vary thus in their judgments as well before the justices as before the bailiffs. And that this is so he offers to establish as the court shall determine, & he claims as before for the lord the King &c.

And the commonalty say that they & their ancestors have used such customs as they now claim. And they say that they have great regard for the said 'Summa de Mancael' because the laws of the Normans are well contained in the same, nor do they wish to implead with the lord the King. And if a trespass has been committed let the trespassers be punished nor do they answer anything except only that the jurats of the lord the King say that they judge faithfully according to their consciences. And a day is given to them to hear their judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever he shall [then] be in England. And

Seq^r Rex tē vt Joñem de s̄co Martino. Postea ad diem illū apud Westm̄ veñ
p̄d̄ca Cōitas p̄ attorn̄ suos. Et 8tis de causis dat^o est eis dies de
J[udo] suo aud̄ coram dño Rege a die Pasch̄ in vnū men̄s vbicūq;
tūc fūit in Angl̄. Ad quē diem p̄d̄ca cōitas p̄ attorn̄ suū venit. Et
veñ datus est eis a die Pasch̄ in vnū mensem vbicūq; [tē]. Ad quē diē
p̄d̄ca cōitas veñ p̄ attorn̄ suū. Et dat^o est ei dies a die Pasch̄ in
xv dies vbicūq; tē. Ad q̄ diē cōitas veñ vt sup^a e dat^o est ei dies in
crastino aīaz vbicūq; tē. Ad q̄ diē p̄d̄ca cōitas veñ e dat^o est [ei dies]
a die Pasch̄ in vnū men̄s vbicūq; tē. Ad q̄ diē p̄d̄ca cōitas veñ e
dat^o est ei dies a die Pasch̄ in tres s[ep̄t̄s] tē. Ad quē diem p̄d̄ca
cōitas veñ e datus est ei dies a die Pasch̄ in xv dies vbicūq; tē. Ad
quē diē p̄d̄ca cōitas [veñ p̄ attorn̄] suū e datus est ei dies a die Pasch̄
in q̄nq; futu^r in vnū an̄n vbicūq; tē.

(M. 9 d.) **Adhuc de p̄litis coram p̄fatis Iusticiari in Insula
de Beresepe de eod̄ Ilin'e.**

ffresingfeld.

Precentor e Capitlm̄ Constancien̄ suū fūunt qđ essent hic ad
respondend̄ dño Regi de p̄lito quo Waranto sine licencia e voluntate
dñi Reg^o e p̄genitoz suoz Regum Angl̄ claī peipe e h̄ere p̄ mañ
p̄poīti dñi Reg^o de Serk, viginta solid̄ singtis annis de firma dñi
Reg^o ibid̄ que ad dñm Regem ptinet. Et Precentor, Capitli e maḡr
Scolasticus Concanōicus eiusd̄ modo veñ. Et diē p̄ p̄d̄co Capitto, qđ
p̄d̄cm Capitlm̄ tam remote deget a Cu^r Angl̄ qđ postq^a scifūunt qđ
fūnt hic suū nō potuit impetrasse b̄re in Angl̄ de attorn̄ tē. Et
dicūt qđ ip̄i soliti fūnt admitti in Insulis p̄ p̄cu^r tē de rebus ip̄os
tangentibz in Insulis siē e in Cu^r Reg^o ffrancie. Et petunt qđ ad-
mitti possint ad respond̄ p̄ p̄cu^r suū. Et concedit^r eis ad p̄sens de

The King
sues &c.

Came :

the commonalty put in their place Philip de Carteret or John de St. Martin. Afterwards at that day at Westminster came the said commonalty by their attorneys. And for certain causes a day is given to them to hear their judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. At which day the said commonalty by their attorney came. And a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever [&c.] At which day the said commonalty came by their attorney. And a day is given to them in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the commonalty came as above & a day is given to them in the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. At which day the said commonalty came & a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said commonalty came & a day is given to them in 8 weeks from the day of Easter &c. At which day the said commonalty came & a day is given to them in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said commonalty [came by their attorney] & a day is given to them from the day of Easter in 5 [weeks next] coming in one year wheresoever &c.

(M. 9 d.) **Continuation of the pleas before the aforesaid Justices in the Island of Jersey of the same eyre.**

Fresingfeld.

The Precentor & Chapter of Coutances were summoned that they be here to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by what warrant without the license & will of the lord the King & his progenitors Kings of England they claim to take & have by the hand of the provost of Sark of the lord the King 20 sols every year of the farm of the lord the King there which belongs to the lord the King. And the Precentor, Chapter & Scholastic Master Fellow-canon of the same now comes & says on behalf of the said Chapter that the said Chapter dwells so remote from the Court of England that after they knew that they were summoned here a writ from England for appointing an attorney &c. could not be obtained. And they say that they were wont to be represented in the Islands by a proctor &c. concerning the King's touching them in the Island as also in the court of the King of France. And they claim that they may be admitted to answer by their proctor. And it is granted to them at

gr̃a t̃c̃. si dñs Rex acceptet. Et Wills de Stonerailles ptulit hic quasdam litt̃as patentes eiusdem Capitli in hec ṽba. Vniſis hec visuŕ e audituŕ humile Capitlm Constancieñ ecclie saltm in dño. Nofitis qđ nos dilectos e fideles ñros Thomam Danseis Rectorem ecclie s̃ci Martini veſis in Insulis Geresoy e Guiflm de Stonerailles Oficium exhibitoŕ p̃senciũ p̃curatores e attorñ ñros constituim⁹ facim⁹ e ordinamus quemlibet in solidum. Ita qđ nō sit melior condiçio occupantis, in om̃ibz e singlis causis negotiis e q̃relis quas h̃emus e h̃ituri sum⁹ cont̃a quoscumq; adūsarios ñros, e ip̃i cont̃a nos coram om̃ibz Baſtis, viç, attorñ Illustrissimi Principis dñi Edwardi Reg⁹ Angl e ei⁹ locum tenentibz in Insulis de Gersoy Gerneŕ, de Serk e aliis Insulis p̃d̃cis Gersoy e Gerneŕ adiacentibz ad om̃es dies e t̃m̃os nob̃ assignatos e assignandos, dantes eisdem p̃curatoribz e attorñ ñris mandať sp̃ale e plenariam potestatem agendi p̃ nob̃, e nos defendendi e iura ñra coram ip̃is ad nos spectancia petendi e optinendi nob̃ q; refferendi quicquid coram ip̃is actum f̃uit de p̃missis, nec nō e aliũ seu alios p̃cuŕ seu attorñ loco eoŕ s̃bstituendi similem in p̃missis potestatem h̃ituŕ, nec nō e faciendi om̃ia que possunt e debent façe p̃cuŕ seu attorñ legittime constitut⁹ e que façe possemus coram p̃d̃cis Justiç si p̃sentes inf̃essemus, Ratum e g̃atum h̃intes e h̃ituri quicquid eũ p̃d̃cis p̃cuŕ vť attorñ ñris vť eoŕ alio aut s̃bstitut⁹ ab eisđ tam p̃ nob̃ q̃m cont̃a nos actum f̃uit in p̃missis. Promittenť p̃ ip̃is p̃cuŕ vť attorñ ñris aut s̃bstitut⁹ ab eisdem vť eoŕ alio s̃b ypoteca reŕ ñraŕ e ecclie sup̃d̃ce si nec̃e f̃uit Judicať solui, aliũ seu alios p̃cuŕ seu attorñ si quos constituim⁹ reuocant̃. In cui⁹ rei testimoniũ p̃sentibz Iris sigillũ nr̃m est appensũ. Actum anno dñi m⁹ ccc^{mo} Nono die sabbi post festum Ap̃loŕ Pet̃i e Pauli. Et tam Precentor e Scolasticus t̃c̃ qua Guiflm Stonerailles p̃cuŕ Capitli dicunt qđ p̃d̃ci Precentor e Capitlm e om̃es p̃decessores sui de Capitulo illo soliti f̃funt p̃cipe singlis

present of grace &c. if the lord the King accepts. And William de Stonerailles brought here certain letters patent of the same Chapter in these words. To all who shall see & hear these letters humbly the Chapter of the Church of Coutances greeting in the Lord. Be it known that we constitute make & ordain our beloved & faithful Thomas Danseis rector of the Church of St. Martin the old in the Island of Jersey & William de Stonerailles, Clerk, exhibitors of these presents our proctors & attorneys each entirely. So that there be no better condition of the person acting in all & each of the causes businesses & complaints which we have & are to have against whomsoever our adversaries & they against us before all bailiffs, sheriffs [&] attorneys of the illustrious Prince the lord Edward King of England & his lieutenants in the islands of Jersey, Guernsey, of Sark & the other islands adjacent to the said Jersey & Guernsey, at all days & terms assigned & to be assigned to us, giving to the same our proctors & attorneys special mandate & full power to act for us, & to defend us, & to seek & obtain our right to us belonging before them, & to refer to us whatsoever shall be done before them concerning the premises, & also similar power to be had in the premises of substituting another or other proctors or attorneys in their place, & also to do all things which proctors or attorneys lawfully constituted can & ought to do & which we might do before the said justices if we were present, holding & to hold as ratified & agreed upon whatsoever with our said proctors or attorneys or either of them or their substitute shall be done in the premises as well for us as against us, promising for our same proctors or attorneys or those substituted by them or any of them under hypothecation of our possessions & Church aforesaid if it be necessary to adjudge to be paid; recalling any other or others proctors or attorneys if we have constituted any such. In witness whereof our seal is appended to these present letters. Done in the year of Our Lord 1309 on Saturday after the feast of the Apostles Peter & Paul. And as well the Precentor & Scholar &c. as William Stonerailles proctor of the Chapter say that the said Precentor & Chapter & all their predecessors of that Chapter were wont to take every year the said rent of 20 sols by the hand of the provost

annis p̄d̄c̄m redd̄m viginti solid p̄ mañ p̄p̄ōiti de Serk de redd̄ collecto de Insulanis illis a tempe quo nō extat memoria sine tempis intrup̄c̄one in forma qua īpi modo illum recipiunt. Et qđ Ita est offerunt v̄ficare p̄ p̄riam.

Et Wiffus des mareys qui sequit̄ p̄ dño Rege, dicit qđ p̄d̄ci Precentor e Capit̄m nō debent hui⁹modi redd̄m pcipe de Thesaur̄ dñi Reg⁹, ex quo nō ostendunt inde aliquod f̄c̄m sp̄ale. Et petit Jud̄m p̄ dño Rege, maxime cum Insula de Serk nucq̄ fuit in dño Regum Angl̄ vsq̄ ad tempus dñi Joh̄nis quond̄ Reg⁹ Angl̄ tempe cui⁹ p̄d̄ca Insula de Serk ad manū suam deuenit vt Jus e esch̄ p̄ forisf̄curam cui⁹d̄ dñi de Vernonn Normanni qui illam tenuit de p̄d̄co dño Rege e postea recessit a fide īpius Reg⁹, e tenuit se ad ptem ffrancie t̄c̄ quod quidem est infra tempus memorie. Et hec oīnia pat̄us est v̄ficare p̄ dño Rege sicut Cuř cons̄. Et peř Jud̄m p̄ dño Rege. Dies dat⁹ est eis de audiendo Judo suo coram dño Rege a die s̄ci Mich̄is in vnū men̄s vbicumq̄, t̄c̄. Et Precentor po. lo suo Guiff̄m Stonerailles vt Thomam Wyncheles. Postea ad diem illū apđ Westm̄ veñ p̄d̄ci Precentor e maḡr p̄ attor̄n̄ suū, e p̄d̄cs Thomas Danseis veñ simil̄r respondens p̄ Capit̄lo in for̄ qua p̄lus t̄c̄. Et et̄is de causis dat⁹ est eis dies de Judo suo aud̄ coram dño Rege a die Pasch̄ in vnū men̄s vbicumq̄, tūc f̄f̄it in Angl̄. Ad quem diē ptes p̄d̄ce p̄ attor̄n̄ suū veñ. Et datus est eis dies a die Pasch̄ in vnū men̄s vbicumq̄, t̄c̄. Ad quē diem ptes p̄d̄ce p̄ at̄r̄ suos veñ e dat⁹ est eis dies a die Pasch̄ in xv dies vbicumq̄, t̄c̄. Ad q̄ diē ptes p̄d̄ce veñ. Et dat⁹ est eis dies a die Pasch̄ in vnū mensem vbicumq̄, t̄c̄. In Crastino aīaz veñ vbicumq̄, t̄c̄. Ad q̄ diē ptes t̄c̄ veñ e dat⁹ est eis dies a die Pasch̄ in vnū men̄s vbicumq̄, t̄c̄. Ad q̄ diē ptes t̄c̄ veñ e dat⁹ est eis dies a die Pasch̄ in tres sep̄t vbicumq̄, t̄c̄. Ad quē diem ptes t̄c̄ veñ e datus est

of Sark of the rent collected from those islanders from the time whereof the memory of man runs not to the contrary without interruption of time in the form in which they now receive it. And that this is so they offer to establish by verdict of the country.

And William des Mareys who sues for the lord the King says that the aforesaid Precentor & Chapter ought not to take such rent of the treasury of the lord the King because they do not show any special deed thereof. And he claims judgment for the lord the King, principally as the Island of Sark was never in the demesne of the Kings of England until the time of the Lord John formerly King of England in whose time the said island of Sark came to his hand as his right & escheat by the forfeiture of a certain Lord de Vernon, a Norman, who held the same of the said lord the King & afterwards withdrew from the allegiance of the same King & took the part of France &c., which is within the time of memory. And all these things he is ready to establish for the lord the King as the court shall determine. And he claims judgment for the lord the King. A day is given to them to hear their judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever &c. And the Precentor puts in his place William Stonerailles or Thomas Vinchelez. Afterwards at that day at Westminster came the said Precentor & master by their attorney, & the said Thomas Danseis came likewise answering for the Chapter in the form in which at first &c. And for certain causes a day is given to them to hear their judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. At which day the parties aforesaid by their attorney came. And a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the parties aforesaid by their attorneys came & a day is given to them in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c.

Came. At which day the parties aforesaid came. And a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. In the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. At which day the parties aforesaid came & a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the parties &c. came & a day is given to them in 3 weeks from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the parties &c. came & a day is given to them in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which

Came.

v⁹ sep. p.

eis dies a die Pasch in xv dies vbicūq, tē. Ad quē diē ptes veñ e dies dat⁹ est eis a die Pasch in qñq, sept⁹s p̄x futuř in vnū anū vbičq, tē.

Drogo de Barantyn suñ fuit qđ esset hic ad respondendū dño Regi de p̄lito quo Waranto sine licencia e voluntate dñi Reg⁹ e p̄genitoř suoř Regum Angl̄ clam̄ ħire libam Warennam in oibz dñicis ħris suis in pochl̄ s̄ci Martini. Et t̄ quo Waranto clam̄ ħire furcas in ead̄ pochl̄. Et t̄ quo Waranto clamat ħire Wreccū maris p̄ totam ħram suam in eadem pochl̄ e illd̄ in pp̄los vsus conūte. Et t̄ quo Waranto clam̄ pcipe e ħere catalla homñ suoř felonū dñi Reg⁹ v̄l fugituoř que spectant ad Coronam e dignitatem dñi Reg⁹. Et t̄ quo Waranto clam̄ ħire bestias de Weif que ad dn̄m Regem ptinent.

Et Drogo veñ, Et dič qđ Ingramus de ffurnet quond̄ tenuit teñ in p̄dča pochl̄ que Idem Drogo modo tenet, et postea ffunt eschl̄ Reg⁹, et dñs H. Rex auus dñi Reg⁹ nūc dedit teñ illa Drogoni de Barantino auo suo cum omibz libtatibz e libis consuetudinibz ad teñ illa spectantibz tē. Et dič qđ p̄dčus Ingramus tempe suo e omēs antecessores sui vsi ffunt p̄dčis libts a tempe quo nō extat memoria, et eciam p̄dčus auus suus e pař suus tē e ipe similt̄ vsi sunt eisdem libtatibz post p̄dčm donū dñi Reg⁹ sic fcm̄ auo suo in forma qua ipe modo illas clam̄. Et qđ ita est offert v̄ficare sicut Cuř conš. Et quo ad catalla felonū tē, dicit qđ si hoies sui cicius possint appoñe mañ ad catalla homñ suoř latronū q^m hoies Reg⁹ tūc clam̄ ipe ħire catalla illa. Et dič qđ sic vsi ffunt omēs tenentes teñ que ipe modo tenet a tempe quo memoria nō existit, et sic vsi sunt omēs dñi hui⁹ Insule tē.

Et Willus des mareys qui sequit^r p̄ dño Rege, dicit qđ ex quo p̄dčus Drogo cogñ qđ p̄dča teñ ffunt in mañ dñi H. Reg⁹ tē, et qđ ipe illa clam̄ de dono p̄dči dñi Reg⁹ nō potest ħire hui⁹ libtates nisi

5 weeks next day the parties came & a day is given to them in 5 weeks from the day of Easter next coming in one year wheresoever &c.

Drogo de Barantyn was summoned to be here to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by what warrant without the license & will of the lord the King & his progenitors Kings of England he claims to have free warren in all his demesne lands in the parish of St. Martin. And also by what warrant he claims to have gallows in the same parish. And also by what warrant he claims to have wreck of the sea throughout all his land in the same parish & to convert the same to his own uses. And also by what warrant he claims to take & have the chattels of his men felons or fugitives of the lord the King which belong to the crown & dignity of the lord the King. And also by what warrant he claims to have beasts of waif which belong to the lord the King.

And Drogo comes & says that Ingram de Furnet formerly held the tenements in the said parish which the same Drogo now holds, & afterwards they were the escheats of the King & the lord H. the King the grandfather of the now lord the King gave those tenements to Drogo de Barantyn his grandfather with all the franchises & free customs to those tenements belonging &c. And he says that the said Ingram in his time & all his ancestors used those franchises from time immemorial & also his said grandfather & his father &c. & he himself likewise used those franchises after the said gift of the lord the King so made to his grandfather in the form in which they now claim them. And that this is so he offers to establish as the court shall determine. And as to the chattels of felons, &c. he says that if his men can lay their hands more quickly on the chattels of his men, thieves, than the King's men, then he claims to have those chattels. And he says that so used all the tenants of the tenements which he now holds from time immemorial, & so use all the lords of this island &c.

And William des Mareys who sues for the lord the King, says that because the said Drogo acknowledges that the said tenements were in the hands of the lord King H. &c. and that he claims them of the gift of the said lord the King, he cannot have such franchises

Seq^r Rex tē ei de aud^t Judo suo coram dño Rege a die scī Michis in vnū mensem vbicūq^z tūc fūit in Angl. Et Drogo po. lo. suo Galfm de Mortoñ vī Thomam le Barber. Postea ad diem illum apđ Westm̄ ctis de causis Judm̄ inde respectuat^r reddendū coram dño Rege a die Pascē in vnū menē vbicūq^z tūc fūit in Angl. Et sciend^r qđ p'dcūs Drogo nō veñ modo nō veñ.

(M. 10.) **Adhuc de plitis coram p'fatis Justiciari in Insula de Yereseye de eodem Yfin'e.**

ffresingfeld.

Jereseye. Dñs Rex p Wiffm des mareys qui sequit^r p co, petit vsus + obiit inquirat^r Nichm Abbrinceñ Ep̄m aduocaçoem duaꝝ ptiū decime garbaꝝ ecclie in Insula de Serk, p vnū bre Et decem e nouem denaratas redd's, et reddm nouem quartioꝝ fruñti e nouem galliñ e reddm Campti bladoꝝ tenenciū ip̄ius Ep̄i in pochiis scē T'nitatis et scī Joñnis, et aduocaçoem t̄tie ptis decime garbaꝝ ecclie p'dcē pochi scē T'nitatis, et aduocaçoem medietatis decime garbaꝝ ecclie scī Lauř in hac Insula p aliud bre vt Jus tē. Et vnde p'dcūs Wiffus dicit p dño Rege qđ dñs H. Rex auus tē. tempe pacis fuit in seis^a de p'dcīs redd e aduocaçoibꝝ tē vt de feodo e Jure Corone sue. Et qđ tale sit Jus ip̄ius dñi Reg^o offert v̄ficare p dño Rege sicut Cuř couš. Et Ep̄us alias misit hic rogans de grā Cuř dñi Reg^o qđ p pcur^r genālem vī attorñ facienđ coram aliquo quem Justic^u hic mitte velint possit inde respondere. Et qz in pace reformanda inŕ Reges optime se gessit p pte dñi Reg^o Angl tē. concessum est si dñs Rex acceptet qđ p attorñ quem face voluit coram Joñne de Barantyn ad hoc misso respond tē. Et Henř de scō Martino detulit hic tras patentes p'dcī Ep̄i in hec v̄ba. Nichus

The King sues
&c.

unless they are contained in his charter, & he claims judgment for the lord the King. A day is given to him to hear his judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever he shall then be in England. And Drogo puts in his place Geoffrey de Morton or Thomas le Barber. Afterwards at that day at Westminster for certain causes judgment therein is respited to be given before the lord the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. And be it known

Does not come.

that the said Drogo does not now come.

(M. 10.) *Continuation of the pleas before the said Justices in the island of Jersey of the same eyre.*

Fresingfeld.

Jersey.

The lord the King by William des Mareys who sues for him he died, let enquiry be made. claims against Nicholas Bishop of Avranches the advowson of 2 parts of the tithe of the sheaves of the Church in the island of Sark by one writ, & 19 deniers rent, & the rent of 9 quarters of wheat & 9 hens & the rent of the champart of the corn of the tenants of the same Bishop in the parishes of Holy Trinity & St. John, & the advowson of the 3rd part of the tithe of the sheaves of the Church of the said parish of Holy Trinity, & the advowson of the moiety of the tithe of the sheaves of the Church of St. Lawrence in this island, by another writ as his right &c. And thereupon the said William says for the lord the King that the lord King H. the grandfather &c. in the time of peace was in seisin of the said rents & advowsons &c. as of fee & right of his Crown. And that such is the right of the said lord the King he offers to establish for the lord the King as the court shall determine. And the Bishop at another time sent here praying by the grace of the court of the lord the King that he may answer therein by a proctor-general or an attorney to be appointed before any one whom the justices here might send. And because in the making of peace between the Kings he bore himself best for the part of the lord the King of England &c. it is granted if the lord the King accepts that he may answer by his attorney whom he shall wish to appoint before John de Barantyn for this sent &c. And Henry de St. Martin brought here letters patent of the said Bishop

diuina pmissione Abbrinceñ ecclie minis^r humilis Nobilibz viris dño Joñni de ffresingfeld, dño Drogoni de Barantyn, e dño Joñni de Dittoñ Justic dñi Reg^o Angl Itifantibz in Insulis de Gerneř, Jereseye e aliis adiacentibz saltm in dño. Sciatis qđ nos attornanim^o loco nřo difem nob in xpo Henř de sđo Martino exhibitoř p'senciũ ad lucrandũ vř pđend in omibz plitis e ģrelis p nob vř cont^a nos, coram voř in Itifis vřo qualicũmq, motis vř mouend, concedentes eidem qđ ipe possit fađe attorñ seu attornatos quem vř quos volũit coram voř ad omia p'dca plita e ģrelas psequend e defendend, et ad lucrand vř pđend in eisđ sicut p'dcm est. Ratũ e gratum futuri quicquid p'dci pcur seu attorñ vř attornati seu t attornandi in hac pte noie nřo duxint faciend. In cui^o rei testimoniũ has řras nřas voř mittim^o patentes. Dat^o die sabbi ante Inuenř sđi Stepñi, anno dñi m^o ccc^{mo} Nono. Et dicit noie ipius Epi qđ Epus e omes predecesores sui Epi Abbrinceñ a tempe quo nō extat memoria semp pacifice tenũunt p'dca aduocoes e redd sicut ipe Epus ea modo tenet. Et qđ Ita est off^t vřficare p přiam.

Et Wiffus dicit p dño Rege qđ ředes conquestoř clamare possunt ab antiquo Et nō reliogiosi qui nich řent nisi ex collađone Regum vř fideliũ suoř. Et diđ qđ ipe patus est vřficare p dño Rege qđ Insule řřunt antiquitus de Eřpatu Exoñ, Et ex quo p'dcus Epus nō pfert řřm řpale de tenuris suis, nec in forma competenti respondet ad seisin^a dñi Reg^o petit Judř p dño Rege. Dies dat^o est ei de aud Judo suo coram dño Rege a die sđi Michis in vnũ menř vbicumq, tũc řřit in Angl. Et dcm est p'dco Henř qđ nisi dñs suus habřit attorñ ad hoc řřm p Cancellariam Anglie totum amittet tđ. Postea ad diem illum apđ Westřm dñs Rex p Wiff de Catteworth qui sequit^r p eo op. se quarto die řsus p'dcm Eřm de p'dco phito. Et ipe nō

in these words :—Nicholas by divine permission the humble ministre of the Church of Avranches, to the noble men Sir John de Fresingfeld, Sir Drogo de Barantyn & Sir John de Ditton justices of the lord the King of England in eyre in the Islands of Guernsey, Jersey & others adjacent, greeting in the Lord. Be it known that we have attorned in our place our beloved in Christ Henry de St. Martin exhibitor of these presents to gain or lose in all pleas & complaints for or against us before you in your eyre in what manner soever moved or to be moved, granting to him that he may appoint an attorney or attorneys whom he will before you to prosecute & defend all the said pleas & complaints, & to gain or lose in the same as is aforesaid, holding as ratified & confirmed whatsoever the said proctors or attorney or attorneys or also those that have been or even may be attorned in this behalf in our name shall cause to be done. In witness whereof we send you these our letters patent. Given on Saturday before the Finding of the body of St. Stephen⁽¹⁾, A.D. 1309. And he says in the name of the said Bishop that the Bishop & all his predecessors Bishops of Avranches from time immemorial always peacefully held the said advowsons & rents as he the said Bishop now holds them. And that this is so he offers to establish by verdict of the country.

And William says for the lord the King that the heirs of acquirers may claim of old, and not ecclesiastics who hold nothing except of the gift of the Kings or their faithful people. And he says that he is ready to establish for the lord the King that the islands were anciently of the Bishopric of Exeter. And because the said Bishop does not bring a special deed of his tenures nor in proper form answers to the seisin of the lord the King he claims judgment for the lord the King. A day is given to him to hear his judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever he shall then be in England. And it is said to the said Henry that unless his lord shall have an attorney hereto made by the Chancery of England he will lose all &c. Afterwards at that day at Westminster the lord the King by William de Catteworth who sues for him presents himself the 4th day against the said Bishop

(1) August 2nd.

veñ Et fuit diem in Banco hic ad hunc diem postq^m compuit in
Cuř sicut p^dcēm est. Judiñ p^dca teñ e aduocações capiant^r in mañ
dñi Reg^o. Et ipe suñ qđ sit coram dño Rege a die Pasch in vnū
menš vbicūq, tunc fuit in Angl^o audituř inde Judiñ suū. Postea ad
diem illū veñ p^dcēs Eps p Dyonisiū ffrank^o geñalē attorñ suū p tras
dñi R^o patent. Et Bařis Insule p^dcē nullū bre misit tē. Iō sic p^us
mand est Bařio qđ cap p^dca teñ e aduocações in manū dñi R^o. Et
qđ suñ qđ sit corā R^o a die Pasch in vnū menš vbicūq, tē aud Judiñ
suū tē. Et nichomin^o dēm est p^dcō attorñ qđ expectet eund diem
veñ p attorñ si dño suo viderit expedire Et p^dcēs subsituit loco dñi sui Johñ de
sco Martino iux^a vnū p^dcaz litfař tē. Ad quē diē p^dcūs Eps p
attorñ suū veñ, et datus est ei dies a die Pasch in xv dies vbicūq, tē
de audo iudicio suo tē. Ad q diem p^dcūs Eps non veñ. Iō pcedat^r
ad iudm p eius defalř. Sed pon^r in resp^tum vsq, a die Pasch in vnū
mensem vbicūq, tē. In deinde Crastino annuař vbicūq, tē. Ad q diē
iudicm resp^tuat^r vt p^us vsq, a die Pasch in vnū menš vbicūq, tē.
Ad q diē iudicm p^dcēm resp^tuat^r vt p^us vsq, a die Pasch in tres sept
vbicūq, tē. Ad quē diem iudm p^dcēm vsq, a die Pasch in xv dies
vbicūq, tē. Ad quē diē testat^r qđ p^dcūs Eps obiit. Et vt sciat^r
inde rei ūitas mandatū est Otoni de Grandisono qđ Regē certificet a
die Pasch in qñq, sept^s p^x futuř in vnū anñ vbicūq, tē. Ad quē diē
locū tenens p^dcēi Otonis mand p tras suas patentes officij constancie
signatas e huic Rotlo consueř qđ p^dcūs Eps mortuus est. Iō de ipō
nich^o vlⁱus fiat tē.

Seq^r Rex tē

Preceptum fuit vič qđ suñ tē Abbissam de Cadomo qđ esset hic
ad hunc diem ad respond dño Regi de plito qđ redd ei aduocaçoem
quarte ptis decime garbař eccliař de Grouiř, sçe Elerij, sçi Petⁱ e
sçe Marie, et aduocaçoem octaue ptis decime garbař ecclie sçi Martini

concerning the said plea. And he did not come. And he had a day in the Bench here at this day after he appeared in court as is afore-said. Judgment that the said tenements & advowsons are taken into the hands of the lord the King. And that he be summoned to be before the lord the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England to hear therein his judgment. Afterwards at that day came the said Bishop by Dyonisius Frankes his general attorney by letters patent of the lord the King. And the bailiff of the said island did not send any writ &c. Therefore as before it is commanded to the bailiff that he take the said tenements & advowsons into the hands of the lord the King. And that he be summoned to be before the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. to hear his judgment &c. And nevertheless it is said to the said attorney that he may expect the same day if his lord shall see fit. And the said attorney substituted in the place of his lord John de St. Martin according to one of the said letters &c. At which day the said Bishop by his attorney came, & a day is given to him in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. to hear his judgment &c. At which day the said Bishop did not come. Therefore it is proceeded to judgment by his default. But it is put in respite in one month to the day of Easter wheresoever &c. Thence in the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. At which day judgment is respited as before in one month to the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said judgment is respited as before in 3 weeks to the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said judgment [is respited] in 15 days to the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day it is witnessed that the said Bishop died. And that the truth of the matter may be known therein it is commanded to Otto de Grandison that he certify the King in 5 weeks from the day of Easter next coming in one year wheresoever &c. At which day the lieutenant of the said Otho informs by his letters patent signed by the official of Coutances & sewn to this roll that the said Bishop is dead. Therefore concerning him let nothing further be done &c.

Came by his
attorney.

He did not
come & it is
witnessed that
the Bishop
died.

That he died.
Therefore of
him nothing.

The King
sues &c.

It was commanded to the sheriff that he summon &c. the Abbess of Caen to be here on this day to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea that he render up to him the advowson of the 4th part of the tithe of the sheaves of the Churches of Grouville, St. Helier, St. Peter & St. Mary, & the advowson of the 8th part of the

et aduocaçom duodecime ptis decime garbaꝝ eccliaꝝ s̄ci Clementis, s̄ci Broelardi, e s̄ci Audoeni, e molend̄ de Pount terryn, e reddm̄ viginti e quatuor q̄rtioꝝ fruĩti cum ptiĩ in poch̄ s̄ce T̄nitatis que Idem dñs Rex p̄ Guiffm des Mareys qui sequit̄ p̄ eo claĩ vt Jus suũ vsus p̄ca Abbissam. Et ostenĩ quo Waranto sine licencia e voluntate dñi Reg^o e p̄genitoꝝ suoꝝ Regum Angl̄ claĩ p̄cipe e ĩre p̄ maĩ Receptoris dñi Reg^o de Jereĩ septem libr̄ e decem solid̄ singlis annis, e quinq̄ginta solid̄ p̄ añ de molendino Malet in Grouiĩ, qui ad dñm Regem ptinent p̄ molta homĩ ĩpius dñi Reg^o qui molere volũint ad p̄dẽm molend̄. Et sup̄ hoc veĩ R̄ogus Symeon e p̄bavit p̄ testimoniũ fidelĩ qđ p̄dca Abbissa in tam remotis ptibꝫ deget, qđ postq̄m sciuerunt de suĩ istius Itĩlis nō possent impetrasse bre de Angl̄ de attorn̄ tẽ. Et offert dño Regi viginti libr̄ p̄ sic qđ mittat̄ aliquis fidelĩ dñi Reg^o hic ad testificand̄ attorn̄ ĩpius Abbisse quos faciet iux̄ discreçom Cuĩ dñi Reg^o. Et ei concedit̄ si Rex acceptet pp̄m Phi le Euesk. Et mittit̄ cũ ĩpo Wiffus Petyt sp̄aliꝝ Juratus tẽ e valde fidedignus. Qui postea rediens ptulit ĩras patentes p̄dce Abbisse sigillatas sigillo suo e sigillo Capiti in hec v̄ba. Viris nobilibꝫ e discretis dño Johanni de ffresingfeld, dño Drogoni de Barantyn militibꝫ v̄rabili q̄ viro dño Joh̄i de Dittoĩ Canoĩ Londoĩ Justiç excellentissimi principis dñi dei gr̄a Angl̄ Regis Itĩlantibꝫ in Insul̄ de Jereseye, Gerneĩ e aliis Insulis eisdem adiacenĩ. N. p̄missione diuina humiĩ abbissa monast̄ii s̄ci T̄nitatis de Cadomo ac Conuentus eiusdem loci sal̄tm in dño sempĩtnam. Noĩtis qđ nos de vnanimi assensu totius Capiti n̄ri, n̄ro n̄ri q̄ monast̄ii noĩe d̄ilcos n̄ros Joh̄em de s̄co Martino p̄sbiũm ac Rogum Symeonis armigum n̄rm s̄b alĩnaçoe attornauim⁹ ad lucrand̄ vt pdendũ in omĩbꝫ ptitas e querelis motis e mouend̄ p̄ nob̄ aut cont̄ nos in Itĩle p̄dco coram voĩ Pro-mittentes nos Ratum e ḡtum ĩtuĩ quicquid p̄noiati attorn̄ aut eoꝝ

tithe of the sheaves of the Church of St. Martin & the advowson of the 12th part of the tithe of the sheaves of the Churches of St. Clement, St. Brelade, & St. Ouen, & the mill of Ponterrin & the rent of 24 quarters of wheat with the appurtenances in the parish of Holy Trinity which the same lord the King by William des Mareys who sues for him claims as his right against the said Abbess. And to show by what warrant without the license & will of the lord the King & his progenitors Kings of England she claims to take & have by the hands of the Receiver of the lord the King in Jersey 7 livres 10 sols every year, & 50 sols per annum of the mill Malet in Grouville, which belong to the lord the King for the multure of the men of the said lord the King who shall wish to grind at the said mill. And upon this came Roger Symeon & proved by the testimony of persons worthy of credence that the said Abbess lived in such remote parts that after they knew of the summons of this eyre they could not obtain a writ of attorney from England &c. And he offers to the lord the King 20 livres on this condition that one of the lieges of the lord the King here be sent to testify to the attorneys of the said Abbess whom she shall appoint according to the discretion of the court of the lord the King. And it is granted to him if the King accepts under the pledge of Philip Levesque. And there is sent with him William Petyt specially sworn &c. and very worthy of credence, who afterwards coming back brought letters patent of the said Abbess sealed with her seal & the seal of the chapter in these words. To the noble & discreet Sir John de Fressingfeld, Sir Drogo de Barantyn, knights, & to the venerable man Sir John de Ditton, canon of London, justices of the most excellent prince by the grace of God the lord King of England, in eyre in the islands of Jersey, Guernsey, & the other islands thereto adjacent, N. by divine permission the humble Abbess of the monastery of the Holy Trinity at Caen & the community of the same place, greeting in the lord everlasting: Know ye that we, with the unanimous assent of all our chapter & in our name & in the name of our monastery, have attorned our beloved John de St. Martin priest & Roger Symeon, our Esquire or one or other of them to gain or lose in all pleas & plaints moved or to be moved for us or against us in the said eyre before you, promising to hold as ratified & confirmed whatsoever the aforementioned attorneys or

alī quem p'sentem esse contingit, in p'missis nro noīe duxint faciendū. In cui⁹ rei testimoniū has tras nras vob mittim⁹ patentes sigillo nro e sigillo Capitli nri sigillatas. Dat⁹ anno dñi m° ccc^{mo} Nono die sabbi post festum boꝝ Arnulphi e Clari. Et p'dci attorñ noīe p'dce Abbisse, dicunt quo ad p'dca molend e lram qđ Wifus quond Rex Angt Dux Norman e ds Insulaꝝ dedit Abbie illi p'dcm molend e lram duoꝝ francoꝝ hoīm que petunt tē, et postea quedam Abbissa p'decessor tē lram illam concessit quibzdam tenentibz, reddendo inde sibi singlis annis viginti quatuor q'rī frī. Dedit t̄ idem Rex eidem Abbie p'dcas decimas et ptes alias et pfert quoddam scriptum sō noīe ipius Reg⁹ cum signis sine sigillo quod sic incipit. Dei igit ac dñi nri Iñn xpi disponente Clemencia Ego Wifus Angloꝝ Rex Norman e Cenomannensiū pnceps sed e Matilf Regina vxor mea B. glosi fflandrieñ Ducis filia ad glām beatitudinis ad pmiū tē retribucōis pro sapienti qđ desiderio anhelantes in lritorio qđ ab antiquis Cadoñ appellat eccliam in honore s̄ce T'nitatis p salute animaz nraz coedificauim⁹. Et ex inde continet sic Itm̄ in Insula de Gereseye vnū molend, e lram duoꝝ francoꝝ hoīm atq, medietatem decime de quinq, pochiis et sextam garbam de vna poch e dimidia, sed e lram e decimas quas Raynoldus Capellanus nri in eadem Insula de me tenebat ipius Rainoldi pcatu postq̄ monac⁹ effectus est ecclie p'dce cōcessimus.

Respice in lgo de eodem.

(M. 10 d.) **Adhuc de plifis coram pfatis Iusticiar in Insula de Gerese de eod Iñn'e.**

ffresingfeld.

Profert eciam sup eisdem Cartam dñi H. Reg⁹ filii Impat'cis et t̄ Cartam dñi Reg⁹ Riči que sic incipit. Ričus dei gñ Rex Angt

either of them who shall happen to be present shall cause to be done in the premises in our name. In witness whereof we send you these our letters patent sealed with our seal & the seal of our chapter. Given A.D. 1309 on Saturday after the feast of the Blessed Arnulphus & Clarus. And the aforesaid attorneys in the name of the said Abbess say as to the said mill & land that William sometime King of England Duke of Normandy & lord of the Islands gave to the said Abbey the mill & the land of two free-men, which are claimed &c., and afterwards a certain Abbess predecessor &c. granted that land to certain tenants, paying therefor to her every year 24 quarters of wheat. The same King also gave to the same Abbess the said tithes & many others & brings a certain writing under the name of the same King with signatures without seal which begins thus: The clemency of God & of Our Lord Jesus Christ disposing me therefor I William King of the English & prince of the Normans & people of Maine & also Matilda the Queen my wife daughter of B. the illustrious Duke of Flanders to the glory of the beatitude for the reward of a blessed retribution inspired by a pious & wise desire have jointly built a Church in the honor of the Holy Trinity for the salvation of our souls in the territory which from ancient times has been called Caen. And therein is contained thus: Also in the island of Jersey we have granted one mill & the land of two freemen & the moiety of the tithe of five parishes & the sixth sheaf of one parish & the half, & also the land & tithes which Raynold our chaplain in the same island used to hold of me; [and this] at the prayer of the said Raynold after he was made a monk of the Church aforesaid.

[Continued on the back of the same.]

(M. 10 d.) **Continuation of the pleas before the aforesaid Justices in the Island of Jersey of the same eyre.**

Fresingfeld.

She brought also besides these the charter of the lord King H. son of the Empress & also the charter of the lord King Richard which begins thus: Richard by the grace of God King of England

Dux Normanñ e Aquit, Comes And, Archiep̃is Ep̃is Abbibz Comitibz Baronibz Justic, vic, e omibz Ballis e fidelibz suis saltm. Sciatis nos concessisse e hac p̃senti Carta ñra confirmasse ecclie sc̃e T'nitatis Cadomi e sc̃imonialibz ibidem deo seruientibz om̃es s̃bsc'ptas donationes quas antecessores ñri eis fecunt. Et ex inde sequit' sic Et in Insula de Gereseye vnū molend e medietatem decime de quinq, pochiis e sextam garbam vni^o pochie e diē et fram e decias quas Reginaldus Capellanus ip̃ius Reg^o de eo tenebat in eadem Iñs. Et quo ad p̃d̃cm ãnnū reddm̃ septem libr e decem solid recipiend p mañ Receptoris dñi Reg^o Diē qđ ip̃a e om̃es p̃decessor sue Abbisse de Cadomo illum sic p̃cepunt a tempe quo nō extat memoria. Et hoc offunt ṽficare p p̃riam. Et simitr qđ eedem Abbisse a tempe quo nō extat memoria semp p̃cipe consuefunt p̃d̃cm ãnnū reddm̃ quinq'ginta solid. Et hoc simitr offunt ṽficare p p̃riam.

Et Willus des Mareys qui sequit' p dño Rege quo ad ea que attornati Abbisse dicunt esse contenta in Cartis Regum petit qđ inquiret' p dño Rege rei ṽitas t̃c. Et quo ad ãnnū reddm̃ septem libr e decem solid t̃c dicit qđ ex quo patet p Cartam dñi Reg^o Riçi cui^o tempus est infra tempus memorie, qđ p̃d̃cūs dñs Rex Riçus confirmavit eis tenuras suas tam in Angl Normanñ q'm in Insulis e tam p magnas q'm puas pticias. Ita qđ tota possessio ear q'm tuc h̃ebant continet' in eadem e in ea nō fit mencio de isto annuo redd p quod patet qđ illum tūc nō h̃ebant petit Judm̃ si illum clamare possint ab antiquo. Et simitr dicit qđ comptū est p p̃sentamentū Juñ pocti de Grouiff qđ ille redd quinquaginta solid datus fuit dño Regi p illū qui fuit dñs molend Malet p sic qđ hoies dñi Reg^o qui vellent molere possent ad molend illud e hoc nō potest dedici e redd ille nō continet' in p̃d̃ca Carta dñi Reg^o Riçi petit Judm̃ vt p'us si illum clamare possint ab antiquo. Et t̃ vltius petit Judm̃ ex quo p̃d̃ca Abbissa

Duke of Normandy & Aquitaine, Count of Anjou. To the Archbishops, Bishops, Abbots, counts, barons, justices, sheriffs & all his bailiffs & faithful people greeting. Know ye that we have granted & by this our present charter have granted to the Church of the Holy Trinity of Caen & to the holy nuns serving God there all the underwritten gifts which our ancestors made to them. And from thence it follows thus : And in the Island of Jersey one mill & the moiety of the tithe of 5 parishes & the 6th sheaf of one parish & a half & the land & tithes which Reginald chaplain of the same King held of him in the said island. And as to the said yearly rent of 7 livres 10 sols to be taken by the hands of the Receiver of the lord the King they say that she & all her predecessors Abbesses of Caen took the same in like manner from time immemorial. And this they offer to establish by verdict of the country. And likewise that the said Abbesses from time immemorial were always wont to take the said yearly rent of 50 sols. And this likewise they offer to establish by verdict of the country.

And William des Mareys who sues for the lord the King as to those things which the attorneys of the Abbess say are contained in the charters of the Kings claims that the truth of the matter may be enquired into for the lord the King &c. And as to the yearly rent of 7 livres 10 sols &c. he says that inasmuch as it appears by the charter of the lord King Richard whose time is within the time of memory that the said lord King Richard confirmed to them their tenures as well in England [and] Normandy as in the Islands & as well in large as small particulars, so that their whole possession which they then had is included in the same, & in the same mention is not made of this yearly rent by which it appears that they did not have it then, he claims judgment as to whether they can claim that as of old. And likewise he says that it is found by the presentment of the jurors of the parish of Grouville that that rent of 50 sols was given to the lord the King by him who was lord of the mill of Malet on condition that the men of the lord the King who wish may grind at that mill & this cannot be denied, & that rent is not contained in the said charter of the lord King Richard, he claims judgment as before, as to whether they can claim as of old. And also he claims

clam peipe p̄d̄cus reddit⁹ de Theſ dñi Regis e inde nō p̄fert aliquod
f̄cm s̄pale. Et Juř quo ad p̄d̄ca molendinū e redd̄m fruīti e decias
vnde aduocaçō petit⁹ t̄c, dicunt sup sacr̄m suū qđ Abbisse de Cadomo
ea tenſunt in forma qua modo ea tenent, a tempe quo nō extat
memoria. Et quo ad residuū t̄c. Dies dat⁹ est ei de aud̄ Juđo suo
coram dño Rege a die s̄ci Michis in vnū mensem vbicumq, f̄uit in
Angl̄ t̄c. Et d̄cm est eis qđ p̄quirant sibi infim̄ bre de Cancellaria
Angl̄, si velint conseruař dñam suam indempnem t̄c. Postea ad diem
illū apđ Westm̄ veñ p̄d̄ca Abbissa p̄ attorñ suū Et ̄tis de causis dat⁹
est eis dies de Juđo suo aud̄ coram dño Rege a die Pasch̄ in vnū
menſ vbicumq, tūc f̄uit in Angl̄. Ad quē diem p̄d̄ca Abbissa p̄ attorñ
suū veñ, e datus est ei dies a die Pasch̄ in vnū mensē vbiçq, t̄c. Ad
quē diem p̄d̄ca Abbatissa p̄ attorñ suū veñ, e datus est ei dies a die
Pasch̄ in xv dies vbicūq, t̄c. Ad quē diē p̄d̄ca Abbatissa veñ. Et dat⁹
est ei dies a die Pasch̄ in vnū mensem vbicūq, t̄c. In Crastino an-
nuaz vbicūq, t̄c. Ad q̄ diē iudiciū p̄d̄cm resp̄tuat⁹ vsq, a die Pasch̄
in vnū mens vbicūq, t̄c. Ad q̄ diem iudiciū p̄d̄cm resp̄tuat⁹ vsq, a
die Pasch̄ in tres sep̄t vbicūq, t̄c. Ad quē diem iudm̄ p̄d̄cm resp̄tuat⁹
vsq, a die Pasch̄ in xv dies vbicūq, t̄c. Ad quē die iudm̄ p̄d̄cm res-
p̄tuat⁹ vsq, a die Pasch̄ in qnq, sept̄s p̄x futuř in vnū annū vbiçq, t̄c.
Ad q̄ diē p̄d̄ca Abbissa veñ p̄ att̄ suū, e Judm̄ p̄d̄cū respectuat⁹ vsq,
a die Pasch̄ in qnq, sept̄s p̄x futuř in vnū annū vbicūq, t̄c.

veñ
m⁹ nō veñ
v^h sep. pas.
Seq⁹ Rex t̄c

Joñnes de Ditton qui tenuit locum Ottonis de Grandisono in
Insulis ante Iter t̄c p̄posuit hic in p̄sencia Joñnis de Carfet venientis
p̄ Galfr̄m de Cartel̄ gen̄alem attorñ suū e om̄i Juř dñi Reg⁹ qđ cum
ipe nup coram Ballo hui⁹ Inſ e p̄d̄cis Juř ad q̄relam p̄d̄ci Joñnis de
Carfet q̄rentis de iniusta districçone sibi f̄ca p̄ ministros ip̄ius Ottonis

further judgment because the said Abbess claims to take the said rent of the treasury of the lord the King & thereof does not produce any special deed. And the jurors as to the aforesaid mill & rent of wheat & tithes whereupon the advowson is claimed &c. say upon their oath that the Abbesses of Caen held the same in the form in which they now hold them, from time immemorial. And as to the residue &c. a day is given to him to hear his judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever he shall then be in England &c. And they are told to acquire for themselves in the meantime a writ of the Chancery of England if they wish to keep their lady indemnified &c. Afterwards at that day at Westminster came the said Abbess by her attorney. And for certain causes a day is given to them to hear their judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. At which day the said Abbess by her attorney came, & a day is given to her in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Abbess by her attorney came, & a day is given to her in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Abbess came. And a day is given to her in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. In the Morrow of All Souls wheresoever &c. At which day the judgment aforesaid is respited until one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the judgment aforesaid is respited until 3 weeks from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the judgment aforesaid is respited until 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the judgment aforesaid is respited until 5 weeks from the day of Easter next to come in one year wheresoever &c. At which day the said Abbess came by her attorney, & the judgment aforesaid is respited until 5 weeks from the day of Easter next coming in one year wheresoever &c.

Came.

Now does not
come.

5 weeks Easter.

The King sues
&c.

John de Ditton who held the place of Otho de Grandison in the Island before the eyre &c. set forth here in the presence of John de Carteret coming by Geoffrey de Carteret his general attorney & of all the jurats of the lord the King that when he lately before the bailiff of this island & the said jurats on the plaint of the said John de Carteret complaining of the unjust distrain made upon him by

pposuisset quoddā scriptum obligatoriū ipsius Joānis p quod obligat
se soliturū pfato Ottoni Centū libr bonoz puoz e nigroz Turoñ p
Petro⁺ Dartys in ptem soluçois debitoz que Idem Petrus debebat pdco
Ottoni a magno tempe elapso pdci Juř adiudicauerunt pdcm Joāem
esse debere quietum p eciam ptem pdce sume quam soluit post de-
fensionem debet monete Turoñ currentis tempe guerre, p eo quod
scriptum fcm fuit tempe quo debet moneta currebat, ppl que a pte
ipsius Ottonis a pdco Judo tanq iniquo fiat ad Cuř dñi Reg^o appel-
lat e peř qđ corrigat tē. Et tam pdcus Joānes de Carfet qm
pdci xij. Juř dicunt qđ pdcm Judm bonū est e legale. Et inde sup-
pon se dco Judo Cuř dñi Reg^o. Et qz tangit negocia de moneta
vnde fit qrela de ministris tē, et que adiornant coram dño Rege. Iō
dat^o est dies ptibz tē coz dño Rē a die sēi Mich in vnū menš vbicūq,
tūc fuit in Angl Et Juř ad tūc expē Judm. Postea ad diem illū apđ
Westm ctis de causis Judiū inde respectuat reddendū coram dño
Rege a die Pasch in vnū menš vbicumq, tūc fuit in Angl. Deinde
dies datus est a die Pasch in vnū mensē vbicūq, tē. Deinde datus
est ei dies a die Pasch in xv di[es] vbicūq, tē. Et deinde datus est
ei dies a die Pasch in vnū mensē vbicūq, tē. In Crastino annuař
vbicūq, tē. Et deinde iudicm resp^otuat^r tē vsq, a die Pasch in vnū
menš vbicūq, tē. Et deinde iudm pdcm resp^otuat^r vsq, a die Pasch
in tres sept vbicūq, tē. Et deinde iudicm pdcm resp^otuat^r vsq, a die
Pasch in xv. dies vbicūq, tē. Ad quē diē iudm pdcm resp^otuatur vsq,
a die Pasch in xv dies vbicūq, tē. Ad quē diē iudm pdcm resp^otuat^r
vsq, a die Pasch in qnq, sept^os pxiō futuř in vnū ann vbicūq, tē.

ven
nō venit

Seq^r ps si
velit.

the officers of the said Otho, set forth a certain obligatory deed of the said John by which he obliged himself to pay to the said Otho 100 livres of good small & black Tournois on behalf of Peter Dartys in part payment of the debts which the same Peter owed to the said Otho for a long time past,—the said jurats adjudged that the said John ought to be quit by the third part of the said sum which he paid after the defence in debased money Tournois current in the time of war, because the deed was made in the time in which debased money was current, on account of which on behalf of the said Otho an appeal was made to the court of the lord the King from the said judgment as being contrary to right, & he claims that it may be corrected &c. And as well the said John de Carteret as the said 12 jurats say that the said judgment is good & lawful. And therein they submit themselves to the said judgment of the court of the lord the King. And because it touches the business of money whereupon a plaint is made of the officers &c. and which they adjourn before the lord the King—therefore a day is given to the parties &c. before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever he shall then be in England. And the jurats then desired judgment. Afterwards at that day at Westminster for certain causes judgment therein is respited to be rendered before the lord the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. Thence a day is given to them in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. Thence a day is given to him in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. And thence a day is given to him in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. In the Morrow of Souls wheresoever &c. And thence judgment is respited &c. until one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. And thence the said judgment is respited until 3 weeks from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. And thence the said judgment is respited until 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said judgment is respited until 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said judgment is respited until 5 weeks from the day of Easter next to come in one year wheresoever &c.

Came.

Did not come.

Let the party sue
if he wishes.

(M. 11.) **Adhuc de plitis coram p̄fatis Justiciari in Insula
de Jereseye de eodem Glin'e.**

ffresingfeld.

+ obiit
Jereseye. Abbas de Chireburgh suū fuit qđ esset hic ad hunc diem ad
respondē dño Regi de plito qđ reddē ei aduocações Prioratus de Insu-
letta s̄ci Elerii e ecclie s̄ce T'nitatis viginti denaratas Turoñ redd̄s
et reddm̄ triginta e sex quartioꝝ fruṁti, viginti gallin, t̄rm capoñ e
septies viginti onoz cum ptiñ in pochia s̄ci Lauř. Et de plito quo
Waranto sine licencia e voluntate dñi Reg^o e p̄genitoꝝ suoꝝ Regum
Angl̄ claṁ p̄cipe e h̄ere de singlis tenentibꝫ suis in poch̄ s̄ci Elerii
fumaḡ siue moneagiū e t̄ Wreccum ibidem que ad dñm Regem, Co-
ronam e dignitatem suam ptinent. Et vnde Willus des mareys qui
sequit' p dño Rege dicit qđ dñs H. Rex auus t̄p̄ fuit seiscitus tempe
pacis de p̄d̄cis aduocaçoibꝫ, redd̄, Wrecco, e aliis ptiñ t̄c vt de feodo
e iure Corone sue. Et qđ tale sit Jus Reg^o offert v̄ficare. p dño
Rege sicut Cuř con̄s.

Et Abbas veñ. Et dicit qđ dñs H. Rex f̄t Impat'cis quondam
dedit Abbie s̄ci Elerii molend̄ de villa in poch̄ s̄ci Elerii cum molta
e p̄ñ suis t̄c, et eccliam s̄ce T'nitatis e mariscum s̄ci Elerii. Et
p̄fert Cartam ip̄ius dñi H. Reg^o in hec v̄ba. H. Rex Angl̄ e Dux
Norman̄ e Aquit̄ e Comes And̄, Archiep̄o Rothom̄, Ep̄is, Ab̄bibꝫ,
Coṁ, Baroñ, Justic̄, vič e om̄ibꝫ ministris e fidelibꝫ suis Norman̄
sal̄m. Sciatis me dedisse e p̄senti carta confirmasse Abbie s̄ci Elerii
de Gerseio e Canonicis ibidem deo seruientibꝫ p salute mea e liboꝝ
meoꝝ in p̄petuam elemosinam molend̄ de villa cū molta e debita
suicio ip̄ius molend̄, et eccliam s̄ce T'nitatis e mariscum s̄ci Elerij.
Quare volo e firmiŕ p̄cipio qđ eadem Abbia e Canōici hec p̄d̄ca h̄eant
e teneant bene e in pace libe e quiete e integre e plenarie e hono-
rifice, sicut ea tenebam in dño meo cum om̄ibꝫ lib̄tatibꝫ e lib̄is

(M. 11.) **Continuation of the pleas before the said Justices in the
island of Jersey of the same eyre.**

Fresingfeld.

He died.

Jersey.

The Abbot of Cherbourg was summoned to be here at this day to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea that he render up to him the advowsons of the Priory of the Islet of St. Helier & of the Church of Holy Trinity, 20 deniers Tournois of rent & the rent of 36 quarters of wheat, 20 hens, 3 capons & 140 eggs with the appurtenances in the parish of St. Lawrence. And concerning a plea by what warrant without the license & will of the lord the King & his progenitors Kings of England he claims to take & have of all his tenants in the parish of St. Helier fumage or moneage & also wreck there which belong to the lord the King his crown & dignity. And thereupon William des Mareys who sues for the lord the King says that the lord King H. the grandfather &c. was seised in the time of peace of the said advowsons, rent, wreck & other appurtenances &c. as of fee & right of his crown. And that such is the right of the King he offers to establish for the lord the King as the court shall determine.

And the Abbot comes & says that the lord King H. son of the Empress formerly gave to the Abbey of St. Helier the Town mill in the parish of St. Helier with its multure & appurtenances, &c., and the Church of Holy Trinity & the marsh of St. Helier. And he produces a charter of the same lord King H. in these words. H. King of England & Duke of Normandy & Aquitaine & Count of Anjou, to the Archbishop of Rouen, Bishops, Abbots, Counts, Barons, justices, sheriffs & all his ministers & faithful people of Normandy greeting. Know ye that I have given & by this my present charter have confirmed to the Abbey of St. Helier of Jersey & the canons there serving God for my salvation & that of my children in perpetual alms the Town mill with the multure & service due of the same mill, & the Church of Holy Trinity & the marsh of St. Helier. Wherefore I will & firmly command that the same Abbey & canons may have & hold these things well & in peace, freely & quietly & wholly & fully & honourably, as I held them in my demesne with all their

consuetudinibz suis. T maġro Joġne de Oxneford, maġro Raġo de Tame Worda, Coġm Regiġ, Riġo de Luci, Riġo de Camulla, Wiġmo de Caumeto, Huġ de Gundeulla, Durando Luis, Wiġto de ostilli, apud Cestr. Dicit t qđ idem dñs H. Rex postea fecit vnionem de Abbaciis de Chireburgġ e sġi Elerii. Ita qđ sedes Abbie foret apud Chireburgġ e quinq, Canōici forent celeb^{antes} apud sġm Elerium. Et pfert inde Cartam dñi H. Reg^o in hec vba. H. dei ġra Rex Angt e Dux Normanġ e Aquit e Comes And, Archiepis, Epis, Abbibz, Comitibz, Baroġ, Justiġ, viġ, e oġibz Baġtis e fidelibz suis salġm. Sciatis qđ ego de consilio rothrodie pie recordat^o Rothoġ Archiepi e e multaz alias vesibitġ e religiosasz psonaz cōiuncōem duaz domoz Canoniġ reglarium que roġe fundaġois ad meam spaliġ nullo mediante donaġoem ptinent e ordinaġoem sġi scilt Elerii de Insulis e sġe Marie de Cesaris Burgo iampdem concessi, ea videlt consideraġone inductus qđ nulla illaz p se ad sustentaġoem Conuent^o reglariz degentis suffice posse credebat. Sed qz pdġa concessio mea ante tempa vesibit viri Walši Rothoġ Archiepi ad plenū nō fšat effġm mancipata, de voluntate e assensu eiusġ Archiepi tam psentis sc̄pti annocaġone e sigilli mei apposiġone confirmaui firmiġ p̄cipiendo vt inapptġ in hunc modum cōiūcte pmaneant, scilt vt in ecclia sġe Marie de Cesaris Burgo p̄cipua sedes sit Abbis e in ea ordo bī Augustini iux^a statuta sġi Vittoris Pariš obseruet. Et in domo sġi Elerii in Insulis quinq, Canonici ad minus scđm disposiġoem Abbis reglanġ viuentes deo deseruiant qui modis oġibz potestati e voluntati Abbis pñōiati loci pmanebunt s̄iecti, et possessiones oġes tam eccliašice q^m alie ad domū sġi Elerii ptinentes in disposiġone eiusġ Abbis consistent. T. W. Roth Archiepo tġ. Et dicit qđ pdecessores ipius Abbis post donaġoem hi^o, ea semp tenuerunt pacifice, sicut e ipe ea modo tenet. Et dicit qđ

liberties & free customs. Witnesses : Master John of Oxford, Master Ralph of Tamworth, Earl Reginald, Richard de Lucy, Richard de Camulla, William de Caumeto, Hugh de Gundeville, Durand Luis, William de Ostilli, at Chester. He says also that the same lord King H. afterwards united the Abbeyes of Cherbourg & St. Helier. So that the seat of the Abbey should be at Cherbourg & 5 canons should celebrate Divine Service at St. Helier. And he produces thereof a charter of the lord King H. in these words. H. by the grace of God King of England & Duke of Normandy & Aquitaine & Count of Anjou to the Archbishops, Bishops, abbots, counts, barons, justices, sheriffs & all his bailiffs & faithful people greeting. Know ye that I by the counsel of Rotrou⁽¹⁾ of pious memory Archbishop of Rouen & of many other venerable & religious persons, have long since granted the union of the two houses of regular canons which by reason of the foundation belong especially to my gift & ordinance, no one intervening, to wit, of St. Helier of the Islands & St. Mary of Cherbourg, induced to wit by this consideration that none of those, it is thought, by themselves can suffice for the sustentation of the community living regularly, but because my said grant before the times of the venerable Walter⁽²⁾ Archbishop of Rouen was not made over with full effect, with the will & assent of the same Archbishop I have now confirmed it by the registration of this present writing & by the affixing of my seal, firmly commanding that they may for ever remain united in that way, viz., that in the Church of St. Mary of Cherbourg shall be the principal seat of the Abbot, & in the same the order of St. Augustine according to the statutes of St. Victor of Paris shall be observed ; & in the house of St. Helier of the Islands, five canons at the least according to the disposition of the Abbot living regularly shall serve God who in all ways shall remain subject to the power & will of the Abbot of the said place, & all the possessions as well ecclesiastical as other belonging to the house of St. Helier shall be at the disposition of the said Abbot. Witness W. Archbishop of Rouen, &c. And he says that the predecessors of the said Abbot after such gift always held them peacefully, & as he now

(1) Rotrou, Archbishop of Rouen in 1165.

(2) Gautier le Magnifique, Archbishop in 1184.

postq^m Iidem p^recessores sui arenta^runt mariscum illud e ibi ap-
posuerunt p^res tenentes, quod est ad comodū dñi Reg^o. Iidem p^rede-
cessores sui e i^pe q^mmcicius Ba^rffus dñi Reg^o leua^rit fuma^g t^c. i^pi p
Priorem suū de Insuletta s^ci Elerii vbi Canonici illi degent petunt
ab i^po Ba^rffo q^mntum a tenentib^z eo^z recepit. Et eis semp solutum
fuit a tempe quo nō extat memoria. Et quo ad p^rd^ros redd^s t^c dicit
q^d i^pe capit p^rd^ros redd^s de tenentib^z suis residentib^z in p^rd^ro ma-
risco, e dicit q^d postq^m mariscum illud arentatū fuit p p^recessores
suos. Iidem p^recessores sui soliti f^runt hui^omodi redd^s de tenen-
tibus suis ibidem recipe sicut e ipe modo pcipit. Et q^d Ita est de
singl^s offert vificare p p^riam.

Et Wi^rffus dicit p dño Rege q^d Wreccum est regalis lib^tas quam
nullus h^re potest sine s^pali dono regio, et ex quo nō continet^r in
p^rd^rca Carta regia, q^d p^rd^rcus dñs Rex concessit p^recessorib^z i^pius
Ab^bis hui^omodi lib^tatem pcipe, nec Abbas ostendit inde aliud f^cm
s^pale petit Jud^m p dño Rege. Dicit t^c q^d fuma^g est custuma debita
i^pi dño Regi de pp^{lo} cui^ocūq^z sint hōies v^t tenentes p sic q^d dñs Rex
eos pmittit v^t cōibus monetis legalⁱ currentib^z t^c. Et dicit q^d
nullus de Insulis custumam illam pefe debet v^t pōi p^rf^c s^pale Wa-
rantum h^rnd de dño Rege, nec est alius qui illam cla^m nisi p^rd^rcus
Ab^bas, vnde petit Jud^m p dño Rege. Et contentis in Cartis petit
q^d rei v^tas inquirat^r p dño Rege p p^riam. Dies datus est ei de aud^r
Jud^o suo coram dño Rege a die s^ci Mich^s in vnū men^s vbicumq^z
tunc f^rit in Ang^l t^c. Et Abbas po. lo. suo f^rem Nich^m Leuesk
Canōicum suū v^t Petrum f^ri Petⁱ Dartys. Postea ad diem illū ap^d
West^m ven^t p^rd^rcus Ab^bas p attorⁿ suū. Et c^tis de causis dat^o est
eis dies de Jud^o suo aud^r coram dño Rege a die Paschⁱ in vnū men^s
vbicūq^z tunc f^rit in Ang^l. Ad quem diem p^rd^rcus Abbas p attorⁿ

holds them. And he says that afterwards his said predecessors arented that marsh & placed there many tenants which is to the advantage of the lord the King. His same predecessors & he himself as often as the bailiff of the lord the King levied fumage &c. they by their Prior of the Islet of St. Helier, where those canons live, claim from the same bailiff as much as he received from their tenants; & it was always paid to them from time immemorial. And as to the said rents &c. he says that he takes the said rents from his tenants residing in the said marsh, & he says that after that marsh was arented by his predecessors, the same predecessors were wont to receive such rents of their tenants there as he now takes. And that it is so concerning each & all of these things he offers to establish by verdict of the country.

And William says for the lord the King that wreck is a royal franchise which none may have without a special royal gift, & because it is not contained in the said royal charter that the aforesaid lord the King granted to the predecessors of the said Abbot to take such franchise, & because the said Abbot cannot show any special deed thereof, he claims judgment for the lord the King. And he says that fumage is a custom due to the said lord the King from the people whosoever men or tenants they may be, because the lord the King permits them to use common moneys lawfully current &c. And he says that no one of the islands ought or may claim that custom except special warrant be had of the lord the King, nor is there any other who claims it except the said Abbot, wherefore he claims judgment for the lord the King. And as to the contents of the charters he demands that the truth of the matter may be enquired into for the lord the King by verdict of the country. A day is given to him to hear his judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever he shall then be in England &c. And the Abbot puts in his place Brother Nicholas Levesque his canon or Peter son of Peter Dartys. Afterwards at that day at Westminster comes the said Abbot by his attorney. And for certain causes a day is given to them to hear their judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. At which day the said Abbot

suū p attorñ suū⁽¹⁾ venit, et datus est ei dies a die Pasch in vnū
nō veñ mensē vbicumq; tē. Ad quē diem p̄dēus Abbas nō veñ Iō de ip̄o
ad iudiciū tē. Sed ponit̄ in respectū vsq; a die Pasch in xv dies
vbicūq; tē. Et deinde resp̄tuat̄ iudm vsq; a die Pasch in vnū men-
sem vbicumq; tē. In Crastino aīa; vbicūq; tē. Ad q̄ diē iudiciū
vt p̄us resp̄tuat̄ vt p̄ius vsq; a die Pasch in vnū mens vbicūq; tē. Ad q̄
diem iudiciū p̄dēm resp̄tuat̄ vsq; a die Pasch in tres sep̄ vbicūq;
tē.—Ad quem diem iudm resp̄tuatur vsq; a die Pasch in xv dies
vbicūq; tē. Et quia alibi testat̄ in rot̄is plito; de Insul de Gerne; p
fram Otonis de Ḡndisono hic p̄ p̄ceptū dñi Rē missam qđ p̄dēus
Abbas mortuus est, Iō nō p̄cedat̄ vlteri⁹ in plito isto ad p̄sens tē.
Seq̄ Rex

(M. 11 d) **Adhuc de pl̄itis coram p̄fatis Iusticiari in Insula
de Beresepe de eod̄ Plin'e.**

fresingfeld.

Ma; P̄us de Cheny suū fuit qđ esset hic ad respondē dño Regi
de plito quo Waranto sine licencia e voluntate dñi Reg⁹ e p̄genito;
suo; Regum Angl̄ clam̄ h̄ere libam Warennā in om̄ib; dñicis suis in
poch̄ s̄ci Joh̄nis. Et t̄ quo Waranto clamat h̄ere Wreccū maris p̄ totā
fram suam in poch̄ s̄ci Saluatoris s̄ci Joh̄is e s̄ci Audoeni, e illud
in p̄pos vsus conf̄e. Et t̄ quo Waranto clam̄ p̄cipe e h̄ere libam
espkeriam in poch̄ s̄ci Joh̄is e s̄ci Audoeni de piscib; p̄ hoīes suos
captis in aquis dñi Reg⁹. Et t̄ quo Waranto clamat p̄cipe e h̄ere
catalla hoīm suo; felonū dñi Reg⁹ v̄l fugitiuo; que spectant ad Co-
ronam e dignitatem dñi Reg⁹. Et P̄us veñ, et dicit qđ ip̄e tenet
teñ sua in hac Insula p̄ p̄parte sua de h̄editate Witli de Cheny p̄ris
Nichi de Cheny e ip̄ius Phi cui⁹ he; ip̄i sunt. Et quo ad Warennam
tē., dicit qđ dñs H. Rex auus tē p̄ Cartam suam concessit p̄dco p̄ri

(1) Sic.

Does not come.

as before.

The King
sues.

(M. 11 d.)

by his attorney comes, & a day is given to him in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Abbot does not come. Therefore as to him to judgment &c. But it is put in respite until 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. And thence judgment is respited until one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. In the Morrow of Souls wheresoever &c. At which day judgment is respited as before until one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said judgment is respited until 3 weeks from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day judgment is respited until 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. And because it is witnessed elsewhere in the rolls of the pleas of the island of Guernsey by a letter of Otho de Grandison sent here by command of the lord the King, that the said Abbot is dead, therefore let it not be proceeded with further in this plea at present &c.

**Continuation of the pleas before the aforesaid Justices in
the Island of Jersey of the same eyre.**

Fresingfeld.

Master Philip de Cheny was summoned to be here to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by what warrant without the license & will of the lord the King & his progenitors Kings of England he claims to have free warren in all his demesnes in the parish of St. John. And also by what warrant he claims to have wreck of the sea throughout all his land in the parishes of St. Saviour, St. John & St. Ouen & to convert it to his own uses. And also by what warrant he claims to take & have free esperkeria in the parishes of St. John & St. Ouen, of the fish caught by his men in the waters of the lord the King. And also by what warrant he claims to take & have the chattels of his men felons or fugitives of the lord the King which belong to the crown and dignity of the lord the King. And Philip comes & says that he holds his tenements in this island for his share of the inheritance of William de Cheny father of Nicholas de Cheny & of the said Philip whose heirs they are. And as to warren &c. he says that the lord King H. the grandfather, &c.

suo Warennam in omibz dñicis tris suis in hac Insula. Et quo ad Wreccum e espkeř in pochl sđi Johis tđ dicit qđ Wifus Paynel quond tenuit teř in řdđa pochl sđi Johis que Idem Płus modo tenet, et postea řřnt escheř Reg^o, et řdđus dñs H. Rex auus tđ. dedit teř illa řdđo Wiffo řři suo cum omibz libtatibz e libis consuetudinibz tđ. Et diđ qđ řdđus Wifus Paynel tempe suo e omes antecessores sui tenentes teř illa vsi řřunt řre hui^o libtates a tempe quo nō extat memoria, et ř řdđus Wifus pař suus e iře simitr vsi sunt eisdem libtatibz post řdđm donū dñi Reg^o sic řm řři suo. Et qđ Ita sit offř řřicare sicut Cuř cons. Et quo ad Wreccū e espkeř tđ in pochl sđi Audoeni, dicit simitr qđ quidam Wifus Comaundas quond tenuit teř in řdđa pochl que Idem Płus modo tenet que postea deueřunt escheř Reg^o, et Idem dñs H. Rex auus tđ. dedit teř illa Wiffo řři suo cum omibz libtatibz e libis consuetudinibz ad teř illa spectantibz tđ. Et dicit qđ řdđus Wifus Comaundas tempe suo e omes antecessores sui vsi řřunt řdđis libtatibz a tempe quo nō extat memoria, e dicit qđ a tempe řdđi doni dñi Reg^o řdđus Wifus pař suus e iře vsi sunt řdđis libtatibz in forma qua iře modo eas clamat tđ. Et qđ Ita est offert řřicare sicut Cuř cons. Dicit ř qđ qz řdđa Carta dñi H. Regis inde řđa řři iřius Phi est in Anglia, iře patus est řřicare řdđa dona p record Rotloř de Cancellaria tđ, si iře sufficientem Cartam nō pferat coram consilio dñi Reg^o. Et quo ad Wreccum in pochl sđi Saluatoris dicit qđ řdđus Wifus pař suus pquisiuit teř que Idem Płus modo tenet in řdđa pochl de Eustachio de Greneuille. Et dicit qđ řdđus Eustach tempe suo e omes antecessores sui ante eum tenentes teř illa vsi řřunt pcipe Wreccum in teř suis in řdđa pochl, a tempe quo nō extat memoria, et řdđus Wifus pař suus e iře soliti řřunt řre Wreccum in forma qua řdđus Płus illud modo clamat,

by his charter granted to his said father warren in all his demesne lands in this island. And as to wreck & esperkeria in the parish of St. John &c. he says that William Paynel formerly held the tenements in the said parish of St. John which the same Philip now holds, & afterwards they were the escheats of the King, & the said lord King H. the grandfather, &c. gave those tenements to the said William his father with all franchises & free customs &c. And he says that the said William Paynel in his time & all his ancestors holding those tenements were used to have such franchises from time immemorial, & also the said William his father & he himself have likewise used the same franchises after the said gift of the lord the King so made to his father. And that this is so he offers to establish as the court shall determine. And as to wreck & esperkeria &c. in the parish of St. Owen he says likewise that a certain William Comaundas formerly held the tenements in the said parish which the same Philip now holds, which afterwards became the escheats of the King, & the same lord King H. the grandfather &c. gave those tenements to William his father with all franchises & free customs to those tenements belonging &c. And he says that the said William Comaundas in his time & all his ancestors used the said liberties from time immemorial, & he says that from the time of the said gift of the lord the King the said William his father & he himself have used the said franchises in the form in which he now claims them &c. And that this is so he offers to establish as the court shall determine. Also he says that because the said charter of the lord King H. thereof made to the father of the said Philip is in England he is ready to establish the said gifts by the record of the rolls in the Chancery &c. if he do not bring a sufficient charter before the council of the lord the King. And as to wreck in the parish of St. Saviour he says that the said William his father purchased the tenements which the same Philip now holds in the said parish of Eustace de Greneville. And he says that the said Eustace in his time & all his ancestors before him holding those tenements were used to take wreck in their lands in the said parish from time immemorial, & the said William his father & he were wont to have wreck in the form in which the said Philip now claims it, saving always to

saluis semp dño Regi p'ncipalibz tē. Et qđ Ita est offert vificare sicut Cuř cons. Et quo ad Catalla felonū tē dicit qđ si hoies sui cicius possint appoñe manus ad catalla homñ suoꝝ latronū q'm hoies Reg^o tunc clañ ipe ĩere catalla illa. Et dicit qđ sic vsi fñunt omēs tenentes teñ que ipe modo tenet a tempe quo memoria nō existit, et sic vsi sunt omēs dñi hui^o Insule tē.

Et Willus des Mareys qui sequit' p dño Rege quo ad Wreccum e espekē tē in pochiis sēi Joñnis e sēi Audoeni, dicit qđ ex quo p'dcūs Pñus cogñ qđ p'dca teñ fñunt in mañ dñi H. Reg^o tē et qđ ipe illa clamat de dono p'dci dñi Reg^o, nō potest ĩere hui^o libtates nisi continet' in Carta sua et petit Judm p dño Rege. Et quo ad Wreccum tē in poch sēi Saluatoris dicit qđ Wreccum est regia libtas, et nemo potest hui^o libtatem vendere et ex quo p'dcūs Pñus clamat hui^o libtatem de pquis pñis sui tē petit Judm p dño Rege ex quo nō ostendit inde aliquod fcm spale. Et simitr petit Judm quo ad omia alia de quibz nō pfert Cartam dñi Reg^o quam allegat p Wař. Dies dat^o est ei de aud Judo suo coram dño Rege a die sēi Michis in vnū menš vbicūq, tūc fñit in Angl. Et Pñus po. lo. suo Simonem de Esse. Postea ad diem illū apud Lond⁽¹⁾ veñ p'dcūs Pñus. Et ctis de causis dat^o ē eis dies de Judo suo aud coram dño Rege a die Pasch in vnū menš vbicūq, tūc fñit in Angl. Et Pñus fecit attorñ sicut patet alibi. Ad quem diem p'dcūs Pñus p attorñ suū veñ, et datus est ei dies a die Pasch in vnū mensem vbicumq, tē. Ad quē diem p'dcūs Pñus venit e datus est ei dies a die Pasch in xv dies vbicūq, tē. Ad q diem p'dcūs Pñs veñ e dat^o est ei dies a die Pasch in vnū mensem vbicūq, tē. In Crastino aiaꝝ vbicūq, tē. Ad q p'dcūs Pñs vt sup^a veñ e datus est ei dies a die Pasch in vnū menš vbicūq, tē. Ad q

(1) This word is erased superficially, but the ink has penetrated the substance of the parchment so as to be still visible.

the lord the King those things which belong to the prince, &c. And that this is so he offers to establish as the court shall determine. And as to the chattels of felons, &c. he says that if his servants could lay their hands on the chattels of his men, thieves, more quickly than the King's servants then they claimed to have those chattels. And he says that so were used to do all [people] holding those tenements which he now holds, from time immemorial, & so were used to do all the lords of this island, &c.

And William des Mareys who sues for the lord the King, as to wreck & esperkeria &c. in the parishes of St. John & St. Ouen says that because the said Philip acknowledges that the said tenements were in the hands of the lord King H. &c. and that he claims them of the gift of the said lord the King, he cannot have such franchises unless they are contained in his charter & claims judgment for the lord the King. And as to wreck &c. in the parish of St. Saviour he says that wreck is a royal franchise & that no one can sell such franchise, & because the said Philip claims such franchise of the purchase of his father &c. he claims judgment for the lord the King because he does not show any special deed thereof. And he likewise claims judgment as to all other things of which he does not produce a charter of the lord the King which he alleges for a warrant. A day is given to him to hear his judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of St. Michael wheresoever he shall then be in England. And Philip puts in his place Simon de Esse. Afterwards at that day at London comes the said Philip. And for certain causes a day is given to them to hear their judgment before the lord the King in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever he shall then be in England. And Philip appoints an attorney as appears elsewhere. At which day the said Philip by his attorney comes, & a day is given to him in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c.

Comes. At which day the said Philip comes & a day is given to him in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the

Comes. said Philip comes & a day is given to him in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever, &c. In the Morrow of Souls wheresoever &c. At which [day] the said Philip as above comes & a day is given to him in one month from the day of Easter wheresoever &c.

v⁹ sep. p.
Seq^r Rex.
(M. 12.)
Gerneř

diē p'dcūs P'hs veñ e dat⁹ est ei dies a die Pasch in tres sep^t vbi-
cūq, tē.—Ad quē diē p'dcūs P'hs veñ e dat⁹ est ei dies a die Pasch in
xv dies vbi-
cūq, tē. Ad quē diē p'dcūs P'hs veñ e dat⁹ est ei dies a
die Pasch in qnq, sept^s p^x futuř in vnū anñ vbi-
cūq, tē.

Dñs Rex mandauit hic tras suas patent^r in hec vba. Edwardus
dei g^{ra} Rex Ang^t Dñs Hiñ e Dux Aquit^r ditcis e fidelibz suis Johi
de ffresingfeld, Drogoni de Barantino e Johi de Dittoñ saltm. Sciatis
qd constituim⁹ vos e duos vřm Justič nřos ad ass^s e omia alia plita
tenend^r hac vice infra Insulas de Gerneř, Jerseye, Serk e Aureneye
put alias coram aliis Justič scđm legem e consuetudēm pciū illaz
teneri consueuerūt. Et ideo vobis mandam⁹ qd ad p'missa facienda
intendatis in forma p'dča. Mandanim⁹ enim militibz libis homibz e
omibz aliis de Insulis p'dcis qd vobis e duobz vřm tamq^r Justič nřis
in p'missis intendentes sint e respondentes sicut p'dcm est. In cui⁹
rei testimoim^r has tras nřas fieri fecim⁹ patent^r. T^m me ipso apud
Langeleye xvj. die marcij anno ř. ñ. secundo.

Misit eciam quasdam tras patent^r in hec vba. Edwardus dei
g^{ra} Rex Ang^t, Dñs Hiñ e Dux Aquit^r Balliuis Insulaz de Geneř,
Jerř, Serk e Aurneye saltm. Cum constituim⁹ ditcos e fideles nřos
Johem de ffresyngfeld, Drogonem de Barantino e Johem de Dittoñ
ac duos eoř Justič nřos ad ass^s e omia alia plita tenenda hac vice
infra Insulas p'dčas put alias coram aliis Justič scđm legem e cons^r
pciū illaz teneri consueuerunt put in lřis nřis patentibz eisdem Jo-
hanni Drogoni e Johanni inde confectis plenius continet^r, vobis mau-
damus qd etos dies e loca quos p'dci Joñes, Drogo e Joñes vel
duo eoř vobis scire faciant, venire fač coram eis vel duobz eoř tot e
tales p'bos e legales hoies de Insulis p'dcis p quos rei vitas in p'missis
melius sciri pořit e inquiri. In cui⁹ rei testimoim^r has tras nřas fieri
fecimus patent^r. T^m me ipso apud Langleye xvj. die Marcij. anno
ř. ñ. scđo.

5 weeks from
Easter.
The King sues.

At which day the said Philip comes & a day is given to him in three weeks from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Philip comes & a day is given to him in 15 days from the day of Easter wheresoever &c. At which day the said Philip comes & a day is given to him in 5 weeks from the day of Easter next coming in one year wheresoever &c.

(M. 12.)
Guernsey.

The lord the King sent here his letters patent in these words. Edward by the grace of God King of England lord of Ireland & Duke of Aquitaine to his beloved & faithful John de Fresingfeld, Drogo de Barantin & John de Ditton, greeting. Know ye that we have constituted you & two of you our justices to hold the assizes & all other pleas this turn within the islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Sark & Alderney as they were wont to be held at other times before other justices according to the law & custom of those parts. And therefore we command you that you be ready to do all in the premises in the form aforesaid. We have also sent to the knights, free men & all others of the islands aforesaid that they assist & answer when called upon to you & two of you as our justices in the premises as is aforesaid. In witness whereof we have caused these our letters to be made patent. Witness myself at Langley the 16th day of March in the second year of our reign.

He also sent certain letters patent in these words. Edward by the grace of God King of England, lord of Ireland & Duke of Aquitaine to the bailiffs of the islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Sark & Alderney, greeting. Whereas we have constituted our beloved & faithful John de Fresingfeld, Drogo de Barantin & John de Ditton & two of them our justices for the assizes & all other pleas to be held this turn within the said islands as at other times before other justices according to the law & custom of those parts they were wont to be held as in our letters patent to the same John, Drogo & John thereof made is more fully contained, we command you that at certain days & places which the said John, Drogo & John or two of them will make known to you, you cause to come before them or two of them all & such good & lawful men of the said islands by whom the truth of the matter in the premises may be the better known & enquired into. In witness whereof we have caused these our letters to be made patent. Witness myself at Langley the 16th day of March in the second year of our reign.

Misit eciam quasdam alias iras suas patentes in hec vba. Edwardus dei gr̃a Rex Angl̃, Dñs Hibn e Dux Aquit̃ dñcis e fidelibz suis Johanni de ffresyngfeld Wiffo Russel e Johi de Dittoñ saltm. Quia datū est nobis intelligi qđ dñse terr̃ e teñ cum homagiis, suiciis, aduocaconibz eccliaꝝ, capellaꝝ, esch̃etis, Wrecco maris, Warenñ, chaceis, custumis makerelloꝝ, Espkeria congroꝝ e aliis libtatibz dñsis que ad nos ptinent e de iure ptinere debent in Iñs nñis de Geneꝛ, Jerš, Serk e Aurneye per quosd̃ hom̃es e htatores eazdem Inš Religiosos e alios tam tempore dñi H. R^{is} aui nñi, dñi E. R^{is} pñis nñi e nño vsurpata sunt indebite e detenta e qđ alie dñse sub^tractiones libtatū e iur̃m nñoꝝ in ptibz illis ac p^restature fce sunt ibidem in nñi p^riudiciū e exheredita^com manifestam; Nos indempnitali nñe prospice, e sup hiis remediū adhibe volentes ac de vñra c^um^spcone e industria spali^r confidentes assig^auim⁹ vos uel duos vñm ad inquirend⁹ p sacrm pboꝝ e leg^h hoim Insulaꝝ p^rdcaꝝ p quos rei vñtas melius sciri poñt de huiusmōi terr̃ e teñ homagiis, suiciis, aduocaconibz, Wrecco, Warrenm chaceis, custumis, espek^r e aliis libtatibz sic vsurpatis e detentis ac eciam de subtraccionibz libtatū e iur̃m p^rdcoꝝ e p^restis p^rdcis pleni⁹ vñtatem e p quem vel p quos e a quo tempore e quat^r e quo modo e ad om̃ia sic vsurpata detenta e sub^tcta ad statum debitū reuocand̃. Et ideo vobis mandam⁹ qđ vocatis coram vobis uel duobz vñm qui fñint evocandi p^rmissa om̃ia e singula facia^t e expleatis in forma p^rdca. Maudauim⁹ enī singulis Bañis Inš p^rdcaꝝ ad etos die[s] e loca quos ei scire facietis venire fa^c coram vobis vel duobz vñm tot e tales p^rbos e leg^h hoies de Insulis p^rdcis p quos rei vñtas in p^rmissis melius sciri poñt e inquire e vobis vel duobz vñm peant e intendant p[ut] eis scire facietis ex pte nñra. In cui⁹ rei testimoim has iras nñas fieri fecim⁹ patentes. T̃. me ip̃o apud Westm̃ xx^o die maij. anno r̃. ñ. scđo.

He sent also certain others his letters patent in these words. Edward by the grace of God King of England lord of Ireland & Duke of Aquitaine to his beloved & faithful John de Fresingfeld, William Russel & John de Ditton greeting. Because we have been given to understand that divers lands & tenements with homages, services, advowsons of churches, chapels, escheats, wreck of the sea, warrens, chaces, customs of mackerel, esperkeria of congers & divers other franchises which belong to us & of right ought to belong to us in our islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Sark & Alderney, are unduly usurped & detained by certain men & inhabitants of the same islands ecclesiastics & others as well in the time of the lord King H. our grandfather, the lord King E. our father, as in our time, & that divers other subtractions of our franchises & rights in those parts & encroachments are made there to our manifest prejudice & disinheritance: We wishing to safeguard our rights & to supply a remedy in these matters & being specially confident of your circumspection & industry have appointed you or two of you to enquire by the oath of good & lawful men of the said islands by whom the truth of the matter may the better be known concerning such lands & tenements homages, services, advowsons, wrecks, warrens, chaces, customs, esperkeria & other franchises so usurped & detained & also more fully the truth concerning the subtraction of our said franchises & rights & concerning the said encroachments & by whom & from what time & how & in what manner, & to restore all things so usurped detained & subtracted to their due state. And therefore we command you that you call before you or two of you those who are to be called & that you do & fulfil all & each of the premises in the form aforesaid. And we have also commanded all the bailiffs of the said islands at certain days & places which you shall make known to them to cause to come before you or two of you all & such good & lawful men of the said islands by whom the truth of the matter in the premises may be the better known & enquired into & to be aiding & assisting you or two of you as you shall make it known to them on our behalf. In witness whereof we have caused these our letters to be made patent. Witness ourself at Westminster the 20th day of May, in the second year of our reign.

Misit eciam quasdam alias tras suas patentes in hec vba. Edwardus dei gr̃a Rex Angl̃ Dñs Hib̃n e Dux Aquit̃ Batis Insulaꝝ de Gerneꝛ, Jer̃s, Serk e Aurneye saltm. Quia datum est nobis intelligi qđ diſse terre e teñ cum homagiis e ſuiciis aduocaconibꝫ eccliaꝝ e capellaꝝ, eſchetis, Wrecco maꝛ, Warenñ, chaceis, customis makerelloꝝ, eſpkeria congroꝝ e aliis libtatibꝫ diſsis que ad nos ptinent e de iure ptinere debent in Insulis nꝛis pꝑd̃cis p quosđ hoĩes e hitatores eaꝝdem Religiosos e alios tam tꝑe dñi R^{is} aui nꝛi, q^m tꝑe dñi E. R^{is} pꝛis nꝛi e nꝛo vsurpata sunt indebite e detenta, et qđ ille diſse subtractoes libtatũ e iurñ nroꝝ in ptibꝫ illis ac pꝑprestẽ fũe sunt ibidem in nꝛi p̃iudiciũ e exhereditacon manifestam, p quod assigauim⁹ ditcos e fideles nꝛos Joñem de ffresyngfeld Wiltm Russel e Joñem de Dittoñ vel duos eoꝝ ad inquirendũ p sacrm pboꝝ e leg̃ hoĩm Insulaꝝ pꝑd̃caꝝ p quos rei ṽtas melius sciri potiꝛ de huiusmōi terris, teñ, homaꝝ e seruiciis, aduocaconibꝫ, Wrecco, Warenñ, chaceis, customis, eſpkeria e aliis libtatibꝫ sic vsurpatis e detentis ac t̃ de subtractionibꝫ libtatũ e iurñ pꝑd̃coꝝ e pꝑprestis pꝑd̃cis plenius ṽtatem p quẽ ṽl p quos e a quo tempore q^{li} e quo modo, e ad oĩia sic vsurpata, detenta e subtracta ad statũ debiĩ reuocandũ. Et ideo vobis mandam⁹ qđ ad etos dies e loca quos iidem Joñes, Wiltm e Joñes vel duo eoꝝ vobis scire faciant, coꝛ eis vel duobꝫ eoꝝ venire fač tot e tales pboꝝ e leg̃ hoĩes de Iñs pꝑd̃cis p quos rei ṽtas in pmissis melius sciri poſit e inquire e eisdem Joñi, Giffi e Joñi vel duobꝫ eoꝝ ad pmissa facierend peatis e intendatis put vobis scire fač ex pte nꝛa. T̃ me ip̃o apud Westm̃ xx. die maij. anno ř. ñ. scđo.

He sent also certain others his letters patent in these words. Edward by the grace of God King of England, Lord of Ireland & Duke of Aquitaine to the bailiffs of the islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Sark & Alderney, greeting. Because we have been given to understand that divers lands & tenements with homages & services, advowsons of churches & chapels, escheats, wreck of the sea, warrens, chaces, customs of mackerel, esperkeria of congers & divers other franchises which belong to us & of right ought to belong to us in our islands aforesaid, by certain men & inhabitants of the same, ecclesiastics & others as well in the time of the lord the King our grandfather as in the time of the lord King E. our father & in our time, have been unlawfully usurped & detained, & that those divers subtractions of our franchises & rights in those parts & encroachments are made there to our prejudice & manifest disinheritance, by reason of which we have appointed our beloved & faithful John de Fresingfeld, William Russel & John de Ditton or two of them to enquire by the oath of good & lawful men of the islands aforesaid by whom the truth of the matter may be the better known concerning such lands, tenements, homages & services, advowsons, wreck, warren, chaces, customs, esperkeria & other franchises so usurped & detained, & also more fully the truth concerning the subtractions of our liberties & rights aforesaid & concerning the encroachments aforesaid by whom & from what time, how & in what manner ; & to restore all things so usurped detained & subtracted to their lawful state. And therefore we command you that at certain days & places which the said John, William & John or two of them shall make known to you, you shall cause to come before them or two of them all & such good & lawful men of the islands aforesaid by whom the truth of the matter in the premises may be the better known & enquired into, & to be aiding & assisting the same John, William & John or two of them to do in the premises as they shall cause you to know on our behalf. Witness myself at Westminster the 20th day of May, in the second year of our reign.

2 Edward ii.
Record Office,
Nº 1161.

Comunia p̃lita coram Johne de Fresingfeld, Dro-
gone de Barantyno e J[ohn de Ditton] Justiciař Itiñantibz
in Granġ dñi Reġ in villa Šci Petri in Gerneř
pred̃cto Drogone noudū p̃sente die Lune px ante f.....
řegni dñi Edwardi Reġ Angł filii Reġ Edwardi secundo.....
venit pred̃ctus Drogo post p̃ndiū.

(M. 1.)

Gerneř

Dñs Rex mandavit hic řras suas patentes in hec ṽba. Edwardus
dei ġřa etc. etc.

*[This and two other Commissions following are identical
with those in M. 12, N° 1160, printed on pages 92 & 93.]*

(M. 1 d.)

Adhuc de cõibz p̃litis.

..... attachiatº ad respondentē Margie uxi
Guiffi Toytin de plito insultº in via regia
..... effusi e cabliamenti ad řram venit e dedicat cabliamentū
sed residuū non pot [jac]tatur p'sone. Et p̃d̃cta
Margia recupet dampna sua řsus eum que taxantº ad xxº
..... quam se posueřt de cabliamento dicit qđ ip̃am cabliā ad
řram maliġose p quod clamor de

[about 4 lines space left here.]

..... de la Musteng attachiatº ad respondentē Henř
de Payncand de eo qđ injuste tĉ redisseis quod
pecia řre quam idem Henř coram Henř de Guldeford e sociis suis
Justiĉ hic ad ulřias assisas řsus pred̃ctm Joh̃nem
p ass̃m nove dis̃ que quid p̃cia continet řciam ptē uniº řgař řre
veñ qđ ante recupař illud coram p̃fatis Justĩ tĉ p̃d̃ctus
Henř oñavit p̃d̃ctam peciam řre řsus eū de denerař

Common pleas before John de Fresingfeld,
Drogo de Barantyn & J[ohn de Ditton] justices in eyre,
in the grange of the lord the King in the Town of St.
Peter[-port] in Guernsey, the said Drogo not being present,
on Monday next before the feast in the second
year of the lord Edward King of England son of King
Edward the said Drogo came after dinner.

(M. 1.)
Guernsey.

The Lord the King sent here his letters patent in these words.
Edward by the grace of God &c. &c.

(M. 1 d.)

Continuation of the common pleas.

..... was attached to answer to Margery wife of
William Toytin concerning a plea of assault on the King's high-way
..... of effusion of blood and throwing to the ground,
comes & denies the throwing down but the rest he cannot
is thrown into prison. And the aforesaid Margery shall recover her
damages against him which are taxed at 20 sols
which she alleges concerning the throwing down & says that the
throwing her down to the ground is of malice whereby a cry of
.....

[about 4 lines space left here.]

..... de la Musteng is attached to answer to Henry
de Payncand for that he unjustly &c. redisseised
certain piece of land which the same Henry before Henry de Gulde-
ford & his fellow justices here at the last assizes
against the aforesaid John by assize of novel disseisin : which said
piece contains the third part of one virgate of land, comes
..... that before that recovery before the aforesaid justices &c.
the aforesaid Henry charged the aforesaid piece of land against him

reddit⁹ annui eid̃ Joh̃m solvend̃ p̃ quod p̃dictus Joh̃nes nō potuit
redditū suū h̃ere nec pro eod̃m de p̃fato Henrico
Idm̃ Joh̃nes ⁽¹⁾ recupavit p̃dictm̃ redditū vsus eund̃ Henricū coram
..... [Petro] le Markaunt tunc baillio e xij juratis, et q̃ p̃dictus
Henr̃ non satisfacit ei de p̃dicto redditu nec
ei competens namiū pro eod̃m infra quindenā libata fuit ei prefata
pecia h̃re in tenenciam consuetudiem patrie
quousq̃ ei satisfacisset de p̃dicto redditu e arreragiis ejusd̃ et hoc
patus est [verificare] p̃ recordū Rotloz̃ bailli et per xij Jũr et aliis
modis quibz̃ Cũr cons̃ p̃dcus Henr̃
dič qđ prefat⁹ Joh̃nes nunq̃ recupavit illam peciam h̃re post p̃dictam
ass̃ et hoc patus [est verificare] p̃ Recordū t̃c̃.

[about 12 lines space left here.]

..... e tenens d̃ni Reġ p̃ tota cōitate dicit
qđ in h̃ris d̃ni Reġ hic qđ tenerent
assisas jux^a consuetudiem patrie hic et dicit
... qđ in inquisiçonibz̃ capient̃ de feloniis ex officio
non de se debent
purgare p̃ duodecim s.....
..... debent duci infra castrū
..... de
oflaçone illa q̃m
..... p̃litis
.....

[about half the membrane is gone.]

(M. 2.)

Adhuc de coibz̃ p̃litis ass̃.

Gerneř

Thomas Destefeld summoñ ad respond̃ Petro de Garrys de eo qđ
..... iij^{or} q̃rteř fr̃i quem idem Pet̃r pquisivit
sibi e hedibz̃ suis sup unū mesuaġ e unam p.....

(1) Where words are underlined they are crossed through in the original.

with pence of yearly rent to be paid to
the said John whereby the aforesaid John could not have his rent nor
..... for the same of the aforesaid Henry. The
said John recovered the said rent against the same Henry before
..... [Peter] le Marchant then bailiff & the 12 jurats, &
that the said Henry did not satisfy him of the said rent nor [pro-
duced] to him a sufficient pledge for the same within the quindene
the said piece of land was delivered to him in tenancy [according
to the] custom of the country until he should have satisfied him of
the said rent & the arrears of the same & this he is ready [to esta-
blish] by the record of the rolls of the bailiff & by the 12 jurats & in
other ways which the court shall determine
the said Henry says that the said John never recovered that piece of
land after the said assize & this he is ready [to establish] by the
record &c.

[about 12 lines space left here.]

..... & tenant of the lord the King for the
whole commonalty says that in the writs of the lord the King
..... here that they shall hold the
assizes according to the custom of the country here and says
..... that in the inquisitions to be taken
of felonies by virtue of their office they ought not to
..... ought to purge themselves by
twelve
ought to be led within the castle
..... concerning that charge which
..... pleas
.....

[about half the membrane is gone.]

(M. 2.)

Continuation of the common pleas of assize.

Guernsey.

Thomas de Estfeld was summoned to answer to Peter de Garrys
for that 4 quarters of wheat which
the said Peter purchased for himself & his heirs upon one messuage

Denyse in villa S̃ci Petⁱ in portu que mesuaḡ e t̃ram p̃dictus Thom̃
mor..... cognoscit redd̃ p̃dc̃m e vadiat
ei iiij^{or} q̃r̃tia f̃ri p̃ arre^r ejusd̃ que ei solvet
p̃xio venturū simul cum p̃dicto redditu. Ita tamen qđ q̃cicius p̃dictus
.....terit quend̃ annuū redditū iiij^{or} q̃r̃t̃ f̃ri
p̃ṽcientem de una placea cōpetenti
Petr^o concessit qđ recipiet redditū illū in escamb̃ de p̃fato Thoma
in ex ter^r p̃dicti Thome
salvo tamen p̃dicto Petro e he^d suis recupa^r suo vsus p̃dc̃m
..... p̃dictoz me^s e ter^r ad quozcumq;
manus deveni^{er}int si aliquod dampñ Et q;
m̃ia p̃dicti Petr^o e Thom̃ concord̃ sive licencia Cu^r. Ido utq; eo^s in m̃ia

m̃ia Petr de Hady vocat^o ad sectam Guiffi Laloel non veñ. Ido
in m̃ia

Jordanus des Mauns e Joñnes fra^r ej^o suū ad respond̃ Gilb̃to
filio Dyoni^s filie et Perrote sorori ejusd̃
Gilb̃ti f̃iedibz p̃dictae Dyoni^s de eo qđ cū ip̃i Gilb̃tus e Perrota
..... Reḡ coram Petro le Marchaunt tunc
bailio et Ju^r d̃ni Reḡ recupassent seisinut
ptioipes suos de f̃ieditate que fuit p̃dicti Wilfi cōmunis ante^r tē scilt
..... Ecce ptis uni^o me^s cent̃ v^g t̃re sex libr̃
redd^o viginti e t̃ū q̃r̃t̃ f̃ri e triginta et p̃ diutinā
..... p̃partis sue f̃uit eis
liba^r p̃dicti Jord̃ e Joñnes residuū p̃partis su.....
..... adhuc detinent min^o juste unde petunt remediū.

Et Jord̃ e Joñnes veñ et non possunt hoc dedi^{re} Ido dc̃m est
eis qđ inde plena pticio
ad quē diē veñ auditu^r Judm̃ tē. Postea
..... e Perrota e quē^r qđ adhuc deficit eis
m̃ie propars que eis contingere Cent̃

& one Denyse in the Town
of St. Peter-Port which messuage & land the said Thomas [detains]
..... acknowledges the said rent & pledges to
him 4 quarters of wheat for the arrears of the same which he shall
pay him next coming, together with
the said rent. So nevertheless that as soon as the said
..... a certain yearly rent of 4 quarters of wheat
issuing from a sufficient estate
Peter admitted that he received that rent in exchange from the said
Thomas in land of the said Thomas
saving nevertheless to the said Peter & his heirs his recovery against
the said of the said messuage and
land in whosoever hands they shall come if any damage
..... And as the said Peter & Thomas
agreed without leave of the court. Therefore both of them amerced.

amerced.

Peter de Hady called at the suit of William Laloel did not come.
Therefore amerced.

amerced.

Jordan des Mauns & John his brother were summoned to answer
to Gilbert son of Dionisia daughter [of William] and Perrote sister of
the said Gilbert heirs of the said Dionisia for that they with the said
Gilbert & Perrote the King before Peter
le Marchant then bailiff and the jurats of the lord the King re-
covered seisin as their partners of the
inheritance which was of the said William their common ancestor &c.
to wit of the third part of one messuage
one hundred virgates of land 6 livres of rente 23 quarters of wheat
and thirty loaves and for a long
of their portion shall have been delivered to them the said Jordan &
John the residue of their portion
still detain unjustly whereupon they pray for remedy.

And Jordan & John come & cannot deny this. Therefore it is
said to them that thereof
full partition at which day they shall come to hear judgment &c.
Afterwards & Perrote
& complain that the portion which should come to them is still
wanting one hundred

amerced.

Et de residuo faciē
eis seisina de
partiō tē.
S̃ci Joh̃ Bap̃t.
Et sunt in mīa
p̃ injusta detentē

solidū reddit⁹ .. dd..... quindecim q̃r̃t̃ f̃ri t̃iginta pan.....
..... f̃ro suo uñ concedit qđ equa
ptiō fiat inf̃ eos scđm qđ eos contingit (salvo sibi ubiq̃
..... quo ad f̃ram seminatam
pro dampno tē dicit p̃ se e f̃re suo C̃ s̃
in autūpno
..... cam de blađ q̃r̃ de f̃ra. Et ad hoc
invenūnt hos p̃leg̃ Math̃m de Cuř e C...
.....

mīa Petr⁹ Forlot in mīa p̃ falš claīm vsus
..... inquisiō coram Math̃o de
Cuř

Cecilia que fuit uxor Radi Lesterleng petens vsus Sampso
..... S̃ci Petri in portu veñ e
p̃dctus Sampso Et con.....
..... Cecilia quiete claīm p̃dcto Sampso.....
..... Et inde faciet ei audientia
in p̃och̃ p̃dcto
..... p̃dctus Sampson solvet ei p̃ p̃d̃ quietam clam
ti licencia
Idō utq̃ eoꝝ in mīa. Et p̃dctus Sampson

mīe

Nich̃us le Feve suū ad respondendū Guillo de Mariscis de
..... de uno
mesuag̃ in p̃och̃ S̃ci Petri in portu quod mesuag̃
..... Nich̃o le Noble
ad firmam p..... q̃r̃t̃ f̃ri annu reddit⁹
..... p̃dctm̃ mē vsus aliquē ultius
..... modo tenet
Et p̃dci Nich̃us e Guiff̃ veñ e poñ se
..... Petri de Garrys qui arbitraꝝ.....
..... concord̃ fuit
inf̃ p̃dctos Nich̃m et
..... arreraꝝ ejusd̃ de quibz̃ idm̃

And of the rest
they shall be
seised of their
portion &c.
St. John the
Baptist. And
they are amerced
for unjust
detention.

amerced.

sols of rente fifteen quarters of wheat thirty loaves
..... their wheat whereupon
he allowed that a just partition be made between them according to
what shall come to them the rights of all reserved ...
..... as to land sown, for damages
..... &c. says for himself & his brother 100 sols in
autumn as well of corn as of land.
And for this they found these pledges Matthew de la Court & C.....

Peter Forlot amerced for false claim against
..... inquisition before Matthew de la Court
.....

Cecilia who was the wife of Ralph Lesterleng claiming against
Sampson of St. Peter Port
comes & the said Sampson And
..... Cecilia quit-claimed to the said Sampson
..... And thereupon he shall give her audience in
the said parish
the said Sampson shall pay to her for the said quit-claim livres
..... [without] leave. Therefore
amerced. both of them amerced. And the said Sampson

Nicholas le Fevre was summoned to answer to William des
Mareys concerning [a plea] of one
messuage in the parish of St. Peter-Port : which messuage
..... to Nicholas le Noble
to farm for quarters of wheat of yearly rente
..... the said messuage against any one further
..... now holds. And the
said Nicholas & William come & put themselves
..... of Peter de Garrys who will arbitrate
..... it was agreed between the said
Nicholas and arrears of
the same of which the said Nicholas shall pay
..... of pence & to other premises to

Nich sol.....
denarioꝝ et aliis ꝑmissis ꝑꝑco Guiffo
..... Guiffo XL s̃ et sic dabit ei
xiiij li.....
m̃e pꝑꝑta. Et ido consid̃ est qđ
.....

Pꝑꝑ Guiffo des Mareys suũ ad respond̃ Aleĩ du Val
..... quondā annuũ reddiĩ ij q̃rĩ fri in poꝑĩ
Sci Petri in portu veĩ e concord̃ sunt qđ pꝑꝑ
..... xv li ꝑve que valent C s̃ Turroĩ
quos ꝑꝑ Aleĩ soluit ei Et
pre..... remittit sectā suam. Et ꝑꝑ Guiffo
assignat ꝑfato Aleĩ ꝑꝑꝑos C s̃ de pꝑꝑꝑo
..... le Feve de viij li quos ei deĩ, et
idem Nich presens ad
m̃e conĩ est qđ pꝑꝑꝑi Guiffo e Aleĩ sint in m̃a.

Rad de Warrof vocatº ad sectam Francissi le Lumbard nō veĩ.
m̃a Ido terram ut non est presens.

Petĩ de Hady suũ ad respond̃ Guiffo Laloel de eo qđ teneat
ei convenc..... fri quem emit de
eodm Petro e unde pꝑꝑ Guiffo queĩ qđ
postq̃ illũ emit de ꝑꝑ Petro. Idem Petrº vendidit illũ redd̃ Dyoniĩ
..... iꝑius Guiffo et idm Dyoniĩ ꝑsens hoc
cogñ. Ido conĩ est qđ pꝑꝑ..... quiete e
m̃a pꝑꝑꝑus Petrº ꝑ falsitaĩ ꝑꝑ sit in g̃vi m̃a. Et qđ
..... recupaĩ vsus ꝑꝑꝑm Petrũ cũ sequi volũit.

(M. 2 d.)

Adhuc de coĩbz ꝑlĩtis ass̃.

..... Radi de Saummareys suũ fuit ad
respondend̃ Petro de Garrys de eo qđ convençom

the said William William 40 sols and
so he shall give to him 13 livres
amerced. aforesaid. And therefore it is determined that ..
.....

The aforesaid William des Mareys, summoned to answer to
Alexander du Val a certain yearly
rente of 2 quarters of wheat in the parish of St. Peter
Port, comes & they are agreed that the said
15 livres of small which are worth 100 sols tournois
which the said Alexander paid to him
And the said remits his suit. And the
said William assigns to the said Alexander the said 100 sols
..... of the said
le Fevre of 8 livres which he owes him, and the same Nicholas
present at
amerced. it is determined that the said William & Alexander are amerced.

Ralph de Warrof called at the suit of Francis le Lumbard does
amerced. not come. Therefore
the land as he is not present.

Peter de Hady summoned to answer to William Laloel for that
he should keep to his covenant with him
..... of wheat which he bought of the said Peter and there-
upon the said William complains that
..... after he bought it of the said Peter the said
Peter sold that rent to Dionisius
of the said William and the said Dionisius present here acknowledges.
Therefore it is determined that the said [William will enjoy] quietly
amerced. & the said Peter for the said dishonesty to be heavily amerced. And
that [the said Dionisius] shall recover against the said Peter when he
shall wish to sue.

(M. 2 d.)

Continuation of the common pleas of assize.

[Jordan de Saumareys son & heir] of Ralph de Saumareys was
summoned to answer to Peter de Garreys for that

inſ eos ſctam de omibz ſris e teñ iþius Jordi in Inſ de Gerñ eſcam-
biand pro redditu xij q̄rt fri de menſ de Jerſ aſſedendo
eidm Jordo p p̄dc̄m Petrum insula de Jerſeye qui veñ
e uſq̄ eoꝝ coġn q̄ddam ſcriptū in hec ſba. A tous ceux ceſtes
p̄ſentes ſres ſrout e orrount P̄he dit Leveſq̄ baillif n̄re Sire le Roy
de Engleſre [en l'île de] Jerſeye Salutz en n̄re ſeignour. Sachent
tous preſens e avenirs q̄ preſent devaunt no^o Jordan
de Saummareys filz e heir Rauf de Sammareys mort
ſa bone volente ſaunz porforcement li avoir baille a rente en feo a
touz jours de Garrys e a ſes heirs du diſt Jordan e
de ſes heirs en mañſe de Echaunge [heri]tage qe le dit Jordan
a ou puet avoir en Liſle de Gerneñ tant en la poiſſe de Marie
du Chateſt Saint Pere du Boys Torteval come en autres en la dite
Iſle de Gerneñ, ceſt aſavoir totes ſres tenues en ſoun demeyne o les
edifiemens dicele ou come en autres choſes totes
rentes des formens, de deners, de regars pays
a queux ſmes qui ſoyent dues, eſcheites forfaitures ſvices
de quele manere qeux ſoyent porchatz de courts fraunchiſes e achatz
..... les choſes qapartenent ou poount aptenir au
diſt Jordan par la reſoun de feo [ava]ntdit en la mañſe qe ſes aun-
ceſtres en unt uſe ou doivent uſer. Ceo eſt aſavoir de
forment de rente a la meſur de Jerſ rendauntz a la feſte Saint Michel
..... Jordan ou a ſes heirs du dit Pierres ou de ſoens en tele
condicion que le diſt aſſoer en le Iſle de Jerſ
les avauntditz xij q̄rt par dit du bone Jordan
..... prendre par lacord fait entre eux. Et ſi le dit Jordan
eſtoit aqune choſe ou deſturbe des ditz xij q̄r qil
nenpeuſt joier plenierement ariere ſur la
dite baille a la value de la deſcrouſſaunce. E ſi le dit
damagee ou deſtru auſſi des choſes deſutzdites ou par douaire ou
par le dit Pierres en recoignostroit ſutz les ditz
xij q̄rt a la value de la deſ en la dite Iſle de

the agreement made between them of all the lands & tenements of the said Jordan in the island of Guernsey to be exchanged for the rent of 12 quarters of wheat of the measure of Jersey to be assigned to the said Jordan by the said Peter the island of Jersey who come & each of them acknowledges a certain deed in these words. To all those who shall see & hear these present letters Philip called Levesque bailiff of our lord the King of England [in the island of] Jersey greeting in our Lord. Know all present & to come that [were] present before us Jordan de Saumareys son & heir of Ralph de Saumareys deceased [who acknowledged of] his free will without compulsion that he had leased in fee for ever [to Peter] de Garreys & to his heirs, of the said Jordan & his heirs by way of exchange [all the realty] that the said Jordan has or may have in the island of Guernsey as well in the parish of [St.] Mary du Castel, Saint Peter in the Wood, Torteval, as in others in the said island of Guernsey, that is to say, all the lands held in his demesne with the buildings of the same as in other things all the rents of wheat, of moneys, of revenues, of loaves, at such terms as they shall be due, escheats, forfeitures, services of whatever manner they may have been acquired of courts franchises & acquisitions [& generally all] the things which belong or might belong to the said Jordan by reason of the fee aforesaid in the manner that his ancestors have used them or ought to have used them. That is to say of wheat rent Jersey measure to be paid at the feast of St. Michael [to the said] Jordan or to his heirs by the said Peter or his [heirs] on such condition that the said [Peter may] assign in the Isle of Jersey the aforesaid 12 quarters Jordan to take by the agreement made between them. And if the said Jordan was in anything or disturbed in the said 12 quarters that he could not enjoy in full in arrear upon the said lease to the value of the decrease. And if the said [Jordan suffer] damage or destruction also of the things abovesaid either by the dower or by the said Peter shall acknowledge himself [liable] upon the said 12 quarters to the value of the decrease in the said

Jerš. E a ceo faire tenir e leaument acomplir le dit
 e ses heirs suz peine de XL li. de Torn au Roy
 choses desutzdites
 faire en Lisle de Gerner as
 poisses on la chose enfera
 requis du dit Pierres suz la peine desutzdite. Et le dit Pierre
 a la peine desutzdite
 obligeront a ceo les dites heirs lour executors
 tous lor biens moebles e immoebles
 porront estre
 a toute a tote defense e a tote
 a une ptie Jordan e
 Pierres acomplir les choses
 desutzdites de la quele chose
 nous avouns mis a ceste
 lisle desutzdite requeste des pties fait e dont
 la feste
 Saint George. Et inde qđ firmit
 tenebunt e ad plebunt omia que in dcis convencoibz continentr.
 Et ułq, eoꝝ in mīa. Et quesiti de jure Reġ de fciodecio denař tč ułq,
 dič sup sacřm suū qđ nō fuit aliqua pēunia data p pđcis convencoibz.

mīe

mīa

Colinus Blundel pro falš claīn vsus Guīlīm Truaunt in mīa. Et
 q, harou fuit injust pclaīn p eundm Colinū Jdo ipe in mīa.

Memorand qđ XLij querele libant balfio ad tminand de die in
 diem coram ipo e Juř đni Reġ quousq, pplitentur.

Oliverus p attornatū suū e Nicħa uħ ejus querenť
 e Galfř de Cinkoilles et parť fuit. Et Galfř poñ
 se in mīam Cuř p licenč concord. Et est concord ĩlis qđ
 pđcis Olivero e Nicħe p omibz arreř usq, ad hunc
 diem vj li. Turon continenti. Et pđ Galfř cogñ qđ deħ

Island of Jersey. And this to do, hold and loyally accomplish the said [Jordan] & his heirs under a penalty of 40 livres Tournois to the King things above mentioned to do in the Island of Guernsey in the parishes where the thing shall be required of the said Peter under the aforesaid penalty. And the said Peter [and his heirs] on the penalty aforesaid. [And] to this the said [parties and their] heirs their executors shall bind all their property moveable & immoveable may be to all at all defence & at all to one party Jordan & Peter to accomplish the things aforesaid..... of which thing we have put to this [deed the seal of] the Isle aforesaid [at the] request of the parties. Signed & Given the feast of St. George. And thereof that they firmly held & to accomplish all things which are contained in the said agreements. And both of them are amerced. And being asked as to the right of the King to the thirteenth penny &c. both of them say upon their oath that there was no money given for the said agreements.

amerced.

Colin Blundel amerced for false claim against William Truaunt. And because Haro was wrongly raised by the said Colin. Therefore he is amerced.

amerced.

Note is made that 43 plaints were delivered to the bailiff to be heard before him & the jurats of the lord the King from day to day until they are decided.

Oliver by his attorney & Nicholaa his wife plaintiffs & Geoffrey de Cinkoilles & co-heirs was. And Geoffrey put himself at the mercy of the court for licence to agree. And it is agreed thus that to the said Oliver & Nicholaa for all arrears up to this day 6 livres Tournois contained. And the said Geoffrey acknowledges that

eis anuū reddm uni⁹ q̄r̄t̄ fr̄i assessū meš in Šci Petri
Portu et solvet eis ad fm Šci Michis pxio ventur̄ j q̄r̄
Et de ceſo singlis annis t̄c.

..... est in p̄sencia Thome de Estfeld qđ ipe feč suū
Guil̄m de Roheys in Cuř xpianitatis de plito
de caĩ. Jō ipe in ḡvi m̄ia.

(M. 3.) **Adhuc de cōibus plitis.**

Gerneř Rađus de Bosĉ Burgenš Rotomageñ alias coram Mat̄io de Cuř
tenente locū [Ottonis de Grandisono] in hac Insula petiit delibacoem
vinoř suoř que dixerat occupata e sibi de[-tenta p Ricm̄ le Herice]
Robtm Dagenas, Petř la Cornaille e Lucam le Corner e quosd̄m alios
Jnsulanos etc.

[*This Membrane is the same as M. 6, N^o 1160,
already printed on pages 49 to 53.*]

(M. 3 d.)
[This membrane is blank.]

(M. 4.) **Adhuc de cōibz plitis.**

Gerneř Mathus de Curia Baltus huj⁹ Insule e qui se dicit teste locum
Otonis de Grandisono etc.

[*This Membrane continues as on pages 27 to 29. N^o 1160.*]

It then continues as follows :—

Audita querela Florie Gilbert conqueretis qđ execuĉo Judicii p
iĉa redd Cuř dñi Reğ hic coram Thoma de Sandwyco
e sociis suis Justiĉ tūc itn⁹antibz in Insulis vsus Mat̄m Denys de
rōnabili pte iĉam Floriam cōtingente de teñ que f̄lunt
Dyoniš Gilbert pris iĉoř Mat̄hi e Florie cuj⁹ fides iĉi sunt Et qui

he owes them the yearly rent of one quarter of wheat due [on a] message in St. Peter-Port and will pay to them at the feast of St. Michael next coming one quarter And likewise in each year &c.

It is in the presence of Thomas de Estfeld that he cause to be summoned William de Rohays in the court of Christianity concerning a plea of chattels. Wherefore he is heavily amerced.

(M. 3.)

Continuation of the common pleas.

Guernsey. Ralph de Bosco a burgess of Rouen elsewhere before Matthew de la Court lieutenant of Oto de Grandison in this Island claims delivery of his wines which he says were taken & detained from him by Richard le Herice, Robert Dagenas, Peter la Cornaille & Luke le Corner & certain other islanders &c.

(M. 3 d.)

[This membrane is blank.]

(M. 4.)

Continuation of the common pleas.

Guernsey. Matthew de la Court bailiff of this island & who calls himself lieutenant of Oto de Grandison &c.

It then continues as follows:—

Having heard the plaint of Floria Gilbert praying that the execution of the judgment rendered in her favour in the court of the lord the King here before Thomas de Sandwych & his fellow justices then⁽¹⁾ in eyre in the islands against Matthew Denys of the just portion coming to the said Floria of the tenements which were of Dyonis Gilbert father of the said Matthew & Floria whose

(1) In June 1292.

nup obiit tē quam recupavit nō dum fca est ad g^{ve} dampnū suū tē
p̄dcus Matheus inde p̄munitus veñ Et bene cogñ p̄dc̄m Judm̄ p̄ ip̄a
sic fuisse redditū Et diē qđ coram Nicho de Cheny tūc
custode Insulaꝝ hic e Juř dñi Reġ p̄ Judm̄ ip̄a vsus
eam inde quietus. Et hoc offert vificare p̄ p̄dc̄m Nich e Juř. Et nich
aliud dicit quare execuċo debeat inde retardari. Et q̄ videt^r Cuř hic
qđ huj⁹modi Custos v̄l Ballis Insulaꝝ v̄l Juř Regis aliqualem Jurdic-
ċoem supstis Justic̄ h̄re nō possunt et p̄dcus Matheus nō ostendit qđ
ip̄a Floria post p̄dc̄m recuperare unq̄ renūciavit illi recuperare cons̄ est
qđ execuċo p̄dci Judicii p̄cedat jux^a Foram qua redditum fuit. Et
p̄ceptum est Ballo qđ jux^a consuetudinem tē illam fieri faciat tē.
Postea record̄ una cū petiċoe p̄dce Florie mittit^r dño Reġ p̄ h̄re suo

[a space of 12 lines is left.]

(M. 4 d.)

Adhuc de cōibꝫ p̄litis.

[De p]etiċoe Joñnis de Vivariis ⁽¹⁾ monstrantis se secutum fuisse
quodd̄ h̄re de sugges..... custodi Insulaꝝ hic qđ
inquisita veritate de M̄cato huj⁹ Insule illud in locis
e forma ab antiquo debitis e consuetis videl̄ a medio mense Septēbr̄
..... mediū mensem Marcii apud Šcam Mariam de Castro.
Et exinde p̄ totū anū Laundes. Et viso simitr̄
quod alio h̄ri quod dñus Rex nūc misit hic in hec
Edwardus dei gr̄a Rex Angl̄ Dñs Hiñn e Dux Aquit̄ ditco e fidel̄ suo
Ottoni de [Grandi]sono Custodi suo Insule de Jerneseye sal̄tm. Quia
intelleximus qđ quodd̄ [mercat]um quod in feodo n̄ro in quodam loco
qui vocat^r Les Laundes in Insula p̄dca [teneri consuevit] ab eodem

(1) With reference to this compare Ancient Petitions of the Chancery and Exchequer (Publication of the Société Jersiaise), N^o 5691, page 14.

heirs they are and who lately died &c. which she recovered & [which] has never been done to her great damage &c. the said Matthew warned thereof comes & fully recognizes the said judgment so to have been rendered in her favour. And he says that before Nicholas de Cheny then keeper of the Islands here & the jurats of the lord the King by the judgment he is quit thereof against her. And this he offers to establish by the said Nicholas & the jurats. And he says nothing else why the execution thereof ought to be retarded. And because it seems to the court here that such keeper or bailiff of the Islands or the jurats of the King cannot have any jurisdiction over the acts of the justices & the said Matthew does not show that the said Floria after the said recovery ever renounced that recovery, it is determined that the execution of the said judgment shall proceed according to the form in which it was rendered. And it is commanded to the bailiff that according to custom &c. he shall cause it to be made &c. Afterwards the record together with the petition of the said Floria is to be sent to the King by his writ.

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(M. 4 d.)

Continuation of the common pleas.

[On the] petition of John du Vivier showing that he was sued by a certain writ of to the keeper of the Islands here that having enquired into the truth concerning the market of this Island, the same in places & form of old time due & accustomed, viz. from the middle of the month of September the middle of the month of March at St Mary de Castel. And thence throughout the whole year [at Les] Landes. And seeing also that the other writ which the now lord the King sent here in these Edward by the grace of God King of England lord of Ireland & Duke of Aquitaine to his beloved & faithful Oto de [Grandi]son keeper of his Island of Guernsey greeting. Because we understand that a certain [market] which [was] on our fief in a certain place which is called Les Landes in the Island afore-

loco p quosdam de eadem Insula est šbtractum e ad feodum [alterius] q̃m nři t̃nslatum in nři p̃judiciũ e exħedačois piculũ manifestũ : Voš mandam⁹, [quod si ita] est, tũc m̃catum illud in đco loco de Les Laundes tenend publice pclamari [faciatis], put ibidem teneri debet e tefi consuevit, non pmittentes m̃catũ illud alibi teneri [quam in] đco loco de Les Laundes si hoc ad comodũ nřm fore videritis faciend. T. me [ipso] apud Westm̃ v die Maii anno ř ñ p̃mo. Intellecto q, qđ octo pochiata huj⁹ Insule de pte p̃đci Joħnis e due pochiata residue ex adřsa pte ppenso q, qđ unius p̃mi ĩris est de feodo Abbis de Monte Šci Michis totaliř e ĩitis e auditis q̃m plibz inř eos tandem concordatũ est utrunq, p om̃es tč qđ de qualř poči eli..... vř saltim unus de minoribz pochiis qui cũ Justič hic ordinent de put viderint p đno Rege e pplo huj⁹ Insule competencius e melius qđ ordinačõ illa firma sit e stabit inppřm. Et sic electis de pochia Šci Pet¹ Guifř Gros, Rič Goste de poči de Bellosa, Jord Choffin e Jord Distart foresta, Guifř le Jevvene e Guifř Roger de poči Šci Pet¹ de Bosco de Torteval, Peř de Chunn de poči Šci Salvatoris, Mič Lestur de poči de Castro, Peř Nicole, Rič Harphat de pochia de de la Mare de poči Šci Sampsoň, Guifř de la Rivere, Baudewyn Davy Rob Renald, Rič le Cok. Et auditus řonibz singloř. Compte Šci Pet¹ portu est quasi burgũ et očs alie poči sunt ville Cam..... contigue. Sed sepatim in campis Et ř qđ tam de forinsecis q̃m est apud Šci Pet¹ Portum q̃m in oibz aliis longe a villa Šci Pet¹ Portus licet p diem venerunt ad pđcam villam Šci Pet¹ die đnica e ibi dur..... magnũ scandalũ xpianitatis tč. Concordatũ

said has been taken away from the same place by certain persons of the same Island & transferred to a fief [other] than ours to our prejudice & to the manifest danger of our disseisin : We command you [if it be so to cause] to be publicly proclaimed that that market be held in the said place of Les Landes as it ought to be held there & was wont to be held, not permitting that market to be held elsewhere [but in] the said place of Les Landes if you shall consider this would be to our advantage to be done. Witness myself at Westminster the 5th day of May in the first year of our reign. Understanding also that eight small parishes of this Island of the part of the said John & the 2 remaining small parishes of the other part & considering also that of one of the first writ is of the fee of the Abbot of Mount St. Michael altogether & having had & heard many between them at length it is agreed on both sides for all &c. that of each parish shall be chosen or only one of the smaller parishes who with the justices here may ordain concerning as they may see is more fit & better for the lord the King & the people of this island that that ordinance be firm & established for ever. And thus were elected of the parish of St. Peter[port] William Gros, Richard Goste of the parish of [St. Martin] de Bellosa, Jordan Choffin & Jordan Discart [of the parish of the] Forest, William le Jeune & William Roger of the parish of St. Peter in the Wood of Torteval, Peter de Chunn of the parish of St. Saviour, Michael Lestur of the parish of Castel, Peter Nicole, Richard Harphat of the parish of de la Mare of the parish of St. Sampson, William de la Rivere, Baudewyn Davy Robert Renald, Richard le Cok. And having heard the reasons of all it appears of St. Peter Port is as a borough and all the other parishes are villages contiguous to the fields but severally in the fields. And also that as well of foreign as is at St. Peter Port as in all others far from the town of St. Peter Port although by day came to the aforesaid town of St. Peter on Sunday & there to the great scandal of Christianity &c. [It was] agreed

integre teneat^r de celo ad p^dcam villam S^ci Petⁱ port
..... m^cato sing^lis dieb^z Jovis ad ortū solis e mu.....
..... concedit^r ne m^catū dⁿⁱ Regⁱ de Jereseye quod
..... Et p^cceptū est Ba^llio e Vi^c
qd ista pup^plice e die sab^bi in vigilia
S^ci Bart^hi in pleno m^cato e ad sing^las
eccl^{ias}. Et tam ad eccl^{ias} q^m in p^d.....gi qd
cum blad^{is} bestiis e aliis reb^z sive Jovis in
posterium ad p^dcam villam S^ci Petⁱ ea nō alib.....
bono^z eo^zdē. Quod si quis fa^ce p^sumps.....
bona illa capiant ad opus dⁿⁱ Regⁱ tota^r foris^fca. Et exinde
..... de bonis sic foris^fca que cepint q^m de illis que
p negligenciam suam dimiserint nō p^ccepta. Faciant t[̃] sollempni^t
inhiberi s^b consili foris^fcūra qd m^catum de celo nō teneat^r p diem
dⁿⁱcū nisi teⁿ de pane, carne, pisce, vino v^t cervisia sed durante
magna missa in eccl^{ia} nichⁱ vendat^r s^b g[̃]vi foris^fcūra vsus dⁿⁱm Regem
unde t[̃]ns^gssores de qⁱndena in qⁱndenam ad Cu^r coram Ba^llio g[̃]vi^t
puniant^r. Et Ba^llio coram Justi^c g[̃]va^t puniat^r si in p^missis negli-
gens f^uit v^t remissis Preceptū est t[̃] p^dco Ba^llio qd p nullū t^re qua-
li^fcūq^z p quempiam impetratū de suggestionē qualicumq^z de p^dco
m^cato nichⁱ mutet v^t minuet de p^dcis ordina^coe e p^cceptis nisi t^re
illud de p^dcis cōcessiōe concordia e ordina^coe exp^{ss}am fecit men^coem.
Et assigna^t ad p^dcem m^catum talis locus videl^t quedam placea con-
tinens ij virg^z t^re e dⁱ a diu jacens ut pastura inculta cuj^o unū capud
ūsus Aquiloⁿ abuttat sup fontem qm vocat^r La Fontaine Cache Vas-
sal e aliud capud abuttat sup Le Vaal Wydecok e fere quasi in
medio t[̃]nsit via regalis. Et fuit illa placea divisa in^t p^les. Ita qd
Rob^tus Floires, Thomas de Bello Campo f^uerunt inde circi^t j virga^t
e quartam p^tem unius virga^t t^re, Nichⁱs de Bosco duas p^tes unius

..... be henceforth held wholly at the aforesaid town of St. Peter Port the market every Thursday at the rising of the sun & is granted nor the market of the lord the King in Jersey that And it is commanded to the bailiff & sheriff that this publicly & on Saturday in the vigil of St. Bartholomew in open market & at each one of the Churches. And as well at the Churches as in the aforesaid that with corn, beasts & other things or on Thursday in future at the said town of St. Peter the same not elsewhere of the said goods. That if any one should presume to make they shall take those goods to be totally forfeited to the use of the lord the King. And thereafter of goods so forfeited which they shall have taken as of those which by their negligence they have let go unperceived. They shall cause also to be solemnly prohibited under like forfeiture that henceforth the market shall not be held on Sunday except only for bread, meat, fish, wine & ale, but during high mass in the church nothing shall be sold under heavy forfeitures to the lord the King whereupon the transgressors from quindene to quindene at the court before the bailiff shall be heavily punished. And the bailiff shall be severely punished before the justices if he shall be negligent or remiss in the premises. And it is commanded to the said bailiff that he shall not change anything in the said market in consequence of any writ whatsoever by whomsoever obtained on whatsoever suggestion, or lessen anything of the said ordinances & precepts except that writ shall make express mention of the said grant, agreement & ordinance. And there is assigned for the said market such a place, viz. a certain place containing $2\frac{1}{2}$ virgates of land for a long time lying as pasture uncultivated, one head whereof abuts towards the north upon the fountain which is called La Fontaine Cache Vassal & the other head abuts upon the Vale Wydecok & almost as it were the King's highway running through the middle. And that place belonged to many people. So that Robert Floires, Thomas de Beauchamp had thereof about one virgate & the 4th part of one virgate of land, Nicholas de Bosco 2 parts of one virgate of

virg̃ tre, Wiffts Le Esmitet ꝑciam ptem unius virgať tre e Galfr̃ des
Maners quartam ptem unius virg̃ tre. Et ipi om̃es fram illam cōce-
dunt dno Regi p ꝑcio řonabili inde reddendo sibi e ředibz suis
inppm̃ jux^a taxaçoem fide dignoř tč. Et appciat^r ad v busř fruĩti
p annũ videlť quebz virg̃ ad ij busř fri et redd̃ ille eis assigñ, solvend
de ceřo tč scilť post istiç anũ.

(M. 5.) **Plita de quo Warranto de eodem Ytiue.**

Gerneř Abbas de Monte Šci Michis in picfo maris veñ p Jořem le
moigne geřalem attorñ patentes quas pfert in hec
verba Edwardus dei gřa Rex Angł Dñs Hiřn e D.....
fidelibz suis ad quos psentes tre pveřint salĩm. Sciatis qđ dñcus
noř in xpō Abř in picfo maris qui de licencia nřa
morat^r in ptibz tñsmariris attornavit coram noř
e Jořem le Moigne sub alřnaçoẽ ad lucrandũ vt pdendum in om̃ibz
plitas e querelis p ipō Abbate vel cont^a ipm̃ in
quibuscumq. Cuř Insulař nřař de Gerneseye e Jeres
ipius Abř concessim⁹ qđ iidem Jacobus e Jořes vel eoř alter quem
psentem esse Abřtis façe possint vel possit
attornatos vel attornatũ quos vel quem voluerint vel vol.....
nřa coram noř ad om̃ia řđca plita e querelas psequenda e defendenda
e ad lucrand eisdem sicut řđcm est. In cuř⁹ rei
testimoniũ has řas nřas fieri fecim⁹ patentes Presentibz
minime valituř post adventũ ipius Abřtis in Insulas řđcas si con-
tingitre ad ptes illas. Tĩ. me ipō apud Westm̃ xxviij
die Febr̃ anno ř ñ primo centũ solid̃ sterlingoř p
respectu řindo de om̃ibz que tangunt ipm̃ usq. ad diem L.....
Šci Jořis Bařte p pleğ Prioris de Wale.

C s sřling

Jořines du Viver suĩ fuit qđ esset hic ad respondend̃ dno Regi
de plito quo warranto voluntate dñi Reg̃ e progenitoř

land, William Le Esmitet the 3rd part of one virgate of land & Geoffrey des Maners the 4th part of one virgate of land. And they all granted that land to the lord the King for a reasonable price to be paid therefor to them & their heirs for ever according to the assessment of trusty people &c. And it was valued at 5 bushels of wheat by the year, viz. each virgate at 2 bushels of wheat & that rent was assigned to them, to be paid from henceforth &c. viz. after this year.

(M. 5.)

Pleas de quo Warranto of the said eyre.

Guernsey.

The Abbot of Mount St. Michael 'in periculo maris' comes by John le Moigne his general attorney [as shown by letters] patent which he produces in these words: Edward by the grace of God King of England Lord of Ireland & D[uke of Aquitaine] to his faithful people to whom these present letters shall come greeting. Know ye that our beloved in Christ the Abbot 'in periculo maris' who by our license lives in parts beyond the seas attorned before us & John le Moigne by turns to gain or lose in all pleas & complaints for the said Abbot or against him in whatsoever courts of our Islands of Guernsey & Jersey of the said Abbot we have granted that the same James & John or one of them who shall be present of the Abbot may make attorneys or attorney whom they will our before us to prosecute & defend all the said pleas & complaints & to gain the same as is aforesaid. In witness whereof we have caused these our letters to be made patent these presents to be of no value after the coming of the said Abbot into the said Island if he happens [to come] to those parts. Witness ourself at Westminster 28th day of February in the first year of our reign one hundred shillings sterling to have respite of all things which touch him up to Monday St. John the Baptist by the pledge of the Prior of the Vale.

100 s. sterling.

John du Vivier was summoned to be here to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by what warrant [without the license &]

suor Regi Angli clam fugare p totam fram dni Regi [cun]
ictos dni Regi cape pro voluntate sua sine licencia ipsius dni Regi e
ministros suos licenciam huius concedendi. Et eciam
quo waranto clam p quemcumq; hoiem e here ac
singlis hoibz suis extra Curiam dni Regi qui veñ Et quo ad fugam.....
..... ad cunctos in dniciis frs suis cum cane e bacto absq;
fureto vl aliquo ingenio & omes antecessores sui
tenentes tenementos illos a tempe quo nō extat m.....
sicut Curia cons tē. Et quo ad Curiam petendam tē dicit qđ si aliquis
tenent Insule de aliquo minori pito quod
potest determinari in Curia baron tē
quo non extat memoria ppe p se vl ppositum suū Curiam suam
..... offert cōsimilr vificare sicut Curia cons tē.

mia

Et Iur hoc idem testantur sup sacm suū p qđ dicunt qđ non
debet sic fugare nisi a mense Septembri usq;
mens Febr. Idō predictus Johñ de residuo tē.

Nichus de Cheny e magr Pius frat ejus suñ fflunt etc.

[Continues as M. 3, N^o 1160,
from pages 21 to 23, line 21.]

(M. 5 d.)

Adhuc de pñtis de quo Waranto.

..... Cheny e Joñes de Carteret milites e omes
libetenentes e alii huius Inñ pter Constancien e
Abbes tē allocuti de fidelitate dno Regi debita sibi facienda ve.....
..... concedunt fidelitatem ei face e illam ei fecerunt sacrañto
corporali pstito sal..... de Grandisono hiis que ad eū spectant
p tmino suo p concessionem ei fcam p Edwardum
quondam Regi Angli patrem dni Regi qui nunc est. Et Justiciar hic tē
..... inde eis frs suas testimoniales. Postea veñunt

the will of the lord the King & his progenitors Kings of England he claims to chase throughout all the land of the lord the King & to take the conies of the lord the King at his will without the license of the lord the King & of his officers granting such license. And also by what warrant he claims by whatsoever man [to claim] & have [a court] and for all his men outside the court of the lord the King; who comes; and as to chase for conies in his demesne lands with dog & stick without ferret or other engine and all his ancestors tenants of those tenements from time immemorial as the court shall determine &c. And as to claiming his court &c. he says that if any tenant of the island of any small plea which may be determined in a Court Baron &c. from [time] immemorial to claim by himself or his provost his court offers likewise to establish as the court shall determine &c.

amerced.

And the jurors testify to the same upon their oath except that they say that he ought not so to chase except from the month of September up to the month of February. Therefore the said John of the residue &c.

Nicholas de Cheny & Master Philip his brother were summoned &c.

(M. 5 d.)

Continuation of the pleas de quo Warranto.

..... Cheny & John de Carteret knights & all the free tenants & others of this Island except Coutances & the Abbots &c. questioned concerning fealty of the lord the King due to be made to him come [and] admit fealty to be made to him & did the same to him sworn on their corporal oath saving to [Otho] de Grandison those things which belong to him for his term by grant to him made by Edward formerly King of England father of the lord the King that now is. And the justices here &c. thereof to them their letters testimonial.

Abbes de Monte Sci Michis in p Abbas de Shireburgh e
Abb de Blancalanda e Idem Abbes de Scireburgh e de Blanca
fecunt fidelitate dno Regi pro toto quod tenent in Insulis. Et Abb
de Monte Sci Michis qđ ipe fec fidelitate dno Regi apđ
Boloñ pro omibz teñ tam in Insul q^a alibi que de eo tenet. Et hoc
idm plos fidedignes, qui ibidm infueñt. Memorand de
Insula Abbis de Chausey de qua Abbas non potest dediñe q^m sit de
feodo dñi Reğ et hoc allocatū fuit ei in Cuñ Reğ Fñcie ad sectam
cuj⁹dam [mer]catoris de ipo conquerentis.

Mathus de Sauz Mareys, Thoñ Destefeld Alicia uñ ejus Joñe e
Nichaa sorores dñi Mathi et Joñes de Barantyn suñ fñnt etc.

[Continues as M. 4 d. N^o 1160,
p. 34 to p. 37, line 14.]

(M. 6.) **Adhuc de plitis de quo Waranto de**

Gerner Oliver le Moigne e participes sui e Thoñ Destefeld e Alicia
uñ ejus etc.

[Continues as in N^o 1160, at pp. 24 to 26.]

Avicia de Wyk, Henricus de Sco Martino, Joñes Drogo, Symon
e Pñus fres ejus suñ fuit ⁽¹⁾ ad respondend dñs Regi de plito quo
Waranto sine licencia e voluntate dñi Regis e pgenitoz suoz Regñ
Anglie clañ peipe e here de omibz hoibz e teñ suis in pchiis Sci
Salvatoris e Sci Petri de Bosco regale auxiliū quod ad dñm Regem e
coronam e dignitatem suam spectat.

Et Avicia e Henric⁹ veñ et dicunt qđ heditas de Kaneleye par-
tita est inter eos. Et Henric⁹ dicit qđ ipe solus tenet ppartem ipm
e fres suos contingentē. Et Juñ hoc idm testantur. Et tam ipe q^m
pñca Avicia dicunt qđ ipi non clañ aliquid de denariis de auxilio
dñi Reğ peipe de tenentibz suis sectantum pppas firmas suas. Ido

(1) Sic.

Afterwards came the Abbot of St. Michael 'in periculo maris' the Abbot of Cherbourg & the Abbot of Blanchelande & the same Abbots of Cherbourg & of Blanchelande did fealty to the lord the King for all that they hold in the Islands. And the Abbot of Mount St. Michael ... that he did fealty to the lord the King at Boulogne for all the tenements as well in the Island as elsewhere which he holds of him. And this the same many trustworthy people who were there. A memorandum is made concerning the Abbots Island of Chausey, as to which the Abbot cannot deny that it is of the fee of the lord the King & that this was allowed him in the court of the King of France at the suit of a certain merchant complaining of him.

Matthew de Saumareys, Thomas de Estfeld, Alice, his wife, Joan & Nicholaa sisters of the said Matthew, & John de Barantyn were summoned &c.

(M. 6.) **Continuation of the pleas of quo Warranto of**

Guernsey. Oliver le Moigne & his partners & Thomas Destefeld & Alice his wife &c.

Avice de Wyk, Henry de St. Martin, John, Drogo, Symon & Philip his brothers were summoned to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by what warrant without the license & will of the lord the King & his progenitors Kings of England they claim to take & have of all their men & tenements in the parishes of St. Saviour & St. Peter in the Wood royal aid which belongs to the lord the King & to his crown & dignity.

And Avice & Henry come & say that the inheritance of Kaneleye is divided between them. And Henry says that he alone holds the share coming to him & his brothers. And the jurors also testify to this. And also he as well as the said Avice say that they do not claim to take any of the moneys of the aid of the lord the King of their tenants, but only their own farms. Thereupon it is commanded

p. de aux

pceptū est ballio e vicecōm qđ nō pmittant eos de cetero aliquid
pcipe de auxilio regali Sed illud levent ad opus dñi Reġ quaten^o
debitū fñis tē.

Idem Henric^o suū fuit ad respondendū dño Regi de plito quo
waranto sine licencia e voluntate dñi Reġ e pgenitoꝝ suoꝝ Reġn Angl
claīm fugare p totam t̃ram dñi Reġ de p̃d [cun]ictos
dñi Reġ p voluntate sua sine licencia ip̃ius dñi Reġ e
ministroꝝ suoꝝ Et t̃ quo Waī claīm p
quemcunq, hoiem voluerit singlis hoībꝫ
sunt extra Cuī dñi Reġ.

Et Henī veñ et claīm fugare ad Cuī
..... e oīes antecessores sui a tempe quo
..... icaī per pat'am. Et quo ad Cuī
..... Insule de aliquo minori plito
quod quo nō
extat memoria peŕe
..... hoc offert ṽficare
.....

(M. 6 d.) **Adhuc de plitis de quo Waranto de eodem Yfine.**

Fresingfeld.

..... Carteret e Lucia uxor ejus sum fñunt qđ essent
hic ad respondū dño de plito quo sine licencia
e voluntate dñi Reġ e pgenitoꝝ suoꝝ Reġn Angl claīm pcipe e h̃ere
oīmimoda eñencia de Insula de Brakeho e Wreccū maris
ibidem accidens tam in t̃ra sua q̃m in aquis in costera
maris ibidem adjacente que p manus ministroꝝ dñi Reġ de Insula
de ad opus dñi Reġ debent devenire ut ea que spectant
ad coronam e dignitatem suam quo waranto claīm h̃re
libam warennam in Insula p̃dca. Et t̃ quo waranto claīm p quemcūq,

Taking of the
aid.

to the bailiff & sheriff not to permit them henceforth to take any-
thing of the royal aid but to levy the same to the use of the lord the
King whenever it shall be due &c.

The same Henry was summoned to answer to the lord the King
concerning a plea by what warrant without the license & will of the
lord the King & of his progenitors Kings of England he claims to
chase throughout all the land of the lord the King of the said
..... conies of the lord the King at his will
without the license of the said lord the King & his officers
..... And also by what warrant he claims by whatsoever
man he wishes [to claim & to have a Court] for all his men outside
the court of the lord the King.

And Henry comes & claims to chase
..... & all his ancestors from time
immemorial by verdict of the
country. And as to the court
of the Island of any small plea that
..... from time immemorial to claim
..... offers to establish this

(M. 6 d.) *Continuation of the pleas de quo Warranto of the same eyre.*

Fresingfeld.

[John de] Carteret & Lucia his wife were summoned to be here
to answer to the lord the King by what [warrant] without the license
& will of the lord the King & of his progenitors Kings of England
they claim to take & have all manner of waifs of the Island of
Brechou & wreck of the sea occurring there as well in their land as
in the waters in the coast of the sea there adjacent
which by the hands of the officers of the lord the King in the Island
of ought to come to the use of the lord the King as
those things which belong to his crown & dignity. [Also] by what
warrant they claim to have free warren in the island aforesaid. And
also by what warrant they claim by whatsoever [man] they will to

..... volūnt Cuī suam peſe e ſire de ſinglis hoībꝫ ſuis
ext^r Cuī dñi Regē.

..... Rex p Guillm des Mareys qui ſequit^r p eo petit
ſus eundē Joñem e Luciam uxē ejus Inſ de Brakeho cū ptiñ ut
jus tē. Et unde Idm Guillus dicit p dño Rege qđ dñs H. Rex avus
tē ſeiſitus de pđca Inſ ut de feodo e Jure Corone ſue
tempe pacis capiēdo inde ex plecīa valenciā tē. Et qđ
tale ſit Jus Regē offert ſificare ſicut Cuī conſ.

..... Joñes e Lucia vē Et dicunt qđ ipī tenent pđcam
Inſulam que pva eſt de ſeditate ipīus Lucie clām ſiere
Wreccū maris ſalvis dño Regi pred rebꝫ pñcipalibꝫ ut de auro tē.
Et dicunt qđ ante[ceſſores] ipīus Lucie Inſulam illam ſic tenuerunt
ab antiquo una cum Wrecco put ipī Wreckū modo e liſa
Warennā ibidm et ſic illa tenſunt abſqꝫ aliqua tempis inſupcōe. Et
dicunt qđ cū Juſtič vēſunt in Inſulam de Jerſeye ibi
clariuſ hec oſtendent qꝫ dicunt qđ ipī ſint ibi quoddam mañiū
..... tenentes ſui ſibi debent ſua cariagia tē. Et licet conſtet
Juſtič hic qđ pđca Inſula eſt con..... Inſule dñi Regē de
Serk e in pochia ecclie de Serk ſatis ppinqua Inſule de Gerneſ q^aſi
..... maris e vehemenť diſtat ab Inſula de Jerſ tū ctiſ
decauſis dat⁹ eſt eis dieſ coram cū vēſint in Jer-
ſeye tē. E quo ad Cuī ſuam petenda e dicunt qđ ſi aliquiſ teneñ
..... coram bañio Inſule de aliquo minori pñto
quod poteſt deſminari in Curia[ante]ceſſores ſui ſoliti
ſunt a tempe quo nō extat memoria peſe p ſe vť ppoitum
..... huj⁹ caſibꝫ e illam optiſe tē. Et hoc offerť
ſimilr ſificare ſicut Cuī conſ.

[a ſpace of a dozen lineſ iſ left here.]

[Nichuſ de Cheny et Pñuſ frať ejuſ ſuñ ſūunt ad reſpond] dño
Regi de pñto quo Waranto ſine licencia etc.

[Continues as in N^o 1160, at pp. 38 to 39, line 4.]

claim & to have their court for all their men outside the court of the lord the King.

..... The King by William des Mareys who sues for him claims against the same John & Lucia his wife the island of Brechou with the appurtenances as his right. And thereupon the same William says for the lord the King that the lord King H. the grandfather, &c. [was] seised of the aforesaid Island as of fee & right of his crown in time of peace taking thereof esplees [to the] value, &c. And that such is the right of the King he offers to establish as the court shall determine.

..... John & Lucia come & they say that they hold the aforesaid Island which is small of the inheritance of the said Lucia claim to have wreck of the sea, saving to the lord the King the princely things aforesaid, as of gold, &c. And they say that the ancestors of the said Lucia so held that Island of old together with wreck as they now [have] wreck & free warren there, & that they so held the same without any interruption of time. And they say that when the Justices came to the Island of Jersey they showed this there more explicitly, & say that they have there a certain manor their tenants owe carriage to them &c. And although it appears to the justices here that the said Island⁽¹⁾ is [part & parcel] of the Island of Sark of the lord the King & in the parish of the Church of Sark sufficiently near the Island of Guernsey as if of the sea & is greatly distant from the Island of Jersey, for certain reasons a day is given to them before when they shall come to Jersey &c. And as to claiming their court &c. they say that if any tenant before the bailiff of the Island concerning any small plea that it may be determined in the court their predecessors were wout from time immemorial to claim by themselves or the provost in such cases, & to obtain it, &c. And this they offer likewise to establish as the court shall determine.

[a space of a dozen lines is left here.]

Nicholas de Cheny & Philip his brother were summoned to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by what warrant without the license &c.....

(1) Brechou.

Dñs Rex p Wiſm de Mareys qui ſequitur p eo petit vsus Radm
Burnel Wiſm de Capella Joñnem Dyre Jordanū Dire Joñnem filiū
Petri Dire et Raulinā de Vivario pticipes ſuo unū molendinū cum
ptiñ ſuis in Foresta. Et ſm de Sausmareys Thoñ Deſtefeld
Aliciam uñem ejus Joñam e Nicham ſorores dci Math
..... e Pham uñem ejus—unū molendinū cum ptinenč
in Belloſ ut juſ..... qđ dñs H. Rex avus tč fuit in
ſeiſina de pđcis molendñs ut de feodo e jure
..... .. ad valenč tč. Et qđ ñli ſit Juſ ipñus dñi Reg
.....

Et[Bar]antyn dič qđ
ipñe pñſitor eſt de pp.....
niſi tantum ut uñ ipñus Joñnis
.....[predec]eſſores a tempe quo nō extat me[moria]
..... illa modo tenēt.
Et hoc offunt vñficare
..... tč. Et inñm loquend eſt cū.....
.....

(M. 7.) **Adhuc de plñtis de quo Waranto de**

Gerneř
mñ

Abbas de Monte Šci Michñs in picto maris in mñ p pluribz
defaultis.

Idem Abbas e Prior de Wale ſuñ fuerunt qđ eſſent hic ad
reſpond [dño Regi de plito quo] waranto ſine licencia e voluntate
dñi Regis e pñgenitoř ſuoř etc.

[Continues as in M. 5 and 5 d., N° 1160, pp. 39 to 49.

A part of the membrane is missing.]

(M. 8.) **Adhuc de plñtis de quo Waranto de eodem Viñ.....**

Gerneř

Preceptum fuit Vič qđ ſuñ tč Abbem Majoris Monafñi qđ eſſet
hic ad hunc [diem ad reſpond] dño Regi de plito qđ redd ei advo-

The lord the King by William des Mareys who sues for him claims against Ralph Burnel, William de la Chapelle, John Dyre, Jordan Dire, John son of Peter Dire & Raulina du Vivier his partners one mill with its appurtenances in the Forest. And Matthew de Saumareys, Thomas de Estfeld, Alice, his wife, Joan & Nicholaa sisters of the said Matthew & Philippa his wife—one mill with the appurtenances in [St. Martin] de Bellouse as his right that the lord H. the King the grandfather, &c. was in seisin of the said mills as of fee & right to the value &c. And that such is the right of the said lord the King

And [Bar]antyn says that he is the purchaser of except only that the wife of the said John..... predecessors from time immemorial now hold them. And this they offer to establish &c. And in the meantime it is discussed with

(M. 7.) **Continuation of the pleas de quo Warranto of**

Guernsey. The Abbot of Mount St. Michael 'in periculo maris' amerced
amerced for many defaults.

The said Abbot & the Prior of the Vale were summoned to be here to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by what warrant without the license & will of the lord the King & of his progenitors &c.

(M. 8.) **Continuation of the pleas de quo Warranto of same eyre.**

Guernsey. It was commanded to the sheriff to summon &c. the Abbot of the larger Monastery⁽¹⁾ to be here at this [day to answer] to the lord the King concerning a plea that he render to him the advowsons of

(1) Marmoutier.

L ii

caçones eccliaꝝ de foresta Torteval Samp̃s
e Šci Andř et advocaçoem duaꝝ pciū decime gerbaꝝ ecclie de Bellosa
..... .. ovis quinquag̃ solid̃ p̃cipiende de eadem ecclia
et t̃ unū molendinū cū portu. Et sup hoc veī
fraī Martinus cōmonachus e s̃b cam̃arius d̃ce [Ab̃be et p̃bauit per]
testimoniū fideiū p̃d̃em Ab̃bem esse inpotentem laborandi t̃c. Et t̃
qd̃ [p̃d̃cūs Ab̃bas in tam remotis p̃tibꝫ] deget qd̃ ante finem Itiñis
nō posset impetrare h̃re de Angl̃ de attorñ. [Et offert d̃ni] Regi
quinquaḡ libr̃ p̃ sit qd̃ mittat̃ aliquis fideiū d̃ni Reḡ hic ad test[i-
ficand̃ attorñ] iḡius Ab̃btis quos faciet jux̃a discreçoem Cuř d̃ni Reḡ.
Et ei concedit̃ si Rex [acceptet p̃ p̃lm] Petri le Markaunt e Pet̃ de
Garrys. Et mittit̃ cum iḡo Petrus de Garrys [s̃p̃aliḡ Juratus] t̃c e
valde fidedignis. Postea in c̃stino Šce Margarete Virginis in Insula
de Martinus p̃tulit iras patentes p̃d̃ci Ab̃btis
sigillatas sigillo suo e sigillo Capit Fratres
Capituli Majoris Monast̃ii Turoneñ et fraī Odo p̃missione divina
Minist..... Nobilibꝫ viris e discretis d̃no Johi
de Fresingfeld d̃no Drogoni de Barantin militibꝫ Dittoñ
Canonicho Šci Pauli Londoñ Justiciariis excellentissimi d̃ni d̃ni E.
dei gr̃a R..... [itineran]tibus in Insulis de Gerneř e de Jeresey
salutem in d̃no. Sciatis qd̃ nos attorna..... nob̃ in x̃po
fratrem Martinū Šbcam̃ariū nostri monast̃ii et Joh̃em de Balencat
[p̃sbifum] p̃senciū e eoꝝ quemlibet insolid̃. Ita qd̃ nō sit
melior condicio occupantis ad lucrandū [ṽt p̃dendū] in oīibꝫ plitis
e querelis pro nob̃ ṽt cont̃a nos coram voḡ in Itiñe ṽro qualicūmq̃
..... Concedentes eisdem fratri Martino e
Johi de Balencat qd̃ iḡi vel al̃i eoꝝdem contig̃it
loco ñri façe possint seu possit attornatos ṽt attornatū quos ṽt quem
v..... .. coram voḡ ad oīia p̃d̃ca plita e querel̃ p̃sequend̃
e defendend̃ e ad lucrandū ṽt [p̃dendū] p̃d̃cū est in eisdem. Ratū
e g̃tūm h̃ituri p̃ nob̃ e conventu ñri monast̃ii qu[icquid]

50 livres.

the Churches of the Forest, Torteval
St. Sampson & St. Andrew, & the advowson of two parts of the tithe
of sheaves of the Church of St. Martin de Bellouse
of the value of 50 sols to be taken of the same Church & also one
mill with [St. Peter] port. And upon this comes
Brother Martin fellow monk & under chamberlain of the said [Abbot
& proved] by the testimony of persons worthy of credence that the
said Abbot is unable to work &c. And also that the said Abbot
lived in such remote parts that before the end of the eyre he cannot
obtain the writ of attorney from England. [And he offers to the lord]
the King 50 livres so that any one of the lieges of the lord the King
be sent here to testify [to the attorneys] of the said Abbot which he
shall do according to the discretion of the court of the lord the King.
And it is granted to him if the King [accepts under the pledge] of
Peter le Marchant & of Peter de Garrys. And there is sent with
him Peter de Garrys [specially sworn] &c. and very trustworthy.
Afterwards in the Morrow of St. Margaret the Virgin in the Island
of Martin brought letters patent of the said Abbot sealed
with his seal & that of the Chapter the Brethren
of the Chapter of the greater Monastery of Tours & Brother Odo by
divine permission minister
To the noble & discreet men, Sir John de Fresingfeld, Sir Drogo de
Barantin, knights, & [John de] Ditton, canon of St. Paul's, London,
justices of the most excellent lord the lord E. by the grace of God
King in eyre in the islands of Guernsey & Jersey
greeting in the Lord. Know ye that we have attorned
to our brother in Christ Martin sub-chamberlain of our monastery &
John de Balencat priest presence & each of
them wholly. So that the condition of the one acting be no better,
to gain [or lose] in all pleas & complaints for us or against us before you
in your eyre howsoever [moved.] Granting to the said Brother
Martin & John de Balencat that they or either of them whom
..... shall happen, in our place may appoint
attorneys or attorney whom they will before you to prosecute &
defend all the said pleas & complaints & to gain or [lose] as is aforesaid
in the same. Holding as ratified & acceptable for us & the commu-

e Joñnes seu attornati vñ attornandi seu attornat^o vñ attornandus
ab ip̃is [aut eoz al̃i quem presen]tem esse contigit noīe ñro hac pte
duxint seu duxit faciendum. In cu[i^o rei testimoniū has] lras võb
patentes mittim^o sigilloz ñroz munimine roboratas. Dañ anno d.....
..... Jovis post Octab festi Šcoz Ap̃loz Pet
e Pauli. Et tam ipe Martinus al̃i attorñ tē
dicunt qđ Wiltus quondam Dux Normañ e dñs Insulaz
..... Angl adeptus f̃rat dedit cuidam Abb̃ti Majoris Monast̃ii
p̃decessori tē ea Insula. Et pferunt
quoddam antiqū sc̃ptum cū signis sive sigillo sub
cefa sic continens. Ego Wiltus Divina ordinante pviden
..... posui aliquid ex eis que temp̃at̃ accepi p manus
paup̃iu post tempus rei eñna retribuōne
centena merear multi fieri possit
illud paup̃um genus elegi ad Turroñ
..... quod maj^o monast̃iū dicit^r
p̃piis abrenunciāns facultatibz volunt
..... q̃ntitatis sive tēgritatis eazdem rerum.....
..... offert et quas ap.....
Insulam que appel ppellat^r
ambiguitas eaz noīa huic sc̃pto
..... integritate eccliam Šci And̃r de Puten.....
..... La burlosa cū oīi integritate
eccliam Samp̃s Ep̃i
cum oīi integ^tate
rerum tam de frugibz q̃m de animalibz
..... p̃piis rebus ecclasticis s̃b tali leg̃
..... finierit seu in aliquo necglige
..... expelli dep̃hensis f̃uit secund
..... t̃ hiis decima quatuor carrucaz
..... unus hospes cum
oīi integ^tate sue red... qui preerit

nity of our monastery whatsoever [the said Martin] & John or their attorneys, or the one to be attorned by them [or either of them who] shall happen to be present in our name, in this behalf or they shall have thought fit to be done. In [testimony] whereof we send you our letters patent confirmed by the impression of our seals. Given the year of our Lord Thursday after the Octaves of the feast of the holy Apostles Peter & Paul. And as well the said Martin either of the attorneys, &c. say that William formerly Duke of Normandy & lord of the Islands before having obtained of England gave to a certain former Abbot of the Greater Monastery, &c. those things Island. And they brought a certain ancient writing with signs or a seal under [amongst] other things containing this. I William by the divine order of Providence placed some of those things which I temporarily accept by the hand of the poor that I may merit afterwards in the eternal retribution one hundred years can be done I have elected that sort of poor people to do that which Tours which is called the Greater Monastery renouncing our own faculties will quantity or entirety of the same things which offer & which at the island which is called the ambiguity of the names of the same to this writing integrity the Church of St. Andrew de Putent la Bellouse with all entirety the Church St. Sampson Bishop with all entirety as well of fruits as of animals which of all things own ecclesiastical possessions under such law thereof shall finish or if in any negligence to be expelled according to & in these the tithe of four ploughlands one hospice with all entirety shall return to their

illi obediencie. Que om̃ia noīe
Meheldis e filii mei Rob̃ti om̃ipotentī deo e
..... quatenus jam sepe dcoꝝ fratrum oraconibꝫ
adjuti illoꝝ qui elemos meream^r adjungi
conforcio Et diç qđ p̃dcus Abbas e p̃decessores
..... a tempe p̃dci doni semp tenuerunt pacifice p̃dca teñ
e advocaçones eccliaꝝ e decimaꝝ Abbas modo tenet
p̃ter advocaçoem ecclie de Bellosa quam quidam Abbas de Blanca-
landa adui est usurpavit sup p̃decessorem suū. Et dicunt qđ molen-
dinū Abbtis in Šci Petⁱ portu est infra Cimiñiū Šci Petⁱ e illud cū
aliis tenuris suis in eadem villa sunt de liḃa elemosina ejusd̃ ecclie e
de p̃dco hospicio ab antiquo e a tempe quo nō estat memoria. Et
qđ ita est de singlis p̃dci petunt qđ inquirat^r p̃ patriam. Et Guiltus
Carupel, Lucas le Corner, Pet̃r Darciz, Rob̃tus Floyres, Pẽr Hoel,
Petrus Erual Reyman, Joñnes Pereye, Guiltus Hanalet,
Oliḃus le Moigne e Lucas Layker Jũr dicunt sup sac̃m suū qđ
Abbt̃es Majoris Monast̃ii tenuerunt p̃dcas advocaçones p̃dcaꝝ q̃nq;
eccliaꝝ simul cū duabꝫ ptibus decimaꝝ ecclie de Bellosa a tempe quo
memoria nō existit. Et qđ p̃dcem molenđ e alie tenure quas iḃe
Abbas modo tenet in hac Insula sunt de liḃa elemosina ab antiquo
ptinente ad p̃dcas ecclias p̃ter quoddam magnū meš modo divisum p̃
Abbt̃es p̃dce domus in p̃tes p̃tes ubi tenentes eoꝝ resident quod est
de p̃dco hospicio in p̃dco sc̃pto contento quod Abbt̃es similr tenuerūt
ab antiquo. Iđo p̃dcus Abbas inde sine die.

(M. 8 d.) [Cōitas hujus Insule] allocuta qua lege utunt^r e p̃ q̃m̃ legem
clamant deduci an videt^r p̃ [legem Angl̃ ṽl] Normanñ aut p̃ speciales
consuetudines etc.

[Continues as in M. 4, N^o 1160, pp. 29 to 34, line 2.]

..... who shall have charge of that obedience. All which things of the name of Mehelda & my son Robert to Almighty God & St. Martin in order that to the prayers of the before mentioned brethren of those who alms we may deserve to be united in friendship. And they say that the said Abbot & his predecessors from the time of the said gift always held peacefully the said tenements & advowsons of Churches & tithes the Abbot now holds except the advowson of the Church of St. Martin of Bellosa which a certain Abbot of Blanchelande a long while ago usurped from his predecessor. And they say that the mill of the Abbot in St. Peter Port is within the cemetery of St. Peter, & that with other their tenures in the said town are of the free alms of the said Church & of the said hospice of old & from time immemorial. And that it is so of each of the premises they ask that it may be enquired into by the verdict of the country. And William Carupel, Lucas le Corner, Peter Darciz, Robert Floyres, Peter Noel, Peter Ernal Keyman, John Pereye, William Hanalet, John Hanalet, Oliver le Moigne & Luke Layker, jurors, say upon their oaths that the Abbots of the Greater Monastery held the said advowsons of the said five Churches together with two parts of the tithes of the Church of Bellosa from time immemorial. And that the said mill & the other tenures which the said Abbot now holds in this Island are in frankalmoign of old belonging to the said Churches except a certain large messuage now divided by the Abbots of the said House in many parts where their tenants dwell which is of the said hospice contained in the said writing which the Abbots likewise held of old. Therefore the said Abbot on that occasion 'sine die.'

(M. 8 d.) The Commonalty of this Island being asked what law they use & by what law they claim to be governed whether to wit by the law of England or of Normandy or by special customs &c.

(M. 9.) **Adhuc de plītis de quo Waranto.**

Gerneř Dñs Rex per Guiltm des Mareys qui sequit' pro eo petit vsus
Abbem de [Blancafanda etc.]

[Continues as in M. 2, N^o 1160, pp. 11 to 15, line 14.]

(M. 9 d.) **Adhuc de plītis de quo Waranto de eodm Yfin'e.**

[Abbas de Chi]reburgh in mīa p pluribus defaltis.

[Idem Abbas et Prior de Erm suū fūunt] qđ essent hic ad
respond dño Regi de plito quo waranto sine licencia e voluntate etc.

[Continues as at M. 2 d., N^o 1160, pp. 16 to 19.]

(M. 10.) **Plīta de Corona** coram prefatis Joñne Drogone e Joñne
 prefatis di.....

Gerneř Noīa baltioř post ultias assisas.

Petr^o le Markaunt ab ultimis assisis usq, ad fm Šci Michis
pxio Matīs de Curia baltis
postea et adhuc.

Noīa Vicecoīn seu ppoitoř.

Gerardus de Cassade Joñnes le Markaunt

Noīa Receptoř.

Robtus de Hady Petr^o de Parvafiaco qui nunc est

Noīa Juratoř dñi Reğ de Insula.

Guiff le Gros
Rađ Turleye
Petr^o de Lestak
Guiff le Gay
Ričus le Hichee

Isti remanserunt
ab ultis assisis.

Nichus le Feuere
Henř de Vaugerart
Ricūs Bernard
Petř Bernard
Joñnes Justice
Oliřus de Lestak
Colinus de la Court

Isti septem postea fuerant

(M. 9.) **Continuation of pleas de quo Warranto.**

Guernsey. The lord the King by William des Mareys who sues for him
claims against the Abbot of Blanchelande &c.

(M. 9 d.) **Continuation of pleas de quo Warranto of the same eyre.**

The Abbot of Cherbourg amerced for many defaults.

The said Abbot & the Prior of Herm were summoned to be here
to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by what warrant
without the license &c.

(M. 10.) **Pleas of the Crown** before the said John, Drogo & John afore-
said

Guernsey. Names of the Bailiffs after the last assizes.

Peter le Marchant from the last assizes up to the feast of St.
Michael next
Matthew de la Court Bailiff afterwards & still.

Names of the Sheriffs or Provosts.

Gerard de Cassade John le Marchant

Names of the Receivers.

Robert de Hady Peter de Parvafiaco who now is.

Names of the Jurats of the lord the King of the Island.

William le Gros	} These remained from the last assizes	Nicholas le Feuvre
Ralph Turleye		Henry de Vaugerart
Peter de Lestak		Richard Bernard
William le Gay		Peter Bernard
Richard le Hericher		John Justice
		Oliver de Lestak
		Colin de la Court.

These seven were afterwards [elected.]

Noia Juratoꝝ de pochi Šci Petⁱ in portu associatis

de pochi Šci Pet ⁱ in portu.	Lucas le Corner	} Electores	Adam le Bougre
	Ricūs Gosce		Petr ^o le Machon
	Petr ^o Naom		Rađ Hařland
	Henř Dulaban		Guift de Ponte
	Jořnes Sampson		Petř Noel.

Noia Juratoꝝ e aliis pochi.

de Šco Sampš.	Guift Berot	} Electores	Colin ^o la Musteng
	Symon de Homet		Guift de la R.....
	Jořnes de Roker senior		Baudewyn ^o
	Colin ^o Burnel		Guift Be.....
Wale	Guift Salemon	} Electores	R
	Ranulphus Galti		.....
	Gilemm ^o de la Fontele		.....
	Gervaš Balan		.....
Šci Pet ⁱ de bosco	Jořnes Neirjoie	} Electores	.....
	Thoř Evelyn		.....
	Thoř Belass.....		.....
	Colinus le .....		.....
D Castro	Petr ^o Nicole		.....
	Petr ^o .....		.....
	Joh.....		.....
	Robtus .....		.....
D Šco Salvař	Jordanus Dan.....		.....
	Henř Mal.....		.....
	Mich Lestornel		.....
	Guift Jeremye		.....
D bellos	Jordanus Discard		.....
	Mathus Godelaund		.....
	Jordř Choffyn		.....
	Robt ^o Aunget.....		.....

Names of the jurors of the parish of St. Peter Port associated

Of the parish of St. Peter Port.	Luke le Corner	} Electors	Adam le Bougre
	Richard Gosce		Peter le Machon
	Peter Naom		Ralph Haverland
	Henry Dulaban		William du Pont
	John Sampson		Peter Noel

Names of the jurors of the other parishes.

Of St. Sampson.	William Berot	} Electors	Colin de Musteng
	Simon de Homet		William de la R.....
	John de Roker senior		Baldwin
	Colin Burnel		William Be.....
The Vale.	William Salemon	} Electors	R
	Ranulph Gautier		.....
	William de la Fontele		.....
	Gervase Balan		.....
St. Peter in the Wood.	John Neirjoie	} Electors	.....
	Thomas Evelyn		.....
	Thomas Belass.....		.....
	Colin le .....		.....
Câtel.	Peter Nicole		.....
	Peter .....		.....
	John .....		.....
	Robert .....		.....
Of St. Saviour	Jordan Dan.....		.....
	Henry Mal.....		.....
	Michael Lestornel		.....
	William Jeremye		.....
St. Martin of Bellouse.	Jordan Discard		.....
	Matthew Godelaund		.....
	Jordan Choffyn		.....
	Robert Aunget		.....

(M. 10 d.)	.....	Colinus de Šco Anđr	Joñnes le Tonnerre
	.....	Rošt ⁹ Roynaud	Ricūs Corbyn
	.....	Aunqetil Pelryn	Ricūs le Cok
	.....	Joñnes Oliver	Guillemi ⁹ Maheu
	.....	Thoñ de Walriof	Ricūs le Tresorer
	...	Colinus le Mesuer	Joñnes de Walriof
	.....	Joñnes le Forester	Pñus Peytevin
	.....	Roštus le Joevene	Rađs le Bretoun
	.....	Joñnes le Telier	Micñ Droce
	..... la fosse } Electores.	Petr ⁹ Serkof	Joñnes Osaune
	.....	Ricūs de la Mare	Joñnes Drury
	.....	Guift .....ard	

[the rest of the membrane is destroyed.]

(M. 11.) **Adhuc de plitis Gorone** de poči Šci Petri in

..... cū Insula de Erm
veñ p xv

Gerneř Juř pšentant qđ Thomas de Estfeld p
Petⁱ in portu. Pet⁹ in hac villa p morte Rošti de Celer
qui quid
Regis Angł pñs đni Regis qui nunc est de
..... Thomas modo venit e pfert litras
pđci dñi
..... cartas tč Idm Thomas fuit in eadem
villa
..... aliquid scit diče p se quare đns Rex
..... tč Et pđcus Thomas
dicit qđ has Insulas
..... Angł qđ p
..... bris libata fuerunt

(M. 10 d.)	.....	Colin of St. Andrew	John le Tonnerre
	.....	Robert Roynaud	Richard Corbyn
	.....	Aunqetil Pelryn	Richard le Cok
	.....	John Oliver	William Maheu
	.....	Thomas de Walriof	Richard le Tresorer
	.....	Colin le Mesuer	John de Walriof
	.....	John le Forester	Philip Peytevin
	.....	Robert le Joevene	Ralph le Breton
	.....	John le Telier	Michael Droce
	..... la Fosse	Peter Serkof	John Ozanne
	.....	Richard de la Mare	John Drury
	.....	William .....ard	

[The rest of the membrane is destroyed.]

(M. 11.) **Continuation of the Pleas of the Crown** of the parish of
St. Peter [Port.]

..... with the island of Erm
come by fifteen

Guernsey. The jurors present that Thomas de Estfeld by
St. Peter-port. Peter in this town by the death of
Robert de Celer which said
..... King of England father of the now lord the King of
.....
Thomas now comes & produces letters of the said lord
.....
charters &c. The said Thomas had in the same town
.....
knows anything to say for himself why the lord the King
..... &c.
And the said Thomas says that
..... these islands
..... England that by
..... of the writ were delivered

[This writ is the same as on page 28.]

abjuř Presentant t qđ Andr Wekesle Guiltus Cakise Cecilia de
..... in plena Cuř usq ad tres
annos p eo qđ fuerunt
postea redierunt e nulla habuerūt catalla.

Presentant t̃ qđ Petr^o Nicole e quid̃ alii p consilium e auxilium
Augustini de Šbmolend quendam
fidelem Normanñ in molendĩo dñi Reġ de argento e farina sua. Et
fuġ..... utlag^r Idm Petr^o fuit tram
heditař in poct̃ Šci Salvatoris in cõmuni cū pticipibz suis unde ppars
eius valent p annũ iij bušs fri qui
remañ dño Regi quousq̃ utlag^r tč Et ex..... e participes
sui respondeb̃ tam de tempe p̃rito š a festo Sci Michis anno
..... cū eisdem in cõmuni de
blađ ad valenč ppartis sue xxxij^a vj^d. Idm
ij viřlos xij bidentes e agnos ij porč j cistam und̃ ppars ejus Lxviij^a
..... respondeb̃. Postea die m̃cuř px^a post
fm Assũpčois be Mař veñ p̃ds
..... de p̃missis poñ se sup p̃riam. Juř dicũt sup
sacřm suũ qđ p̃d

tam suā et cañ
 sua remañ doio
 Reḡ p fuga tñ
 exā

Presentant t̃ qđ Petr⁹ Rauf fũr unũ batalĩ
 utlag^r Et nō hũit t̃ram vĩ catalla.

miä

 \mathbf{cap}^{τ}

mia

 $\mathbf{c}\tilde{\mathbf{a}}\tilde{\mathbf{p}}^r$

Presentant t̃ qđ Henř Nicole, Joñnes
 simplices hoĩes in tañnas et fac.....
 et capiat' cū venĩnt nō modo
 de nocte Osanna

xviijs

Idm Guionus Ni..... post cō... ..
.....

[Robert de Haddy] the receiver of the aforesaid Otto produces the writ of the said lord the King [in these] words. Edward by the grace of God King of England lord of Ireland & Duke of Aquitaine &c.

Abjuration.

They present also that Andrew Wekesle, William Cakise, Cecilia de in open court up to three years for that they were afterwards went back & had no chattels.

3 bushels of
wheat of rent
40s 6d

They present also that Peter Nicole & certain others by the counsel & aid of Augustin de Submolend a certain faithful Norman in the mill of the lord the King of his silver & wheat. And fled outlawed. The same Peter had land of inheritance in the parish of St. Saviour in common with his partners whereof his portion are worth by the year 3 bushels of wheat which remain to the lord the King so long as he is outlawed, &c. And of & his partners shall answer as well for the time past, viz., from the feast of St. Michael in the year with the same in common of wheat to the value of his portion 32s 6d The same 2 calves, 12 sheep & lambs, 2 pigs, one chest whereof his portion is 68 sols shall answer. Afterwards on Wednesday next after the feast of the Assumption of the Blessed Mary came the said of the premises places himself on the verdict of the country. The jurors say upon their oath that the aforesaid

His land and
chattels remain
to the lord the
King for the
theft &c. outside.

They present also that Peter Ralph stole one boat outlawed. And he had no land or chattels.

amerced.
be taken.
amerced.
be taken.

They present also that Henry Nicole, John honest men in taverns & make & let them be taken when they shall come not now by night Osanna

18 sols.

The same Guy Ni..... after

	Petrus Gauter
<u>LX^a</u>	..... suos in Cuř xpiani.
	..... fecit finem p p'd.....
	Presentant t qđ Mathus
<u>xxv^a</u>	..... catañt qui
<u>cap^r</u>	..... de quibz Petř
	..... p'sona.
	Presentant t qđ
<u>C s.</u>	..... ex ^a dom.....
abjur.	Presentant t qđ
	..... Rę nũc p'mo qui post
	..... ĩras dñi Reę..... p'dcis que
	alibi Idm ĩuit j multam p'cii
<u>v ř.</u>	v ř Et ĩuit libam fram videlř v pecias ĩre cũ j placea meř que
vij řz řri e xv đ	valent p annũ vij busř řri e xv đ unde Avicia
de reddř salva	tenet řciam ptem in dotē Iřm predca mař sua tenet in dotē de
dote e p vita	heditař ejusđ Jord quend annuũ reddřm ij busř řri p'veientē de řra
dotate	Pettri Royman Et predce ij ptes simiřr dote cum
	acciderit sint esřieta dñi Reę tē Et q, Petř le Markaunt balis tē
	..... Reę deliřařunt p'dco J..... řas suas sine
	waranto sř colore qđ rediit infra añ e die
	..... qđ p řre dñi Reę nup řřit inhibitũ
	..... liřařoes nō iřo dño Reę
<u>mie</u>	..... Ido
	Presentant t qđ đns Rex habet de esřietis videlř de
	filia Florincen sine řede tē a tribz
	..... tē quod
	..... formam feofamenti sui
	..... tē Iřm de esřieta Iřm de
	esřieta Jořne v'gař řre ij bz řri

60 sols. Peter Gauter
..... his in the court of Christianity
..... compounded for the aforesaid
.....

25 sols. They present also that Matthew
be taken. chattels who
..... of which Peter.....
..... prison.

100 sols. They present also that
..... outside the house

Abjuration. They present also that
in the first of the present King who after
..... letters of the lord the King
aforesaid which elsewhere The same
5 sols. had one sheep price five sols. And he had free land, viz., 5 pieces of
7 bushels of 15d. land with one place messuage which are worth yearly 7 bushels of
of rent saving wheat & 15 deniers whereof Avicia his holds the third
the dower & part in dower. Also his said mother holds in dower of the inhe-
dowered for life. ritage of the said Jordan a certain yearly rent of 2 bushels of wheat
issuing from the land of Peter Royman. And the said 2 parts like-
wise in dower when it shall happen are escheats of
the lord the King &c. And that Peter le Marchant Bailiff &c.
..... King delivered to the said J.....
..... his lands without warrant under colour that he came
back within the year & day
..... that by writ of the lord the King was lately inhibited
..... deliveries not
..... to the same lord the King
amerced. Therefore

They present also that the lord the King has of escheats, viz. of
..... the daughter of Florence
without heir &c. from three &c.
that
the form of his feoffment &c.
Also of the escheat Also
of the escheat of Joan virgate of land
2 bushels of wheat of the escheat

..... de escheta Galfri Osb.....
 escheta filie
 et nō plus q₃ onātur
 busš Iīm de una v'rgaī tre
 de Iīm de una alia v'gat
 eadēm escheta j q^r fri. Iīm
 ij busš fri uno meš
 de escha Cornl..... apd la Garguerie
 de una placea Trenchard
 de uno meš de escha Phi..... ij bz fri
 Iīm de escheta Iīm de j v'gaī tre
 Johne Halla e de habet
 t̄ dñs Rex firmas de plibz
 de quibusd p man^o Bord de Laundry Lxvij s̄
 j s̄ et ad brassaḡ
 iij s̄ vj d̄ et ad oostillaḡ iij s̄
 d̄ ij s̄ vj d̄ et ad brassaḡ v s̄ Iīm de plibz p man^o
 brassaḡ v s̄ Iīm de plibz p man^o Bordagioꝝ
 Jordi Omo..... xxij d̄
 Iīm de plibz p man^o Bordagioꝝ Lesaunt de firma
 s̄ et ad brassaḡ ij s̄.

(M. 11 d).

Adhuc de S̄ci Petri Porfu.

..... qđ dñs Rex iij^{or} molendia aquatica et
 unū molendinū vent'cū in ista pochia
 iij^{xx} x^u Est t̄ hic quoddam feodū cognōie Rosel in quo
 sunt vj^{xx} xvj dñs Rex pcipit p
 annū xvij q^r fri ad pvam menš. Iīm de v bovaī
 iij q^r fri. Iīm de iij^{xx} xvj bovat tre de
 Hafland s. de qualibz bovata ad et Wilts
 le Gros e Petr^o le Gros debent p annū p uno meš de eod feodo
 capōn et Wilts de Haflaund e participes

of Geoffrey Osb
 escheat of the daughter
 and not more because they are charged
 bushels Also of one virgate of
 land of Also of one other virgate
 the same escheat one quarter of wheat. Also
 2 bushels of wheat..... one
 messuage of the escheat of Cornl..... at La
 Garguerie of one place Trenchard
 of one messuage of the escheat of Philip
 2 bushels of wheat. Also of the escheat
 Also of one virgate of land John Halla
 & of has also the lord the King
 farms of many of certain
 by the hands of the Bordage of Laundry 67 sols
 one sol and for brewing 3 sols
 6 deniers & for costillagium 4 sols
 2 sols 6 deniers and for brewing 5 sols. Also of many by the hands
 brewing 5 sols. Also of
 many by the hands of the bordiers of Jordan Omo
 22 deniers. Also of many by
 the hands of the bordiers of Laisant of the farm
 5 sols and for brewing 2 sols.

(M. 11 d.)

Continuation of St. Peter Port.

..... that the lord the King four water mills
 & one windmill in this parish
 90 livres. Also there is here a certain fief called Rosel in which are
 136 the lord the King
 takes annually 17 quarters of wheat by the small measure. Also of
 5 bovates 3 quarters of wheat.
 Also of 96 bovates of land of Havilland, to wit, of each bovat at
 and William le Gros & Peter le Gros
 owe annually for one messuage of the same fief
 capons, and William de Havilland & his partners of

sui de iij bovatis fre de eodm feodo
..... Wilts le Gros e Petr^o Bernard p meš suis vsus mare
ij pañ ij capoñ et Jords le Botiller
p meš suis simitr ij pañ ij capoñ. Et Robt^o Herof pro meš
..... dns Rex capit camptū p totam pochia pullağ pannağ
e huj^o custumas p^{re}q^a de tenuram Abbis
Majoris Monasterii. Et camptū se extendit coibz annis ad XL li. Et
si extendit pullağ coibz annis ad xij^{xx} e j pullağ de
pannağ. Percipit t̃ dns Rex in hac pochia ix q̃r e iij rasturas aven
de re..... t̃ dns Rex iiij^{or} v'gaĩ fre
de esclieta Alicie de la Faleise que valent p annū j q̃r
..... quas Joñnes Cardet hucusq̃ tenuit in bordağ p officiū sp̃pendendi
felones sp̃pendendos hic de bordagio Cornet
v v'gaĩ fre que valent j q̃r fri. Et de bordağ Duraunt vij v'gaĩ
que valent p annū xxij b3 fri. Et Idm Bordağ sine licencia dñi Reğ
ofatur Sampsoni e Wilto Baudewyn in ij q̃r fri
p annū et fribz de confrateria s̃ce Marie in j cañ qui
remaneant dño Regi ad voluntatē suā. Habet e dns Rex de bordağ
Rungefor in v'gaĩ que valent p annū iij buss fri.
Et de bordağ Petri Trusse j v'gat fre que valet p iij cañ fri.
Et de bordağ Lesaunt viij v'gat fre que valent p annū iij q̃r fri. Et
de bordagio Brisepik in hac pochia v v'gaĩ fre que valent p annū
ij q̃r fri. Et sciend qđ bordağ spectat plus in aliis
t'bz pochiis s. Šci Andř Šci Martini et de Bellosa. Habet
..... dns Rex de bordağ Laundry vij v'gaĩ fre quaz vj valent p
annū vj b3 fri et septima diminutur
e alienatur e jam sita sunt sup illam x iiij^{or} meš sive cotagia de
quibz le Machoun tenet unū qđ valet p annū
vj buss fri. Et idm mesuağ sine licenč dñi Reğ ofatur Ričo Cokerel
in ij buss fri p annū et Avicie Baligan in aliis duobz buss

3 bovates of land of the same fief
William le Gros & Peter Bernard for their messuages towards the
sea 2 loaves 2 capons & Jordan
le Boutillier for his messuages likewise 2 loaves 2 capons. And
Robert Herof for his messuage the lord the
King champart throughout the whole parish, pullage, pannage &
such customs except of the tenure
of the Abbot of the Greater Monastery. And the champart extends
one year with another to 40 livres. And so the pullage extends
itself one year with another to 261 pullages
of the pannage. The lord the King also takes in this parish 9 quar-
ters & 3 rases of oats of the also the lord the
King 4 virgates of land of the escheat of Alice de la Falaise which
are worth by the year one quarter which John
Cardet up to now held in bordage by the office of hanging felons
hanged here of the bordage Cornet 5 virgates
of land which are worth one quarter of wheat. And of the bordage
of Durant 7 virgates which are worth by the year 22 bushels
of wheat. And the same bordage without the license of the lord the
King is charged to Sampson & William Baldwin in
2 quarters of wheat by the year & to the brethren of the fraternity
of St. Mary in one cabot which remain to the lord
the King at his will. Also the lord the King has of the bordage of
Rougefer in one virgate which are worth by
the year 3 bushels of wheat. And of the bordage of Peter Trousse
one virgate of land which is worth by [the year] 3 cabots of wheat.
And of the bordage of Laisant 8 virgates of land which are worth by
the year 3 quarters of wheat. And of the bordage of Brisepik in this
parish 5 virgates of land which are worth by the year 2 quarters of
wheat. And be it known that bordage
belongs more in the other 3 parishes, viz., St. Andrew, St. Martin &
Bellosa. The lord the King has of the bordage of Laundry
7 virgates of land whereof 6 are worth by the year 6 bushels of wheat
& the seventh is diminished &
alienated, & now there are built upon the same 14 messuages or
cottages of which le Machon holds one
which is worth by the year 6 bushels of wheat. And the same
messuage without the license of the lord the King is charged to
Richard Cokerel in 2 bushels of wheat by the year & to Avice
Baligan in another 2 bushels which

..... qui remaneant dno Regi ad voluntatem suam. Iŕm Robtus
le Peletier tenet inde aliud quod valet p annũ vj busŕ
fr̃i et idm meŕ sine licenč dñi Reġ ofiatur p annũ
le Corner in j busŕ fr̃i qui simitr remaneat dno Regi ad voluntate suā.
Iŕm Emma tenet inde duo meŕ que valent p annũ
vj b̃z fr̃i et illa sine licenč dñi Reġ ofiant^r in
Petro Homet in j busŕ fr̃i et Galiene Pollard in iij busŕ fr̃i q^m simitr
remañ Regi ad voluntatē suā. Iŕm Petr^o le Moigne
tenet inde unũ aliud meŕ quod valet p annũ
busŕ fr̃i. Iŕm Sampson le Moigne tenet inde j meŕ quod valet p
annũ iij b̃z fr̃i et illud licenč dñi Reġ ofiat^r p annũ
Guillo Carupel in ij busŕ fr̃i ij pañ ij capoñ. Iŕm Avicia
..... tenet inde unũ meŕ quod valet p annũ v busŕ fr̃i et
illud ofiatur p annũ Petro ij busŕ fr̃i et Scolastice
Kaynel in j b̃z fr̃i sine licenč dñi Reġ qui sibi remančat
..... suā. Iŕm Ričus Lomme la Dame tenet inde
unũ meŕ quod valet p añ j q^r fr̃i
le Noble tenet inde unũ meŕ quod valet p añ j q^r fr̃i et illud
ofiatur p añ fr̃i et Wilfo
Laloel in ij busŕ fr̃i et Luce le Corner e participĩ suis in
..... et Petro le Markaunt
Piscatori in j busŕ fr̃i sine licenč dñi Reġ
..... suam. Iŕm Andŕ Lesaunt tenet inde
j meŕ quod valet p añ
..... inde j meŕ quod valet p annũ j q^r fr̃i et illud
ofiatur j pañ j capoñ sine
licenč dñi Reġ qui sⁱ remañ tč
..... valet p annũ j caŕ fr̃i. Iŕm Joñnes le Machoun
tenet illud ofiatur. Wilfo
le Telier p añ in ij b̃z fr̃i
..... quoddam cotagiũ quod valet p añ in busŕ fr̃i
.....

remain to the lord the King at his will. Also Robert le Peletier holds thereof another which is worth by the year 6 bushels of wheat & the same messuage without the license of the lord the King is charged by the year le Corner in one bushel of wheat which likewise remains to the lord the King at his will. Also Emma holds thereof 2 messuages which are worth by the year 6 bushels of wheat & those without the license of the lord the King are charged to Peter Homet in one bushel of wheat & to Galiene Pollard in 3 bushels of wheat which likewise remain to the King at his will. Also Peter le Moigne holds thereof one other messuage which is worth by the year bushel of wheat. Also Sampson le Moigne holds thereof one messuage which is worth by the year 3 bushels of wheat license of the lord the King it is charged by the year to William Carupel in 2 bushels of wheat 2 loaves 2 capons. Also Avicia holds thereof one messuage which is worth by the year 5 bushels of wheat & it is charged by the year to Peter 2 bushels of wheat & to Scolastica Kaynel in one bushel of wheat without the license of the lord the King which likewise ought to remain to him Also Richard Lomme la Dame holds thereof one messuage which is worth by the year one bushel of wheat le Noble holds thereof one messuage which is worth by the year one quarter of wheat & it is charged by the year of wheat & to William Laloel in 2 bushels of wheat & to Luke le Corner & his partners in & to Peter le Marchant, the fisherman, in one bushel of wheat without the license of the lord the King Also Andrew Laisant holds thereof one messuage which is worth by the year thereof one messuage which is worth by the year one quarter of wheat and it is charged one loaf one capon without the license of the lord the King which remain to him &c worth by the year one measure of wheat. Also John le Machon holds it is charged to William le Telier by the year in two bushels of wheat a certain cottage which is worth by the year three bushels of wheat

..... ofatur Petro le Hageys
p annū in iij
..... uñ Riči le Moigne in iij cab̃ fr̃i
et suis in ix s̃ qui
remaneant dno Regi.

..... pastura cōmunis est om̃ibz
sed sunt paupes Regi p annū
p quolibz cotaḡ unū pullaḡ
..... que vocatur le Hurel de
Haflaund
..... t̃ dñs Rex capellam S̃ce Marie de Mariscis
quo monast̃ii est e fuit
ab antiquo advocat⁹ ecclie S̃ci Petri hic
..... camptū debent façe e repare
ḡngiam quociens op⁹ f̃f̃it
lapides e campiptores custagia.

vj ti x s̃

Presentant t̃ qđ anno Regē nunc p'mo devenit Wreckū sb̃f̃ castrū
de x baconibz p̃c̃ C s̃ e maeremio p̃cii x s̃ et de Bussardo cum sale
ad valenč vj ti x s̃ Ĩm de alio ap̃d Les Treisgronis p̃cii XL s̃ de
quibz om̃ibz dñs Rex habet medietatē Devenit t̃c̃ Wreckū hic de
v'ga navis cū ṽclo pars Regē XL s̃ Ĩm vj ti solutes
R. Haddy Receptor t̃c̃ p Petrū Pollard p parte doleo
Ballene Ĩm vj ti p parte sua uni⁹ dolei Ballene ap̃d Glateny Ĩm
vj ti p pte dolei ballene p man⁹ Luce le Corner Ĩm
C s̃ p pte sua j dolei sepi p man⁹ ejusdm
p pte sua j bale sepi.

..... qđ Olivus le Huby j
multone p ĩpm furato et Joñnes tunc receptor
dñi extra locū refugii s. in
plena Cuř insulas
..... bre clausum directū baltio qđ cer.
dñm Regē de modo tea continue
sine alio waranto mora hic p unū annū

..... is charged to Peter le Hageys
by the year in three
..... the wife of Richard le Moigne
in three measures of wheat and
..... in 9 sols which shall remain to the lord the King.

The common pasture is for all but there are poor people
..... to the King by the year for each
cottage one pullage
..... which is called the Hurel de Havilland
..... and the lord the
King the chapel of St. Mary des Marais
..... of the Monastery is & was of old the patron of
the Church of St. Peter here
ought to make champart & repair the grange as often as shall be
necessary stones
& champertors charges.

6 livres 10 sols. They present also that in the first year of the now King a wreck
occurred under the castle of 10 hogs price 100 sols & timber price
10 sols and of a ship with salt to the value of 6 livres 10 sols. Also
of another at Les Treisgronis price 40 sols of all of which the lord
the King has the moiety. There happened also a wreck here of the
mast of the ship with cordage the share
of the King 40 sols. Also 6 livres paid to Robert de Haddy the
Receiver &c. by Peter Pollard for the share of a cask of whale. Also
6 livres for his share of one cask of whale at Glateny. Also 60 livres
for his share of a cask of whale by the hands of Luke le Corner.
Also 100 sols for his share of one tub of tallow by the hands of the
same for his share of one bale of tallow.

..... that Oliver le Huby
one sheep stolen by him, & John then receiver of the
lord outside the place of refuge,
viz. in open court islands
..... closed writ directed to the bailiff that he should certify
the lord the King of the way
continuously without any other warrant lived here for one year

..... Petro le Markaunt feči hic
 ballio tč hūc amoto tč predcus
 Reġ in Castro p preceptū iþius Petri
 p^otea evasit a p^lsona e Insulas
 iřato tč Et predcus Joħs pro predcis temitate e p.....
 tam pro predcis pmissionibꝫ p^lmo
 fuge sue e p^otea sone qđ t^{ns}ivit
 a castro p medium ville sue ad ecchiam
 qđ vidit eū in villa p^ot p^lmā abjuř suam
 Judm de evasione. Quasio (?)
 sup Matħm Levesq.....

C ẽ

mīa

Presentant t̃ qđ Iđo in mīa.

Respice de residuo seu
 remañ huj^o pochie.

(M. 12.) **Adhuc de p̃lifis de Corona** de poċħ Šci Petri de bosco.

Gerneř

Paroċħ Šci Pet^l de bosco veñ

Juř p̃sentant qđ Joħes le P.....

Pro

poċħ e ibidem coram Petro le Markaunt

Inš pred..... Joħ

catalla ejusdem

respond

Iřm quo ad dñicas řras dñi Regis dicunt qđ dñs Rex
 feloñ una v^lgař řre duodecim
 e dimiđ Iřm de řra Emme la Mesurere
 suspense scilt řri. Iřm de pvo
 meř quod fuit Phelipote de novem
 v^lgař řre que fuerunt Riči Norman feloñ
 ix busř e j řri. Iřm de quodam annuo redd̃ ejusdem

..... to Peter le Marchant
to be made here to the bailiff &c. him
removed &c. the aforesaid
the King in the castle by the command of the said Peter
afterwards escaped from the prison and the islands for
the second time &c. And the said John for the said rashness &
..... as well for the aforesaid
permissions first of his flight & afterwards
..... that he went across from the castle through the
middle of the town to the Church
that he saw him in the town after his first abjuration
..... judgment concerning the evasion
..... upon Matthew Levesque

100 sols.

amerced.

They present also that
Therefore amerced.

[On the back the residue or remainder
of this parish].

(M. 12.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of the parish of
St. Peter in the Wood.

Guernsey. The parishioners of St. Peter in the Wood come

 The jurors present that John le P.... ..

For

parish & there before Peter le Marchant

 the islands aforesaid John

 chattels of the same

 answer

Also as to the demesne lands of the lord the King they say that
the lord the King felon
..... one virgate of land 12
and a half. Also of the land of Emma le Mesurer hanged, viz.
..... of wheat. Also of
..... small messuage which was of Phelipote
..... of 9 virgates of land which were of Richard
Norman felon 9 bushels & one
..... of wheat. Also of a certain yearly rent of the same

..... de una carucata ĩre que vocatu^r
Adcorbineys xv q^uar^u ĩri ad capoñ
ĥcii cuj^u ĩz v tur^u e vij pañ ĥcii cuj^u ĩz ij tur^u Et habebit
..... de qualibet domo ejusdm feodi ij galfin ad
festū Šci Michis pasnagiū videt^r
de quolibet porco j tur^u ĩm p ĥdca ĩra
..... ij pañ e ij capoñ Et sciend^r qđ jam sunt
in deto feodo decem
Rex singlis annis de j v^ug ĩre e ĩcia pte uni^o v^ug terre que fuit Joħnis
Hidous unū bus^u ĩri cañon
sup^ud^uc^uti ĥcii e XL ova ĥ^u ĩij^o Turroñ et pro sale ij Turroñ Percipit
..... carucata ĩre videt^r
duodeciam garbam et valet camptū dñi Reğ in pred^u poĥi
..... t^u dñs Rex p manus tenenciū
ĥdce caruĥ ĩre de auxilio p annū x š međ
..... Šci Joħnis Bap^u. Et tenet^r Caruĥ illa pro
xij bova^u ĩre Et Rex ĩt de qualibz
escheia de feodo Syward computat^r pro xij bova^u ĩre quaz x sunt
in hac Salvat. Et
dñs Rex pcipit p añ de qualibz bova^u ĩre in hac poĥi ij bus^u
..... Percipit t^u camptū de predco feodo unde preciū
continet^r s^ub sūma sup.....
E. dñs Rex de qualibz bova^u predci feodi x garb^u ĩri e deco garb
..... in fine cū consimilibz
redditibz. Percipit t^u dñs Rex de qualibz bovat
..... Percipit t^u per totum feod^u illū pannag^u ut sup^o
et de qualibz domo Percipit t^u
dñs Rex de predco feodo p annū x
..... xv š p annū de co^u ĩ auxilio et ad auxit
..... Regis si illos velit querere.
Et si v^ul unū
dena^u pro labore suo
..... Šce Ma^u de Castro Šci Petri

..... of one carucate of land
which is called Acorbines 15 quarters of wheat at
..... capons price of each 5 tournois & 7 loaves
price of each 2 tournois. And he shall have
of each house of the same fee two hens at the feast of St. Michael
..... pannage, to wit, of each pig
one tournois. Also for the said land
2 loaves & 2 capons. And be it known that there are now in the
said fee 10 the King every
year of one virgate of land & the 3rd part of one virgate of land
which was of John Hidous one bushel of wheat
..... capons of the price aforesaid & 40 eggs price 4 tournois
& for salt 2 tournois. He takes carucate
of land, to wit, the twelfth sheaf & the champart of the lord the
King in the said parish is worth
and the lord the King by the hands of the tenants of the aforesaid
carucate of land of aid by the year ten sols half
..... of St. John the Baptist. And the carucate is
held for 12 bovates of land. And the King has of each
..... the escheats of the fee of Syward is reckoned for
12 bovates of land whereof 10 are in this
Saviour. And the lord the King takes by the year of each bovat of
land in this parish 2 bushels He takes also
champart of the said fee whereof the price is contained under the
sum E. the lord the King of each bovat
of the said fee 10 sheaves of wheat & 10 sheaves
in the end with like revenues. The lord the King takes also of each
bovat He takes also
throughout the whole fee pannage as above and of each house
..... The lord the King takes also
of the said fee by the year 10
15 sols by the year of common aid & to aid
..... of the King if he shall wish to complain of them.
And if or one penny
for his labour
St. Mary of the Câtel, St. Peter

..... li vj š j đ
 escheta
 vocato au Goudre
 feod wardi ilis est consuetudo qđ al.....
 solidos de cullagio.

Presentant eciam qđ p^ot ulťias
 xij š a^o tč xxxiiij^{to}
 R. Hady

Comptū est p Rořlos
 fřnt coram
 Iđo sciant inde
 emende tč
 eos ad přita Corone

[a space of about 20 lines is left here.]

Post
 pcipe axiliū regale Iđo de
 sint inde quieti versus

Comptum est
 uřis

(M. 12 d.)

Adhuc de řci řetri de Bosco.

..... per quandam foveam quā
 fecit ad capite Campi sui insessavit
 Guřř Sarre obstruxit regale chimnū
 de lapidibz. Et Peřr lapides.
 Et Sarra Kemloun p lapsum pjectis sui obstruxi
 Et nocumenta deobstruantur ad
 eoř custagia.

..... qđ Benedca Choffyn que a septem annis
 elapsis abjuř Inř put patet alibi
 Rořto Choffyn řre suo e Philepota sorore eoř xx virř řre de quibz
 ppars đce ij v'gař e đi que

..... livres 6 sols 1 denier
escheats called au Goudre
fee ward such is the custom that
..... shillings of cullage.

They present also that after the last
..... 12s. and also in the 34th
..... R. Hady

It is found by the rolls
..... were before
..... Therefore let them know
the amends thereof &c.
..... them at the
pleas of the Crown

[a space of about 20 lines is left here.]

After
..... to take royal aid. Therefore of
..... be thereof quit towards

It is found
..... of the wife

(M. 12 d.)

Continuation of St. Peter in the Wood.

..... by a certain ditch
which he made at the head of his field he approached
..... William Sarre obstructed the King's highway
with stones. And Peter
stones. And Sarra Kemboun by the falling of her roof obstructed
..... And the
nuisances will be removed at their cost.

..... that Benedicta Choffyn who 7 years ago
abjured the islands as it appears elsewhere
..... to Robert Choffyn her brother & to Philepota
their sister 15 virgates of land of whose portion

valent p añ iij bus̃ e iij danereſſ fr̃i e di et p̃dci
..... Philepota simil cum Guiffo de Kelly
respondebunt dno Regi de exiſ medii
..... de vj q̃r̃i iij bus̃ j dañ fr̃i e di que modo app̃ciant̃ ad
cxviiij ſ j d oſ ejusdem fr̃e xv ſ de
quibz iidem respondeb̃.

[Prese]ntant t̃ qđ Nichus Durel fecit citare Colinū Blundel
Guifm le Caufr maliçose Inſ apđ Constaci e coram
p̃tes alios ut sic pecuniam ab eis extorqueret et idm Nichs
..... finem sicut patet alibi.

Presentant t̃ qđ Guiltus Fale Bolenġ, Simon le Mesurer, Oliſus
Bealassis, Mich Martel, Radus Pessoun e Joñes Adam Tañnaſ ven-
diderunt cont̃ assisam. Ido ipi in m̃ia.

Presentant t̃ qđ Drogo Simonis fecit p̃presturam de chimino
regali long̃ j p̃cate e latiſ iij dū. Et Radus le Joeneve
fecit murū in chimino Regis laſ j pedis e longitudinis iij pedū
..... p eo aſſiciatus fuit in ultimis assisis et adhuc nō emend̃
Jdo ufq, eoſ in m̃ia. Et Joñes ny fecit p̃presturam de
chimino Regis laſ iij pedum e longiſ iij p̃ticaſ que valet p añ
..... de e ex nūc sic arentat̃ salvo jure cuilibet et idm
Joñes p p̃dca p̃prestura sit in m̃ia.

..... t̃ qđ Guiltus de Bacone emit de Robto le Caufr
quamđ peciam fr̃e cōtinentē e di et idm Guiltus
fecit ibi domū del espkerie et post mortem ipius Joñes fit
..... ant in dcam fr̃am et postea a xv annis elapsis recessit
de patria ista e dimisit p̃dcam fr̃am Petro de Homet ad custodend̃
quousq, redierit t̃c qui quid Petrus illam
Colino le Joevene p iij caſ fr̃i p añ. Et q, creditur qđ si p̃dcus
Joñes vixisset infra septenniū ṽt missis et Jdo p̃dcus
Petrus respond̃ dno Regi de viij annis videl̃ iij q̃r̃i fr̃i

..... the said 2 virgates & a half which are worth by the year 3 bushels & 4 small bushels of wheat & a half and the afore-said Philepota together with William de Kelly shall answer to the lord the King for the issues of the half of 6 quarters 2 bushels one small bushel of wheat & a half which are now appraised at 118 sols 1½ deniers of this land 15 sols of which the same shall answer.

..... present also that Nicholas Durel maliciously caused Colin Blundel William le Caufre to be cited the island at Coutances and before many others in order so to extort money from them and the same Nicholas compounded as appears elsewhere.

They present also that William Fale, baker, Simon le Mesurer, Oliver Bealassis, Michael Martel, Ralph Pessoun & John Adam, taverners, had sold contrary to the assize. Therefore they are amerced.

They present also that Drogo son of Simon made an encroachment on the King's highway one perch in length & 2 in breadth. And Ralph le Joevene made a wall in the King's highway one foot in breadth & 2 feet in length for which he was amerced at the last assizes & still no amend. Therefore both of them amerced. And Johnny made an encroachment on the King's highway 3 feet in breadth & 2 perches in length which is worth by the year & now it is so arented saving the right to each & the said John is amerced for the said encroachment.

..... also that William de Bacone bought of Robert le Caufre a certain piece of land containing & a half and the said William made there a house of esperkeria & after his death John his son entered into the said land & afterwards 15 years ago withdrew from that country & made over the said land to Peter de Homet to keep until he should come back &c. which said Peter the same to Colin le Joevene for 3 measures of wheat by the year. And because the presumption is that if the said John were living within the space of 7 years or sent news. Therefore the said Peter shall answer to the lord the King for 8 years, to wit, 3 quarters of wheat which are

qui modo appciant^r ad Liiij s et p̄dca f̄ra remaneat in mañi dñi Regis
..... usq_h recti heř veniant t̄c Iñm dicunt qđ mara ruffa
in eoř pocñ est cōis p̄ populo et tunc est
religiosoř de Lyho. Et q_h Prior de Lyho aliř sibi app'avit maram
..... deberet. Jđo ipe in m̄ia.

..... duo deñ remittit^r p̄ Justiĉ q_h bene
řvierunt.

..... **Ści Ğefi Ğorfu.**

..... Ricm le Counte unde
plaga
sanguis e ha cla. Et simiř
plaga
unde sanguis e ha cla. Et alia vice noctanř vulřavit
..... avit famulos Gatti de la Sale
in domo sua und
.....

..... Gay felonĩ infecit uřem suam
et fugit ad simiř fugit ad
eccliam pro morte Joñnis le
..... in Felicto suo. Iđo ipi in g^{vi} m̄ia.
Et
.....

Predĉi Joh..... ĩciam ptem
oĩum custagioř ad fa.....

Presentant qđ Petr^o Ma..... tenet quandam placeam de
cōmuna dñi Reğ ad mensuř j pticař in latitudĩ e tresdecĩ pticatař
in longitudiĉ que valet p anř j cař řri unde Joñnes Cardet ab octo
annis elapsis feĉ p̄presturā. Et Iđo in m̄ia. Et respondeant cōjuncti
de tempe p̄f̄ito. Et Petr^o de cujusliř.

Presentant p ij annos elapsos pfossatum
obstruxit quoddā chiminū continue

now appraised at 54 sols & the said land shall remain in the hands of the lord the King until the right heirs shall come, &c. They say also that the Rouse Mare⁽¹⁾ in their parish is common for the people & then belonged to the religious men of Lyhou. And because the Prior of Lyhou appropriated to himself the lake shall owe. Therefore he is amerced.

..... two pence are remitted by the justices because they served well.

..... **St. Peter Port.**

..... Richard le Counte whereupon wounds blood & 'Clameur de Haro' raised. And likewise whereupon wounds blood & 'Clameur de Haro' raised. And at other times in the night he wounded wounded the servants of Walter de la Sale in his house whereupon

..... Gay feloniously killed his wife & fled to likewise fled to the Church for the death of John le in his verdict. Therefore they are heavily amerced. And
.....

The aforesaid John the third part of all the costs to be made

They present also that Peter Ma..... holds a certain place of the common of the lord the King measuring one perch in breadth & 13 perches in length which is worth by the year one measure of wheat: of which John Cardet 8 years ago made an encroachment. And therefore amerced. And they shall answer jointly for the time past. And Peter de each.

They present two years ago obstructed by a ditch a certain road continuously

(1) See page 41.

..... Iīm Joānes Bernard e Guills particeps ejus restrin-
serunt p duos pedes
in latitudiē e sexdecim pedes in longitudiē a
..... elapsis. Idō Et via vī
solvant inde dno Regi p annū.

..... ex alfa pte
latitudie duor pedū e octo in longit. Idō ipe in mīa
..... dno Regi p annū.

Et persona Šci Petri
Robelin sine licenč tč. Idō ipe in mīa.

Presentant t qđ ante alias assis pendit
se ipam nullus alius inde Judm felonissa
..... respondebit. Et diu antea quedam Per
..... Judm felonissa de se
nulla hūit.

..... que fuit ux
Riči Herof fecunt
..... udie vij pedū e longitudiē vj
..... respondeant inde dū
.....

..... ibidm recog.

(M. 13.)

Adhuc de p̃litis Gorone de pochl de Foresta.

Gerneř

Juř p̃sentant qđ Symon de Monte alias convict⁹ coram Petro le
Markaunt recogū suam qđ
cepit de cuniclis dñi Reg cum retiis e furet
..... nunc ad aš tč modo veñ t non potest hoc dediçe
.....

Juř p̃sentant qđ adiu est Guill Serkof in⁹sonat⁹ in castro
..... quod sp̃ensus fuit. Et nulla
hiet catalla.

..... Also John Bernard & William his partner narrowed
..... by 2 feet in breadth & 16 feet in
length ago. Therefore And
the road or they shall pay therefor to the lord the King by the year.

..... of the other part in
breadth 2 feet & 8 in length. Therefore he is amerced
..... to the lord the King by the year.

And parson St. Peter
Robelin without license &c. Therefore he is amerced.

They present also that before the other assizes
..... hanged herself no other thereof
Judgment felo de se shall
answer. And long before a certain Per.....
..... Judgment felo de se. She had nothing.

..... who was the wife
of Richard Herof made
7 feet in breadth & 6 in length
..... they shall answer
therefor while

..... there acknowledge.

(M. 13.) **Continuation of the Pleas of the Crown** of the parish of
the Forest.

Guernsey. The jurors present that Symon du Mont elsewhere convicted
before Peter le Marchant
his recognizance that he took of the conies of the lord the King with
nets & ferrets..... now at the
assizes &c. he now comes & cannot gainsay this

The jurors present that a long time ago William Serkof was
imprisoned in the castle that
he was hanged. And he has no chattels.

Presentant eciam qđ Robtus Turgys fīl Guiffi Burnel fuī un.....
..... Foresta e inde
abjuī Insulas. Et nulla sūt catalla.

Nichus Durel Guiff le Joevene Guiff de Kaneleye e Rađ de
Kaneleye rectati tenentes dñi
Reġ e alios pacificos hoies de Insula et eos citari fače maličose ađd
..... alia g^{am}ia eis inferī
ut sic ex eis p^{un}iam extorqueant veñ et omēs pref
..... totum tē. Et de bono e
malo poñ se sup pat'am. Et nichil ulťius de Nicho Durel
..... Et de pđ Guiffo le Joevene pro
predca t^{ns} C s qui assig^{ntur} Juī tē de g^{ra} tē.

Convictū est p Juī in quam Nichus Durel e Guiff le Joevene
se posuerī qđ pđ
insultū noctant^o in via regia predco Guiffo le Joevene p quod pred
Guiff p injuriā pđ levavit claīn
de harou. Ido conš est qđ pred Nichi faciat inde dño Reġi emend.
Et feč

Johñes Justice unus de Juī dñi Reġ recessit de Cuī sine licencia.
Ido in mīa.

Presentant eciam qđ quidam Petr^o Levesqe cum quibusdam
ignotis fuī fūunt in mari simul
cum bonis in eođ inventis hunc ad quatuor annos elapsos tē
..... et malečr. Ido ex^a ⁽¹⁾ e utlag^r. Idem Petr^o
tenuit hēditatē patris sui in
suis et fuit fīl antenat^o tē et ppars sua se extendit ad duas v'gatas
..... annū in omīb^z exitib^z iij bus^s fri.
Et Colinus Levesqe et Oliřus fra^r
respond dño Reġi de exitibus predce t^{re} de pred iij^{or} annis q^o illam
tenuērt bus^s fri que modo appēiantur

(1) Exigatur.

They present also that Robert Turgys son of William Burnel stole Forest & therefore abjured the islands. And he has no chattels.

Nicholas Durel, William le Joevene, William de Kaneleye & Ralph de Kaneleye accused tenants of the lord the King & other peaceful men of the island & maliciously caused them to be cited at & inflicted on them other damages in order to extort money from them come & all except the whole &c. And for good & ill they put themselves upon the verdict of the country. And nothing further concerning Nicholas Durel And concerning the said William le Joevene for the said trespass 100 sols which are assigned to the jurors &c. as of grace &c.

It was found by the jury to the verdict of whom Nicholas Durel & William le Joevene had submitted themselves that the aforesaid .. in the night time assaulted the said William le Joevene in the King's highway by which the said William on account of the said wrong raised the 'Clameur de Haro.' Therefore it is judged that the said Nicholas shall make amend therefor to the lord the King. And he made

John Justice one of the jurats of the lord the King left the court without leave. Therefore he is amerced.

They present also that a certain Peter Levesque with certain unknown thieves were in the sea together with the goods found in the same 4 years ago &c. and suspected. Therefore he is outlawed. The same Peter held the inheritance of his father in and was the eldest son &c. And his portion extends to two virgates year in all issues 3 bushels of wheat. And Colin Levesque & Oliver his brother shall answer to the lord the King for the issues of the said land for the said 4 years because they held it. bushels of wheat which are now appraised

ad Liiij s̄ tē bus̄ ad iiij^{or} s̄ vij d. Idē
 poch̄ Šci Andr unū clausum continens duas v'gaſ f're et valet p annū
 bus̄ f'ri unde de iiij^{or} annis a tempe
 fuge tē s̄m xvj b̄z D̄ quibz ūx Joſinis de Monte
 soror pred̄cti Petri respondeb̄ jux^a pr.....
 Lxij s̄ q̄ tenuit teñ illa tē. Idem t̄ fuit in Šci Petri
 j meš cum curtilagio que valet p añ
 f'ri pvenērunt de meš Thoñ Destefeld
 integri tē de qua

Iīm vastum p̄dci meš e arboz tē
 virgaſ f're que valet p añ iiij^{or}
 respondeb̄ tam de arceſ q̄
 quas Burgenses ejusdē ville
 Postea vēfunt pred̄ci
 fugam
 sup̄dci Petri
 vixit e tenuit partem
 p Juſ. Ido extraher

Presentant eciam qđ in
 unde Mašhus de Cuſ bal.....
 Idem Mašhus e Nich
 quod est in custodia Guil.....
 de Šbmonte Capllanus

[a few more lines quite faded and destroyed.]

(M. 13 d.)

Adhuc de p̄lis de Corona de Foresta.

..... fuit in deta poch̄ ^{xx}iiij e xvj bovaſ
 f're p quibus tenentes f'minos

at 54 sols &c. bushel at 4 sols 7 deniers. The same
..... parish of St. Andrew one close containing
2 virgates of land & it is worth per annum
bushels of wheat whereof of 4 years from the time of the said flight &c.
Total 16 bushels, of which, wife of John du Mont,
sister of the said Peter shall answer according to the
..... 62 sols because she held those tenements &c. Also
the same had in [parish of] St. Peter one
messuage with a curtilage which is worth per annum
..... of wheat, were due on the messuage of
Thomas Destefeld whole &c. of
which

Also the waste of the said messuage & trees &c.
..... virgate of land which is worth per annum
4 shall answer as well
for the arrears as
which the burgesses of the said town
..... Afterwards came the said
..... flight of the abovesaid Peter
..... lived & held part
..... by the jurats. Therefore they estray
.....

They present also that in
60 s. whereof Matthew de la Court bailiff
..... The same Matthew & Nicholas
10 s. which is in the custody of William
..... de Soulemont chaplain
.....

[a few more lines quite faded & destroyed.]

(M. 13 d.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** in the parish of
the Forest.

..... was in the said parish 96 bovates of
land for which the tenants

p equali porcione scilicet ad festa Pasche Sci Johannis e
 dno Regi de custuma ad fin Sci
 Michis xxx d de calag Deben
 t panna valens coibz annis xij s Et pullag quod
 gallin. Et moneag de tribz
 annis in tres annis quod coibz
 Lxx s. Deben t dno Regi p annu de qualibz bovata
 fre viij Debentur t dno
 Regi de predicta fra vij q^r aveñ
 tassag iiij s. Percipit eciam campu
 bladoz de tota pred fra quod

..... unu molend quod valet coibz
 annis decem libr. Et pochiani pro una pte e
 pochiani de Foresta pro altera pte tenentur fac.....
 Ht t Rex ibidem duo bordag s. bordag
 Trusse continens una v^lgatam fre que valet p annu iij bus fri et
 Guills Trusse tenet illud. Iam habet ibi aliud bordag quod Rads
 Wyteclin tenet continens iij v^lga fre que valent p annu xx s.

Presentant t qd Henr Restaud fec p^rpresturam in via regia
 fodiendo p iiij^{or} pticatas per duos annos. Et Guills Le Peytevin fec
 simitr fodiendo p xvj ptica in Long e diam perticatam in Latitud.
 Et Petr^o le Rous fec simitr. Et Radus le Pyniart fec simitr sed de
 pva q^{nt}itati. Et Johes Johnis per aratru suu approp^ravit sibi de
 una regia jux^a terra suam ad spaciū duoz pedu in Latitudiē. Ido
 omes in mia. Et predcus Johes teneat illam pticatam
 arrentatam jux^a discrecom Mathi de Cu^r balli tē.

Iam q³ xij Ju^r p^rdictē duodene fecunt magna conclamenta in
 veredicto suo de quibz convicti fūnt sepius in veredicto suo. Ido
 omes in mia.

terms in equal portions, to wit, at the feasts of Easter St. John &
..... to the lord the King
of custom at the feast of St. Michael 30 deniers of
..... Also they owe pannage worth one year
with another 12 sols and pullage which
..... hens and moneage every 3 years which
[is worth one year with another] 70 sols. Also they owe to the lord
the King by the year of each bovaté of land 8
..... Also they owe to
the lord the King of the said land 7 quarters of oats
..... stacking 4 sols. He takes also
champart of the corn over the whole of the said land which
.....

..... one mill which is worth one year with
another 10 livres. And the parishioners for the one
part & the parishioners of the Forest for the other part are bound to
make Also the King has
there 2 bordages to wit, the bordage of Trusse⁽¹⁾ containing one virgate
of land which is worth per annum 3 bushels of wheat & William
Trusse holds the same. Also he has there another bordage which
Ralph Wyteclin⁽²⁾ holds containing 3 virgates of land which are worth
per annum 20 sols.

They present also that Henry Reftaud made an encroachment
on the King's high-way by digging of 4 perches for 2 years. And
William le Peytevin did likewise by digging 16 perches in length
& half a perch in width. And Peter le Rous did likewise. And
Ralph le Pyniart did likewise but for a small quantity. And John
Fitz-john by his plough appropriated to himself of the high way
next his land for the space of 2 feet in width. Therefore all of them
amerced. And the said John may hold that perch
at a rental according to the discretion of Matthew de la Court the
bailiff &c.

And because the 12 men composing the said jury made great
concealments in their verdict of which they were often convicted in
their verdict Therefore all of them amerced.

(1) Bordage Trousee.

(2) Bordage Videclin.

Comptū est t̃ p Roīlos Petri le Markaunt balli t̃c qđ Petr^o de Monte e Rađs Feroun Junior noctant̃ insultaŕūt Willm le Rey in via regia unde saung's plaga e ha cla. Ido fiant inde emende t̃c.

Et p̃dcus Petr^o appleg̃ fuit ad assisas p Ricm̃ le Mouner, Petrū Boly e Rađm le Rey. Et p̃dcus Rađs p Rađm Feroun seniore[m] Guillm de Monte, Remondū Joñnis e Petrū le Bretoun. Et Remondus Joñnis simiŕ convict^o fuit. Et cunctis dñi Reġ et appleg̃ fuit de assiſ p Guillm Matñm Denys, Ricm̃ le Counte e Raulinū Johan. Et qđ Rađus le Mesurer cepit cunctos in Warennā dñi Reġ cū retiis e furettis. Ido fiant inde emend. Et p̃dcus Rađus feč finem p p̃dca t̃ns p xx ſ p̃p̃tm Petⁱ le Markaunt e Colini le Mesurer.

Het t̃ dñs Rex in p̃dca počñ q'nq, virġ ĩre debīt de esch̃ Rađi David quas Colinus Muriel e Joñna soror ej^o p ij b3 ĩri ad voluntatē dñi Reġ t̃c. Et modo veñ Joñnes le Breton et offert j b3 ĩri redd̃ de inc̃mento p sic qđ ĩra illa cōcedat^r sibi t̃ ĩedib3 suis tenenda triū bus3 ĩri ut illā possit appruare t̃c. Et sup hoc veñ Pñus le Peyte Regi j bus3 ĩri de redd̃ de inc̃mento p sic qđ ĩra illa cōcedat^r sibi e p ſviciū illo3 iiiij^{or} bus3 ĩri ut illam possit appruare t̃c. Et ei cedit^r ĩre quam p̃dci Colinus e Joñna dū illam tenŕunt illa p̃dci Colin^o Joñna e Joñes sīt in mīa. Et Michis. Et p̃dcs Pñs e heř sui in poster p̃dci Pñi dat dño Regi vj b3 ĩri p annū p sic et ei cedit^r et inde feč sunt ei ĩre t̃c. Et obavit

It is also found by the rolls of Peter le Marchant the bailiff, &c. that Peter du Mont & Ralph Feroun junior, by night assaulted William le Rey in the King's high-way whereof blood, wounds & 'Clameur de Haro' raised. Therefore they shall make amends therefor &c.

And the said Peter was appledged at the assizes by Richard le Mouner, Peter Boly & Ralph le Rey. And the said Ralph by Ralph Feroun senior, William du Mont, Remond Fitz-john & Peter le Breton. And Remond Fitz-john was likewise convicted concerning the conies of the lord the King & was appledged at the assizes by William Matthew Denys Richard le Conte & Raulin Fitz-john. And that Ralph le Mesurer took conies in the warren of the lord the King with nets & ferrets. Therefore they shall make amends therefor. And the said Ralph settled the matter of the said trespass by 20 sols under the pledge of Peter le Marchant & Colin le Mesurer.

Also the lord the King has in the said parish 5 virgates of poor land of the escheat of Ralph David which Colin Muriel & Joan his sister for 2 bushels of wheat at the will of the lord the King &c. And now comes John le Breton & offers one bushel of wheat of rent of increase so that that land may be granted to him & his heirs to be held of 3 bushels of wheat so that he may use the same for his own profit &c. And upon this comes Philip le Peyte to the King one bushel of wheat of rent of increase so that that land may be granted to him & by the service of those 4 bushels of wheat so that he may use the same to his own profit &c. And it is granted to him of the land which the said Colin & Joan which they held the same the said Colin Joan & John be amerced. And Michael. And the said Philip & his heirs afterwards of the said Philip gives to the lord the King 6 bushels of wheat per annum so that & it is granted to him, & letters thereof are made to him &c. And he was charged

..... Petri in Portu.

..... hic quendam navem
de Hispanū in hanc
villam pro timore eoꝝ ex̃tulerunt quosd̃
..... inimicos eoꝝ et plures eoꝝ felonit̃ interfecerunt
..... amplius tanq̃ hoies pacis
receptati cū hoibꝫ Et coitas
pochie sup hoc allocuta
f̃iunt hic cum magno posse
..... non leuauerunt clam̃ tē nec inpende
..... ip̃os felones p̃t f̃c̃m tandiu
..... Thebaud p̃t f̃c̃m scieñt emit
a pred Hispanū. Et
Alanus le p̃vost om̃es in
g̃vi m̃ia. Et p̃dcus Alanus
..... quos inde recepit qui remaneant
d̃no

..... alia vice simit̃ interfecerunt
hic quendam hoīem de receptati
..... sicut p̃lus. Id̃o om̃es simit̃ in m̃ia.

..... eosd̃m frange domū
Petri tē.

..... videl̃ p Aviciam la Pulette
G de Ponte Cecilia
lospie Colinū Costances
Pet̃m Alisaundr'
Joñnem le Mouner
Petrū le Corner Galfr̃m le Pastu
..... Colinū Stel Guil̃m le Barbor
..... Grey Agnetē le Raðm de
..... ā filiam Colini Levesqe Joñm
Burnel de la
Sale Guil̃m le Gros Robtū
de la

..... **St. Peter Port.**

..... here a certain ship of Spain
..... in this town for fear of them took
out of it certain
their enemies & feloniously killed many of them
..... more as men of peace taken with the men
... And the commonalty of the parish
questioned as to this were here
with a great force
did not raise a 'Clameur de Haro' &c. nor brought
..... those felons after the deed as long as
..... Thebaud after the deed knowingly bought
from the said Spain. And Alan the provost
..... all heavily amerced. And the said Alan
..... which he takes thereof which may
remain to the lord

..... another time likewise killed here a
certain man of received
..... .. as at first. Therefore all of them
likewise amerced.

..... the same to break into the house
of Peter &c.

..... to wit, by Avice la Pulette. G.....
..... du Pont, Cecilia
..... Colin Costances, Peter
..... Alexander John le Mouner
..... Peter le Corner Geffery le Pastu
..... Colin Stel William le Barbor Grey
Agnes le Ralph de daughter of
Colin Levesque John Burnel
de la Sale William le Gros
Robert de la

(M. 14.) **Adhuc de p̄litis Corone de poch de Torte.....**

parochi de Torteval venit p xij.

Gerneř Juř p̄sentant qđ Radus Katherine qui suspens⁹ fuit
..... in feodo Jordi de Saunmareys unde
đns Rex reddit đno Regi
de antiquo redditu catalla
de quibz Robtus de Haddy
..... ptichis catalloz ejusđ Radi comptū est qđ
..... Et tenentes p̄dce virgate tre
respond đno Regi de arrerağ
.....

Presentant t̄ qđ Ričus Trusse e Guiltus frař ejus
..... runt de nocte ad domū Jordi de
Fovea de Foresta licet nō
fecissent. Et eadem
..... ip̄i in gravi m̄ia. Et si ip̄e nō sufficiant
tunc respond
.....

Nichus Durel traxit p̄libz vicibus Michaellem
in Cuř xpiañ et idm Nichus fecit finem
sicut patet alibi.

Iřm est in eadem poch feodus de Pleynmount unde đns Rex řet
p ann..... ad parvam mensur et ad hoc
assedet^r quelibet virgate ad j cabocellū ři
feodi debet colligē p̄đcm reddm e illū deferre ad ḡngiam đni Regis.
Et debet p̄terq̄^a sectam ad molend
đni Regis. Et sunt in eadem pochas
Brehaus de quibz đns Rex řet campū tč. Iřm melagiū videlř
..... viij danereř ři. Percipit eciam đns Rex de
p̄đca feodo de qua..... auxilio. Et de rewardo
iij bus̄ aveñ ad pvam mensuram. Et pasuagiū
..... modo sunt in eodem feodo v domus. Iřm řet in eodem
feodo vij đ ad ad brasagiū. Iřm dicunt

(M. 14.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of the parish of Torteval.

The parish of Torteval comes by 12.

Guernsey. The jurors present that Ralph Katerine who was hanged
..... in the fee of Jordan of Saumareys
whereof the lord the King pays to the
lord the King of ancient rent
chattels of which Robert de Haddy
..... particulars of the chattels of the same Ralph it is
found that And the tenants of
the said virgate of land shall answer to the lord the King of the
arrears

Present also that Richard Trusse & William his brother
..... came by night to the house of Jordan
de la Fosse of the Forest although
they did not do. And the same
they to be heavily amerced. And if they not suffice then shall
answer

Nicholas Durel brought many times Michael
into the court of Christianity & the same
Nicholas compounded as appears elsewhere.

Also there is in the same parish the fee of Pleinmont whereof
the lord the King has yearly by the small
measure & for this each virgate is assessed at one cabot of wheat
..... of the fee ought to collect the said
rent & to bring it to the grange of the lord the King. And
..... owes besides suit at the mill of the lord
the King. And there are in the same parish
..... of Brehaus of which the lord the King has champart &c.
Also melage to wit 8 small
bushels of wheat. The lord the King takes also of the said fee of a
certain aid. And of the regards of 3 bushels
of oats by the small measure. And pannage
there are now in the same fee 5 houses. He also has in the same fee
7 deniers at for brewing. They

qd̄ dñs Rex h̄et in pochl̄ de xij bovatis ĩre
..... de qualibet bovata x d̄. Dicunt eciam qd̄ hoĩes
feodi de [Kane]leye debent dñi Regis.

Presentant eciam qd̄ Abbas Majoris Monast̄ii de antiquo est ad-
vocatus eccl̄ie de pochl̄ coĩbz
annis xxxⁱⁱ turroñ.

Radus Roger a diu est suspens^o fuit et dñs Rex h̄uit ejus catalla
..... h̄uit iij virgał ĩre que valent p̄ anũ
p̄ter redd̄m t̄c iij s̄ quas tenet.
Et hucusq; inde dño Regi responsum est.

Presentant eciam qd̄ in yeme anno Regis
..... de Wrecco j do..... quibz dñs Rex
h̄uit medietatem videl̄
devenerunt ad Wreccũ multe corde unde dñi Regis
L s̄ de quibz t̄c respondebit.

Presentant eciam qd̄ in seisina fugačois ad cuniclos hoĩes dñi
Regis p^lmo plenũ et postea solebant
Prior de Wale e Nichus de Cheny
..... fureto vł alio ingenio.

Presentant t̄ qd̄ Joħna del Chemyn freġ
..... ĩp̄a in m̄ia.

Presentant t̄ qd̄ heredes Henř de
..... ad tres p^lncipales Cuř dñi Reg...
.....

Presentant t̄ qd̄ die
Juř qui
veñ
t̄^ln̄s
.....

Radus Ne..... de Šci
Michem

also say that the lord the King has in parish of
12 bovates of land of each bovat 10 deniers.
They say also that the men of the fee of [Kane]leye owe
..... of the lord the King.

They present also that the Abbot of the Greater Monastery of
old is the patron of the Church of the parish
..... common years 30 livres tournois.

Ralph Roger was hanged a long time ago & the lord the King
had his chattels had 3 virgates of land
which are worth per annum besides the rent &c. 3 sols which
..... holds. And up to now
has been accounted for to the lord the King.

They present also that in the winter in the year of the
King of wreck one hogshhead
..... of which the lord the King had the moiety, to wit
came as wreck many ropes whereof
of the lord the King 50 sols of which &c. he
shall answer.

They present also that in the seisin of the hunting for conies
the men of the lord the King in the first
full & afterwards the Prior of the Vale & Nicholas de Cheny were
used with ferret or other engine.

They present also that Joan Duchemin broke
She is to be amerced.

They present also that the heirs of Henry de
..... at the 3 principal courts of the lord the
King

They present also that on the day
The jurors who
came
trespass

Ralph Ne..... of St.
Michael

inde allocutus nō
f..... p̄poitus tē. Ido

Presentant eciam
sua qui fuit unus
ejus remaneant
xx s. j Juvencū p̄cii
j patellam erreas p̄cii
e blađ tassatū p̄cii xxx
quam emit de Persona
p̄cii XL s. j
Constancien
responde
respond
sepeliri sine
ultia assis

(M. 14 d.)

Adhuc de Gorteval.

..... ante ultimas assisas in p̄sonatus p̄ furto
p̄ quo postea in eisdm captus ac arde ven-
didit j vaccam p̄cii xx s de catalt suis Petro Carupel
..... ipm esse talem tē. Ido ipe in mia. Et p̄dcs
Persona simul cū elaverunt ven-
dičoem vacce illius in p̄dcis assisis respondeant dno
..... eciam fuit alia catalla de quibz R. de Haddy
cogn qđ recepit infra in
Rořlo. Parcelle catalloz ejusdem videlē j vacō p̄cii XL s
..... vj ti bidentē e agn p̄cii vj ti.
Itm lanam p̄cii x s e j suem p̄cii viij s vj s.
Et p̄mus annus fre sue que jacint inculta valuit x s de quibz Robts
.....

..... eciam qđ Jořna Gilbti adiu est abjuř
Inš in ecclia eoř p̄ receptamento Emelote
..... que alias abjuravat tē. Et responsum fuit dno Regi

questioned thereupon did not
 provost &c. Therefore

They present also
 his who was one
 remain
 20 sols one heifer value
 one brass pan value
 & corn in corks value 30
 which he bought of the parson
 price 40 sols one
 Coutances
 shall answer
 answer
 to be buried without
 last assizes

(M. 14 d.)

Continuation of Torteval.

..... before the last assizes was imprisoned
 for theft for which afterwards in the same
 was taken from the prison sold one cow value 20s. of his chattels to
 Peter Carupel himself
 to be such &c. Therefore he is to be amerced. And the said parson
 likewise with declared that they had
 answered at the said assizes to the lord as to the sale of that cow
 also had other chattels of which R. de Haddy acknowledges that he
 received within in the roll. Particulars of
 the chattels of the same, to wit, one cow value 40 sols
 6 livres, sheep & lambs value 6 livres. Also wool price
 10 sols & one sow value 8 sols 6 sols.
 And the first year of his land which shall lie fallow will be worth
 10 sols of which Robert

..... also that Joan Gilbert long ago abjured
 the islands in the Church of the same for receiving Emelote
 who should have abjured elsewhere &c.

de catañ ejus p Joñem de tunc receptorem tē
et respōsum fuit simitr dno Regi p eund Joñem de anno
..... teñ ejusdem e fra sua lib fuit p eund hē de Šco Mar-
tino dnis tē.

..... tant t qđ xxiiij bovate fre de feodo Caneleye
in eoꝝ poħ debent sectam ad dinū dñi Regis.

Dicunt t qđ in eodem feodo colligunt^r ad festū Šci Michis xiiij s
..... dñi Regis quos dñs feodi illius pcipit et hoc
tminat^r alibi in quo waranto tē.

[Prese]ntant t qđ Henř de Vik solitus est trahere simplices
paupes in tabnas et p⁹tea eos ad solvend p
potu eoꝝ cont^a voluntatem suam. Dicunt t qđ Abbas Majoris
..... tii hēt duas ptes decime garbaꝝ in eoꝝ poħ e valet coiħꝝ
annis xvij li.

..... dñs Rex in eoꝝ poħ Bordagiū Radi de la Rue e
j v¹gatañ fre que valet p

..... .. xij Juř poħ istius p diřsis cōcelamentis in
veredco eoꝝ de quibꝝ cōvicti fuerunt coram Justič p examinačoeñ
in miā.

..... [P̃aro]chia Šci P̃etri in P̃orfu.

..... noctant^r insulta⁹ūt
..... pleĝ š. Lucam
..... convict⁹ fuit qđ notant^r
..... ha cla et invenit plegios s.....
..... filius Colini Estur convict⁹
..... Martyn et sup hoc invenit
..... le Rey cōvict⁹ fuit qđ fuit in
..... tē et sup hoc inveñ plegios
..... ct⁹ fuit qđ noctant^r insulta⁹

And to the lord the King it was answered as to her chattels by John de then receiver &c. & to the King it was likewise accounted by the same John of the year of the same tenement & her land was delivered by the same to the heirs of St. Martin the lords, &c.

They present also that 24 bovates of land of the fee of Caneleye⁽¹⁾ in their parish owe suit to the mill of the lord the King.

They say also that in the same fee are collected at the feast of St. Michael 14 sols of the lord the King which the lord of that fee takes & this is determined elsewhere in 'quo warranto' &c.

They present also that Henry de Vic is wont to take simple paupers into the taverns & afterwards to them to pay for their drink contrary to their will.

They say also that the Abbot of the Greater Monastery has 2 parts of the tithe of sheaves in their parish & it is worth one year with another 18 livres.

..... the lord the King in their parish the bordage of Ralph de la Rue & one virgate of land which is worth per

..... 12 jurors of this parish for divers concealments in their verdicts of which they were convicted before the Justices by examination to be amerced.

..... **Parish of St. Peter Port.**

..... by night assaulted
..... his pledges Luke
..... was convicted that by night
..... & found pledges to
wit Peter the son of Colin Estur [was]
convicted Martyn & hereupon
..... le Rey was
convicted that he was in
..... &c. & hereupon he finds pledges
..... was convicted that by night he assaulted ..

(1) The family of Le Caneley (two members of which are mentioned on page 130) probably became extinct early in the 14th Century in Guillemeta Le Caneley, who married a member of the St. Martin family, to whom the tief passed. Consult Lettres Closes (Pub. Soc. Jer.), 2nd Part, p. 25.

.....it pleġ ſ Rađm G.....
 de Plemonteys Colinus filius
 freġunt hostia domoġ
 Barber Robtm Denys et
 fũnt qđ maliċose noctant^r in
 inveñunt plegios ſ Joñnem le Barber
 Dyoniſ Jordan Joñes Esturnel et Joñes
 sang^{is} e ha cla et inveñunt
 endũ noctant^r vbaſunt quend.....
che et Pñm de Šbmolendio. Et Guilts.....
 qđ nō pmisit eum cōcumbere cū ip̃a et
 convicta qđ pcussit in
 plegios ſ Petronilla Micñem
 la Cornaille in lit..... maris
 e Petrũ Viger. Et
 pp̃ia unde ha cla et
 de Plein cōvict^o
 Riċm Viver Petrũ Rey
 Gwilbĩ unde sanguis
 in mĩa
 Šci Salvaĩ.

(M. 15.) **Adhuc de plitis Gorone** de poċi Šci Salvatoris.

Fresingfeld.

poċi Šci Salvatoris veñ p xij.

Gerneř

Juř p̃sentant qđ Colinus le Markaunt solitus est vocare simplices hoies in tañnas et postea faċe eos solvere p̃ potu suo cont^a eoġ voluntatem. Ido ip̃e in mĩa. Et insultavit Riċm Paynel e fregit domũ suam minando ip̃m de combustione. Ido ip̃e in g^{avi} mĩa.

..... finds his pledges Ralph G.....
 de Plemonteys Colin son of
 broke the doors of the houses
 Barber Robert Denys &
 were that they maliciously by night in
 found his pledges John le Barber
 Dyonisius Jordan John Esturnel & John
 blood & 'Clameur de Haro' raised & found
 going by night wounded a certain
 che & Philip de Sousmoulin. And William
 because she did not permit him to lie with her &
 is convicted that she struck
 in her pledges Petronilla
 Michael
 la Cornaille on the sea-shore
 & Peter Viger. And
 own whereupon 'Clameur de Haro' raised
 de Plein..... was convicted
 Richard Viver Peter Rey
 Gilbert whereupon blood
 amerced.
 St. Saviour.

(M. 15.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of the parish of
 St. Saviour.

Fresingfeld.

Parish of St. Saviour come by 12.

Guernsey. The jurors present that Colin le Marchant is wont to call simple
 men into the taverns & afterwards to
 make them pay for their drink against their will. Therefore he is
 to be amerced. And assaulted Richard Paynel &
 broke into his house threatening him with burning. Therefore he is
 to be heavily amerced.

Presentant t̃ qđ đns Rex fiet in eoꝝ pochl de eschieta ij bovate
fre de feodo Syward quibꝫ đns Rex pcipit p anū de
qualibet bovata ij bus̃s e j danc̃r fri. Percipit t̃ đns
ibidem camptū quod valet p anū. Et ad auxiliū
regale de qualibet bovat Debent' eciam đno Regi de
eisdem bovař de qualibet eaꝝ j garba fri e alia de avenis. Et
Rex fiet de tenentibꝫ ejusdem fre pasuagiū e cullagiū e alibi in feodo
illo e de rewardo de qualibet bovata Et quilibet residens
in p̃dcis bovatis fre reddit đno Regi j danereř fri p pullağ. P̃cip[it]
t̃ de qualibet bovataꝝ illaꝝ j danereř fri p tassağ. Et debent iidem
tenentes đno Regi sūmagiū videlī qđ cariabunt frūmtū đni Regis
ubicumqꝫ volūit in Iñs P̃cipit t̃ đns Rex in eadem pochl de duabꝫ
bovař fre de feodo de Lyree iiij bus̃s e ij danereř fri p anū et ad
auxiliū regale de qualibet bovata vj đ p anū. H̃et t̃ đns Rex in
eadem pochl de xiiij bovař fre de feodo Comit̃is vij s̃ p anū de auxilio
regali qui debent colligi e solvi p manus p̃pōiti feodi illius. Iīm đns
Rex pcipit de vj bovař fre de feodo de Ry..... ad auxiliū regale
iiij s̃ p anū. Et qualilibet p̃dcaꝝ sex bovataꝝ reddit đno Regi p anū
ij bus̃s e j danereř fri ad pvam mensuř. Et xiiij bovate fre de feodo
de Lunges in eadem pochl reddunt đno Regi p anū vij s̃ de auxilio
regali. Iīm đns Rex fiet de bovata Goie..... vj đ p anū de auxilio.
Et t̃ eadem bovata reddit đno Regi p anū j q̃rř fri. Et ij pan.....
vij capoñ qui mitti debent p tenentes p̃dce bovate ad g̃ngiam đni
Regis e por..... fiere debet ibidem p̃ndium suū. Et đns
Rex fiet de j bovata fre Raufꝫ de auxilio vj đ p anū e ij bus̃s e j
danereř fri. H̃et t̃ đns Rex de ij bovař fre feodi de Goiers xij^d p
anū de auxilio e iiij bus̃s e ij danereř fri. Et de bovata m̃catoris
vj đ p anū de auxilio ij bus̃s e j danereř fri. Percipit

They present also that the lord the King has in their parish of escheat 2 bovates of land of the fee of Suard of which the lord the King takes yearly of each bovat 2 bushels & one of wheat. The lord [the King] also takes there champart which is worth per annum And for royal aid of each bovat They are owing also to the lord the King of the same bovates of each of them one sheaf of wheat & another of oats. And the King has of the tenants of the same land pannage & cullage & elsewhere in that fee, & of regards of each bovat And each one residing in the same bovates of land pays to the lord the King one small bushel of wheat for pullage. He takes also of each of those bovates one small bushel of wheat for stacking. And the same tenants owe to the lord the King sumage⁽¹⁾, to wit, that they shall carry the wheat of the lord the King wheresoever he shall will in the island. The lord the King takes also in the same parish of 2 bovates of land of the fee of L'Erée 4 bushels & 2 small bushels of wheat by the year & for royal aid of each bovat 6 deniers per annum. The lord the King has also in the same parish of 14 bovates of land of the fee Le Comte 7 sols per annum of royal aid which ought to be collected & paid by the hands of the provost of that fee. Also the lord the King takes of 6 bovates of land of the fee of Ry..... for royal aid 3 sols per annum. And each of the said 6 bovates pays to the lord the King by the year 2 bushels & one small bushel of wheat by the smaller measure. And 14 bovates of land of the fee of Longues in the same parish pay to the lord the King per annum 7 sols of royal aid. Also the lord the King has of the bovat of Gohiers 6 deniers per annum of aid. And also the same bovat pays to the lord the King per annum one quarter of wheat & 2 loaves 7 capons which ought to be sent by the tenants of the said bovat to the grange of the lord the King & the carrier ought to have his dinner there. And the lord the King has of one bovat of land of Rauf of aid 6 deniers per annum & 2 bushels & one small bushel of wheat. Also the lord the King has of 2 bovates of land of the fee of Gohiers 12 deniers per annum of aid & 4 bushels & 2 small bushels of wheat. And of the bovat au Marchand 6 deniers per annum of aid 2 bushels & one small

(1) *Sumagium* : a burden.

t̃ dñs Rex de j bovata e ði de feodo Dieuloie ix ð p anū de auxilio e iij bus̃ e j daneř e ði fri. P̃cipit t̃ de clauso Tosteyn ij bus̃ fri p anū p manus tenenciū ejusdem. Dicunt t̃ qđ quedam ps feodi Šci Michis est in eoř poch̃ e dñs Rex p̃cipit de p̃dco feodi tam hic q̃m in poch̃ Šce Marie de Castro e Šci Petri de Bosco vj ti vj š vj ð p anū qui debent solvi p manus p̃poiti de Graunt moster.

Presentant t̃ qđ La Cleremare p medietate est in poch̃ eoř et p alia medietate in poch̃ Šci Petri de Bosco e dividit̃ iñ Ab̃bem de Monte Šci Michis e Nic̃m de Cheny. Ita qđ p̃dci Abbas e Nic̃us h̃ent cursum suū in dca mara in yeme, et in estate cois est om̃ibz ad piscandū in ea cū manu pede e bacto sine reti et eciam est cois ad falcandū simitr.

Presentant t̃ qđ monachi in Insula de Lyho tenent̃ celebrare teř in ebdomoda p dno Rege.

Presentant t̃ qđ Avicia de Wyk̃ e Henř de Šco Martino p̃cipiunt in poch̃ ista de tenentibz suis xij š de auxilio regali sz quo waranto nesciunt e hoc f̃minet̃ in quo waranto t̃c.

Presentant t̃ qđ post ultimas assisas devenit de Wrecco in eoř poch̃ j doleū vacuū p̃cii iij š unde pochiani respondebunt. Et eciam j pecia ligni p̃cii xvj ð unde Rõtus de Haddy respond̃. Et quedam borda navis uñ p̃pars dñi Regis ij š de quibz. Idm Rõts respond̃.

Presentant t̃ qđ Radus le Markaunt Drogo Henry Joñes le Den Rad̃s Lucet̃ e Guiltus Curlu fregerunt assisam panis e f̃viš. Ido ip̃i in m̃ia.

Presentant t̃ qđ Abbas de Lunges debet sectam ad tres p̃ncipales Cur̃ dñi Regis p anū et Idm Abbas nō veñ p̃mo die Itiñis. Ido in m̃ia. Et postea veñ p̃dus Abbas e fecit fidelitatem dno Regi. Et Nic̃us de Cheny ponit clamiū in p̃dem Ab̃bem tanq̃ tenentem suū qđ dicit qđ p̃dus Abbas tenet de eo quicquid tenet in hac Iñs t̃c.

bushel of wheat. Also the lord the King takes of 1 bovat & a half of the fee of Dieu-le-voie 9 deniers per annum of aid & 3 bushels & one small bushel & a half of wheat. He takes also of the Close of Tosteyn 2 bushels of wheat per annum by the hands of the tenants of the same. They says also that a certain part of the fee of St. Michael is in their parish & the lord the King takes of the said fee as well here as in the parish of St. Mary de Castel & St. Peter in the Wood 6 livres 6 sols 2 deniers per annum which ought to be paid by the hand of the provost of Grand Moutier.

They present also that the moiety of La Claire Mare is in their parish & the other moiety in the parish of St. Peter in the Wood & is divided between the Abbot of Mount St. Michael & Nicholas de Cheny. So that the said Abbot & Nicholas have their course in the said lake in the winter, & in summer it is common to all to fish in the same with hand, foot, & stick without a net & it is also common to mow likewise.

They present also that the monks in the island of Lyhou are bound to celebrate three times in the week for the lord the King.

They present also that Avise de Wyk & Henry de St. Martin take in this parish of their tenants 13 sols of royal aid, but by what warrant they know not & this shall be determined in the 'quo warranto' &c.

They present also that after the last assizes there came of wreck in their parish one empty hogshead value 3 sols whereof the parishioners shall answer. And also one value of wood value 16 deniers whereof Robert de Haddy shall answer. And certain boards of a ship whereof the share of the lord the King is 2 sols of which the said Robert shall answer.

They present also that Ralph le Marchant Drogo Henry John le Den Ralph Luceter & William Curly broke the assize of bread & ale. Therefore they are to be amerced.

They present also that the Abbot of Longues⁽¹⁾ owes suit at the 3 principal courts of the lord the King each year & the same Abbot did not come on the first day of the eyre, therefore he is to be amerced. And afterwards the said Abbot came & did fealty to the lord the King. And Nicholas de Cheny puts in a claim against the said Abbot as his tenant because he says that the said Abbot holds of him whatever he holds in this island &c.

(1) The name of the Abbot of Longues has been converted into "Abbé de la Rue Frairie" or "Refrairie," the name of a fief; consult Havet, *Cours Royales*, p. 73.

Presentant t̃ qđ Henř de Šco Martino e Avicia de Wykz libe
tenentes t̃c nō venerunt p'mo die Itiñis. Iđo ipi in mīa.

Presentant t̃ qđ Benedca Choffyn anno t̃c xxix^o abjuř Insulas ad
eccliam ville istius p eo qđ recogñ se infecisse Petrum Oar Maritū
suū in ptibz Normanñ et postea rediit cū tris dñi Reġ de pdonacoe t̃c
et exinde exivit pat'am istam et nunq̃ postea rediit et patet alibi de
řris ejus e catallis.

Presentant t̃ qđ Thomas le Roser infecit felonīē quemdam mo-
nachū de Lyho in ead Inš de Lyho et Balts dñi Regis de hac Inš ad
clam t̃c simul cum aliis veñ ibidm e sequebant' eund felonē et Ra-
nulpñs Galfi unus ex eis qui fuerunt cū p̃dco Balto invenit p̃dcm
Thomā volens ipm attachiasse e cū idm Thomas se defendisset ne
attachiaret' idm Ranulpñs ipm infecit, et postea fugiit ad eccliam
Šci Samp̃s e ibi abjuř Insulas. Et postea rediit cū tris dñi Reġ de
pdonacoe de p̃dcis feloñ e abjuř. Et p̃dcus Ranulpñs quesitus si dñs
Rex hñit catalla sua veñ e feč finem p essendo in pace p C š et
invadiavit řram e catalla sua in loco pleg̃.

Presentant t̃ qđ post ultimas as̃s devenit Wreccū in portu de
parela vina quedam ps navis cordagiū e maeremiū unde p̃pars Regis
xij li deblis monete de quibz Robtus de Haddy respond.

Presentant t̃ qđ assisa panis e vini fracta est p subsc'ptos videli
Petrum Thomam Bole tabnarios. Et Gillotum
le Fevere Joñem Bennes e Agnetē Et
Joñem le Den Simonē Juliane Wiltm le Fevere seniore Joñem
..... Choffyn Jordm Gernaise Colinū
Boleng e Drogonem Henry boleng
..... omes in mīa.

Presentant t̃ qđ Gilbtus Simonis a xx annis elapse
..... bladi et p fco illo abjuř Insulas et
Wiltus de Šco

They present also that Henry de St. Martin & Avise de Wyk free tenants &c. did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore these are to be amerced.

They present also that Benedicta Choffyn in the 39th year &c. abjured the islands at the Church of this town for that she acknowledged that she had killed Peter Oar her husband in the parts of Normandy, & afterwards she returned with letters of pardon of the lord the King &c. & henceforth she has quitted this country & never afterwards returned, & it appears elsewhere concerning her lands & chattels.

They present also that Thomas le Roser feloniously killed a certain monk of Lyhou in the same island of Lyhou & the bailiff of the lord the King on a 'clameur' &c. came there together with others & then pursued the said felon, & Ranulph Galtier one of those who were with the said bailiff, found the said Thomas wishing to arrest him, & when the said Thomas defended himself from arrest, the said Ranulph killed him, & afterwards fled to the Church of St. Sampson & there abjured the islands. And afterwards he returned with letters of pardon of the lord the King for the said felony & abjuration. And the said Ranulph being asked if the lord the King had his chattels came & made a composition of 100 sols for being in the peace & he pledged his land & chattels in the place of pledges.

They present also that after the last assizes there came as wreck in the port of La Perelle certain wine, a part of a ship cordage & timber whereof the share of the King is 12 livres of poor money of which Robert de Haddy shall answer.

They present also that the assize of bread & wine is broken by the underwritten to wit, Peter Thomas Bole taverners. And Gillot le Fevere, John Bennes & Agnes And John le Den, Simon Juliane, William le Fevre, senior, John Choffyn, Jordan Gervaise, Colin Boleng & Drogo Henry bakers. all to be amerced.

They present also that Gilbert Fitz-Simon 20 years ago of corn & for that deed abjured the islands & William de St.

Et p̄dcus Gilbtus tunc h̄uit lib̄am t̄ram
..... certa servicia t̄c v danereff̄ f̄ri et
Gregoř pater ejusd̄ Gregorii similr
illam tenuit arrerağ ejusd̄
q̄m de reddū t̄c.

(M. 15 d.)

Adhuc de p̄litis Goronis de poch̄ S̄ci Salvatoria.

Fresingfeld.

Juř p̄sentant qđ Guiltus Sarre obstruxit regale chiminū ponendo in ea lapides p̄ quod carecte nō possunt p̄ illud t̄nsire. Et Petrus de la Rue Junior fodiit in chimino Reğ latitud̄ unius ped̄ e longit̄ vij pedū. Et Petrus Girard p̄ lapides muri sui qui ceciderunt in regali chimino obstruxit chiminū Reğ e illud nō deobstruxit. Et Sarra Kenuloun eodem modo obstruxit regale chiminū. Ido oīes in m̄ia.

Juř p̄sentant qđ Nichus Durel p̄sbiter fecit citare maliciose ex̄ regnū Colinū Blondel, Rob̄tm Osmond, Ričm Galiot, Joñem Calez, Ricm̄ Benet, Oliřū Juliene, Gregoř Simonis, Rob̄m de Vico, Petrum de Vico, e Giltm Genemies e p̄tes alios e extorsit ab eis p̄ tales suū magnā sūmā pecunie maliciose, qui veñ e feč finē p̄ p̄dca t̄ns e aliis huj̄modi rectis suis p̄ xxx^{li} pp̄lm Joñnis le Bretoun senioris, Joñnis Bygot, Riči Meriene, Giffi Trusse e Rađi Wyteclin. Et concedit̄ qđ Gillotus frař ejus qui rectatus est de cunctis d̄ni Reğ sit in auxiliū finis p̄dci Nichi, et Joñnes Euerye est pleğ p̄dci Gilloti. Et concedit̄ p̄dco Nicho qđ solvat p̄dcos denař p̄ duos annos ad t̄minos S̄ci Mich̄is e Pasche p̄ equali porcōne.

Et Juř duodene p̄ plibz concelamentis de quibz convicti fuerunt in examinačōe. Ido in m̄ia.

Comptū est t̄ p̄ Roilos Petri le Markaunt nup Balli t̄c qđ Joñnes fit Wiffi le Fevere de la Perele noctant̄ insultavit Willm le Rey in

And the said Gilbert then had free land
..... certain services &c. 5 small bushels of wheat & Gregory
..... father of the said Gregory likewise held it
..... arrears of the same as of
the rent, &c.

(M. 15 d.)

Continuation of the pless of the Crown of the parish of
St. Saviour.

Fresingfeld.

The jurors present that William Sarre obstructed the King's high-way placing in the same stones whereby carts cannot pass that way. And Peter de la Rue junior dug in the King's high-way in breadth one foot & in length 7 feet. And Peter Girard by the stones of his wall which fell into the King's high-way obstructed the King's high-way & did not take away the obstruction. And Sarra Kenuloun in the same way obstructed the King's high-way. Therefore all [of them] to be amerced.

The jurors present that Nicholas Durel priest maliciously caused to be cited out of the kingdom Colin Blondel, Robert Osmond, Richard Galiot, John Calez, Richard Benet, Oliver Juliene, Gregory Fitz-Simon, Robert de Vic, Peter de Vic & William Genemies & many others & extorted from them by such summons a large sum of money maliciously, who came & compounded for the said trespass & his other like charges by 30 livres under the pledge of John le Breton, senior, John Bugot, Richard Meriene, William Trusse & Ralph Wyteclin. And it is granted that Gillot his brother who is charged concerning the conies of the lord the King shall contribute towards the composition of the said Nicholas, & John Enerye is the pledge of the said Gillot. And it is granted to the said Nicholas that he may pay the said money in 2 years at the terms of St. Michael & Easter in equal portions.

And the men of the jury for many concealments of which they were convicted in examination. Therefore to be amerced.

It is also found by the rolls of Peter le Marchant late bailiff &c. that John son of William le Fevre of La Perelle by night assaulted William le Rey in the King's high-way whereupon 'Clameur de

via regia unde ha cla. Et Ričus Asmaunceys, Drogo Henry, Rohtus de la Rowe e Jordš Geruays aplegiaverunt eū tč. Ido fiant emend Dño Reg. Postea feč finē p xvijj š ppłm Wilti pris siu.

Comptū est t p eosdm Rošlos qđ Reymundus la Carette fugit ad eccliam Šci Salvatoris p lat^ociniis e ibidm recogñ lat^ocinia et abjuř Insulas. Et Juř concelaverunt hoc in veredco suo. Ido ad judm de eis ad p'mam ass^m tč et tunc inquirend est de tris e catallis pđ felonis.

Comptū est t p eosdem Rošlos qđ Wiltus Courlu vulřavit Thomam Bole in capitate unde ha cla. Ido fiant emend dno Regi p xvijj. Et Mathus de Cuř Balis respond de pleğ.

emend Et t qđ Gillot⁹ fit Wilti Blaunche convictus fuit qđ noctant^r insultavit Ričm la Mouner in molendino dñi Reğ unde ha cla tč. Et Rohtus Blaunche Jordš Geruays e Colinus Bolangž aplegiaverunt eum tč. Ido fiant emend tč. Et qđ Rohtus de Vivariis asptavit Wreccū dñi Regis cont^a pacem tč qui veñ e finem feč p xx š ppłm Radi de Viver. Et qđ Simon le Mesurer insultavit de nocte in via Reğ Wiltm le Rey unde sang's e ha cla. Ido fiant inde emend dno Regi p xvijj š.

Adhuc de remanenti de poch Šci Petⁱ in portu.

Šci Petⁱ in
portu.

Comptū est p Rošlos Petri le Markaunt nup Balli tč qđ Jacobus fit Johis Dymokž fugit ad eccliam Šci Petri p morte Joñnis le Orfeuere, et ibidm recogñ fcm e abjuř Insulas tč et postea pđcus Joñnes pař suus qui se posuit ad eccliam p fco pđco reddidit se p'sone Ballis p judm e consiliū Wilti le Joevene Henř de Vikž Riči Bernard, Petri la Co[rnaille], Mich le Esturnel, Petri Ernald, Riči Rose, e Luce de Barnevilt ad peticōem ipius Joñnis pris tč cepit inde inquisiçoem

Haro' raised. And Richard Asmaunceys, Drogo Henry, Robert de la Rowe & Jordan Gervayse stood pledges for him. Therefore let them make amends to the lord the King. Afterwards he compromised by 18 sols under the pledge of William his father.

It is also found by the same rolls that Raymund la Carette fled to the Church of St. Saviour for thefts & there acknowledged the thefts & abjured the islands. And the jurors concealed this in their verdict. Therefore judgment on these points at the next assize &c. & then it is to be enquired into concerning the lands & chattels of the said felon.

It is also found by the same rolls that William Courlu wounded Thomas Bole in the head whereupon 'clameur.' Therefore let them make amends to the lord the King of 18 sols. And Matthew de la Court bailiff answers for the pledge.

amends.

And also that Gillot son of William Blaunche was convicted for that by night he assaulted Richard le Mouner in the mill of the lord the King whereupon 'Clameur de Haro' raised. And Robert Blaunche Jordan Gervayse & Colin Bolanger stood surety for him &c. Therefore let them make amends &c. And that Robert des Viviers removed the wreck of the lord the King against the peace &c. who came & compounded for 20 sols under the pledge of Ralph du Vivier. And that Simon le Mesurer by night assaulted in the King's highway William le Rey unto flowing of blood & 'Clameur de Haro' was raised. Therefore let them make amends thereof to the lord the King of 18 sols.

**Continuation of the remainder of the Parish of
St. Peter-Port.**

St. Peter-Port.

It is found by the rolls of Peter le Marchant late bailiff &c. that James son of John Dymoke fled to the Church of St. Peter for the death of John le Orfevre & there acknowledged the deed & abjured the islands &c., and afterwards the said John his father who put himself in the Church gave himself up a prisoner for the said deed the bailiff by the judgment & counsel of William le Joevene, Henry de Vic, Richard Bernard, Peter la Co[rnaille], Michael le Esturnel, Peter Ernard, Richard Rose & Luke de Barneville on the petition of

p quam dimisit ip̃m Jõnem quietū tē p eoꝝ consiliū e judm̃. Ido
oīes in mīa p eo videl̃t qđ nō fient potestatē inquirendi de feloniis
nisi sup manuoꝑe qđ vocant casum
psentem. Comptū est t̃ p eosdem Rõlos qđ idm̃ Balts p [judm̃ et]
consiliū Nichi le Feuere, Petri de Lestak, Wilfi le Gros, Heñr Wau-
gerard, Colin Jõnis Justice, Oliḡi de Lestak, e Radi
Turlee Jũr Regis dimisit pptam Reginald e Raulinū le
Mesurer captos in cuniculario dñi Reḡ cū retiis e furett̃ cū manuoꝑe
..... cuniclis ibidm̃ p ip̃os furtive captis sine waranto tē,
ubi replegiabtos nō fuerunt in mīa.

Comptū est t̃ p eosdem Rõlos qđ Jõnes du Val Jõne du
Vaunert fuerunt de cōmixtiōe aque cū vino
qđ vendebat in tabnis suis, unde Jõnes de bis
cōvictus fuit. Ido in mīa.

Idm̃ Jõnes du Val in inicio Itifis insultavit maliciose
marinellos de Angt̃ cū magno posse dicens se velle eos int̃ficē, et fẽ
finem p XL

alibi in corona.

Comptū est t̃ p eosdem Rõlos qđ cū Willus de Orlyens Junor
indictat⁹ fuisset qđ in Batello suo quosdam lat⁹nes de
Lore apud Erm qui noctant^r furabant^r Priori de unam
lovam navis p̃cii iiij^{ll} pp̃t qđ Prior levavit ha cla et postea idm̃ Willus
rediit faciens custumam p j bacone e cōcelavit p̃dēm clãm
et latc⁹iniū simitr, et postea p̃dcos latrones ex^a
Insulas tē. Et cū rediisset huc Baltus audita querela p̃dci Prioris
arestavit p̃dēm Willm̃ qui totū recogñ coram Balto p̃ter clãm tē et
sup hoc venerūt Ricūs le Herice, Jõnes du Viver, Nichus le Feuere,
Heñr de Vik, Ričus Bernard, Mich̃ Lesturnel, Ričus Rose e Lucas de
Barnovilt e adjudicaverūt p̃dcam recogñ fore nullam sine Waranto
p quod Baltus dimisit eū a p̃sona. Ido oīes in mīa.

Šei Pet^l cū Erm.

Tres p̃dci Jũr de Erm ducti huc p Abbem de Chireburg̃ e ejus
consiliū psentaverūt qđ quidam Jõnes Charnethous anno regni dñi

the said John the father, &c. took an inquisition thereof, by which he acquitted the said John &c. by their counsel & judgment. Therefore all of them are to be amerced for that to wit they have not power of enquiring concerning felonies except [where the person is taken] in the very act which they term the present case. It is also found by the same rolls that the same bailiff by the [judgment &] counsel of Nicholas le Fevre, Peter de Lestak, William le Gros, Henry Vaugerard, Colin John Justice, Oliver de Lestak & Ralph Turlee jurats of the King let out on bail Reginald & Raulin le Mesurer taken in the rabbit warren of the lord the King with nets & ferrets in the very act [of catching] conies there by them furtively taken without warrant &c. when they were notailable. [Therefore] to be amerced.

It is found also by the same rolls that John du Val, John de Vaunert were of mixing water with the wine which they sold in their taverns, whereof John du had been twice convicted. Therefore to be amerced.

The same John du Val in the beginning of the eyre maliciously assaulted sailors of England with great force saying that he wished to kill them, & he compounded by 40 sols.

Elsewhere in the
Crown[-pleas.]

It is found also by the same rolls that when William de Orlyens, junior, was indicted for that [he concealed] in his boat certain thieves of Lore at Herm who by night stole from the Prior of one sail of a ship of the value of 4 livres, on account of which the Prior raised the 'Clameur de Haro' & afterwards the same William returned paying custom for one pig & concealed the said clameur & the theft likewise, & afterwards [removed] the said thieves out of the islands &c. And when he returned here the bailiff having heard the plaint of the said prior arrested the said William who acknowledged all before the bailiff except the clameur &c., & upon this came Richard le Herice, John du Vivier, Nicholas le Fevre, Henry de Vic, Richard Bernard, Michael Lesturnel, Richard Rose & Luke de Barneville & adjudged the said acknowledgment to be null without a warrant, whereby the bailiff dismissed him from prison. Therefore all to be amerced.

St. Peter with
Herm.

Three of the aforesaid jurors of Herm brought here by the abbot of Cherbourg & his counsel presented that a certain John Char-

E. Regē pris tē xvij^o indictatus fuit apud Erm in assisis p̄ci Abb̄tis qđ fregit archam Joānis de la Vile, et inde fure denar̄ suos. Et post fēm fugit tē e malecredebat' tē p quod Justiĉ Abb̄tis posue..... in exigendā et p̄dens Abbas fuit e adhuc fiet t̄ras p̄ci Joānis ut eschieta inde loquend ad p̄x assisas tē.

(M. 16.)

Adhuc de pl̄tis de Gorona.

Parochi de Belloš veñ p xij.

Juř presentant qđ Petr^o de Lestak anno Regē E. patris tē xxxiiij^{to} tē. Idem fuit catalla s̄ unā vaccam p̄cii xiiij s̄ iiij^d de quibz Joānes le Markant e unū bovem p̄cii xxx s̄ bidentes p̄cii xxiiij s̄ unū Juvencū p̄cii blada in t̄ra preĉ XL s̄ et vastū domus sue vendit ad xx s̄. Idem fuit que valet p annū ultra redditū tē ij bus s̄ fri de quibz Robt^o de Hady respondeb ut de bona de residuo pred̄ctoꝝ catalloꝝ q[̄] redd pro p^omo anno tē. Et Joānes de Lestac qui t̄ram illam ten.....one bañi respondebat de residuo reddit^o.

Presentant t̄ qđ de quedam navi de Hispanū fracta jux^a portum denk..... multa bona e monia deveñunt de Wrecko et dñs Rex fuit p̄partem suam unde pred̄cus R. de Hady respondeb nesciebant seu nolebant dicere q[̄]ntitatem seu precium. Ido in m̄ia. Et quedam navis de Roen fracta..... p̄pe t̄ram Mathi de Saunzmareys et devenit ad t̄ram ip̄ius Mathi ubi pred̄cus Mathi e antecessores a tempe quo nō extat memoria solebant h̄ere Wreckū tē p̄ter q[̄]tuor p^oncipalia que sunt Regi. Ita tamen dñs Rex p^omo deb̄ h̄ere visum tē. Et cōvictū est p Juratā in quam pred̄ Mathi e Thoñ Destefeld e Alicia se posuerunt qđ marinelli de licenĉ ip̄oꝝ Mathi e Thome apposuer̄ man^o ad apportand Wreckū. Ido ip̄i in g^ovi m̄ia.

nethous in the 17th year of the reign of the lord E. the father, &c. was indicted at Herm in the assizes of the said Abbot in that he broke open the chest of John de la Ville & stole therefrom his money. And after the deed he fled &c. and was suspected &c. whereupon the justices of the Abbot outlawed him, & the said Abbot had & still has the lands of the said John as escheats Thereof to be pleaded at the next assizes &c.

(M. 16.)

Continuation of the Pleas of the Crown.

The Parish of St. Martin de Bellouse came by 12.

The jurors present that Peter de Lestak in the 34th year of the lord E. the father &c. &c. The same had the chattels, viz., one cow of the value of 13 sols 4 deniers of which John le Marchant & one ox value 30 sols, sheep value 24 sols, one heifer value corn in the land value 40 sols, & the waste of his house sold at 20 sols. The same had which is worth per annum besides the rent, &c. 2 bushels of wheat, of which Robert de Haddy shall answer as of the goods of the residue of the said chattels as the rent for the first year, &c. And John de Lestak who held that land of the bailiff shall answer for the residue of the rent.

They present also that of a certain ship of Spain wrecked near the port ofnk⁽¹⁾ many goods & merchandizes came from the wreck & the lord the King had his share thereof. The said R. de Hady shall answer but they did not know or wish to say the quantity or value. Therefore to be amerced. And a certain ship of Rouen wrecked near the land of Matthew de Saumareys & came to the land of the said Matthew where the said Matthew & his ancestors from time immemorial were wont to have wreck, &c. except the four princely things which are the King's, so that nevertheless the lord the King ought first to have view &c. And it is found by the jury to which the said Matthew & Thomas Destefeld & Alice submitted the matter that the sailors by the license of the same Matthew & Thomas put their hands to carry away the wreck. Therefore they are to be heavily amerced.

(1) Probably Saynk, Saint's Bay.

Presentant t̃ qđ sunt in dcta parochi LXX bovař tre de quibz tenentes reddunt dno Regi libet bovař tre viij daneř fri de melař. Iřm de firma xj li x š ix đ ad tres řmĩos pro equali porřone. Iřm de custuř annũ quo vocat̃ pro minutis denař ad řm řci Michis xvij ř. Iřm ad idm festũsař vij ř vj đ. Iřm pannař quod valet coĩbus annis viij ř iiij đ. Et pullař quod se extendit coĩbz annis ad C galliũ eciam řđcti tenentes dno Regi per annũ de Wardo vj q̃rř aveř ad pvā menř. Percipit t̃ dñs R..... de tota pred řra qđ valet coĩbz annis triginta libras. Percipit t̃ dñs R..... esřeta xij q̃rř iij řz řri ad pvam menř e ij ř vj đ de firma. Iřm de esřeta L q̃rř řri ad pvā de esřeta Rađi Youn ij q̃rř řri ad magnam menř. Iřm de esřeta Riči Sen..... vij busř menř et ij ř vj đ de firma. Iřm de esřeta Jořnis Patricii ij busř řri. Iřm de řra que fuit Hays la Bret..... řcia pte uni^o v'gař řre de esřeta de Cauchobronne ředũ Riči Artuř. Iřm de řia v'gata terre de esřeta Petⁱ Levesqe quam Wilřs Baskaise tenet iiij danereř řri.

Presentant t̃ qđ Matřus de Saunmareys teř tenementa sua in poch predca p magnā řjanciam e deř dno Regi homař sectam ad tres Cuř p'ncipales sine sumonič et integrũ releviũ qđ se..... cum acciderit et Rađ Burnel tenet simiř teř sua de dno Rege p homař et consimilem sectam

Et Juř de duodena p magnis conclamentis in eoř ředicřo de quibz convicti řřnt coram Justič p examin..... in řia.

Abbas Majoris Monasterii e Abbas de Blancalanda non veniunt

They present also that there are in the said parish 70 bovates of land of which the tenants pay to the lord the King each bovat of land 8 small bushels of wheat of melage.⁽¹⁾ Also of farm 11 livres 10 sols 9 deniers at three terms by equal portions. Also of custom the year in which it is called for small moneys at the feast of St. Michael 17 sols. Also at the same feast 7 sols 6 deniers. Also pannage which is worth one year with another 8 sols 4 deniers. And pullage which extends one year with another at 100 hens. Also the same tenants [pay] to the lord the King by the year of ward 6 quarters of oats by the small measure. Also the lord the King takes of all the said land which is worth one year with another 30 livres. Also the lord the King takes escheats 13 quarters 3 bushels of wheat by the small measure & 2 sols 6 deniers of farm. Also of escheat 5 quarters of wheat by the small measure. of the escheat of Ralph Youn 2 quarters of wheat by the large measure. Also of the escheat of Richard Sen..... 7 bushels measure & 2 sols 6 deniers of farm. Also of the escheat of John Patrick 2 bushels of wheat. Also of the land which was of Hays la Bret the third part of one virgate of land of the escheat of Chauncebrun of the heirs of Richard Artur. Also of half a virgate of land of the escheat of Peter Levesque which William Baskaise holds 4 small bushels of wheat.

They present also that Matthew de Saumareys holds his tenements in the said parish by great serjeanty & owes to the lord the King homage, suit at the 3 principal courts without summons & whole relief which when it shall occur, & Ralph Burnel likewise holds his tenements of the lord the King by homage & like suit.

And the jury of 12 men for the great concealments in their verdicts of which they were convicted before the justices by examination to be amerced.

The Abbot of the Greater Monastery & the Abbot of Blanchelande did not come

(1) *Melagium*: a rent due to the King by his tenants.

Presentant t̃ qđ Joñnes filius Joñnis du Molin solebat furtive recondere bidentes vicinoꝝ et p^otea coram Petro le Markaunt tunc ballio in plena curia abjuř Insulas licet p^lus f̃iat coram eodem appleg̃ ad assisas. Et cōptum est p Rořlos ejusđ Petri qđ Joñnes du Molin Ričus Corbyn, Joñnes Toner e Joñnes Eřye plegiafunt predčum Joñnem quilibz eoꝝ corp^o pro corpe ad řndum corpus ejus ad has assisas sup eo qđ indictat^o fuit qđ furabatur unam ancoram e qđ solit^o fuit fače instrumenta de ferris crocatis ad apiend seruras hostioꝝ furtiē tč. Et cōptum est p Rořlos ejusđ balli qđ predcus Joñnes filius Joñnis abjuř Insulas coram iřo ballio tč. Et predcus Petrus una cum Juř Reğ e Matřo de Cuř qui dicunt^r tunc fuisse řsentes tč sup hoc allocuti tč dicunt qđ nō possunt dediře quin predcus Joñnes filius Joñnis coram iřis in plena Cuř p̃itoꝝ abjuř Insulas iřis tunc nō recol[legerunt] qđ indictat^o fuit de tam grossis feloniiis. Et q, tota cōitas testat^r qđ nullus debet abjurare Insulas ex[cepto] refugiū ecclie. Ido řđci e ořes alii qui řsentes řfunt in g^ovi m̃ia.

Presentant qđ Abbas Majoris Monasterii e Abbas de Blanca-landa tenentur ab antiquo acquietare custag[iorum] e repačois ecclie de Bellosa p řcia pte tč e jam inde se ret^rxerunt a tempe quo tenure sue řfuant eis restitutae [post] ultimam guerram tč. Ido iři in m̃ia. Et dist'ngantur ad repačom de ceřo quatenus de jure solebant tč. Iidem Abbes non veřunt p^lmo die Itiřis. Ido iři in m̃ia.

Presentant t̃ qđ đns Rex habet in eoꝝ pochia quoddam bordagiū vocatum al botiller quod Rads de Beau..... modo tenet e continet v v'gař řre que valent p añ ij q^r řri Et aliud bordagiū vocatū a Saece qđsiota tenet e continet v v'gař řre que valent p annū ij q^r řri. Et habet řřbordarios ř Jořam la Barber que tenet

They present also that John son of John du Moulin was wont furtively to conceal the sheep of the neighbours & afterwards before Peter le Marchant then bailiff in open court abjured the islands although he had previously been bailed before the same at the assizes. And it is found by the rolls of the same Peter that John du Moulin, Richard Corbyn, John Toner & John Everye stood as sureties for the said John each of them body for body to have his body at these assizes for that he was indicted of stealing one anchor, & that he was wont to make instruments of crooked iron to open the locks of the doors furtively &c. And it is found by the rolls of the same bailiff that the said John son of John abjured the islands before the same bailiff &c. And the said Peter together with the jurats of the King & Matthew de la Court who are said to have been then present &c. questioned about this &c. say that they cannot gainsay but that the said John son of John before them in open court of pleas abjured the islands, but they did not recollect that he was indicted of such great felonies. And because the whole commonalty witnesses that no one ought to abjure the islands unless through the refuge of the Church, therefore the aforesaid & all the others who were present are to be heavily amerced.

They present that the Abbot of the Greater Monastery⁽¹⁾ & the Abbot of Blanchelande are held of old to pay of the costs & repairs of the Church St. Martin de Bellouse for the third part &c. and they have withdrawn therefrom ever since the time when their tenures were restored to them [after] the last war &c. Therefore they are to be amerced. And they are constrained to repair from henceforth inasmuch as by law they were wont &c. The same Abbots did not come on the first day of the eyre, therefore they are to be amerced.⁽²⁾

They present also that the lord the King has in their parish a certain bordage called Le Botiller which Ralph de Beau..... now holds & it contains 5 virgates of land which are worth per annum 2 quarters of wheat. And another bordage called Saitte whichsiota holds & it contains 5 virgates of land which are worth per annum 2 quarters of wheat. And he has his under-bordiers to wit Joan la Barber who holds one messuage & one virgate of land

(1) Marmoutier.

(2) As to the advowson of the Church of St. Martin de Bellouse see p. 11.

unū mesuaḡ e unū v'rgaī ēre que valet p anñ ij b3 fñi. Et Radm Marinde qui tenet j virgaī ēre que valet p anñ ij b3 fñi. Et Pñm Caree qui tenet iiij pñcatas ēre que valent p anñ ij daner..... Et Guillotum Tardif qui tenet j virgatam ēre que valet p anñ ij b3 fñi ij pañ ij galliñ. Et Ranulph filius Radi de Rosel emit sup idem bordaḡ quod pred̃cus Guillot⁹ tenet reddm ij b3 fñi ij pañ e ij gal..... sine licenē dñi Regē tē. Ido reddit⁹ ille remaneat dño Regi tē pro voluntate sua.

Presentant qđ Petr⁹ Doree, Thoñ de Bretan, Jord̃s de la Bouce e Joñnes de la Bouce foderunt in via regia illam defiorantes tē. Ido iñi in mīa.

Comptū est p roīlos Petri le Markaunt nup bañi tē qđ Guilts le Rey de Plemount convict⁹ fuit qđ fregit dentes ux̃is sue maliciose tē e t qđ minabatur villate de Bellosa de incendio e feē finē p x š. Et qđ Per..... e Henř de Lestak noctantʳ insultaſunt Guil̃m Melege p quo finem feēunt p xv š p pleḡ Thoñ de Lestok.

Adhuc de remanenī pochie Šci Andr.

Johanett⁹ Clouet insultavit Ričm le Fauconer in via regia e eum vulsavit und e feē finem p xxxvj š. Idem t Joñnes coram Petro le Markaunt bañio noctantʳ Joñm le Bretoun in via regia und sang's e ha cla p

Comptū est t p Roīlos ejusd qđ Jenim⁹ Eūye appleg ad assiš p Jumaen et p uno plena Cuř coram iño bañio e Juř p Judm iñoz Juř abjuř mīa. Et Juř de duodena q, concelaſunt de Gui..... est par Roīlos Matñi de Cuř nuno bañi qđ Tosteni. Ido in mīa.

which is worth per annum 2 bushels of wheat, & Ralph Marinde who holds one virgate of land which is worth per annum 2 bushels of wheat; & Philip Caree who holds 4 perches of land which are worth per annum 2 small bushels; & Guillot Tardif who holds one virgate of land which is worth per annum 2 bushels of wheat, 2 loaves & 2 hens; & Ranulph son of Ralph de Rosel bought upon the same bordage which the said Guillot holds the rent of 2 bushels of wheat, 2 loaves & 2 hens without the license of the lord the King, &c. Therefore that rent shall remain to the lord the King &c. at his will.

They present that Peter Doree, Thomas de Bretan, Jordan de la Bouce & John de la Bouce dug in the King's high-way, spoiling the same &c. Therefore they are to be amerced.

It is found by the rolls of Peter le Marchant formerly bailiff &c. that William le Rey of Plemont was convicted of breaking his wife's teeth maliciously &c. And also that he threatened to set fire to the village of Bellouse & compounded for 10 sols. And that Per..... & Henry de Lestak by night assaulted William Melege for which they compounded for 15 sols by the pledge of Thomas de Lestak.

**Continuation of the remainder of the Parish of
St. Andrew.**

Johanett Clouet assaulted Richard le Fauconer in the high-way & wounded him, whereupon & compounded for 36 sols. Also the same John before Peter le Marchant the bailiff by night John le Bretoun in the King's high-way whereupon blood & 'Clameur de Haro' raised

It is also found by the rolls of the same that Jenimus Everye bailed at the assizes for a in open court before the same bailiff & jurats by the judgment of the same jurats abjured amerced. And the jury of 12 men because they concealed concerning William is by the rolls of Matthew de la Court now bailiff that of Tostain. Therefore to be amerced.

(M. 16 d.)

Adhuc de p̃litis de Gorona.

Paroch̃ Šci Sampsonis veñ p xij.

Presentant qđ đns Rex habet in manu sua de ĩra quozdam Rađi le Feuere e Juliane diu est abjurarunt has Insulas vj virgatas ĩre que valent p annū iiij q̃r ij b3 ĩri de pva menš responsū est đno Regi e Robt^o le Gay modo tenet illas ad firmā. Iťm đns Rex pcipit xij deñ manus P̃hi Ingan e participū suoz p ĩcia pte uni^o v'gata ĩre de dñicis ĩris đni Reġ. Iťm đns v š p annū p man^o ĩedū Riči Gilbt p duab3 ptib3 uni^o v'g ĩre de esĥeta uxis Robti p mañ Guifli le Caretter pro dia v'gať ĩre de eadē esĥeta. Percipit t đns Rex de feodo qui nunc est in marisco x š ad ĩm Šci Michis. Et si seminaretur Rex pcipet[me] lagiū e alias custumas ut de ĩra švili. Iťm de feodo an legat xij q̃r ij b3 ĩri ad pvam menš firma viij š xj đ. Et de rewardo ad Natale đni sept capoñ viij xij denař. Iťm esĥeta Robti Geffrey ĩciam ptem j v'gať terř que valet j. bus3 ĩri per annū.

Presentant t qđ Guillot^o de Capella Junior noctanť insultavit Colinum Burnel contra pacē p idē nich levavit clañ de hareu. Iđo pred Guifl sit in emenda.

Presentant t qđ Rađ Burnel Capells una cū P̃ho e Colino ĩrib3 suis e Raulina Agnete e sororib3 suis tenent de đno Rege unū meš e xxiiij bovatas ĩre nesciunt p quod warantū nisi antiquo tē nec p quod šviciū sed dicunt qđ debēt p parte tenementoz suoz unū releviū in quod se extendit ad LX š j đ et pro quibusd aliis teneñtis đmiū releviū.

(M. 16 d.)

Continuation of the pleas of the Crown.

The parish of St. Sampson came by 12.

They present that the lord the King has in his hands of the land of certain Ralph le Fevre & Juliane [who] long ago abjured these islands 6 virgates of land which are worth per annum 4 quarters 2 bushels of wheat by the small measure : it is answered to the lord the King & Robert le Gay now holds the same to farm. Also the lord the King takes 12 deniers by the hands of Philip Ingan & his partners, for the third part of one virgate of land of the demesne lands of the lord the King. Also the lord 5 sols per annum by the hands of the heirs of Richard Gilbert for 2 parts of one virgate of land of the escheat of the wife of Robert by the hands of William le Caretter for half a virgate of land of the same escheat. Also the lord the King takes of the fee who now is, in the marsh 10 sols at the feast of St. Michael. And if it shall be sown the King shall take melage & other customs as of cultivated land. Also of the fee of Legat 12 quarters 3 bushels of wheat by the small measure farm 8 sols 11 deniers. And of reward at the Nativity of the Lord 7 capons 8 12 deniers. Also escheat of Robert Geffrey the 3rd part of one virgate of land which is worth one bushel of wheat by the year.

They present also that Guillot de la Chapelle, junior, by night assaulted Colin Burnel against the peace for the same Nicholas raised a 'Clameur de Haro.' Therefore the said Guillot to be fined.

They present also that Ralph Burnel, chaplain, together with Philip & Colin his brothers & Raulina, Agnes & his sisters hold of the lord the King one messuage & 24 bovates of land, but they do not know by what warrant unless of old &c., nor by what service, but they say that they owe for part of their tenements one relief in which extends to 60 sols one denier & for certain other tenements half a relief.

Henry de Vaugerard e Isabella de Vaugerard e participes sui tenent de dno Rege unū meš e bovatas tre sine svičo faciendo preter quā sectam ad tres p'ncipales curias p annū.

Presentant t̃ qđ dñs Rex habet donačom Capelle be Marie de Mariscis que valet coibz annis xx

Presentant t̃ qđ Abbas Majoris Monasterii račone decimaž quas pcipit in eož paroch debet e sol[ebat] pte ornamenta ecclie quecumq, manutenere e repare quociens necče fñit et jam per xij annos se s̃traxit et modo nō veñ. Et est libe tenens. Ido ipe in m̃ia. Et distringr ad pdctis re[pačom e] s̃tentačom de cetero t̃c.

Et Juř de duodena q, convicti fñnt de diřsis conclamentis in examinačoe. Ido oñes in m̃ia.

Presentant t̃ qđ Joñnes filius Nichi le Carpentier tenet quoddam pvū clausū de cōmunia quod pař ej^o dum vixit p'pres-tavit. Et valet p annū in oñibz exitibz xij đ de quibz oñat cujuslibz de v annis p̃xio p̃teritis. Iťm Guiff de la Rivere teñ circiter quartā ptem uni^o v'gař cōmuna dñi Reğ de p'pres-tura sua pp'a que valet p annū xij đ de quibz ipm oñatur salvo jure de v annis p̃xio p̃titis. Iťm q, fecit p'presturam illam sic in m̃ia. Iťm Rads Renol tenet pvam placeam cōmuna dñi Reğ que valet p annū iiij^d de quibz oñatur salvo juř cujuslibet de quinz annis p̃xio p̃titis. Et q, ipemet fecit p'presturam. Ido ipe in m̃ia. Et Wilfs de la Cuture quendam pontem lapideum Willi de Šbmonte ubi via iiij pedū semp debet esse. Ido ipe in m̃ia. Et pons refiat ad ej^o custagia. Et Gilbt^o Lorfeuere, Petr^o de Hady e Joñnes La Musteng obstruxerunt viam regiam viij pedū de lapidibz

Henry de Vaugerard & Isabella de Vaugerard & their partners hold of the lord the King one messuage & bovates of land without doing service except suit at the 3 principal courts annually.

They present also that the lord the King had the gift of the Chapel of St. Mary des Marais which is worth one year with another 20

They present also that the Abbot of the Greater Monastery⁽¹⁾ by reason of the tithes which he takes in their parish ought & was wont to maintain part the ornaments of the Church whatsoever & to repair them as often as it was necessary & now for 12 years he withdrew himself & now he does not come. And he is a free tenant. Therefor he is to be amerced. And he is constrained to make the said repairs and maintenance from henceforth &c.

And the jury of 12 men because they were convicted of divers concealments in the examination. Therefore all to be amerced.

They present also that John son of Nicholas le Carpentier holds a certain small close of the common [land] which his father while he lived took wrongful possession of & it is worth by the year in all issues 12 deniers of which were charged each of the 5 years last past. Also William de la Rivere holds about the 4th part of one virgate of the common [land] of the lord the King of his own enclosure⁽²⁾ which is worth per annum 12 deniers, of which the same was charged saving the right of the 5 years last past. Also because he made that enclosure let him be amerced. Also Ralph Renol holds a small place of the common of the lord the King which is worth by the year 4 deniers of which he was charged saving the right each of the 5 years last past. And because he himself made that enclosure therefore he is to be amerced. And William de la Couture a certain stone bridge of William de Soulemont where a way of 4 feet always ought to be. Therefore he is to be amerced, & the bridge shall be rebuilt at his cost. And Gilbert Lorfevre, Peter de Hady & John La Musteng obstructed the

(1) Marmoutier.

(2) Purprestura (porprendre) means a wrongful possession.

..... quilibz eoꝝ p se p quod currus impediunt
ibiꝝ tñsire. Ido ipi in mīa. Et via deobstruetur ad [ej^o] custagia.

Presentant t̃ qđ Petr^o le Say noctant e de die sine licencia pis-
cabatur in sepali piscaĩ dñi Reġ e cepit anguillas tempe yemali. Ido
ipe in mīa et assig^ratur Juratis put patz alibi.

Presentant t̃ qđ nup devenit de Wrecco j pecia bordi navis unde
pars Reġ ij s̃ vj đ de quibz R. de Haddy respond. Percipit t̃ dñs
Rex de tenentibz suis in eoꝝ pochia de xLiij bovatis f̃re singlis annis
de firma ix^l vj^d. Et de melagio de q^llibz bovata f̃re viij danereff
f̃ri ad pvam menš. Et de avena de rewardo xLiii bꝝ rasi.⁽¹⁾ Et de
tenent eazdem pannagiū. Et modo se extendit pullagiū ad
Lxxj. Percipit t̃ dñs Rex camptū garba e lini de
eisdem qđ se extendit coiḃz annis ad xxx^l. Et mag^r Pñus de Cheny
tenet de dño Reġ xj bovaĩ f̃re de carucata de Fouuill p šviciū custo-
diendi p'sones t̃c e reddendo de qualibz bovata t̃c
viij danereff f̃ri de melaġ.

Presentant t̃ qđ coe m̃catū debet esse oĩi tempe toti^o anni sine
custumia t̃c et qđ cursus aque de Ma[risco] de Orgul in yeme est
sepaĩ piscaria dñi Reġ et valet p annū

Presentant qđ dñs Rex habet t'a bordagia in eoꝝ parochia videlĩ
bordagiū quond Radĩ Geffrey unde Ha..... Geffrey sine licenč dñi
Reġ alienavit sextam ptem j virgate f̃re quam Cecilia que fuit uĩ
Roḃti A...line modo tenet e valet p anñ j daneĩ f̃ri. Et Regiñ Wace
simiĩr pcipit iij busĩ f̃ri de redditu de co..... bordagio alienatos
cuidam Olifo Carupel dū vixit sine licenč dñi Reġ t̃c. Et Gilbtus
Lorfeure [simi]liter emit j daneĩ f̃ri de redditu t̃c oniatu

(1) *Rasus* is applied to a measure of grain cut off level with the top of the mea-
sure. French "ras," English "strickle," a straight-edge used to sweep grain off
level with the top of the measure.

King's high-way for 8 feet with stones each of them by himself whereby carts are prevented from crossing there. Therefore they are to be amerced. And the way shall be cleared at their cost.

They present also that Peter le Say by night & by day without license fished in the several fisheries of the lord the King & took eels in winter time. Therefore he is to be amerced & is assigned before the jurats as appears elsewhere.

They present also that there lately came of wreck one piece of plank of a ship whereof the part of the King is 2 sols 6 deniers of which R. de Haddy shall answer. Also the lord the King takes of his tenants in their parish of 43 bovates of land every year of farm 9 livres 6 sols 6 deniers. And of melage of each bovat of land 8 small bushels of wheat by the same measure. And of oats of reward 43 bushels strickled. And of the tenants of the same pannage & pullage. And now the pullage extends to 71. Also the lord the King takes as champart sheaf & of flax in like manner which extends one year with another to 30 livres. And Master Philip de Cheny holds of the lord the King 11 bovates of land of the carucate de Fouvill by the service of keeping the prisoners &c. and by paying for each bovat &c. 8 small bushels of wheat of melage.

They present also that the common market ought to be throughout the whole year without custom &c. and that the course of the water of the Marais d'Orgueil in winter is the several fishery of the lord the King & is worth per annum

They present also that the lord the King has 3 bordages in their parish, viz., the bordage formerly of Ralph Geffrey whereof Ha..... Geffrey without the license of the lord the King alienated the 6th part of one virgate of land which Cecilia who was the wife of Robert A.....line now holds, & it is worth per annum one small bushel of wheat. And Reginald Wace likewise takes 3 bushels of wheat of rent of bordage alienated to a certain Oliver Carupel while he lived without the license of the lord the King, &c. And Gilbert Lorfevre likewise bought one small bushel of

sup idm bordağ sine licenč tč. Ido oñes pđci redditus remaneant
 dno Regi tč. Et extendit se pđcm bordagiū ad unū meš e iij
 v'rgaī ĩre que valent p annū vj buss ĩri. Et bordağ Jordi Testare
 ad unū meš ij virğ ĩre e đi et valent p anñ viij buss ĩri e Rođtus
 Picard emit ij buss ĩri de redditu ofatos sup idm bordağ sine licenč
 đni Reğ. Et Ido reddit^o ille remaneat dno Regi tč ad
 voluntatē suam. Et bordağ fantesine ad iij virğ ĩre que valeant p
 anñ vj buss ĩri. Et Petr^o du Roker emit ij buss ĩri de redditu ofatos
 sup idm bordagiū sine licenč đni Reğ. Ido remaneant dno Regi tč
 ad voluntatē suam.

..... Rotlos Petri le Markaunt nup bafī tč qđ
 Wilts de Capella Junior et Colin^o filius Eg.....
 insultaſunt uřem Guilli Markes e eam ſbaſunt
 graviř. Ido fiant inde emende e
 Rađs de Capella, Wilts fraī ejus senior e Ričus
 le Salvage. Comptum per
 intepiem cecidit ext^a navē Peīr
 Et q Juř hoc celaſunt in veredič
 Petri du Roker et Perrotus
 fiant emende tč. Et predcus W.....
 respondeat Jordanus m.....
 e eam ſbavit cū acabli
 Curia balīm tč
 e t^axerunt

(M. 17.)

Adhuc de plītis Gorone de počī Šci Andř.

počī Šci Andř veñ p vij.

Gerneř

Juř přsentant qđ Emmelota Malmar..... capta cū manuope de
 quodam vellere Jofies fit ejusdem captus cū
 manuope de quadam archa e ferro de Wrecco đni R.....

wheat of rent &c. charged upon the same bordage without license &c. Therefore all the said rents to remain to the lord the King, &c. And the said bordage extends to one messuage & 3 virgates of land which are worth per annum 6 bushels of wheat. And the bordage of Jordan Testard to one messuage & 2½ virgates of land, & they are worth per annum 8 bushels of wheat, & Robert Picard bought 2 bushels of wheat of rent charged upon the same bordage without license of the lord the King. And Therefore that rent to remain to the lord the King &c. at his will. And the bordage of Fantosme at 3 virgates of land which are worth per annum 6 bushels of wheat. And Peter du Roker bought 2 bushels of wheat of rent charged upon the same bordage without the license of the lord the King. Therefore they shall remain to the lord the King &c. at his pleasure.

..... rolls of Peter le Marchant late bailiff &c. that William de la Chapelle, junior, & Colin son of Eg.....
..... assaulted the wife of William Markes & wounded her seriously. Therefore they shall make amends &
Ralph de la Chapelle, William his elder brother & Richard le Salvage. It is found by
by mischance fell out of the ship of Peter
..... And because the jurors concealed this in their verdict
..... of Peter du Roker & Perrot
..... let them make amends &c. And the said W..... shall answer Jordan
..... & beat her grievously
..... [de la] Court, bailiff &c.....
..... & drew

(M. 17.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of the parish of
St. Andrew.

The parish of St. Andrew came by 12.

Guernsey. The jurors present that Emmelota Malmar taken in the
act of stealing a certain fleece John son of the
same taken in the act of stealing a certain chest & iron from wreck

..... fuř tĉ ducti fuerunt ad Cuř dñi Reġ coram Petro le Marchaunt tunc Balt circiř fm Šci Martini ad plita dñi Reġ coram pđco Petro e Juř dñi Regis pđca Emmelota vocasset inde ad Wa[rentiam] quendam e de Waranto defecisset e inde cōvicta fuisset abjuř Inř coram e Juř tĉ in plena Curia. Et pđcus Jořes fit ejus similř. Iđo ad Juđm de pđcis Petro e qui pŕenř fuerunt ad pđcam abjuř tĉ qui ořes sunt in mřa q, sine Waranto. Eadem Emmelota ģuit quamdā domū de quibz Rořtus de Haddy tunc receptor respond. Iřm ģuit catalla videlř ij vaccas iiijⁿ de quibz Jořines le Marchaunt tunc ppořtus respond de XL ř et Rořtus de Haddy de XL ř. Iřm ģuit blada pĉii XL ř de quibz idm Ř respond. Iřm iiij bidenř pĉii iiij ř v đ de quibz de quibz idm Ř respond. Iřm ģuit alias ij bidenř pĉii ij ř ij đ de quibz duodena respond p eo qđ nesciunt diĉe ad quem bidenř ille devenerř. Iřm ģuit filū lane pĉii ij ř iiij đ et unam tripodem debilem pĉii iiij^d et pasuagiū pĉii ij ř de quibz idm Ř respond. Iřm ģuit unam patellam debilē pĉii viij đ de quibz idm ppořtus respond. Iřm Riĉus le Counte pximo anno post abjuř tĉ cepit ptm de řra pđce Emmelote p ij ř predĉa Emmelota ģuit liřam řram videlř v vřgař řre que valent p anř ult^a reddm certum inde debitū iiij busř řri. Et pđcus Jořes fit ejusdem ģuit de liřa řra vřgař řre e dimid que valent p anř pter reddm tĉ j busř e đř řri.

Presentant ř qđ in feodo de la Haule in eoř poĉi sunt ij bovař e xvj virgař řre que reddūt đno Regi p anř vij qřř řri p manus ppořti ejusdem feodi. Et ř đns Rex pcipit de viij bovař e xvj virgař řre xxxvj ř p anř de feodo Šci Salvatoris, videlř p manus Oliři Moigne e pticipū suoř xij ř. Et p manus Guilti le Gros e pticipū suoř xij ř.

of the lord the King theft &c. were taken to the court of the lord the King before Peter le Marchant then bailiff about the feast of St. Martin at the pleas of the lord the King before the said Peter & the jurats of the lord the King the said Emmelota had called thereof to warranty⁽¹⁾ certain & had failed of the warranty & was convicted thereof abjured the islands before & the jurats &c. in open court. And the said John son of the same likewise. Therefore to the judgment of the said Peter & who were present at the said abjuration &c., who are all amerced because without warrant. The same Emmelota had a certain house of which Robert de Haddy then receiver shall answer. The same had chattels, to wit, 2 cows [valued at] 4 livres of which John le Marchant then Provost shall answer for 40 sols & Robert de Haddy 40 sols. The same had corn of the value of 40 sols of which the same R. shall answer. Also 4 sheep valued at 4 sols 5 deniers of which the same R. shall answer. The same had other 2 sheep valued at 2 sols 2 deniers of which the said 12 men shall answer because they are unable to say to whom those sheep went. The same had a yarn of wool valued at 2 sols 4 deniers & one old tripod price 3 deniers & pannage valued at 2 sols of which the same R. shall answer. Also one old pan valued at 8 deniers for which the said Provost shall answer. Also Richard le Counte in the next year after the abjuration &c. took part of the land of the said Emmelota for 2 sols. The said Emmelota had free land, to wit, 5 virgates of land which are worth per annum beside the certain rent thereon due 4 bushels of wheat. And the said John son of the same had of free land virgates of land & a half which are worth per annum besides the rent &c. one bushel & a half of wheat.

They present also that in the fee of la Haule in their parish there are 2 bovates & 16 virgates of land which pay to the lord the King by the year 7 quarters of wheat by the hand of the Provost of the same fee. And also the lord the King takes of 8 bovates & 16 virgates of land 36 sols per annum of the fee of St. Saviour, to wit, by the hands of Oliver Moigne & his partners 12 sols. And by the hands of William le Gros & his partners 12 sols. And by the

(1) To establish a certain fact or document.

Et p manus Riči Agace xij š. Item sunt in feodo as Rohays v bovař
fre que reddunt dno Regi p anñ iiij q̃rř e iiij danereř fri. Et xxxj š
vj đ p anñ de firma. Et iiij š de fřo licet major ps huj⁹ feodi sit in
pochi Šci Petⁱ de Bosco et debent pmissa reddi dno Regi p manus
p̃poiti ejusdem feodi. Et debet p̃dcs feodus servare p̃sonas p volun-
tate dñi Regē. Ita tamen qđ dñs Rex invenit ceppos e tenentes ejusđ
feodi debent invenire anellos sive boias tč. Dicunt t qđ ij virgař fre
e đi que vocat^r Dauinge tradite fuerunt Persone de Šco Andr p
iiij š que bn valent p anñ iiij š. Ido idm Psona inde respondeat.
Et escheta Riči de Hoga videt v p̃tictē fre que valent p anñ vj đ.
Percipit t dñs Rex de feodo Anstaie xij đ p anñ videt j bovata fre.
Et de v bovas fre de feodo de Burons v š p anñ. Dicunt t qđ
dñs Rex pcipit de xj bovař fre de feodo Šce Elene iiij q̃rř ij busř e
iiij danereř fri p anñ ad pvam mensur et x š iiij đ oř de firma. Et
pullař e pasnař e modo sunt v meř in eodem feodo. Et dñs Rex
řet de v virgař fre de feodo Goie ij q̃rř fri p manus Johis de molen-
dino. Et de feodo Alavenne j busř fri p manus Petri Kemuel e
Galfri Maye e p̃ticipu suoz. Ĥet e dñs Rex de escheta ij virgař fre
Johē la Hoheresse ij busř fri p anñ p manus ředū Jorđi Carupel.
Et de Rađo Feroun ij busř fri de eađ escheta. Iřm řet de clauso
Šci Andr xv š p anñ de firma et de j virgata fre eschete p̃sbifi j sonđ
j busř fri. Et de j bovata fre de feodo Dame Aliz p manus Colini
Truan xx š. Et de feodo Aungevine iiij đ p anñ. Et de fřa Riči de
Hoga j cař fri. Et dñs Rex modo řet de residentibz in eoř poch
circiř xxx hospitatos quoz quibz reddit dno Regi pullagiū e pasuagiū
quod valet coibz annis v š. Et de Brasař v š. Et pcipit de eis
camptū mellař aveñ de rewardo xvij đ de fřma.

hands of Richard Agace 12 sols. Also there are in the fee of Rohais 5 bovates of land which bring in to the lord the King by the year 4 quarters & 4 small bushels of wheat, & 36 sols 6 deniers per annum of farm, & 4 sols of wheat although the greater part of this fee is in the parish of St. Peter in the Wood & the premises ought to be paid to the lord the King by the hands of the Provost of the same fee. And the said fee ought to keep the prisons at the will of the lord the King, so nevertheless that the lord the King finds the stocks & the tenants of the same fee ought to find the handcuffs or fetters &c. They say also that $2\frac{1}{2}$ virgates of land which is called Daviengue were delivered to the parson of St. Andrew for 3 sols which are well worth per annum 4 sols. Therefore the same parson shall answer therefor. And the escheats of Richard de Hoga, to wit, 5 perches of land which are worth per annum 6 deniers. Also the lord the King takes of the fee of Anstaie 12 deniers per annum viz. 1 bovat of land. And of 5 bovates of land of the fee of Burons 5 sols per annum. They say also that the lord the King takes of 11 bovates of land of the fee of Ste. Hélène 3 quarters 2 bushels & 4 small bushels of wheat per annum by the small measure & 10 sols $4\frac{1}{2}$ deniers of farm. And pullage and pannage & there are now 5 messuages in the same fee. And the lord the King has of 5 virgates of land of the fee of Gouies 2 quarters of wheat by the hand of John du Moulin. And of the fee of Liven 1 bushel of wheat by the hand of Peter Kemuel & Geoffrey May & their partners. The lord the King also has of escheat 2 virgates of the land of Joan la Hoheresse, 2 bushels of wheat per annum by the hands of the heirs of Jordan Carupel. And of Ralph Feroun 2 bushels of wheat of the same escheat. Also he has of the close of St. Andrew 15 sols per annum of farm & of 1 virgate of land of the escheat of the priest 1 farm 1 bushel of wheat. And of 1 bovat of land of the fee of Dame Alice by the hands of Colin Truan 20 sols. And of the fee of Aungevine 4 deniers per annum. And of the land of Richard de Hoga 1 cabot of wheat. And the lord the King now has of the residents in their parish about 30 innkeepers, each of whom pays to the lord the King pullage & pannage which is worth one year with another 5 sols. And of brewing 5 sols. And he takes of them champart, tribute, oats of reward & 17 deniers of farm.

Presentant eciam qđ Gillot^o fil Riči Goye post ultimas assisas p
diversis lat^ociniis abjuř Inš. Et nō fuit řras nec catalla. Et Guiltus
le Botiller adiu est suspensus fuit e fuit libam řram videlř x virgař
řre que valet p anř in omibz exiř xxv š de quibz responsum est
huocusq; đno Regi et adhuc respondet^r.

Presentant eciam qđ Alicia fit Jordř Malegue adiu est p fuř tč
abjuř Inš. Et fuit libam řram unam v'gař e đi řre e valet p anř
řter reddm tč j buss řri. Et Robtus le Rateys anno tč xxvii^o simitr
abjuř Inš p fuř tč. Idm Robtus fuit tres solid redd pvenientes đ
řra quam Petr modo tenet. Huit ř reddm j q^rř řri
pvenientē de řra quam Płus de la Court modo tenet. Et
řde..... reddš aretro đno Regi. Iđo veniat đcus Płus inde res-
ponuř tč postea veřnt Jořnes de la Cuture e Henř de la Cutuř qui
modo tenent predctam řram e dicunt qđ predca terra ofřata fuit řri
řsus eos de redditu ultra valorem ejusđ plusq; pred Robtus pquisivit
reddm predcm sup řram illam. Et q; predcti Jořnes e Henř nō pos-
sunt dediře quin predca řra quam řpi modo tenent ofřata fuit řsus
predm Robtum de pred redd j q^rř řri die abjuř tč. Iđo reddš ille
remař đno Regi esřřeta. Et predcti Jořnes e Henř respondeant
đno Regi de ix q^rř řri de arreř ix annoř.

Presentant eciam qđ Jonett^o de Molendino indictat^o
..... assisas tč qđ ad feruras de
nocte ad furand tč et qđ fuř quandam ancoram et eciam de velleri
..... furtive retonsis e qđ fuit in societate Riči
Frankel latroř tč. Et Gill..... de Molendino consang^lneus řpius
Jonetti indictat^o qđ fuit in societate řpius Jonetti ad
..... ad Cuř đni Reğ e in eadem Cuř
coram řđco Petro le Marchaunt

They present also that Gillot son of Richard Goye after the last assizes for divers thefts abjured the islands. And he had neither lands nor chattels. And William le Botiller was hanged long ago & had free land, to wit, 10 virgates of land which are worth per annum in all issues 25 sols for which it has been accounted to the King up to now & is still accounted for.

They present also that Alice daughter of Jordan Malegue long ago for theft &c. abjured the islands, & had free land, [viz.] 1 virgate & a half of land & it is worth per annum besides the rent &c. 1 bushel of wheat. And Robert le Rateys in the 28th year &c. likewise abjured the islands for theft &c. The same Robert had 3 sols rent issuing out of the land which Peter now holds. He had also the rent of 1 quarter of wheat issuing out of the land which Philip de la Court now holds. And the said rent is in arrear to the lord the King. Therefore let the said Philip come to answer for the same &c. Afterwards came John de la Couture & Henry de la Couture who now hold the said land & they say that the said land was charged against them of rent beyond the value of the same before the said Robert purchased the said rent upon that land. And because the said John & Henry cannot gainsay but that the said land which they now hold was charged against the said Robert of the aforesaid rent 1 quarter of wheat on the day of the abjuration &c. Therefore that rent shall remain to the lord the King as escheat. And the said John & Henry shall answer to the lord the King for 9 quarters of wheat of arrears for 9 years.

They present also that Jonett du Moulin was indicted assizes &c. that at for the purpose of stealing wheel tires by night &c. and that he stole a certain anchor & also concerning fleeces furtively clipped & that he was in the company of Richard Frankel a thief &c. And William du Moulin kinsman of the said Jonett was indicted for that he was in the company of the same Jonett at at the court of the lord the King & in the same court before the said Peter le Marchant

..... abjuř Ins. Ido ad Judm de pđcis
Petro e Juř tč pśentes fuerūt ad pđcam abjuř.

Presentant t qđ camptū dñi Regis in eoř poři videlř de xxxiiij
bovař řre vař coibř annis viij ti et qualř bovata řre reddit dño Regi
viij danercř řri de melař e debent tenentes coopire gāngiam dñi
Regis et tassare blada dñi Reğ. Hec t Dñs Rex in eadem poři ij
molend quo vař coibř annis xvj ti. Pcipit t dñs Rex v ř p añ de
řma de marisco de Scala⁽¹⁾ in ead poři.

(M. 17 d.)

Adhuc de plitis Corone de poři řci Andr.

Juř pśentant qđ Jorđ Clouet alias in apli anno ř E. Reğ Angt
přis dñi R qui nūc est xxxijº abjuř Inř in ecclia de Foresta p eo qđ
infecit quendam puerū abortivū in ventre Matit Bonamy qui postea
ređit e modo veř e ptulit cartam dñi E. reğ přis R qui nūc est de
pdonaće de pđcis feloř e abjuř et irrotulat alibi inf alias cartas tč.
Idm Jorđ hñit catalla videlř j eqū pćii xxxij ř debilis monete. Et
blada pćii C v ř et ij agnos pćii viij ř et j porcū pćii v ř de quibř
Rořtus de Haddy tunc receptor respond. Idm hñit libam řram unde
añus e vastum simut cū quadā cista vj ti e xiiij busř řri de quibř
idm Rořtus respond. Et sciend est qđ pđcus Rořtus ptulit quodđ
řre pđci dñi Reğ p pđčo Jerđo in hec řba. Edwardus tč ditco e
fidei suo Ottoni de Grandisono Custodi Insulař suar de Gerneseye
e Gereseye vel ejus locum tenenti salřm. Cum plitum inf Matit
Bonamy e Jordanū Cloyet juniorem in foro ecclastico de matřmonio
inf ipos Matit e Jordanū contřhendo motū fuisset ac eadem Matit

(1) Scala is the property of "l'Echelle", where there is a mill. It is held on
condition of providing the ladder for executions which took place hard by in the
Courtil du Gibet.

..... abjured the islands. Therefore to judgment of the said Peter & the jurats &c. who were present at the said abjuration.

They present also that the champart of the lord the King in their parish, to wit, of 34 bovates of land is worth one year with another 8 livres, & each bovaté of land pays to the lord the King 8 small bushels of wheat of melage & the tenants owe the duty of covering the grange of the lord the King & to stack the corn of the lord the King. Also the lord the King has in the same parish 2 mills which are worth one year with another 16 livres. Also the lord the King takes 5 sols per annum of farm of the marsh of Scala in the same parish.

(M. 17 d.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of the parish of
St. Andrew.

The jurors present that Jordan Clouet at another time in April in the 32nd year of the reign of E. King of England father of the present lord the King abjured the islands in the Church of the Forest for that he killed a certain abortive child in the body of Matilda Bonamy, who afterwards returned & now came & brought a letter of pardon of the lord King E. father of the present King for the said felony & abjuration & it is enrolled elsewhere among other charters, &c. The same Jordan had chattels, to wit, 1 horse value 32 sols of poor money. And corn value 105 sols & 2 lambs value 8 sols & 1 pig value 5 sols of which Robert de Haddy then Receiver shall answer. The same had free land whereof the year & waste⁽¹⁾ together with a certain chest 6 livres & 14 bushels of wheat of which the same Robert shall answer. And let it be known that the said Robert produced a certain writ of the said lord the King for the said Jordan in these words: Edward &c. to his beloved & faithful Otto de Grandison Warden of his islands of Guernsey & Jersey or his lieutenant greeting. Whereas the suit between Matilda Bonamy & Jordan Cloyet, junior was moved in the ecclesiastical court concerning a marriage to be contracted between the said Matilda & Jordan & the

(1) Year and waste is a forfeiture belonging to felony.

in eodem foro p̄ p̄cessum p̄liti p̄dicti t̄ras de ip̄o Jordano excoīcandi impetrasset p̄dcus Jordanus eidem Matiff impregnanti e d̄cas t̄ras excoīcatorias deferenti obvians ut t̄ras p̄dcas ab ip̄a eripet ip̄am Matiff humo p̄stravit e bursam ip̄ius Matiff cum t̄ris p̄dcis sexdecim denař turronensiū nigroř in eadem bursa existentibz eidem Matiff abstulit oc̄cone cuj⁹ p̄stračōis puer in ventre ejusd̄ Matiff obiit p̄ quod ip̄a pepit abortivū e sic p̄dcus Jordanus inf̄fecit p̄dc̄m puerū casu fortuito e nō p̄ feloniam aut maliciam excogitatam e hiis oc̄conibz e nō alia de causa Insulas p̄dcas e cēlas adjacentes Insulas abjuravit, sicut p̄ recordū Petⁱ le Marchaunt nūc tenentes locū vřm p̄fate Otto in Insulas p̄dcis quod coram nob̄ venire fecim⁹ nob̄ constat e p̄ut in t̄ris nřis patentibz de p̄donačōe mortis t̄nsgr̄ e abjurāčōis p̄dcas eidem Jordano confectis plenius cōtinet^r volentes eidem Jordano gřam fače ubiorem voř mandam⁹ qđ oīes t̄ras e teñ que fuerunt ip̄ius Jordani in Insulis p̄dcis die abjurāčōis p̄dca e que de nob̄ tenēt^r ac eciam oīia bona e catalla sua oc̄cone mortis t̄nsgressionis e abjurāčōis p̄dcas in manū nřam capta si t̄re ille e teñ tanq̄^a escaeta nřa ac bona e catalla p̄dca oc̄cone p̄dca tanq̄^a forisfca ad nos debeant ptinere eidem Jordano libari fač de gřa nřa sup^adca Salvis voř p̄fate Otto juribz ad vos spectantibz in hac pte. T. me ip̄o apud Lincolū scđo die Januař anno ř n̄ tricesimo řcio.

Et Juř duodene pro diřsis conclamentis de quibz cōvicti fflut in examinačōe tč. Iđo oīes in mīa.

Presentant t̄ qđ quidam Girard de Cassade de Vascoñ pquisivit quasdam t̄ras in hac Inř p̄usq̄^a desponsavit Agnetē Gay et postq̄^a ip̄am desponsavit, pquisivit quedam alia teñ ip̄is conjunctim tč teñ que pquis ante desponsāčōem j meř e x virgař t̄re de quibz meř e iiij virḡ t̄re valent p̄ anñ iiij q̄rř fri et vj virgař resid̄ valent p̄ anñ vj busř fri. Et idm Girards obiit jam uno anno elapso p̄ quod t̄ra

same Matilda in the same court in the course of the said suit obtained letters of excommunication concerning the said Jordan, the said Jordan (the said Matilda being pregnant & carrying the said letters of excommunication) in order to take away the said letters from her, threw the said Matilda to the ground, & took away the purse of the said Matilda with the said letters, 16 deniers of black tournois being in the same purse of the said Matilda, by reason of which throwing down the child in the body of the said Matilda died having had a miscarriage, & so the said Jordan killed the said child by accident & not feloniously with malice aforethought, & for these reasons & for no other cause he abjured the said islands & the other adjacent islands, as is proved by the record of Peter le Marchant now the lieutenant of you the said Otto in the said islands which we caused to be brought before us & as in our letters patent of pardon for the death transgression & abjuration of the same made to the said Jordan more fully is contained, willing to show to the same Jordan our more abundant grace we command you that you cause all the lands & tenements which belonged to the said Jordan in the said islands on the day of the said abjuration & which are held of us & also all his goods & chattels taken into our hands by reason of the death, transgression & abjuration aforesaid, if those lands & tenements ought to belong to us as our escheats & the said goods & chattels for the reason aforesaid as forfeitures, to be delivered to the said Jordan of our grace abovesaid, saving to you the said Otto the rights belonging to you in this behalf. Witness myself at Lincoln the 2nd day of January in the 33rd year of our reign.

And the jury of 12 men for divers concealments of which they were convicted in the examination &c., therefore all to be amerced.

They present also that a certain Girard de Cassade of Gascony purchased certain lands in this island before he married Agnes Gay & after he married her he purchased certain other tenements to themselves jointly &c. the tenements which he purchased before the marriage 1 messuage & 10 virgates of land of which the messuage & 4 virgates of land are worth per annum 3 quarters of wheat & the 6 virgates the residue are worth per annum 6 bushels of wheat. And the same Girard died a year ago whereby his land remains in

eius remanet in manū dñi Reġ quousq, fides veniant tē et Petrus Darcys qui fram illam tenet de licencia tē inde oñet. Et dictū est eidem Petro qđ dotet pđcam Agnetan, tē. Et extracta fcia pte remanet dño Regi xij bus̃ fri e di p añ.

Et sciend qđ pđes Petrus ostendit hic quendam quem dicit desponsasse filiam e fiedam ipius Girardi qui uō fuit admissus p eo qđ uxor sua nō fuit psens tē.

Presentant eciam qđ Rohtus Constañ Eps tenet in eoꝝ pocht x bovas fte e debet venire ad tres pncipales Cuñ dñi Regis sine sumoñ et q, nō veñ ad assisas tē. Ido in mīa.

Presentant t qđ Abbas de Cruce Sci Leofredi tenet ij bovañ fte in dñico. Et tenentes sui tenent xx bovañ fte que debent dño Regi serviciū custodiendi psonas p voluntate dñi Regis. Et debet idm Abbas venire ad tres pncipales Cuñ dñi Regis p añ sine sumoniçoe tē. Et q, nō veñ ad ass̃ tē. Ido in mīa.

Presentant t qđ Abbatisa de Cadomo tenet vj bovañ fte e debet venire ad tres pncipales Cuñ dñi Regis p añ sine sumoniçoe tē et q, nō veñ pmo die Itifis. Ido in mīa.

Presentant t qđ Abbas Majoris Monastii debet venire ad tres pncipales Cuñ dñi Regis p añ sine sumoniçoe et q, nō veñ pmo die Itifis. Ido in mīa.

Wal. Presentant t qđ Petrus le Fournier Reymundus Johan e Joñes Clouet fregeñ assm panis e vini. Ido in mīa.

Comptū est p Roilos Petri le Markaunt tunc Bañi tē qđ p quamdam inquisiçoem quam idm Petr^o cepit ex officio Ricūs Hamelyn indictatus fuit qđ ipe fregit domū ejusdm Petri et inde asportavit bona ejusd valoñ xxx^{li} et statim postea idm Riçs fugit ad eccliam Sci Andr

the hands of the lord the King until the heirs shall come &c., & Peter Darcys who holds that land by license &c. is charged thereof. And it is said to the said Peter that he should dower the said Agnes, &c. And the 3rd part being subtracted there remains to the lord the King 13½ bushels of wheat per annum.

And be it known that the said Peter presents here a certain person whom he says has married the daughter & heir of the said Girard, who was not admitted because his wife was not present &c.

They present also that Robert, Bishop of Coutances, holds in their parish 10 bovates of land & owes the duty of coming to the 3 principal courts of the lord the King without summons & because he did not come to the assizes &c. therefore to be amerced.

They present also that the Abbot of St. Leufroy of the Cross⁽¹⁾ holds 2 bovates of land as demesne. And his tenants hold 20 bovates of land which owe to the lord the King the service of keeping the prisons at the will of the lord the King. And the same Abbot owes the duty of coming to the 3 principal courts of the lord the King each year without summons &c. And because he did not come to the assizes &c. Therefore to be amerced.

They present also that the Abbess of Caen holds 6 bovates of land & owes the duty of coming to the 3 principal courts of the lord the King each year without summons &c. and because he did not come on the first day of the eyre, therefore to be amerced.

They present also that the Abbot of the Greater Monastery owes the duty of coming to the 3 principal courts of the lord the King each year without summons & because he did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore to be amerced.

The Vale.

They present also that Peter le Fournier Reymund Johan & John Clouet broke the assize of bread & wine. Therefore to be amerced.

It is found by the rolls of Peter le Marchant, then bailiff &c. that by a certain inquisition which the same Peter took by virtue of his office Richard Hamelyn was indicted for breaking into the house of the same Peter & taking goods of the same to the value of 30 livres;

(1) A Benedictine Abbey near the river Eure, Diocese of Evreux. See on this subject Havet, *Cours Royales des Isles Normandes*, p. 78.

et tenuit se in eadem p spaciu xx dieꝝ e amplius et postea reddidit se ad p'sonam dñi Regis et Juř sup hoc adjudicaverunt aliam inquisiçoem inde fieri p quod idm Petř cepit inde aliam inquis p sbs'leptos Drogonē Anverre, Robtm Adam, William le Joevene, Willm Revel, Riēm Dany, Petrū Fale, Willm Salamon, Riēm du Val, Colinū le Peytevyne, Willm frēm ejus e Joēm Peyn qui p'dem Riēm de lat'cinio p'dco acquietaverunt et sic idm Petr⁹ Ballis tē p'misit eum abire. Et quia tota cōitas recordat' qđ Ballis nō hēt potestatem capiend' inquisiçoem sup aliquem felonē nisi captū quasi cū manuoꝑe quod vocant casū p'sentem. Iđo tam p'des Petr⁹ q'm p'dci Juř in mīa. Et Riēs capiat'.

[Respice de remanenti in Rořlo de Bellosa.]

(M. 18.)

Adhuc de plitis Corone ibidm.

Gerneř

Joñnes Estur arrestat⁹ p clām de Harou p ej⁹ injuriam noctant' levat⁹ de eo videlī qđ misericord' fere usq; ad punctū ad quond' Marinett' qui pfit⁹ levavit clām et inde in qua se poř veñ e feč finē p xvij s quos solvit Joēm de Šbmonte ad p'sens Joñnes Estur juř taciť sacrořtis qđ non inquietabit aliquē de ballis e ministris dñi Reģ occ'sone pred.

Parocĥ de Wale veñ p xij.

Wale.

Juř p'sentant qđ Radph filius Colini Gobbe puer in bercia ingulāt⁹ fuit p quendam porcū porcū combust⁹ fuit p consuetudiem que quid cōs ex nunc p'hibet' sꝝ t'ant' huj⁹ catalla dñi Reģ.

Presentant cciam qđ Riēs filius Joñis de Capella est cōmunis latro et fugit et malecťr e utlagťr nulla hēt catalla.

& immediately after the same Richard fled to the Church of St. Andrew & kept himself in the same for the space of 20 days & more & afterwards gave himself up at the prison of the lord the King & the jurats upon this adjudged that another inquisition be made thereof, in consequence of which the same Peter took thereof another inquisition by the underwritten Drogo Anverre, Robert Adam, William le Joevene, William Revel, Richard Dany, Peter Fale, William Salamon, Richard du Val, Colin le Petevyn, William his brother & John Payn who acquitted the said Richard of the said theft & so the said Peter the bailiff &c. allowed him to go away. And because all the commonalty records that a bailiff has not the power to proceed by inquisition against any felon unless taken as in the very act, as they term the present case. Therefore as well the said Peter as the said jurats are to be amerced. And let Richard be taken.

[For the remainder see the roll of [St. Martin de] Bellouse.]

(M. 18.)

Continuation of the pleas of the Crown there.

Guernsey.

John Estur arrested for a 'Clameur de Haro' raised on account of his wrong-doing by night for that to wit, that
.....(?) to a former sailor who long ago raised clameur & thereof in which he put himself came & compromised for 18 sols which he paid to John de Soulemont at present John Estur sworn on the Gospels that he will not disturb any of the bailiffs & officers of the lord the King

The parish of the Vale came by 12.

Vale.

The jurors present that Ralph son of Colin Gobbe a child in the cradle was suffocated by a certain pig the pig was burnt according custom, which said custom is now prohibited but his chattels are assigned of the lord the King.

They present also that Richard son of John de la Chapelle is a common thief & fled & is suspected & outlawed. He has no chattels.

Presentant t̃ qđ Rads filius Jordī le Gobbe furabatur unam tuni-
cam Colini La Musteng ecam ux̃is Mich̃is
de la Folie e est cōmunis latro. Et dicunt qđ Jonett⁹ filius Joñnis,
Robt filius pixidem e fuř unā sūmam pecunie et
pred̃cti Rads e Jonett⁹ fuğ e malec'r Judm ex̃a e utlağ
fint catalla.

Guill̃ Toytin rectat⁹ de eo qđ vulñar̃ Guillm Aneyne in domo
Luce Le M̃cer noctañ unde clamor de Harou levat⁹ fuit veñ e
defend̃ totū t̃c e poñ se sup pat'am Juř dicunt sup sacrm suū qđ p̃d̃c
Guill̃ in nullo inde est culpablis, dicunt tñ qđ f̃ita contumelia iñ eos
p injuriā Guill̃i Aneyne noctañ vulñar̃ p̃d̃cm Guillm Toytin p modū
cruris p quod clañ de harou levat⁹ fuit. Ido pred̃cus Guill̃s Aneyne
faç inde emend̃ dño Regi.

Presentant eciam qđ Petr⁹ le Peletter spensus fuit in penultimis
assis̃is qui quidem Petr⁹ fuit unam domū p̃cii XL s̃ et unam v'gař f're
que valet p annū in om̃ibz exitibz xij s̃. Et testatū est qđ Petr⁹ le
Markaunt tunc balls vendidit Priori de Wale pred̃ctam domū et
eciam catalla sua p vj li qui si p'us non ponantur in sūmonicōe nec
inde responsū f̃fuit ponant' hic p eo videl̃ qđ de eis nō fit mençō in
aliis as̃s. Et pred̃ Petrus simt cum Dyoñ de Tillebuř receptore inde
respondebt nich̃ ubi de escheř p eo qđ Prior emit annū et vastū e
totū t̃c s̃b p̃d̃ p̃cio ht t̃ra est de feodo suo.

Presentant eciam qđ piscatores ville sue reddunt magnam cus-
tumā piscñ Abbi de Monte Šci Mich̃ dño suo sed nesciunt utrum de
Jure nec ne et hoc t̃minabit' in quo Waranto t̃c.

Joña filia Radi de la Fontelle alias convicta coram Mat̃io de
Curia baltio e Juř dñi Reg̃ qđ ip̃a duxit filiam suā ux̃em Riçi Caun
in quad pva domo que vocatur la Cote. Ranulphi Gautier ut quidam

They present also that Ralph son of Jordan le Gobbe stole a tunic of Colin La Musteng & the wife of Michael de la Folie & is a common thief. And they say that Jonett son of John, Robert son [broke open] a chest & stole a sum of money, & the said Ralph & Jonett fled & are suspected. Judgment demanded & they are outlawed have chattels.

William Toytin accused for that he had wounded William Aneyne in the house of Luke le Mercer by night whereupon a 'Clameur de Haro' was raised, came & defended all &c. and submitted himself to the verdict of the country. The jurors say upon their oath that the said William is in nothing guilty thereof, they say nevertheless that there having been a dispute between them by the tort of William Aneyne he wounded the said William Toytin by night on his leg wherefore the 'Clameur de Haro' was raised. Therefore the said William Aneyne shall make amends to the lord the King therefor.

They present also that Peter le Pelletier was hanged at the last assizes but one, which said Peter had a house value 40 sols & a virgate of land which is worth per annum in all issues 12 sols. And it is witnessed that Peter le Marchant then bailiff sold to the Prior of the Vale the aforesaid house & also his chattels for 6 livres which, if they have not previously been put in the summons or if no answer was made, are put here for that to wit, no mention is made of them in the other assizes. And the said Peter together with Dyon de Tillebury, Receiver, shall not answer therefor, beyond of escheat, for that the Prior bought the year & waste & the whole &c. under the price aforesaid & the land is of his fee.

They present also that the fishermen of their village pay the great custom of fish to the Abbot of Mount St. Michael their lord but they know not whether of right or not, & this shall be determined in the quo waranto &c.

Joan daughter of Ralph de la Fontelle convicted elsewhere before Matthew de la Court bailiff & the jurats of the lord the King for that she took her daughter the wife of Richard Caun into a certain small house which is called la Cote of Ranulph Gautier in

ex^{nc} ibid concumberet cū ea in adultio p quod mittebatur p'sone modo veñ et remittit' p'sone redimend' tē. Postea predca Joñia p consiliū Juī punitur per pilorm' tē.

Presentant t qđ dñs Rex fñt in villa sua quinq, cōmunas quas una vocatur la Hüge de Wale scđa La Round Maresck ꝑcia Les Angles as Goscelins q^{rta} Les Laundes quinta que magna est vocatur Les Grenes de Maresk.

Presentant t qđ Scolastica de Parys in quadrag' anno Reg' pat's tē xxx^o abjuī Insulas pro morte Infantis sui e fñit lram libam hēditaī scilī tres v'gatas lre que valēt p annū ix busī que sunt escheta Abbis de Monte Šci Michis et dñs Rex fñit annū e vastū simul cum catañ tē sed ipa pñt rediit cum lris dñi Reg' de pdonacoe plena tē.

Presentant t qđ post ultias assisas in hyem' anno Reg' pat's tē xxxiiij^{to} devenit Wreck in poch' sua de vinis e mcurio unde p'pars Regis valuit C s de quibz Robtus Hady Receptor respondeb.

Presentant t qđ Petr^o Amelot, Joñnes Robti e Jord Robti fecunt ⁽¹⁾ assisam panis. Ido

Presentant t qđ Joñnes fñt Radi de Fontenella tenet de p'pres-tura a xx annis fca sup cōmunam dñi Reg' ad menī j pticaī lre que valet p annū vj d. Et Joñia filia Thome Harpyn e participes sui tenent de cosimili p'prestura fca a x annis elapsis ad menī die pticate que valet p annū ij d. Et Petr^o Salomon tenet de p'prestura fca sup viam regiam p patrem suū a x annis elapsis ad mensū viij pedū in lattitudiē e vj pticataz in Long' quod valet p annū ij s. Et Robtus Stepñi a iiij annis elapsis fec' simiīl p'presturā appropriando sibi unam pticatā lre que valet p añ vj d. Et Joñnes de la Mare simiīl a iiij annis tē fec' p'presturā approp'antē s' iiij ptič lre que valent p

(1) Doubtless an error for fregerunt.

order that a stranger might lie with her there in adultery for which she was sent to prison, now comes & is sent back to prison to compound &c. Afterwards the said Joan by the counsel of the jurats is punished with the pillory &c.

They present also that the lord the King has in their village 5 commons whereof one is called La Hougue du Val, the second La Round Marais, the third Les Angles ès Goscelins, the fourth Les Landes, the fifth which is large is called Les Grenes des Marais.

They present also that Scolastica de Parys in Lent in the 30th year of the King the father, &c. abjured the islands for the death of her infant & had free land of inheritance, to wit, 3 virgates of land which are worth per annum 9 bushels which are escheats of the Abbot of Mount St. Michael & the lord the King had the year & waste together with the chattels &c., but afterwards she returned with letters of the lord the King of full pardon &c.

They present also that after the last assizes in the winter in the 34th year of the King the father, &c. there occurred as wreck in their parish of wines & quick-silver whereof the share of the lord the King was worth 100 sols & of which Róbert Hady the Receiver shall answer.

They present also that Peter Amelot, John Robert & Jordan Robert broke the assize of bread. Therefore

They present also that John son of Ralph de Fontenelle holds by encroachment made 20 years ago upon the common of the lord the King to the measure of one perch of land which is worth by the year 6 deniers. And Joan daughter of Thomas Harpyn & her partners hold of like encroachment made ten years ago to the measure of half a perch which is worth by the year 2 deniers. And Peter Salomon holds of encroachment made upon the King's high-way by his father 10 years ago to the measure of 8 feet in breadth & 6 perches in length which is worth per annum 2 sols. And Robert Stephen 20 years ago made a like encroachment appropriating to himself one perch of land which is worth per annum 6 deniers. And John de la Mare likewise 4 years ago &c. made an encroachment appropriating to himself 3 perches of land which are worth by the year 12 deniers.

annū xij d. Et Prior de Wale s. Joñnes de la Porte inclusit ad op^o suū de cōmuna dñi Reġ des Laundes ad longitudiēm vij pticataz e latitud ad j capd j ptič e aliud capd die ptič que valet p anñ iiij s de quibz respond dno Regi salvo Juř cuj^olibz. Et pđci Rořt^o Joñs de la Mare qui fecunt p'presturas sint in mīa.

(M. 18 d.)

Adhuc de plitis Gorone ibidem de Wale.

Juř p'sentant qđ dñs Rex habet quandam feodi firmam in Wale de xx s ij d p'cipiend p man^o p'poiti qui pro tempe fñit medieř videli ad pasch e aliam medietat ad fñm Sci Joñnis Bapt. Et dicunt quod ballis dñi Reġ de Inš se quinto hoīni ħebit p'ndium suū teř in anno apđ P'oratum de Wale et hoc post tres magnas Curias. Et dicunt qđ Abbas de Monte Sci Michis in picto maris ad cuj^o voluntatē Prior de Wale removendus est tč deř venire ad pđcas tres Curias. Dicunt eciam qđ dñs Rex deř ħere oīes pisces regales captos p quoscumq hoīes de poch sine aliqua p'cunia p eis solvenda. Iřm dicunt qđ quolibz řcio anno dñs Rex deř ħere de quolibz hoīe predce ville qui ħuerit cař valoris xx sol vř amplius xij d et de vidua que ħuerit cař valoris XL sol xij d pro moneagio seu fumagio et valet coibz annis cū acciderit xij ř iiij s. Dicunt eciam qđ dñs Rex debet ħere supvisorem vini panis e řviř in poch pred ad custodiendam assisam et eciam de menř e ponderē. Et emende tam de assisa vini panis e řviř qđ eciam de falř ponderē e menř dno Regi ptinent. Dicunt ecia qđ dñs Rex deř p ministros suos supvidere oīe Wreckū p'veiens in poch pđ p'usqđ Prior ad hoc manus apponat. Et dicunt qđ mantellus de skarleta sine attachia aurū non opatū serica non opata skarleta integra mere spectant ad dñm Regē. Dicunt eciam qđ dñs Rex deř ħere

And the Prior of the Vale, viz. John de la Porte enclosed to his use out of the lord the King's common des Landes to the length of 7 perches & in breadth to the one end one perch & to the other end half a perch, which is worth by the year 4 sols, of which they shall answer to the lord the King, saving the rights of each. And the said Robert [and] John de la Mare who made those encroachments shall be amerced.

(M. 18 d.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown there of the Vale.**

The jurors present that the lord the King has a certain fee farm in the Vale of 20 sols 2 deniers to be received by the hands of the Provost for the time being, to wit, the moiety at Easter & the other moiety at the feast of St. John the Baptist. And they say that the bailiff of the lord the King of the Island himself being that fifth man⁽¹⁾ shall have his dinner 3 times in the year at the Priory of the Vale & this after the 3 great courts. And they say that the Abbot of Mount St. Michael 'in periculo maris' at whose will the Prior of the Vale is removable &c. owes the duty to come to the said courts. They say also that the lord the King ought to have all the royal fish taken by what men soever of the parish without paying any money for the same. They also say that each third year the lord the King ought to have of every man of the said village who shall have chattels of the value of 20 sols or more 12 deniers, & of the widow who shall have chattels of the value of 40 sols, 12 deniers for moneage or fumiage & it is worth on an average when it shall occur 12 livres 3 sols. They say also that the lord the King ought to have a surveyor of wine, bread & ale in the said parish to keep the assize & also of measures and weights. And the amends as well for the assize of wine, bread & ale as also of false weights & measures belong to the lord the King. They say also that the lord the King should by his officers to survey all wreck occurring in the said parish, before the Prior lays his hands upon it. And they say the mantles of scarlet without fastenings, gold not worked, silk not worked, & whole scarlet belong entirely to the lord the King. They say also that the lord

(1) i.e. the Bailiff and four others.

annū e vastū de quolibz felone dñi Reġ in poċh predca. Et deb hēre omēs aves regales scil̄ austruciū falconū cignū e huj^o aves. Ita tamen qđ captor huj^o avū deb hēre de baltio dñi Reġ v s̄ Turroñ e quoddam repastum. Dicunt eciam qđ dñs Rex fit ibidm omimoda plita Corone tam de effusione sang^{nis} et claĩ de harou e accabliamento ⁽¹⁾ qđ de aliis quibuscumz plitis Corone tē.

Presentant t̄ qđ tenentes de feodo an Legat in dcta poċh debent dno Regi p annū v buss̄ fri v capoñ e iij galliñ e iij đ. Et cum deferant^o ad Granġ dñi Reġ p eos ob defectū ppoiti dñi Reġ nō querentes tē. Lator hebit p̄ndiū vt duos denař. Debent^r t̄ dno Regi in dcti poċh xxj đ noie firme e de feodo de nigro monte de auxilio xij s̄ iij đ ad pred̄ fm̄os p manus ppoiti de feodo Šci Michis.

Et Juř duodene pro diřsis conclamentis de quibz convicti fũnt in examinaçoe tē sint in m̄ia.

Presentant t̄ qđ Abbas de Monte Šci Michis non veñ p^{mo} die sumoniē Itiřis. Ido in m̄ia.

Presentant t̄ qđ post ultimas as̄ devenit Wrecoū in eoř pochia in portu de Enfer vina e macreniū unde p̄pars dñi Regis C s̄ de quibz Robtus de Haddy respond̄.

Presentant t̄ qđ cū Joħnes Gaydon opasset in quarrera cum quadam picoysa lapides ceciderunt sup eum unde statim obiit, et nullus alius inde malec^r. Judm Infortuniū p̄cii picoyse ij s̄ vj đ qui assig^{ant} Joħne que fuit uř ipius Joħnis p deo.

Presentant t̄ qđ Galfrus le Cu aditus p̄ paup̄tate e dolore spendit se ipm et nullus alius inde malec^r. Judm felo de se. Nulla fuit catalla.

(1) French—accabler.

the King ought to have year & waste of each felon of the lord the King in the said parish. And he ought to have all royal birds, to wit, goshawks, falcons, swans & such like birds, so nevertheless that the taker of such birds ought to have of the bailiff of the lord the King 5 sols Tournois & a certain repast. They say also that the lord the King has there all manner of pleas of the Crown as well for the shedding of blood & 'Clameur de Haro' & battery as of other pleas of the Crown whatsoever &c.

They present also that the tenants of the fee of Legat in the said parish owe to the lord the King by the year 5 bushels of wheat, 5 capons, 3 hens & 3 deniers. And when they shall be brought to the grange of the lord the King by them through default of the Provost of the lord the King not asking for them &c. the bearer shall have his dinner or 2 deniers. There are owing also to the lord the King in the said parish 21 deniers by the name of farm & of the fee of Noirmont of aid 12 sols 4 deniers at the said terms by the hands of the Provost of the fee of St. Michael.

And the jury of 12 for divers concealments of which they were convicted in examination, &c. are to be amerced.

They present also that the Abbot of Mount St. Michael did not come on the first day of the summons of the eyre. Therefore to be amerced.

They present also that after the last assizes there came of wreck in their parish in the port of Enfer⁽¹⁾ wine & timber whereof the share of the lord the King is 100 sols of which Robert de Haddy shall answer.

They present also that when John Gaydon was working in a quarry with a certain pickaxe stones fell upon him whereupon he died immediately, & nobody else is suspected thereof. Judgment—an accident. Value of the pickaxe 2 sols 6 deniers which are assigned to Joan who was the wife of the said John for a deodand.

They present also that Geoffrey le Cu moved by poverty & grief hanged himself & nobody else is suspected. Judgment—felo de se. He had no chattels.

(1) Portinifer.

Colinus le Cacher inventus fuit in cam̃a Rauline filie Radi Isonde volens fũr fuisse p̃ndiū ibidem. Ido puniat^r p pilorū t̃c.

Comptū est p Rõlos Petri le Markaunt nup bãli t̃c qđ Alanus le Provost in Litorio infra refluctu maris insultavit Jõhem filiū Riči Gilbt e feč ei sang^lnem e plagam t̃c. Ido fiant inde emende t̃c. Et p^otea feč finem p xx s̃.

Adhuc de remanenti pochie de Castro.

Comptu est p Rõlos Petri le Markaunt nup bãli t̃c qđ Jõhnes la disme vulñavit Jõhm le Rey noctañt qui venit e finē feč p xx s̃ quos solvit Jõhm de Šbmonte Receptorī t̃c. Et t̃ qđ Math̃us de Castro convict^o fuit qđ noctan^r verb̃avit Guill̃m Lynot unde sang^ls e ha cla. Ido in m̃ia. Et t̃ qđ Rõbt^o filius Radi de Vivãr fũr bordas de uno tonello de Wrecco et capt^o fuit cū manu ope p Rõbtum de Hady Receptorē t̃c e p Jõhnem le Markaunt p̃poitū t̃c. Et Jũr Reğ delĩba^vunt eū una cum bal̃io sine waranto t̃c. Ido respondeāt dño Regi de emendis. Et comptū est per Rõlos Math̃i de Curia bãli t̃c qđ Robinett^o filius Radi de Castro t̃xit Helenam la Vecchere in plitū in Cũr xpianitatis de laicis cãt qui veñ e finē feč p v s̃.

Et Jũr de harella p̃sentant qđ Math̃s du P̃el maličose ṽbavit Aug̃tinū de Castro in domo ip̃ius Aug̃tini. Et alias insultavit Guill̃m le Vinot noctañt p quod ha cla t̃c. Ido in duplici em̃d t̃c.

Presentant qđ Wil̃s le Counte distrinxit Ricm̃ de Boya p unū bovē et illū duxit in domū suam pp^lam et p̃dcus Ričus veñ ad domū pred̃ci Wil̃i et vi e cont^a pacē t̃c rescussit bovē illū. Ido in g^{vi} m̃ia.

Et Jũr duodene p plicz cōcelamentis de quibz cōvicti f̃sunt p exāiaçōem in m̃ia.

Colin le Cacher was found in the chamber of Raulina daughter of Ralph Isonde wishing to have a dinner there by stealth. Therefore let him be punished by the pillory &c.

It is found by the rolls of Peter le Marchant late bailiff &c. that Alan le Provost on the shore within the ebb of the sea assaulted John son of Richard Gilbert & drew blood & wounded him &c. Therefore let him make amends therefor &c. And afterwards he compounded for 20 sols.

Continuation of the remainder of the parish of Câtel.

It is found by the rolls of Peter le Marchant late bailiff &c. that John la Disme wounded John le Key by night who came & compounded for 20 sols which he paid to John de Soulemont Receiver &c. And also that Matthew de Castel was convicted for that he by night beat William Lynot to the flowing of blood & 'Clameur de Haro' was raised. Therefore to be amerced. And also that Robert son of Ralph du Vivier stole the staves of a tun of wreck & was taken in the very act by Robert de Hady Receiver &c., and by John le Marchant Provost &c. And the jurats of the King together with the bailiff delivered him without warrant &c. Therefore let them answer to the lord the King for the amends. And it is found by the rolls of Matthew de la Court bailiff &c. that Robinet son of Ralph de Castel prosecuted Helen la Vecchere in the court of Christianity concerning lay chattels, who came & compounded for 5 sols.

And the jurors of the Harelle⁽¹⁾ present that Matthew du Prael maliciously wounded Augustine de Castel in the house of the said Augustine. And at another time he assaulted William le Vinot by night on account of which 'Clameur de Haro' was raised. Therefore in double amends &c.

They present also that William le Count distrained of Richard de Boya one ox & led the same to his own house & the said Richard came to the house of the said William & with force & against the peace rescued that ox. Therefore to be heavily amerced.

And the jury of 12 for many concealments of which they were convicted by examination, to be amerced.

(1) As to the nature of the procedure of "presentation par harelle" consult Havet, *Cours Royales*, pp. 116, 117.

Radus Mengif feč tñs Joħi la Dyme p qua veñ e finem feč p
xx š q's solvit Joħi de Šbmonte Caplto posito loco receptor tč.

(M. 19.)

Adhuc de plitis Gorone de poch de Castro.

poch de Castro veñ p xij.

Gerneř.

Juř pŕesentant qđ Emmelota Popecte rectata in ultimis assisis de pluribz latrociniis nō veñ nec unq^a postea e malec^r p quod in eisdem assisis exacta fuit. Eadem E..... ěram hereditař scilč unam v'gatam ěre in sex peč que valent p annū iij busš ěri Guiltus le Alowe e pćicipes sui respondebunt đno Regi de exitibz videlč xvij sex annis qui modo appćiant^r ad iij^u xij đ scilč busš iij š vj đ. Et pđcta Emmel..... veñ et malec^r. Ido exiget^r e nulla ěuit catalla. Et pparš ěre sue remaneat đno R..... e die.

Presentant t qđ Joħnes Hamon felo de morte Joħis fil Dioniš Jordan fugit^r ad ecclī castro e ibi coram Bařtio e Juř tč recogñ řm e abjuř Inš. Nullus potuit eū arestare nulla ěuit catalla. Idm Joħnes tenuit in comūni cū Ričo e Guifto Hamon řribz suis sorore eoř que ěere debet řciam ptem ěre p pparte sue iij v'gař ěre unde pparš řcia pars ij v'gař ěre. Et pđci Ričus Guiltus e Joħna respond đno Regi de exitibz ěre p p'mo anno de tempe pđce abjur tč de j q^rt ěri pćii xvij š q^u tenuerunt Et est de pđca řra in dominio đni Reğ in feodo de Socewas unde pparš ipius Joħnis řcia duař pćiū unius v'gař ěre eschaeta đno Regi. Et pđci pćicipes respondebunt đno Regi de iij danereř ěri duoř annoř videlč j danereř e řč p ě uni^o danereř p anñ quia tamen valet pparš sua

Ralph Mengif did wrong to John la Dyme for which he came & compounded for 20 sols which he paid to John de Soulemont Chaplain put in the place of the Receiver &c.

(M. 19.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of the parish of Câtel.

The parish of Câtel came by 12.

Guernsey.

The jurors present that Emmelota Popecte cited in the last assizes for many thefts did not come or at any time afterwards & is suspected, wherefor she was summoned in the same assizes. The same Emmelota [had] land of inheritance, to wit, 1 virgate of land in 6 pieces which are worth by the year 3 bushels of wheat. William le Alowe & his partners shall answer to the lord the King for the issues, to wit, 18 6 years which are now appraised at 4 livres 12 deniers, to wit, the bushel 4 sols 6 deniers. And the said Emmelota comes & is suspected. Therefore she is summoned & she had no chattels. And the share of her land shall remain to the lord the King [for a year] & a day.

They present also that John Hamon felon for the death of John son of Dionis Jordan fled to the Church [St. Mary] de Câtel & there before the bailiff & the jurats &c. acknowledged the deed & abjured the islands. Nobody could arrest him He had no chattels. The same John held in common with Richard & William Hamon his brothers their sister who ought to have the third part of the land for her share 3 virgates of land whereof the share third part 2 virgates of land. And the said Richard, William & Joan shall answer to the lord the King for the issues of the land for the first year of the time of the aforesaid abjuration &c. of 1 quarter of wheat value 18 sols because they held And there is of the aforesaid land in the lordship of the lord the King in the fee of Soteward whereof the share of the said John the third of 2 parts of 1 virgate of land escheated to the lord the King. And the aforesaid partners shall answer to the lord the King for 3 small bushels of wheat of 2 years, to wit, 1 small bushel & the 3rd part of 1 small bushel by the year because nevertheless his share is worth

Presentant t̃ qđ quidam porcus Galfr̃i Dioniſ p infortuniū inſfecit
Joñem fit ejusd̃m Galfr̃ puerū teneris etatis et nō malecre-
dunt aliquem aliū de p̃dco fco. Judm Infort̃ p̃cii porci e
dant^r in elemoſ ad parand cayam sup mare.

Presentant t̃ qđ est in poch̃ sua feodū Socewas et tenentes feodi
illius reddunt p annū dño Regi xij q̃r̃i e j busſ fri et xij ſ de firma et
reddunt dñi Regi moneagiū pannagiū qđ valet p annū v đ et pullagiū
quod se extendit coibz annis ad v galliñ. Iñm tenentes feodi de
Mautalent reddunt p annū dño Regi xvj ſ de firma. Iñm tenentes
feodi Aulegat reddunt p annū dño Regi iiij q̃r̃i fri ij panes ij capoñ e
Vacat ⁽¹⁾ ejusd̃m feodi exist̃..... in eadem poch̃ et residuū
ejusd̃m feodi est in poch̃ de Wale⁽¹⁾ et reddunt tenentes feodoꝝ
pannağ quod valet p annū Iñm pullağ quod se extendit
coibz annis. Iñm tenentes feodi de Hanc reddunt dño Regi annuatim
x busſ fri ad pvam mensuř et iiij^{or} capoñ e ij galliñ et
est p̃dcm feodū quedam ps feodi de Syward. Iñm tenentes
..... bovatē f̃re del Greyn reddunt dño Regi p annū ij busſ fri ad
pvam mensuř. Et tenentes feo..... Aunymet reddunt annuatim
dño Regi iiij busſ fri e j cabotet. Et dñs Rex pcipit p annū de p̃dco
feodo iiij li iiij đ de auxilio ſ. p manus p̃poiti de pvo mesterio de
feodo Šci Mich̃is solvend ad f̃minos Pasch̃ e Šci Joñis Bapt̃ lxxiiij ſ
e ij đ. Et p man..... de magno mesterio vj ſ ij đ. Et moneagiū
in poch̃ dño Regi debitū valet coibz annis cū acciderit
xij li. Percipit ex sup feodū quondam Comit̃ Morton
xxvij ſ p annū ad f̃minos p̃dcas p manus p̃poiti ejusd̃m
Debet t̃ dñs Rex h̃ere supvisum de oñi Wrecco quod acciderit in eoꝝ

(1) In the MS. the word 'vacat' appears in the body. The words underlined
were doubtless intended to disappear.

They present also that a certain hog of Geoffrey Dionis by accident killed John son of the same Geoffrey a child of tender age, & they do not suspect anyone else of the aforesaid deed. Judgment—an accident, value of the hog & they are given in aid to provide a quay upon the sea.

They present also that there is in their parish the fee of Soteward & the tenants of that fee pay by the year to the lord the King 12 quarters & 1 bushel of wheat & 12 sols of farm & they pay to the lord the King moneage, pannage which is worth per annum 5 deniers & pullage which extends one year with another to 5 hens. Also the tenants of the fee of Mautalent pay by the year to the lord the King 16 sols of farm. Also the tenants of the fee of Legat pay by the year to the lord the King 4 quarters of wheat, 2 loaves, 2 capons & 30 eggs for the part of the same fee being in the same parish, & the residue of the same fee is in the parish of the Vale [& the tenants of those fees pay pannage which is worth per annum Also pullage which extends one year with another.] Also the tenants of the fee of Hane pay to the lord the King yearly 10 bushels of wheat by the small measure & 4 capons & 2 hens & the said fee is a certain part of the fee of Syward.⁽¹⁾ Also the tenants bovates of land of Greyn pay to the lord the King by the year 2 bushels of wheat by the small measure. And the tenants of the fee of Au Mièrre⁽²⁾ pay yearly to the lord the King 3 bushels of wheat & 1 cabot. And the lord the King takes by the year of the said fee 4 livres 4 deniers of aid, viz. by the hands of the Provost of the smaller Monastery of the fee of St. Michael to be paid at the terms of Easter & St. John the Baptist 74 sols 2 deniers. And by the hands of the greater Monastery 6 sols 2 deniers. And the moneage due to the lord the King in parish is worth one year with another when it shall occur 12 livres. He takes upon the fee formerly of the Count of Mortain 27 sols by the year at the aforesaid terms by the hands of the Provost of the same Also the lord the King ought to have the survey of all wreck that may occur in

(1) Fee Suard. (2) In St. Peter-in-the-Wood.

pocñ et de antiqua ptinent dño Regi aurum nō opatum serica nō opata scarletta integra e mantellū sine [attachia].

Presentant t̃ qđ anno tē xxxiiij^{to} devenit de Wrecko una bala sepi unde ppars dñi Reġ Liiij s̃ ij đ. Iīm devenit aliud Wreckū unde ppars Reġ vij ĩi de quibz Robtus de Hady receptor tē respondeb̃ si p'us nō tē. Iīm quod pecia masti p̃cii duodecim solid̃ unde idm Robtus respondeb̃ qui dicit qđ inde fc̃te fūant tabule in aula dñi Reġ

Presentant t̃ qđ Emelina ux Robti Eminer abjuř Insulas pro receptamento Matiff Lohir que p'us Insulas abj'averat pro latrociniiis tē. Ead̃m Emelina tempe abjuř sue pref̃ catalla que devenerunt ad man^o Dyoniš Tillebuř receptoris tē fuit blada in f̃ra de dote sua ad valenč vj buss̃ f̃ri de quibz Joñnes Emmel..... et pticipes sui f̃edes tē qui dotem illam occupařant respondebunt. Et q̃ man^o apposuerunt sine Waranto. Iđo in m̃ia.

Coletta la Miresse abjuř Insulas pro recettamento ejusdē Matiff nō fuit f̃ram vř catalla. Et Emma Hungier abjuř Insulas pro furto nec fuit f̃ram vř catalla. Iīm Mathis la besoigne qui jam obiit. Joñnes de Rochesford e Johanett^o de Genas in p'ncipio quadrag̃ie anno tē xxxiiij^o abjuř Insulas pro raptu f̃c̃to Johanette Naom et ip̃a p̃ eos feloniter inf̃fecta pred̃ Joñnes de Genas nō fuit f̃ram vř catalla pred̃ctus Joñnes de Rochesford nō fuit catalla nec f̃rā in dñico q̃ dimiserat f̃ram suam cuidam Petro Romer ad feodi firmā reddendo sibi e f̃edibz suis singtis annis iij q̃r̃fia f̃ri quem quidem redditū tenuit tempe abjuř tē. Iđo redditus ille remaneat dño Regi ut ejus tē. Et Robtus de Hady tunc Receptor tē et pred̃ctus Petr^o respondeb̃t de p'mo anno tē. Et pred̃ Joñnes e Johanetta p'tea redierunt deferentes secum f̃ras dñi Reġ patentes que inř celas irrořlant̃ continen..... qđ dñs Rex pdonavit eis abjuraçom quam fec̃ant ocçone mortis Joñne Florincent. Ita tam̃ qđ se prisone dñi Reġ in hac Insula ad standū inde recto tē. Et

their parish & of old there belong to the lord the King gold not worked, silk not worked, whole scarlet, & mantles without [fastenings.]

They present also that in the 34th year &c. there came of wreck one bale of tallow whereof the share of the lord the King is 54 sols 2 deniers. Also there came of another wreck whereof the share of the King is 7 livres of which Robert de Hady, Receiver &c. shall answer if not already &c. Also a piece of the mast value 12 sols whereof the said Robert shall answer, who says that tables were made thereof in the hall of the lord the King.

They present also that Emeline wife of Robert Eminer abjured the islands for receiving Matilda Lohir who had previously abjured the islands for thefts &c. The same Emeline at the time of her abjuration besides the chattels which came to the hands of Dyonisius Tillebury Receiver &c. had corn in the land of her dower to the value of 6 bushels of wheat of which John Emmel & his partners, heirs, &c. who held that dower shall answer. And because they laid their hands thereon without warrant therefore to be amerced.

Coletta la Miresse who abjured the islands for receiving the said Matilda had no land or chattels. And Emma Hungier who abjured the islands for theft had no land or chattels. Also Matthew la Besoigne who is now dead, John de Rocheford & Johanettus de Genas in the beginning of Lent in the 33rd year &c. abjured the islands for seizing Johanette Naom & for killing her feloniously: the said John de Genas had no land or chattels & the said John de Rocheford had no chattels nor land in the demesne because he demised his land to a certain Peter Romer to fee farm, paying to him & his heirs every year 4 quarters of wheat which said rent he held at the time he abjured &c. Also that rent remains to the lord the King as his [escheat] &c. And Robert de Hady then Receiver &c. and the said Peter shall answer for the first year &c. And the said John & Johanetta afterwards returned bringing with them letters patent of the lord the King which are enrolled among others containing that the lord the King pardoned the abjuration which they made on account of the death of Joan Florincent, so nevertheless that they shall give themselves up to the prison of the lord the King

de iij annis residuis de arreraĝ ejusd redditus predcus
Petr^o simt cū Rīco le Hericee qui redditū illū emit de predco Joĥne
postq^a predca pdonacoe. Et ad Judm de predcis Petro
e Ričo. Et predcus Mathus ĥuit catalla ad valenč de
quibz predcus Robt^o simt cum Nicha mater predci Mathi e filius
suus participibz ejusd Mathi Mathus ĥuit ĥram
in cōmuni cum participibz suis et dote mat's sue unde ppars
..... ĥre que valet p annū j q^r fri unde pđci
maĩ e participes respondebe de arreĩ unde pđce
redditu silr tč p parte ĥpius Mathi XL s de quibz predca Nicha res-
pondeb p pleĝ Petⁱ

Postea veñunt pđci Joĥnes e Johannett^o reŭti extra prisonam tč
et quesiti qualr delibati sunt p'sona. Dicunt qđ ĥpi statim
p^tq^a adepti fũant pđcas ĥras de pdonacoe tč optulerunt se Petro le
Markaunt tunc bañio tč qui convenire feč Juř Reg tč et ĥpi adjudi-
cařnt ĥpos recedere qu..... tč. Et pđci Petr^o e
Juř nō possunt hoc dediče. Iđo oĩes in mĩa. Licet quidam eoř
se excusasse p absenciā cum
nullus eoř illud sciens postea reclamařit tč. Sed q^o p.....
..... le Heriche qui reddm illū sic emit postea tč est unus de Juř.
Iđo ĥpe ĝ^avi^o tč. Et predc... Joĥnes
cōmittunt^r p'sone puniendi tč. Postea fečunt finem pro p'sona r.....
..... Joĥnes per XL s p pleĝ Riči le Heriche
e Robti Age Postea veñ pđc... Petr^o
..... ad oř pđ.....

Et predci Johannes e Johan
..... qđ nō sunt inde culpablos
..... qđ predci Johannes e
..... quieti.

in this island to stand their trial thereupon &c. And of the 3 years remaining of the arrears of the said rent the aforesaid Peter together with Richard le Herice who bought that rent of the said John after the said pardon. And to the judgment of the said Peter & Richard. And the aforesaid Matthew had chattels to the value of which the aforesaid Robert together with Nicholaa mother of the aforesaid Matthew & her son partners of the said Matthew Matthew had land in common with his partners & the dower of his mother whereof the share of the land which is worth by the year one quarter of wheat whereof the aforesaid mother & the partners shall answer for the arrears whereof of the said rent likewise &c. for the share of the same Matthew 40 sols of which the aforesaid Nicholaa shall answer by the pledge of Peter

Afterwards came the said John & Johanettus who had come out of prison &c., and being asked in what way they were delivered out of the prison they say that immediately they had obtained the said letters of pardon &c. they brought them to Peter le Marchant then bailiff &c. who caused the jurats of the lord the King to come together &c. and they adjudged them to be removed &c. And the said Peter & the jurats cannot deny this, therefore all to be amerced, although a certain one of them excused himself by absence as none of them knowing this afterwards contradicted &c. But because le Heriche who so bought that rent afterwards &c. is one of the jurats, thereof he to be more heavily [amerced] &c. And the aforesaid John are committed to prison to be punished &c. Afterwards they compromised instead of prison John for 40 sols by the pledge of Richard le Heriche & Robert Age..... Afterwards came the aforesaid Peter to the use aforesaid

And the said John & Johan that they are not guilty thereof that the said John & acquitted.

(M. 19 d.)

Adhuc de p̄itis de Corona cum pvisionibz factis.

Comptū est tam p ministros q̄ p Jur in hac Insula qđ Bordarii dñi Reġ falso deserviunt dño Regi et p̄plo in om̄imodis officiis ex-
cendendis et p̄tes eoꝝ licet teneant tenēta sua ad volunť dñi Regis
on̄asunt teñ illa vsus diŷsos in magnis redditibz sine licencia e
voluntate dñi Reġ sicut patz in p̄itis in diŷsis pochiis. Et hiis e
aliis causis de consilio p̄bioꝝ huj⁹ Insule concordē est p Justiĉ hic qđ
om̄ia bordagia capiant⁹ in mañ dñi Reġ. Ita tamen qđ illi qui p̄us
ea tenuerūt ea teneant ad certā firmā sup ea assessam si voluerint vť
tradatur aliis tĉ. Et p̄poitus huj⁹ Insule qui dicit⁹ vicecomes on̄atur
de cetero de ricipiendo om̄ida p̄cepta Cuñ dñi Reġ tam de debitis e
firmis q̄ dist̄ccoibz e aliis quibuscumq̄ et illa faciet p quinq̄ svientes
sive bordarios cum uno garĉone ſ. in poĉi de Šci Pet⁹ Portu p unū
svientē sive bordař cum uno garĉone qui quid garĉo faciet officiū
s⁹pensionū et alioꝝ Judicioꝝ viliñ. Et in parochiis Šci Sampson⁹ e de
Wale p unū svientē sive bordař. Et in parochiis de Castro Šci Andr
e Šci Salvatoris per unū consimilem. Et in pochiis de Torteval e
Šci Petri de Bosco p unū aliū. Et in parochi de Foresta e Bellosa p
unū aliū svientē sive bordař. Et fidei⁹ respondebit supioribz suis
cuilibz in suo casu. Et capiet ad inĉmentū feodi sui pro sei⁹po singlis
annis p man⁹ Receptoris decem q̄rřia řri. Et Bordař de Šci Petri
Portu cum garĉoe suo q̄tuor q̄rřia řri. Et Bordař de Torteval e
Bosco ubi min⁹ onus extat duo q̄rřia řri. Et quilibz alioꝝ Bordarioꝝ
p̄dcoꝝ tria q̄rřia řri. Et sciend qđ consuetudo om̄ Insulaꝝ talis est
qđ nlls bordař cuj⁹cūq̄ dñi potest on̄are bordaġ suū vsus quemcūq̄
nec aliquid inde alienare q'n totū sit forisfĉm dño tĉ. Postea concordē
est qđ Wilts Lenginour ad hoc assignat⁹ qui p p̄poitos constituend

(M. 19 d.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown with the provisions made.**

It is found as well by the officers as by the jurats in this island that the 'bordiers' of the lord the King falsely serve the lord the King & the people in exercising all manner of offices & many of them although they hold their tenements at the will of the lord the King charged those lands against divers in large rents without the license & will of the lord the King as appears in the pleas in divers parishes. And for these & other causes by the counsel of the chief men of this island it was agreed by the justices here that all the bordages be taken into the hands of the lord the King. So nevertheless that those who held them previously may hold them at a certain farm assessed upon them if they will, or may be made over to others &c. And the Provost of this island who is called the Viscount is charged further with receiving all the orders of the Court of the lord the King as well of revenue & farm as distrains & all other things whatsoever, & doing the same by 5 serjeants or bordiers with one servant, to wit, in the parish of St. Peter-Port by one serjeant or bordier with one servant which said servant shall perform the duties of capital punishments & other degrading sentences. And in the parishes of St. Sampson & the Vale by one serjeant or bordier. And in the parishes of the Castel, St. Andrew & St. Saviour by one similar. And in the parishes of Torteval & St. Peter in the Wood by another. And in the parishes of the Forest & St. Martin de Bellouse by one other serjeant or bordier. And he shall answer faithfully to his superiors each in his own case. And he shall take to the increase of his fee for himself every year by the hands of the receiver 10 quarters of wheat. And the bordier of St. Peter-Port with his servant 4 quarters of wheat. And the bordiers of Torteval & St. Peter in the Wood where there is less work 2 quarters of wheat. And each of the other afore-said bordiers 3 quarters of wheat. And be it known that the custom of all the islands is such that no bordier of whatsoever lord may charge his bordage to anybody nor alienate any part thereof without the whole being forfeited to the lord &c. Afterwards it was agreed that William Lenginour be hereto assigned who by provosts to be

put consuevit e p Etos servientes p ipm Vič apponend dū tamen competentes fūnt tanq̃ Bordař fieri fač execuções omimodas tam de pcept̃ q̃m firmis omimod̃ debitis levand e inde p loco e tempe fidelr̃ respond̃ p̃viso tñ qđ om̃es suñ de ceſo fiant p duos nřto alio de antiquis consuetudinibz mutato vl mutando. Et pcipiet p̃dcs Vič p̃dcm fr̃m p se e servientibz suis tč.

Preceptū est Matħo de Curia Baltio dñi Reġ p Justič hic qđ exigi fač om̃es s̃scriptos rectatis ad plita corone dñi Reġ e fugitivos semel exactos ad pacē dñi Reġ in hiis as̃ ad tres p̃ncipales curias dñi Reġ pxio tenend p̃t has as̃. Ita qđ ad p̃mam cuř sint scđo exacti et ad scđam Cuř fciio exacti et ad fciam Cuř q̃rto exacti. Et si non vef̃int tunc faciat eos utlagař siue forbanire. Et si cicius vef̃int tunc eos capiat e in p̃sona salvo custodire faciat. Ita qđ heat corpa eoř ad stand̃ rec..... scđm legē e consueř Inš s̃. Petru Nicole p roberia Aug^otinū de Šbmolendio pro eodm Ricm̃ filiū Joħnis de Capella p furto, Radm̃ filiū Jordani Golbe pro consimti, Joħnem filiū Joħnis, Roħt pro consimti, Petrū Levesqe pro furto, Guillotum Blaunche p eodm Colinū filiū Eglentine, Renof pro g̃vibz vulneribz de nocte, Guiltm de Castro pro consimti, Johanettū Pyan p consimti Geminū fil Riči Ode p burgatura domoř. Et etificet Justiciař dñi Reġ ad p̃mas as̃ cū ad ptes istas ven..... quid fecit de p̃mis̃ distincte e apte. Et Justič tč fecunt predco Matħo inde tras suas patentes. Et simitr̃ pceptū est ballis qui hic fūnt qđ in inquisiçōnibz capiend̃ ponant distincte e apte in Rot..... nomen suū pp̃um et noia Juratoř dñi Reġ qui cū eo p̃sentes fūnt et noia Juř in eis̃ inquisiçōibz e eciam diem annū e locum de capçone huj^o inquis̃. Et pceptū est simitr̃ qđ ad adjurações simitr̃ fiat tam de noibz q̃ de die anno e loco et ponat̃ in Rořlis felonia recognita e port^o feloni assig̃tus.

constituted as is customary & by certain serjeants to be appointed by the viscount himself for so long as they shall be competent, as bordiers shall cause to be made all manner of executions both concerning the levying of dues and of all kinds of farm due & shall answer faithfully thereof in time & place, provided nevertheless that all summonses from henceforth be made by two, no other of the old customs being changed or to be changed. And the said viscount shall receive the said wheat for himself & his serjeants &c.

It is commanded to Matthew de la Court the bailiff of the lord the King by the justices here that he shall cause to be called all the underwritten cited to the pleas of the Crown of the lord the King & the fugitives already called to the peace of the lord the King in these assizes at the 3 principal courts of the lord the King next to be held after these assizes, so that at the first court they be called to the second, & at the second court they be called to the third & at the 3rd court they be called to the fourth. And if they shall not come that he then cause them to be outlawed or banished. And if they shall come sooner then he shall take them & cause them to be safely kept in prison, so that he have their bodies to stand their trial therein according to the law & custom of the island, to wit, Peter Nicole for robbery, Augustine de Sous-Moulin for same, Richard son of John de la Chapelle for theft, Ralph son of Jordan Golbe for like, John son of John Robert for like, Peter Levesque for theft, Gillot Blaunche for the same, Collin son of Eglentine Renouf for serious assault by night, William de Castro for like, Johanet Pyan for like, Gemin son of Richard Ode for burglary of houses. And he shall certify to the justices of the lord the King at the first assizes when they shall come to these parts what he shall have done concerning the premises distinctly & openly. And the justices &c. shall make to the said Matthew their letters patent thereof. And it is likewise commanded to the bailiffs who shall be here that in the inquiries to be taken they shall put distinctly & openly in the rolls their own names & the names of the jurats of the lord the King who shall be present with him & the names of the jurors in the same inquiries, & also the day year & place of the taking of these inquiries. And it is commanded likewise that at abjurations he shall likewise put down as well the names as the day year & place & shall put in the rolls the felonies acknowledged & the port assigned to the felon.

Et sciendū qđ quedam emenda de Guiñno le Joevene de C. 3. Et de Petro le Say de xx 3 date sunt Juř đni Reğ.

İm de plitis de Gorona de Castro.

Juř pŕesentant qđ quedam Alicia Alianoř ante assisas tentas p magřm R de Leisset abjuř Insulas pro receptamento Matilt Loher e catalla ej⁹ deveñunt ad man⁹ Dyoniř de Tillebury tunc receptoris tē nō hñit libām ęram.

Presentant t qđ Joñnes Lalowe dicens quendam murilegñ cōme- disse Juvenes aucas suas et p..... cepisset murilegñ sive catū Wilti le Telier imponēs predēm malefēm sup catū illū retin..... predēm Wilřm in domo sua quousq; excorsit ab eo xiiij turroñ grossos. Ido ipe in mīa. Idm t Joh..... cogit paupes hoīes mītes invitos solvere sepius p portu suo. Ido in g^{vi} mīa.

Et Jordan⁹ de Sauzmareys nō veñ p^{mo} die Itiñis. Ido in mīa.

Presentant t qđ Ričus Michel de Landis debet đno Regi duas galliñ p aññ pro quadam p^p..... sup comunā đni Reğ fca ab antiquo p pgenitores suos. Et Ričus de Maunceys in hoc cepit p purpresturam sup cōmunā đni Reğ ad q^{ntitatē} t^{um} pticař que valet p aññ j dane..... řri et inde oñat^r salvo jure cuj⁹libř. Et Colinus le Romye similř tenet de p^prestura sup cōm..... ad q^{ntitatē} medietatis uni⁹ pticař ęre que valet p annū iiij đ et p tres assisas p^{xio} pre..... pceptū fuit illud emendari quod nōdū fcm est. Ido respondeat đno Regi tam de arrerağ q^a de redditu salvo jure cuj⁹libř. Et Ričus Dye a iiij^{or} annis elapsis feč p^presturā sup cōmunā q..... ad mensur uni⁹ pticař ęre sup quam feč murū et valet p annū ij đ.

And be it known that certain fines of William de Joevene of 100 sols, & of Peter de Say of 20 sols are given to the jurats of the lord the King.

Continuation of the pleas of the Crown of the parish of
Câtel.

The jurors present that a certain Alice Alianor before the assizes held by Master R. de Leisset abjured the islands for receiving Matilda Loher & her chattels came to the hands of Dyonis de Tillebury then Receiver &c. She had no free land.

They present also that John Lalowe asserting that a certain cat had eaten his young geese & took a cat of William le Telier putting the said wrong-doing upon that cat retained the said William in his house until he extorted from him 14 large Tournois. Therefore he is to be amerced. Also the same John compels poor soldiers unwillingly very often to pay for his drink. Therefore to be heavily amerced.

And Jordan de Saumareys did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore to be amerced.

They present also that Richard Michel des Landes owes to the lord the King 2 hens by the year for a certain enclosure made upon the common of the lord the King of old by his progenitors. And Richard de Maunceys in this took by enclosure on the common of the lord the King to the quantity of 3 perches which is worth per annum one small bushel of wheat & he is charged therewith saving the right of all others. And Colin le Romye likewise holds of enclosure upon the common to the quantity of the moiety of one perch of land which is worth per annum 4 deniers & at the 3 assizes last past it was ordered that the same should be restored which has not been done. Therefore let him answer to the lord the King as well for the arrears as of the rent saving the right of each. And Richard Dye 4 years ago made an enclosure upon the common to the measure of one perch of land upon which he built a wall & it is worth per annum 2 deniers. Therefore let him be charged as well for the arrears as for the rent saving the

Ido ofatur tam de arre..... q̄ de redd̄ salvo juř t̄c. Et Ričus Osanne
p̄t ultias assisas cepit de p̄prestura sup viam regal... tres pticatas in
longitudīe et duū pedem in latitudīe. Ido respondeat inde dno Regi
p annū v̄t restituatur. Et Račs Karitey cepit
similr p̄presturā sup viam regiā ad longit..... duař pticatař e lati-
tudiem iij^{or} pedū. Ido respondeat inde dno Regi p annū
v̄t rest Et Jordan⁹ Thome cepit similr de p̄prestura de
via regia ad lonḡ duař pticatař et latitud̄ ij pe..... Ido respondeat
inde dno Regi p annū v̄t restituat̄. Et Gilbtus Loisel ob-
struxit q̄ntitatē dī ped̄ construendo
murū t̄c. Ido om̄es p̄l̄ pred̄m Ričm Michel in mīa.

..... p^lmo anno p̄t ultias assisas deveñunt
bestie de We..... xij
..... xij bidentes. Et quarto anno xij bidentes
..... preciū. Et in hoc ann.....
bidentes de quibus

..... Bartolot, Ročtum Ma.....
..... Jořam Muriel, Lucettam
..... Jordan Jořim
..... Matřim de Cuř, Pl.....
..... Račm le
..... Lehir, Ročtum
..... Joři

(M. 20.)

Delibačo Gaole ibiđm pred̄cus die e anno.

Gerneř.

Guifř fit Henř Balan rectat⁹ de eo qđ abduxit uřem Jořnis Robert
siml̄ cū b..... fendit totū t̄c et de bono
et malo poñ se sup pat'am. Juř dicūt p sačrm suū concubuit
cū uře pred̄ci Jořnis sed illam nō abduxit nec de bonis iřius Joh.....
.....dam nocte cum pred̄cus Guifř venisset ad domū iřius Jořnis

right &c. And Richard Ozanne after the last assizes encroached upon the King's high-way 3 perches in length & half a foot in breadth. Therefore let him answer therefor to the lord the King by the year or let it be restored. And Ralph Karitey likewise made an encroachment on the King's high-way to the length of 2 perches & to the breadth of 4 feet. Therefore let him answer therefor to the lord the King by the year—or let it be restored. And Jordan Thome made likewise an encroachment of the King's high-way to the length of 2 perches & to the breadth of 2 feet. Therefore let him answer therefor to the lord the King by the year—or let it be restored. And Gilbert Loisel obstructed quantity of half a foot by building a wall &c. Therefore all except the said Richard Michel to be amerced.

..... in the first year after the last assizes came
beasts of waif 12
12 sheep. And in the 4th year 12 sheep
..... value. And in this year sheep of which
..... Bartelot, Robert Ma.....
..... Joan Muriel, Lucette
..... Jordan John
..... Matthew de la Court, Ph.....
..... Ralph le
..... Lehir, Robert
..... John

(M. 20.)

~~Guol-delivery~~ there the said day & year.

Guernsey.

William son of Henry Balan accused for that he took away the wife of John Robert together with
defend the whole &c. and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. The jurors say on their oath that he laid with the wife of the aforesaid John but did not take her away nor any of the goods of the said John certain night when the aforesaid William came to the house of the said John by the decep-

p decepčom uxis marito suo et posuisset capđ
suū p mediū cuj⁹ d fenestre pfata uř Joñnis p
capillos suos dñm đcus Joñnes ipm vbavit p quod pefat⁹ Guiff in
injuria sua hareu e p avisamentū Juratoř
conř est qđ pđcus Guiff fač inde dno Regi emend.....
Alanus le Provost e Guiff Salemon et Gervař balan manucař ac'qtař
pđctos pleř.

Stephus le Joevene rectat⁹ qđ furat⁹ fuit unam supunicā Radi
Ledeuin veñ e defend e totū tč e de bono
e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Juř dicunt qđ pđcus Stepħ nō est
..... nec de alio fcto malecř. Ido conř est
qđ pđ Stepħ sit quiet⁹.

Joñnes filius Joñnis de Genas e Joñnes de Rocheford rectati de
eo qđ feloniř inřfectunt Joħamicent dictam alio noie Joħam de
Mauns et qui alias abjuř Insulas pro eod recto veñ et proferunt iras
dñi Reř pat'is Reř nunc de pdonačoe pđcťa que alibi irrořlantur inř
hujusmodi cartas tč. Et quo ad mortem tč defendunt totū tč. Et
de bono e malo poñ se sup patriam.

Šci P. in por.

Petr⁹ Viger rectat⁹ de abbettamento e consilio de morte Guilli
Burnel feloniř inřfecti veñ et defend oniem feloñ e totū tč et de bono
e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Et Osťtus Alisaundř rectat⁹ de eo qđ p
acabliamentū quod feč Helene uři Guilli Restaud ipa levavit clañ
de hareu e cita pťea obiit veñ e defend oniem feloñ e totū tč et de
bono e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Juř dicunt p sacřm suū qđ pđcťi
Petr⁹ e Osťtus nō sunt culpabľes de pđ mortibz nec de aliis male-
fcis malecř. Ido quo ad mortem tč sint quieti. Et pđ Osťtus pro
pđcťis acabliamento e clañ faciat dno Regi emend videlř de xix ř.

Oliřus Galan rectat⁹ de eo qđ est fuř e latro de xij garbis ordi
que fuerř Petri Auneys e uni⁹ Multoñ Joñnis le Graunt e j Lynthea-

tion of his wife her husband & had put his head through a certain window the aforesaid wife of John by his hair while the said John struck him whereby the said William through his trespass [raised] the 'Clameur de Haro' & by the advice of the jurors it is considered that the said William shall make amends therefor to the lord the King Alan le Provost & William Salemon & Gervase Balan undertook to discharge the said pledges.

Stephen le Joevene accused for that he stole an overtunic of Ralph Ledevin came & defended & the whole &c. and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. The jurors say that the said Stephen is not [guilty] nor suspected of any other deed. Therefore it is ordered that the said Stephen be discharged.

John son of John de Genas & John de Rocheford accused for that they feloniously killed Joanicent called by another name Joan de Mauns & who elsewhere abjured the islands for the same deed came & produced letters of pardon aforesaid of the lord the King father of the now King which are enrolled elsewhere among such documents &c. And as to the death &c. they defend the whole &c. And for good & evil they submit themselves to the verdict of the country.

St. Peter-Port.

Peter Viger accused of aiding & abetting in the death of William Burnel feloniously killed came & defended all the felony & all &c., and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. And Osbert Alexander accused for that on account of the wounds which he inflicted on Helen the wife of William Restaud she raised a 'Clameur de Haro' & soon afterwards died, came & defended all the felony & all &c. and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. The jurors say by their oath that the aforesaid Peter & Osbert are not guilty of the said deaths nor suspected of any evil-doings. Therefore as to the death &c. they be discharged. And the aforesaid Osbert for the aforesaid wounding & 'Clameur' shall make to the lord the King amends, to wit, 19 sols.

Oliver Galan accused for that he is a thief & stole 12 sheaves of barley which were of Peter Auneys & one wether of John le Graunt

minis Cecilie Salekyn e de aliis latroč tē veñ e defendē totū tē et de bono e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Et Mathus Capoun rectat⁹ de eo qđ pforavit unū doliū vini Guilhi le Lombard e furtive asptavit vinū ad valenč ij s veñ e defendē totū tē. Et de bono e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Juř dicunt sup sacrm suū qđ pđci Olfus e Mathis nō sunt culpabtes de pred latroč nec de aliis malefcis malec^r. Ido sint quieti.

Guills Germanyn rectat⁹ de eo qđ est latro de uno multone de Joñne Estur e de aliis lat^oč veñ e def totū tē et de bono e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Et Guiff de Hußland rectat⁹ qđ ipe emit multoñ illū de pđ Guillo se sciente illū esse furtivū veñ e defendē totū tē. Et de bono e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Et q Guills de Maresc Guills Maheu Rogus le Fauconer Joñnes le Serf Joñnes Oliver Robt⁹ Reynald Thom Berand vocati ad Juř istam satis tempestie no vefint. Ido in mīa. Juř dicunt sup sacrm suū qđ predci Guiff e Guiff nō sunt culpabtes de pred lat^oč nec de aliis malefcis malec^r. Ido quieti.

Sci Andr

Ričus Franket rectat⁹ de furto uni⁹ ancōre e ferroz ad caruč et qđ est coīs latro veñ e defendē totū tē et de bono e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Et Johanett⁹ fil Joñis du Molin rectat⁹ de eo qđ est coīs latro et qđ fuit in societate ipius Riči ad pđca lat^ocinia veñ e defendē totū tē et de bono e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Et Rads Feroun rectat⁹ qđ est fuř e latro de bidentibz patris sui veñ e defendē totū tē et de bono e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Et Guills Bloundel rectat⁹ de eo qđ rapuit uřem Guiffi Melege e eam deforč cont^a pacē e coronam dñi Reğ veñ e defendē totū tē e poñ se sup pat'am. Et Pħa la Fraunket rectata de eo qđ receptavit Symonettā filiam Joñnis le Markaunt una cū bonis ipius Joñnis ad eam fective asptatis veñ e defendē totū tē et poñ se sup pat'am. Et Mich de Graunceys rectat⁹ de eo qđ est fuř e latro de garb Riči de la Bete. Et Thom Elyes rectat⁹ de eodm veñ

& one sheet of Cicely Salekyn & for other thefts &c. came & defended all &c. and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. And Matthew Capoun accused for that he broached a cask of wine of William le Lombard & furtively took away wine to the value of 2 sols came & defended all &c., and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. The jurors say upon their oath that the said Oliver & Matthew are not guilty of the said thefts nor are they suspected of any other evil-doings. Therefore they are discharged.

William Germain accused for that he stole one wether of John Estur & for other thefts came & defended all &c. and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. And William de Huberland accused for that he bought that sheep of the said William knowing it to have been stolen came & defended all &c. and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. And because William du Marais, William Maheu, Roger le Fauconer, John le Serf, John Oliver, Robert Reynald, Thomas Berand called to the jury did not come in time enough. Therefore they are to be amerced. The jurors say upon their oath that the said John & William are not guilty of the said theft nor suspected of any evil-doings. Therefore they are discharged.

St. Andrew.

Richard Franket accused of the theft of one anchor & the irons for a plough & that he is a common thief comes & defends all &c. and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. And Johanet son of John du Moulin accused for that he is a common thief & that he was in the company of the said Richard at the said thefts comes & defends all &c. and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. And Ralph Feroun accused for that he is a thief & stole the sheep of his father comes & defends all &c. and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. And William Blondel accused of having seized by force the wife of William Melege & detaining her against the peace & crown of the lord the King comes & defends all &c. and submits himself to the verdict of the country. And Philippa la Fraunket accused for that she received Symonetta daughter of John le Marchant together with the goods of the said John furtively taken to her comes & defends the whole &c. and submits herself to the verdict of the country. And Michel de Graunceys accused for that he is a thief & stole of the sheaves of Richard de la Bete. And Thomas Elyes accused of the same come

e defendē totū tē. Et de bono e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Juř dicunt p sacrm suū qđ pđcti Ričus Johanett^o Radus Guills Pħa Mich e Thoñ nō sunt inde culpabtes nec de aliis malefcis malec^r. Iđo sint quieti. Et q₃ Johanett^o fī Joñnis du Moulin alias abjuř Insulas ad tempus et rediit infra temp^o sine licencia. Iđo remittit' p'soñ tē. Et exp^otat Judm tē. Et q₃ Ričus Franket valde spect^o est de aliis lat^ociniis. Iđo remittit' p'sone quosq₃ tē p bonos pleģ.

Sci Samp^s

Willis de Capella senior rectat^o qđ est fuř e latro de j equo relicte Henrici Turgys veñ e defendē totū tē et de bono e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Et Ričus Waclyn et Rođt^o Waclin e Rođt^o de Oronge rectati de eo qđ fregunt domū Guilli de Hady et furtie asportavnt bona ibidm inventa ad valenč x librař veñ e defendē totū tē et de bono e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Et Emma uř Luce Gremdaveine e Pħa filia ejusdem rectate qđ fuř gallinas Luce Gremdaveine e alia bona sua veñ e defendē totū tē. Et de bono e malo poñ se sup patriam. Et Rič filius Nichi de Port rectat qđ rapuit Joħam filiam Riči Angot et voluit eam deforciasse veñ e defendē totū tē et poñ se sup pat'am. Et Guills fī Guilli Robeys et Guills de Capella Junior rectati qđ fuř fīnt j lavatoriū e galliñ e alia bona Rađi Forlot Capłli veñ e defendē totū tē et de bono e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Et Floria de Beauuer rectata de furto capoñ e gallinař e garbař de Haundevyll e eciam de furto duař bidentiū Joñne Rolaunt veñ e defendē totū tē e de bono e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Et Joħa filia Jordonel rectata qđ fuř fuit garbas et alia bona Joñnis de Prato venit e defendē totū tē et de bono e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Juř dicunt p sacrm suū qđ predci Willis Ričus Rođtus e Rođtus Emma e Pħa Ričus Guills fī Guilli e Guiff Floria e Joħa nō sunt inde culpabtes nec de aliis malefcis malec^r. Iđo sint quieti.

& defend all &c., and for good & evil submit themselves to the verdict of the country. The jurors say by their oath that the aforesaid Richard, Johanet, Ralph, William, Philippa, Michael & Thomas are not guilty thereof, nor suspected of any other evildoings. Therefore they are discharged. And because Johanet son of John du Moulin elsewhere abjured the islands at the time & returned within the time without license therefore he is sent back to prison &c. And he awaits judgment &c. And because Richard Franket is greatly suspected of other thefts, therefore he is sent back to prison until &c. by good pledges.

St. Sampson. William de la Chapelle senior accused of stealing one horse of the widow of Henry Turgys comes & defends all &c. and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. And Richard Waclyn & Robert Waclyn & Robert de Oronge accused of breaking into the house of William de Hady & furtively carrying away goods found there to the value of 10 livres come & defend all &c. and for good & evil submit themselves to the verdict of the country. And Emma the wife of Luke Gremdaveine & Philippa daughter of the same accused of stealing the hens of Luke Gremdaveine & other his goods come & defend &c., and for good & evil submit themselves to the verdict of the country. And Richard son of Nicholas du Port accused of having seized Joan daughter of Richard Angot & of having detained her by force comes & defends all &c., and submits himself to the verdict of the country. And William son of William Robeys & William de la Chapelle junior accused of stealing one washing-basin & the hens & other goods of Ralph Forlot, chaplain, comes & defends all &c. and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. And Floria de Beauver accused of the theft of capons & hens & sheaves of Haundevyll & also of the theft of two sheep of Joan Rolaunt comes & defends all &c. and for good & evil submits herself to the verdict of the country. And Joan daughter of Jordonel accused of stealing sheaves & other goods of John de Prato comes & defends all &c. and for good & evil submits herself to the verdict of the country. The jurors say upon their oath that the said William, Richard, Robert & Robert, Emma & Philippa, Richard, William son of William, & William, Floria & Joan are not guilty thereof nor suspected of other evildoings. Therefore they are discharged.

Casir Petr^o le Vechere rectat^o qđ est cois latro de garb e aliis latrociñ
veñ e defendť totũ tť et de b poñ se sup pat'am. Et Rads Mengis
rectat^o qđ abduxit uxem Joñnis Disme unā cū boñ suis veñ [e defendť
totũ] tť de bono e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Et Ričus Blundel rectat^o
qđ est fuř e lat..... veñ e defendť totũ tť
et de bono e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Et Emma de la Ha.....
..... et qđ est cois latro veñ e defendť totũ tť. Et de bono
e malo poñ se sup pat'am. [Juř dicunt p sacrum] suũ qđ predci Petr
Rads Ričus e Emma nō sunt [inde culpabtes]
..... [Ido] sint quieti.

Salvaĩ
.....

(M. 20 d.)

Adhuc de delibacoe.

[S^d P-] de bosč Joñnes de la Mare rectatus qđ fuř fuit garbas e alia bona Roťti
de Gorrays veñ e defendť totũ tť et de bono e malo poñ se sup patriam.
Et Rads Ledevin rectat^o de eo qđ fuř suptunicā suam pp'am inpo-
nendo maličose furtũ illud Stepñio le Jovene fideli hoim ut sic faceret
ipm spendi veñ e dedič totũ tť et de bono e malo poñ se sup pat'am.
Et Joñnes Adam rectat^o qđ burgiavit domũ Radi Adam et inde fuř
pannos e alia bona ipius Radi veñ e dedič totũ tť et de bono e malo
poñ se sup pat'am. Et Rads Adam e Roťtus Adam rectati qđ ipi
cepunt predcñ Joñm Adam in doim ipius Radi furantē bona ibidm
e qđ ipm tenuert p totam noctem e p^otea pmiserunt abire veñ e
dedicunt totũ tť et de bono e malo poñ se sup patriam. Et Joñnes
Payen rectat^o de eo qđ est cois latro de multonibus garbis e de j
quadrigata wrecci veñ e defendť totũ tť et de bono e malo poñ se sup
patriam. Et Symon le Mesurer rectat^o de furto j multoñ e aliis

Castel.

Peter le Vechere accused of being a common thief of sheaves & other thefts comes & defends all &c. and submits himself to the verdict of the country. And Ralph Mengis accused of taking away the wife of John Disme together with her goods comes [and defends all] &c. and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. And Richard Blundell accused of stealing comes & defends all &c, and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. And Emma de la Ha..... & that she is a common thief comes & defends all &c., and for good & evil submits herself to the verdict of the country. [The jurors say upon] their [oath] that the said Peter, Ralph, Richard & Emma are not [guilty thereof] [Therefore] they are discharged.

St. Saviour.

.....

(M. 20 d.)

Continuation of the Gaol-Delivery.

St. Peter-in-the-
Wood.

John de la Mare accused of stealing sheaves & other goods of Robert de Gorrys comes & defends all &c. and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. And Ralph Ledevin accused of stealing his own over-tunic, maliciously laying that theft upon Stephen le Jovene, an honest man, in order to cause him to be hanged, comes & denies all &c. and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. And John Adam accused of committing a burglary in the house of Ralph Adam & stealing from the same clothes & other goods of the said Ralph comes & denies all &c., and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. And Ralph Adam & Robert Adam accused of taking the said John Adam into the house of the said Ralph to steal goods there & of keeping him there the whole night & afterwards promising to go away, come & deny all &c. and for good & evil submit themselves to the verdict of the country. And John Payn accused of being a common thief of sheep, sheaves & a four-wheeled wagon of wreck comes & defends all &c. and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. And Simon le Mesurer accused of the theft

lat^ociniis veñ e defend^t totū t^c et de bono e malo poñ se sup pat^lam. Et Joñnes Forlot rectat⁹ de furco garba^z e alio^z bono^z Symoñ le Mesurer e Oli⁹i Belasset veñ e defend^t totū t^c et de bono e malo poñ se sup pat^lam. Et Ri⁹us Marche rectat⁹ qđ receptavit Guiltm Renof p⁹to⁹* abju^r Insulas. Et qđ fu^r fuit unū monile argenteū de Joñne de Kemyno veñ e defendit totū t^c. Et de bono e malo poñ se sup pat^lam. Et Oli⁹us Belasse⁹ rectat⁹ de furto j porci e de aliis latro^c veñ e defend^t totū t^c et de bono e malo poñ se sup pat^lam. Et Ri⁹us le Rey e Guilt fra^re ejus rectati qđ sunt conspiratores e falsi testes cōmuni^t p lutro hñdo et eciā qđ sunt latrones de filo quod eis veñ ad op⁹ textrinū veñ e defend^t totū t^c et de bono e malo poñ se sup pat^lam. Ju^r dicunt sup sac^rm suū qđ pred^ci Joñnes Radph Joñnes Rads Robtus Joñnes Symon Joñnes Ri⁹us Oli⁹us Ri⁹us e Guilt nō sunt inde culpab^les nec de aliis malefctis malec^r. Ido sint quieti.

forest

Guilt^s filius Symoñ May e Guilt Durel rectati de eo qđ rob^lia^rnt filiam filiam Canse de una suptunica j. Lintheamie j pecia tele Linee et Lana e aliis bonis suis veñ e defend^t totū t^c et de bono e malo poñ se sup pat^lam. Ju^r dicunt sup sac^rm suū qđ pred^ci Guilt e Guilt nō sunt inde culpab^les. Ido sint quieti.

Sci P. in por^t

Jordan⁹ Thoroude rectat⁹ de eo qđ v⁹bavit Helenā ux^{em} Guilti Restaud e eam acabliavit ad t^ram p quod ead^m Helena cito p⁹tea obiit veñ e defend^t oñien feloñ e totū t^c et de bono e malo poñ se sup pat^lam. Ju^r dicunt p sac^rm suū qđ pđ Jord in nullo est inde culpab^lis. Ido sit q^letus.

Sci Salva^r

Ri⁹us Lestornel veñ hic deferens bre dñi Re⁹ in hec v⁹ba Edwardus dei grā Rex Ang^t Dñs Hibⁿ e Dux Aquit dilecto e fideli suo Ottoni de Grandisono Custodi suo Insula^z de Gerneseye Jerseye vt ejus locum tenenti salt^m. Quia quibusdam etis de causis certiorari

of a sheep & other thefts comes & defends all &c. and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. And John Forlot accused of the theft of sheaves & other goods of Simon le Mesurer & Oliver Belasset comes & defends all &c. and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. And Richard Marche accused of receiving William Renouf after he had abjured the islands, & that he stole a silver necklace from John Duchemin comes & defends all &c., & for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. And Oliver Belasset accused of stealing a pig & of other thefts comes & defends all &c. and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. And Richard le Rey & William his brother accused of conspiring together to commit perjury for the sake of gain, & also of stealing thread which they had for working the looms, come & defend all &c., and for good & evil submit themselves to the verdict of the country. The jurors say upon their oath that the said John, Ralph, John, Ralph, Robert, John, Simon, John, Richard, Oliver, Richard & William are not guilty thereof nor suspected of other evil-doings. Therefore they are discharged.

The Forest.

William, son of Simon May, & William Durel accused for that they robbed the daughter of Cans of one over-tunic, one sheet one piece of linen cloth, & wool & other goods belonging to her, come & defend all &c. & for good & ill submit themselves to the verdict of the country. The jurors say upon their oath that the said William & William are not guilty thereof. Therefore they are discharged.

St. Peter-Port.

Jordan Thoroude accused of beating Helen the wife of William Reftaud & throwing her to the ground whereby the said Helen soon afterwards died, comes & defends the whole felony & all &c., and for good & evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. The jurors say upon their oath that the said Jordan is not in anywise guilty thereof. Therefore he is discharged.

St. Saviour.

Richard Lestornel comes here bringing a writ of the lord the King in these words: Edward by the grace of God King of England lord of Ireland & Duke of Aquitaine to his beloved & faithful Otto de Grandison his warden of the islands of Guernsey & Jersey or to his lieutenant, greeting: Because for certain causes we wish to be

volum⁹ sup modo e causa pro quibz Ričus Lestornel de pochia Šci Salvatoris in Insula de Gerneseye eandm Insulā bis abjuř ut dicitur voř mandam⁹ qđ nos de modo e causa predcis distincte e apte sř sigillo vřo sine dilone reddatis certiores. Remittentes nobis hoc bre, T. me iřo ařđ Westm xx die Maii anno ř ñ scđo. Et sup hoc Juř de predc paroch veř e dicunt qđ predcus Ričus p^lmo abjuř Insulas pro furto et ptea rediens cū consimili řri tenuit se in quadam navi hic in portu et misit bre baltio tč et ptea de nocte exivit navem e ivit p mediū parochie Šci Sampř usq, in parochiā de Wale e ibi robbiavit Julianā Gautier de xvij a. et exinde ivit p mediū paroch Šce Mař de Castro et p auxiliū paroch Šci Salvatoris usq, ad Lyho et exinde p mediū paroch Šci Salvatoris usq, ad eccliam Šci Petri de Bosco et ibi iřato abjuř Insulas tč. Et Ričus totū hoc cogñ. Iđo iře s⁹pñ. Et pochiani p quor parochias transiit in mīa.

(M. 21.)

Adhuc de plifis Gorone ibiđm.

Fresingfeld.

Gerneř.

Girardus Pře alias coram Matho de Cuř baltio e Guiffo le Gros e aliis Juř đni Reğ p đno Rege jux^a consueř pat'e appellavit Nicřm le Feuere unum de pred Juř de pr..... Regi de eo videlř qđ pred Nicřus Juř đni Regis de juribz suis mantenendis conclavit đno Regi custumam đno Regi debitam de empčoe cujusdam annui reddit⁹ duor q^rter řri Girardus emat de Guiffo Roheys pveientem de tenementis iřpius Guiffo in poch Šci Andr Nicřus cito postea emit de iřo Girardo sibi intimante custumam empčois sue debitam esse đno solutam sř certa convenčoe qđ pred Nicřus omimodis misis e custibz p iřm Girardū p predcto

certified as to the manner & reason why Richard Lestornel of the parish of St. Saviour in the island of Guernsey twice abjured the said island, as it is said, we command you that you certify us as to the said manner & reason distinctly & openly under your seal without delay, returning to us this writ. Witness myself at Westminster the 20th day of May in the second year of our reign. And hereupon the jurors of the said parish come & say that the said Richard first abjured the islands for theft & afterwards returning with a like writ remained in a certain ship here in the harbour & sent the writ to the bailiff &c. and afterwards by night left the ship & went passing through the parish of St. Sampson to the parish of the Vale & there robbed Juliana Gantier of 18 sols & then went through the parish of St. Mary de Castel & by the parish of St. Saviour as far as Lyhou & then through the parish of St. Saviour to the Church of St. Peter in the Wood & there again abjured the islands &c. And Richard acknowledges all this. Therefore he shall be hanged. And the parishioners through whose parishes he passed are to be amerced.

(M. 21.)

Continuation of the plexs of the Crown there.

Fresingfeld.

Guernsey.

Girard Philip at another time before Matthew de la Court, Bailiff & William le Gros & the other jurats of the lord the King, for the lord the King according to the custom of the country, accused Nicholas le Fevre, one of the said jurats, of to the King for that, to wit, the said Nicholas being a jurat of the lord the King for the maintainence of his rights, concealed from the lord the King the custom due to the lord the King for the purchase of a certain yearly rent of 2 quarters of wheat [which] Girard bought of William Rohais issuing out of the tenements of the said William in the parish of St. Andrew Nicholas soon after bought of the said Girard intimating to him that the custom on his purchase was due to the lord [the King and was] paid under a certain covenant whereby the said Nicholas (all manner of costs & charges made &c. agreed upon by the said Girard on account

..... pōitis e conventis p ipm Nicm plenā quietatis daret
ipi Girardo certam q̃ntitatem vini p predcto
redd optinendo. Et idm Girardus ibidm optulit hoc fifica p dno
Rege per xij fidedi [homines]. Et postea pred Girardus alias in
eadm Cur competent p̃bavit cōvencom inl eos ilam inde
.....tisse. Et qd empco predcti redditus custavit sibi ix li. x s.
p̃l custumam dno Regi debitā quam stravit non
fuisse debitam. Et postea hitis inl eos dīsus alīcaōibz in ead Cur
pred Girardus d..... patum esse ad satisfaciend dno Regi e eidm
Nichio de predco appello tanq̃a injuste. Ita qd ctis de utq
eoz replegiatus fuit usq jam ad hanc ass. Et predcti Nichius e Girard
modo veñ et predcus Nichius ad sectam dñi Reḡ sup hiis allocut⁹ non
potest p̃missa dediçe nec aliud s... dicere p se nisi im qd dicit
ipe veñ ad Petrū de Garrys tenentem locum receptoris in hac Insula
et optulit ei denā dno Reḡ debitis de custuma pro empcoe sua
qui illos recepit. Et pred Petr⁹ modo presens bn cogñ qd pred
Nich optulit ei denā debitos p custuma unius empcois et ipe Petr⁹
quesivit ab eo p qua de pred duabz empcoibz ipe voluit denā illos
solve qui sibi respond qd pro empcoe sua pp̃a nō curans de alius
empcoe. Et Nichius nō potest hoc dediçe. Nec eciam potest dediçe
quin ipe tempe predcte empcois fuit unus de Jur dñi Reḡ in quoz
sacro quidam punct⁹ t̃lis est qd ipi fidei pro posse suo, consvabunt
jura dñi Regis e nichil inde conclabunt. Nec eciam potest dediçe
quin ipe tempe empcois sue bn sciunt custumā dno Reḡ debitam de
empcoe predci Girardi dno Regi aretro fuisse quasi conclatam. Nec
eciam potest dediçe quin conventū f̃uat inl eos qd idm Nich daret
predco Girardo predcam q̃ntitatem vini in Lutrū pro predco redditu
omibz misis predcti Girardi p ipm Nicm quietatis. Nec potest de-
diçe quin predca custuma remansit non computata in predca sūma

of the said rent having been fully satisfied by the said Nicholas) would give to the said Girard a certain quantity of wine for obtaining the said rent. And the same Girard produced this here to be verified for the lord the King by 12 trustworthy [men]. And afterwards the said Girard at another time in the same court sufficiently proved that the covenant between them was such as [related]. And that the purchase of the said rent cost him 9 livres 10 sols besides the custom due to the lord the King which he was not due. And afterwards, there having been divers contentions between them in the same court, the said Girard said that he was prepared to satisfy the lord the King & the said Nicholas of the said accusation as unjust. So that for certain causes each of them was repledged until now at this assize. And the said Nicholas & Girard now come, & the said Nicholas, actioned at the suit of the lord the King as regards these things, cannot gainsay the premises nor say anything else for himself except only that he came to Peter de Garrys the deputy of the Receiver in this island & brought to him the money due to the lord the King for the custom of his purchase, & that he (the Receiver) took it. And the said Peter being now present fully acknowledged that the said Nicholas brought to him the money due for the custom of one purchase & the said Peter asked him for which of the said two purchases he wished to pay that money, and he answered him for his own purchase, not providing for the other purchase. And Nicholas cannot gainsay this, neither can he gainsay that at the time of the said purchase he was one of the Jurats of the lord the King in whose oath there is a certain clause that they shall faithfully & to their utmost power preserve the rights of the lord the King & shall conceal nothing thereof. Neither can he gainsay but that he at the time of his purchase knew well that the custom due to the lord the King on the purchase of the said Girard to the lord the King was in arrear as having been concealed. Neither can he gainsay but that it was agreed between them that the said Nicholas should give to the said Girard the said quantity of wine in payment of the said rent, all the charges of the said Girard being paid by the said Nicholas. Neither can he gainsay but that the said custom remained unaccounted for in the said sum of money.

pecunie. Nec potest dedīce quin ip̄e tēfetur ad satisfaciendū pred̄co Girardo p̄ convencōm suam p̄ pred̄cta custuma si Girardus eam solvisset dño Regi. Con̄s est qđ p̄dcus Nichius pro pred̄co concelamento e s̄btraccone custume dñi Reġ fctis cont̄ sac̄m seiū cōmittatur Gaole inde redimendū ad voluntatē dñi Reġ t̄c. Et ad Judm de pred̄co redditu fr̄i. Et de pred̄co Girardo p̄ nō secta sua t̄c. Et sciendū qđ custuma ilis est qđ dñs Rex hēbit de quolibet emente f̄ram v̄l redditu in hac In̄s fciūmdecimū denař integro de toto qđ solverit p̄ emp̄cōe sua. Postea pred̄cus Nichius veñ e feč finem p̄ pred̄cto t̄nsḡ et pro pred̄ redd̄ tenendo in pace p̄ cenř libř. Et supponit corpus suū terras tenementa e cař sua loco sec̄ritatis t̄c quousq̄ plegios inveniit. Postea inveni pleḡ de fine p̄dco vidz Joñem de Viveř Ricm̄ Rose Petř la Cornaille e Ricm̄ Osaune ad solvēd̄ ad duo añi.

Petr^o la Cornaille vocat^o nō veñ et est Libere tenens et nō presens. Ido in m̄ia.

Matñ Blondel q̄ loquebatur cum duodena ad plita corone sine licencia. Ido in m̄ia.

Rađ Neuegoye tenens t̄c vocat^o nō veñ. Ido in m̄ia. Et distrinḡ qđ sit hic die Lune.

Joñes du Val rectař qđ ip̄e infra p̄clamař Itifis alias veñ ad Joñem de Ditton existentē hic t̄c et petiit ab eo contemptiblr̄ licenciam inf̄ficiendi Anglicos existentes in hac villa t̄c veñ et nō potest hoc dedicere nec eciā feč multa enormia anglicis. Ido cōmittatur Gaole. Postea veñ e feč finē pro pred̄ca t̄nsḡressionē p̄ XL a. de quibz pred̄ Joñes feč sec̄ritatē Joñm de Šb monte tenenti locū Receptoris hic t̄c de quibz idm̄ Joñes respond̄.

Ričus le Heriche unu^o de Juř dñi Reġ pro absencia sua in ḡvi m̄ia.

Neither can he gainsay but that he is bound by his agreement to reimburse the said Girard as regards the said custom, if Girard should pay the same to the lord the King. It is judged that the said Nicholas, for the said concealment & for the withholding of the custom of the lord the King, made against his oath, be committed to gaol, therefrom to be ransomed at the will of the lord the King &c. And to judgment concerning the said rent of wheat, & concerning the said Girard for his non-suit &c. And be it known that the custom is such that the lord the King shall have of each one buying land or rent in this island the thirteenth whole penny of all that he shall pay for his purchase. Afterwards the said Nicholas came & compounded for the said transgression & for the safe holding of the said rent in the sum of 100 livres. And he substitutes his body, his lands, tenements & chattels in lieu of security &c. until he shall find pledges. Afterwards he found pledges for the composition aforesaid, to wit, John du Vivier, Richard Rose, Peter la Cornaille & Richard Ozanne, to be paid in two years.

Peter la Cornaille being called did not come & he is a free tenant & is not present. Therefore he is to be amerced.

Matthew Blondel because he pleaded with the twelve at the pleas of the Crown without license. Therefore he is to be amerced.

Ralph Nevegoye tenant &c. being called did not come. Therefore to be amerced. And he is compelled to be here on Monday.

John du Val, accused for that he within the proclamation of the eyre came at another time to John de Ditton being here &c. and contemptibly sought from him license to kill the English being in this village &c., comes & cannot gainsay this, nor also that he inflicted many enormities on the English. Therefore he is committed to gaol. Afterwards he came & compounded for the said transgression by 40 sols for which the said John gave as security John de Soulemont the deputy of the Receiver here, &c. of which the said John shall answer.

Richard le Heriche one of the Jurats of the lord the King to be heavily amerced for his absence.

Guilts Boye presentavit latrocinia e feloñ de tribz hoĩbz esse concelata. Et postea Idm Guilts fuit cum duodena ubi p ejus consiliũ ipi fũnt indictati. Et eciam Idm Guilts fuit in duodena ubi iidem hoĩes fũnt p ejus consiliũ ac quietati. Ido pred̃s Guilts pro pred̃ca malicia e falsitate cõmittat' Gaole. Postea punit' p pillořm.

Petr^o de Lestak unus de Juř đni Reğ q nō veñ ad assisas. Ido in g^{avi} mĩa.

Petrus Viger queř de ministris videlř qđ Henř de Geldeford e socii sui Justič nup Itinantes hic anũciařunt ipm eo qđ sequebat' plita de laicis catařl in Cuř xpianitatis tē e allegavit sollempniř qđ ip̃e est cruce signat^o e qđ plita tangentia cruce sigñ mere spectant ad Cuř xpianitatis e nō ad aliam. Et sic adhuc intit' inpungnař Coronam đni Reğ ad qm spectat huj^o cognico Io cõmitit' Gaol tē. Postea feč finē p decem libr ppliũ Joħnis le Tonnere de Šco Andr e Thome Destfeld, unde medietat' ponit' in suũ e alia med' ponit' in respectũ sup portum suũ.

(M. 21 d.)

Adhuc de plitis Corone ibidm.

Ministri đni Reğ e ministri Ottonis de Grandisono custodis Insulař monstrařunt Justič hic qđ cum officiales e ministri Cuř xpianitatis a diu est voluissent sibi attraxisse et approphasse cognicoes plitoř de t̃nsgressionibz e catallis e debitis mere laicalibz que nō sunt de testamento vř matrimonio et qđ sepuis p bria đni Reğ e sepuis ex pte đni Reğ sine bribz fēte fũnt coēs e publice pclamaçoes e inhibicoes ne huj^o modi plita tenent et t qđ nullus qⁱ se vellet ptegere sř pace đni Reğ vř illa gaudere huj^o di plita sequeretur in pđca Cuř xpianitatis. Et nichilomin^o ptes tenentes ipius đni Reğ sprete dignitate Corone đni Reğ sequiti sũt in pđca Cuř xpianitatis de huj^o plitis

William Boyo presented that the thefts & felonies of three men were concealed. And afterwards the said William was with the twelve where by his advice they were indicted. And also the same William was in the twelve where the same men by his advice were acquitted. Therefore the said William for the said malice & deceit is committed to gaol. Afterwards he is punished with the pillory.

Peter de Lestak, one of the Jurats of the lord the King, for not coming to the assizes, is to be heavily amerced.

Peter Viger complained concerning the officers, to wit, that Henry de Guildford & his associates late Justices in eyre here amerced him because he followed the pleas of lay chattels in the court of Christianity &c. and alleged solemnly that he is a crusader & that the pleas touching crusaders belong only to the court of Christianity & not to any other. And thus he still strives to impugn the Crown of the lord the King to which belongs such cognisance. Therefore he is committed to gaol &c. Afterwards he compromised for 10 livres by the pledge of John le Tonnere of St. Andrew & Thomas Destfeld whereof one moiety is paid down & the other is mortgaged on his income.

(M. 21 d.)

Continuation of the pleas of the Crown there.

The officers of the lord the King & the officers of Otto de Grandison warden of the Islands showed to the justices here that whereas the officials & officers of the court of Christianity for a long time have wished to draw & appropriate to themselves the cognisances of the pleas of trespasses & chattels & debts wholly lay which do not concern wills or matrimony, & that often by writs of the lord the King & often on behalf of the lord the King without writs, common & public proclamations & inhibitions were issued that they should not hold such pleas, & also that no one who wished to protect himself under the peace of the lord the King or to enjoy the same should be sued in the said court of Christianity. And nevertheless many tenants of the same lord the King setting at naught the dignity of the Crown of the lord the King were sued in the said court of Chris-

quoꝝ cogniço mere sp̃tat ad Cuř iꝑius dñi Reġ inf̃ ques quidam Petr^o le Corner d̃ctus Piard tenens iꝑius dñi Reġ e homo cōingat^o de muliere corrupta p̃ aliū sp̃reta Cuř dñi Reġ t̃xit quendā Lucam Larcher tenentem iꝑius dñi Reġ in plitum in Cuř xp̃ianitatis coram Offiĉ Constañ Eꝑi ap̃d Constanĉ p̃ arreraġ ejusd̃ annui reddit^o fr̃i p̃ṽientis de teñ iꝑius Luce que de dño Rege tenet in hac villa. Et sup̃ hoc porrectū e libatū fuit pred̃cto Petro bre dñi Reġ de cancellař Angt ad phibend̃ ei ne plitum illud in pfata Cuř xp̃ianitatis sequeret^r qui sp̃reta phibicōe regia sequebat^r p̃tea sicut e p̃us. Et exinde misit dñs Rex nunc bre suū Matño de Curia bařlio huj^o Insule qđ attach pred̃cm Petrū p̃ corpus suū. Ita qđ illud ħeret coram dño Rege in Octab̃ S̃ce T̃nitatis p̃xio p̃f̃itis ubicumq; t̃c ad respondend̃ inde dño Regi p̃p̃t̃ que tam ad sectam dñi Reġ q̃ ad sectam p̃d̃cti Luce p̃cept̃ fuit tam bařlio q̃ viĉ qđ iꝑm Petrū attach p̃ corp^o suū. Ita qđ iꝑm ħerenť coram Justiĉ hic ad stand̃ inde recto t̃c. Et die dñc̃ ante p̃mū diem Itiñis diu p̃t p̃ndiū duobz de Justiciariis hic s. Joñe e Joñe sedentibz in aula dñi Reġ hic pt̃is de causis veñ Rads p̃sona ecclie de foresta Decan^o de Gernereye in p̃d̃cam aulam e monuit iꝑos Justiciarios ex pte iꝑius Eꝑi Constañ e Offiĉ sui s̃b pena excoīcaĉois e centū markarū nōie pene cōmisse ad opus iꝑius Offiĉ ne iꝑi Justiciař in aliquo se intromit̃tent de p̃d̃co Petro vť catař aut possessionibz suis. Et sup̃ hoc Idem Decan^o petiit ab eisdm Justiciař quendam Joñnem Estour quem p̃poitus e Bařli p̃lus in p̃sonařant in Castro dñi Reġ ob merita sua delibari sicut clicum t̃c. Et Justiciarii sibi responderunt bono zelo qđ veniret in c̃stio coram iꝑis in Judo e libent̃ faĉent quod de jure foret faciend̃. Et Decanus sic recessit. Et in c̃stio p̃d̃cus Decanus nō veñ in Judo sed ut p̃lus p̃t p̃ndm̃ veñ ad eos in aulam dñi Reġ movens ut p̃lus contemptibtr. Et petens

tianity in certain suits the cognisance whereof belongs wholly to the court of the lord the King, among whom a certain Peter le Corner called Piard, a tenant of the said lord the King, & a man, married to a woman corrupted by another, despising the court of the lord the King, sued a certain Luke Larcher tenant of the same lord the King in the court of Christianity before the official of the Bishop of Coutances at Coutances for the arrears of a certain yearly rent of wheat issuing from the tenement of the said Luke, which he holds of the lord the King in this village. And hereupon was presented & delivered to the said Peter a writ of the lord the King from the Chancery of England to prohibit him from suing in the said court of Christianity, who setting at naught that royal prohibition continued to sue as at first. And thereupon the lord the King now sent his writ to Matthew de la Court bailiff of this island to attach the said Peter by his body, so that he shall have it before the lord the King in the octaves of Holy Trinity last past wheresoever &c. to answer thereon to the lord the King, on account of which as well at the suit of the lord the King as at the suit of the said Luke, it was commanded as well to the Bailiff as to the Viscount to attach the said Peter by his body, so that they shall have him before the justices here to take his trial therein &c. And on Sunday before the first day of the eyre long after dinner two of the justices here, to wit, John & John sitting in the court of the lord the King here for certain causes, Ralph parson of the Church of the Forest, Dean of Guernsey, came into the said court & admonished the said justices on behalf of the said Bishop of Coutances & his official, under pain of excommunication & 100 marks by way of penalty incurred in the action of the said official, not to intermeddle themselves in anything concerning the said Peter or his goods or possessions. And beyond this the said Dean claimed from the said justices that a certain John Estour, whom the Provost & Bailiffs had formerly imprisoned in the castle of the lord the King on account of his acts, to be liberated inasmuch as he was a clerk &c. And the justices answered him with good zeal that he should come on the morrow before them in judgment & they would freely do what of right ought to be done. And the Dean thus withdrew. And on the morrow the said Dean did not come to judgment but as at first after dinner he came to them in the court of the lord

ŕđcm Joñem ut clicu s' libari. Et cū Justiĉ respondissent et qđ huj⁹ libações faciente fñnt in Juđo e Eŕpo ut loci ordinario. Idem Decanus dixit se pferre ex decreto qđ quibuscumq, loco e hora pefet Clicos p ministros Reĝ incarĉatos deberet⁽¹⁾ statim sibi libari. Et ibidm statim citavit ipos Justiciař qđ in c'ssio fuissent psonalr coram ipso in capiŕlo suo sŕ pena excoicaĉois tĉ ad deliband ei pređcm clicum vŕ ad ostendend Canōicū quare illud faĉe nō debuissent. Et q, huj⁹ moñicoes e citaĉoes mañie e manifeste cedunt in contemptū dñi Reĝ e picŕm exheredaĉois Corone sue cū nec loco debito ut forma debita fĉe pceptū fuit marescallo p Justiĉ qđ attachi ŕđcm Decanū p corp⁹ suū tĉ. Ita qđ heret ipm ad standū recto tĉ. Et Decanus postea duct⁹ in Judm tĉ e sup hiis allocut⁹ nō potest doĉe qđ Eŕps aliquas ŕras sibi fecisset ad petend clicos nec aliquid de pmissis potest dediĉe nec t potest dediĉe quin de consuetudie hacten⁹ hic usitata clici petendi sunt p Eŕpm vŕ ejus Coñissař et in Juđo tĉ nec deb Decanus durantibz assisis dñi Reĝ tenere capitŕm n' p licenciam Justiciarioz ob urgentem causam nec infra mañia dñi Reĝ debet aliquod officiū exĉere. Iđo pređcus Decanus cōmittit' p'sone dñi Reĝ inde redimendus tĉ. Et pređcus Petrus diu diffugiens tĉ tandem attachiat⁹ fuit p marescall e explorat⁹ tĉ. Et sup pmiss occasionatus tĉ nichil pmissoz potest dedicere nec aliud scit dicere p se nisi tantum qđ dicit qđ sibi bene licuit sequi in Cuř xpianitatis de pđctis arragiis pđci redditus q, diĉ qđ pđca arreraĝ sunt debita mobilia que ponere potest in testamento suo et sic inde mere spectat cogniĉo ad forum ecĉliasticum. Et q, pređcus Petrus tenet ŕras suas de ipso dño Rege et sic couŕtplitat Jus ipius dñi Reĝ e regalem dignitatem Corone sue e nō potest dediĉe quin pŕ ĩre dñi Reĝ de phibiĉoe sibi libatū secut⁹ fuit inde in Cuř xpianitatis sicut e ante. Iđo ipe cō-

(1) Sic.

the King behaving as at first in contempt, & claiming the said John as a clerk to be delivered up to him. And when the justices answered that such deliveries were to be made in judgment & to the Bishop as ordinary of the place, the said Dean said that he would cite from a decree that at whatever place & hour he shall claim clerks imprisoned by the officers of the lord the King they ought immediately to be delivered to him. And thereupon he immediately cited the said justices to be before him personally on the morrow in his chapter under pain of excommunication &c. to deliver to him the said clerk or to show by canon law why they should not do this. And because such admonitions & citations greatly & manifestly are in contempt of the lord the King & to the danger of the disinheri-
tance of his Crown, because they were not made in due place or form, it was commanded to the marshall by the justices that they should attach the said Dean by his body &c., so that he shall have him to take his trial therein &c. And the Dean was afterwards brought to judgment &c., and being questioned upon these things cannot show that the Bishop issued to him any writs to claim clerks nor can he gainsay anything of the premises, nor also can he gainsay but that the customs hitherto used here of claiming a clerk are by the Bishop or his commissary & in judgment &c., nor ought the Dean during the assizes of the lord the King to hold his chapter except with the license of the justices for an urgent reason, nor within the manors of the lord the King ought he to exercise his office in any way. Therefore the said Dean is committed to the prison of the lord the King to be ransomed therefrom &c. And the said Peter long avoiding arrest was at length attached & [his person] assured by the marshall &c., and being called upon to answer as to the premises &c. cannot gainsay anything of the premises & does not know anything else to say for himself except only that he says that it was quite lawful for him to sue in the court of Christianity for the aforesaid arrears of the said rent, because he said that the aforesaid arrears are mobiliary debts which he can put in his will, & so the cognisance thereof wholly belongs to the ecclesiastical court. And because the said Peter holds his lands of the said lord the King & so counterpleads the right of the said lord the King & the royal dignity of his Crown & cannot gainsay but that after the writ of prohibition of the lord the King was delivered to him he sued in the court of Christianity as before. Therefore he is committed to the prison of the

mittitur p'sone dñi Reġ inde redimendus tċ. Et terġ Redd e catalla sua capiant' in mañ dñi Reġ. Et Viċ respond' dño Regi de exiĩ tċ q̄diu dño Regi placuit. Et sunt catalla ejus preċ blada quadraginta e unº solid terre ejus e redd in Parochi Šci Petri portº se extendunt p anñ scilċ redd's una cū locaġ domoꝝ ad iiij li. xvij s. vj d. Et terre ejus valent p anñ vij q̄r fri et ij busš et iij danereſt. Et bladum ejus seminatū in eadē parochia valet hec anno LX s. Iñ de redd in poch Šci Andr ij s. et j q̄r fri et ix danereſt fri una cum pticla terre que valet p anñ viij d. Iñ in poch de Bellosa p̄dcus Petrº habet quandam pticlam terre in clauso de Belecroute que valet p anñ j caš fri p̄c redd. Habet t̄ reddm ibid de f̄ro qui se extendit ad vj q̄r et j pañ et j capoñ fiet t̄ in poch Šci Sampsonis reddm j q̄r fri de duabꝫ peš fre quas Robtus Mackes tenet. Et in poch Šce Marie redditm j caš fri sup j peš fre quam Joñes de Cuř tenet. Et q̄ p̄dcus Math's Balts tċ nō potest dediċe q'n p̄dc's Petr̄ sepius fuit in ejus p̄sencia. Ita qđ cum attachi posset si voluisset. Iō in m̄ia. Postea veñ amici p̄dci Petri e offerunt dño Regi quat' viginti libr p p̄dcis t̄ns tċ et fr̄is e cataſt suis reñend unde medietas ponet' in sufferenciam e alia medieř ponet' in suñ. Et Balts una cū Receptore respond de pleġ. Injunctū est t̄ p̄dco Balto qđ retineat corpus p̄dci Decani in p'sona quousq̄ inveniā sufficientem secuř de quadraginta libr, unde simitr medietas ponet' in sufferenciam sup portū suū e alia medietas ponet' in suñ.

(M. 22.) **Adhuc de p̄litis Gorone** de manucaptis qui non venerunt.

Gerneř.	Colinus filius Eglenř Renof manucaptº p Guillm Caun Rađm de
Šci Samp's	Capella Guillm .....nage p eo qđ indictatº fuit

lord the King to be ransomed therefrom &c. And his lands, rents & chattels are taken into the hands of the lord the King. And the Viscount shall answer to the lord the King of the revenues &c. as long as it shall please the lord the King. And his chattels are the said corn 41 sols; his lands & rents in the parish of St. Peter-Port extend by the year, to wit, the rent together with the letting of the houses to 4 livres 7 sols 6 deniers. And his lands are worth by the year 7 quarters of wheat & 2 bushels & 3 small bushels. And his corn sown in the same parish is worth this year 60 sols. Also of rent in the parish of St. Andrew 2 sols & one quarter of wheat & 9 small bushels of wheat together with a piece of land which is worth by the year 8 deniers. Also in the parish of St. Martin de Bellouse the aforesaid Peter has a certain piece of land in the close of Bel-croute which is worth by the year one measure of wheat of the said rent. He has also a rent there of wheat which extends to 6 quarters & 1 loaf & 1 capon. He has also in the parish of St. Sampson the rent of 1 quarter of wheat of 2 pieces of land which Robert Mackes holds. And in the parish of St. Mary [de Câtel] the rent of one measure of wheat upon one piece of land which John de la Court holds. And because the said Matthew the Bailiff &c. cannot gainsay but that the said Peter was often in his presence, so that he could attach him if he had wished therefore he is to be amerced. Afterwards came the friends of the said Peter & offered to the lord the King 80 livres for the said transgression & to have again his lands & chattels whereof the moiety is deferred, & the other moiety is paid down. And the Bailiff together with the Receiver shall answer for the pledges, & it is enjoined also to the said Bailiff to retain the body of the said Dean in prison until he shall find sufficient security of 40 livres, whereof likewise the moiety may be mortgaged upon his income & the other moiety shall be paid down.

(M. 22.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of persons on bail
who did not come.

Guernsey.	Colin son of Eglent Renouf bailed by William Caun, Ralph de
St. Sampson.	la Chapelle, William for that he was

qđ insultavit in via regia de nocte Guillm Markes e eū vba.....
.....avit p quod sanguis tē et clām de harou levat⁹ fuit, nō veñ.
Ido pleğ sui in g̃vi m..... nō veñ. Ido cap⁹ cū vefit.
Et testatū est qđ p̃dcs Colinus obiit. Ido nich de

Castr. Guillm de Castro manucapt⁹ p Ričm de Cuř e Petrū de Cuř p
eo qđ indictat⁹ fuit nocte Radm de Boure
in domo sua e eū ṽbavit e g̃vi ṽbavit p quod sanguis
..... pleğ sui in g̃vi m̃a.

Sci P. in portu. Jonett⁹ Dire manucapt⁹ p Petrū Polard Joñnem Pollard e Jord
Dire de eo qđ indictat⁹ fuittavit de nocte
Guillm le Barber et eū ṽbavit non veñ. Ido pleğ sui in g̃vi m̃a.
Et p̃d Jone..... veñ die sabbi et est in p̃sona. Postea
fecit finē p x

Ričus de Curia de bosco manucapt⁹ p Oliřm de la Fontele e
Colinū Estur p eo qđ indictat⁹ fuit q̃ insultavit de nocte Salvatū
Martin e eū ṽbavit no veñ. Ido pleğ sui in g̃vi m̃a. Et q̃ nō
maleč de aliis malefactis. Ido redeat si voluerit et capiatur cū vefit.

Perrot⁹ le Roy manucapt⁹ p Petrū Joñ e Joñnem Viger p eo qđ
indictat⁹ fuit qđ insultavit noctanī salvatū Martin e eū ṽbavit e
vul̃av tē nō veñ. Ido p̃t sui in g̃vi m̃a. Et q̃ nō maleč de aliis
malefctis Ido redeat si voluit et cap⁹ cum vefit. Et sciend qđ idm
Perrot⁹ p̃t veñ e finem feč.

Jonett⁹ Pian manucapt⁹ p Radm Gautier p eo qđ indictat⁹ fuit
qđ insultav de nocte Guillm Basset et eū ṽbavit e g̃vi ṽbavit p
quod sanguis tē nō veñ. Ido p̃t suos in m̃a. Et q̃ nō maleč de
allis malefcis. Ido redeat si voluerit e cap⁹ cum vefit.

indicted for assaulting in the King's high-way by night William Markes & wounding him whereby blood &c. and ' Clameur de Haro ' was raised, did not come. Therefore his pledges are to be heavily amerced. did not come. Therefore let him be taken when he shall come. And it is witnessed that the said Colin is dead, therefore nothing of

Câtel. William de Câtel bailed by Richard de la Court & Peter de la Court for that he was indicted by night Ralph de Boure in his house beat & seriously wounded him whereby blood his pledges to be heavily amerced.

St. Peter-Port. Jonett Dire bailed by Peter Polard John Pollard & Jordan Dire for that he was indicted,..... assaulted by night William le Barber & struck him, did not come. Therefore his pledges to be heavily amerced. And the said Jonett came on Saturday & is in prison. Afterwards he compounded for 10

Richard de la Court of St. Peter's in the Wood bailed by Oliver de la Fontele & Colin Estur for that he was indicted for assaulting by night Salvatus Martin & wounding him, did not come. Therefore his pledges to be heavily amerced. And because he is not suspected of other wrong-doings, therefore let him come again if he wish & be taken when he shall come.

Perrot le Roy bailed by Peter John & John Viger for that he was indicted for assaulting by night Salvatus Martin & striking & wounding him &c. did not come. Therefore his pledges to be heavily amerced. And because he is not suspected of other wrong-doings therefore let him return if he wish & be taken when he shall come. And be it known that the said Perrot afterwards came & compounded.

Jonett Pian bailed by Ralph Gautier for that he was indicted for assaulting by night William Basset & striking & severely wounding him whereby blood &c. did not come. Therefore his pledge to be amerced. And because he is not suspected of other wrong-doings therefore let him come again if he wish & be taken when he shall come.

- Salvaĩ Guiff Corlu manucaĩ p Henř Nicole e Guiffm Roger p eo qđ
indictat⁹ fuit qđ vulřavit Thoĩ Bele p quod sanguis tē et claĩ de
hareu levat⁹ fuit nō veĩ. Iđo pleğ sui in g^{vi} mĩa. Et
- obiit añ tē
- Šci P. in poř. Colinus de Val de Serk manucaĩ p Joĩnem du Val Rořtum Phe,
e Erm. Peř Peintefleur, Joĩnem Peintefleur e Aleř du Val p eo qđ indictat⁹
fuit qđ insultavit in mař Rořtum le Venous de Erm e eũ g^{vi} vul-
řavit p quod sang^{is} tē e claĩ de harou levat⁹ fuit, nō veĩ. Iđo pleğ
sui in g^{vi} mĩa. Et tesř est qđ obiit añ suĩ Itiřis tē. Īo nich de mĩa.
- Sampš Rič Wakelin e Rořt⁹ Wakelyn manucaĩ p Robĩm Beaunenon
e Pħm de Capella sup hoc qđ indictati řřunt qđ freğunt domũ Guilli
de Haddy e asptařunt bona sua ad valenř x liř Tuř. nō veĩ. Iđo
pleğ eoř in g^{vi} mĩa. Et ptea veĩ pđci Ričus e Rořtus et patz de
eis in Rořlo in deliřacōe gaof.
- Rořt⁹ Dorenge manucařt⁹ p Jord Testart e Jord Mengis p eo
qđ indictat⁹ fuit qđ ipe simul cũ Ričo e Rořto Waclin freğunt domũ
Guilli de Hady et asptařnt bona sua ad valenč x li tuř nō veĩ. Iđo
pleğ sui in g^{vi} mĩa. Et ptea veĩ pđcs Rořts et patz de eo in Rořlo
de deliřacone gaof.
- Šci P. in poř. Mich de Graunceys manucařt⁹ p Guiffm Mař e Joĩnem Eřye p
eo qđ indictat⁹ fuit qđ fuř fuit garbas Rořti Turgys nō veĩ. Iđo pĩ
sui in g^{vi} mĩa. Et postea diu reddidit se pšone. Et patz de eo in
deliřacōe gaole.
- Andř Emmelota Hane manucaĩ p Petrũ Hane pro eo qđ indictata
fuit qđ řřavit uřem Phi Tostein e eam vulřavit p quod sanguis tē
no veĩ. Iđo pĩ suis in mĩa. Et postea veĩ e patet alibi de ea tē.
- Mich de Graunceys manucařt⁹ p Guiffm le Courle Guiff le Mire
e Joĩnem Paynel sup hoc qđ indictat⁹ fuit qđ fuř fuit garbas Riči de

William Corlu bailed by Henry Nicole & William Roger for that he was indicted for wounding Thomas Bele whereby blood &c., and 'Clameur de Haro' was raised, did not come. Therefore his pledges to be heavily amerced and

St. Peter-Port
and Herm.

Colin du Val of Sark bailed by John du Val, Robert Philip, Peter Peintefleur, John Peintefleur & Alexander du Val for that he was indicted for assaulting at sea Robert le Venous of Herm & severely wounding him whereby blood &c. and 'Clameur de Haro' was raised, did not come, therefore his pledges to be heavily amerced. And it is witnessed that he died before the summons of the eyre &c. Therefore no amercement.

St. Sampson.

Richard Wakelin & Robert Wakelyn bailed by Robert Beaune-nou & Philip de la Chapelle for that they were indicted for breaking into the house of William de Haddy & carrying away his goods to the value of 10 livres Tournois, did not come. Therefore their pledges to be heavily amerced. And afterwards the said Richard & Robert came & it appears concerning them in the roll in the gaol delivery.

Robert Dorenge, bailed by Jordan Testart & Jordan Mengis for that he was indicted that he together with Richard & Robert Waclin broke into the house of William de Hady & carried away his goods to the value of 10 livres Tournois, did not come. Therefore his pledges to be heavily amerced. And afterwards the said Robert came & it appears concerning him in the roll of gaol delivery.

St. Peter-Port.

Michael de Graunceys, bailed by William Mahier & John Everye for that he was indicted for stealing the sheaves of Robert Turgys, did not come. Therefore his pledges to be heavily amerced. And a long time after he gave himself up a prisoner. And it appears about him in gaol delivery.

St. Andrew.

Emmelota Hane, bailed by Peter Hane for that she was indicted for striking the wife of Philip Tostein & wounding her whereby blood &c. did not come. Therefore her pledges to be amerced. And afterwards she came & it appears elsewhere concerning her &c.

Michael de Graunceys, bailed by William le Courle, William le Mire & John Paynel upon this that he was indicted for stealing the

la Bete nō veñ. Ido p̄t sui in g̃vi m̃ia. Et postea veñ p̄d Mich e redd̄ se p'sone. Et patz de eo in delibačoe Gaole.

Thoñ Elyes manucapt⁹ p Petrū le Fournier Joñnem le Jumel Guilm le Mire e Ričm Beky pro eo qđ indictat⁹ fuit qđ fuř fuit garbas Riči de la Bete nō veñ. Ido p̄t sui in g̃vi m̃ia. Et postea veñ p̄d Thoñ e redd̄ se p'sone et patz de eo in delibačoe Gaol.

Sci P. in poř.

Robt⁹ le Peletier manucapt⁹ p Andř Alř Joñnem le Boure e Guilm de Maret p eo qđ indictat⁹ fuit qđ vulsavit noctanř Galřm le Paster in domo sua p quod clañ de harou levat⁹ fuit nō veñ. Ido p̄t sui in g̃vi m̃ia. Et p̄dcus Robt⁹ p̄t veñ die Sabbi e est in p'sona postea fecit fine p

Foresta

Guilf de Hurel manucapt⁹ p Guilm le Kanele Joñnem Euerye Radm Wyteclin pro eo qđ indictat⁹ fuit qđ fuř fuit Cunicloř đni Reğ cum retiis e furettis, nō veñ, Ido p̄t sui in g̃vi m̃ia. Et infius de eo.

Reginald Joliet manucapt⁹ p Petrum Naom e Henř de Cultura de eo qđ indictat⁹ fuit qđ fuř fuit Cuniclos đni Reğ cum retiis e furett, no veñ. Ido pleğ sui in g̃vi m̃ia. Postea veñ pred Regiñ die Sabbi e Galfo de la Sale qui eū manucep̄, qui postea veñ e bñ cogñ qđ ipe cepit cuniclos illos sed dicit qđ ipe fuit tefis etatis e hoc fecit p abbettū e instigačom Guilfi Durel qui simitr dediče quin cepit cuniclos illos siml cū p̄dco Regiñ Joliet e Rađo le M..... potest hoc dediče. Ido oñes cōmittant^r Gaole et sunt oñes infra ejusđ Regiñ remittit^r Galfo de la Salle. Et inven..... Petř Naom e Ričm frēm ejus.

sheaves of Richard de la Bete, did not come. Therefore his pledges to be heavily amerced. And afterwards the said Michael came & gave himself up a prisoner. And it appears concerning him in the gaol delivery.

Thomas Elyes, bailed by Peter le Fournier, John le Jumel, William le Mire & Richard Beky for that he was indicted for stealing the sheaves of Richard de la Bete, did not come. Therefore his pledges to be heavily amerced. And afterwards the said Thomas came & gave himself up a prisoner, & it appears concerning him in the gaol delivery.

St. Peter-Port.

Robert le Peletier, bailed by Andrew Alexander, John le Boure & William du Marais for that he was indicted for wounding by night Geoffrey le Paster in his house wherefore 'Clameur de Haro' was raised, did not come. Therefore his pledges to be heavily amerced. And the aforesaid Robert afterwards came on Saturday & is in prison. Afterwards he compounded for

The Forest.

William de Hurel, bailed by William le Kanely, John Everye, Ralph Wyteclin for that he was indicted for stealing the conies of the lord the King with nets & ferrets, did not come. Therefore his pledges to be heavily amerced. And below concerning him.

Reginald Joliet, bailed by Peter Naom & Henry de Cultura for that he was indicted for stealing the conies of the lord the King with nets & ferrets, did not come. Therefore his pledges to be heavily amerced. Afterwards came the said Reginald on Saturday & to Walter de la Sale who bailed him, who afterwards came & fully acknowledged that he took those conies but said that he was of tender age & did this by the abetment & instigation of William Durel who likewise [cannot] gainsay but that he took those conies together with the said Reginald Joliet & Ralph le M..... [cannot] gainsay this. Therefore they are all committed to gaol & all are under [age] of the said Reginald he is handed over to Walter de la Sale, & found Peter Naom & Richard his brother.

(M. 22 d.) **Adhuc de plifis Gorone** de manucaptis qui non veſunt.

..... fit Riči Ode Jonett^o le Barber Jonett^o le Plemonceys
Colin^o fit Roſti Denys senior e la Kannette manucaṗ p
Guillm le Barber dētm Porthors Roſtū Denys e Guillm le Kannett
..... qđ indictati fſunt qđ noctant̃ freḡunt hostia
Relicte Petⁱ Larker e dēe la Begine e dēe la
e hostia Guilli le Neveu no veñ. Ido pť eoṡ p quolibṡ predctoṡ in
g^{vi} mīa. P^otea die Sabbi veñ pđcti Jonett^o le Barber e
Jonett^o le Plemonceys et sunt in pⁱsona. Et oīes pđci
fecerunt finem sicut patṡ alibi.

obiit

Joñnes filius Dyoniſ Jordañ Joñnes Esturnel e Jonett^o fit dēti
Joñnis manucaṗ p Dyoniſ Jord p eo qđ indictati fſunt
qđ noctant̃ insultaṡunt Colinū Corbyn in via regia et eū vulñaṡunt p
quod sanguis tē e claī de harou levat^o fuit nō veñ. Ido
pđctus Jord pť tē p quolibṡ eoṡ in g^{vi} mīa. Et

Colin^o Bauge Junior e Augtinus de Sbmolendio manucaṗ p
Radm Bauge Roſtum Blaunche et Pīm de Sbmolendio p eo qđ in-
dictati fſunt qđ p abbettū e exploračōm suam fečunt quosdam mali-
volos ṡbare e robiaṡ quend̃ Normannū in molendio dñi Reḡ existentē
ult^a multuram bladi tē non veñ. Ido pleḡ siu in g^{vi} mīa. Et pred̃
Colinus nō malec^r de hoc malefco nec de alio. Ido redeat si volſit.
Et predctus Augtinus fuḡ e malec^r et alibi patṡ de eo.

Salvaĩ

Guillotus fit Roſti Blaunche manucaṗ per Roſtum Blaunche
Jordm Geruays e Colinū Boleng p eo qđ indictat^o fuit qđ insultavit
noctant^r Ricm le Mouner in molendio dñi Reḡ p quod claī de Harou
levat^o fuit nō veñ. Ido pleḡ sui in g^{vi} mīa. Et qⁱ nō malec^r de
aliis malefciis. Ido redeat si voluerit et cap^r cum veſit.

(M. 22 d.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of those persons bailed who did not come.

..... son of Richard Ode, Jonett le Barber, Jonett le Plemonceys, Colin son of Robert Denys, senior & la Kanne, bailed by William le Barber—called Porthors, Robert Denys & William le Kanne for that they were indicted that by night they broke open the doors of the widow of Peter Larker & called la Begine & called la & the doors of William le Neveu, did not come. Therefore their pledges for each of them to be heavily amerced. Afterwards on Saturday came the said Jonett le Barber & Jonett le Plemonceys & they are in prison. And all aforesaid compounded as appears elsewhere.

He is dead.

John son of Dyonisius Jordan, John Esturnel & Jonett son of the said John, bailed by Dionisius Jordan for that they were indicted of assaulting by night Colin Corbyn in the King's high-way & wounding him whereby blood &c. and 'Clameur de Haro' was raised, did not come. Therefore the aforesaid Jordan pledge &c. for each of them to be heavily amerced. And

Colin Bauge junior & Augustin du Sous-moulin, bailed by Ralph Bauge, Robert Blaunche & Philip du Sous-moulin for that they were indicted that by their abetment & snares they caused certain ill-natured men to rob & they robbed a certain Norman being in the mill of the lord the King of more than the toll of the corn &c. did not come. Therefore their pledges to be heavily amerced. And the aforesaid Colin is not suspected of this wrong-doing nor of any other. Therefore let him return if he will. And the said Augustin fled & is suspected & elsewhere it appears concerning him.

St. Saviour.

Guillot son of Robert Blaunche bailed by Robert Blaunche, Jordan Gervays & Colin Boulanger for that he is indicted of assaulting by night Richard le Mouner in the mill of the lord the King wherefore 'Clameur de Haro' was raised, did not come. Therefore his pledges to be heavily amerced. And because he is not suspected of other wrong-doings therefore let him return if he will & be taken when he shall come.

Guillot⁹ Blaunche manucapt⁹ p Roštū Blaunche Colinū Bolanġ Jord Geruais e Drogonē Auerre p eo qđ indictat⁹ fuit qđ fuř unū baconē Galiene de vivario nō veñ. Ido pleġ sui in g̃vi mīa. Et

Colinus le Marchaunt manucaṑ p Drogonē Henry Radm de Vivař e Joĥem filiū ej⁹ pro eo qđ indictat⁹ fuit de furto uni⁹ baconis Rici de Kemino nō veñ. Ido pleġ sui in mīa. Et sciend qđ pđcti pleġ reddiderunt se p'sone dni Reġ p pđcto Colino p'mo die Itiñis. Et

Sampš Emma uř Luce Greyn davoyne manucaṑ p Radm Renof e Guillm Berod de eo qđ indictata fuit qđ ip̃a s̃traxit bona dēti Luce Mariti sui cont̃ voluntatē suam, nō veñ. Ido p̃t sui in gravi mīa. Et postea veñ pđ Emma e redd se p'sone. Et patz de ea in delib̃a-
cōe Gaole.

Salvař Roštus de Vivař manucaṑ p Radm de Vivariis de eo qđ indictat⁹ fuit qđ asptavit Wreckū dñi Reġ cont̃ pacem tē videl̃ de una nave flandř aventuř apđ Kaubo qui quidem Roš inventus fuit seisit⁹ de Wrecco predco e capt⁹ p dñm Roštū de Hady e Joĥnem le Markaunt tunc p̃pōitū tē nō veñ. Ido pleġ suos in mīa. Postea pđctus Roštus veñ die m̃cuř tē et est in p'sona.

Ričus Bloundel manucapt⁹ p Roštū de Gorrys, Colinū Blondel et Jordanū Geruays p eo qđ indictat⁹ fuit qđ fuř fuit rayas p pat'am, nō veñ. Ido pleġ sui in mīa.

Andř oř ante tē
Gemin⁹ Gilbt manucapt⁹ p Ričm de la Bete e Guillotū Gilbt pro eo qđ indictat⁹ fuit qđ insultavit Guillm Melege in domo sua tē nō veñ. Ido pleġ sui in mīa. Et

Jonett⁹ Cloet manucaṑ p Jordanū Cloet seniorē e Jordanū Cloet Juniorem pro eo qđ indictat⁹ fuit qđ ṽbavit de nocte Jonettū le Bretoun in via regia p quod sanguis tē et clañ de harou levat⁹

Guillot Blaunche, bailed by Robert Blaunche, Colin Boulanger, Jordan Gervais & Drogo Averre for that he was indicted of stealing one pig of Galien du Vivier did not come. Therefore his pledges to be heavily amerced. And

Colin le Marchant, bailed by Drogo Henry, Ralph du Vivier & John his son for that he was indicted of stealing one pig of Richard Duchemin, did not come. Therefore his pledges to be amerced. And be it known that the said pledges gave themselves up as prisoners of the lord the King for the said Colin on the first day of the eyre. And

St. Sampson.

Emma the wife of Luke Grain d'Avoine, bailed by Ralph Renouf & William Berod for that she was indicted of taking away the goods of the said Luke her husband against his will, did not come. Therefore her pledges to be heavily amerced. And afterwards the aforesaid Emma came & gave herself up a prisoner. And it appears concerning her in the gaol delivery.

St. Saviour.

Robert du Vivier, bailed by Ralph du Vivier was indicted for that he took wreck of the lord the King against the peace, &c., to wit, of a ship of Flanders stranded at Cobo : which said Robert was found seised of the aforesaid wreck & taken by the said Robert de Hady & John le Marchant then Provost &c. did not come. Therefore his pledge to be amerced. Afterwards the said Robert came on Wednesday &c. and he is in prison.

Richard Blondel, bailed by Robert de Gorrys, Colin Blondel & Jordan Gervays for that he was indicted for stealing ray-fish throughout the country, did not come. Therefore his pledges to be amerced.

He died before &c.

St. Andrew.

Geminus Gilbert, bailed by Richard de la Bete & Guillot Gilbert for that he was indicted for assaulting William Melege in his house &c. did not come. Therefore his pledges to be amerced. And

Jonett Cloet, bailed by Jordan Cloet senior & Jordan Cloet junior for that he was indicted of striking by night Jonett le Breton in the King's high-way whereby blood &c. and 'Clameur de Haro'

fuit nō veñ. Ido pleĝ sui in mīa. Postea p̃dcus Jonett^o veñ die Mⁱcuř e est in pⁱsona tē.

Castr Rađ Mengis manucapt^o p Rađm de Capella e Ričm de Capella sup hoc qđ indictat^o fuit qđ abduxit uxē Joh̃nis le Disme una cum bonis suis, nō veñ. Ido pleĝ sui in mīa. Et

Sci P. in poř. Guilt Huḃland manucapt^o p Henř Godeyne e Guiltm Hambir' p eo qđ indictat^o fuit qđ emit unū bidentē furtivū de Guiltō Germeyn latrone tē, nō veñ. Ido pleĝ sui in mīa. Et p̃t veñ p̃dci Guilt e Guiltis et patz de eis in delibačone gaot.

Salvař Colinus le Markaunt manucapt^o p Drogonem Henř Joh̃nem Tur-gys et Matřm de Castro sup t^o fuit de furto duos bidentiu Colini Nicole nō veñ. Ido pleĝ sui in mīa. Et pleĝ reddiderunt se pⁱsone dñi Reĝ p p̃dcto Colino pⁱmo die Itiřis.

(M. 23.) **Adhuc de p̃lis Gorone** de manucaptis qui non venerunt.

Gerneř. Mathus le Markaunt manucapt^o p Drogonem Henř et Matřm
Salvař de Castro sup hoc qđ indictat^o cum Colino le Markaunt fuř fřunt duas bidentes Colini Nicole nō veñ. Ido pleĝ sui in mīa veñ.

Sci p. in poř. Johanetta Wylon manucapta p Mičm Wilon e Geminū Hana-let pro eo qđ indictata Henricū Howe in cimiterio Sci Petri p quod sanguis tē e clãm de harou levat^o fuit pleĝ sui in gravi mīa. Et postea veñ. Et fecit finē p xvij s. pp̃m Petroniř le

Sampř Petr^o de Monte manucapt^o p Ričm le Mouner Peř Bely e Rađm le Rey sup eo qđ fuit qđ insultavit noctanř in via dñi Reĝ Guillotū le Rey et eum vulřavit p quod sanguis tē et

was raised, did not come. Therefore his pledges to be amerced. Afterwards the said Jonett came on Wednesday & is in prison &c.

Câtel. Ralph Mengis, bailed by Ralph de la Chapelle & Richard de la Chapelle upon this that he was indicted for taking away the wife of John le Disme together with his goods, did not come. Therefore his pledges to be amerced. And

St. Peter-Port. William Huberland, bailed by Henry Godeyne & William Hambir for that he was indicted for buying one stolen sheep from William Germain, a thief &c. did not come. Therefore his pledges to be amerced. And afterwards the said William and William came, & it appears concerning them in the gaol delivery.

St. Saviour. Colin le Marchant, bailed by Drogo Henry, John Turgys & Matthew de Câtel for [that he was indicted] for stealing 2 sheep of Colin Nicole did not come. Therefore his pledges to be amerced. And pledges gave themselves up as prisoners of the lord the King for the said Colin on the first day of the eyre.

(M. 23.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of those persons bailed who did not come.

Guernsey. Matthew le Marchant, bailed by Drogo Henry & Matthew de Câtel upon this that he was indicted with Colin le Marchant for stealing 2 ewes of Colin Nicolle did not come. Therefore his pledges are to be amerced he came.

St. Peter-Port. Johanetta Wylon, bailed by Michael Wilon & Gemanus Hanalet for that she was indicted [for assaulting] Henry Howe in the cemetery of St. Peter-port whereby blood &c. and 'Clameur de Haro' was raised pledges to be heavily amerced. And afterwards she came & compounded for 18 sols by the pledge of Petronilla le

St. Sampson. Peter du Mont, bailed by Richard le Mouner, Peter Bely & Ralph le Rey for that he was [indicted] for assaulting by night in the King's high-way Guillot le Rey & wounding him whereby blood &c.

et clamor de harou levat⁹ fuit nō veñ. Ido pleğ sui in g^{vi} mīa. Et
.....

Forest Remondus Joñnis manucapt⁹ p Guillm Guiff Matñm Denys Ricm le Counte e Raulinū Johan p eo qđ indictat⁹ fuit qđ cepat Cuniclos dñi Reğ cum retiis e furett non veñ. Ido pleğ sui in gravi mīa.

Sci P. in poř. Joñnes de Plemonceys manucapt⁹ p Ricm de Vivariis Petrū Royman e Guillm Mañeu p eo qđ indictat⁹ fuit qđ g^{vi} vulneravit quendam Normanū et statim fugit ad eccliam tč. Et postea reddidit se p'sone tč. Et inde fuit manucapt⁹ p pđctos tč et Ido pleğ sui in g^{vi} mīa. Et ptea die Sabbi veñ pđctus Joñnes et est in p'sona tč.

Salvař Joñnes filius Guilli Fabri de Parela manucapt⁹ p Ricm Esmaunceys Drogonē Henř Robtū de la Rowe e Jordanū Geruays pro eo qđ indictat⁹ fuit qđ insultavit de nocte in via dñi Reğ Guillm le Rey e eum vřbavit e g^{vi} vulnřavit p quod sanguis tč et clañ de harou levat⁹ fuit nō veñ. Ido pleğ sui in gravi mīa. Postea die vřñis veñ pđctus Joñnes et est in p'sona tč.

Joñnes de Rocheford manucapt⁹ p Ricm Heriche sup hoc qđ indictat⁹ fuit qđ ipe simul cum Joñne filio Guilli Fabri de Parella insultav de nocte in via dñi Reğ Guillm le Rey e eum vulnřav p quod clañ de harou levat⁹ fuit non veñ. Ido pleğ suos in g^{vi} mīa. Postea veñ pđctus Ric die vřñis et est in p'sona tč.

Sampř Petr⁹ de Roker e Guiff fñ ejus manucapti p Joñnem de p^{to} Joñnem de Roker e Colinū la Mustenk pro eo qđ indictati fñnt qđ fregunt de nocte fenestrā Relicte Robti Sarre p quod clañ de harou levatus fuit non veñ. Ido pleğ sui in g^{vi} mīa. Postea veñ pđ Petr⁹ die Jovis et est in p'sona tč. Et pred Guiff veñ die Sabbi et est in p'sona tč.

and 'Clameur de Haro' was raised, did not come. Therefore his pledges to be heavily amerced. And

The Forest.

Remond John, bailed by William Fitz-William, Matthew Denys, Richard le Counte & Raulin John for that he was indicted of taking the conies of the lord the King with nets & ferrets, did not come. Therefore his pledges to be heavily amerced.

St. Peter-Port.

John de Plemonceys, bailed by Richard du Vivier, Peter Royman & William Maheu for that he was indicted that he severely wounded a certain Norman & immediately fled to the Church &c. And afterwards he gave himself up a prisoner &c. And therein was bailed by the aforesaid &c. and therefore his pledges are to be heavily amerced. And afterwards on Saturday the said John came & he is in prison &c.

St. Saviour.

John son of William Faber, of La Perelle, bailed by Richard Esmaunceys, Drogo Henry, Robert de la Rowe & Jordan Gervays for that he was indicted of assaulting by night in the King's high-way William le Rey & of beating and severely wounding him, whereby blood &c. and 'Clameur de Haro' was raised, did not come. Therefore his pledges to be heavily amerced. Afterwards on Friday the said John came & he is in prison &c.

John de Rocheford, bailed by Richard Heriche for that he was indicted of having together with John son of William Faber of La Perelle assaulted by night in the King's high-way William le Rey & wounded him whereby a 'Clameur de Haro' was raised, did not come. Therefore his pledge to be heavily amerced. Afterwards the said Richard came on Friday & is in prison &c.

St. Sampson.

Peter de Roker & William, his son, bailed by John de Prato, John de Roker & Colin la Mustenk for that they were indicted of breaking by night the windows of the widow of Robert Sarre whereby a 'Clameur de Haro' was raised, did not come. Therefore their pledges to be heavily amerced. Afterwards the said Peter came on Thursday & is in prison &c. And the said William came on Saturday & is in prison &c.

Jonett⁹ fit Jořdi Mengis manucapt⁹ p Guillotū Mengis et Colinū le Maignen pro eo qđ indictatus fuit qđ fregit de nocte fenestram Relicte Rořti Sarre p quod claĩ de harou levat⁹ fuit non veĩ. Iđo pleğ sui in g^{vi} mĩa. Postea veĩ đctus Jonett⁹ die Marĩ e est in p'sona tč.

Andř

Pha le Fraunket manucaĩ p Joĩnem Eřie e Ričm le Fraunket p eo qđ indicĩ fuit qđ recettavit Simonettam filiam Joĩnis le Markaunt Juvenam una cum bonis ipius Joĩnis non veĩ. Iđo pleğ sui in g^{vi} mĩa. Postea pđ Pha veĩ die Joř e est in p'sona tč. Et patz de ea in Rořlo de delibačoe Gaole.

Sampř

Guiff de Capella senior manucapt⁹ p Radm de Capella Guiffm Canoun e Colinū Vivien pro eo qđ indictat⁹ fuit qđ malicōse cepit equū Relicte Henř Turgys nō veĩ. Iđo pleğ sui in g^{vi} mĩa. Postea veĩ pđctus Guiff die Jovis et est in p'sona tč. Et patz de eo in Rořlo de delibačoe Gaol.

Jonett⁹ Cloet manucapt⁹ p Raulinū Johan Joĩnem Geruays et Jořđ Cloet pro eo qđ indictat⁹ fuit qđ receptavit latrones fuř Cunictos đni Reğ et fuit partē cum eis tč nō veĩ. Iđo pleğ sui in mĩa. Postea veĩ pđ Jonett⁹ die Jovis et est in p'sona tč.

(M. 23 d.)

Adhuc de plĩtis Gorone de manucaptis qui non veneřt.

Abbas de Schirebourgh manucapt⁹ p Rořtū Pře de eo qđ indictat⁹ fuit qđ imprisonavit Guiffm [La]loel fidelem tenentē đni Reğ contra pacem e coronam đni Reğ tč vocati nō veĩ. Iđo uřq, eoy in mĩa.

Vicecoĩ allocut⁹ de eo qđ p'sentavit Guillotū Blondel redditū fuisse p'sone đni Regi die Lune tč et sic remansisse in p'sona tota

Jonett son of Jordan Mengis, bailed by Guillot Mengis & Colin le Maignen for that he was indicted of breaking by night the window of the widow of Robert Sarre whereby a 'Clameur de Haro' was raised, did not come. Therefore his pledges to be heavily amerced. Afterwards the said Jonett came on Tuesday & is in prison &c.

St. Andrew. Philippa le Fraunket, bailed by John Everie & Richard le Fraunket for that she was indicted for harbouring Simonetta the daughter of John le Marchant junior together with the goods of the said John, did not come. Therefore her pledges to be heavily amerced. Afterwards the said Philippa came on Thursday & is in prison &c. And it appears concerning her in the roll of gaol delivery.

St. Sampson. William de la Chapelle senior, bailed by Ralph de la Chapelle William Canoun & Colin Vivien for that he was indicted of maliciously taking a horse of the widow of Henry Turgys, did not come. Therefore his pledges to be heavily amerced. Afterwards the said William came on Thursday & he is in prison &c. And it appears concerning him in the roll of gaol delivery.

Jonett Cloet, bailed by Raulin Johan, John Gervays & Jordan Cloet for that he was indicted of harbouring thieves, stealing the conies of the lord the King, & taking part with them &c. did not come. Therefore his pledges to be amerced. Afterwards the said Jonett came on Thursday & he is in prison &c.

(M. 23 d.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of persons bailed who did not come.

The Abbot of Cherbourg, bailed by Robert Philippe for that he was indicted for imprisoning William Laloel a faithful tenant of the lord the King against the peace & Crown of the lord the King &c., being called did not come. Therefore both of them to be amerced.

The Viscount questioned for that he represented Guillot Blondel to have been given up a prisoner of the lord the King on Monday &c. and to have remained in prison the whole week, whereas the said

septim^a ubi pred Guillot⁹ visus fuit vagando in villa p^{re}dictis die Lune Mar^ti e M^ocu^r t^{er} veⁿi e dicit q^{uod} laic⁹ est t^{er} et q^{uod} Ra^ud de Beauner sviens d^{omi}ni Re^{gi}s C^{on}tic⁹ litt^{er}at⁹ scripsit no^{mi}na p^{er}sonu^m redditoz p^{re}dicto die Lune p^{er} p^{re}senta^{ti}oⁿⁱm Constabula^{ri} t^{er} et p^{re}dictus Ra^ud p^{re}sens noⁿ potest dedi^{ci}te quin vidit p^{re}dictu^m Guillotu^m ex^{tra} prisona^m vagando p^{re}dictis diebz et scien^{ti} scripsit ip^{su}m esse imp^{er}sonatu^m ubi noⁿ fuit t^{er}. Ido co^mmittat^{ur} Gaole redimen^{di} t^{er}. Postea fecit finem p^{er} C^{on} s. de quibz solvet statim xx s e residu^m sc^{ilicet}dm portum suu^m ponit^{ur} in respectu^m.

Fores^ti P^{ri}us Peitevin manu^{cap}t⁹ p^{er} Mich^{ae}lem Caucheys e Petru^m Peytevyⁿ non veⁿi. Ido p^{re}leg^{it} sui in m^{en}sa. Postea veⁿi die Sab^{ba}ti e est in prisona t^{er} qui postea veⁿi e attinct⁹ est q^{uod} alias coram Mattheo de Cu^r tunc ba^{ti}sto e Ju^{ri}s d^{omi}ni Re^{gi}s convict⁹ fuit q^{uod} p^{er}cussit Colinu^m f^{re}m suu^m e fe^{ci}t ei magn^am plag^am ei mutilavit eum de una dente p^{er} quod sanguis t^{er}. Et cla^m de harou levat⁹ fuit. Ido remaⁿi in p^{er}sona redim^{en}d t^{er}.

Samp^{er}s Guillot⁹ de Capella senior manu^{cap}t⁹ p^{er} Ra^udm de Capella senior^e e Guillotu^m de Capella le Petist pro eo q^{uod} indictat⁹ fuit q^{uod} cepit Juvencu^m Reliete Hen^{ri} Turgys e illud detinuit p^{er} xv dies cont^{ra} voluntate^m sua^m noⁿ veⁿi. Ido p^{re}leg^{it} sui in m^{en}sa. Postea veⁿi p^{re}dictu^m Guill^{er} die Jovis e est in p^{er}sona.

Hen^{ri} de Capella e Guillot⁹ f^{re} eju⁹ senior e Ra^uds fra^{ter} eoz^{um} manu^{cap}ti p^{er} Ri^{ch}ard Savage Guillotu^m le Varen^{on} Martinu^m fili^um Cecilia de Capella Rob^{er}tu^m Labbe Colinu^m le Maignen p^{er} eo q^{uod} indictati fu^{er}unt q^{uod} inf^{er}jec^{er}unt lapides adinvicem e fe^{ci}erunt al^{ter}utr^um vulnus e sang^{ui}nem t^{er} non veⁿi. Ido p^{er} eo^{rum} in m^{en}sa. Postea die Jovis veⁿiunt p^{re}dicti Hen^{ri} e Guillot⁹ e sunt in p^{er}sona. Et p^{re}dictu^m Ra^ud veⁿi die Sab^{ba}ti e est in p^{er}sona.

Wale Jo^hna filia Ra^udi de la Fontelle manu^{cap}t⁹ p^{er} Alanu^m le Provost noⁿ veⁿi. Ido p^{er} suos in m^{en}sa. Et p^{er} de ea in alio Ro^llo de manu^{cap}t⁹.

Guillot was seen wandering about in the village on the said Monday Tuesday & Wednesday &c. comes & says that he is a layman &c. and that Ralph de Beauner the Serjeant of the lord the King, a learned clerk, wrote the names of the prisoners given up on the said Monday by the presentment of the constables &c. and the said Ralph being present cannot deny that he saw the said Guillot wandering out of prison on the said days & knowing this wrote that he was imprisoned whereas he was not &c. Therefore he is committed to gaol to be ransomed &c. Afterwards he compounded for 100 sols, of which he shall pay 20 sols immediately & as to the remainder it stands over on the security of his income.

The Forest. Philip Petevin, bailed by Michel Cauchey & Peter Petevin, does not come. Therefore his pledges to be amerced. Afterwards he came on Saturday & is in prison &c. who afterwards came & is attainted for that at another time before Matthew de la Court then Bailiff & the Jurats of the lord the King he was convicted of striking Colin, his brother, & of inflicting on him a severe wound & of knocking out one of his teeth whereby blood &c. and a 'Clameur de Haro' was raised. Therefore let him remain in prison to be ransomed &c.

St. Sampson. Guillot de la Chapelle senior bailed by Ralph de la Chapelle senior & Guillot de la Chapelle junior for that he was indicted for taking a steer of the widow of Henry Turgys & keeping it for 15 days against her will, did not come. Therefore his pledges to be amerced. Afterwards the said Guillot came on Thursday & is in prison.

Henry de la Chapelle & Guillot his elder brother & Ralph, their brother, bailed by Richard Savage, Guillot le Varennon, Martin son of Cecilia de la Chapelle, Robert Labey, Colin le Maignen, for that they were indicted of throwing stones at one another & wounding each other & drawing blood &c. did not come. Therefore their pledges to be amerced. Afterwards on Thursday the said Henry & Guillot came & are in prison. And the said Ralph came on Saturday & is in prison.

The Vale. Joan daughter of Ralph de la Fontelle, bailed by Alan le Provost, did not come. Therefore his pledge to be amerced. And it appears concerning her in another roll of those bailed.

Cast̃r

Robinett⁹ fit Radi de Vivariis manuapt⁹ p Radm de Vivaĩ p eo qđ indietat⁹ fuit qđ implitavit Helenam filiam au Vechere in foro eccl̃iastico de plito effusionis sang^lnis non veñ. Iđo pleğ suus in mĩa. Postea veñ pđ Robinett⁹ die Sabbi e est in p^sone. Et feč finē p v. s.

Johannett⁹ Blondel manuapt⁹ p Robtum Bloundel pro eo qđ indietat⁹ fuit qđ ṽbavit filiū Joñnis de Caubo in litorio maris p qđ claĩ de harou levat⁹ fuit nō veñ. Iđo p^t suus in mĩa. Postea die lune in vigit̃ Šci Joñis bap̃te venerunt pđci Robtus e Johannett⁹ et idm Joñ fecit finem p t^{ns} p XL s̃ p^tm ip̃ius Robti et p mĩa LX s̃.

(M. 24.)

Plita apđ Serk de eodm Itiñe die Jovis p^x post Octab

Šci Joñnis usq̃ diem veñis
in crastinū ut de die in diem.

Serk.

Dñs Rex p Guiltm des Mareys qui sequitur pro eo optulit se quarto die vsus Robtum de plito advocačois eccl̃ie de Serk. Et vsus Nickm Ep̃m Abrinceñ de plito advocačois duazrū eccl̃ie de Serk. Et vsus Ab̃bem de Monteburgñ de plito qđ idem Abbas simt cū p^lor de Serk reddant ei unū molend̃ cum ptiñ in Serk que claĩ ut jus tē. Et predci Ep̃i e Abba..... sum tē. Judm predce advocačoes e Molend̃ tē cap̃ in mañ dñi Reg̃. Et dies tē. Et ip̃i suĩ qđ tē apđ Šcni Elerm̃ in Jerseye in cstio Šce Margaĩ vigiñ tē. Idem dies datus est predcis in Banco. Postea ad diē illū apđ Šcm Eleĩ veñ pđcs P^lor. Et ptulit quasđ iras sigill̃ sigillo pđci Ab̃bis testant^r qđ iidem Ab̃b e Cap̃lm cōstitũunt ip̃m geñalem attorñ e pcur̃ suū tē. Et dicit qđ quid dñs

Câtel. Robinet son of Ralph du Vivier bailed by Ralph du Vivier, for that he was indicted of having sued Helen daughter of Vechere in the Ecclesiastical Court concerning a complaint of assault did not come. Therefore his pledge to be amerced. Afterwards the said Robinet came on Saturday & is in prison. And he compounded for 5 sols.

Johannet Blondel bailed by Robert Blondel for that he was indicted of beating the son of John of Cobo on the sea shore, whereby a 'Clameur de Haro' was raised, did not come. Therefore his pledge to be amerced. Afterwards on Monday in the vigil of St. John the Baptist the said Robert & Johannet came, & the said John compounded for the transgression by the payment of 40 sols by the pledge of the said Robert & by a fine of 60 sols.

(M. 24.) **Pleas at Sark** of the same Eyre on Thursday next after the Octaves of St. John up to Friday on the morrow as from day to day.

Sark. The lord the King by William des Mareys who sues for him actioned on the 4th day Robert concerning a plea of the advowson of the Church of Sark. And Nicholas, Bishop of Avranches, concerning a plea of the advowson of two of the Church of Sark. And the Abbot of Montebourg concerning a plea that the same Abbot together with the Prior of Sark should give up to him one mill with the appurtenances in Sark, which he claims as his right &c. And the aforesaid Bishop & Abbot were summoned &c. the judgment is that the aforesaid advowsons & mill &c. be taken into the hands of the lord the King. And a day &c. And the same are summoned that &c. at St. Helier in Jersey on the morrow of St. Margaret the Virgin &c. Also a day is given to the said in King's Bench. Afterwards at that day at St. Helier the said Prior came. And he produced certain letters sealed with the seal of the aforesaid Abbot witnessing that the said Abbot & the chapter had constituted him their general attorney & prector &c. And he

de Vernoun fuit dñs de Serk e ej⁹ pgenitores
dederāt p̄dco P'oratuī p̄dcm mot quod p̄dcs Rad̄s coġn se teñe ad f̄m̄
vite sue ex f'mā t̄c una cū iij ac̄ f're q̄s ip̄i modo
tenent e iij^u singlis annis p̄cipiend̄ de redd̄ suo p man⁹ receptoris
sui. Ita qđ possessio p'orat⁹ ubi ip̄e P'or est se
al̄ celeb̄ns ⁹tinue p dño R nō se extendit ad plusq̄m ad xv^u Turoñ
p añ t̄c. Et Et totū hoc comptū est
p Ju^r t̄c. Iō pmittit' ip̄os teñe siĉ tenent q'usq, dñs Rex aliĉ inde
dukit ordinand̄.

Audita petiĉoe Drogonis Fausilioun petentis delib̄aĉoem sibi fieri
de sex virgā f're quas Radus ejus cuj⁹ heres t̄c ante
tempus ultime guerre dimiserat Rađo Collochi ad firmā p voluntate
suadendo sibi inde p añ tres solid̄ q̄m diu illas teneret t̄c
et simitr audito responso Stephi filii ejusd̄ Radi qui totū
hoc concedit. Et oīes testant' qđ f'ra debet p̄dco h̄edi restitui. Ido
p̄dca f'ra ei restit..... salvo jure cuj⁹libet et salva p̄dco Stephi me-
diate vestire crescentis in ead̄m f'ra. Et p̄dcs redd̄s jam aretro
est p quatuor annos. Ido Stephus inde respondeat dño Regi. Et
p̄dcs Drogo respondeat dño Regi de relevio.

Joñes du Val p se e p̄ticibus suis petens vsus Rad̄m Ode de
octo peciis f're veñ. Et cōcord̄ sunt scil̄t qđ p̄dcs Joñes remisit
p̄dco Rađo oīem exaĉoem de p̄dcis teñ. Et inde faciet ei audienciā
t̄c et competentē securitatē p p̄ticibz suis t̄c. Et p hac t̄c p̄dcs
Rad̄s dat p̄dco Joñi xx s̄. Et ufq, eoꝝ sit in m̄ia.

Riĉus Durel querit' cū ip̄e adiu est f̄cus fuisset hic p̄poit̄us p
Nich̄m de Cheny tunc custodis Insulaꝝ t̄c et id̄m Riĉus sic extitisset
p̄poit̄us a festo S̄ci Mich̄is usq, ad festum Peni et tunc Radus Ode
pať Radi Ode qui nūc est f̄cus fuisset p̄poit̄us loco suo p Priorem de

says that a certain lord de Vernon ...
was lord of Sark & his progenitors had given to the aforesaid Priory
the said mill which the aforesaid Ralph acknowledges that he holds
for the term of his life of farm &c. together
with 3 acres of land which they now hold & 4 livres every year to be
received from his revenue by the hand of his receiver. So that
..... the possession of the Priory, where the said Prior
is, regularly conducting the service in the Church for the lord the
King, does not extend to more than 15 livres Tournois by the year &c.
And And all this was found by the jury &c. Therefore
it is permitted to them to hold as they hold until the lord the King
shall see fit to order otherwise therein.

Having heard the petition of Drogo Fausilioun praying for deli-
very to be made to him of 6 virgates of land which Ralph his
whose heir &c. before the time of the last war demised to Ralph
Collochi to farm at his will paying therefor to him by the
year 3 sols as long as he shall hold them &c. and likewise having
heard the answer of Stephen son of the said Ralph who
admits all this. And all witnessing that the land ought to be re-
stored to the aforesaid heir. Therefore the aforesaid land is restored
to him saving the right of each & saving to the said Stephen the
moiety of the crop growing on the same land. And the said rent is
now in arrear for 4 years. Therefore the said Stephen shall answer
therefor to the lord the King & the aforesaid Drogo shall answer to
the lord the King for the relief.

John du Val for himself & his partners, claiming from Ralph
Ode 8 parcels of land, came & they were agreed, to wit, that the said
John had conceded to the said Ralph the whole dispute concerning
the said tenements, & thereof he shall cause publication to be made⁽¹⁾
&c. and shall give sufficient guarantee for his partners &c. And for
this &c. the aforesaid Ralph gives to the aforesaid John 20 sols.
And both of them to be amerced.

Richard Durel complains that whereas he long ago was made
Provost here by Nicholas de Cheny then Warden of the islands &c.
and the same Richard thus remained Provost from the feast of St.
Michael to the feast of Pentecost & then Ralph Ode father of Ralph

(1) Audienela: En oule de paroisse.

Wenlok p̄dcus Ričus ofatus fuit in compoto suo de sexdecim libr
quas p̄dcus Radus pař tē recepit e nunq̄ ad manus ip̄ius Riči deve-
nerūt unde petit remeđ.

Et Radus veñ e bene cognoscit qđ Radus pař suus siml cū re-
ceptore p̄dci Nichi receperunt xiiij li de p̄cda pecunia p p̄ceptū ip̄ius
Nichi que ad manus ip̄ius Nichi devenerūt. Et hoc offert v̄ficare p
loco e tempe tē. Et dat⁹ est eis dies coram tē die lune ante festū
Sce Margarete virginis ubi credit^r p̄dcm Nichm advenire.

Et quo ad XL s̄ residuos, dicit qđ pař suus nūq̄ inde recepit.

Et Ričus dicit qđ p̄dcs Radus pař tē fecit voluntatē suam de
blado in garbis ad valenē XL s̄ de quibz ip̄e ofat^r ut p̄dcm est. Et
de hoc poñ se sup pat'am. Et Radus simitr. Ido fiat inde Jurata.
Juř dicūt sup sac̄m suū qđ p̄dcs Radus pař tē recepit p̄dcm bladū in
garbis, et inde fecit voluntatē suam. Et ido cons̄ est qđ p̄dcus Ričus
recupet vsus eum p̄dcos quadraginta solid. Et Radus in m̄ia, nich de
dampnis q, nulla petit.

Plita de Corona ibidm.

Nomen bařfi p̄poiti Wills Riči

Noia Juř de Corona

Petrus du Val	} Electores	Nichs Carupel	Martin ⁹ Wakelyn
Petrus le Gasteyng		Robts Abrah̄m	Robtus le Parmenter
Stephus Colhachet		Wills Hoel	Wills de Portu
Wills Fraunceys		Bertolds Bense	Jord Simon

Noia Juř Reg.

Petr⁹ le pmenter, Wiff Gilbert, Ričs Durel, Joñes Gorreik, Radus
Ode, Ričs Marie.

Ode who now is was made Provost in his place by the Prior of Wenlock, the said Richard was charged in his account with 16 livres which the said Ralph the father &c. took & they never came to the hands of the said Richard, whereupon he claims relief.

And Ralph comes & well knows that Ralph his father together with the Receiver of the said Nicholas received 14 livres of the said money by the order of the said Nicholas which had come into the hands of the said Nicholas. And this he offers to establish both as to the place & time &c. And a day is given to them before &c. on Monday before the feast of St. Margaret the Virgin when it is believed the said Nicholas will come.

And as to the 40 sols remaining, he says that his father never received it.

And Richard says that the aforesaid Ralph the father &c. dealt at his own will with the corn in sheaf to the value of 40 sols of which he is charged as is aforesaid. And for this he submits himself to the verdict of the country. And Ralph likewise. Therefore let a jury be formed thereon. The jurors say upon their oath that the said Ralph the father &c. took the said corn in sheaf & dealt with it according to his will. And therefore it is judged that the aforesaid Richard shall recover against him the aforesaid 40 sols. And Ralph to be amerced ; no damages awarded because he claims none.

Pleas of the Crown there.

Name of the Bailiff appointed, William son of Richard.

Names of the jurors of the Crown.

Peter du Val	} Electors	Nicholas Carupel	Martin Wakelyn
Peter le Gastein		Robert Abraham	Robert le Parmenter
Stephen Colhachet		William Hoel	William du Port
William Fraunceys		Bertoldus Bense	Jordan Simon.

Names of the Jurats of the King.

Peter le Parmenter, William Gilbert, Richard Durel, John Gorreik, Ralph Ode, Richard Marie.

Juř pŕesentant qđ Rađs Ode videns unam bidenřm Wiffi Blenlok putans illam esse suam illam duxit secum ad domũ suam nec illam voluit restituere pđco Wiffo s3 durante inde cōtenčoe inř eos, bidens illa ad falesam maris cecidit e obiit. Et pđcus Rađus inde cōvictus p Juratā in quā se posuit, cōmittit gaole tč. Et fecit finem p x^{li} ppřm

Et Petronilla uxor Vincencii le Bō invenit de Wrecco jux^a mare unam pvā arcam pčii ij š. quā ppořtus invenit cũ ea conclatam tč et illam cepit et inde respondeat. Et Petronilla in mřa p cōcelamento

(M. 24 d.)

Adhuc de plřis de Corona apđ Serk.

Presentant t qđ antiqua firma đni Reğ de řra de Serk est ad x li. de quib3 Prior de Serk noře Abbtis de Monteburgř pcipit p anř iiij^{li} et Capitulũ Constancieř š. Et residuũ remanet đno Regi.

Presentant t qđ Jord Simon anno reğ E. řris tč xxv^{to} fugit hic ad eccliam p furto recogř řcm tč e abjuř insulas. Idm Jord fuit řram ředitarie cũ Ričo řře ejus de ppars Jordi j ačr řre e dimid que valent p anř j busř řři ultima servicia tč et hucusq, conclamente fuerunt tč. Idō Godeřř Peverel qui řram illam tenet ofřat de arrerağ simul cũ ředib3 pđci Riči. Et de pđco reddu tč. Presentant t qđ Mathus du Val e Andř řrař ejus anno pđci Reğ tč xxvij^o fug^t hic ad eccliam p furtis et ibi recogř řcm tč et abjuř Insulas. Idm Mathus fuit unus ředũ Roği řris sui, qui obiit a x annis elapsis tč et ppars řřius Mathi de ředitate pđca se extendit ad ij virğ řre e dimid que valent p anř ult^a servicia tč ij danereř řři hucusq, conclate tč.

The jurors present that Ralph Ode seeing a sheep of William Blenlok thinking it to be his took it with him to his house & did not wish to restore it to the said William, but during the contention therefor between them that sheep being on the sea-cliff fell & died. And the said Ralph convicted thereof by the jury to which he submitted himself is committed to gaol &c. And he compounded for 10 livres by the pledge

And Petronilla the wife of Vincent le Bot found of wreck near the sea a small chest value 2 sols which the Provost found concealed with her &c. and took it & shall answer for it. And Petronilla to be amerced for concealment.

(M. 24 d.)

Continuation of the pleas of the Crown at Sark.

They present also that the ancient farm of the lord the King of the land of Sark amounts to 10 livres of which the Prior of Sark in the name of the Abbot of Montebourg takes by the year 4 livres & the chapter of Coutances sols. And the rest remains to the lord the King.

They present also that Jordan Simon in the 25th year of the reign of E. the father &c. fled here to the Church for theft and acknowledged the deed &c. and abjured the islands. The same Jordan had land of inheritance with Richard his brother whereof the share of Jordan is one acre & a half which are worth per annum one bushel of wheat besides services &c. and up to now were concealed &c. Therefore Godfrey Peveril who holds that land is charged with the arrears together with the heirs of the aforesaid Richard. And of the aforesaid rent &c. They present also that Matthew du Val & Andrew his brother⁽¹⁾ in the 27th year of the said King &c. fled here to the Church for thefts & there acknowledged the deed &c. and abjured the islands. The said Matthew was one of the heirs of Roger his father who died 10 years ago &c. and the share of the said Matthew of the aforesaid inheritance extends to 2 virgates & a half which are worth per annum besides services &c. 2 small bushels of wheat, up to now concealed &c.

(1) The words underlined are crossed out in the original.

Ido tenentes respondeant dno Regi tam de arreraĝ q̃m de p̃dco red̃du t̃c. Et p̃dcs Math̃us postea rediit cū tris dñi Reĝ patentibz de pdonaçõe t̃c. Et Andr du Val e Nich̃us frãl ejus eodem anno simitr abjũr Insulas p̃ furtis t̃c et habuerũt t̃ram h̃editarie scil̃t iij virgã t̃re que valent p̃ anũ ij danerẽt̃ fri ult̃ servicia t̃c hucusq̃ cōcelate t̃c. Ido tenentes inde respondeant t̃c. Et p̃dcs Nich̃us obiit. Et p̃dcs Andr postea rediit dicens se t̃re cartam dñi Reĝ de pdonaçõe t̃c. Et q̃mcicius Justiç nũc venerunt huc p̃dcs Andr fugit eccliam hic e se tenuit in eadem qui quesitus ex pte Justiciarioz si habuisset t̃ras de pdonaçõe t̃c dixit qđ frãl ejus illas perdidit.

Et cū Justiciarii accessissent ad eũ in cimiçiũ cōcedentes ei dimitti p̃ manucapçõem p̃ quatuor de vicinis suis huic ad mensem S̃ci Mich̃is ut int̃im scrutarent̃ Rot̃li t̃c hoc noluit sed de eleoçõe pp̃la abjũr Insulas iřato. Idm Andr̃ fuit de h̃editate matris t̃c ultra p̃dcam t̃ram iij virgã t̃re que valent p̃ anũ ultra servicia t̃c j bus̃ fri.

Et vestura t̃re sue seminate hoc anno valet LX s̃. Idm fuit j vaccam p̃cii xx s̃. j Juvençā p̃cii xx s̃ j viculũ p̃cii v s̃. j pullũ p̃cii xx s̃. bidentes p̃cii xx s̃. lanam p̃cii x s̃. j porcũ p̃cii vj s̃. macrennũ p̃cii iij s̃. j archa p̃cii iij s̃. Cord̃ e boas p̃cii vij s̃. j patellam cū tripode p̃cii iij s̃. et sextam ptem unius batelli p̃cii viij s̃. de quibz p̃dcs p̃poitus respond̃. Et q̃ coĩtas p̃misit ip̃m int̃ eos morari ut hoĩem pacis. Ido in m̃ia.

Presentant t̃ qđ Radus Blondel anno p̃dci Reĝ t̃c xvij abjũr Insulas p̃ furto t̃c et jam fere p̃ duos annos. Idm Radus rediit cū tris dñi Reĝ nũc de pdonaçõe abjuraçõis e felonie t̃c. Et Balts p̃ Judm Juř dñi Reĝ de Gerneř reliçavit ei t̃ram suam sine alio Waranto t̃c quod p̃ falso reputatũ revocat̃ t̃c. Et fuit ix ac̃ t̃re que valent p̃ anũ ultra servicia ij bus̃ fri unde tenentes eađ ofiant̃ de arreraĝ

Therefore the tenants shall answer to the lord the King as well for the arrears as for the aforesaid rent &c. And the aforesaid Matthew afterwards returned with letters patent of pardon of the lord the King &c. And Andrew du Val & Nicholas his brother in the same year likewise abjured the islands for thefts &c. and they had land of inheritance to wit, 4 virgates of land which are worth by the year 2 small bushels of wheat besides the services &c. up to now concealed &c. Therefore the tenants shall answer therefor &c. And the said Nicholas died. And the said Andrew afterwards returned saying that he had letters of pardon of the lord the King &c. And as soon as the present Justices came here the said Andrew fled to the Church here & remained in the same, who being asked on behalf of the Justices if he had letters of pardon &c. said that his brother had lost them.

And when the Justices went to him in the cemetery permitting him to be released on bail by four of his neighbours from now to the month of St. Michael so that in the meantime the rolls may be searched &c. he did not wish it, but of his own choice abjured the islands again. The same Andrew had of the inheritance of his mother &c. besides the aforesaid land 3 virgates of land which are worth per annum besides services &c. one bushel of wheat.

And the crop of his land sown this year is worth 60 sols. He had also one cow value 20 sols, one heifer value 20 sols, one calf value 5 sols, one foal value 20 sols, a sheep value 20 sols, wool value 10 sols, one hog value 6 sols, timber value 4 sols, one chest value 3 sols, ropes & fetters value 7 sols, one pan with a tripod value 4 sols, & the 6th part of a boat value 8 sols of which the aforesaid Provost shall answer. And because the commonalty permitted him to remain among them as if he were a man within the peace of the King, therefore to be amerced.

They present also that Ralph Blondel in the 17th year of the aforesaid King &c. abjured the islands for theft &c. and about two years ago the said Ralph returned with letters of pardon of the now King for the abjuration & felony &c. And the bailiff by the judgment of the jurors of the lord the King in Guernsey re-delivered to him his land without other warrant &c. which being considered as wrongly obtained is revoked &c. And he had 9 acres of land which are worth per annum besides the services 2 bushels of wheat whereof the tenants of the same are charged with the arrears of the

ad p^m ass^m p^{dc}oꝝ duoz annoꝝ e de reddū tē. Et ad Judm de p^{dc}is Juī tē maxime cū p^{dc}s dñs Rex pat tē p tēre suū anno regni sui xvij^o pupplice inhiberi fecisset ne huj^omodi li^{ta}çoes fraꝝ fierent Regi inconsulto.

Presentant t qđ in feodo capis de escheta dñi Reġ sunt xx virgat tēre de quibꝫ tenentes solvūt dño Regi p anñ iij busš fri e xxvj đ j pullaġ e j pułl e di. Et dicūt qđ fra illa valet plus p anñ p ij busš fri qui levati debent de Rado filio e fredi Radi Ode quondam ppoiti tē qui a xxx annis elapsis e amplius sine Waranto occupavit e sibi app^lavit ij virgaī de meliori tē que bene valent ij busš fri ultra servicia tē. Ido p^{dc}s Radus respondē tam de arreraġ q^m de reddū tē.

Presentant t qđ Radus Roiry quondam serviens p^{dc}i Radi ppoiti tē a xxx annis elapsis tē abjuī Insulas p furto tē et p^{dc}us Radus ppoitus app^lavit sibi quodd clausum ipius felonis ex^a Prioratū tē que est e esse debet escheta dñi Reġ e valet p anñ ultra servicia tē j cab fri. Et p^{dc}us Radus filius tē ofat^r tam de arreraġ q^m de p^{dc}o reddū.

[Respice de eodem remañ in alio Roīlo.]

(M. 25.)

Adhuc de p^litis Corone de Serk.

Serk.

Juī p^{se}ntant qđ sunt de annuo reddū debito dño Regi in hac Insula iij cab ij hanapaī e di. Et sciend qđ qⁿq^h hanapati faciūt danereit et busš. Dñs Rex fiet de escheta p defectu fiedū tē vj virġ tēre q reddūt d..... vj pariš p anñ et vaī ul^{ti}us j bꝫ e v hanap fri. Iīm fiet de esch de vale que redd de cta firma v đ e vaī ul^{ti}us j bꝫ fri e j danereit fiet t Colini du Val iij virġ tēre q redd de antiqua firma v đ p anñ e valet

At the first
assize.

aforesaid 2 years & of the rent &c. And to the judgment of the said jurats &c. chiefly as the aforesaid lord the King shows &c. that by his writ in the 18th year of his reign he had caused it publicly to be forbidden that such deliveries of lands should be made without consulting the King.

They present also that in the fee of Capis there are of the escheat of the lord the King 20 virgates of land of which the tenants pay to the lord the King by the year 3 bushels of wheat & 26 deniers one pullage & one fowl & a half. And they say that that land is worth more by the year by 2 bushels of wheat which ought to be levied upon Ralph son & heir of Ralph Ode formerly Provost &c. who 30 years ago & more without warrant occupied & appropriated to himself 2 virgates of the better [land] &c. which are well worth 2 bushels of wheat beyond services &c. Therefore the said Ralph shall answer as well for the arrears as for the rent &c.

They present also that Ralph Roiry formerly serjeant of the said Ralph the Provost &c. 30 years ago &c. abjured the islands for theft &c., and the said Ralph the Provost appropriated to himself a certain close of the same felon beyond the Priory &c. which is & ought to be the escheat of the lord the King & is worth per annum beyond the services &c. one measure of wheat. And the aforesaid Ralph the son &c. is charged as well with the arrears as with the aforesaid rent.

[The remainder of the same is in another roll.]

(M. 25.)

Continuation of the Crown pleas of Sark.

Sark.

The jurors present that there are of yearly rent due to the lord the King in this island 3 measures 2 hanapats & a half. And be it known that 5 hanapats make a small bushel and bushel. The lord the King has of escheat for default of heirs &c. 6 virgates of land which pay 6 parisis by the year & are further worth one bushel & 5 hanapats of wheat. Also he has of the escheat of Vale which pay of certain farm 5 deniers & they are further worth one bushel of wheat & one small bushel. He has also of Colin du Val 8 virgates of land which pay of ancient farm 5 deniers by the year &

e danerett. Iīm dñs Rex het de esch Galfr le Moigne qui obiit sine
hede Henr le Wař tenet e valet p añ iij ŝ e
iij galliñ het t̃ de esch ejusd Galfr ƿre quas Radus Oede tenuit
ex dimissioe Johnis de Newent nup Receptoris p
p añ et Idem Radus illas dimisit Robto le Parmenter e Petro Argent
p ix cab. Et Idem Peř offert dño Regi xij cab fři p añ p pđca
ƿra et concedit ei tē. Iīm Rex het j meš de feodo Faleyse
simul cū curtilagio quod valet p añ j b3 fři e ij gall..... het t̃ de
feodo Riči de Portu e fratrū suoz xj virg ƿre q̃ vał p añ j b3 fři xiiij
ciph..... Iīm de feodo Radi Mynot x virgał ƿre e di que valent
p añ j q̃rř fři di ciph e xvj đ. Et de feodo Anfrey xvij virg ƿre
que valent p añ Het t̃ dñs Rex de esch
iij virg ƿre q̃ fřunt Johi Pynere e vał p añ vj đ e j b3 fři. Iīm het
de feodo Setmeš xvj virg ƿre que valent p añ
Et de feodo Sarder iij virg ƿre q̃ reddūt de firma xj đ e vał ulřius
v cab fři e ij galliñ. Het t̃ de feodi Alaneyne v virg ƿre quas Ričus
Neel tenet ex dimissioe Prioris de Wenlok p v ciph fři p añ e vał
ulřius j cab fři. Ido respond de ceřo de integro. Iīm dñs Rex het
j virg ƿre de escheta Germeyne q̃ valet p añ j ciph fři e xij đ.
Het t̃ dñs Rex de feodo Aese xiiij virg ƿre q̃ reddūt dño Regi p
añ xvj đ oš et ij b3 fři. Et de feodo Bloundel xxx virg ƿre que
reddunt dño Regi p annū xxij đ de firma et vj b3 fři. Et pđca ƿra
de feod Aese e Bloundel valent ulřius ij b3 fři p añ. Ido respond
inde de ceřo. Iīm dñs Rex het de feodo Radi de Cruce xiiij virg ƿre
q̃ vał p añ xiiij pariš e j q̃rř fři. Et de feodo Fanchillon vj virg ƿre
que redd p añ xvj đ de firma e ij b3 fři e ij ciph et vał ulřius j b3
fři p añ. Ido respond inde de ceřo. Iīm de feodo Meleis iij virg
ƿre que redd p añ v ciph fři e ij pañ. Het t̃ dñs Rex de feodo

it is worth & small bushel. Also the lord the King has of the escheat of Geoffrey le Moigne who died without heir Henry Warren holds & it is worth by the year 3 sols & 3 hens. He has also of the escheat of the same Geoffrey le Moigne of land which Ralph Ode held of the demise of John de Newent late Receiver for by the year. And the same Ralph demised them to Robert le Parmenter & Peter Argent for 9 bushels. And the same Peter offers to the lord the King 12 bushels of wheat by the year for the said land & it is granted to him &c. Also King has one messuage of the fee of Faleyse together with the curtilage which is worth by the year one bushel of wheat & 2 hens has also of the fee of Richard du Port & his brothers 11 virgates of land which are worth per annum one bushel of wheat 13 sieves Also of the fee of Ralph Mynot 10 virgates of land & a half which are worth per annum one quarter of wheat half a sieve & 16 deniers. And of the fee of Anfrey 18 virgates of land which are worth per annum Also the lord the King has of escheat 3 virgates of land which belonged to John Pynere & are worth per annum 6 deniers & one bushel of wheat. He has also of the fee of Set messuage 16 virgates of land which are worth per annum And of the fee of Sarder 3 virgates of land which pay of farm 11 deniers & are further worth 5 measures of wheat & 2 hens. He has also of the fee of Alaneyne 5 virgates of land which Richard Neel holds of the demise of the Prior of Wenlock for 5 sieves of wheat per annum & they are further worth one measure of wheat. Therefore he shall answer henceforth for the whole. Also the lord the King has one virgate of land of the escheat of Germeyne which is worth per annum one sieve of wheat & 12 deniers. The lord the King also has of the fee of Aese 13 virgates of land which pay to the lord the King by the year 16½ deniers & 2 bushels of wheat. And of the fee of Blondel 30 virgates of land which pay to the lord the King by the year 22 deniers of farm & 6 bushels of wheat. And the aforesaid land of the fees of Aese & Blondel is further worth 2 bushels of wheat by the year. Therefore they shall answer therefor henceforth. Also the lord the King has of the fee of Ralph de la Croix 14 virgates of land which are worth per annum 14 parisis & one quarter of wheat. And of the fee of Fanchillon 6 virgates of land which are worth per annum 16 deniers of farm & 2 bushels of wheat & 2 sieves & are further worth one bushel of wheat per annum. Therefore it shall answer therefor henceforth. Also of the fee of Meleis 3 virgates of land which pay per annum 5 sieves of wheat & 2 loaves. Also the

Joñnis Galfr̃i tam in clauso q̃m ex̃ viij virg̃ fre que reddūt dño Regi p anū x d de firma e iij cab̃ fri e nō plus valet q̃ Rads Oede fiet inde v s̃ redd̃s quem paī suus adiu est emit de tenentibz ejusdem. Iīm fiet de fra Dalion j virg̃ fre e j clausum cōtinens viij ptem j virg̃ q̃ valent p anū j bz fri. Dicūt t̃ qđ dñs Rex fiet ppe Prioratū ante domū Putybale j clausum cōtinens dī virg̃ fre ubi dñs Rex solebat h̃re g̃ngiam suam et dicūt qđ p̃poitus solitus est h̃re inde h̃bagiū s̃z nescunt quo waī. Dicūt t̃ qđ domus Putybale fca est ptim sup dñicū Reḡ vidz in quodam lafe vsus le Su e in alio lafe vsus le West et Rads Oede modo illam tenet qui veñ e dat dño Regi annuo reddū ij solidos p sic qđ ipe possit tēh̃e p̃dcam domū modo quo nūc stat et concedit̃ ei. Iīm dñs Rex pcipit camptum blados de tenentibz suis in hac Iñs quod valet coibz annis xxⁱⁱ. H̃et t̃ dñs Rex cuniclariū suū in hac Iñs e warennam p totū, et dimitt̃ ad firmam hoc anno p Lⁱⁱ s̃z nūq̃ antea p tanto dimittebat̃. Dicūt t̃ qđ pullagiū istius Iñs se extendit coibz annis ad LXV pullaḡ vidz de quobz pullaḡ ij galli et potest dñs Rex cum expenderit pullaḡ sua de quobz tenente suo cape gallm p ij d quocienscūq̃ volūit e nisi gallm fuit soī p illa ij d. Dicunt t̃ qđ sunt in hac Iñs quinq̃ feodi vidz feod Collochit in quo sunt xij virg̃ fre. Et feod le Machoun continens xij virg̃ fre. Et feod Galfr̃ Richard continens xxiiij virg̃ fre. Et feod Riči Marie in quo sunt xij virg̃ fre. Et feod Joñnis Neel xij virg̃ fre. Et debent tenentes p̃dcos feodos cariare blada de campto dñi Reḡ in Normaī ubicumq̃ Ministri dñi Reḡ volūint inī montem Šci Mich̃is e Chereburgh̃. Ita qđ iidem tenentes tenent̃ invenire sumptibz suis bateff ad p̃dca blada sic carienda. Et alii tenentes dñi Reḡ debent svire in eisdem bateff. Debent t̃ tenentes eoꝝd feodos svare p̃sones dñi Reḡ in feod p̃dcis. Et t̃ debent iidem tenentes invenire Linthiamina

lord the King has of the fee of John Geoffrey as well enclosed as open 8 virgates of land which pay to the lord the King by the year 10 deniers of farm & 3 bushels of wheat, & it is not worth more because Ralph Ode has thereof 5 sols of rent which his father long ago bought of the tenants of the same. He also has of the land of Dalion one virgate of land and one close containing the 8th part of one virgate which are worth per annum one bushel of wheat. They say also that the lord the King has near the Priory in front of the house of Putybale one close containing half a virgate of land where the lord the King was wont to have his grange & they say that the Provost is accustomed to have the herbage thereof, but they do not know by what warrant. They say also that the house of Putybale is built partly upon the King's demesne to wit, on one side towards the south & on the other side towards the west & Ralph Ode now holds it, who comes & gives to the lord the King the yearly rent of 2 sols, so that he may hold the said house in the manner in which it now stands & it is granted to him. Also the lord the King takes champart of the corn of his tenants in this island which is worth one year with another 20 livres. Also the lord the King has his rabbit warren in this isle & right of warren through the whole & it is let to farm this year for 50 livres, but it was never before let for so much. They also say that the pullage of this island extends one year with another to 65 pullages, to wit, of each pullage 2 hens, & the lord the King may take, when he shall value his pullage, of each of his tenants hens for 2 deniers as often as he shall wish & if he have not hens he shall be paid for the same 2 deniers. They say also that there are in this island 5 fees, to wit, the fee of Collochit in which are 12 virgates of land. And the fee of Machon containing 12 virgates of land. And the fee of Geoffrey Richard containing 24 virgates of land. And the fee of Richard Marie in which are 12 virgates of land. And the fee of John Neel [containing] 12 virgates of land. And the tenants of the aforesaid fees owe carriage of the corn of the champart of the lord the King in Normandy wheresoever the officers of the lord the King shall wish between Mount St. Michael & Cherbourg, so that the same tenants are bound to find at their own costs boats for the aforesaid corn so to be carried. And other tenants of the lord the King owe the service in the same boats. Also the tenants of those fees ought to keep the prisoners of the lord the King in the aforesaid

e saccos ad carriag̃ p̃dcoꝝ bladoꝝ et ob hoc debent recipe annuatī de aliis tenentibꝫ dñi Reg̃ ij bꝫ fri e ij bꝫ ordi.

Presentant qđ Colinus Carupel debet de relevio de morte p̃ris sui ix š. Et Guits Houel debet simiŕ de relevio xxxv^d uŕq_h de iiij^{or} annis elapsis.

Presentant t̃ qđ Rađs Oede feč suñ Radm̃ Neel ex^a dominiū Reg̃ apud Constanč in cuř xpianitatis. Ido ipe in g^{vi} mīa.

Presentant t̃ qđ
le Roseye taḡnař vini e ēviš e Peř le Parmenter
Junior taḡnař e bolengarius t̃nsḡssi sunt in ven..... Ido ipi in mīa.

Presentant t̃ qđ Epus Abrinceñ pcipit p totam Inš istam duas
ptes qđ fcia ps modo remanet
..... istius et
..... ptem de

Et sciend̃ qđ de qualibet virḡ vend
...vend xij đ.

Et Juř duodene p plibꝫ conclamentis in veredco suo de quibꝫ
[convicti fuerunt] Justič p examinačoe in mīa.

(M. 25 d.)

Adhuc de p̃litis Gorone de Gerh.

Fresingfeld.

.....s huj^o Insule allocuta de fidelitate dño Regi
debita sibi facienda e g^atanť concedunt
fidelitatem ei fače e illam ei fečunt sacrm̃to eoꝝ ali
p̃stito, salvis Ottoni de Grandisono hiis q̃ ad eum spectant p l̃m̃o
suo p concessioem ei fcam p dñm Edwardū quond Regē Angl̃ p̃rem
dñi Reg̃ nūc.

fees. Also the same tenants ought to find linen cloths & sacks for the carriage of the said corn & for this they ought to receive yearly of the other tenants of the lord the King 2 bushels of wheat & 2 bushels of barley.

They present also that Colin Carupel owes of relief for the death of his father 9 sols. And William Houel owes likewise of relief 35 deniers & both for 4 years past.

They present also that Ralph Orde caused to be summoned Ralph Neel out of the dominions of the King at Coutances in the Court of Christianity. Therefore he is to be heavily amerced.

They present also that
le Roseye taverners of wine & ale & Peter le
Parmenter junior, taverner & baker, have transgressed in selling
Therefore they are to be amerced.

They present also that the Bishop of Avranches takes through-
out all this island 2 parts that the 3rd
part now remains of this &
..... part of

And be it known that of each virgate sold
..... sold 12 deniers.

And the jury of 12 for many concealments in their verdict of
which [they were convicted] by the justices by examination to be
amerced.

(M. 25 d.)

Continuation of the Crown pleas of Sark.

Fresingfeld.

[The jurors] of this island challenged concerning the fealty due
to the lord the King to be made to him and
they joyfully assent to make fealty to him & they made it to him
on their corporal oath, saving to Otto de Grandison those things
which belong to him for his term by the grant made to him by the
lord Edward formerly King of England father of the now lord the
King.

(M. 26.) **Comunia p̃lifa** coram Joñne de Fresingfeld Drogone [de Barantyno] e Joñne de Dittone Justiciariis itibantibz in Insulis ante festum Šce Barnabe Ap̃li anno regni dñi Edwardi..... secundo pred̃co die continuato in Jerš usq, ad diem lun..... festū Ap̃loꝝ Petri e Pauli ut de die in diem.

Jerseye. Joñnes Robyn in m̃ia p p̃libz defalt̃ vsus Guiltm Guillard.

Alesia que fuit uñ Joñnis Unfrey quer de Guillo Jordan de eo qđ pred̃cus Joñnes in ip̃a in vita sua contradiče nō potuit oflavit novem v'gaĩ f're heditate ip̃ius Alesie de q̃rfioꝝ fri vsus p̃dcm Guiltm. Et pred̃cus Guilt veĩ et vocat inde ad warantū Nichus..... heredem pred̃ci Joñnis et participes suos t̃c. Et pred̃cus Nichus veĩ e dicit qđ teĩ sua..... in maĩ dñi Reġ p quod non deĩ respondere quousq, manus dñi Reġ amoveatur t̃c. Etest p roĩlos de comp t̃c qđ pred̃cus Joñnes tenetur dño Regi in xv li xij s iiij d de quibz a..... dño Regi debitores de vj li iiij s viij d de tempe quo fuit p̃poĩtus dñi Reġ et pro residuo ejusd arrestata sunt teĩ t̃c. Et pred̃cus Guilt pet̃it qđ pred̃ca f'ra ei libetur et ip̃e satisfaciet tam dño Reġ tam de arreĩ pred̃ci debiti q, p̃d̃cie Alesie. Et pred̃cus Nichus p̃sens ad hoc consentit. Ido libatur ei pred̃ca f'ra tenenda quousq, debite satisfiat ei tam de denaĩ solvend dño Regi q, de p̃d̃co redd̃ t̃c. Et pred̃cus Guilt pro injusta detenč vsus p̃d̃cam Alesiam in m̃ia.

Rads le Arblast̃er pet̃it vsus Galfĩ de Grochee iij virgaĩ terĩ in parrochĩ Šci Elerii et c̃cord̃ sunt et q, concord̃ sunt sine licencia. Ido ułq, eoꝝ in m̃ia.

(M. 26.) **Common pleas** before John de Fresingfeld, Drogo [de Barantin] & John de Ditton Justices in eyre in the islands before the feast of St. Barnabas the Apostle in the second year of the reign of the lord Edward on the aforesaid day to be continued in Jersey until Monday feast of the Apostles Peter & Paul as from day to day.

Jersey. John Robyn to be amerced for many defaults as against William Guillard.

Alice who was the wife of John Unfrey complains of William Jordan for that the aforesaid John in she could not contradict that he during his life had charged 9 virgates of land of the inheritance of the said Alice with quarters of wheat in favour of the said William. And the said William comes & calls thereof to warranty Nicholas heir of the aforesaid John and his co-heirs &c. And the aforesaid Nicholas comes & says that his tenements in the hands of the lord the King whereby he ought not to answer until the hands of the lord the King be removed &c. And it is [found] by the rolls of accounts &c. that the said John is bound to the lord the King in 15 livres 12 sols 4 deniers of which there were [arrested] to the lord the King debtors of 6 livres 4 sols 8 deniers since the time in which he was the Provost of the lord the King & for the balance of the same the tenements were arrested &c. And the aforesaid William asks that the aforesaid land may be delivered to him (Nicholas) & he shall satisfy as well the lord the King concerning the arrears of the aforesaid debt, as also the said Alice. And the aforesaid Nicholas being present consents thereto. Therefore the aforesaid lands are delivered to him (Nicholas) to be held for so long as he shall satisfy the debts both as to the money to be paid to the lord the King as the said rent &c. And the said William for unjust detention against the said Alice to be amerced.

Ralph LARBALSTIER claims against Geoffrey de Gruchy 3 virgates of land in the parish of St. Helier & they were agreed & because they have come to an agreement without leave, therefore both of them to be amerced.

Robtus de Amonis in mīa p plibz defalť vsus **Willm Graie**.

Wiltus filius **Thome Payn** qui infra etatem est p ductorem sive custodem suū petens et **Nichus Desuee** e **Raulina** uxor ejus e **Thomas Lempere** p se e pticipibz suis qui infra etatem fuit p ductorem sive custodem suū de plito tre veñ e concord fuit. Et est concord tñs qđ pđci **Nichus** e **Raulina** e **Thomas Lempere** p se e pticipibz suis concedunt pđco **Wiltmo** e **Wiltō de Chalegraue** e **Marione** ūxi ejus matri pđci **Wilti** fil **Thome** de ipō **Thoma** pcreati unū meš cū ptinenciis in villa **Sci Elerii** quod fuit pđci **Thome Payn**. Et decem quartia fri de redditu assedenda sufficienť sup pras e teñ que fuerunt pđci **Thome Payn** in manibz pđcoz **Nichi Rauline** e **Thome** e pticipū suoꝝ coñorancia simul cū reddu duodecim caš salis de eisdem teñ pveniente hēnda e tenenda pđcis **Wiltmo** e **Marione** e **Wiltmo** ad totam vitam ipōz **Wilti** **Marione** e **Wilti** et post decessum ipōz **Wilti** **Marione** e **Wilti** pđca meš e redditus cū ptiñ remanebunt hēdibz ipius **Wilti** fit **Thome** de corpore suo legitime pcreatis. Et si idm **Wiltus** fit **Thome** obierit sine hēde de corpore suo legitime pcreato tunc post decessum pđcoz **Wilti** **Wilti** e **Marione** pđca meš e reddz cū ptiñ remanebunt **Drogoni** de **Barantino** e hēdibz suis tenenda de capitalibz dñis feodoꝝ illoꝝ p servicia que ad pđca meš e reddz ptinent inppetuū. Et t pđci **Nichs** **Raulina** e **Thomas** p se e pticipibz suis remiserunt e quiete clañ pđcis **Wiltmo** e **Marione** uxi ejus e hēdibz ipius **Marione** tres buss frumenti de reddu quo ipi recipe solebant de uno meš quod pđci **Wiltus** e **Mariona** tenent in **Lungevill** de jure ipius **Marione** de dono pđci **Thome Payn**. Et pđcs **Drogo** manucapit qđ ipe acquietabit pđcos **Nichm** **Raulinam** **Thomam** e pticipes suos vsus pđcm **Wiltm** fit **Thome** de viginti libř quas pđcus **Thomas** pař ejusdem **Wilti** sibi legavit. Et t idm **Drogo** manucapit p pđco **Wiltmo** fil

Robert de Amonis to be amerced for many defaults against William Gray.

William son of Thomas Payn who is under age by his tutor or guardian, plaintiff, & Nicholas Desvee & Raulina his wife & Thomas Lemprière for himself & his co-heirs, who was under age by his tutor or guardian, concerning a plea of land, come & it was agreed. And the agreement is such that the said Nicholas & Raulina & Thomas Lemprière for himself & his co-heirs grant to the said William & to William de Chalegrave & Marion his wife, mother of the said William, son of Thomas begotten of the said Thomas, one messuage with the appurtenances in the town of St. Helier which belonged to the said Thomas Payn. And 10 quarters of wheat of rent to be assessed sufficiently upon the lands & tenements which belonged to the said Thomas Payn remaining in the hands of the aforesaid Nicholas, Raulina & Thomas & their co-heirs together with the rent of 12 measures of salt issuing from the same tenements, to have & to hold to the said William & Marion & William for the whole lives of the said William, Marion & William & after the decease of the said William, Marion & William the aforesaid messuage & rent with the appurtenances shall remain to the heirs of the said William son of Thomas of his body lawfully begotten. And if the said William son of Thomas shall die without heir of his body lawfully begotten then after the decease of the said William, William & Marion the aforesaid messuage & rent with the appurtenances shall remain to Drogo de Barantin & his heirs to be held of the chief lords of those fees by the services which to the said messuage & rent belong for ever. And also the said Nicholas, Raulina & Thomas for themselves & their co-heirs remised & quit-claimed to the said William & Marion his wife & to the heirs of the said Marion 3 bushels of wheat of rent which they were wont to receive on one messuage which the said William & Marion hold at Longueville in the right of the said Marion of the gift of the aforesaid Thomas Payn. And the aforesaid Drogo guarantees that he will hold quit the aforesaid Nicholas, Raulina & Thomas & their co-heirs against the said William son of Thomas of 20 livres which the aforesaid Thomas father of the same William bequeathed to him. And also the said Drogo guarantees

Thome Payn qđ cum ad plenam etatem vēsit faciet pđcis Nicō Rauline Thome e ptič suis securitatem qđ ipe nūq̃ plus clamabit de ʒris vť teñ que fuerunt pđci Thome Payn p̃ris sui q̃m id quod ei jam concedit̃. Et Rađus Lempere pał pđcoz Thome e p̃cipū suoꝝ manucapit p̃ eis qđ cum ad plenam etatem vēsint ratificabūt hanc concord̃ et qđ ipi nūq̃ inquietabunt pđcos Wiltm e Marionam e Wiltm vť fides pđci Wilhi filii Thome vť pđcm Drogonem aut fides suos de pđcis meš e reddū inppetuū. Et pđca Raulina consessata e examinata coram Justič totū hoc concedit. Et omēs manucap̃ qđ facient inde audienciam in počh̃ Šci Elerii e aliis počh̃ ad hoc necessariis die đnica post instans festum Šce Margarete Virginis. Et concessum est huic inde qđ om̃ia scripta hucusq̃ inl̃ eos inde fca totat̃ irritent̃.

Cogničo

Prior de Insuletto vēn in Cuř e cogū qđ deš Drogoni de Barantyno sexaginta e decem solidos quos solvet ei ad f̃m Šci Michis p̃rio venturū. Et nisi fecit concedit qđ vič fieri fač tč de ʒris e cał tč.

Petr^o de Šco Elerio đns de Sausmareys queř e Abbas de Schireburgh pro se e conventu suo per P̃lorē de Insuletta geñalem attornatū suū poñ se in miām đni Reğ pro licenč concord̃. Et pđcus Abbas e Petr^o de om̃ibz exacc̃oibz e demandis em̃sis hucusq̃ inl̃ eos ex quibuscumq̃ causis totat̃ se supponunt dicto e ordinačoi Phi de Carfet đni de Šco Audoeno electi a pte ipius Petri e Robti de Bruerey electi a pte pđci Abbis. Ita ĩn qđ si pđci P̃lus e Robt^o dicendo vť ordinando non concordent tunc eoꝝ dicta coram Ričo de Curcy milite recitabuntur et ej^o arbitrio stabit dictū ordinantis. Et debent pđce ptes p̃curare quemlibet p̃ se qđ premissa compleantur citra pasch̃. Et si quid p̃poitum coram pđcis ordinatoribz indigeat inquisičone Bat̃s huj^o Insule ad rogatū ordinatoꝝ in p̃sencia p̃cium si

for the said William son of Thomas Payn that when he shall become of full age he will give the aforesaid Nicholas, Raulina Thomas & their co-heirs security that he will never claim of the lands or tenements which belonged to the said Thomas Payn his father more than that which is now granted to him. And Ralph Lemprière father of the said Thomas & his co-heirs guaranteed for them that when they shall come to full age they will ratify this agreement & that they will never trouble the aforesaid William & Marion & William or the heirs of the said William son of Thomas or the said Drogo or his heirs concerning the aforesaid messuage & rent in perpetuity. And the aforesaid Raulina consenting & being examined before the Justices agrees to all this. And they all engage that they will cause this to be published⁽¹⁾ in the parish of St. Helier & in the other parishes where this is required, on Sunday after the present feast of St. Margaret the Virgin. And it was agreed in this matter that all deeds hitherto made between them therein shall be totally annulled.

Acknowledgement.

The Prior de l'Islet comes into court & acknowledges that he owes to Drogo de Barantin 70 sols, which he will pay to him at the feast of St. Michael next coming. And unless he shall do so he agrees that the Viscount shall make execution &c. on his lands & chattels &c.

Peter de St. Helier, lord of Samarès, plaintiff & the Abbot of Cherbourg for himself & his community by the prior de l'Islet his general attorney submit themselves to the grace of the lord the King for license to agree. And the aforesaid Abbot & Peter concerning all claims & demands which have arisen hitherto between them for whatsoever causes submit themselves altogether to the decision & ruling of Philip de Carteret lord of St. Ouen chosen on the part of the said Peter & of Robert de Bruerey chosen on the part of the said Abbot, so nevertheless that if the aforesaid Philip & Robert do not agree in their decision or ruling, then their decisions shall be re-examined before Richard de Courcy, knight, at whose definitive judgment the decision of the suit shall stand. And the aforesaid parties must arrange each for himself that the premises be completed on this side of Easter. And if any proposition before the aforesaid arbitrators require an examination, the Bailiff of this island at the request

(1) Ad audienciam : En ouïe de paroisse.

infesse volfint veritatem inquiret competenter. Et inquisita retor-
nabit coram ordinatoribz ut inde fiat ordinacio put est p̄dictm. Et
oīa hec p̄dictis ptibz p̄ Cuī t̄c concedunt^r. Et p̄dce ptes concedūt
qd si alī eoꝝ convinci p̄otit qd p̄missa non p̄fiantur in forma p̄dca
ob defectū alterius eoꝝ tunc ps in qua defect^o repietur teneatur dño
Regi in viginti libr sterlingoꝝ et parti pate p̄missa s^otinere in aliis
viginti libr sterling noīe puri debiti statim solvend a tempe quo con-
vinci pōt t̄c. Et ad hec oīa t̄c p̄dcus Abbas p̄ p̄dcū attornatū
suū invenit hos pleḡ s̄ Willm Paien seniore, Jordanū Levesqe e
Willm Le Petist de Šco Elerio. Et p̄dcus Petr^o invenit hos pleḡ
s̄ maḡm Galfr̄m de Carfet maḡm P̄lm de Carfetto e Joīnem de
Šco Martino p̄sbriū. Qui oīes applegiant e manucapiunt oīa
p̄missa scilī p̄dci pleḡ alīnatim singli p̄ ip̄o cuj^o sunt plegii.

Galter^o le Keu Guills Lenginour e Lucas Espiard petunt vsus
Symonē le Courour viginti libr turroñ quas idem Symon alias coram
P̄ho Levesqe ballio dñi Reḡ se eis debere et inde
p̄ferunt quasdam īras patentes sigillo ballie sigillatas q.....
testantur. Et p̄eds Symon nichil scit dicere quare p̄dce viginti libr
de eo..... nō debeant. Idō p̄cedat execuō t̄c.

(M. 26 d.)

[Ricard]us Esteuene qui alias coram ballio hujus Insule e Juratis
dñi Reḡ in plitis Vicecomitalibz [app]ellavit ad has assisas de quodam
Judicio ibi reddito cont^r ip̄m Ricm̄ p̄ P̄ho filio Thome Tehy [ven]it
hic e querit^r qd p̄dcū Judm̄ coram p̄fatis ballio e Juraī redditū
inī p̄dcū P̄lm petentē [et] ip̄m Ricm̄ tenentem de decem virgatis
ēre e redd triū bus̄ multure assesso sup molendinū Thursteyn in
pochia Šci Petⁱ injustū fuit e iniquū, in eo videlī qd cū ip̄e ptes ad

of the arbitrators in the presence of the parties, if they shall wish to be present, shall fully enquire into the truth, & he shall make a return of the examination before the arbitrators in order that a decision may be made therein as is aforesaid. And all these things to the said parties by the court &c. are granted. And the aforesaid parties agree that if either of them shall be found not to have carried out the premises in the form aforesaid, on account of his default the party in whom the default is found shall be liable to the lord the King in 20 pounds sterling & to the party ready to persist in the premises in another 20 pounds sterling as a liquidated debt to be paid immediately from the time in which he will be guilty of &c. And for all these things &c. the aforesaid Abbot by his said attorney finds these pledges, to wit, William Payn, senior, Jordan Levesque & William le Petit of St. Helier. And the aforesaid Peter finds these pledges, to wit, Master Geoffrey de Carteret, Master Philip de Carteret & John de St. Martin, Priest, who all remain pledges & guarantee all the premises to wit, the aforesaid pledges on either side each one for him of whom they are pledges.

Walter le Keu, William Lenginour & Lucas Espiard claim against Simon le Courour 20 livres tournois which the said Simon at another time before Philip Levesque, Bailiff of the lord the King, [acknowledged] that he owed to them & they produce therein certain letters patent sealed with the seal of the bailiwick which witness [this]. And the said Simon can advance nothing to show that the said 20 livres are not due by him. Therefore let execution proceed &c.

(M. 26 d.) [Richard] Estevene, who at another time before the Bailiff of this island & the Jurats of the lord the King in the Viscountal pleas appealed to these assizes concerning a certain judgment there given against the said Richard in favour of Philip son of Thomas Tehy, comes here & complains that the said judgment given before the said Bailiff & Jurats between the said Philip (plaintiff) & the said Richard (defendant) concerning 10 virgates of land & the rent of 3 bushels of multure assessed upon the mill of Tesson in the parish of St. Peter was contrary to law and bad, in that, to wit, whereas the parties them-

unū diem coram p̄fatis ballio e Juř plitassent in p̄dca querela ad
judm̄ Cuř et ad diem sibi datū p̄dcus Ričus nō vocatus nec expectat⁹
set valde tempestive veniens optulisset se noīans qđ vsus P̄hm filiū
Johe Tehy licet n̄ls talis umq̄^a fuisset e ipe Ričus statim ppendens
qđ male noīavit advsariū suū optulit se illud emendare Curie e con-
festim optulit se vsus advsariū suū p̄dcm̄ ipe bene noīando p̄dci
Juř dñi Reę adjudicaverunt ipe Ričm̄ q̄si indefensum sine causa
amitte seism̄ suam de teñ petitis unde petit justiciam sibi exhiberi.

Et P̄hus suū modo veñ. Et nich̄ dicit p se nisi im̄ qđ juste
pcessum fuit p ipo ex quo t̄xit advsariū suū ad unam emend̄ tē. Et
ut securus pcedat̄ dcm̄ est p̄dcis ballio e Juř qđ hito inē eos sup hiis
colloquio libent̄ Justič hiis recordū suū de p̄dco plito. Qui illud
libaverunt in hec vba. En lan del regne le Rey Edward filz le Rey
Edward secund le meskerdy prochein apres la feste Saint Michel en
moute gargane Phelipot Tehy le filz Thomas Tehy fu pleyntifz de
Richard Estevene e li demaundont x vergees de fre ou la entour e
vj caboteaus de mouture sus le molyn de Tostain en la parroisse de
Saint Pere e disoit qe ceo avoit estoi le heritage de Johane de Tehy
aale del dit P̄hot la quele Johane avoit donney la dite fre e la dite
mouture al dit Richard neveu de la dite Johane filz de sa soer la ou
ele resoit en mal de la mort e disoit le dit P̄hot qe ele ne pavoit ne
ne devoit donneir a ceus qe poeent estre ses heirs al un plus q̄ al
autre come le dit P̄hot fust le filz del filz de la dite Johane qui en
devoit porter les cheaete par devaunt ceus qe estoient de la soer e en
prist droit a jugement et le dit Richard prist droit qe il lieseit bien a
la dite Johane a doner li son heritage tout ou partie sicome il y avoit
plus procheyns qe li en les chaete de la dite Johane e en pernoit
droit as que les parties len donna fme as primers Jugementz qi

selves had pleaded on one day before the said Bailiff & Jurats in the aforesaid action for the judgment of the court, & on the day given to them the aforesaid Richard not summoned nor waited for but coming very early had presented himself, naming as his opponent Philip son of Joan Tehy, although no such ever had been, & the said Richard immediately considering that he had wrongly named his adversary, offered to correct the same in court, & forthwith presented himself against his aforesaid adversary by naming him correctly, the aforesaid Jurats of the lord the King adjudged without reason that the said Richard as if he were undefended should lose his seisin of the tene-ments claimed whereof he prays that justice should be done to him.

And Philip being summoned now comes & says nothing for himself except only that the process was lawful so far as he was concerned in that he caused his adversary to make the correction &c. And so that the case may be proceeded with surely it was commanded to the said Bailiff & Jurats that having had a conference among themselves upon these things they should deliver to the justices their record of the said plea; who delivered it in these words: "In the second year of the reign of King Edward son of King Edward the Wednesday next after the feast of St. Michael of Mount Gargan, Philip Tehy the son of Thomas Tehy was plaintiff against Richard Estevene & demanded of him 10 virgates of land or thereabouts & 6 bushels of multure on the mill of Tesson in the parish of St. Peter & said that this had been the heritage of Joan Tehy the grandmother of the said Philip, which said Joan had given the said land & the said multure to the said Richard, nephew of the said Joan, son of her sister, at the time when she was on her death-bed, & the said Philip said that she could not & ought not to give to those who might be her heirs to one more than to the other as the said Philip was the son of the son of the said Joan who ought to have the inheritance in preference to those who were descended from the sister, & he (Philip) took proceedings to judgment & the said Richard took proceedings on the ground that it was quite lawful for the said Joan to give him her heritage, all or part, seeing that there were others nearer than he in the succession of the said Joan, & thereon took proceedings so that the parties would appoint the case for trial at the first court of judg-

sereient as quiels Jugementz le dit Richard se offrit amayntenir son Jugement countre Pñot Tehy filz Johane Tehy ou contre son attorney. Et Renald de Saint Clement attorney du dit Pñot filz Thomas Tehy dist qe il ne estoit de rien attorney au filz Johane Tehy ne que il ne avoit q̃ faire de respoudre pur le filz de la dite Johane. Et le dit Richard conust bien q̃ vs le filz a la dite Johane ne avoit il poynt de jour par quei il amenda. Et recorda son jugement vs le dit attorney. Et le dit attornei dist q̃ au jugement de devaunt prins ne devoit il respoudre a y celi Richard si come il lavoit trait a amende. Et q̃ il devoit amender le jugement. Et le dit Richard disoit q̃ pour taunt ne devoit amender le jugement. Et en pernoit droit tout eust il fait la mende de ceo q̃ il avoit dit qil estoit en jugement vers le filz Johane Tehy le quel jugement fu fait par la greignor partie de jureiz Cest asavoir par Guiff le Petit p Ph Fondent p Gautier le Cu, Guilliame Dieruaunt Guiff des Augnereis Ph Horman e Hamelin de la Hougue p sire Johan de Carfet chivaler Ph de Carfet q̃ le dit Richard devoit amender le dit jugement par les raisons de sus dites sicome il lur estoit avis a lur enciens Et le dit Richard dit q̃ le jugement estoit fait countre la costume et en apela a lassise e en donna pleges cest a savoir Guiff Payn e Pierres le Marchaunt. Et dicunt qđ septem ip̃oz xij Juř fũnt ad istud Judm reddendũ una cum Joñne de Carfet milite e Ph̃o de Carfet ad hoc sibi adherentibz et p̃dco batlo e aliis q̃nq̃ ip̃oz Juř in 9traria opinione existentibz. Et p̃dci vij Juř requisiti quid intellexerunt p hoc qđ adjudicaverunt qđ p̃dcs Riçus emendet judm nō possunt dediçe q̃n qđ amit̃fet t̃c sicut p̃dcm est. Nec ip̃i nec eis adherentes aliquid sciũt diçe ad docendũ ṽl pbandũ qđ judm suũ legale flũit sec nec p̃dcs Phus. Et h̃ito tractatu cũ discreçoribz e legalioribz p̃rie visũ est oĩbz qđ p̃dcm judm injustũ est e iniquũ. Comptũ est t̃ qđ oĩbz correcçoibz judioz huj9modi in insulis coram batlis e Juř redditoz semp oportet

ments that would be held, at which court of judgments the said Richard offered to maintain his judgment against Philip Tehy son of Joan Tehy or against his attorney. And Renaud de Saint Clement attorney of the said Philip son of Thomas Tehy says that he was not in anywise attorney to the son of Joan Tehy nor had he any business to answer for the son of the said Joan. And the said Richard knew well that against the son of the said Joan he had no day wherefore he amended and entered judgment against the said attorney. And the said attorney says that on the judgment previously obtained he ought not to answer to the said Richard seeing that he had caused him to amend. And that he ought to amend the judgment. And the said Richard said that notwithstanding he ought not to amend the judgment. And he took proceedings therein just as if he had amended, inasmuch as he had said that he was in judgment against the son of Joan Tehy, which judgment was made by the greater part of the Jurats, to wit, by William le Petit, Philip Fondent, Walter le Cu, William Diervaunt, William des Augrès, Philip Horman, and Hamelin de la Hougue, by Sir John de Carteret, Knight, [and] Philip de Carteret, that the said Richard ought to amend the said judgment for the reasons abovesaid seeing that such was their opinion according to their knowledge. And the said Richard says that the judgment was made contrary to the custom & he appealed therefrom to the assize & gave pledges therefor, to wit, William Payn & Peter le Marchant." And they say that 7 of the twelve Jurats were for giving this judgment together with John de Carteret Knight & Philip de Carteret adhering to them in this matter, & the said Bailiff, & the other 5 of the said Jurats being of a contrary opinion. And the said 7 Jurats being asked what they understood by this that they had adjudged that the said Richard should amend the judgment cannot gainsay but that he would lose &c. as is aforesaid. Neither they nor their adherents can advance anything to show or prove that their judgment was legal, nor can the said Philip. And conference being had with the more discreet & lawful men of the country it was plain to all that the said judgment was contrary to law, unjust & bad. Also it was found that in all corrections of such judgments given in the islands before the Bailiffs & Jurats it always behoves

querentes invenire bonam et sufficienciam securi per sufficientes plebem de
per per quod patet quod sequuntur ut de falso iudicio. Et ideo consensum est quod
predicem Judicem per predictos septem Iures et sibi adherentes redditum totum
adnulletur tamquam falsum et iniquum et predictus Ricus reheat seism suam
de predictis tamen talem qualem fuit die predicti Iudicii sic redditum.

Et Pius in mania et predicti septem similiter in gravi mania. Et quia predicti
Johannes de Carfet et Pius de Carfet gratias eis adhererunt in predicto
Iudicio injuste reddendo cum essent iudices ideo ipsi in gravi mania, set mania
quo ad Priorem remittitur quia infra etatem tunc. Et sciendum quod quoniam predictus
predictus Pius hic vocatus fuisset et compuisset Jordanus Levesk unus
Iuris Regis qui se tenet per uno de discretioribus illorum statim adivit ad
partem suam ad barram stans cum ipso ad consilium suum in prelo tunc. Et
super hoc allocutus ex quo juratus est domino Regi ad manutenendum justiciam
erga omnes neminem excipiendo nichil scit dicere nisi quod predictus Pius nepos
ejus est et parum fretus auxilii nisi de ipso Jordano et cognovit quod fuit de
ejus consilio et ei auxilians in tota predicta querela. Et quia doctore non potest
quod sic sibi licuit ex quo juratus est sine conditione nec fuit licenciam
sic faciendi tunc. Ideo committatur gaule tunc. Postea replebatur fuit ut de die
in diem tunc. Postea fito avisamento ad hoc quod predictus Jordis tenet unum
Justicium hic per gravi adversario suo de assensu ipsius Jordis dies datus est
ei de audienda taxatione tunc coram domino Rege a die Sancti Michaelis in unum
mensem ubicumque tunc fuerit in Angli.

Dionisius de Oredenciis Prior de Bona nocte presens allocutus de
eo quod nuper in magnum piculum tunc levavit magnum scandalum et falso de eo
videlicet quod pupplicavit quod Episcopus Constanter misisset huc quatuor viginti homines
ad arma ad capiendum Justicium domini Regis hic et eos ducendum in personam apud
Constanter tunc non potest hoc deducere. Ito sit in gravi mania. Et afforatur per
Justicium ad viginti libras.

the plaintiffs to find good & sufficient security by sufficient pledges to prosecute whereby it appears that they are to proceed as in a case of false judgment. And therefore it is ordered that the said judgment given by the said 7 Jurats & their adherents be totally annulled as false & bad & that the said Richard may be re-possessed of his seisin of the said tenements such as he had on the day of the said judgment so given.

And Philip is amerced & the aforesaid seven are likewise heavily amerced. And because the said John de Carteret & Philip de Carteret willingly adhered to them in giving the said judgment contrary to law, at the time when they were judges, therefore they are to be heavily amerced, but the amercement as to the said Philip is to be remitted because he is under age &c. And be it known that as soon as the said Philip was called here & appeared, Jordan Levesque one of the Jurats of the King who is one of those more discreet men immediately went over to his side standing at the bar with him to advise him in the plea &c. And being questioned upon this inasmuch as he was sworn to the lord the King to maintain justice towards all without exception cannot say anything except that the said Philip is his nephew & would have little help unless from the said Jordan & acknowledges that he advised & helped him throughout the said action. And because he cannot show that this was lawful on his part inasmuch as he was sworn without condition nor had he leave so to do &c. therefore he is committed to gaol &c. Afterwards he was bailed out as from day to day &c. Afterwards counsel being taken thereon because the said Jordan holds judicial office here, for his grave delinquency, with the assent of the said Jordan, a day is given to him to hear assessment &c. before the lord the King from the day of St. Michael in one month wheresoever he shall then be in England.

Dionisius de Oredenciis, Prior of Bonne Nuit, present, was questioned for that he lately in great peril &c. raised a great scandal for that to wit, he published falsely that the Bishop of Coutances would send here 80 men at arms to seize the justices of the lord the King here & take them to prison at Coutances &c., he cannot deny this. Therefore let him be heavily amerced & it was appraised by the justices at 20 livres.

Joñnes de Ditton qui tenuit locū Ottonis de Grandissono in Insulis ante iter tē pposuit hic in p̄sencia Joñnis de Carfet p Galfr̄ de Carfet gen̄alem attorñ suū e oīm Juř dñi Reġ qđ cū ipe nup coram bañio huj⁹ Inñ e p̄dcis Juř ad querelam p̄dci Joñis de Carfet querentis de injusta districōe sibi fca p ministros ipeius Ottonis pposuisset quoddam scriptū obligatorū ipeius Joñnis p quod obliga..... se soluturū pfato Otoni centū lib̄ bonoz pvoz e ingroz turroñ p Petro Bartys in ptem sol..... Idm Petrus debebat p̄dco Otoni a magno tpe elapso p̄dci Juř adjudicauit p̄dcm Joñnem esse quietū p fciam ptem p̄dce suñe quam solvit post defenñ debīt monete turroñ currentis pro eo qđ scriptū fcm fuit tpe quo debīt moneta c̄rebat pp̄ que a pte ipeius Otoni Jud..... ad Cuř dñi Reġ appellat e peř qđ corrigatur tē. Et Joñnes qđ p̄dcm Judm bonū est e legalē. Et unde q̄rela dat⁹ est dies ptibz Michis in unū menš Et Juř Judm

(M. 27.)

Adhuc de coibz pl̄itis.

Jereñ

Ranulph̄s Galicien queř de Abbte de Chereburgñ de eo qđ ipe feč [eū suñ ex^a] dominiū Reġ apud Constanč e ibi inpl̄itavit p̄dcm Ranulph̄m in annuo reddū unius buss fruñti e đi ad dampnū tē. Et p̄dcus Abbas insuletta attorñ suū veñ e nō potest hoc dediče. Ido ipe in g^{vi} mīa dampnis q p̄dcs Ranulph̄s remisit dampna sua tē, postea p̄dcs Abbas..... finem p p̄dca tñs p xv li ppliū p̄dci Prioris.

Nichus Ansgot e Matil̄ ux̄or ejus petūt 9 Ricm Felote unam virḡ tre domū infra contentam tē. Et Ricus

John de Ditton who was lieutenant of Otto de Grandison in the islands before the eyre &c. represented here in the presence of John de Carteret by Geoffry de Carteret his general attorney & all the Jurats of the lord the King that whereas he lately before the Bailiff of this island & the aforesaid Jurats, on the plaint of the said John de Carteret complaining of unjust distraint made on him by the officers of the said Otto, propounded a certain obligatory deed of the said John by which he bound himself to pay to the aforesaid Otto 100 livres of good small & black tournois for Peter Bartys in part payment the said Peter owed to the said Otto for a long time past. The said Jurats adjudged the said John to be quit by the third part of the said sum which he paid after the prohibition of the current depreciated tournois for that the deed was made at the time in which depreciated money was current on account of which on behalf of the said Otto judgment appealed at the court of the lord the King & claims that it may be corrected &c. And John that the said judgment is good & lawful. And whereupon plaint a day is given to the parties of [St.] Michael in one month And the jurats judgment

(M. 27.)

Continuation of the common pleas.

Jersey.

Ranulph Galicien complains of the Abbot of Cherbourg for that he caused [him to be summoned out of] the dominions of the King at Coutances & there sued the said Ranulph in yearly rent of one bushel of wheat & a half to the damage &c. And the aforesaid Abbot [by the Prior of l'Islet], his attorney, comes & cannot gainsay this. Therefore he is to be heavily amerced. to damages because the said Ranulph remitted his damages &c., afterwards the aforesaid Abbot compounded for the aforesaid transgression by 15 livres by the pledge of the said Prior.

Nicholas Angot & Matilda his wife claim against Richard Felote one virgate of land [with the] house within contained &c.

veñ e uŕq, eoŕ poñ se in mīa p lič Et est concord talis qđ p'dcs Ričus concedit p'dcis Nicho e Matiff p'dcas tenend ad fminū vite ipius Matiff. Et t̃ con- cedunt qđ si aliquid defuit cuj'dam eschambii plus inŕ eos fci tunc corrigat' in forma competenti tč.

Convictū est p Juř in quam Emma q̃ fuit uxor Guilli Humfrey petens e Alicia tenens de una virg̃ ĩre in počh de Grouill se posũunt qđ p'dca ĩra data f..... Matiff la Palmere amite p'dce Alicie in feod et nō ad ĩm vite sicut p'dca Emma dič. Ido conš est qđ p'dca Emma nich cap tč s3 sit in mīa. Et p'dca Alicia [eat] inde sine die.

Willus Gillard queř de Joħne Robyn de eo qđ ipe injuste tč detinet ei unū busš frumti e đĩ. Et Joħnes veñ e illud cogñ. Ido ipe in mīa. Et Willus recupet tč.

Convictū est p Juř in quam Thomasia q̃ fuit uxor Phi le Blaunk petens e Thoĩ de Šco Clemente e Joħna uxor ejus tenentes de duo- decĩ solidatis reddit in počh Šci Brolardi se posũunt qđ p'dcus reddit fuit de loco ĩeditatis p'dci Phi quond̃ mariti p'dce Thomasie et nō de pquisito sicut p'dci Thoĩ e Joħna dicũt. Ido conš est qđ p'dca Thomasia recupet inde dotem suam simul cū ar̃ ejusd̃ de trib3 anũ q, p'dcs Pħus maritus suus obiit inde in seisina. Et p'dcs Thomas p̃ injusta detenčoe in mīa.

Nichus Erand petit v Nichĩm fiť Guiffi Esteur retractam de una virg̃ ĩre. Et Nichus veñ et concedit tč. Et dies assessus est tč. Et Nichus Erand poñ se in mīa.

Guills le Gernenter peť e Joħnes le Messeryn poñ se in mīam p̃ licenč concord. Et est concord talis qđ p'dcus Joħnes concedit p'dcoo

And Richard comes & both of them put themselves in mercy for leave And it was agreed thus that the said Richard shall grant to the said Nicholas & Matilda the said [land &c.] to hold for the term of the life of the said Matilda. And also they agree that if any deficit should accrue [with reference to a] certain exchange formerly made between them then it shall be corrected in proper form &c.

It was found by the jury to which Emma who was the wife of William Humfrey, plaintiff, & Alice defendant, had submitted themselves concerning one virgate of land in the parish of Grouville that the aforesaid land had been given [to the said Alice by] Matilda la Palmere aunt of the said Alice in fee & not for the term of her life as the said Emma says. Therefore it is determined that the aforesaid Emma shall take nothing but shall be amerced. And the aforesaid Alice may go therein 'sine die' (i. e. is discharged).

William Gillard complains of John Robyn for that he unjustly detains from him one bushel of wheat & a half. And John came & acknowledged this. Therefore he is to be amerced. And William shall recover &c.

It was found by the jury to which Thomasse who was the wife of Philip le Blanc plaintiff & Thomas de St. Clement & Joan his wife defendants had submitted themselves concerning 12 sols of rent in the parish of St. Brelade that the aforesaid rent was of the inherited estate (*propres*) of the aforesaid Philip formerly the husband of the said Thomasse & not of acquired estate (*acquêts*) as the said Thomas & Joan say. Therefore it is determined that the aforesaid Thomasse shall recover thereof her dower together with the arrears of the same for 3 years because the said Philip her husband died in seisin thereof. And the aforesaid Thomas for unjust detention to be amerced.

Nicholas Erand claimed against Nicholas son of William Esteur recovery of one virgate of land. And Nicholas comes & agrees to it &c. And a day is fixed &c. And Nicholas Erand puts himself in mercy.

William le Gernenter claims & John le Messeryn puts himself in mercy for leave to agree. And it is agreed thus that the said

Guillō retractam de reddū triū buss frūti in pocti Šci Salvatoris quem. Idem emit tč. Et dies assessus est de solve tč.

Radus Caytinel queř de Jordo le Serf de eo qđ ipe injuste tč feč ipm suū ex^ā regnū apud Constanč e alibi sine causa tč concord sunt ex^ā cuř. Ido uřq, eoř in mīa. Et p'dcs Jords feč finem sicut patet alibi.

Petř de Šco Elerio đns de Saumareys peř v Abbem de Chireburgh nō sequitř. Ido ipe e Jords Levesk pleř suus in mīa.

Wilts de Chalegrave e Mariona uxor ejus queř de Thoma de Wyncheles de plito detenčois reddš concord sunt. Et p'dcus Thomas p injusta detenčoe in mīa.

Galfr Neel queř e Walrus le Keu de plito debiti poň se in miam p licenč concord. Et uřq, eoř poň se totaliř đco Luce Espiard e Colini le Rous sš pena decem liřr.

Alicia la Grosser petens e Radš Godel de plito řre concord sunt ex^ā Cuř. Ido uřq, eoř in mīa.

Simon Johan đcs le Curreour e Lucas Espiard de plito t'ns poň se in mīam p licenč concord. Et uřq, eoř totař supponit se đco e ordinačoi Phi Levesk Balti sš pena decem liřr.

Godefrus Wasoun queř de Pho Horman Thoma e Jordo filiis suis de plito t'ns concord sunt. Ido ořes in mīa. Et ptes p'dce poň se de toto sup đcm Guilti Payn Petř le Markaunt Rořti Bradefer e Jořnis de Wyncheles.

Rads Porrioun peř v Jorđm de Auverne nō sequitř. Ido ipe e Wilts Porrioun pleř suus in mīa.

John grants to the said William delivery of the rent of 3 bushels of wheat in the parish of St. Saviour which he bought &c. And a day is given for the payment &c.

Ralph Caytinel claims of Jordan le Serf for that he unlawfully &c. caused him to be summoned out of the kingdom at Coutances & elsewhere without cause &c. and they agreed out of court. Therefore both of them to be amerced. And the aforesaid Jordan compounded as appears elsewhere.

Peter de St. Helier, lord de Samarès, claiming against the Abbot of Cherbourg does not continue his suit. Therefore he & Jordan Levesque his pledge to be amerced.

William de Chalegrave & Marion his wife complaining of Thomas de Vinchelez concerning a plea of detention of rent are agreed &c. And the said Thomas for unjust detention to be amerced.

Geoffrey Neel plaintiff & Walter le Keu concerning a plea of debt put themselves in mercy for leave to agree. And both of them submit themselves altogether to the decision of Luke Espiard & Colin le Rous under penalty of 10 livres.

Alice la Grosser plaintiff & Ralph Godel concerning a plea of land are agreed out of court. Therefore both of them to be amerced.

Simon Johan called le Curreour & Luke Espiard concerning a plea of trespass put themselves in mercy for leave to agree. And both of them submit themselves altogether to the decision & ruling of Philip Levesque Bailiff under a penalty of 10 livres.

Godfrey Wasoun complaining of Philip Horman, Thomas & Jordan, his sons, concerning a plea of trespass are agreed. Therefore all of them to be amerced. And the parties aforesaid submit themselves altogether to the decision of William Payn, Peter le Marquand, Robert Brasdefer & John de Vinchelez.

Ralph Porrioun claiming against Jordan de Auverne does not follow up his suit. Therefore he & William Porrioun his pledge to be amerced.

(M. 27 d.)

Adhuc de coĩbz plĩtis.

[Wilt]s Lenginour queĩ de Simone le Curreour de eo qđ cum idem Wiltus fuisset [Consta]bularius Castri dñi Reġ p'dcũs Simon feč eũ suũ ex^a dominiũ Reġ apud Constanč in cuĩ xpianitatis p officio suo tč. Et p'dcũs Simon veĩ e nō potest [hoc] dediče. Iđo comittat' Gaoĩ inde redimend' tč.

Nich̃a q̃ fuit uxor Joħnis Pallot peĩ v Joħem Hubert quinq; virġ ĩre e unam domũ infra contenta. Et p'dcs Joħnes veĩ e concord' sunt. Et est concord' talis qđ p'dcũs Joħnes reddit p'dce Nich̃e medietatē p'dce ĩre tenend' sibi e ĩedibz suis tč et dat ei ulfius viginti solid'. Et p'dca Nich̃a remittit p'dco Joħi jus suũ de alia medietate tč. Et p'dcs Joħnes p injusta detenčoe in mĩa.

Pħa Munchoun queĩ de Jordo fit Pħi Horman de eo qđ cũ ĩp̃a simul cum Viviencha matre sua duxissent quemđ asinũ cartatũ blado in via reġ veĩ p'dcs Jords e ĩp̃am insultavit p quod ĩp̃a fugiit et idm Jords indespectu tč abstidit aures e caudam p'dci asini ad dampnũ tč. Et p'dcs Jords veĩ e nō potest hoc dediče. Iđo ĩpe in g̃vi mĩa. Et si ĩpe nō sufficiat respond' paĩ ejus cuj^o manupastus tč Et p'dca Pħa recupet dampñ sua vsus eum que taxant' p Cuĩ ad C ĩ.

Joħnes Augare peĩ v Joħem du Vergee viginti solid' de arĩ compoti. Et vsus Gilb̃tm Johan octo solid' de arĩ comp̃. Et p'dci Joħnes e Gilb̃ts veĩ e cogñ tč. Iđo ĩp̃i p injusta detenčoe in mĩa.

Wilt̃o le Border queĩ de Guilt̃o Cliche Galf̃ro Cliche e Colino le Fraunceys de plito debiti. Et Guilt̃s Cliche e Colinus veĩ e cogñ qđ debent p'dco Wilt̃o sexaginta e duodecĩ solid' e decem denaĩ. Iđo ĩp̃i p injusta detenčoe in mĩa. Et p'dcs Galf̃r phies vocat^o nō veĩ. Iđo ĩpe in mĩa.

(M. 27 d.)

Continuation of the common pleas.

[William] Lenginour complaining of Simon le Curreour for that whereas the said William was Constable of the castle of the lord the King the aforesaid Simon caused him to be summoned out of the dominions of the King at Coutances in the court of Christianity by his office &c. And the said Simon comes & cannot gainsay this. Therefore he is committed to gaol to be ransomed &c.

Nicholaa who was the wife of John Pallot claiming against John Hubert 5 virgates of land & one house within contained. And the aforesaid John comes & they are agreed. And it is agreed thus that the aforesaid John shall pay to the said Nicholaa the moiety of the aforesaid land, to hold to her & her heirs &c. and he gives her moreover 20 sols. And the aforesaid Nicholaa gives up to the said John her right to the other moiety &c. And the said John for unjust detention to be amerced.

Philippa Muncheon complaining of Jordan son of Philip Horman for that as she together with Viviencha her mother were leading a certain ass carrying corn in the King's high-way the said Jordan came & assaulted her whereby she fled & the said Jordan in anger &c. cut off the ears & the tail of the said ass to her damage &c. And the aforesaid Jordan comes & cannot gainsay this. Therefore he is to be heavily amerced. And if he himself be not sufficient his father, whose domestic servant he is, shall answer &c. And the aforesaid Philippa shall recover her damages against him which are assessed by the court at 100 sols.

John Angare claiming against John du Vergee 20 sols of arrears of account, & against Gilbert Johan 8 sols of arrears of account And the aforesaid John & Gilbert come & acknowledge &c. Therefore they for unjust detention to be amerced.

William le Border complaining of William Cliche, Geoffrey Cliche & Colin le Fraunceys concerning plea of debt. And William Cliche & Colin come & acknowledge that they owe to the aforesaid William 72 sols 10 deniers. Therefore they for unjust detention to be amerced. And the aforesaid Geoffrey being many times called does not come; therefore he is to be amerced.

Mathias le Teler peř e Jořnes de Caleys poř se in mĩam p licenř concord. Et supponũt se totař dco Thome des Anceys e Coř le Archer qui adjudicařunt p'dca Matř viginti solidos.

Riřus de Perepount queř de Rořto Fundeng de plito debiti concord sunt. Et Rořs poř se in mĩa.

Wilts Lenginour petens e Abbas de Exaquo p attorř suũ de plito cõvenřois veř e poř se in mĩam p licenř concord. Et est concord talis qđ utq; eoř supponit se totař dco e ordinařoi mařri Guilti de Millers sř pena decem liřr.

Rads Lempere queř de Wilto Payn capřlo de eo qđ iře citavit p'dcm Radm ad compend coram Judicibz delegatis apud Pariř p quod oportebat p'dcm Radm cũ p'dco Wilto p viginti solid p relaxařoe hnda de p'dca suũ. Et Wilts veř e dicit qđ iře nũq; iřm suũ tć sř dicit qđ quid clicus portavit p'dco Wilto řras de tali suũ e iře p' amore p'dci Radi monstravit ei řras illas et idm Rads de voluntate sua pp'la dedit p'dco clico viginti solid p retrainda suũ et diř qđ nich aliud ei fecit. Et Rads totũ hoc cogũ. Iđo idm Rad nich cap tć sř sit in mĩa. Et p'dcs Wilts eat inde sine die tć.

Niřius Hailes queř de Petro Hailes de plito tñs nō psequit. Iđo iře e pleř suos scilř Wilts Payn plitatoř in mĩa.

Niřius le Cras peř ř Jořnem de Barantyn de plito řre poř se in mĩam p licenř concord. Et est concord talis qđ p'dcs Jořnes reddit p'dco Niřio řram in manu ejusř Jořnis existentem de ředitate ejusř Niři. Et p'dcs Niřius concedit p'dco Joři e ředibz suis tć quend anuũ reddm duoř buss fruřti pcipiend singlis annis de p'dca řra tć.

Matthias le Teler plaintiff & John de Caleys puts himself in mercy for leave to agree. And they submit themselves altogether to the decision of Thomas des Anceys & Cok le Archer who adjudged to the said Matthew 20 sols.

Richard de Pierrepont claiming of Robert Fundeng concerning a plea of debt agreed. And Robert puts himself in mercy.

William Lenginour plaintiff & the Abbot of Lessay by his attorney concerning a plea of covenant come & put themselves in mercy for leave to agree. And it is agreed thus that both of them submit themselves altogether to the decision & ruling of Master William de Millers under a penalty of 10 livres.

Ralph Lemprière claiming of William Payn chaplain for that he cited the aforesaid Ralph to appear before the justices delegates at Paris whereby the said Ralph was obliged [to compromise] with the said William for 20 sols to have release from the said summons. And William comes & says that he never summoned him &c. but he says that a certain clerk carried to the said William letters of such summons & he for the love of the said Ralph showed him those letters & the said Ralph of his own will gave to the said clerk 20 sols to withdraw the said summons, & he says that he did nothing else to him. And Ralph acknowledges all this. Therefore the said Ralph shall take nothing but shall be amerced. And the said William may go therein 'sine die' &c. (i. e. is discharged).

Nicholas Hailes claiming of Peter Hailes concerning a plea of trespass does not prosecute. Therefore he & his pledge, to wit, William Payn, of the pleaders, in mercy.

Nicholas le Cras claiming against John de Barantyn concerning a plea of land puts himself in mercy for leave to agree. And it is agreed thus that the aforesaid John shall restore to the said Nicholas the land being in the hands of the said John of the heritage of the said Nicholas. And the aforesaid Nicholas grants to the aforesaid John & his heirs &c. a certain yearly rent of 2 bushels of wheat to be taken every year of the said land &c.

Radus le Rey queŕ de Raðo Lempere de plito t̃ns poũ se in m̃a
p licenç concord̃. Et est concord̃ talis qđ uŕq, eoꝝ totaŕ supponit se
dco Joħnis de Barantyn e Lauŕ le Oisel s̃b pena centũ solidoz.

(M. 28.)

Adhuc de coĩbz pl̃itis.

Jereš

Petrus de la Hoge petit vsus Guillm le Petyt Juniorem e Guili-
motam uxem continens di acŕ ĩre e
novem virgatas ĩre e di cum ptiñ in poħ Šci Elerii ut jus.....
..... tĉ. Et unde queritŕ qđ cum ipe Petrus fuisset in
pacifica seis̃ de p̃dcis [heredi]tate sua Juŕ dñi Reĝ
de hac insula jux̃a consideŕoem suam sine assensu e volun[tate]
..... Petŕ fecerunt p̃dca teñ sua vendi e iĥm inde disseisiri tĉ.

Et Guills e Guilimota veñ. Et dicunt qđ p̃dcus Petrus p recogñ
suam tenebatŕ in diŕsis debitis. Et q,
monitus nō satisfecit infra XL dies a tempe moniçois tĉ
..... [Juŕ] Reĝ adjudicaŕunt p diŕsas vices qđ p̃dca teñ p ptiças
jux̃a suñam pcellaꝝ app̃ciarentŕ p sacŕm vicinoꝝ
q̃ntum valerent ad vendendũ in feodo e jux̃a hiº extentas
fũnt illis creditoribꝝ tenenda in feodo p p̃dcis debitis. Et ipe Wiltus
rōne p̃dce uxis sue que p̃pinqua est p̃dco Petro de sang'ne suo re-
traxit vendiçoem teñ illoꝝ infra anũ e diem solvendo creditoribꝝ
iĥ p teñ illis p̃ciũ quod in debitis suis allocaverunt p sacŕm extensorꝝ
si[cut]moris est in p̃ria. Et tota coĩtate allocuta sup p̃dca consue-
tudine de vendendo ĩras debitoꝝ sine assensu e voluntate sua e ĥito
sup hoc tractatu cũ eisdem plibꝝ vicibꝝ p viij dies oĩes coĩŕ dicunt
qđ satis tarde tempe dñi Reĝ E. p̃ris tĉ levata fuit ista cōsuetudo
sine scitu e voluntate dñi Reĝ e absq, assensu coĩtatis. Et Juŕ sup

Ralph le Rey claiming of Ralph Lemprière concerning a plea of trespass puts himself in mercy for leave to agree. And it is agreed thus that each of them shall submit himself entirely to the decision of John de Barantyn & Laurence le Oisel under a penalty of 100 sols.

(M. 28.)

Continuation of the common pleas.

Jersey.

Peter de la Hoge claims against William le Petyt junior & Guillemote his wife [a messuage] containing half an acre of land & 9½ virgates of land with the appurtenances in the parish of St. Helier as his right &c. And thereupon complains that whereas he the said Peter had been in peaceful seisin of the said as of his inheritance, the jurats of the lord the King in this island according to their ruling without the assent & will [of the said] Peter caused his aforesaid tenements to be sold & himself to be dispossessed thereof &c.

And William & Guillemote come & say that the aforesaid Peter by his recognizance was bound in divers debts. And because, having received notice, he did not pay within 40 days from the time of receiving the notice &c. [the Jurats] of the King had adjudged on divers occasions that the aforesaid tenements in parcels according to the whole of the parcels, should be appraised by the oath of the neighbours, how much they would be worth to sell in fee, & according to such appraisement were [delivered] to those creditors to be held in fee for the aforesaid debts. And the said William by reason of his aforesaid wife who is near in blood to the aforesaid Peter had withdrawn the sale of those tenements within the year & day by paying to those creditors for those tenements the price which on their debts had been allowed by the oath of the valuers, as it is the custom of the country.

And the whole commonalty being questioned about the said custom of selling the lands of debtors without their assent & will & having had conference amongst themselves many times during eight days say that somewhat late in the time of the lord King Edward the father &c. this custom was introduced without the knowledge & will of the lord the King & without the assent of the commonalty. And the Jurats being questioned hereupon say that they

hiis allocuti dicunt qđ iſi p majori pte appoſiti ſſnt Juř q̄s de novo e tempe quo poſiti ſſnt, uſitata fuit hec conſuetudo ſet bene ſciunt qđ nec eſt bona nec legał, ſet ſicut iſi illam invenerunt ita eam manuteſunt. Iđo ad juđm de Juř ex quo nō eſt conſuetudo appbata p dñm Regem vł Cuř ſuam aut cōitatem p̄rie. Poſtea ptes ſe poſſnt in miam dñi Reğ p lič concord. Et eſt concord talis qđ p̄dcus Petr⁹ recoğñ p̄dca meſ e t̄ram cum p̄in eſſe juſ iſius Guillimota. Et p hac tē p̄dci Guillſ e Guillimota cōcedunt p̄dco Petro p̄dca meſ e t̄ram cū p̄tiñ e illa ei reddiderunt hic in Cuř t̄end e tenend p̄dco Petro tota vita ſua quiete de iſis Wiltmo e Guillimota e heř iſius Guillimote faciend capiť dñis feodi illius p p̄dcis Wiltmo e Guillimota ſvič que ad p̄dca meſ e t̄ram ptinent. Et poſt deceſſum p̄dci Pet⁹ p̄dca meſ e t̄ra cū p̄tiñ integre reſtentʳ ad p̄dcos Wiltm e Guillimotam e t̄edes quos iſe Wiltus de p̄dca Guillimota pcreavit tenenda quiete inppm. Et p̄tea p̄dcus Wiltus dat p̄dco Petro x liſr turoneſ. Et hec concordia ſca fuit p̄ſente Nicho fr̄e iſius Pet⁹ e eam concedente. Et p̄dci Wiltus e Guillimota concedunt qđ ſi p̄dcus Nichus ſupvivat p̄dcem Petr tūc iſi Wiltus e Guillimota e heř iſius Guillimote ſtatim poſt deceſſum iſius Pet⁹ dabunt p̄dco Nicho quemđ annuū redd̄ duoꝝ q̄rtioꝝ frumti aſſedend ſup t̄ras eoꝝ competent̄ e ſecure, t̄end e tenend p̄dco Nicho tota vita ſua. Et poſt deceſſum iſius Nichi p̄dci Wiltus e Guillimota e t̄edes iſius Guillimote erunt quieti de ſoloe p̄dci redd̄s duoꝝ q̄rtioꝝ frumti inppm. Et q, p̄dci Juř manuteſunt hi⁹ falſam conſuetudinem ſine wař e illam in aliis aſſiſ concelaſunt. Iđo om̄es in m̄ia.

Nichus Corbyn p maḡrm Wiltm Lenginour attornatū ſuū oſ ſe iiij^{to} die vsus Nichm Blanchard de plito quinq, virgataꝝ fr̄e et uni⁹ meſuagii infra contenti que claĩ ut juſ tē. Et iſe non veñ. Et

for the greater part were appointed Jurats quite recently & in the time at which they were appointed this custom was in use, but they well know that it is neither good nor lawful, but as they found it, so they maintained it. Therefore to the judgment of the Jurats for that it is not a custom approved by the King or his court or the commonalty of the country. Afterwards the parties put themselves in the mercy of the lord the King for license to agree. And it was agreed thus that the aforesaid Peter acknowledges the said messuage & land with the appurtenances to be the right of the said Guillemote. And for this &c. the aforesaid William & Guillemote grant to the aforesaid Peter the aforesaid messuage & land with the appurtenances & delivered the same to him here in court: to have & to hold to the said Peter all his life quit of the said William & Guillemote & the heirs of the said Guillemote making to the chief lords of that fee for the said William & Guillemote the services which to the said messuage & land belong. And after the decease of the aforesaid Peter the aforesaid messuage & land with the appurtenances shall wholly revert to the aforesaid William & Guillemote & the heirs which the said William shall beget of the said Guillemote to hold quit for ever. And further the aforesaid William gives to the said Peter 10 livres tournois. And this agreement was made in the presence of Nicholas brother of the said Peter agreeing thereto. And the aforesaid William & Guillemote grant that if the aforesaid Nicholas shall survive the said Peter then the said William & Guillemote & the heirs of the said Guillemote immediately after the decease of the said Peter shall give to the aforesaid Nicholas a certain yearly rent of 2 quarters of wheat to be assessed upon their lands sufficiently & securely: to have & to hold to the aforesaid Nicholas for his whole life, & after the decease of the said Nicholas the aforesaid William & Guillemote & the heirs of the said Guillemote shall be quit of the payment of the aforesaid rent of 2 quarters of wheat for ever. And because the aforesaid Jurats had maintained such a false custom without warrant & had concealed the same in other assizes therefore all of them to be amerced.

Nicholas Corbyn by Master William Lenginour his attorney presents himself the 4th day against Nicholas Blanchard concerning a plea of 5 virgates of land & one messuage within contained which he claims as his right &c. And he did not come. And the Bailiff & Jurats of

balis et Jur Reg recordantur qđ pred̃cus Nichus Corbyn p̃ p̃d̃cm mag̃rm Willm Lenginour attornatū suū alias coram eis petiit versus Nichm Blanchard quinq; virgāt ēre simul cum uno mesuaḡ infra contento ut jus t̃c. Et petito inde visu et f̃co t̃c partes postea cōpuerunt coram eis p̃t resortū de visu. Et de assensu eor̃dm dat⁹ fuit eis dies hic ad has as̃s t̃c. Et pred̃ Nichus Corbyn p̃ p̃d̃cm mag̃rm Willm Lenginour attornatū suū instañt petit Judm t̃c sc̃dm cōmunē consuẽt t̃c. Et pred̃ Blanchard p̃lies e sollempnĩt vocatus et p q̃ndeci dies expectat⁹ nō veñ. Et h̃ito inde tractatu cum Jur Reg dicunt qđ si visus sufficieñt f̃cus fuit pred̃cus Nichus Corbyn debet recuperare seisinam de p̃dcis teñ p defal̃t p̃d̃ci Nichi Blanchard. Et Viç testat⁹ qđ vis⁹ sufficieñt f̃cus fuit t̃c. Et sic juxta avisamentū Jur Reg consider̃ est qđ pred̃cus Nichus recuperet seisinā suam versus eum de p̃dcis teñ. Et idm Nichus in m̃ia.

Philus de Carteret quer⁹ qđ Joñnes de Wycheles malicōse scandalizavit eū hic in Cuř inponens sibi qđ vellet p alte taxand̃ salariū colligend̃ de cōitate hi⁹ insule e solvend̃ Rob̃ de Bruery narratori de Normā servienti cōitati hic stipendiare p̃d̃cm Rob̃tm ut ip̃i P̃ho ṽviret in Normā sine alio stipendio. Et alias simitr quer⁹ de eod̃ Joñne qđ in plena Cuř ip̃ius P̃hi verbis cōtūmeliosis affecit [adversum] senescallū Cuř ip̃ius P̃hi e hoc falso e injuste vocando ip̃m homicidiū falsum e p̃jurū e impedivit Cuř ip̃ius P̃hi ret̃hendo servientes phitatores ab ead̃ Cuř e alia enormia ei intulit ad dampnū ip̃ius P̃hi in ut̃q; querẽt centū lib̃r t̃c. Et inde pducit sectam t̃c.

Et Joñnes veñ. Et negat totū t̃c q̃cquid tangit maliciam set quedam recogñ se dixisse que p̃d̃co P̃ho de jure nō nocent. Et Philus offert se p̃bare que sibi suffiçe debeant de inteñcoe sua p̃banda t̃c. Et sic admissus de assensu ptis p̃bavit p̃ majori pte p viros fidedignos

the King record that the aforesaid Nicholas Corbyn by the aforesaid Master William Lenginour his attorney elsewhere before them claimed against Nicholas Blanchard 5 virgates of land together with one messuage within contained as his right &c. And view thereof being asked & made &c. the parties afterwards appeared before them after the return of the view. And with their assent a day was given to them here at these assizes &c. And the aforesaid Nicholas Corbyn by the aforesaid Master William Lenginour his attorney earnestly claims judgment &c. according to the common custom &c. And the aforesaid Blanchard, many times & by custom called & for 15 days waited for, did not come. And a consultation thereon having been held with the Jurats of the King they say that if the view was properly made the aforesaid Nicholas Corbyn ought to recover seisin of the said tenements by the default of the said Nicholas Blanchard. And the Viscount declares that the view was properly made &c. And so according to the advice of the Jurats of the King it is decided that the aforesaid Nicholas shall recover his seisin against him of the said tenements. And the said Nicholas to be amerced.

Philip de Carteret complains that John de Vinchelez maliciously gave offence to him here in court alleging that he wished by highly taxing the salary to be collected from the commonalty of this island & to be paid to Robert de Bruere, an advocate of Normandy, for the service of the commonalty here, to remunerate the said Robert so that he might serve Philip himself in Normandy without other stipend. And at another time he likewise complained of the said John that openly in the court of the said Philip he made use of abusive words to the Seneschal of the court of the said Philip & this falsely & unjustly, by calling him a murderer, a deceiver & a perjurer, & disturbed the court of the said Philip by withdrawing from the same court his vassals pleading there & charged him with other most serious offences to the prejudice of the said Philip, in each plaint for 100 livres &c. And thereof he brought an action &c.

And John comes. And he denies the whole &c. so far as malice is concerned, but acknowledges that he said certain things that would not injure the aforesaid Philip in law. And Philip offers to prove those things which ought to be sufficient for him to prove his intention &c. And so admitted with the assent of the parties he

singillatim examinatos adeo qđ viſ fuit Cuř qđ pđcs Joñnes tñsſsus
fuit vsus pđcm Pñm e ei enormia intulit vehement̃ p quod conſ fuit
qđ vadiaret ei emend̃ qđ val̃ decem dolioř vini capieñd̃ jux̃ discre-
cōem Justiç hic tç. Et cum Justiç fuissent in ppoito taxandi p'sam
iřius Pñi de eisđ ad tria dolia vini pđcus Joñnes posuit se totaliř in
grām pđci Pñi ad capieñd̃ de iřo p voluntate iřius Pñi ppñm
Et Joñnes in utq̃a q̃rela in mīa.

Balti Abbisse de Mustervilers que nich̃ het
..... Regi xv li p respectu řendo tç.

(M. 28 d.)

Adhuc de cōibz pñtis de eodm itinere.

[Petrus] de Šco Elerio p se Abbas de Chereburgñ p se e magř
Galfr̃ de Carřet p se e nōie suoř raçoe teñ de foris-
factura Thome Paynel e que Rořtus de Melechis postea tenuit [a]
dono đni Reğ ad řminū vite sue in seisina iřius Galfr̃ ad psens
existenciū pecierunt [deli]baçōm duoř dolioř vini precii
de Wrecko in mañ đni Reğ nup arrestata. Et unde predcus Petr^o
tam petendo pđca dolia e Wreckū suū q̃m conquerendo de pđco
Abbe e Priore suo del Islet diç qđ cum quidam marinelli ex̃nei in
mari invenissent pđca dolia vagancia tç e illa att̃xissent in batellū
suū et iidem marinelli ducentes illa dolia in batello suo p'mo deve-
nissent ad portū salutis in terra iřius Peti qui wreckū ibi accidens
habet e ģere clañ e pcipe consuevit ab antiquo et se tenuissent in
littorio maris infra metas řre iřius Petri p spaciū uni^o marete rec̃tus
maris e amplius cum pđcis doliis infra batellū suū tunc existentibz
et sic dolia illa sunt e esse debent wreckū iřius Petri pđcus Prior
qui remutabilis est ad voluntatē iřius Abbis fraudulenter pcuravit

proved for the greater part by trustworthy men examined one by one, so that it was seen by the court that the aforesaid John had transgressed against the said Philip & had strongly charged him with most serious offences, wherefore it was judged that he should give him security for the payment of the value of the taking of the 10 hogsheads of wine according to the discretion of the justices here &c. And when the justices proposed to tax the prisage of the said Philip for the same at 3 hogsheads of wine, the aforesaid John placed himself entirely at the grace of the aforesaid Philip to take of him at the will of the said Philip by the pledge of And John is to be amerced in each plaint.

The bailiffs of the Abbess of the Monastery Villiers who has nothing to the King 15 livres to have respite &c.

(M. 28 d.)

Continuation of the common pleas in the same eyre.

[Peter] of St. Helier for himself, the Abbot of Cherbourg for himself & Master Geoffrey de Carteret for himself & in the name of their by reason of the tenements of the forfeiture of Thomas Paynel & which Robert de Melèches afterwards held by the gift of the lord the King for the term of his life being at present in the seisin of the said Geoffrey, sought delivery of two casks of wine of the value of of wreck lately taken into the hands of the lord the King. And thereupon the aforesaid Peter as well in claiming the aforesaid casks & his wreck as complaining of the aforesaid Abbot & his Prior of the Islet says that whereas certain foreign sailors found the said casks floating about in the sea &c. and took them into their boat & the said sailors taking those casks in their boat first came to a port of safety in the land of the said Peter who has & claims to have & was wont of old to have wreck occurring there, & remained on the sea-shore within the boundaries of the land of the said Peter for the space of one ebb tide & more, with the said casks then being in their boat, & so those casks are & ought to be the wreck of the said Peter,—the said Prior, who is removable at the will of the said Abbot, fraudulently got those sailors to withdraw with

iþos marinellos a terra iþius Petri sine scitu e voluntate iþius Petri recedere cū predco batello suo e vinis existentibz in eisdem e applicare in tra iþius Abbis unde predcus Prior est quasi balis suus sic appropians sibi predca vina que sunt e esse debent Wreckū iþius Petri. Et qđ ita est offert vificare siĉ Cuř cons e petit delibaĉom tĉ e sibi justiciam exhiberi tĉ.

Et Abbas e Prior tam respondendo predco Petro qm petendo delibaĉoem sibi fieri de pdcis vinis dicunt qđ ex quo Petr^o cogñ qđ predci marinelli remanserunt cū batello suo predcis vinis existentibz in eodm in terra sua p tantū spacium in retractu maris qđ iþe vt balis suus bn potuit batell eoꝝ e alia que clamasse voluisset in eodm arrestasse et ad ea manū nō apposuit nec aliquid vers^o eos clamavit dū flint in terra sua petit ⁽¹⁾ judm si bene nō licuit predcis marinellis recedere e ire quo voluissent maxie cum dedici non poterit q'n iþi in alto mari pđca dolia sblevassent in batellū suū. Et dicunt qđ predci marinelli cum predco batello suo e vinis existentibz in eodm applicunt in terra iþius Abbis in custodia iþius Prioris existente ubi iþi e omes pdecessores iþius Abbis Abtes de Chereburgh habent e fiere consuevant Wreckū accidens a tpe quo nō extat memoria. Et qđ ita est offerunt vificare p patriam. Et peř delibaĉom s' fieri tĉ. Et magř Galfr diĉ qđ terra ubi applicuerunt qñ recesserunt a terra predci Petri est de feodo Paynelli quod Robt^o de Melechis tenuit ad lřm vite sue et qđ dñs E. Rex pař tĉ nup dedit Reginaldo de Carfet pri iþius Galfri cuj^o unus heres iþe est et qđ nunc est in mañ iþius Galfri raĉone ppartis sue de feditate predci patris sui iþm contingentis ubi iþe clañ fiere wreckū tĉ raĉone qđ tam Thom Paynel dū teñ illa tenuit anteq^a forisfecit tĉ qm predcus Robtus de Melechis dū iþe ea tenuit ibi solebant cape Wreckū. Et qđ ita est offert vificare p pat'am. Et peř delibaĉom sibi fieri tĉ.

(1) Sic.

their said boat & the wines being in the same from the land of the said Peter without the knowledge & will of the said Peter & to betake themselves to the land of the said Abbot whereof the said Prior is as it were his bailiff, so appropriating to himself the aforesaid wines which are & ought to be the wreck of the said Peter. And that this is so he offers to establish as the court shall determine, & he claims delivery &c. and that justice may be done to him &c.

And the Abbot & Prior, as well in answering the said Peter as claiming delivery to be made to them of the aforesaid wines, say that inasmuch as Peter acknowledges that the aforesaid sailors remained with their boat, the said wines being therein, in his land for so long during the ebb of the tide, that he or his bailiff might well have arrested their boat & other things in the same which he wished to claim & that he did not seize these nor did he claim anything from them while they were in his land, they pray judgment whether it was not lawful for the said sailors to withdraw & go where they wished especially as it cannot be denied that they took those casks into their boat on the high seas. And they say that the aforesaid sailors with their said boat & the wines in the same betook themselves to the land of the said Abbot being in the custody of the said Prior where they & all the predecessors of the said Abbot, Abbots of Cherbourg, have & were wont to have wreck occurring from time immemorial. And that this is so they offer to establish by the verdict of the country. And they claim that delivery be made to them &c. And Master Geoffrey says that the land to which they betook themselves when they withdrew from the land of the said Peter is of the fee of Paynell which Robert de Melèches held for the term of his life, & which the lord E. the the King the father &c. lately gave to Reginald de Carteret, the father of the said Geoffrey, whose only heir he is & that it is now in the hands of the said Geoffrey by reason of his portion of the inheritance of his said father coming to him, wherefore he claims to have wreck &c. by reason that as well Thomas Paynel while he held those tenements before he forfeited &c. as the aforesaid Robert de Melèches while he held the same were wont to take wreck there. And that this is so he offers to establish by the verdict of the country. And he claims delivery to be made to him &c.

Et Wills de Mareys qui sequitur pro dño Rege diç qđ nullus eoꝝ petere poſ pđca vina ut wreckū. Quia diç qđ ea tantūmodo sunt Wreckū que fluct⁹ maris piciunt ad ſtram vť infra portū aut tam ppe terram qđ a ſtantibꝫ in terra poſſunt ppendi e ſic ducantur vť trahantur ad portū ſet ea que repta ſunt in alto mari unde certū nō exiſtit quo fluct⁹ maris ea vellent picere ſi p laborem marinelloꝝ leventur a mari e ponantʳ in navi vť batello et ſic in vaſi ducantur ad terrā e non tangunt terram alicuj⁹ per tʰhuncōem nec alio modo nō poſſunt dici wreckū ſet ſunt tantūmodo de adventuris maris de quibꝫ nullus poſteſt aliquid clamare niſi ſalvatores e dñs Rex vť ille cui dñs Rex conceſſerit libtatem pciendi huj⁹modi aventuras. Et petit judm pro dño Rege. Et predcti Petr⁹ e alii non poſſunt hec dedicere. Et ido conſ eſt qđ pđca vina remañ dño Regi ſalva ſalvatoribꝫ pte ſua. Et Petr⁹ e alii in mīa p falso claĩ tć. Poſtea unū de pđcis doliis cōceſſum fuit pđco p'ori p LX ſ de quibꝫ ſoluit pđcis ſalvatoribꝫ XL ſ p pparte ſua tć. Et de viginti ſolidʳ residuis reſpond dño Regi tć.

Lucas de Marek peſ ſus Płim de Marek frēm ſuū rōnabilem ppartem de duabꝫ virgʳ ſre in pochia ſci Martini de hēditate ſua tć. Et pđcus Płus veĩ e bene cogĩ qđ pđcus Lucas fraĩ ejus eſt e debet hēre ppartem tć. Ido fiat ppars. Et pđcus Płus p injuſta deten- cōe in mīa.

Mathus le Loreour viç allocutus de bři dñi Reğ nup ſibi libato qđ ſuĩ Płim de Carteret e mağrm Galfr̃m de Carteret qđ eſſent hic ad hunc diem ad reſpond dño Regi ad plita de quo Waĩ tć quod nōdum retʳnavit tć e bři illo inſtanĩ ab eo petĩto tć tandem tarde e coactus retornavit bře illud ſet viliĩ truncatū e quaſi corroſum deriſorie. Et q, videbatʳ Cuĩ huj⁹modi fōm fieri in magnū contemptū

And William des Mareys who sues for the lord the King says that none of them can claim the said wines as wreck, because he says that those things only are wreck which the flow of the tide brings to land or in harbour, or so near the land that by those standing on the land they may be laid hold of, & are thus guided or brought to port, but those things which are found on the high seas whereof no certainty exists as to where the flow of the tide may cast them, if they are raised from the sea by the labour of the sailors & put into the ship or boat & are so conveyed in the vessel to the land, & do not touch the land of any one by conveyance or any other way, cannot be called wreck but are only of the ventures of the sea of which no one can claim anything except the salvors and the lord the King or he to whom the lord the King shall have granted the right of taking such ventures. And he claims judgment for the lord the King. And the aforesaid Peter & the others cannot gainsay these things. And therefore it is determined that the aforesaid wines shall remain to the lord the King saving to the salvors their share. And Peter & the others are to be amerced for false claim &c. Afterwards one of the said casks was granted to the aforesaid Prior for 60 sols of which he paid to the said salvors 40 sols for their share &c. And for the 20 sols remaining he shall answer to the lord the King &c.

Luke des Mareys claims against Philip des Mareys his brother his lawful share of two virgates of land in the parish of St. Martin of his inheritance &c. And the aforesaid Philip comes & fully acknowledges that the aforesaid Luke is his brother & ought to have a share &c. Therefore let a division be made. And the aforesaid Philip for unlawful detention to be amerced.

Matthew le Loreour, the Viscount, questioned concerning the writ of the lord the King lately delivered to him to summon Philip de Carteret & Master Geoffrey de Carteret to be here at this day to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea of 'quo warranto' &c. which he never returned &c., and that writ being instantly demanded of him &c. at length he tardily & under compulsion returned that writ but badly mutilated & torn as if in contempt. And because it seemed to the court that this deed was done in great contempt of

dn̄i Reġ e Cuř sue vič sit in ḡvi m̄ia. Et afforat^r p Justič ad xx li.
Et sup hoc idem vič instant quer^r de p̄dco maḡro Galfro dicens qđ ad
vehementem requisicōem ip̄ius maḡri Galfri ipe vič tradidit ei bre
illud integrū de ḡra t̄nscribend e sibi reliband tē e postea vix potuit
ipe vič bre illud reire tē set tand unus fr̄m ejusd maḡri Galfri illud
ei libavit ita viciatū. Et peť qđ sicut idem maḡr Galfr tenebat^r ei
illud restituisse sanū sicut illd recepit. Ita ip̄m conservet indemp-
nem de t̄nsġssione inde fca, dum bre illud fuit v̄l esse debuit in
custodia ip̄ius maḡri Galfri. Et maḡr Galfrus psens totū hoc cogñ
set vehementer juravit qđ nescit quis v̄l qñ bre illd sic atiravit tē. Et
qđ illd nō reddidit sanū sicut illud recepat. Iō acquietet vič de m̄ia tē.

..... Tehi quer de falso judo reddito
cont^a ip̄am coram ballo e juř Reġ
de plito ire nō psequit^r. Iđo ip̄a e pleġ sui de p̄s in m̄ia. Scilč
..... juř tē.

..... illas v̄ Joñem de Caleys
ponūt se in m̄ia Cuř p licenč
..... Wilh Russel.

(M. 29.)

Adhuc de coibz plitis.

Jereš Nichus le Neyr petens e Joñes de Wyncheles ponunt se in
m̄ia p licencia concordia talis qđ p̄dcus
Joñes concedit p̄dco Nicho fram quam de eo fiet p s.....
..... infra duos annos sequentes denarios quos plus sibi
solvit p eadem. Ita delibet^r tē.

Thomas Tok^o quer e Guillus Aleys ponunt se in m̄ia p licencia
concordand talis qđ p̄dcus Guills exorabit

the lord the King & his court, the Viscount is to be heavily amerced, & it is appraised by the justices at 20 livres. And hereupon the said Viscount at once complains of the said Master Geoffrey saying that at the urgent request of the said Master Geoffrey he (the Viscount) gave to him that writ whole as a favour to be transcribed & returned to him &c. and afterwards he (the Viscount) could with difficulty get that writ back again, but at length one of the brothers of the said Master Geoffrey returned it to him so spoiled. And he claims that, as the said Master Geoffrey was bound to return the same to him whole as he received it, he may therefore be kept indemnified of the wrong therein done, while that writ was or should have been in the custody of the said Master Geoffrey. And Master Geoffrey being present acknowledges all this but earnestly swore that he does not know who so damaged that writ or when &c. And because he (Geoffrey) did not return it whole as he received it, therefore let the Viscount be discharged from the payment of the fine &c.

..... Tehi complaining of false judgment given against her before the Bailiff & the Jurats of the lord the King
..... in a plea of land, does not prosecute her action.
Therefore she & her pledges in the action to be amerced, to wit
..... jurats &c.

..... those against John de Caleys place
themselves in the mercy of the Court for leave
..... of William Russel.

(M. 29.)

Continuation of the common pleas.

Jersey.

Nicholas le Neyr, plaintiff & John de Vinchelez put themselves in mercy for leave agreement is such that the aforesaid John grants to the aforesaid Nicholas the land which he has of him for within 2 years following the money which he first paid to him for the same, so be delivered &c.

Thomas Toke, plaintiff, & William Aleys put themselves in mercy for leave to agree. [Agreement is] such that the said William shall

dimid̃ ac̃r̃ fr̃e quam id̃m Thomas tenet
redd̃s unde p̃us illam oñavit.

Thomas Mortfoche qui fẽc̃ t̃ns̃g̃ssiōem Drogoni de Barantini
asportando lapid̃muro ejusd̃ Drogonis ad faciend̃
inde domū suam pp̃lam veñ e vadiat ei XL p̃dc̃us
Drogo remittit ei XX s̃ e alios viginti solid̃ solvet ei p̃ voluntate
sua Thomas p̃ p̃d̃ca t̃ñs̃ in m̃ia.

Radus de Arblaster petens e Galfr̃ le Groche de plito fr̃e con-
cord̃ sunt ex̃ Cuř. Id̃o utq̃ eoꝝ in m̃ia.

Convictū est p̃ Juř in quam Thomas de la Rue quer e Jonettus
de la Rue se posuerunt qđ p̃dc̃us Jonettus fecit t̃ñs̃ p̃d̃co Thome
unde ha cla. Id̃o ipe in m̃ia. Et q̃ p̃dc̃us Thomas querebat̃r qđ
id̃m Jonettus fẽc̃ ei sang̃nem t̃c̃ et nō potuit illud pbare sicut optu-
lit t̃c̃. Id̃o ipe in m̃ia.

Thomas Phelipe peĩ Ƴ Rob̃tm Sibille retractam de uno mẽs e
una virg̃ fr̃e p̃ consuetud̃ t̃c̃. Et Rob̃tus veñ e cogñ qđ pp̃inquir
heres est t̃c̃ et concedit retractam t̃c̃ et dies assessus est de soloe t̃c̃.
Et p̃d̃cs Thomas poñ se in m̃ia.

Convictū est p̃ Juř in quam Thomasia des Vaus e Perrota fit
Guiffi del Val se posũunt qđ p̃d̃ca Thomasia pcussit p̃d̃cam Perrotam
unde sang̃s e ha cla. Et ead̃ Perrota acabliavit p̃d̃cam Thomasiam.
Id̃o utraq̃ eaꝝ in m̃ia et Petř des Vaus est pleğ̃ p̃d̃ce Thomasie.

Nichus de la Faleyse d̃cs Bochard e Joh̃na uxor ejus petunt Ƴ
Petř de Hailes retractam de redd̃u triū cab̃ frum̃ti sup̃ unam virg̃ fr̃e
e d̃i quem p̃dc̃us Petr̃ emit de Joh̃ne de Hailes p̃re p̃d̃ce Joh̃ne. Et
Nichus de Hailes opponit se e dicit qđ ipe alias petiit de p̃d̃co Petro

discharge half an acre of land which the said Thomas holds
..... rent whereof he first charged it.

Thomas Mortfoche who committed a trespass against Drogo de Barantyn by removing stones from the wall of the said Drogo to build therewith his own house comes & pledges to him 40 sols the said Drogo remits to him 20 sols & the other 20 sols he shall pay to him at his will Thomas for the aforesaid trespass to be amerced.

Ralph Larbalestier plaintiff & Geoffrey le Groche concerning a plea of land have agreed out of court. Therefore both of them to be amerced.

It is found by the jury to which Thomas de la Rue plaintiff & Jonett de la Rue submitted themselves that the aforesaid Jonett committed a trespass on the said Thomas whence 'Clameur de Haro' was raised. Therefore he is to be amerced. And because the aforesaid Thomas complains that the said Jonett drew his blood &c. and cannot prove it as he alleged &c. Therefore he himself is to be amerced.

Thomas Phelipe claims against Robert Sibille the redemption of one messuage & one virgate of land according to custom &c. And Robert comes & acknowledges that he is the next heir &c. and grants the redemption &c. and a day is fixed for the payment &c. And the aforesaid Thomas puts himself in mercy.

It is found by the jury to which Thomasia des Vaux & Perrota daughter of William du Val submitted themselves that the aforesaid Thomasia struck the aforesaid Perrota whence blood & 'Clameur de Haro' was raised. And the said Perrota threw down the said Thomasia. Therefore both of them to be amerced, & Peter des Vaux is the pledge of the said Thomasia.

Nicholas de la Falaise called Bochart & Joan his wife claim against Peter de Hailes the redemption of the rent of 3 bushels of wheat upon one virgate of land & a half which the aforesaid Peter bought of John de Hailes father of the said Joan. And Nicholas de Hailes intervenes & says that elsewhere he sought from the said

retracti de p̄dco reddu et visus inde fecus fuit in^o eos ad quem visum p̄dci Nichus e Johna nō f̄funt. Et Nichus e Johna dicunt qđ ipe f̄funt ad vi^s illū p Petrū Boeffe attorñ eoꝝ tē. Et Nichus di^c qđ p̄dcus Petr nūq̄^a fuit eoꝝ attorñ. Et de hoc poñ se sup recordā balli e Ju^r Re^g tē. Et Nichus e Johna simi^lr. Et balli e Ju^r recordāt qđ p̄dcs Petr fuit attorñ p̄dcoꝝ Nichi e Johne. Ido cons̄ est qđ p̄dci Nichus e Johna hēant retractā de p̄dco reddu. Et p̄dcs Nichus in mīa. Et dies assessus est de soloe.

Jords Payn que^r de Rico Horman de eo qđ ipe injuste tē detinet ei quemd̄ anuū red̄ quem ei debet tē. Et Ri^cus veñ e cogñ qđ debet p̄dco Jordo anuū reddm̄ tresdecī cab̄ fruīti et tres cab̄ fri de ar^r tē. Ido ipe p̄ injusta deten^coe in mīa.

Thomas de la Marē in mīa p̄ p̄libz defal^t v̄ Ri^cm Horman.

Wills Abatfaleyse que^r de Guillo le Curteys Joñe Columbam̄y Thoma Esteur Guillo Hynard e Raulino le Curteys de deten^coe cata^lt tē. Et p̄dcus Thomas e Raulinus veñ e dicūt qđ ipe fecunt pacem cū p̄dco Willo ex^a Cu^r p xxx s̄. Et p̄dcs Wills no potest hoc dedi^ce. Ido om̄es in mīa. Et p̄dci Wills Joñes e Wills sepius vocati ad sectam p̄dci Willi nō veñ. Ido ip̄i in g^ovi mīa.

Thomas Baudeyn petens e Plius Bertram de p̄lito f̄re concord fuit ex^a Cu^r. Ido utq̄ eoꝝ in mīa.

Convictū est p Ju^r in quam Guills Waudyn e Thomas fit Joñis de Šco Petro se possūnt qđ p̄dcs Thomas v̄bavit p̄dcu Guillm̄ unde ha cla. Ido ipe in mīa. Et idm̄ Guills recupet vsus eum dampna sua que taxant^r p Ju^r ad XL s̄.

Joñes Veysin que^r de Rico Murdrak Raolino e Ra^oo fribz suis de eo qđ cum ipe incasset quasd̄ bestias inventas in dampnis suis ad

Peter the redemption of the said rent & view was thereof made between them, at which view the said Nicholas & Joan were not present. And Nicholas & Joan say that they were at that view by Peter Boeffe their attorney &c. And Nicholas says that the said Peter never was their attorney. And for this he submits himself to the record of the Bailiff & the Jurats of the King. And Nicholas & Joan likewise. And the Bailiff & Jurats record that the aforesaid Peter was the attorney of the said Nicholas & Joan. Therefore it is judged that the aforesaid Nicholas & Joan shall have the redemption of the said rent. And the aforesaid Nicholas to be amerced. And a day is fixed for payment.

Jordan Payn complains of Richard Horman for that he unjustly &c. detains from him a certain yearly rent which he owes him &c. And Richard comes & acknowledges that he owes to the aforesaid Jordan the yearly rent of 13 bushels of wheat & 3 bushels of wheat of arrears &c. Therefore he is to be amerced for unjust detention.

Thomas de la Mare to be amerced for many defaults against Richard Horman.

William Abatfalaize complains of William le Curteys, John Columbamy, Thomas Estur, William Hynard & Raulin le Curteys, for detention of chattels &c. And the aforesaid Thomas & Raulin come & say that they made peace with the aforesaid William out of court for 30 sols. And the aforesaid William cannot deny this. Therefore all of them to be amerced. And the aforesaid William, John & William often called at the suit of the aforesaid William do not come. Therefore they are to be heavily amerced.

Thomas Baudains plaintiff & Philip Bertram concerning a plea of land agreed out of court. Therefore both of them to be amerced.

It is found by the jury to which William Vaudin & Thomas Fitz-John of St. Peter submitted themselves that the aforesaid Thomas struck the aforesaid William whence 'Clameur de Haro' was raised. Therefore he is to be amerced. And the said William shall recover against him his damages which are taxed by the jury at 40 sols.

John Voisin complains of Richard Murdrake, Raolin & Ralph his brothers for that when he had impounded certain beasts taken in

valenč duos q̄rfioz fri tč. Ido Ričus cepit bestias illas vi e cont̄
pacem tč ex̄ parcū suū in domo Raolini Ceruoise. Et p̄dcs Ričs veñ
e dicit qđ ipe nūq̄ cepit bestias illas ex̄ parcum tč. Et inde poñ se
sup sacrm̄ p̄dci Raolini Ceruoise. Et p̄dcus Joñes simitr. Et idm̄
Raolinus juř tč dicit qđ p̄dcs Ričs cepit p̄dcas bestias ex̄ domū suam
cont̄ voluntatem suam p̄dci Joñnia. Ido ipe
in ḡvi m̄ia. Et quo ad capcōem namioz e dampna tč
e alii petunt viš tč. Et post resortū de visu p̄dcs Joñes oř se. Et
p̄dci Rič e ať dicūt qđ p̄dcs Joñes in viš e noñavit unū
frem eoř cōten[dere in] q̄rela sua tč. Et p̄dcs Joñes nō potest hoc
dediče. Ido cons̄
..... ad psens sine die. Et p̄dcs Joñes
P̄tus Lempere
..... [concord sunt] ex̄ Cuř. Ido [in m̄ia].

(M. 29 d.)

Adhuc de cōibz p̄litis.

Fresingfeld.

[Ričus] de la Croiz queř de Guiffo des Augreys de eo qđ cum
ipe simul cū quod̄ fre bastardo pquisivissent
quemđ anuū reddm̄ triū cab̄ fruñti in poch̄ Šci Elerii
sup dimid̄ ac̄ fre in feodo ip̄ius Guiffo cōjunctim sibi e h̄edibz
suis tč. Idem Guiffo reddm̄ illū arrestavit e illū ei deforc̄ absq̄
causa r̄onabili tč. Et Guiffo [des Augreys veñ] e dicit qđ p̄dcus
frať Riči tč obiit seisisus de p̄dco reddu p quod ipe cepit in [manum]
suam noie eschete ppartem p̄dci fr̄is de p̄dco reddu tč sicut ei bene
licuit. [P̄dcus] Ričus dič qđ ipe e p̄dcs frať suus cōjunctim e indiviso
pquisivunt p̄dc̄m reddm̄ [sibi] e h̄edibz suis tč. Et hoc offert v̄ificar̄
sicut Cuř cons̄ et peĩ judm̄. Et Guiffo nō potest hoc dediče. Ido

damage to the value of 2 quarters of wheat &c. the said Richard took those beasts by force & against the peace &c. out of his pound into the house of Raolin Cervoise. And the said Richard comes & says that he never took those beasts out of the pound &c. And therein submits himself to the oath of the said Raolin Cervoise. And the aforesaid John likewise. And the said Raolin being sworn &c. says that the aforesaid Richard took the aforesaid beasts out of his house against his will of the said John. Therefore he is to be heavily amerced. And as to the taking of the distresses & the damages &c. & the others claim view &c. And after the return of the view the said John presents himself. And the said Richard & the others says that the said John in the view and named one of his brothers to sue in his plaints &c. And the said John cannot gainsay this. Therefore it is judged now discharged. And the said John.....

Philip Lemprière
..... [agreed] out of court. Therefore [to be amerced.]

(M. 29 d.)

Continuation of the common pleas.

Fresingfeld.

Richard de la Croix complains of William des Augrès for that whereas he together with a certain brother a bastard purchased a certain yearly rent of 3 bushels of wheat in the parish of St. Helier [assessed] upon half an acre of land in the fee of the said William jointly to them & to their heirs &c., the said [William] arrested that rent & detained it from him without reasonable cause &c. And William [comes] & says that the said brother of the said Richard &c. died seised of the said rent whereby he took into his [hands] as an escheat the share of the said brother in the said rent &c. as it was quite lawful [for him to do]. Richard says that he & his said brother jointly & undividedly purchased the said rent [for them] & their heirs &c. And this he offers to establish as the court shall determine & he claims judgment. And William cannot gainsay this. Therefore

conſ est qđ pđcs Ričus recupet seisinam suam v pđcm Guillm de pđco reddu. Et idm Guifſ p injusta detencōe in mīa.

Joñes de Barantyn queſ e Petř des Vaus ponunt se in mīa p licenč concord. Et est concord talis qđ pđcus Petř cogñ qđ debet pđco Johi triginta libr turoñ quas alias ei vadiavit p tñs quas ei fecit tč solvend pđco Joñni p voluntate sua tč.

Margia que fuit uxor Jordī Martin petens e Wifſ Payn concord sunt qđ pđcs Wifſ concedit pđce Margie quemđ anuū reddm unius qřfii fruñti ad fmiñ vite pđce Margie pcipient singlis annis de fra ipius Wifſi que vocat Faleduk.

Audita peticōe leproſ de domo Šci Nichi de annuo reddu duoz bussett fri assesso [super] duas virg tre in pōchia de Grovill quas Guillot^o Goies tenet e qui aretro est pđcis leprosis de duobz annis elapsis sicut p quamđ Juř inde inť eos captā cōvictā est conſ est qđ pđci leprosi recupent arř ejusđ redds vidz quatuor buss fri qui modo appřiant^r ad xij s iij đ. Et dictū est tam baltio qm Vič qđ sint eis in auxiliū ad levand pđcm reddm tč. Et nich de mīa q Guillot^o inf^a etatē.

Galfř del Pount queſ de Viviano Mahumet psona ecclie Šci Lauř de eo qđ ipe vi e cont^a pacem tč asptavit genettam ipius Galfř pçii XL s et t abduxit unū bovem e alia bona ipius Galfř ad valenč iij libr ad dampñ tč. Et Vivianus veñ e dič qđ ipe est ductor e custos cuj^od Guilloti Juliene qui inf^a etatem est et dič qđ pđcs Galfř fuit in custodia sua de catař ejusđ Guilloti ad valenč quatuor libr p quod idm Vivian^o noie pđci Guilloti tanq^a custos tč petiit pđca cať vsus pđcm Galfř coram baltio e Juř Reğ tč et p conſ Cuř libata fũunt ei pđca cať videlř genetta pçii decem solidoz unus bos pçii quinquaginta

it is judged that the said Richard shall recover his seisin against the said William of the said rent. And the said William is to be amerced for unjust detention.

John de Barantyn plaintiff & Peter des Vaux place themselves in mercy for leave to agree. And the agreement is such that the said Peter acknowledges that he owes to the said John 30 livres tournois which at another time he gave him as security for the injuries which he had done to him &c. to be paid to the said John at his will &c.

Margery, who was the wife of Jordan Martin, plaintiff, & William Payn have agreed that the said William shall grant to the said Margery a certain yearly rent of one quarter of wheat for the term of the life of the said Margery to be received every year on the land of the said William which is called Faldouet.

Having heard the petition of the lepers of the house of St. Nicholas concerning the yearly rent of 2 bushels of wheat assessed [upon] 2 virgates of land in the parish of Grouville which Guillot Goies holds & which is in arrear to the said lepers for the last 2 years as was found by a certain jury to which it was referred by them, it is judged that the said lepers shall recover the arrears of the said rent, to wit, 4 bushels of wheat which are now appraised at 13 sols 4 deniers. And it is commanded as well to the Bailiff as to the Viscount that they shall aid them in levying the said rent &c. And no amercement (is imposed) because the said Guillot is under age.

Geoffrey du Pont complains of Vivian Mahumet parson of the Church of St. Lawrence for that he with force & against the peace &c. carried away a foal of the said Geoffrey of the value of 40 sols & also took away an ox & other goods of the said Geoffrey to the value of 4 livres to his prejudice &c. And Vivian comes & says that he is the master & guardian of a certain Guillot Julien who is under age & he says that the said Geoffrey had in his custody chattels belonging to the said Guillot to the value of 4 livres wherefore the said Vivian in the name of the said Guillot as his guardian &c. claimed the said chattels from the said Geoffrey before the Bailiff & the Jurats of the lord the King &c. and by the judgment of the court the said chattels were delivered to him, to wit, a foal of the value of 10 sols, an ox of the value of 50 sols & wheat of the value of 20 sols,

solidoꝝ e fruītū ꝑcii viginti solidoꝝ et dicit qđ nō hūit alia bona de ꝑdco Galfro nec aliū. Et hoc offert vificare ꝑ record balti e Juī tē. Et Galfī bene cogñ qđ ꝑdcs Vivian⁹ nō hūit alia catañ qm̄ iꝑe cogñ set diē qđ iꝑe nō hūit ꝑdca catalla ꝑ cons curie nec ꝑ talem ꝑciū ꝑut idem Vivianus diē. Et hoc offert simitr vificare ꝑ recordū tē. Et baltis e Juī tē recordant^r de toto sicut ꝑdcs Vivianus diē. Ido cons est qđ ꝑdcs Galfī nichī capiat ꝑ qrelam suam sz sit in mīa. Et ꝑdcs Vivian⁹ eat inde sine die.

Et comptum est in ꝑsencia ꝑdci Galfri qđ iꝑo fecit suū Phm Levesk battm dñi Reġ ex^a regnū tē apud Constanē ꝑ officio suo fidelit̄ executō. Ido comittat^r Gaoī inde redimend tē.

Robtus Aleyn e Joñna Poynt Destre mutuo querentes tē de ꝑlito detenōis reddis tandem concesserunt qđ mutuo jurarent tē et Juī qđ debent eque adinvicem ꝑt tres cas fruīti de arī reddis qui debent^r ꝑdco Robto. Ido idem Robts recupet arī ꝑdca. Et uīq, eoꝝ in mīa.

Wills le Petyt de Rosel queī de Galfro fit Agnetis Perchart e Coletta sorore sua de fraude de concelamento juris sui de fra quam emerūt in dmo suo tē veñ et ponūt se in mīam ꝑ licenē concord. Et est concord talis qđ ꝑdcs Wills remittit eis fraudem tē et concedit qđ iꝑi deceſo teneant in pace teñ que ꝑquis in dmo suo faciendo inde servicia debita e cōsueta tē.

Ranulphs Galicien e Pñus le Utlaghe queī e Jordis Reynald e Juliana soror sua de obstrucōe cuj⁹dam vie tē ponūt se in mīam ꝑ licenē concord. Et est cōcord talis qđ cōcedunt utrumq, qđ via octo pedū fiat inē fras eoꝝ in loco cōpetente unde medietas de fra singloꝝ eoꝝ tē.

& he says that he had no other goods of the said Geoffrey nor otherwise. And this he offers to establish by the record of the Bailiff & Jurats &c. And Geoffrey well knows that the said Vivian had no other chattels than he acknowledged, but he says that he had not the said chattels by the judgment of the court nor at such a value as the said Vivian says. And this he likewise offers to establish by the record &c. And the Bailiff & Jurats &c. record concerning the whole as the said Vivian says. Therefore it is judged that the said Geoffrey does not succeed in his action but shall be amerced. And the said Vivian shall be discharged.

And it was found in the presence of the said Geoffrey that he caused to be summoned Philip Levesque the Bailiff of the lord the King out of the realm &c. at Coutances for the faithful discharges of the duties of his office. Therefore he is committed to gaol to be ransomed therefrom &c.

Robert Aleyn & Joan Poingdestre mutually complaining &c. concerning a plea of detention of rents at length granted that they will take oath &c. and took oath that they owe equally one to the other except as to three bushels of wheat of arrears of rent which are owing to the said Robert. Therefore the said Robert shall recover the said arrears. And both of them to be amerced.

William le Petyt of Rosel complaining of Geoffrey son of Agnes Perchard & Colette his sister of their fraud concerning the concealment of his rights as to the land which they bought in his demesne &c. come & place themselves in mercy for leave to agree. And it is agreed thus that the said William withdraws the (charge of) fraud &c. and grants that they henceforth may hold in peace the tenements which they purchased in his demesne doing therefor the services due & accustomed &c.

Ranulph Galicien & Philip le Utlagh plaintiffs & Jordan Reynald & Juliana his sister concerning the obstruction of a certain way &c. place themselves in mercy for leave to agree. And the agreement is such that each of them agrees that a way of 8 feet be made between their lands in a suitable place,—whereof the moiety of the land of each of them &c.

(M. 30.)

Plita de quo Waranto de eodem itinere.

Jerseye.

Dñs Rex p Guilm de Mareys qui sequit' p eo petit vsus Abbem
Sci Salvatoris [Vicecomitis] advocacones eccliaꝝ Sci Petri Sci Johinis
Sci Clementis Sci Elerii e Sci Brolardi [et advocacones] sexte ptis
decie garbaꝝ eccliaꝝ Sci Salvatoris de Grouill Sce T'nitatis Sci Mar-
tini [Sci Laurentii, Beatæ] Marie e Sci Audoeni et advocacom p'ora-
tuū de Bonanocte et de Sco Petro ut jus tē Et
Abbas veñ e diū qđ ipe claū tenere e hēre predcas advocaōes eccliaꝝ
de dono dñi H. Reḡ [filii Impera]tricis tē et t claū tenere predcas
decias de dono ejusdem dñi Reḡ q, dicit qđ idem dñs [Rex dedit]
predctas advocaōes e decias cuidam Abbi Sci Salvatoris vicecoīn in
Constātino predecessori suo [per] cartam ipius dñi Reḡ quam pfert
que sic incipit. H. dei grā Rex Angl Dux Normanū [e Aquit]
e Comes Andeg Archiepis Epis Abbibꝫ Comitibꝫ Baronibꝫ Justic
Viē e omibꝫ ministris e fidelibꝫ suis toci⁹ terre sue citra mare
e ultra saltm. Sciatis qđ ego hēo in manu e pteccōne mea sicut
meam dñicam Abbathiam Sci Salvatoris de Constancio cum omibꝫ
rebus e possessionibꝫ eidm Abbathie ptiñtibꝫ sicut p'sens carta in
sēsequentibꝫ declarat. Et exinde inf cēfa continet sic. Concedo t e
confirmo omēs ecclias quas predca abbathia tenet in Insula de Gere-
soie videlē totam eccliam Sci Broelarii cum q'nq, ptibꝫ decie e cum
fris eidm ecclie ptinentibꝫ totam eccliam Sci Petri de Deserto cum
medietate decime et fris e elemosinis eidm ecclie ptinentibꝫ et in
eadm poch de dono Symonis de Haga terram ad unū aratrū et fram
quam dedit Rañu P'sbr totam eccliam Sci Elerii cū medietate decie
e cum fris e elemosinis eidm ecclie ptinentibꝫ Totam eccliam Sci
Clementis cum quinq, ptibꝫ decie e cum fris e elemosinis eidm ecclie
ptinenē e in eadm pochia de dono Wilti de Hasneriis unam minam

(M. 30.)

Pleas of 'Quo Warranto' of the same eyre.

Jersey.

The lord the King by William des Mareys who sues for him claims against the Abbot of St. Sauveur le Vicomte the advowsons of the Churches of St. Peter, St. John, St. Clement, St. Helier & St. Brelade; [and the advowsons] of the 6th part of the tithe of the sheaves of the Churches of St. Saviour, of Grouville, Holy Trinity, St. Martin [St. Lawrence] St. Mary & St. Ouen & the advowson of the Priories of Bonne Nuit & of St. Peter as his right &c. And the Abbot comes & says that he claims to hold & have the aforesaid advowsons of the Churches of the gift of the lord H. the King [son of the Empress] &c. and also claims to hold the aforesaid tithes of the gift of the said lord the King, and he says that the same lord [the King gave] the said advowsons & tithes to a certain Abbot of St. Sauveur le Vicomte in Coutances (diocese), his predecessor, [by a] charter of the same lord the King which he produces which begins thus: H. by the grace of God King of England Duke of the Normans [& Aquitaine] & Count of Anjou to the Archbishops, bishops, abbots, counts barons justices sheriffs & all his officers & faithful people of all his dominions on this side of the channel & beyond, greeting: Know ye that I have in my hand & protection as my demesne the Abbey of St. Saviour of Coutances with all things & possessions to the same Abbey appertaining as this present charter hereinafter declares. And therein among other things is contained thus: I also grant & confirm all the Churches which the aforesaid Abbey holds in the island of Jersey, to wit, the whole of the Church of St. Brelade with 5 parts of the tithe & with the lands to the same Church appertaining, the whole of the Church of St. Peter of the Desert with the half of the tithe & the lands & alms to the same Church belonging & in the same parish of the gift of Simon de la Haye one plough-land & the land which he gave to Ranulph the Priest, the whole of the Church of St. Helier with the half of the tithe & with the lands & alms to the same Church belonging, the whole of the Church of St. Clement with 5 parts of the tithe & with the lands & alms to the same Church belonging, & in the same parish of the gift of William de Asnières one measure of wheat, the whole of the Church of St.

fr̃i Totam eccliam S̃ci Joñnis de Quercubz cū capella S̃ce Marie de Bonanocte et terris e elenosinis ecclie e capelle ptinentibz e in eadm pochia t̃ram ad unū aratrū de dono Heudonis de Sotennaft quam tenent Les Hordilouns e in om̃ibz aliis eccliis ejusdem iñs sextam ptem garbaz. Et exinde sic Concedo autem predce Abbathie e monachis ejusdem Abbathie e hac carta mea confirmo om̃es sup̃s-criptas donações in libam e ppetuam elemosinam. Quare volo e firmit̃ p̃cipio qđ predca Abb̃ia e predci monachi om̃ia que eis tam a me q̃ ab aliis raçonablr data sunt t̃neant e teneant cū om̃ibz ptiñ suis bene e in pace libe e quiete cum om̃ibz lib̃tatibz e lib̃is consuetudibz suis. Et ido quo ad hoc pred̃cus Abbas eat ad p̃sens inde sine die Quia constat curie hic t̃e qđ pred̃cta Abbathia que modo vocatur S̃ci Salvatoris Vicecom̃ tunc vocabat̃ Abb̃ia S̃ci Salvatoris de Constantio. Et t̃ constat qđ Priorat⁹ de Bonanocte est ad capellam pred̃cam in pochia S̃ci Joñnis et Priorat⁹ de S̃co Petro est in pochia S̃ci Petri.

Idm Abbas allocutus de eo qđ ip̃e pcipit e detinet dño Regi quasdam decimas de feodo a Mustel e Ascalonus que valent p añ vj ti que in manu dñi Regis Edwardi p̃ris dñi Regis nunc longo tempe fuerunt de forisfcura Thome Paynell qui recisset a fide dñi J. quondam Regis Angl t̃e et qui Thomas tenuit illam decimam simul cū aliis teñ suis de p̃dco dño Rege immediate yeñ e g̃tis respondet e dicit qđ a tempe quo p̃dce decime capte fuerunt in manu dñi E. Regis p̃ris t̃e jam triginta annis elapsis nunq̃ p̃decessores sui nec ip̃e de decimis illis se intromiserunt nec aliquid inde receperunt et de hoc poñ se sup patlam. Et Juñ hoc idem testantur. Ido eat inde quiet⁹ salvo juñ dñi Reg̃ t̃e cum inde loqui voluit.

Dñs Rex p Wiltm des Mareys qui sequit̃ p eo petit vsus Abb̃em de Blancalanda advocačom ecclie S̃ci Laur̃ ut jus t̃e. Et unde idm

John des Chênes with the chapel of St. Mary of Bonne Nuit & the lands & alms to the Church & chapel belonging & in the same parish one plough-land of the gift of Eudo de Sotennaft⁽¹⁾ which the Hordilouns hold, & in all the other Churches of the same island the 6th part of the sheaves. And thus accordingly I grant moreover to the aforesaid Abbey & to the monks of the same Abbey & by this my charter I confirm all the abovesaid gifts in frankalmoign. Wherefore I will & firmly command that the aforesaid Abbey & the said monks may have & hold to themselves all those things which are lawfully given to them as well by me as by others, with all their appurtenances well & peaceably, freely & quietly with all their rights & free customs. And therefore as to this the aforesaid Abbot shall go at present 'sine die' therein because it is manifest to the court here &c. that the said Abbey which is now called St. Sauveur le Vicomte was then called the Abbey of St. Saviour of Coutances. And also it appears that the Priory of Bonne Nuit is at the aforesaid chapel in the parish of St. John & the Priory of St. Peter is in the parish of St. Peter.

The same Abbot, being questioned for that he receives & detains from the lord the King certain tithes of the fee of Mustel & Ascalons which are worth by the year 6 livres which were in the hands of the lord King Edward father of the now King for a long time through the forfeiture of Thomas Paynell who withdrew from the allegiance of the lord John formerly King of England &c. and which said Thomas held the said tithe together with his other tenements directly of the said lord the King, comes & freely answers & says that from the time in which the aforesaid tithes were taken into the hands of the lord King E. the father &c. now 30 years past neither his predecessors nor he ever intermeddled with those tithes or took anything thereof. And concerning this he submits himself to the verdict of the country. And the jurors testify to the same. Therefore he shall go quit thereof saving the right of the lord the King &c. when he shall wish to implead therein.

The lord the King by William des Mareys who sues for him claims against the Abbot of Blanchelande the advowson of the

(1) Possibly Sottevast.

Wills dič pro dño Rege qđ dñs H. Rex avus tč fuit seisitus de predca advocaçone tempe pacis ut de feodo e jure corone sue tč et ad eccliam illam p'sentavit quendam Radm̃ du Val clicū suū qui ad p'sentačom suam fuit admissus e in eadem institut⁹. Et qđ tale sit jus ipius dñi Reğ offert vificare p dño Rege sič Cuř cons.

Et Abbas veñ e dič qđ dñs J. quondam Rex tč dū fuit Comes Moriton e dñs Insulaꝝ anteq̃ Rex fūat dedit Abbie de Blancalanda predcam eccliam p cartam suam quam pfert in hec verba tč. Oĩmibꝫ Šce Matris ecclie filiis ad quos presens scriptum pvefit Joñnes Comes Moriton saltm. Noſitis me pietatis intuitu dedisse e p'senti carta mea confirmasse Abbie Šci Nicīi de Blancalanda e fr̃ibꝫ ibid deo švientibꝫ in puram e ppetuam elemosinam eccliam Šci Lauř in Inš sič ad jus meū e p'sentačom meam ptinebat integre e plenař cū oĩmibꝫ ptiñ suis quam Galfř sacerđ e decanus tenuerat. Ita qđ in p'fata Abbia qđiu vixero memoria mei řeatuř et post decessum meū solempne e ppetuū anniſsař ibid p me celebretur e ejusđ loci cōvēt⁹ in die obit⁹ mei in victualibꝫ celebriter pcuretur. T. Joñne Abbe de Souf Rado Priore de Plesš Gervaš Canōico Nicōo capello Ričo de Fonř Ragñ de Vire Wilto de Eula Huřto de Burgo mağro Henř de Haya ařd Tenerchebř viijº die Febř anno regni Reğ Riči nono. Dař p mañ Joñnis de Graio.

Et Wills dič qđ dñs H. Rex filius pđci Joñnis postea fuit in seisina de predca advocaçone pđcte. Et ad eandem eccliam p'sentavit pđcm R. qui tunc fuit clicus Drogonis de Barantin custodis insulaꝝ qui ad p'sentē ipius dñi Reğ admissus fuit ad predcam eccliam e institut⁹ in eadē e inde obiit psona tč. Et hoc offert vificare pro dño Rege.

Et Abbas dič qđ plitum motū fuit inter predcm dñm H. Regem e quendā Abbem de Blancalanda set dič qđ tandem ad rogatū pđci

Church of St. Lawrence as his right &c. And thereupon the said William says for the lord the King that the lord H. the King the grandfather &c. was seised of the aforesaid advowson in the time of peace as of fee & right of his crown &c. and to that Church presented a certain Ralph du Val, his clerk, who on his presentation was admitted & instituted into the same. And that such is the right of the lord the King he offers to establish for the lord the King as the court shall determine.

And the Abbot comes & says that the lord J. formerly King &c. while he was Earl of Mortain & lord of the islands before he was King gave to the Abbey of Blanchelande the aforesaid Church by his charter which he produces in these words &c. To all the sons of Holy Mother Church to whom this present writing shall come, John Earl of Mortain, greeting. Know ye that I of pious intent have given & by this my present charter have confirmed to the Abbey of St. Nicholas de Blanchelande & the brethren there serving God in frankalmoign the Church of St. Lawrence in the island as it belonged to my right & to my presentation wholly & freely with all its appurtenances, which Geoffrey priest & dean had held, so that in the aforesaid Abbey as long as I shall live the memory of me may be had, & after my decease a solemn & perpetual anniversary shall be celebrated for me there, & the community of the same place on the day of my death may be generously provided with victuals. Witnesses: John abbot of Suligny, Ralph prior of Plessis, Gervase the canon, Nicholas the chaplain, Richard de Fonte, Reginald de Vire, William de Eula, Hubert de Burgh, Master Henry de la Haye. At Tinchebrai the 8th day of February in the 9th year of the reign of King Richard. Given by the hand of John de Gray.

And William says that the lord H. the King son of the aforesaid John afterwards was in seisin of the aforesaid advowson, & to the said Church presented the said Ralph who was then clerk of Drogo de Barantin, Warden of the islands, who at the presentation of the lord the King was admitted into the said Church, & instituted in the same & died parson thereof &c. And this he offers to establish for the lord the King.

And the Abbot says that a suit was entered upon between the aforesaid lord H. the King & a certain Abbot of Blanchelande, but

Drogonis Abbas ille p̄sentavit p̄d̄c̄m c̄licum ip̄ius Drogonis ad eccl̄iam illam. Ita qđ c̄licus ille fuit admissus ad eccl̄iam illam e institut⁹ in ead̄ ad p̄sen̄t̄ ip̄ius Abbis e nō ad p̄sentac̄ p̄d̄ci d̄ni H. Reḡ. Et de hoc poñ se sup̄ patriam.

Et Wilts instan̄t̄ petit iud̄m pro d̄no Rege ex quo Abbas nō potest dediċe quin c̄licus per ip̄m d̄nm Regē presentat⁹ fuit p̄sona inp̄sonata de p̄d̄c̄a eccl̄ia et Abbas nō ostendit aliqđ f̄cm sp̄ale p̄ quod doċe possit c̄licum illū admissum fuisse ad eandem ad p̄sentac̄ōm p̄decess̄ sui. Petit t̄ ex habundanti qđ rei v̄itas inquiretur pro d̄no Rege.

Juñ dicunt sup̄ sac̄rm suū qđ p̄d̄c̄us c̄licus [admissus fuit ad] p̄sentac̄ōm Abbis et nō ad p̄sentac̄ōm ip̄ius d̄ni Reḡ t̄c̄. Dies dañ est ei de audiend̄ Judo suo coram d̄no Rege a die Šci Mich̄is in unū men̄s ubicūq; tūc fuerit in Angl̄ t̄c̄. Et Abbas [pro loco suo] le Herice v̄t Petrū fil̄ Pet̄ Dartyz.

(M. 30 d.)

Adhuc de pl̄itis de quo waranto de eodem itin̄e.

Fresingfeld.

Petr⁹ de Sausmareys suū fuit qđ esset hic ad respondend̄ d̄no Regi de pl̄ito quo waranto [sine] licen̄ e voluntatē d̄ni Reḡ e p̄genitoꝝ suoꝝ Regū Angl̄ claīñ ĩere wreckū maris [in tot]am t̄ram suam in poċh̄ Šci Clementis e Šci Elerii et illud in pp̄ios usus conf̄tere. Et t̄ quo waranto claīñ ĩere furcas in ead̄m poċh̄. Et t̄ quo waranto claīñ p̄cipe e ĩere libam esp̄keñ in poċh̄ p̄d̄c̄a de piscibz p̄ hoies suos captis in aquis d̄ni Reḡ que spectant ad coronā e dignitatem d̄ni Reḡ. Et t̄ quo waranto claīñ ĩere libam warennā in Monte Šci Elerii. Et t̄ quo waranto claīñ p̄cipere e ĩere catalla hoīm suoꝝ felonū d̄ni Reḡ

he says that at length at the request of the aforesaid Drogo that Abbot presented the aforesaid clerk of the said Drogo to that Church, so that that clerk was admitted to that Church & instituted to the same at the presentation of the said Abbot & not at the presentation of the said lord H. the King. And for this he submits himself to the verdict of the country.

And William urgently claims judgment for the lord the King for that the Abbot cannot gainsay but that the clerk presented by the said lord the King was the parson imparsonee⁽¹⁾ of the aforesaid Church, and the Abbot does not show any special deed whereby he can prove that that clerk was admitted to the same at the presentation of his predecessor. Also he claims further that the truth of the matter may be enquired into for the lord the King.

The jurors say upon their oath that the aforesaid clerk [was admitted on the] presentation of the Abbot & not at the presentation of the said lord the King &c. A day is given to him to hear his judgment before the lord the King from the day of St. Michael in one month wheresoever he shall then be in England &c. And the Abbot [puts in his place] le Herice or Peter son of Peter Dartiz.

(M. 30 d.)

**Continuation of the pleas 'de Quo Warranto' of the
same cyre.**

Fresingfeld.

Peter de Saumareys was summoned to be here to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by what warrant [without] the license & will of the lord the King & his progenitors Kings of England he claims to have wreck of the sea [in] all his land in the parish of St. Clement & St. Helier, & to convert the same to his own uses. And also by what warrant he claims to have gallows in the same parish. And also by what warrant he claims to take & have free esperkeria in the said parish of the fish taken by his men in the waters of the lord the King which belong to the Crown & dignity of the lord the King. And also by what warrant he claims to have free warren in the Mount of St. Helier. And also by what warrant he claims to take & have the chattels of his men felons or fugitives of

(1) In ecclesiastical law a rector duly presented, instituted and inducted with a parsonage or rectory.

vel fugitivoꝝ que sp̃tant ad coronā e dignitatem dñi Reġ. Et t̃ quo
wař claiñ ħere bestias de Weyf que ad dñm Regē ptinent. Et P̃hus
de Cartet suñ t̃c de plito quo wař t̃c claiñ ħere libam warennā in
om̃ibꝫ dñicis ħris suis in poch̃ Sci Audoeni. Et t̃ quo wař claiñ ħere
maram suam in ead̃m pochia libam e sepalem. Et t̃ quo wař claiñ
ħere wreccū maris p totam ħram suam in p̃dca poch̃ et illud in pp̃los
us^o conċtere. Et t̃ quo wař claiñ ħere libam espkeř de piscibꝫ p hoies
suos captis in aquis dñi Reġ. Et t̃ quo wař claiñ ħere bestias de
Weyf. Et t̃ quo wař claiñ pcipe e ħere cař hoim̃ suoꝝ felonū dñi Reġ
ṽl fugitivoꝝ que spectant ad coronam e dignitatē dñi Reġ. Et Guills
des Augres suñ t̃c de plito quo wař t̃c claiñ ħere libam warennā in
om̃ibꝫ dñicis ħris suis in pochia Šce T'nitař. Et t̃ quo wař claiñ ħere
wreccū maris p totam ħram suā in predca pochia et illud in pp̃los
us^o conċtere. Et t̃ quo wař claiñ ħere bestias de Weif. Et t̃ quo
wař claiñ pcipe e ħere cař hoim̃ suoꝝ feloñ dñi Reġ ṽl fugitivoꝝ que
spectāt ad coronam e dignitatē dñi Reġ. Et Joħnes de Cartet e
Lucia uř ej^o suñ t̃c de plito quo wař t̃c claiñ ħere libam warennā in
om̃ibꝫ dñicis ħris suis in poch̃ Sci Audoeni. Et t̃ quo wař claiñ ħere
wreccū maris p totam ħram suam in p̃dca paroch̃ et illud in pp̃los us^o
conċteř. Et t̃ quo wař claiñ ħere libam espkeř de piscibꝫ p hoies
suos captis in aquis dñi Reġ. Et t̃ quo wař claiñ ħere bestias de
Weyf. Et t̃ quo wař claiñ ħere catalla hoim̃ suoꝝ felonū dñi Reġ ṽl
fugitivoꝝ que sp̃tant ad coronam e digniř dñi Reġ. Et P̃hus Levesque
suñ t̃c de plito quo wař t̃c claiñ ħere wreccū maris accidens in feodo
quod fuit Nichi de Wynchet et illud in pp̃los us^o conċtere.

Et predci Petr^o P̃hus Guills Joħnes e Lucia e P̃hus veñ. Et
dicunt quo ad catalla hoim̃ suoꝝ fugitivoꝝ e feloñ t̃c qđ ip̃i claiñ ħere
catalla hoim̃ suoꝝ latronū fuġ e dāpnatoꝝ ad quē ip̃i ṽl eoꝝ bałli cicius

the lord the King which belong to the Crown & dignity of the lord the King. And also by what warrant he claims to have beasts of waif which belong to the lord the King. And Philip de Carteret summoned &c. concerning a plea by what warrant &c. he claims to have free warren in all his demesne lands in the parish of St. Ouen. And also by what warrant he claims to have his pond in the same parish free & several. And also by what warrant he claims to have wreck of the sea throughout all his land in the aforesaid parish & to convert it to his own uses. And also by what warrant he claims to have free esperkeria of the fish taken by his men in the waters of the lord the King. And also by what warrant he claims to have beasts of waif. And also by what warrant he claims to take & have the chattels of his men felons or fugitives of the lord the King which belong to the Crown & dignity of the lord the King. And William des Augrès summoned &c. concerning a plea by what warrant &c. he claims to have free warren in all his demesne lands in the parish of Holy Trinity. And also by what warrant he claims to have wreck of the sea throughout all his land in the aforesaid parish & to convert the same to his own uses. And also by what warrant he claims to have beasts of waif. And also by what warrant he claims to take & have the chattels of his men felons or fugitives of the lord the King which belong to the Crown & dignity of the lord the King. And John de Carteret & Lucy his wife summoned &c. concerning a plea by what warrant &c. they claim to have free warren in all their demesne lands in the parish of St. Ouen. And also by what warrant they claim to have wreck of the sea throughout all their land in the said parish & to convert the same to their own uses. And also by what warrant they claim to have free esperkeria of the fish taken by their men in the waters of the lord the King. And also by what warrant they claim to have beasts of waif. And also by what warrant they claim to have the chattels of their men felons or fugitives of the lord the King which belong to the Crown & dignity of the lord the King. And Philip Levesque summoned &c. concerning a plea by what warrant &c. he claims to have wreck of the sea happening in the fee which belonged to Nicholas de Vinchelez & to convert the same to his own uses.

And the aforesaid Peter, Philip, William, John & Lucy & Philip come. And they say that as to the chattels of their men fugitives &

possint manus apponere quā hoīes dñi Regē. Et quo ad huj⁹ catalla. Et alias libtates siml cū ista libtate de cañ huj⁹ pēpiendū clām īpī ab antiquo. Et dicunt qđ īpī e oīes antecessores sui a tpe quo nō extat memoria illas huerūt siē īpī illas modo clām. Et hoc offerunt vificār siē Cuī cons.

Et Wilts des Mareys qui sequit⁹ pro dño Rege diē p dño Rege qđ nullus in hac Insula pter ministros dñi Regē habet potestātē judicandi latronē vī felonē unde diē qđ nullus eoz potest eoz catalla vendicār p dñm Regē. Et quo ad warennā diē qđ nullus illam hēre possit nisi inde hñit spale warantū de dño Rege maxie cū oīes hic indigene statū suū hēant in insul de tpe dñi Regē J. de ultio conquestu suo cuj⁹ temp⁹ continet⁹ infra tempus memorie. Diē t consimītr quo ad libtatem de espkeī hñd e de wrecco pēpiendū que mere sunt regales dignitates. Et quo ad bestias de Weyf diē simītr qđ regalis est dignitas illas optinendi. Et diē qđ oīes Insule debent esse sñ eadm lege. Et diē qđ dñs Rex seisit⁹ est de oīibz huj⁹ bestiis evcīentibz de Weyf in insula de Gerñ sine cuj⁹cumq; contradicōe et sic deē esse in hac Insula e esse consuevit. Et petit qđ īpī ostendant qñ e quātr huj⁹ libtates Regales allocate fñnt antecessoribz ipoz in Cuī dñi Regē que potestatem hñit inde cognoscendi.

Ad que nullus ipoz respondū nisi tm qđ īpī e antecesē eoz a tempe quo nō extat memoria semp usi fñnt hēre libtates huj⁹ in forma qua īpī illas modo clām. Et sciendū qđ hec peticō genālr fca fuit oīibz e singlis insulanis libtates hēre clamantibz tē. Dies dat⁹ est eis de audiendo judo suo coram dño Rege a die Sci Michis in unū menē ubicūq; tūc fñnt in Angl.

felons &c. that they claim to have the chattels of their men thieves fugitives & condemned upon which they or their bailiffs can put their hands more quickly than the men of the lord the King. And as to such chattels & the other rights together with this right of taking such chattels they claim as of old. And they say that they & all their ancestors from time immemorial had them as they now claim them. And this they offer to establish as the court shall determine.

And William des Mareys, who sues for the lord the King, says for the lord the King that no one in this island except the officers of the lord the King has the power of judging theft & felony, wherefore he says that none of them can appropriate their chattels except the lord the King. And as to the right of warren he says that no one can have that unless he shall have a special warrant thereof of the lord the King, especially as all the natives here have their *status* in the island from the time of the lord King J. from his last conquest whose time is contained within the time of memory. Also he says likewise as to the rights of having *esperkeria* & taking wreck which are wholly royal dignities. And as to beasts of waif he says likewise that it is a royal dignity to obtain them. And he says that all the islands ought to be under the same law. And he says that the lord the King is seised of all such beasts coming as waif in the island of Guernsey without contradiction of any, & so he ought to be in this island & was wont to be. And he claims that they should show when & how such royal rights were allowed to their ancestors in a court of the lord the King which had power to take cognisance thereof.

To which none of them gives an answer except only that they & their ancestors from time immemorial always used to have such rights in the form in which they now claim them. And be it known that this petition was made in general by all & singular the islanders claiming to have these rights &c. A day is given to them to hear their judgment before the lord the King from the day of St. Michael in one month wheresoever he shall then be in England.

(M. 31.) **Adhuc de p̃litis de quo waranto de eodem ifin^e.**

Fresingfeld.

Jereš

Dñs Rex p Wiltm des Mareys qui sequit^r p eo optulit se quarto die 9sus [Abbñ ðe Marie de Belosana] de plito viginti libr^e e quindecī solid^e redd^s e redditus sexdecim q̃r̃fioz e qua cū ptiñ in pochiis Šci Elerii e Šci Lauř que clañ ut jus tē. Et ipe nō veñ defalt^r postq̃m suñ tē scilt^r die m̃cuř p̃xima ante festum Šce Margarete qđ tūc p̃cep̃t fuit Vič qđ capet in mañ dñi Reğ p̃dcos redd^t tē. Et qđ di[ctus Vič] suñ eum qđ esset hic ad hunc diem tē scilt^r die lune p̃xima post festū Šci Et Vič modo testat^r diem cap̃cōis tē. Et qđ suñ tē. Et t̃ de plito quo waranto [ipse] clañ pcipe e fiere wreccū maris accidens in eadem pochia Šci Elerii e espkeriam de piscibz captis in aquis dñi Reğ qui spectant ad coronam e dignitatē dñi Reğ. [Et] simitr p̃cep̃t fuit Vič qđ capet p̃dcas libtates in mañ dñi Reğ noīe districcōis tē. Et qđ suñ p̃dcem Ab̃bem qđ esset hic ad hunc diem tē. Et Vič simitr testat^r qđ cepit tē. Et qđ suñ tē. Et sup hoc veñ Joñ de Šco Martino dicens qđ ipe est gefař p̃curator ĩpius Ab̃bis e conventus sui in hac insula fiens specialem potestatem respond^r p eis sicut p̃sentes essent. Et offert dño Regi decem libr^e securitatem p bonos pleğ p voluntate dñi Reğ qđ g̃tūm fiēbunt quicquid loco ĩpius Ab̃bis fecit. Et etis ex causis admittit^r si dñs Rex acceptet pplm Joñ de Šco Martino. Et pfert tras sigillatas sub noīe ĩpius Ab̃bis e convent^o sui in hec verba. Unī9sis hec visuř e audituris frař Petrus pmissione divina humilis Abbas ðe Marie de Belosana p̃monasterē ordinis e totus ejusdem loci convent^o saltm in dño. Notum facim⁹ qđ nos diltm nřm dñm Joñem de Šco Martino p̃biřum latorem seu exhibitorem p̃senciū p̃curatorem e attorñ nřm constituim⁹ ad

(M. 31.) **Continuation of the pleas 'de Quo Warranto' of the
same year.**

Fresingfeld.

Jersey.

The lord the King by William des Mareys who sues for him actions on the 4th day [the Abbot of the blessed Mary of Bellozanne] concerning a plea of 20 livres 15 sols of rent & the rent of 16 quarters & with the appurtenances in the parishes of St. Helier & St. Lawrence which he claims as his right &c.⁽¹⁾ And he did not come default after the summons &c., to wit, on Wednesday next before the feast of St. Margaret that it was then commanded to the Viscount that he shall take into the hands of the lord the King the said rents &c. And that [the Viscount] should summon him to be here at this day &c. to wit, on Monday next after the feast of St. And the Viscount now testifies as to the day of taking [the rents] &c. And that he summoned &c. And also concerning a plea by what warrant [he] claims to take & have wreck of the sea occurring in the same parish of St. Helier & *esperkeria* of the fish taken in the waters of the lord the King which belong to the Crown & dignity of the lord the King. [And] likewise it was commanded to the Viscount that he should take the aforesaid rights into the hands of the King as distrains &c. And that he should summon the said Abbot to be here at this day &c. And the Viscount likewise testifies that he took &c. And that he summoned &c. And hereupon comes John de St. Martin saying that he is the general attorney in this island of the said Abbot & his community having special power to answer for them as if they were present. And he offers to the lord the King 10 livres security by good pledges according to the will of the lord the King that they will approve of whatsoever he shall do in the place of the said Abbot. And for certain reasons he is admitted if the lord the King will accept the pledge of John de St. Martin. And he produces letters sealed under the name of the said Abbot & his community in these words. To all who these shall see & hear: Brother Peter by divine permission the humble Abbot of the Blessed Mary of Bellozanne of the Order of Premonstrants⁽²⁾ & all the community of the same place, greeting in the Lord. We cause it to be known that we have constituted our beloved Sire John de St. Martin priest the bearer or exhibitor of these presents our proctor & attorney to appear

(1) Consult *Lettres Cloees*, Pub. 9, Soc. Jer. pages 2—4.

(2) A religious order founded in 1119 by St. Norbert at Prémontré, near Laon, in France; also called Norbertines, and in England White Canons from their garb.

compandū p nob ad phita capitalia e ad assisas e ubicumq p nob necease fuit cōpandi coram Justic dñi Reġ Angl in insulis nec non e ad excusand e causas absencie allegand e ad petend p nob e monas-
tio nro nobili viro dno Ottoni de Grandisono milite seu ejus locū tenentibz res nras que nup arrestate fiunt in insula de Gereš p mi-
nistros ejusdem dñi Ottonis occōne mortis fratris Theobaldi quondam Abbis nri. Et ad petend requirend e recipiendū vice e noie nro oia debita nra a quibzcūq creditoribz seu hoibz nris coram quibzcūq judicibz e ad phita nra in dca insula tenend e faciendū ordinand e cōponendū tam p nob qm cont nos in judiço e ext judm. Dantes eidem pcuratori e attorū plenariam potestatem e speciale mandatū agendi p nob cont quoscūq adversarios nros nos q defendendi jurandi standi in judiço p nob e nro monastio coram Justic dñi Reġ p̄dci e faciend p nob uniṽsa e singla que in pmissis e ea tangentibz fiunt facienda e oia facienda que face debet e potest pcurator e attorū legittime constitut⁹ Ratum e g̃tum fientes e habituē quicquid cōdiço pcuratorie e attornato actum seu pcuratū fuit in pmissis pmittentes p dco pcuratore e attorū nro sub ypotheca bonoz nri monastii si necce fuit judicatū solui quod oibz e singlis quoz infest seu infesse potest p p̄sentes tras sigiff nris sigillatas significamus. Dañ e actum anno dñi m^o ccc^{mo} octavo die lune post t̄nslacōem bī Martini. Et dici_t qđ p̄dcus Abbas clañ oia p̄missa de dono dñi Joñnis quondam Reġ Angl dum fuit Comes Moriton e dñs Insulaꝝ anteqm regimen Angl suscepisset e postea de confirmaçoe ejusdem q̄ndo Rex f̄iat. Et pfert inde duas cartas totalr concordantes in q̄ntitate reddis e forma tenencie quaꝝ carta Regia talis est. Joñnes Dei grā Rex Angl Dñs Hiñn Dux Normanū Aquit Comes And Archiepis Ep̄is t̄c salm. Noſit uniṽsitas v̄ra nos pre divinitatis intuitu p salute aie nre e p animabz antecessoz nroz dedisse cōcessisse e hac p̄senti carta nra confirmasse

for us at the chief pleas & at the assizes & wheresoever it shall be necessary for us to appear before the justices of the lord the King of England in the islands, & also to present excuses & to set forth the causes of absence, & to seek for us & our monastery of the noble man lord Otto de Grandison, knight, or his lieutenants, our goods which were lately arrested in the island of Jersey by the officers of the same lord Otto by reason of the death of Brother Theobald formerly our Abbot. And to claim require & receive in our turn & in our name all our debts from whatsoever creditors or from our men before whatsoever judges, & to hold & make, ordain & compound our pleas in the said island as well for us as against us in court or out of court. Giving to the same proctor & attorney full power & special mandate to act for us against our adversaries whomsoever & to defend, sue & accept judgment on behalf of us & our monastery before the justices of the aforesaid lord the King & to do for us all & singular those things which shall have to be done in the premises & in matters touching them & to do all things which a proctor & attorney lawfully constituted ought to do & may do, ratifying & confirming & holding as such whatsoever under the proctorship or attorneyship shall have been done or obtained in the premises, promising through our said proctor & attorney under the hypothecation of the goods of our monastery, if it shall be necessary, that the judgment shall be satisfied, which we signify to all & each whom it concerns or may concern by these present letters sealed with our seals. Given & done in the year of Our Lord 1308 on Monday after the Translation of St. Martin. And he says that the said Abbot claims all the premises by the gift of the lord John formerly King of England while he was Count Mortain & lord of the islands before he took upon him the government of England, and afterwards by the confirmation of the same when he had become King. And he produces thereof two charters altogether agreeing in the quantity of rent & form of tenancy whereof the royal charter is such : John by the grace of God King of England lord of Ireland Duke of Normandy & Aquitaine Count of Anjou to the Archbishops, bishops &c. greeting. Know all of you that we by divine intuition for the salvation of our soul & for the souls of our ancestors have given granted & by this our present charter have con-

Deo e Abbte be Marie de Bellosana e Canonicis ibidem Deo servientibz viginti libratas reddis de Insula nra de Jereš in puram e ppetuam elemosinam videlr de hiis teñ sbscriptis in Monte Sci Elerii a pte aquilonis a fra Willi de Surervilla usq ad mare e a fra capellane usq ad bonetam massii. De tenemento Grosserii viginti quatuor solid p tribz bovaĩ fre. De teñ Rođi Hastein quatuordecim solid de firma e p campto quindecĩ solid novem denař de tribz bovaĩ e di. De teñ Hugonis de Dirowaldi viginti septem solid p tribz bovaĩ fre. De teñ Willi la Faite decem e septem solid e quatuor denař p duabz bovaĩ e una acř. De teñ Willi Malmarche sexdecĩ solid tres denař p duabz bovaĩ e dimid. De teñ Humfri Larydun septem solid p una bovata. De teñ Rođti de Šca Cruce viginti duos solid sex denař p duabz bovaĩ e dimid. De teñ Rađi de Šco Egidio decem e octo solid p duabz bovaĩ. De teñ Rođi fil Godefr quadraginta solid p quatuor bovaĩ. De teñ Hosmundensiũ triginta unũ solid e sex denař p tribz bovaĩ e dimid. De teñ Carpentař quadraginta septem solid p q'nq bovaĩ. De teñ Malmarche sexdecĩ solid p duabz bovaĩ. De teñ Willi Columb viginti solid p duabz bovaĩ e dimid. De teñ Godefri Crespell viginti solid e duos denař p duabz bovaĩ e dimid virg fre. De teñ Jordi Martin octo solid p una bovata. De teñ Rođti Abaf-faleyse quinq solid e sex denař p una bovata fre. De eadem vero bovata ipius remanent nob tres solid e sex denař. Iĩm Rođtus Abaf-faleys de alio teñ quinquaginta solid p quinq bovaĩ. Volum⁹ t e firmiř pcpim⁹ qđ pđci Canonici heant e teneant omnia pđca teñ cũ homibz e omibz ptiũ suis tam in mari qm in fra libe e quiete integre e plenarie bene e in pace sicut puram e ppetuam elemosinam absq omi sectari švicio cũ omibz libtatibz e libis consuetudinibz ad pfata teñ e tenentes ptinentibz sicut carta nra quam eis fecim⁹ dum essemus Comes Moriton ronabiliř testat^r. Testibz G. Eboracenš Archiepo Willo Maresc Comite Pembroc Rođo de Toeny Willo de Stagno Willo de Kantilupo. Dař p maũ Simoň Archid Wellenš apud Liram septimo die Januař Regni nri anno pmo. Et sic claũ ipe quicquid in pmo bři continet^r. Et quo ad espkeriam tũ dicit qđ

firmed to God & the Abbey of the Blessed Mary of Bellozanne & to the canons serving God there 20 livres of rent in our island of Jersey in frankalmoign, to wit, of these tenements underwritten on the Mount of St. Helier on the north from the land of William de Surville to the sea & from the land of the chapel to the oxhouse of the manor. Of the tenement of Grossier 24 s. for 3 bovates of land. Of the tenement of Roger Hastein 14 s. of farin & for champart 15 s. 9 d. for $3\frac{1}{2}$ bovates. Of the tenement of Hugh de Dirvauld 27 s. for 3 bovates of land. Of the tenement of William la Faite 17 s. 4 d. for 2 bovates & one acre. Of the tenement of William Malmarche 16 s. 3 d. for $2\frac{1}{2}$ bovates. Of the tenement of Humfrey Larydun 7 s. for one bovat. Of the tenement of Robert de Ste. Croix 22 s. 6 d. for $2\frac{1}{2}$ bovates. Of the tenement of Ralph of St. Gilles 18 s. for 2 bovates. Of the tenement of Roger son of Godfrey 40 s. for 4 bovates. Of the tenement of the Osmunds 31 s. 6 d. for $3\frac{1}{2}$ bovates. Of the tenement of the Carpenters 47 s. for 5 bovates. Of the tenement of Malmarche 16 s. for 2 bovates. Of the tenement of William Columb 20 s. for $2\frac{1}{2}$ bovates. Of the tenement of Godfrey Crespell 20 s. & 2 d. for 2 bovates & half a virgate of land. Of the tenement of Jordan Martin 8 s. for one bovat. Of the tenement of Robert Abat-falaise 5 s. 6 d. for one bovat of land. Of this said bovat however there remains to us 3 s. 6 d. The same Robert Abat-falaise of another tenement 50 s. for 5 bovates. Also we will & firmly command that the aforesaid canons may have & hold all the aforesaid tenements with their men & all their appurtenances as well on sea as on land freely & quietly, fully & wholly, well & peaceably as in frankalmoign without any secular service with all rights & free customs to the said tenements & tenants belonging as our charter which we made to them while we were Earl of Mortain lawfully witnesses. Witnesses: G. Archbishop of York, William Marshall Earl of Pembroke, Roger de Toeny, William de Stagno, William de Cantilupe. Given by the hand of Simon Archdeacon of Wells at Lire on the 7th of January, in the 1st year of our reign.⁽¹⁾ And so he claims to have whatever is contained in the first writ. And as to esperkeria &c. he

(1) A.D. 1200.

Petr^o Darcys nup battus tē eiecit ipm Abbeem de espkeria unde intendit sequi erga dñm Regē tē set quo ad wreccū tē dicit qđ illd clām p virtutē pdce carte dñi Reġ qui dedit Abbie sue pdcm redd cū omibz libtatibz ad illū spectantibz tam in fra qm in mari tē.

Et Wiltus des Mareys qui sequit^r p dno Rege dicit qđ ea que dñs Rex dederat pdce Abbie cōtinent^r infra etas metas in pocti Sci Elerii in carta contentas. Et dicit qđ pdcus Abbas pcipit singlis annis duodeci q^rrī frumti de molend Wiscard in pocti Sci Lau^r a longe distante de pdcis metis. Et pe^r judm p dno Rege tē. Et quo ad residuū redd quod in pdca nō continet^r pe^r qđ in mañ dñi Reġ ex quo dñs Rex nō dedit eis plusq^m viginti libr redd Et quo ad wreccū dicit qđ regalis est libtas e nls eam clām p cartam dñi Reġ nisi unde similt^r quo ad hoc pe^r Judm p dno Rege.

[Respice in lgo de eodem.]

(M. 31 d.)

Abbas quo ad pdcm redd duodeci q^rrī frumti dicit qđ continet^r in carta dñi Reġ qđ rex dedit eis pdcm reddm viginti libr cum omibz pñn libtatibz tē sicut in continet^r et dicit qđ ipe pcipit redd illius frumti de pdco Molend p molta suoz ibi de licencia sua molenciū tē rōne pdci doni Et Wilt^s dicit p dno Rege qđ pdcs redd^s duodeci q^rrī est quodd grossum p se e nō continet^r in carta. Et est in pocti que continet^r in carta nec inde fit aliqua mencio in pdca carta unde petit Judm p dno Rege. Et qⁱ intllta pdca carta dat p pdcm dñm Regem Joñem de qua pdcus Abbas diē nō potest q'n inf^a tempus memorie fca fuit comptum est qđ idm Dñs Joñes dederat pdce abbie ea que cōtinent^r in carta infra pdcas metas e nō videt^r Cu^r qđ redd^s tot q^rrīos frumti

says that Peter Darcys late Bailiff &c. dispossessed the said Abbot of esperkeria whereof he intends to sue against the lord the King &c. but as to wreck &c. he says that he claims that by virtue of the aforesaid charter of the lord the King who gave to his Abbey the aforesaid rent with all the rights to the same belonging as well by land as by sea &c.

And William des Mareys who sues for the lord the King says that those things which the lord the King had given to the aforesaid Abbey are contained within certain limits in the parish of St. Helier contained in the charter. And he says that the aforesaid Abbot receives every year 12 quarters of wheat of the mill of Vicart in the parish of St. Lawrence a long way from the aforesaid limits. And he claims judgment for the lord the King &c. And as to the residue of the rent which is not contained in the aforesaid he claims that [it should be taken] in the hands of the lord the King for that the lord the King did not give to them more than 20 livres of rent And as to the right of wreck &c. he says that it is a royal right & no one can claim it [except] by the charter of the lord the King unless whereof likewise as to this he claims judgment for the lord the King.

[Refer to the back of the same.]

(M. 31 d.) The Abbot as to the said rent of 12 quarters of wheat says that it is contained in the charter of the lord the King that the King gave to them the said rent of 20 livres with all the appurtenances, rights &c. as in [the charter] is contained & he says that he receives the rent of that wheat of the said mill for multure [of his tenants] grinding there by his leave &c. by virtue of the said gift. And William says for the lord the King that the said rent of 12 quarters is in gross⁽¹⁾ by itself & is not contained in the charter, & is in the parish which is contained in the charter, nor is any mention made thereof in the said charter, wherefore he claims judgment for the lord the King. And the said charter given by the said lord the King John being produced concerning which the said Abbot cannot gainsay but that it was made within the time of memory, it is found that the said lord John had given to the said Abbey those things which are contained in the charter within the said boundaries, & it does not seem to the court that the rent of so

(1) i.e. belonging to the person and not to the land or manor.

pcipient alibi ex^a metas possit esse de ptiñ p̄dcaꝝ viginti lib̄ redd^t
maxime cū doceri nō potit qđ acciderit de escheta t̄c conū est qđ p̄dcs
redd^t xij q̄r̄cioꝝ fruñti cap̄r in manū dñi Reġ p voluntate sua, tenend^t
t̄c. Et siñr q, nō cōtinet^r in p̄dca carta qđ dñs Rex concesserat Abbie
illi Wreccū t̄c e Abbas p cartam illam modo clañ wreccū t̄c. Iō
conū est qđ wreccū de ceſo accidens in feodo illo integre remañ dño
Regi. Et Abbas in mia t̄c p falso clañ e injusta detenē. Et p̄ceptū
est bañio e Vič qđ nō pmittāt hoies p̄dci abbis ſbtrahere sectam
suam a p̄dco molend sine speciale p̄cepto dñi Reġ quod de p̄dco iudicio
exp̄ssam fač menčœm. Et ad Judm de residuo p̄dci redd^t ult^a p̄nci-
palem reddm t̄c unde loqnd ad p̄s aſſias.

Plus de Cartet e Maḡr Galfrus frañ ejus suñ fñunt qđ essent
hic ad hunc diem ad respond dño Regi de plito quo waranto sine
licencia e voluntate dñi Reġ etc.

[Continues as in M. 7 d. N^o 1160, pages 58 to 61, end
of the membrana.]

(M. 32.) **Adhuc de plitis de quo Waranto de eodem Gtin^e.**

Fressingfeld.

Jereñ Dñs Rex p Wiltm des Mareys qui seq^tr p eo peñ v Robtm
Constanč Epm etc.

[Continues as M. 8, N^o 1160, pages 61 to 66, to the
words amittet t̄c, line 1.]

(M. 33.) **Dñs Rex p Guillm des Mareys qui sequit^r p eo petit vsus Abbem
Jerseye. de monte S̄ci Michis etc.**

[Continues as in M. 8 d. N^o 1160, pages 66 to 68, line 80,
to words Wiltm Siglel.]

Precentor e Capitlm Constancieñ suñ fñunt qđ essent hic ad
respondend dño Regi de plito quo waranto sine licencia e voluntate
dñi Reġ etc.

[Continues as in M. 9 d. N^o 1160, p. 74 &c.]

many quarters of wheat to be received elsewhere outside the boundaries can be of the appurtenances of the said 20 livres of rent especially as it cannot be shown that it came as escheat &c. it is judged that the said rent of 12 quarters of wheat shall be taken into the hands of the lord the King at his will, to hold &c. And likewise because it is not contained in the said charter that the lord the King had granted to that Abbey the right of wreck &c. and the Abbot by that charter now claims the right of wreck &c. Therefore it is judged that the right of wreck henceforth occurring in that fee shall wholly remain to the lord the King. And the Abbot to be amerced &c. for false claim & unjust detention. And it is commanded to the Bailiff & Viscount that they do not permit the men of the said Abbot to withdraw their suit from the said mill without special mandate of the lord the King, which makes express mention of the said judgment. And for judgment concerning the remainder of the said rent besides the principal rent &c. whereof it must be pleaded at the next assizes.

Philip de Carteret & Master Geoffrey his brother were summoned to be here at this day to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by what warrant without the leave & will of the lord the King &c.

(M. 32.) **Continuation of the pleas 'de Quo Warranto' of the
same eyre.**

Fressingfeld.

Jersey. The lord the King by William des Mareys who sues for him
claims against Robert Bishop of Coutances &c.

(M. 33.) The lord the King by William des Mareys who sues for him
Jersey. claims against the Abbot of Mount St. Michael &c.

The Precentor & Chapter of Coutances were summoned to be here to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by what warrant without the license & will of the lord the King &c.

- (M. 34.) Preceptum fuit Vič qđ sum tē Abbissam de Cadomo qđ esset
Jereš hic ad hunc diem ad respondē dño Regi de plito etc.

[Continues as in M. 10 & M. 10 d. N° 1160, pages 80 to 84; the only difference in the MS. being that the words "anteq^m Regimen Angl adeptus fuisset" are found inserted between the words Insulaz and dedit on page 82, line 6.]

- (M. 34 d.) [Juř huj^o] Insule allocuta de fidelitate dño Regi debita sibi
facienda veñ e gratanī [concedunt] fidelitatem ei fače e illam ei
fečunt sacramento corpali pstito salvis Ottoni de Grandisono hiis que
ad eum spectant p tmino suo p concessionē ei fcam p dñm [Edwardū]
quond Regem Angl prem dñi Regē nūc. Et Abbes simitr fečunt
fidelitatē.

[Communitas] hujus Insule allocuta qua lege utunt^r e p quam
legem clamant deduci etc.

[Continues the same as in M. 9, N° 1160, pages 69 to 73.]

- (M. 35.) Abbas de Chireburgī suñ fuit qđ esset hic ad hunc diem ad
Jereš respondē dño Regi de plito etc.

[Continues the same as in M. 11, N° 1160, pages 86 to 88,
to the word "Dartys".]

- (M. 35 d.) Mağr Phus de Cheny suñ fuit qđ esset hic ad respondē dño Regi
de plito quo wař etc.

[Continues as in M. 11 d. N° 1160, pages 89 to 91, as
far as words "Simonem de Esse".]

- (M. 36.) Adhuc de plitis de quo waranto de eodem Bfin^e.

Jerseye. Abbas de Vauricher suñ fuit qđ esset hic ad hunc diem ad res-
pondend dño Regi de [plito qđ redd] ei unū molendinū cum ptinenciis
in pochia Šci Salvatoris et advocačom Priorat^o de [que] dñs
Rex p Willm de Maresk qui sequit^r pro eo clañ ut jus tē. Idem t
Abbas [suñ fuit ad] respondend dño Regi de plito quo waranto tē
clañ pcipe e fiere p mañ receptoris [in insula de] Jerš viginti solidos

(M. 34.) It was commanded to the Viscount that he summon &c. the Jersey. Abbess of Caen to be here on this day to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea &c.

(M. 34 d.) [The Jurats] of this island challenged concerning the fealty due to the lord the King to be made to him come & freely [assent] to make fealty to him & they made it to him sworn on their corporal oath, saving to Otto de Grandison those things which belong to him for his term by the grant made to him by the lord [Edward] formerly King of England father of the now lord the King. And the Abbots likewise make fealty.

[The Commonalty] of this island being asked what law they use & by what law they claim to be governed &c.

(M. 35.) The Abbot of Cherbourg was summoned to be here on this day Jersey. to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea &c.

(M. 35 d.) Master Philip de Cheny was summoned to be here to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by what warrant &c.

(M. 36.) *Continuation of the pleas 'de Quo Warranto' of the same eyre.*

Jersey. The Abbot of Valricher was summoned to be here at this day to answer to the lord the King concerning [a plea that he should give up] to him one mill with the appurtenances in the parish of St. Saviour & the advowson of the Priory of [which] the lord the King by William des Mareys, who sues for him, claims as his right &c. Also the same Abbot [was summoned] to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by what warrant &c. he claims to receive & have by the hand of the receiver [in the island] of

de denar̃ dñi Reġ qui ad dñm Regem ptinent p̃cipiendi tē [Abbas
 predictus] nō veñ set Prior p̃dci Priorat⁹ veñ. Et diē se esse geñā-
 lem p̃curatorem e attor̃ [predicti abbatis] e conveñ sui in hac
 Insula ab̃ sigit̃ eoꝝ. Et diē qđ locus capelle de Esckerho
 ille nomen h̃t e fundū e totam s̃tentačom suā p̃ter p̃dcm molendinū
 e p̃dcm annū [redditum] adeo exilis est qđ longe ab Insula stat in
 mare in quadam rupelli p̃va ubi nō fra cultilis nec
 alia dom⁹ q̃ capella. Et ip̃e qui dicitur Prior pro se e socio suo.....
 e valletto eoꝝ cōmorante in p̃dca capella p̃ totum annū ad
 manutenend̃ sine focū ardentem in capella illa ut mari-
 nelli mare t̃nseuntes de nocte p̃ focum illum vitare
 possint pic̃ta rupellm capelle contiguaꝝ ubi maximū pic̃tm extat pi-
 clita [non] h̃nt plus p̃ annū pro om̃ibꝫ necessariis suis nisi t̃m p̃dcm
 molendinū e p̃dcm annū redditum viginti solid̃ que predecessores sui
 tenuerunt ab antiquo a tempe quo nō extat memoria in forma qua
 ip̃i modo illa tenent et nichilomin⁹ semp celeb̃nt ip̃i duo pro dño
 Rege e ejus p̃genitoribꝫ. Et Juṛ hoc idm testantur. Et q̃ Prior ille
 fideiṛ monstrat qđ Abbas pre paup̃tati tenure illius nō vult laborare
 pro ead̃m. Id̃o p̃mittit̃ ip̃m Priorem tenere p̃missa sicut tenet q̃m
 diu dño Regi placuit.

Preceptum fuit Vič qđ suñ tē Abbem de Exaquio qđ esset hic
 ad hunc diem ad respond̃ dño Regi de p̃lito qđ red̃t ei advocac̃ōem
 ecclie de Grovilla e redd̃m duodecim q̃r̃fioꝝ frũnti in eadem villa.
 Et sup hoc veñ Henricus de Šco Martino e p̃bavit p̃ testimoniū fideiū
 qđ p̃dcus Abbas est impotens laborandi et qđ in ptibꝫ tam remotis
 deget qđ ante finem itifis nō posset impetrare bre de Angl̃ de at-
 tornato faciendo tē et t̃ dicit qđ parum h̃ent in hac Insula. Et offert
 dño Regi decem libr̃ p̃ sic qđ mittat̃ aliquis fideiū dñi Reġ hic ad

Jersey 20 sols of the money of the lord the King which belong to the lord the King to be received &c. [The said Abbot] does not come, but the Prior of the aforesaid Priory comes & he says that he is the general proctor & attorney [of the said Abbot] & of his community in this island under their seals. And he says that the place of the chapel of the Ecrehos⁽¹⁾ has that title & the ground & all its maintenance except the aforesaid mill & the aforesaid yearly [rent] is so meagre, because it is a long way from the island in the sea in a certain small reef of rocks where there is not any cultivatable land nor any house except the chapel. And he who is called Prior for himself & his companion & their servant dwelling in the aforesaid chapel throughout the whole year for maintaining without a light burning in that chapel so that the sailors crossing the sea by night by that light may avoid the peril of the reef contiguous to the chapel, where the greatest danger exists of being wrecked, have [no] more by the year for all their necessities except the said mill & the said yearly rent of 20 sols, which their predecessors held of old from time immemorial in the form in which they now hold them, & nevertheless those two always perform Divine Service for the lord the King & his progenitors. And the jurors testify to the same. And because that Prior faithfully shows that the Abbot on account of the poverty of that tenure does not wish to exert himself for the same, therefore it is permitted to the said Prior to hold the premises as he holds them as long as it shall please the lord the King.

It was commanded to the Viscount to summon &c. the Abbot of Lessay to be here on this day to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea that he render to him the advowson of the Church of Grouville & the rent of 12 quarters of wheat in the same village. And upon this came Henry de St. Martin & proved by the testimony of the faithful that the aforesaid Abbot is incapable of working, & that he lives in parts so distant that before the end of the eyre he cannot obtain from England a writ to appoint an attorney &c., and he also says that they have little in this island. And he offers to the lord the King 10 livres so that some one of the lieges of the lord the

(1) On the subject of the foundation of the Chapel of the Holy Virgin at the Ecrehos, consult *Bulletins Soc. Jaz.* vol. III. pp. 78 and 167—169.

testificandū attorn̄ ip̄ius Abbis quos faciet jux^a discrecōem cū dñi
Reġ. Et ei concedit^r si rex acceptet pp̄m p̄dci Hen̄. Et mitt^r cū
ip̄o Joānes de Barantyn specia^lr juratus e valde fidedignus tē. Qui
postea rediit deferens secum tras p̄dci Abb̄tis in hec v̄ba : fra^l P. divina
pmissione Abbas Monas̄ii Šce Tⁿitatis de Exaquo ordinis Šci Bene-
d̄ci ejusdem loci conventus humiles : nobilibz viris dño Johanni de
Fresingfeld dño Drogoni de Barantyn e dño Johanni de Ditton Justi-
c̄ni Reġ Ang^l Itis̄antibz in Insulis de Gerne^r Jereš e aliis adjacentibz
sa^ltm in dño. Sciatis qđ nos attornavim⁹ loco n̄ro ditcos nob̄ in x̄po
fratrem Nich̄m d̄cm nobil̄ cōmonachū n̄rm e Ričm de Crienciis scuti-
ferum exhibitores p̄senciū e eoꝝ quemlibet insolid̄. Ita qđ nō sit
melior condicio occupantis ad lucrand̄ v̄l pdendum in om̄ibz plitis e
querelis p nob̄ v̄l cont^a nos coram vo^b in itis̄e v̄ro qualicūmqz motis
v̄l movendis. Concedentes eisdem fratri Nich̄o e Ričō pcurato^r n̄ris
qđ ip̄i v̄l eoꝝ alter quem p̄sentem esse contigit loco n̄ri fa^lte possint
seu possit attornatos v̄l attorn̄ quos v̄l quem volūnt v̄l volūit coram
vo^b ad om̄ia p̄dca plita e querelas psequend̄ e defendend̄ e ad lucrand̄
v̄l pdend̄ in eisdem sicut p̄dcm est Ratum e g^atum habituri p nob̄ e
conventu n̄ri monas̄ii quicquid p̄dci fra^l Nich̄us e Ričus pcurato^r
n̄ri seu attornati v̄l attornandi seu attorn̄ v̄l attornandus ab ip̄is v̄l
eoꝝ alio in hac pte noīe n̄ro duxit v̄l duxint faciend̄. In cuj⁹ rei
testimoniū has tras n̄ras sigillis n̄ris sigillatas vo^b mittimus patentes.
Da^l anno dñi millesimo ccc^{mo} nono die Lune ante festum Šci Petⁱ
advincta. Et p̄dci fra^l Nich̄us e Ričus attorn̄ tē dicunt qđ Abbas
tenet p̄dcm redditum de antiquo scil̄ reddm novem q^ar̄tioꝝ fru^mti
exeuntem de t̄ra libe elemosine p̄dce eccl̄ie e reddm trium q^ar̄tioꝝ
residuoꝝ exeuntem de quadam t̄ra antiquitus data Abb̄ie sue et sic
tenet ip̄e p antiqua dona e confirma^loem dñi H. Regis filii impat^lcis
p cartam suam quam pferūt que sic incipit. Hen̄ Dei gr̄a Rex Ang^l

King here may be sent to testify as to the attorneys of the said Abbot whom he shall appoint according to the discretion of the court of the lord the King. And it is granted to him if the King will accept by the pledge of the aforesaid Henry. And there is sent with him John de Barantyn specially sworn & very trustworthy &c., who afterwards returned bringing with him the letters of the said Abbot in these words: Brother P. by divine permission Abbot of the monastery of Holy Trinity of Lessay of the order of St. Benedict [and] the humble community of the same place, to the noble men Sir John de Fresingfeld, Sir Drogo de Barantyn & Sir John de Ditton Justices of the lord the King in eyre in the islands of Guernsey, Jersey & the others adjacent, greeting in the Lord: Know ye that we have attorned in our place our beloved in Christ Brother Nicholas called the Noble our monk & Richard de Crienciis, esquire, bearers of these presents & each of them for the whole, with equal powers, to gain or lose in all pleas & complaints for us or against us before you in your eyre in whatsoever suits moved or to be moved; granting to the same Brother Nicholas & Richard our proctors that they, or one of them who shall happen to be present in our place, may appoint such attorneys or attorney as they or he may wish before you to prosecute & defend all the aforesaid pleas & complaints & to lose or gain in the same as is aforesaid, holding as ratified & confirmed for us & for the community of our monastery whatever the said Brother Nicholas & Richard our proctors or the attorneys or the persons attorned or to be attorned by them or one of them in this behalf in our name shall cause to be done. In witness whereof we send to you these our letters patent sealed with our seal. Given A.D. 1309 on Monday before the feast of St. Peter *ad Vincula*.⁽¹⁾ And the aforesaid Brother Nicholas & Richard the attorneys &c. say that the Abbot holds the said rent of old, to wit, the rent of 9 quarters of wheat issuing out of the land in frankalmoign of the said Church & the rent of the remaining 3 quarters issuing out of a certain land of old given to his abbey, & so he holds by the ancient gift & confirmation of the lord H. the King son of the Empress by his charter which he produces & which begins thus: Henry by the grace of God King of

(1) August 1st.

e Dux Normanū e Aquit̃ e Comes Andag̃ Archiep̃is Ep̃is, Abbibz, Comitibz, Baroñ, Justiç, Senescall, Vicecoñ, e om̃ibz Baltis, e fidel̃ suis sal̃tm. Sciatis me concessisse e p̃senti carta mea confirmasse Deo e eccl̃ie Šce T̃nitatis de Exaquio e Monachis ibidem Deo ser-
vientibz om̃es r̃onabiles donaçōnes s̃b̃sc̃ptas sibi f̃cas ex cartis donatoz confirmatas. Et exinde continet sic. Et quicquid Jordanus de Barneville ex dono p̃ris sui e mat̃is sue concessit e confirmavit e quandam fram in Gereseye tria q̃r̃tia frumenti reddentem. Et ex dono Godefr̃i de Bussone eccl̃iam Šci Martini de Grovill in Gereseye. Et dicunt qđ a tempe p̃dcoz doni e confirmaçōis tenuerunt pacifice p̃decessor̃ sui Abb̃tes de Exaquio e ip̃e p̃dcam eccl̃iam e p̃dcos redd̃s. Et qđ ita est de singlis petunt qđ inquirat̃ p̃ p̃riam. Diç t̃ qđ de l̃ra oñata de reddu p̃dcoz trium q̃r̃tioz quidam p̃decessor̃ suoz Abbas t̃c ab antiquo approavit Abb̃am suam de redditu unius cab̃ fruñti exeunte de eisdem teñ. Et Juř sup sac̃m suū hoc idem testant̃. Ido p̃dcus Abbas ad p̃sens inde sine die, salvo jure dñi h̃ t̃c cū alias t̃c.

Et sciend̃ qđ attorñ Abb̃tis in p̃litando p̃mo die clamaverunt totū p̃dcm reddm̃ exeuntem de p̃dca l̃ra que oñat̃ de reddu trium q̃r̃tioz fruñti. Et ad aliū diem ad quem inq̃iř suū fuit venerunt e recognoverunt se male clamasse et optulerunt dño Regi emend̃ jux̃ discreçōem cuř hic p̃ sic qđ admittant̃ de novo ad clamand̃ in forma debita pptm̃ Joñis de Šco Martino e Galf̃ri Galicien. Et ad hoc admittant̃ si dñs Rex acceptet. Et tunc clamaverunt in forma qua sup̃ius est exp̃ssum. Et h̃ito advisamento ad hoc qđ Abbas amisisset reddm̃ novem q̃r̃tioz f̃ri p̃ malū clamiū suū de cōi jure si Cuř dñi Reg̃ voluisset p̃dce emend̃ taxant̃ ad viginti libr̃ si dñs Rex acceptet.

England & Duke of Normandy & Aquitaine & Count of Anjou to the Archbishops, bishops, abbots, counts, barons, justices, stewards, viscounts & to all his bailiffs & faithful people greeting. Know ye that I have granted & by this my present charter have confirmed to God & the Church of Holy Trinity of Lessay & the monks serving God there all the lawful gifts underwritten made to them & confirmed by charters of the donors. And therein it is contained thus: And whatsoever Jordan de Barneville of the gift of his father & mother granted & confirmed & a certain land in Jersey charged with a rent of 3 quarters of wheat; & of the gift of Godfrey du Buisson the Church of St. Martin de Grouville in Jersey. And they say that from the time of the aforesaid gift & confirmation his predecessors Abbots of Lessay & he himself have peacefully held the aforesaid Church & the aforesaid rents. And that it is so concerning everything they claim that it may be enquired into by verdict of the country. They say also that as to the land charged with the rent of the aforesaid three quarters a certain Abbot &c. of their predecessors, of old bestowed upon his abbey the rent of one bushel of wheat issuing out of the said tenements. And the jurors upon their oath testify to the same. Therefore the said Abbot at present shall go 'sine die,' saving the right of the lord the King &c. when elsewhere &c.

And be it known that the attorneys of the Abbot in suing on the first day claimed all the aforesaid rent issuing out of the aforesaid land which is charged with the rent of 3 quarters of wheat. And at another day at which the inquisition was summoned they came & acknowledged that they had claimed wrongly & offered to the lord the King amends according to the discretion of the court here, so that they are admitted anew to claim in due form by the pledge of John de St. Martin & Geoffrey Galicien. And to this they are admitted if the lord the King shall accept. And then they claimed in the form which is above set forth. And counsel having been taken as to this that the Abbot would lose by common law the rent of 9 quarters of wheat by his wrong claim, if the court of the lord the King wished, the said amends are taxed at 20 livres if the lord the King will accept.

(M. 36 d.) **Adhuc de plitis de quo Waranto de eodem Itin^{re}.**

Preceptū fuit Vi^c qđ suū tē Abbem de Cesario qđ esset hic ad hunc diem ad respondendū dño [Reg]i de plito qđ reddat ei advocacōes ecclia^z Šce Marie de Arso monasterio e Šci Martini veteris. [Et] sup hoc veñ fra^r Robt⁹ de Montefreard cōmonac⁹ dñe domus e pbavit p testimonū fideiū qđ [predictus] Abbas in tam remotis ptib^z deget qđ ante finem Itineris nō posset impetrare bre de Anglia [atto]rna^t tē. Et offert dño Regi decem libr p sic qđ mittatur aliquis fideiū dñi Re^g hic ad testificandū attornatos ipius Abbis quos faciet jux^a discre^com Cur^{ie} dñi Re^g. Et ei concedit^r si Rex [accept]et pplm Rogeri Symeon. Et Phus Levesqe balis manucapit qđ pro eo respondebit. Et mittit^r [cum] ipso Joñes de Barantyn spalr jurat⁹ tē e valde fideidignus. Qui postea rediens p[tulit litteras] patentes predci Abbis sigillatas sigillo suo e sigillo capitli in hec verba. Nobilib^z e [discr]etis dño Joñi de Fresingfeld dño Drogoni de Barantyn e dño Joñni de Ditton [Jus]ticia^r dñi Re^g Angl itifantib^z in Insut de Gerne^r Jerš e aliis adjacentib^z fra^r Tho^m [per]missione divina humit Abbas monas^trii Cesien totus q⁹ ejusd loci conventus ordinis Šci Benedicti Bayoceñ Dyo^c saltm e ora^cōes humiles e devotas. Sciatis qđ nos attornavimus loco nro dilectos nros in xpo frēm Robtum de Montefreard cōmonachū nrm e Joñm dcm le Gentil exhibi^t p^{se}ntē e eo^z quemlib^z insolidū. Ita qđ nō sit melior condi^cō occupantis ad lucrandū vt p^{de}ndū in omib^z plitis e queret p^{er} nob vt cont^a nos coram vo^b in Itin^{re} v^{ro} qualreumq⁹ motis vt movendū concedentes eisdem qđ ipi vt eo^z al^l quē p^{se}ntem esse contig^{it} loco nri fa^cte possint seu possit attornatos vt attornatū quos vt quem volūint vt volūit coram vo^b ad omia plita e querelas psequenda e defendendū et ad luc^{andū} vt p^{de}ndū in eisdem sicut predcm est Ratū e gratū hituri p nob e conventu

(M. 36 d.)

**Continuation of the pleas 'de Quo Warranto' of the
same eyre.**

It was commanded to the Viscount to summon &c. the Abbot of Cherbourg to be here at this day to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea that he render to him the advowsons of the Churches of St. Mary of the Burnt Monastery & St. Martin-the-Old. [And] upon this comes Brother Robert de Montefreard one of the monks of the said house & proved by the testimony of the faithful that the [said] Abbot lives in such distant parts that before the end of the eyre he could not obtain a writ of attorney from England &c. And he offers to the King 10 livres so that some one of the lieges of the lord the King here be sent to testify to the attorneys of the said Abbot whom he shall appoint according to the discretion of the court of the lord the King. And it is granted to him if the King [will accept] by the pledge of Roger Symeon. And Philip Levesque Bailiff undertook to answer for him. And there is sent with him John de Barantyn specially sworn &c. and very trustworthy who afterwards returning [produced the letters] patent of the aforesaid Abbot sealed with his seal & the seal of the chapter in these words: To the noble & discreet Sir John de Fresingfeld, Sir Drogo de Barantyn & Sir John de Ditton, Justices of the lord the King of England, in eyre in the islands of Guernsey, Jersey & others adjacent, Brother Thomas by divine permission the humble Abbot of the monastery of Cherbourg & the whole of the community of the same place of the order of St. Benedict in the diocese of Bayeux, greeting & humble & devout prayers. Know ye that we have attorned in our place our beloved in Christ Brother Robert de Montefreard one of our monks & John called le Gentil bearers of these presents & each of them for the whole, with equal powers to gain or lose in all pleas & complaints for us or against us before you in your eyre in whatsoever suits moved or to be moved granting to the same that they or either of them who shall happen to be present in our place may appoint such attorneys or attorney as they or he may wish before you to prosecute & defend all pleas & complaints & to gain or lose in the same as is aforesaid. Holding as ratified & confirmed for us & for the com-

ñri monastrii quicq'd p̃dci attornati ñri seu attornati ṽl attornandi seu attornat^o ṽl attornandus ab ip̃is ṽl eoꝝ altero in hac pte noīe ñro duxerit ṽl duxerint faciend̃. In cuius rei testimoñ has fras ñras voẽ mittim^o patentes : vañ. Dañ anno dñi millo t̃centesimo nono die Jovis ante f̃m Šci Petri Advincta. Et tam ip̃e frañ Rob̃tus q̃m Joñnes le Gentil alter attornatus t̃c dicunt qđ Wills quondam Dux Normanũ et poŕtea Rex Angl̃ t̃c dedit cuidam Abbi de Cesario predecessori t̃c ea que nunc possident in hac Iñs. Et dicunt qđ Henr̃ Rex Angl̃ fit p̃dci Reğ Willi confirmavit donũ p̃dci patris sui p cartam suam quam p̃ferunt que inf̃ cetera sic continet qđ p̃dcus Wills Rex t̃c donavit Abbattie Cesarii in honore Šci Vigoris in Iñs de Jer̃s duas ecclias libas scil̃t eccliam Šce Marie Arsi monastrii e Šci Martini Veteris cũ terris suis et terciam ptem dec̃ie de annona. Et dicunt qđ p̃dcus Abbas et predecessores sui quondã abbes p̃dce domus a tempe p̃dcoꝝ doni e confirmaçõis semp tenuerunt pacifice p̃dcas ecclias e decimas. Et qđ ita est petũt qđ inq̃ratur p patriam. Et Juñ sup sacrm suũ hoc idm̃ testantur. Id̃o p̃dcus Abbas ad p̃sens inde sine die salvo jure Reğ t̃c cum alias t̃c.

Drogo de Barantyn suũ fuit qđ esset hic ad respond̃ dño Regi de p̃lito quo waranto etc.

[Continues as in M. 9 d. N^o 1160, pages 77 & 78.]

(M. 37.) **Plita de Corona** coram prefatis Justiciariis die Lune px̃ ante [festum sancti Bar]nabe Apli anno regni dñi Edwardi Regis Anglie secundo continuato in Jer̃s usq̃ ad diem Lune pximũ post f̃m ap[torum Petri et] Pauli ut de die in diem.

Jerseye.

Noīa battioꝝ post ul̃ias assisas.

P̃hus Levesqe qui adhuc est.

munity of our monastery whatsoever our aforesaid attorneys or the attorney attorned or to be attorned by them or either of them in this behalf in our name shall cause to be done. In witness whereof we send to you these our letters patent. Farewell. Given A.D. 1309 on Thursday before the feast of St. Peter *ad Vincula*.⁽¹⁾ And as well the said Brother Robert as John le Gentil the other attorney &c. say that William formerly Duke of Normandy & afterwards King of England &c. gave to a certain Abbot of Cherbourg a predecessor &c. those things which they now possess in this island. And they say that Henry King of England son of the aforesaid King William confirmed the gift of his aforesaid father by his charter which they produce in which amongst other things it is contained thus: That the aforesaid King William &c. gave to the Abbey of Cherbourg in honour of St. Vigor in the island of Jersey 2 free Churches, to wit, the Church of St. Mary of the Burnt Monastery & St. Martin-the-Old with their lands & the 3rd part of the tithe of corn. And they say that the aforesaid Abbot & his predecessors formerly Abbots of the aforesaid house from the time of the aforesaid gift & confirmation always held peacefully the aforesaid Churches & tithes. And that this is so they claim that it may be enquired into by verdict of the country. And the jurors upon their oath testify to the same. Therefore the aforesaid Abbot at present shall go therein 'sine die,' saving the right of the King &c. when otherwise &c.

Drogo de Barantyn was summoned to be here to answer to the lord the King concerning a plea by what warrant &c.

(M. 37.) **Pleas of the Crown** before the aforesaid Justices on Monday next before [the feast of Saint] Barnabas the Apostle in the second year of the reign of the lord Edward King of England continued in Jersey up to Monday next after the feast of the Apostles [Peter and] Paul, as from day to day.

Jersey. Names of the Bailiffs since the last assizes.
Philip Levesque who is still in office.

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Noia Vicecoñ.

Mathus le Lorour qui adhuc est.

Noia Receptoꝝ.

Robt^o de Hady

Petr^o de pvasiaco qui nunc est

Noia Juř dñi Reğ de Insula.

Jordanus Levesque

Guills de la Hoge

Pñus Fundeng

Guills le Petist

Pñus Horman

Walter^o le Keu

Willt des Augres

Guills Diriaud

Regiñ de Šco Eleř

Hamon de la Hoge

Guills Lenginour

Petr^o de Saufmareys

Noia Juratoꝝ de pochia Šci Elerii.

Đ poch Šci Eleř

Guills Algare

} Electores

Petr^o Taunqerey

Colinus le Gerentier

Thoñ Amiot

Rađus le heir

Guills Amyot

Rađs Galiene

Joñnes fñ Joñnis Columb

Petr^o Deboneire

Colinus Wace

Hunfr du Moster

Petr^o Boterel senior

Noia Juř de aliis pochiis.

Đ Šco Salvař

Petr^o Pñe

} Electores

Robtus Puleyn

Thoñ Lael

Thoñ Estur

Colin Guyot

Maths le Veillard

Guills Arphast

Thoñ Amy

Rađ de Roke

Joñnes Fale

Ranulphus Toytyn

Joñnes le Rous

Đ Šco Marř Veř

Robt^o Noel

} Electores

Ričus le Blaunc

Colin^o Lucas

Thoñ le Blaunc

Thoñ de Moster

Joñnes Messervy

Robt^o Stepñi

Galfr le Chivaler

Guills Coynard

Robt^o Fortyn

Ričus de Villa

Andř le Veillard

Names of the Viscounts.

Matthew le Lorour who is still in office.

Names of the Receivers.

Robert de Hady. Peter de Pervafiaco⁽¹⁾ who is now in office.

Names of the Jurats of the lord the King of the Island.

Jordan Levesque	William de la Hougue
Philip Fondan	William le Petit
Philip Horman	Walter le Keu
William des Augres	William Dirvaud
Reginald de St. Helier	Hanon de la Hougue
William Lenginour	Peter de Saumareys

Names of the Jurors of the parish of St. Helier.

Of the parish of St. Helier.	William Algare	} Electors	Peter Tanquerey
	Colin le Gerentier		Thomas Amiot
	Ralph le Heir		William Amyot
	Ralph Galiene		John son of John Columb
	Peter Debonaire		Colin Wace
	Humfrey du Moutier		Peter Boterel senior

Names of the Jurors of the other parishes.

Of St. Saviour.	Peter Philipe	} Electors	Robert Poulain
	Thomas Lael		Thomas Estur
	Colin Guyot		Matthew le Veillard
	William Arphast		Thomas Amy
	Ralph de Roke		John Falle
	Ranulph Toytyn		John le Rous
Of St. Martin the Old.	Robert Noel	} Electors	Richard le Blanc
	Colin Lucas		Thomas le Blanc
	Thomas du Moutier		John Messervy
	Robert Fitz-Stephen		Geoffrey le Chevalier
	William Coynard		Robert Fortyn
	Richard de la Ville		Andrew le Veillard

(1) Possibly for Paviliaco (Paveilly).

Grouiſt	Joñnes Gervaise	} Electores	Thoñ Esclenke
	Ričus Avice		Mich Austyn
	Roñt Herbert		Clement Morice
	Ričus Desnee		Colin ^o le Graunt
	Petr ^o Osbor		Roñt ^o Horman
	Guilts Horman		Mich le Feſe
D̃ Šco Cleñ	Ričus Milaeis	} Electores	Alanus Neel
	Galfř Alisaundř		Petr ^o Tullaund
	Godefr ^o Viuenche		Colin ^o Fauvel
	Guilts Blauncvilein		Stepñ Blaunchebarbe
	Guilts Salemon		Matñus de Moster
	Galfř le Bordoun		Matñus du Chastel
D̃ Tñitañ	Roñtus de Lescluse	} Electores	Guilts Lesmitey
	Jordanus Ascelyn		Guilts Pñe
	Roñtus Galie		Guilts Paen
	Ričus Laungere		Guilts le Chivañer
	Petr ^o le Gras		Guilts Galicien
	Roñt ^o Mauger		Ričus le Keverel
D̃ Šco Joñne	Regiñ Arcur	} Electores	Thoñ Henř
	Roñt ^o de la Rue		Warin ^o du Costil
	Guilts le Gros		Colin ^o Ansgot
	Roñus Baudyn		Roñt ^o Viel
	Pñus le Joevene		Petr ^o Grosser
	Petr ^o Maret		Petr ^o Hailles
D̃ Šca Mař	Guilts Hamon	} Electores	Colin Arcur
	Guilts le Feuere		Guilts Jordan
	Petr ^o Estur		Ričus du Chastel
	Reginaldus le Blaunc		Colin ^o Neobey
	Guilts le Blaunc		Thoñ Galieñ
	Ričus Burywynt		Colinus le Costour

Grouville.	John Gervaise	} Electors	Thomas Esclenque
	Richard Avice		Michael Austyn
	Robert Herbert		Clement Morice
	Richard Desnee		Colin le Graunt
	Peter Osber		Robert Horman
	William Hornian		Michael le Fevre
Of St. Clement.	Richard Millais	} Electors	Alan Neel
	Geoffrey Alexandre		Peter Tullaund
	Godfrey Vivenche		Colin Fauvel
	William Blancvilein		Stephen Blanchebarbe
	William Salemon		Matthew du Moutier
	Geoffrey le Bourdon		Matthew du Chastel
Of Trinity.	Robert de l'Ecluse	} Electors	William Lesmitey
	Jordan Ascelyn		William Philipe
	Robert Galie		William Payn
	Richard Laungere		William le Chevalier
	Peter le Gras		William Galichan
	Robert Mauger		Richard le Keverel
Of St. John.	Reginald Arthur	} Electors	Thomas Henry
	Robert de la Rue		Warin du Costil
	William le Gros		Colin Angot
	Roger Baudains		Robert Viel
	Philip le Jeune		Peter Grosser
	Peter Maret		Peter Hailles
Of St. Mary.	William Hamon	} Electors	Colin Arcur
	William le Fevre		William Jordan
	Peter Estur		Richard du Chastel
	Reginald le Blanc		Colin Neobey
	William le Blanc		Thomas Galichan
	Richard Buryvynt		Colin le Conteur

D̃ Šco Audoeñ	Pñus de Laik	} Electores	Joñnes Uteng̃
	Hascoil Lucas		Colinus Pater
	Rads Aunqetil		Joñnes le Cornu
	Robtus Buffee		Joñnes Moraunt
	Joñnes de Graunteys		Thoñ Fokerey
	Lauř Huelyn		Jordanus Burnof
D̃ Šco Petro.	Pñus le Mur	} Electores	Reginaldus Burnof
	Petr ^o le Bret		Godefr̃ le Viscounte
	Gregoř Miloun		Guilts Richequer
	Pñus de la Mare		Robtus Beneyt
	Thoñ Miloun		Thoñ Aunleķ
	Joñnes Canu		Jordan ^o Gervaise
D̃ Šco Lauř	Petr ^o Burnof	} Electores	Ričus Fraunceys
	Hugo le Gros		Jordanus le Neveu
	Colinus de Ponte		Joñnes Hunfrie
	Guilts Cambreys		Radus Neel
	Ričus Michel		Jord Juliane
	Joñnes Michel		Galfř Hasteng̃
D̃ Šco Brolard	Colinus Tilly	} Electores	Ričus le Counte
	Guilts Colomb		Petr ^o Gervaise
	Pñus le Goupil		Pñus Gervaise
	Ničius du Gardyn		Guilts Orengē
	Pñus Hamon		Petr ^o le Markaunt
	Joñnes Desert		Pñus de Marisc

(M. 37 d.)

Consuetudo
dampnata.

Auditis querimoniis diſsoꝝ graviſ conquerenciũ tẽ Justiķ hic
ppenderunt qđ jam satis tarde levata est in hac Insula pessima con-
suetudo dno Rege totaīr inconsulto s. qđ cū ps actrix q̃cumq, fũit
coram battio e Juř Reg̃ de quocumq, Insulano hic de plito debiti
pbare possit p sacřm quozcuq, testm̃ aliquod debitũ s' deberi p ipm
de quo conquer^r licet absentẽ e pti petenti nō fuisset fẽta soluẽo seu

Of St. Ouen.	Philip de Lecq	} Electors	John Uteng
	Hascoil Lucas		Colin Pater
	Ralph Anquetil		John le Cornu
	Robert Buffee		John Moraunt
	John de Graunteys		Thomas Fouquerey
	Laurence Huelin		Jordan Burnof
Of St. Peter.	Philip le Mur	} Electors	Reginald Burnof
	Peter le Bret		Godfrey le Vesconte
	Gregory Milon		William Richequer
	Philip de la Mare		Robert Benest
	Thomas Milon		Thomas Anley
	John Canu		Jordan Gervaise
Of St. Laurence.	Peter Burnof	} Electors	Richard Fraunceys
	Hugh le Gros		Jordan le Neveu
	Colin du Pont		John Hunfrie
	William Cambreys		Ralph Neel
	Richard Michel		Jordan Juliane
	John Michel		Geffrey Hasteng
Of St. Brelade.	Colin Tilly	} Electors	Richard le Conte
	William Columb		Peter Gervaise
	Philip le Goupil		Philip Gervaise
	Nicholas du Jardin		William Orange
	Philip Hamon		Peter le Marquand
	John Desert		Philip du Marais

(M. 37 d.)

Custom
condemned.

Having heard the complaints of divers persons grievously complaining &c. the justices here considered that quite recently there has been introduced in this island a very bad custom entirely without the knowledge of the lord the King, to wit, that when any plaintiff is able to prove in a plea of debt before the Bailiff & the Jurats of the King against any islander here by the oath of witnesses any debt to be owing to him by him of whom he complains, although absent, & that payment or satisfaction was not made to the party claiming within

satisfoto infra XL dies tē statim ad petiōm ip̃ius petentis Balts e
Juř dñi Reġ deliberaſunt petenti fr̃as e teñ debitoris tenenda in feodo
e hēditate imp̃petuū non petito assensu debitoris huj⁹di nō expectata
p̃sencia sua facta īn appreciaōe valoris tenementi illoř p sac̃m vici-
noř nō h̃ito respectu sine debitoř consensisset nec ne. Et Justiciarii
sup hoc in plena Cuř alloquebantur totam cōitatem tē die lune in
c̃stio Šce Marġ ṽginis tē. Et sanior ps cōitatis deadvocavit huj⁹
consuetudiem affirmando qđ falso e malicose levata fuit e infra xx
annos e cōtra legē e consuetudiem Insulař quibuscā tamen adinvicē
inde murmurantibz. Et sic Justiĉ fecunt publice p̃clamari qđ oīes e
singli qui vellent consuetudiem huj⁹ manutene vt illa uti venissent
coram ip̃is Justiĉ die lune p̃x̃ sequent̃ raĉōes suas p̃poituri. Ad quē
diem tota cōitas unanimi⁹ illam deadvocarunt. Et p eoř consensum
totalr dampnatur et adjudicat⁹ p nulla.

(M. 38.)

Plita de Corona de pochia Šci Petri.

Parochia Šci Petri veñ p xij.

Jerseye.

Juř p̃santant qđ Guilš Ranulphi alias in p̃sonat⁹ fuit in Castro
pro cunctis dñi tē. Et inde pro f̃cto illo
abjuř Insulas ad temp⁹ tē coram Petro Darcys tunc baltio tē. Et
.....amodo fiant huj⁹modi abjuraĉoes nisi in forma
statuti.

Infortiñ

Presentant t̃ qđ quidam Robinett⁹ filius Thome Munchoun puer
v annos in quadam fovea et nullus alius
inde malecr̃. Judm Inforti.

Presentant t̃ qđ P̃lus Munchoun solit⁹ est faĉe hoīes Reġ sumoñ
ex̃ regnū videliř Aliciam uřem Rađi Horman e
p̃les alios de plito de laicis cañ sic p posse suo exheredañ [dominum]

40 days &c. immediately on the petition of the said plaintiff the Bailiff & the Jurats of the lord the King delivered to the plaintiff the lands & tenements of the debtor to be held in fee & perpetual inheritance, the assent of such debtor not being asked nor his presence waited for, appraisement nevertheless being made of the value of those tenements by the oath of the neighbours, no regard being had as to whether the debtor had consented or not. And the justices hereupon in open court questioned the whole commonalty &c. on Monday in the Morrow of St. Margaret the Virgin &c. And the wiser part of the commonalty disavowed such custom alleging that it was falsely & wrongly introduced both within 20 years & against the law & custom of the islands, certain people however on the other hand objecting thereto. And so the justices made public proclamation that all & singular who wish to maintain that custom or to use it shall come before the said justices on Monday next following to propound their reasons: at which day the whole commonalty unanimously disavowed it, & by their consent it is altogether condemned & adjudged as null.

(M. 38.)

Pleas of the Crown of the parish of St. Peter.

The parish of St. Peter comes by 12 men.

Jersey.

The jurors present that William Ranulph was at another time imprisoned in the Castle for [chasing] the conies of the lord the King &c. And for that deed he abjured the islands at the time &c. before Peter Darcys then Bailiff &c. And from henceforth let no one make such abjuration except in the form of the statute.

Accident.

They present also that a certain Robinet son of Thomas Munchoun a boy of 5 years of age [was found dead] in a certain pit, & no one being suspected thereof, the verdict is by misadventure.

They present also that Philip Munchoun is wont to cause the subjects of the King to be summoned out of the realm, to wit Alice the wife of Ralph Horman & many others concerning a plea of lay chattels, so by his action depriving [the lord] the King of those

Regem de hiis que mere spectant ad coronam e dignitatem dñi Reġ.
Et pred Pñus [non] venit. Ido pceptū est tam bañio q^a vicecōm
qd capiant pred Pñm q^acicius veniit e Alič[in pri]sona dñi
Reġ salvo custodiri faciant. Ita qd nō delibetur extra p^lsonam sine
spali mandato dñi Reġ vt Justiciarioz suoz. Et q^a nō ven Jō in mīa.

Redds & firme
dñi Reġ

Presentant t̃ qd est in eoz parochia feodū de Orvill in quo sunt
triginta ācr ĩre de quo dñs Rex ĩt camptū qd valet p annū c. s̃. Iñm
dñs Rex habet de eodm feodo iij aucas vj pullos vij galliñ e vij d p
annū et iij x ova et t̃ vj cab ĩri et de ĩta firma vij s̃ vj d p annū qui
solvunt p mañ ppoiti Šci Joñnis. Est t̃ aliud feodū de Ernaud sive
Tancre de escheta dñi Reġ quod continet xxvij virgaĩ ĩre unde Alicia
que fuit ux Bartheloti Lengleys tenet xvij v'gaĩ. Et reddit dño Regi
p annū xvij cab ĩri ij galliñ ij d. Et Guilts Sotel tenet inde j virgatā
terre et reddit dño Regi p annū j cab ĩri. Et Pñus Viel tenet inde
ij v'g terĩ e reddit p annū j bz ĩri. Et Pñus Guyot et Radus fraĩ ej^o
tenent inde vij virg ĩre que reddt dño Regi p annū vij cab ĩri. Percipit
t̃ dñs Rex de feodo Girardi continente vj virg ĩre quod Petr^o Pastey
e participes sui tenent vj cab ĩri e ij galliñ e ij d. Iñm feodū de
Bekeloye continens xv virgate ĩre quod Regiñ de Šco Clemente tenet
reddit dño Regi p annū ij q^r ĩri j galliñ e ij d. Et feod de Richequer
quod idem Regiñ tenet in quo est dia acra ĩre reddit dño Regi p
annū ij galliñ. Habet t̃ dñs Rex de forisf^acura au Thelier, videlĩ
Gilbtus Pelrin tenet inde j virg ĩre e di et reddit p annū iij cab ĩri.
Et Rads Aunlek tenet de eadem forisf^acura j v'gaĩ ĩre et reddit iij
cab ĩri. Et Lucetta Blaunche e Isabella soror ejus tenent inde j v'gaĩ
ĩre e di et reddunt p annū iij cab ĩri. Et Ričus Waryn Pñus Waryn
et Robtus Waryn tenent inde xvj v'gaĩ ĩre e di et reddunt dño Regi
p annū videlĩ predcus Ričus v busĩ ĩri et ĩcionar j cab ĩri. Et Pñus

things which wholly belong to the Crown & dignity of the lord the King. And the aforesaid Philip [does not come.] Therefore it is commanded as well to the Bailiff as to the Viscount that they shall seize the aforesaid Philip as soon as he shall come, & shall cause [the said] Alice to be kept in safe custody in the prison of the lord the King. So that she shall not be released from prison without the special command of the lord the King or of his Justices. And because he does not come, therefore he is to be amerced.

Rents and farms
of the
lord the King.

They present also that there is in their parish the fee of Orville⁽¹⁾ in which there are 30 acres of land of which the lord the King has champart which is worth per annum 100 sols. Also the lord the King has of the same fee 3 geese, 6 pullets, 7 hens & 7 d. by the year, & 90 eggs & also 6 measures of wheat & of cert farm 7 s. 6 d. by the year which are paid by the hand of the Provost of St. John. There is also another fee of Ernaud or Tancre⁽²⁾ of the escheat of the lord the King which contains 27 virgates of land whereof Alice who was the wife of Barthelot Lengleys holds 17 virgates; & she pays to the lord the King by the year 17 bushels of wheat [and] 2 hens [and] 2 d. And William Sotel holds thereof one virgate of land & pays to the lord the King by the year one bushel of wheat. And Philip Viel holds thereof 2 virgates of land & pays by the year one bushel of wheat. And Philip Guyot & Ralph his brother hold thereof 7 virgates of land which pay to the lord the King by the year 7 bushels of wheat. The lord the King also takes of the fee of Girard containing 6 virgates of land, which Peter Pastey & his partners hold, 6 bushels of wheat & 2 hens & 2 d. Also the fee of Bekeleye⁽³⁾ containing 15 virgates of land, which Reginald de St. Clement holds, pays to the lord the King by the year 2 quarters of wheat, one hen & 2 d. And the fee of Richequer which the same Reginald holds in which there is half an acre of land pays to the lord the King by the year 2 hens. Also the lord the King has of the forfeiture of Letelier, to wit, Gilbert Pelrin holds thereof one & a half virgates of land & pays per annum 3 bushels of wheat. And Ralph Anley holds of the same forfeiture one virgate of land & pays 3 measures of wheat. And Lucette Blaunche & Isabella her sister hold thereof one & a half virgates of land & pay by the year 3 measures of wheat. And Richard Waryn, Philip Waryn & Robert Waryn hold thereof 16 & a half virgates of land & pay to the lord the King by the year, to wit, the aforesaid Richard 5 measures of wheat & the 3rd part of

(1) Fief Dorville or Le Mourier. (2) See Extente 1274, page 23.

(3) Bekalowe and Bequeloe in Extentes of 1274 and 1331.

vij caſ fri e j ſcionař. Et Roſtus vij caſ fri e j ſcionař. Habet t̃ dñs Rex de forisfcura de Kahull xxx pticař fre quas Godefř Vason tenet et reddit inde p añ j buſſ fri. Et di virg terř de eſcřeta Emmelote la Kaune reddit dño Regi p añ j caſ fri. Dicunt t̃ qđ dñs Rex habet unam bovataſ fre de eſcřeta Ranulphi Dirvaut quam Roſ Brasdef tenet et reddit dño Regi p añ xxv caſ fri. Iťm habet de eſcřeta as Yonneys tres virgate fre quam Guilts Paien pſbr modo teñ et reddit p annũ vij caſ fri. Et Guilts Pollard tenet j virg fre e di de forisfcura Kahulle et reddit p añ iij caſ fri. Iťm Petr^o Aunlek e Pñus Aunlek tenent iij virg fre de forisfcura au Telier et reddunt dño Regi p annũ iiij caſ fri. Habet t̃ dñs Rex in eadẽ pochia preř predẽ reddẽ e firmas de ěta firma p añ videlř ad paſch xⁱⁱ vij^s iiij^d. Et ad fĩ apłoz Petri e Pauli xⁱⁱ vij^s iiij^d. Et ad fĩ ſci Micřis xⁱⁱ vij^s iiij^d. Et t̃ j par de calcař albis vř xij đ. Et t̃ habet iiij^d p añ de quadam pecia terre vocata Croket. Dicunt t̃ qđ dñs Rex habet in eoř pochia fumagiũ de t'bus annis in iij annis quod valet coĩbz annis cum acciderit ixⁱⁱ. Iťm dicunt qđ tenentes dñi Reğ in eoř pochia tenentur cariare vina dñi Reğ e buſcā e fenũ ubicumq; dñs Rex volũit in Inſuť. Ita řn qđ quadrigarii debent recupe p qualibz quadrigata ij đ. Habet t̃ dñs Rex in eoř pochũ unũ molendnũ quod valet coĩbz annis xxxⁱⁱ. Et dicunt qđ predẽ tenentes dñi Reğ debent invenire Maerẽ ad omĩa groſſa membra molendĩ. Et dñs Rex debet invenire ferra e molas e carpenterĩ tč. Et t̃ dci tenentes tenentur invenire coopturam ad molendĩ predẽ et dñs Rex faciet illud coopire ſũptibus ſuis.

Presentant t̃ qđ Ecclĩa iſtius pochie valet p annũ XLVⁱⁱ et eſt de advocaçone Abbis ſci Salvatoris et idem Abbas tenet medietatem

one measure of wheat. And Philip 7 measures of wheat & one third part. And Robert 7 measures of wheat & one third part. Also the lord the King has of the forfeiture of Kahull 30 perches of land which Godfrey Vason holds & pays therefor by the year one bushel of wheat. And half a virgate of land by the escheat of Emmelotta la Kaune pays to the lord the King by the year one measure of wheat. They say also that the lord the King has one bovat of land of the escheat of Ranulph Dirvaut which Roger Brasdefer holds, & pays to the lord the King by the year 25 measures of wheat. He also has of the escheat of the Yonneys 3 virgates of land which William Paien, priest, now holds & pays by the year 7 measures of wheat. And William Pollard holds one & a half virgates of land of the forfeiture of Kahull & pays by the year 3 measures of wheat. Also Peter Anley & Philip Anley hold 3 virgates of land of the forfeiture of Letelier & pay to the lord the King by the year 4 measures of wheat. Also the lord the King has in the same parish beside the said rent & farms of cert farm by the year, to wit, at Easter 10 l. 7 s. 4 d. & at the feast of the Apostles Peter & Paul 10 l. 7 s. 4 d., & at the feast of St. Michael 10 l. 7 s. 4 d., & also one pair of white spurs or 12 d. Also he has 3 d. by the year from a certain piece of land called Croket. They also say that the lord the King has in their parish fumage every 3 years which is worth one year with another when it shall occur 9 livres. They also say that the tenants of the lord the King in their parish are bound to carry the wines of the lord the King & firewood & hay wheresoever the lord the King shall wish in the island ; so nevertheless that the drivers ought to receive for each four-horse cart 2 deniers. Also the lord the King has in their parish one mill which is worth one year with another 30 livres. And they say that the said tenants of the lord the King ought to find the wood for all the principal timbers of the mill, & the lord the King ought to find the iron & the wheels & the carpentering &c. And also the said tenants are bound to find the covering for the said mill & the lord the King shall cause it to be covered at his own cost.

They present also that the Church of this parish is worth by the year 45 livres & is of the advowson of the Abbot of St. Saviour & the said Abbot holds the moiety of the tithe to his own use. And

decie in pp'os usus. Et abbissa de Moster Vilers tenet q̄rtam ptē ejusdē decie et abbissa de Cadomo aliam q̄rtam ptem in pp'os usus et eliminatur in quo waranto tē.

Presentant t̄ qđ Petr^o de Haga tenet de dño Rege j carucatam t̄re per šviciū švandi libos p'sones et tenetur fiere unū pař anelloř sive boiař et debet^r releviū de predca carucata videlř LX š cū acciderit. Et preř firmam reddit dño Regi p annū j pař calcař albař sup̄dictař. Et Wills de Viver tenet de dño Rege j caruč t̄re p^o simile serviciū servandi p'soñ tē e debet^r inde [relevium] ut sup̄.

Presentant t̄ qđ Nickus Goz tenet j v'g t̄re e di de bordağ tē e reddit dño Regi pter šviciū tē j caš fri et valet ulterius j busš fri per anñ.

Presentant t̄ qđ Pñus de Carteret fiet unam maram unde medietas est in eoř pochl e tenet illam sepalem tē. Et idm Pñus fiet wreccū maris p totam t̄ram suam ab antiquo set dñs debet fiere visū anteq̄ tē et iiij^{or} p'ncipalia e aves de preda e iiij^{or} p'ncipalia tē.⁽¹⁾

Presentant t̄ qđ quedam ps feodi de Vinclivrees est in eoř pochl quem quidem feodū p̄dcus Pñus tenet et idm Pñus tenet in p̄dco feodo cuniclariū suū indefenso, ita qđ nō licet ministris dñi Regis fugare ibidem ad cuniclos nisi cū cane e baclo tē sz quo jure vř quo waranto nesciunt. Et sup hoc Pñus de Carfet dñs predci feodi veñ e inde allocut^o dicit qđ ipe non claiñ warennā in p̄dco feodo nec unq̄ aliquem de fugand ibidm impedivit. Et Juř hoc idm testantur. Idō ipe pro falso p̄sentamento in mīa.

Presentant t̄ qđ assisa panis e vini fracta est p subsc'ptos videlř Colettam Goez Colinū Goez Gilbt Peleryn Pñm Viel Ričs Pipon Colinū Grobert e Radm Naymes bolengarios. Et Boulom,

(1) Sic.

the Abbess of Moutier Villiers holds the 4th part of the same tithe & the Abbess of Caen the other 4th part to their own uses & it is determined in the quo warranto &c.

They present also that Peter de la Hague holds of the lord the King one carucate of land by the service of keeping the free prisons & he is bound to have one pair of rings or fetters, & relief is owing for the aforesaid carucate, to wit, 60 sols when it shall occur. And besides the farm he pays to the lord the King by the year the aforesaid pair of white spurs. And William du Vivier holds of the lord the King one carucate of land by the similar service of keeping the prisons &c. And there is owing [relief] as above.

They present also that Nicholas Goies holds one & a half virgates of land of bordage &c. and pays to the lord the King besides the service &c. one measure of wheat & it is worth further one bushel of wheat per annum.

They present also that Philip de Carteret has a pond whereof half is in their parish & he holds the same severally &c. And the same Philip has the right to wreck of the sea throughout his whole land of old, but the lord ought to have view before &c. and the four princely things⁽¹⁾ & birds of prey &c.

They present also that a certain part of the fee of Vingt Livres is in their parish, which said fee the aforesaid Philip holds, & the same Philip holds in the said fee his rabbit warren unenclosed, so that it is not lawful for the ministers of the lord the King to hunt there for conies except with dog & stick &c., but by what right or warrant they do not know. And thereupon Philip de Carteret, lord of the said fee, comes & being questioned therein says that he does not claim warren in the aforesaid fee, nor did he ever hinder any one from hunting there. And the jurors testify to the same. Therefore they are to be amerced for false presentment.

They present also that the assize of bread & wine is broken by the underwritten, to wit, Coletta Goies, Colin Goies, Gilbert Peleryn, Philip Viel, Richard Pipon, Colin Grobert & Ralph Naymes, bakers,

(1) i.e. gold and silk not worked, &c. Compare pages 23, 44 & 47.

Guillm le Hardy, Roſtm Beas, William Phe, Alicia Bartet Jordt
..... Roſtm Noel, Sibillotam Goies, Jordm Horman,
Pſm de P..... Waryn, Rađm de la Hague,
Roſtm Nicole, Guillotū Vasoun, Rađm Fale
Petrū Pipon e Pſm Naymes tađnarios. Iđo oġes in mġa.

Presentant t̃ qđ Pſus Wace feč p^oprestuř de via regia latitud
iij pedū e longitud di pticatař. Et Guifls Wydecok feč p^oprestuř
de via regia latitud j ped e longitud j pticaĩ. Et Osanna que fuit
uř Colini Ernaud implenit quoddam fossatū de via regia. Et Guifl
Hardy simiř. Iđo oġes in mġa.

Presentant t̃ qđ P^{or} Šci Petⁱ in ista pochia loco Abbis Šci
Salvatoris đni Reġ tč.

Presentant t̃ qđ Petr^o de Šco Elerio đns de Saumareys tenet j...
řre de đno Rege in ista počĩ et [debet] de releviū cū acciderit
LX š.

Juř duodene p pſibř [concelamentis in veredco suo] de quibř
[convicti] řřunt coram Justič [per examinacōem in] ġ^{vi} [mġa]
sup Peř le Br..... tč.

(M. 38 d.)

Adhuc de plifis Corone de počĩ Šci Petⁱ

Presentant qđ circa Natale đni anno tč p^lmo devenerunt de
Wrecco de quadam [nave peri-]clitata apud la Pulleine xxxij pve
pecie ferri e quelibet peč valuit x đ. Iřmlide vertegre řcii
xx š ij barelli de Rukere řcii LX š. Iřm xij lb de creto de
jingebro vj cađ de pipe viij cađ de cicenant e estimavit valorem
řđcořlioř tč ad XL^l. Iřm vj panni de Dynamit de

And Boulom, William le Hardy, Robert Beas, William Philipe, Alice Bartel, Jordan Robert Noel, Sibillota Goies, Jordan Horman, Philip de P..... Waryn, Ralph de la Hague, Robert Nicole, Guillot Vasoun, Ralph Fale Peter Pipon & Philip Naymes, taverners. Therefore all of them to be amerced.

They present also that Philip Wace made an encroachment on the King's high-way in breadth 3 feet & in length half a perch. And William Wydecok made an encroachment on the King's high-way in breadth one foot & in length one perch. And Osanna who was the wife of Colin Ernaud filled up a certain ditch of the high-way. And William Hardy likewise. Therefore all them to be amerced.

They present also that the Prior of St. Peter in this parish in the place of the Abbot of St. Saviour of the lord the King &c.

They present also that Peter de St. Helier, Lord of Samarès, holds one of land of the lord the King in this parish & [he owes] relief when it shall occur 60 sols.

The jury of 12 for many concealments in their verdict of which they were convicted before the Justices by examination, to be heavily amerced [under the pledge] of Peter le Br..... &c.

(M. 38 d.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of the parish of St. Peter.

They present that about Christmas in the first year &c. there came of wreck of a certain [ship] wrecked at la Pulleine 32 small pieces of iron & each piece was worth 10 deniers. Also pounds of verdigris value 20 sols, 2 barrels of roker⁽¹⁾ value 60 sols, also 12 lbs. of chalk, of ginger, 6 measures of pepper, 8 measures of cinnamon, & they estimated the value of the aforesaid &c. at 40 livres. Also 6 cloths of Dinan (?) of which each

(1) Fish.

quibz quibz pannis cont̃ xxvij quos estimant ad xx^{li}.
 Iīm xij^{xx} virg de canevaz ꝑcii viij^{li}. Iīm j mastus pvo
 maeremio ꝑcii ix li. Iīm j mola manualis ꝑcii xv š de quibz omibz
 quarta ps quarte Reğ tē et Mathus le Loreour vič e Wilts
 le Petyt inde respond.

Presentant t̃ qđ Pñus Ernald tenet j acř e đĩ virg ģre de bordağ
 e reddit ad firmam Reğ xvij đ p añ et facit bordağ tē. Et Colinus
 le Crochun e pticipes sui tenent de bordağ Crochon vij virg ģre e đĩ
 et redd̃ xxx đ ad firmam đñ Reğ. Et Auberia la Metere una ꝑđcoğ
 pticipum vendidit Lauř Sauuale redd̃ j bğ ģri sup quamđ porčoem đce
 ģre e ꝑđcs Colinus Crochoun retraxit redd̃ illū p bursam pacantē.
 Ido redd̃s ille remañ đno Regi forisfcus tē. Et eadem Auberia ven-
 didit sup aliam porčoem ejusđ ģre redd̃ j bğ ģri Rađo Robyn. Ido
 redd̃s ille remañ đno Regi. Eadem t̃ Auberia vendidit Joñi Hubert
 quand̃ porčoem đce ģre q̃ valet p añ j cađ ģri. Ido ꝑđca ģra reĩ
 đno Reğ forisfca. Iīm Joñes Bernard e pticipes sui tenent alias
 vij virg ģre e đĩ de ꝑđco bord̃. Et redd̃ p añ ad firmam đni Reğ
 xxx đ et faciūt bord̃ tē. Et Robtus Pipoun unus pticipum vendidit
 Godeřo Vasoun v ptič ģre de ꝑđco bord̃ que valent p añ j cađ ģri et
 postea idem Godeřr dedit ģram illam Robto Beneyt in maritağ cū fit
 sua. Ido ꝑđca ģra remañ đno Regi forisfca.

Comptum est p rořlos Pñi le Evesk Balti qđ Ričus du Vergee
 Mathias fit Sebille Goies Colin^o Goies e Sebirota Goies ģbařunt noc-
 tant̃ Colinū le Fillastre e iřm acabliařunt cū sang'ne e plaga. Et
 Colinus Goies veĩ e feč finem p ꝑđca t̃ns p Liiij š pñm Guiffi Luane
 e Jordi Dubel. Et ꝑđcs Math̃ veĩ e Sebirota simiř e vadiant emend̃
 taxand̃ p Cuř tē. Et Mathias taxat' p Cuř ad Liiij š. Et Ričus du

cloth contains 27 which they estimate at 20 livres. Also 140 yards of canvas value 8 livres. Also one mast small timber value 9 livres. Also one hand-wheel value 15 sols of all which the 4th part of the 4th of the King &c. And Matthew le Loreour, Viscount, & William le Petyt shall answer therefor.

They present also that Philip Ernald holds one acre & half a virgate of land of bordage & pays to the farm of the King 18 deniers by the year & does bordage &c. And Colin le Crochon & his partners hold of the bordage Crochon $7\frac{1}{2}$ virgates of land & pay 30 deniers to the farm of the lord the King. And Aubery la Metere one of the aforesaid partners sold to Laurence Sauvale the rent of one bushel of wheat upon a certain portion of the said land, & the aforesaid Colin Crochon withdrew that rent by the repayment of the consideration. Therefore that rent remains forfeited to the lord the King &c. And the same Aubery sold upon another portion of the same land the rent of one bushel of wheat to Ralph Robyn. Therefore that rent remains to the lord the King. Also the same Aubery sold to John Hubert a certain portion of the said land which is worth per annum one measure of wheat. Therefore the aforesaid land remains forfeited to the lord the King. Also John Bernard & his partners hold other $7\frac{1}{2}$ virgates of land of the aforesaid bordage & pay per annum to the farm of the lord the King 30 deniers & do bordage &c. And Robert Pipon one of the partners sold to Godfrey Vasoun 5 perches of land of the aforesaid bordage which are worth per annum one measure of wheat & afterwards the same Godfrey gave that land to Robert Benest in marriage with his daughter. Therefore the aforesaid land remains forfeited to the lord the King.

It is found by the rolls of Philip l'Evesque, Bailiff, that Richard du Vergée, Matthew son of Sybil Goies, Colin Goies & Sebirota Goies beat by night Colin le Fillastre & threw him to the ground whence blood & wounds. And Colin Goies came & compounded for the said transgression by 54 sols by the pledge of William Luane & Jordan Dubel. And the aforesaid Matthew comes & Sebirota likewise & give security for the amends to be taxed by the court &c. And Matthew is taxed by the court at 54 sols. And Richard du

Vergee nō veñ. Iō Regiñ de Šco Clemente Thomas Auslek e Joñnes Hubert qui ip̃m manucep̃ in g^{avi} mīa.

Comptū est t̃ p eosdem Rořlos qđ Pñotus fit Jordi Horman e Jord fit Pñi Horman insultařunt maličōse Vivenciā Mochoun e filiam suam p quod ip̃e fugierunt dimittentes quend̃ asinū careatum blado. Et pđci Pñotus e Jord̃s in contemptū tč absciderunt aures e caudam pđci asini. Iō fiant inde emend̃ dño Regi. Et si ip̃i nō sufficiant respond̃ pař tč.

Adhuc de rem̃ de počř de Šci Clementis.

Comptum est p Rořlos Pñi le Evesk balt̃i qđ Rořus du Costil insultavit noctanř domū Marione de Barantino p̃jiciendo lapid̃ ad ostiū suū qui veñ e feč finem p pđca t̃ns p xx s̃ p̃p̃m Radi le Rey. Et Joñnes du Costil qui similř fuit in societate ejusđ ad fčm illđ feč finem p pđca t̃ns p xx s̃ p̃p̃m Guilři le Petyt de Šco Elerio e Joñnis de Barantino. Comptū est t̃ p eosdem Rořlos qđ Peřr fit Petⁱ Darcyž e Guillot^o le Keu řbařunt noctanř Colinū Goscelin cū sang^{ne} e plaga. Et pđci Peřr e Guillot^o veñ e vadiant dño Regi emend̃ taxand̃ p discreccoem Cuř tč.

Comptum est t̃ p Rořlos ejusđ Balti qđ Robinus de Grouilla sero pcussit Guillotū Favel de quod cutello in capite faciendo ei plagam e sang^{ne}m qui veñ e feč finem p pđca t̃ns p XL s̃ p̃p̃m Thome de Grouill.

Comptum est p Rořlos ejusđ qđ Colinus Blaunchard řbavit noctanř Colinū Corbyn in lecto suo. Iō fiant inde emend̃ dño Regi.

Et Juř duodene p plibž conclamentis in veredčo suo de quibž convicti fuerunt coram Justič p examinačōem in mīa.

Vergee does not come, therefore Reginald de St. Clement, Thomas Anley & John Hubert, who bailed him, to be heavily amerced.

It is also found by the same rolls that Philotus son of Jordan Horman & Jordan son of Philip Horman maliciously assaulted Vivencia Mochoun & her daughter, whereby they fled, leaving a certain ass carrying corn. And the aforesaid Philotus & Jordan in contempt &c. cut off the ears & tail of the said ass. Therefore they shall make amends therefor to the lord the King. And if they have not enough the fathers shall answer &c.

Continuation of the remainder of the parish of St. Clement.

It is found by the rolls of Philip l'Evesque, Bailiff, that Roger du Costil attacked by night the house of Marion de Barantin by throwing stones at her door, who came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression by 20 sols by the pledge of Ralph le Rey. And John du Costil who likewise was in his company in that act compounded for the said transgression by 20 sols by the pledge of William le Petyt of St. Helier & John de Barantin. It is found also by the said rolls that Peter son of Peter Darcys & Guillot le Kau had beaten by night Colin Goscelin with blood & wounds. And the aforesaid Peter & Guillot come & give security to the lord the King for the amends to be taxed by the discretion of the court &c.

It is found also by the rolls of the same Bailiff that Robin de Grouville in the evening struck Guillot Favel with a certain knife in the head, making a wound & drawing blood, who came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression by 40 sols by the pledge of Thomas de Grouville.

It is found by the rolls of the same that Colin Blanchard by night beat Colin Corbyn in his bed. Therefore let amends be made therefor to the lord the King.

And the jury of twelve men for many concealments in their verdict of which they were convicted before the Justices by examination, to be amerced.

(M. 39.)

Adhuc de plifis Gorone de pochia Šci Elerii.

Fressingfeld.

poch Šci Elerii veñ p xij.

Jereš

Juř pŕesentant qđ quidam Odo le Clerk s^opensus fuit adiu est.
Et Petrus le simiř s^opensus fuit. Et nō ħuerunt ħras
nec catalla.

Presentant t̃ qđ Guiltus Porrioun abjuř Insulas p latrocinio.
Idem ħuit j virg̃ feodo de Meleches que valent p
aňñ iij caĥ řri quas ħedes Regiñ de Carřet

Presentant t̃ quod Orenğ que fuit uxor Joĥnis Veysin a iiij^{or}
annis elapsis seiřam s^opens^o inde malecr̃. Juđm
felonissa de se Eadem ħuit catalla řcii LXV ř. de quibz pochiam [per]
Petrum Faleyse asportare ad valenč L ř et personam huj^o ville ad
valorem xv ř. Iđo řđci [pochiani] simul cū řđcis Petro e Persona
inde respondeant. Et q₃ feđunt iřam sepeliri sine visu bařli vř
Iđo tota villata in mĩa.

Presentant t̃ qđ Rořtus Horman post ultimas asř convictus de
falsa moneta bullitus fuit p Juđm. Idem fuit de poch Šci Petř. Et
ħuit catalla řč c. ř. D̃ quibz Rořtus de Hady respondeĥ.

Presentant t̃ qđ Joĥnes Estrepegne adiu est abjuř Insulas p
latrocinio. Et nō ħet řram nec catalla.

Presentant t̃ qđ Thomas de Šco Petro řĥavit noctanř in retractu
maris Guiltm Waudyn unde ha. cla. et modo nō veñ. Iđo in mĩa et
cap^r cum veñit. Et Rađus le Harel řĥavit Stephm Bretoun in chi-
mino Reğ unde sang^řs e ha. cla. qui veñ e finem fecit p xxx ř. Et
Guiltus Payn le Pledour pcussit de pugno suo Guiltm le Valleyn unde
ha. cla. Et Guiltus le Columb pcussit de quodam baclo Ričm Corbel

(M. 39.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of the parish of
St. Helier.

Fresingfeld.

The parish of St. Helier comes by twelve.

Jersey. The jurors present that a certain Odo le Clerk was hanged long ago. And Peter le was likewise hanged. And they had neither lands nor chattels.

They present also that William Porrioun abjured the islands for thefts. The same had one virgate on the fee of Melèches which are worth per annum 3 measures of wheat which the heirs of Reginald de Carteret

They present also that Orenge who was the wife of John Veysin hanged herself 4 years ago [and no one is] suspected thereof. Verdict: felo de se. The same had chattels value 65 sols of which the parish [by] Peter Falaise carried away to the value of 50 sols & the parson of this village to the value of 15 sols. Therefore the aforesaid [parishioners] together with the aforesaid Peter & the parson shall answer thereof. And because they caused her to be buried without view of the Bailiff or therefore the whole village to be amerced.

They present also that Robert Horman after the last assizes convicted of false coining was boiled⁽¹⁾ by judgment. The same was of the parish of St. Peter, & had chattels value 100 sols, of which Robert de Hady shall answer.

They present also that John Estrepegnie long ago abjured the islands for theft. He had neither land nor chattels.

They present also that Thomas of St. Peter by night beat at low tide William Vaudin whereby 'Clameur de Haro' was raised, & now he does not come. Therefore he is to be amerced, & let him be taken when he shall come. And Ralph le Harel beat Stephen Breton, in the King's high-way, whereupon blood flowed & 'Clameur de Haro' was raised, who came & compounded for 30 sols. And William Payn, the Pleader, struck with his fist William le Valleyn whereupon 'Clameur de Haro' was raised. And William le Columb with a certain stick struck Richard Corbel, who does not now come &c.

(1) The punishment for false coining was boiling and then hanging.

qui modo nō veñ tē. Et Guillus Caun pcussit de pugno suo uxem
Guilli Abbatfalleyse unde ha. cla. Ido fiant inde dno Regi emend.
Et Martinus de Wyncheles v̄bavit Raulinam la Maynan cum acablia-
mento e sang'ne qui veñ e feč finem p p̄dca t̄ns p xvij s.

Presentant t̄ qđ Joñnes Tehy v̄beratus fuit noctan̄ unde aca-
bliamentū e ha. cla. Et Petrus Osber inde indictatus fuit qui modo
nō veñ. Iō ip̄e in m̄ia. Et cap^r cū veñit.

Presentant t̄ qđ Guillotus de Wynchelles robiatus fuit de nocte
in litorio maris de denariis e rocalibz tē. Et q̄ fcm̄ illud nūq̄a fuit
p̄sentatū ballio Reḡ nec adhuc sciunt diē p quos feloñ illa fca f̄git.
Ido tota pochia in m̄ia.

Presentant t̄ qđ Petrus Piket Ričus Corbel fecunt citare fideles
homines dñi Reḡ ex^a regnū apud Constanč e apud haiam putei.⁽¹⁾
Ido ip̄i in m̄ia.

Presentant t̄ qđ Petrus le Bas clicus comorans in Norman̄
solitus est fače sumonire hoies Reḡ ex^a regnū e feč citare Petrum
Harel e Joñnem Corounce e ptes alios ex^a regnū sine causa et modo
nō veñ. Jō in m̄ia et cap^r cum veñit.

Presentant t̄ qđ Colinus Turgys feč p̄presturam de chimino Reḡ
latiū ij ped e long ij pticataz et in eadem seminavit. Et Ročtus le
Cras p̄prestavit de eodem chimino latiū viij ped e long vj pticañ. Et
Radus le Harel e pticipes sui obstrinxunt quamdam semitam Reḡ
latiū j ped e long ij pticataz et alias p̄ceptum fuit illam deobstruere
e adhuc nō fecunt. Et Guillus le Petit de Šco Elerio obstruxit cur-
sum aque latiū ij ped e long vj pticataz. Et Guillus de Rosello Junior
cōsimitr e ejusdem mensuř. Et Guillus Aymer obstruxit cursum

(1) La Haye du Puits : Latin Puteus, same as Podium = mons, collis ;
Gallic : Puy.

And William Caun with his fist struck the wife of William Abat-falaise, whereupon 'Clameur de Haro' was raised. Wherefore let them make amends therefor to the lord the King. And Martin de Vinchelez struck Rauline la Maynan by throwing her down & drawing blood, who came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression by 18 sols.

They present also that John Tehy was struck at night, whereupon he was thrown down & 'Clameur de Haro' was raised. And Peter Osber was indicted thereof who does not now come. Therefore he is to be amerced. And let him be taken when he shall come.

They present also that Guillot de Vinchelez was robbed by night on the sea-shore of his monies & jewels &c. And because that deed was never represented to the Bailiff of the King, nor can they say to this day by whom that felony was done; therefore the whole parish to be amerced.

They present also that Peter Piket [&] Richard Corbel caused lieges of the lord the King to be cited out of the realm at Coutances & at La Haye du Puits. Therefore they are to be amerced.

They present also that Peter le Bas clerk living in Normandy is wont to cause the subjects of the King to be summoned out of the realm, & he caused Peter Harel & John Corounce & many others to be cited out of the realm without cause & now he does not come. Therefore he is to be amerced & let him be taken when he shall come.

They present also that Colin Turgys made an encroachment on the road of the King 2 feet in breadth & 2 perches in length & sowed in the same. And Robert le Cras encroached on the same road 8 feet in breadth & 6 perches in length. And Ralph le Harel & his partners obstructed a certain path of the King one foot in breadth & 2 perches in length & at another time they were ordered to free it & up to the present they have not done so. And William le Petit of St. Helier obstructed the water-course 2 feet in breadth & 6 perches in length. And William of Rosel, junior, likewise & in the same measure. And William Aymer obstructed the water-course 2 feet in

aque latiũ ij ped e longũ viij pticataz. Et Guiltus le Petit de Rosello obstruxit cursum aque latiũ ij ped e longũ v pticataz. Et Pñus Lempere feč p'presturam de coĩa Reğ latiũ iiij ped e longũ iiij pticaĩ e feč ibi quemđ murũ. Et Guiltus de Keytiue p'prestavit de coĩa Reğ latiũ iiij ped e longũ xij ped et ibi construxit quoddam cotagiũ. Et Guiltus Angeyre feč p'presturam de via regali latiũ ij ped e longũ j ptič e di, et quedam ps domus ejusđ Guilli stat in eadem p'prestura. Et Guiltus Lempere obstruxit quamdam semitam regiam latiũ viij ped e longũ vij pticataz. Et Guiltus Angeyre p'prestavit aliquantulũ de quadam semita regia que debet esse latiũ iiij ped et modo est diminuta. Ido omēs in mĩa.

Quidam de Juř simuť cũ aliis ad hoc Juř p'sentant qđ đns Rex fiet iij acr de coĩa juxta capellam be Marie Magdalene et Radus le Curteys, Colinus Morfouache e Colinus Juliene atraxerunt inde sibi p carucam suam. Ido ipe in mĩa. Et Guills le Valen fiet sup coãm Reğ quodd appenticiũ latiũ iiij^{or} ped e longũ iiij ped. Ido ipe in mĩa.

Presentant t qđ Henř de Šco Martino vřavit Raulinam la Maynene e ipam sequebat' usq ad domũ suam unde ha. cla. Ido ipe in mĩa.

Presentant t qđ devenit de Wrecco in eoř počĩ in feodo de Melesches j bacellũ p'cii Liij š iiij đ quem fides Galfri de Carfet fuerunt e de Wrecco illo ĩminat' in quo Wař tč.

Presentant t qđ Joñnes Trethie, Pñus Primaunt, Radus Chantlocit soliti sunt fače citare fideles homies ex^a regnũ apud Constanč et pđcus Johannes feč citare Guiltm Columb e uxem ejus. Et Guiltus Godel feč suĩ Joñem Galiot e Ricm Morfouache apud Constanč tč. Et Petř de Foer simitr feč suĩ Joñem le Rey ibidem tč. Ido veniant inde responsuř. Et Jords le Serf feč suĩ apud Constanč Radm le Caytiuel e feč ipm excoicare tč injuste. Et idm Jords veĩ e no

breadth & 8 perches in length. And William le Petit of Rosel obstructed the water-course 2 feet in breadth & 5 perches in length. And Philip Lemprière encroached on the King's common 4 feet in breadth & 4 perches in length & built there a certain wall. And William de Quetteville encroached on the King's common 4 feet in breadth & 12 feet in length & there built a certain cottage. And William Angeyre encroached on the King's high-way 2 feet in breadth & 1½ perches in length, & a certain part of the house of the said William is built on the encroachment. And William Lemprière obstructed a certain foot-path of the King 8 feet in breadth & 7 perches in length. And William Angeyre encroached a very little on a certain foot-path of the King which ought to be 3 feet in breadth & now is lessened. Therefore all of them to be amerced.

Certain of the jurors with others present at this jury present that the lord the King has 3 acres of common next the chapel of the Blessed Mary Magdalene, & Ralph le Curteys, Colin Morfouache & Colin Juliene encroached thereupon by means of their plough. Therefore they are to be amerced. And William le Valen has upon the common of the King a certain pent-house 4 feet in width & 4 feet in length. Therefore he is to be amerced.

They present also that Henry de St. Martin struck Raulina la Maynene & followed her as far as her house whereupon 'Clameur de Haro' was raised. Therefore he is to be amerced.

They present also that there came of wreck in their parish in the fee of Melèches one small boat value 53 s. 4 d. which belonged to the heirs of Geoffrey de Carteret & concerning that wreck it is determined in the pleas of Quo Warranto &c.

They present also that John Trethie, Philip Primaunt, Ralph Chantlocit were wont to cause lieges of the King to be cited out of the realm at Coutances, & the said John caused William Columb & his wife to be cited. And William Godel caused John Galiot & Richard Morfouache to be cited at Coutances &c. And Peter de Foer likewise caused John le Rey to be summoned there &c. Therefore let them come to answer therein. And Jordan le Serf caused Ralph le Caytivel to be summoned at Coutances & caused him to be

potest hoc dedice set dicit qđ hoc fecit ante inhibitiōem tē et supponit se grē cur tē et invenit pleģ qđ deceſo nō faciet tē vidz Joñem de Šco Elerio pleģ de emend. Joñnes de Wynchelles et oīnes pđci in g^m mīa.

Presentant t qđ Thomas Grosser tenuit tempe Guerre j virģ fre in ij peč in dnio Abbis de Bellosane e valet p añ j b3 fri et pđcus Thomas obiit tempe pđce guerre ex^a priam tē. Et Alicia le Grossere app'avit sibi pđcam fram sine Wař et q paup est nō oñat' de exitibz medii tempis s3 respond dño Regi de hoc anno de valore pđce tre et deceſo tē.

(M. 39 d.)

Adhuc de plītis Gorone de poč Šci Elerii.

Presentant qđ as^s panis e vini fracta p sbscriptos videlī Perrotū Houdeyn Jordm le Rous [Petron]illam Estorment, Rađm Valepe, Rađm le Valen, Guilłm le Chapelleyn, Robinnettūlen, Lauř le Perchand, Joñem le Rey, Guilłm Godel, Rođtm Perrerr, Rađm de Keytiuel, de Keytiuel, Colinū Morfoage, Pñm le Mire, Guilłm Henard, Jordm de Šbmonte,am Mategris, Ričm de Šbmonte, Rođtm Mategris, Rođtm de Šbmonte, Guilłm de Šbmonte, Phelipotū Jouet, Rođtm Goscelyn, Colinū Balliol, Petrū Galiene, Morellū le Fetiz, Mičhem Corbel, Guilłm Sampson, Colinū le Motoun, Lauř Norbert, Jordm Mauger, Ničm Mauger, Alanū de la Roke, Guilłm Warner, Petrū Theffane, Guillotū Borkete, Rođtm Cohon, Rađm de Saint Gile, Rođtm de la Roke, Ričm Morfouage, Engerardū le Bolen-gour, Guilłm le Valeyn, Ričm le Valeyn, Petrum de Foer, Colinū le Cras, Petrum le Harel, Raulinam la Magnenne, Joñem Martin, Ričm Foucher, Joñem uñem Joñuis de Šbmonte, Petrum le Collart, Jordm de la Roche, Rađm Crespel, Joñem Sampson, Joñem Beneyt, Guilłm

excommunicated &c. unlawfully. And the same Jordan comes & cannot deny this, but says that he did it before the prohibition &c. and places himself at the mercy of the court &c. and finds pledges that from henceforth he will not do it &c., to wit, John de St. Helier, pledge for the amends, John de Vinchelez & all the aforesaid to be heavily amerced.

They present also that Thomas Grosser held at the period of the war one virgate of land in 2 pieces in the lordship of the Abbot of Bellozanne & it is worth by the year one bushel of wheat & the said Thomas died at the period of the said war out of the realm &c. And Alice la Grossere appropriated to herself the said land without warrant, & because she is poor she is not charged with the dues of the interval of time, but shall answer to the lord the King for this year of the value of the said land & from henceforth &c.

(M. 39 d.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of the parish of
St. Helier.

They present that the assize of bread & wine has been broken by the underwritten, to wit, Perrot Houdeyn, Jordan le Rous, Petronilla Estorment, Ralph Valpy, Ralph le Valen, William le Chapelleyn, Robinettlen, Laurence le Perchand, John le Rey, William Godel, Robert Perrer, Ralph de Quetteville, de Quetteville, Colin Morfoache, Philip le Mire, William Henard, Jordan de Soulemont, Madgris, Richard de Soulemont, Robert Madgris, Robert de Soulemont, William de Soulemont, Philip Jouet, Robert Gosselin, Colin Balliol, Peter Galienne, Morel le Fetiz, Michael Corbel, William Sampson, Colin le Motoun, Laurence Norbert, Jordan Mauger, Nicholas Mauger, Alan de la Rocque, William Warner, Peter Theffane, Guillot Borkete, Robert Cohon, Ralph de St. Gilles, Robert de la Rocque, Richard Morfoache, Engerard le Boulanger, William le Valeyn, Richard le Valeyn, Peter de Foer, Colin le Cras, Peter le Harel, Raulina la Magnenne, John Martin, Richard Foucher, Joan the wife of John de Soulemont, Peter le Collart, John de la Roche, Ralph Crespel, John Sampson, John Benest, William

Hastein, Galfrī Salamon, bolengarios. Et Scolasticam Osber, Lauř Perchard, Jordm Lempere, Guilm Norman, Colinū Juliene e Guilm le Caun tañnarios. Et Thomam Morfoach, Guilm Morfoach, Colinū Brussebarre, Jordm Brussebarre, Thomam des Augneres, Guilm le Segresteyn, Guilm Ayner, Beat'cem uř au Roy, Rađm Galien, Guilm le Petit, Guillotum le Bretoun, Petrum Piket, Guilm Columb, Rođtm le Bas, Rađm Ler, Pđm Pugnet, Pđm le Gentil, Pđm Godel, Margueř la Roseye, Pđm le Yait, Rađm Godel, Ričm Hastein, e Guilm Curteys, Ričm Lengleys, Pđm Lempere e Rođtm Godel bolengař e tañnarios. Et Rađm Chanlocit e Aliciam des Augneres bolengař. Iđo omes in mīa.

Presentant t qđ Pđus de Carfet e Galfr de Carfet e participes sui tenent quedā teñ de feodo Paynel que Rođtus de Melech tenuit ad tmiñ vite sue ex dimissione đni E. Reğ pat's tč et que Idm đns E. Rex dimisit Reginaldo de Carfet patri predcoř Pđi e Galfrī e ředibz suis tč ad feodi firmā pro LX^{ll} solvend đno Regi p anñ j ti cimini. Et pcipiunt de coitate pochie singlis annis xxvij^{ll} iiij s. iiij d.

Fumagiū pđce pochi valet cōibz annis viij li. Et qāndo fumagiū collegit^r Prior de Insuletto solitus est venire ad castrū e ibi p mañ receptoris pcipe fumağ receptū de tenentibz suis set nescunt quo wař. Et q, fumağ debet^r p moneta e tantomodo spectat ad đnm Regē. Iđo pphibet^r ne deceło ei solvat^r quousq, monstrařit wař tč.

Abbas de Schirburgh Petr^o de Sauzmareys tenentes řras que řřunt Rođti de Melesches et Abbas de Bellosana capiunt wreccū quilibet in feodo suo. Et řmīabit^r in quo wař tč.

Radus Lempere pticipes sui tenent de đno Rege j carucatā řre reddendo inde p anñ ad castrū đni R LX ř ad festū řci Pauli. Et

Hastein, Geoffrey Salamon, bakers; and Scolastica Osber, Laurence Perchard, Jordan Lemprière, William Norman, Colin Juliene & William le Caun, taverners. And Thomas Morfoache, William Morfoache, Colin Brussebarre, Jordan Brussebarre, Thomas des Augrez, William le Segresteyn, William Ayner, Beatrice the wife of Roy, Ralph Galien, William le Petit, Guillot le Breton, Peter Piket, William Columb, Robert le Bas, Ralph Ler, Philip Pugnet, Philip le Gentil, Philip Godel, Marguerite la Roseye, Philip le Yait, Ralph Godel, Richard Hastein & William Curteys, Richard Lengleys, Philip Lemprière & Robert Godel, bakers & taverners. And Ralph Chancelot & Alice des Augrez, bakers. Therefore all of them to be amerced.

They present also that Philip de Carteret & Geoffrey de Carteret & their partners hold certain tenements of the fee Paynel which Robert de Melèches held for the term of his life of the demise of the lord King E. the father &c., & which the same lord King E. demised to Reginald de Carteret father of the said Philip & Geoffrey, & to their heirs &c. in fee farm for 60 livres to be paid to the lord the King by the year [&] 1 lb. of cummin. And they receive of the commonalty of the parish each year 27 livres 4 sols 4 deniers.

The fumage of the said parish is worth one year with another 8 livres. And when the fumage is collected the Prior of the Islet is wont to come to the castle & there by the hands of the Receiver to take the fumage received from his tenants, but they do not know by what warrant. And because the fumage is owed in money & belongs only to the lord the King, therefore it is prohibited from being paid to him until such time as he shall show his warrant &c.

The Abbot of Cherbourg & Peter de Samarès holding the lands which were of Robert de Melèches & the Abbot of Bellozanne take wreck, each in his fee. And it is determined in the pleas of Quo Warranto &c.⁽¹⁾

Ralph Lemprière & his partners hold of the lord the King one carucate of land, paying therefor by the year at the castle of the lord the King 60 sols at the feast of St. Paul. And they owe full

(1) See pages 219—221.

debent plenū releviū cū acciderit. Idem Radus adiu est levavit unū columbare. Et pceptū fuit in aliis as̃ qđ ps̃neret^r t̃c. Et Radus modo veñ e dat dño Regi reddm uni⁹ lib̃ pipis p̃cipiend̃ singlis annis inppm̃ p sic qđ ipe e hedes sui gaudere possint colūbari illo salvo jure cuj⁹libet. Et admitt^r p eo qđ nō est ad nocumentū dñi Reg̃.

Petr⁹ Hamon e pticipes sui tenent de dno Rege xxx ac̃ fre e reddunt inde p anñ dno Regi v s̃ de franca greueria et residuū faciūt ad p̃dcm feod̃ de Melesches. Joñnes de Šco Elerio tenet de feodo Paynel modo de h̃edibz Galfri Kariet j carucatā terre et dec̃ eis releviū t̃c.

Presentant t̃ qđ Abbas de Bellesano habet in eoꝝ poch̃ xx libraī e xv solidaī redd̃s et reddm xvj q̃r̃fioꝝ f̃ri de quibz xij q̃r̃ sunt de molendio Wyiscard in pochia Šci Lauř. Et hoc f̃miuat^r in quo waranto.

Presentant t̃ qđ Radulp⁹ le Valeyn feč quoddam ostiū in domo sua indebite fsus tenementa Drogonis de Barantyno p quod exit⁹ ejusd̃ ostii est ad magnū dampñ e nocumentū ejusd̃ Drogoñ. Ido p̃dcm ostiū obstruatur e fiat in loco debito. Et p̃d̃cus Rad̃s sit in m̃ia.

Presentant t̃ qđ P̃hs Lempere dedit cuidam Emmelote Baudonette Bastarde unū mesuağ̃ continens v pticaī fre reddendo iude d̃co P̃ho e h̃edibz suis j bus̃ f̃ri j pañ j galliñ. Et ead̃m Emmelota feofavit de med̃ messuağ̃ illius Joñnem de Wynchel de Šco Salvatoř et obiit in seisina de residuo p quod medietas alia est escheta dño Regi. Et p̃d̃ Joñnes veñ e dič qđ p̃d̃cm mesuağ̃ satis carū est p p̃d̃co redditu. Et offert dño Regi reddm j capōñ p sic qđ possit tenere integre p̃d̃cm mesuağ̃. Et q̃ constat Cuř qđ mesuağ̃ illud satis carū est pro p̃d̃co redditu conceditur ei eod̃m modo quo petit.

relief when it shall occur. The same Ralph long ago erected a dove-cote & he was ordered in the previous assizes to pull it down &c. And Ralph now comes & gives to the lord the King the rent of one lb. of pepper to be taken every year for ever, so that he & his heirs may enjoy that dove-cote, saving the right of each. And it is allowed because it is not to the prejudice of the lord the King.

Peter Hamon & his partners hold of the lord the King 30 acres of land & they pay therefor annually to the lord the King 5 sols of free 'Greverie,' & the residue they make at the said fee of Melèches. John de St. Helier holds of the fee Paynel now belonging to the heirs of Geoffrey de Carteret one carucate of land & he owes them relief &c.

They present also that the Abbot of Bellozanne has in their parish 20 livres & 15 sols of rent & the rent of 16 quarters of wheat of which 12 quarters are of the mill Vicart in the parish of St. Laurence. And this is determined in the pleas of Quo Warranto.⁽¹⁾

They present also that Ralph le Valeyn fixed a certain door in his house without right towards the tenement of Drogo de Barentyn whereby the exit from the said door is to the great prejudice & damage of the said Drogo. Therefore let the said door be built up & made in the right place. And let the said Ralph be amerced.

They present also that Philip Lemprière gave to a certain Emmelota Baudonette, a bastard, one messuage containing 5 perches of land, she paying therefor to the said Philip & his heirs one bushel of wheat, one loaf & one hen. And the same Emmelota enfeoffed the moiety of that messuage to John de Vinchelez of St. Saviour & died in the seisin of the remainder, whereby the other moiety is escheated to the lord the King. And the said John comes & says that the said messuage is sufficiently dear at the said rent, & offers to the lord the King the rent of one capon so that he may hold wholly the said messuage. And because it appears to the Court that that messuage is sufficiently dear at the said rent it is granted to him as he claims.

(1) See page 284.

Et Juř duodene p plibz concelamentis in veredco suo die quibz
cōvicti fũunt coram Justiĉ p examinaĉoem in mĩa.

[Respice de remañ in dorso Rořli de poch Šce T'nitař.]

(M. 40.)

Adhuc de plifis Gorone de poch Šce T'nitatis.

Fressingfeld.

poch Šce T'nitatis veñ p xij.

Jereš

Juř pŕesentant qđ Phelipotus le Rous feĉ filiam Guilti Aymer cla
ha. Aymer feĉ Phm le Rous cla ha. Iđo fiant
inde emend. Et Riĉus Geoffrey de eo qđ ipe solitus
est cape panem e victualia e huj⁹modi furtive tĉ. Et idm
přsona et patet de eo in Rořlo delibaĉoe Gaof.

Presentant t qđ Colinus Aunerey in sequendo unũ agnũ casũ
fortuito cecidit decolle, et inde statim obiit, et
nullus inde malecr. Judm Infortunm.

Presentant t qđ Mathias Levesqe a xiiij annis elapsis abjuř In-
sulas p lotrocinio [et habuit] catalla pĉii xvj ř de quibz Jořnes de
Šco Martino đns řre iřius Mathie esĉi tĉ.

Presentant t qđ Radus du Bolloun solitus est coit trahere comu-
niř fideles hoies ex^a dominiũ đni Regi in Cuř xpianitatis apud Constanĉ
e alibi qui modo nō veñ. Iđo ipe in g^am mĩa.

Presentant t qđ Guiftus Blaunlok s⁹pensus fuit a vj annis elapsis
et fuit catalla pĉii LX ř debilis monete de quibz Jořnes de Newent
respondeř.

Presentant t qđ Osanna Blanlok adiu est abjuř Insulas et fuit
j virg řre unde đns Rex fuit anñ tĉ.

And the jury of 12 men for many concealments in their verdict of which they were convicted before the justices in examination to be amerced.

[For the remainder refer to the back of the roll of the parish of Holy Trinity.]

(M. 40.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of the parish of Holy Trinity.

Fressingfeld.

The parish of Holy Trinity comes by 12 men.

Jersey.

The jurors present that Phelipot le Rous caused the daughter of William Aymer to raise 'Haro.' Aymer caused Philip le Rous to raise 'Haro.' Therefore let them make amends therefor. And Richard Geoffrey [was indicted] for that he is wont to take bread & victuals & such like things by stealth &c. And the same [was committed] to prison & it appears concerning him in the roll of gaol delivery.

They present also that Colin Aunerey in following a lamb by accident fell from [and broke his] neck, & thereof immediately died, & no one is suspected thereof. Verdict : by misadventure.

They present also that Matthias Levesque 14 years ago abjured the islands for theft. [He had] chattels of the value of 16 sols of which John de St. Martin lord of the land of the said Matthias has the escheat &c.

They present also that Ralph du Bollon is generally wont to compel the King's lieges to appear out of the realm of the lord the King at the Ecclesiastical Court at Coutances & elsewhere ; who now does not come. Therefore he is to be heavily amerced.

They present also that William Blaunlok was hanged six years ago & had chattels of the value of 60 sols of poor money for which John de Newent shall answer.

They present also that Osanna Blanlok long ago abjured the islands & had one virgate of land whereof the lord the King had the year's enjoyment &c.

Presentant t̃ qđ dñs Rex flet in eoꝝ pochl de forisfactura relictę Hugōis Sarre xij ac̃ ĩre e valent p añ xij q̃r̃ ĩri. Et de Wiltmo Sarre de j virg̃ ĩre et de đi ac̃r cuj^odam Vivencie j q̃r̃ ĩri et flet ul̃tius de eisdem teñ j pañ e j galliñ. Iťm dicunt qđ fumagiũ istius pochl valet coĩbz annis cũ acciderit xj li. Dicunt t̃ qđ antiquis tempibz dñs Rex solebat poipe de molendino de Pounterryn et xxiiij ac̃ ĩre in ista pochl xxiiij q̃r̃ ĩri p añ que Abhissa de Cadomo nũc pcepit quo jure t̃c nesciunt. Et Guillus le Petit de Rosel e p̃ticipes sui tenent de dño Rege j carucaĩ ĩre e reddunt p añ v š et debet^r de p̃dca carucata plenũ releviũ cũ acciderit. Iťm dñs Rex flet in ista pochia espkeriam suam de Bouley.

Presentant t̃ qđ Guillus de Exclusa pcussit Joñem Broket cum quodam bacto sup dorsum. Ido ipe in m̃ia.

Presentant t̃ qđ ecchia istius pochl est de advocacōne Abbis de Schireburgh et Ep̃us Abriceñ heđ međ decime et idem Abbas flet duas ptes al̃tius medietatis et Abbas Šci Salvatoris ĩciam garbam t̃c.

Presentant t̃ qđ Ričus Bealheir, Rađus le Mouner, Colinus le Pyanet e Guillot^o Bealheir molendinarii flet falsas mensuř de quibz capiunt tioloniũ t̃c qui veñ e inde cōvicti puniũt^r p pilloriũ.

Presentant t̃ qđ as̃s panis e vini fracta p s̃bs'ptos videlt Radm Triguel, Ričm de Grouche, Stephm de Grouche, Guilm de Grouche, Peř Osanne, Ričm de Keytiuel, Ričm Godefrey, Rođtm le Cras de Capellaz, Guillotũ fil Ciole, Jordm Dauverne, Ričm de Cruce, Relictam Joñis Johan, Jordm Ascelyn e Ričm Antoigne bolengar. Et Radm Trigel, Radm le Mire, Peř de Bullone, Rođtm le Aungre, Gregoř le Feel la Mareise, Raulinũ de Sangreys, Guilm de Sangreys, Ričm de Cruce, Galřm Galicieu e Galřm du Mount Tañnarios. Ido om̃es in m̃ia.

They present also that the lord the King has in their parish of the forfeiture of the widow of Hugh Sarre 12 acres of land & they are worth by the year 12 quarters of wheat. And of William Sarre of one virgate of land & of half an acre of a certain Vivencia one quarter of wheat & has further of the same tenements one loaf & one hen. They also say that the fumage of this parish is worth one year with another when it shall occur 11 livres. They say also that in ancient times the lord the King was wont to receive of the mill of Ponterrin & 24 acres of land in this parish, 24 quarters of wheat by the year which the Abbess of Caen now receives, by what right &c. they know not. And William le Petit of Rosel & his partners hold of the lord the King one carucate of land & they pay by the year 5 sols & there is owing for the said carucate full relief when it shall occur. Also the lord the King has in this parish his esperkeria at Bouley.

They present also that William de l'Ecluse struck John Broket with a certain stick on his back. Therefore he is to be amerced.

They present also that the Church of this parish is of the advowson of the Abbot of Cherbourg, & the Bishop of Avranches has the moiety of the tithe & the same Abbot has 2 parts of the other moiety & the Abbot of St. Saviour the 3rd sheaf &c.

They present also that Richard Bealheir, Ralph le Mouner, Colin le Pyanet, & Guillot Bealheir, millers, have false measures by which they take toll &c. who come & being convicted thereof are punished by the pillory.

They present also that the assize of bread & wine is broken by the underwritten, to wit, Ralph Triguel, Richard de Gruchy, Stephen de Gruchy, William de Gruchy, Peter Ozaune, Richard de Quetteville, Richard Godefrey, Robert le Cras de la Chapelle, Guillot son of Ciola, Jordan d'Auverne, Richard de la Croix, the widow of John Johan, Jordan Ascelyn, & Richard Antoine, bakers; and Ralph Trigel, Ralph le Mire, Peter de Bullon, Robert le Aungre, Gregory le Feel, la Mareise, Raulin de Sangreys, William de Sangreys, Richard de la Croix, Geoffrey Galicien & Geoffrey du Mont, taverners. Therefore all of them to be amerced.

Presentant t̃ qđ Guiltus de Grouche feč citare Joñem de Barantino e Colinū de Laundes ex^r regnū tē in Cuř xpianitatis sine causa tē. Et capellanus de Cruce feč citare Pionet le Cras e relictam Joñnis le Lyoun apud Constañ e alibi sine causa tē. Ido ipe in mīa.

Presentant t̃ qđ Joñnes de clauso pcussit de pugno Dionisiam sororem suam unde cla ha. Ido ipe in mīa.

Presentant t̃ qđ post ultimas aās devenit ad wreccū j pecia ligni sup t̃ram dñi Reġ p̃cii xvij s̃ q̃m Guiltus Lengenour fuit qui respond.

Presentant t̃ qđ Petrus le Moigne adiu est s^opensus fuit a Wiltus Aubates simitr. Et fuerunt t̃ras unde dñs Rex fuit anñ tē et Joñnes de Barantyn dñs tē fuit eschetam tē.

Presentant t̃ qđ Henř de Šco Martino e p̃ticipes sui tenent j carucaĩ t̃re de dño Rege e debent plenū releviū tē. Et Rads Godel e p̃ticipes sui tenent quemđ feod de dño Rege quem Rads Payn quond tenuit e reddunt dño Regi p anñ xx s̃ de greveria. Et Wiltus Payn est antenatus de vij acr t̃re e di que deb releviū cū acciderit s. viij s̃ vj d. Et Wiltus des Augreys tenet de dño Rege teñ sua p šviciū essendi Pinčna dñi Reġ cū veñit in hāc Insulam et est releviū feodi des Augreys e alioz teñ de antiquo tē que ipe e p̃ticipes sui tenent vij li cū acciderit. Et idem Wiltus f̃ict garennam e Wreccū in t̃ris suis e t̃minat in quo Wař. It̃m carucata de Pount terryn unde Roštus Hubert tenet eynetiam debet h̃ere ij paria ferroz j limam e j marcellū e debent custodire p̃soñ dñi Reġ et debent tenentes ejusd feodi invenire p̃dca ferra linam e marcellū sumptibz suis tē.

They present also that William de Gruchy caused John de Barantin & Colin des Landes to be cited out of the realm &c. at the Ecclesiastical Court without cause &c. And the chaplain of the Cross caused Pionet le Cras & the widow of John le Lyon to be cited at Coutances & elsewhere without cause. Therefore they are to be amerced.

They present also that John du Clos struck Dionisia his sister with his fist, whereupon 'Haro' was raised. Therefore he is to be amerced.

They present also that since the last assizes there came of wreck one piece of wood on the land of the lord the King of the value of 18 sols, which William Lenginour had, who shall answer.

They present also that Peter le Moigne was hanged long ago, & William Aubates likewise. And they had lands whereof the lord the King had the year &c. And John de Barantyn the lord &c. had the escheat &c.

They present also that Henry de St. Martin & his partners hold one carucate of land of the lord the King & owe full relief &c. And Ralph Godel & his partuers hold a certain fee of the lord the King which Ralph Payn formerly held & they pay to the lord the King by the year 20 sols of 'Greverie.'⁽¹⁾ And William Payn was the former tenant⁽²⁾ of 7½ acres of land which owe relief when it shall occur, to wit, 8 sols 6 deniers. And William des Augrès holds of the lord the King his tenements by the service of being the butler of the lord the King when he shall come to this island & the relief of the fee of Augrès & of other tenements of old &c. which he & his partners hold, is 7 livres when it shall occur. And the same William has warren & wreck in his land & it is determined in the Quo Warranto. Also the carucate of Ponterrin whereof Robert Hubert possesses the primogeniture⁽³⁾ ought to have 2 pairs of fetters, one dagger & one hammer & they owe the service of keeping the prison of the lord the King & the tenants of the same fee ought to find the aforesaid fetters, dagger & hammer at their own costs &c.

(1) Husbandry service which vassals owe to the lord of the manor.

(2) Literally—'was the predecessor.'

(3) Eynetia or ainescia = droit d'ainesse.

(M. 40 d.) **Adhuc de p̄litis de Corona de pocht̄ Šce T̄nitaĩ.**

Presentant qđ Ričus le Aungre p injuriam suam feč Guifm
Nouel ha. cla. Ido ipe in m̄ia.

Presentant t̄ qđ Rohtus le Broket traxit fram de via regali sup
fram suam. Etus Mahie relevavit fossatum suũ de chimino
Reğ. Ido ipe in m̄ia.

Presentant t̄ qđ tenentes feodi as Grouchees debent fače unam
domũ in feodo illo ubi dñs Rex debet h̄re unũ ceppum ad custod
p'soĩ de pocht̄ Šci Joħnis Šci Lauřntii Šci Elerii e Šce T̄nitatis et
debet Rex invenire ceppũ illũ s̄z tenentes dñi Reğ de p̄dcis pocht̄
tenent' custodire p'sones t̄c.

Presentant t̄ qđ Galfr̄ Galicien feč citare Willm de Maresk ex^a
dominiũ Reğ apud Constanč in Cuř xp̄ianitatis. Ido ipe in g^avi m̄ia.

Et Juř duodene p p̄libz concelamentis in veredco suo de quibz
cōvicti s̄sunt coram Justič p examinačõem in m̄ia.

Pehonnett⁹ le Cras, Guifls Payn, Ričus lequrnel, Jord̄ Acelyn,
Rohtus Mauğ, Rohtus de Clusa, Rohtus Galee, Ričus Langele, Guifl
Lesmitey, Guifl P̄hi, Guifl Chivaler xj juř quibz Galfr̄ le Keu fuit
convictus⁽¹⁾ e Juř ut xij^o t̄c in Inquiš inf P̄hotam de Barantyn e
Henř de Šco Martino amořnt de se p̄dcem Galfr̄ qui Juř fuit corā
Justič e assumpserunt sibi p xij^o Will Galicien nō Juř sine scitu vt
licēcia Justič n^e aliam ročm sciverunt diče p se nisi qđ p̄dcs Galfr̄
noluit cōcordař cũ eis. Jō oĩes in m̄ia.

(1) For *convinctus*.

(M. 40 d.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of the parish of
Holy Trinity.

They present that Richard le Aungre by his wrongful act caused William Novel to raise 'Haro.' Therefore he is to be amerced.

They present also that Robert le Broket removed ground from the King's high-way on to his land. And Mahie rebuilt his hedge from the road of the King. Therefore he is to be amerced.

They present also that the tenants of the fee of the Gruchys must provide a house in that fee where the lord the King ought to have one pair of stocks for the custody of the prisoners of the parishes of St. John, St. Laurence, St. Helier & Holy Trinity, & the King ought to find those stocks, but the tenants of the lord the King of the aforesaid parishes are bound to keep the prisoners &c.

They present also that Geoffrey Galicien caused William du Marais to be cited out of the realm of the King at Coutances in the Ecclesiastical Court. Therefore he is to be heavily amerced.

And the jury of 12 for many concealments in their verdict of which they were convicted before the Justices in examination, to be amerced.

Pehonnett le Cras, William Payn, Richard Lequrnel, Jordan Acelyn, Robert Mauger, Robert de l'Ecluse, Robert Galie, Richard Langele, William Lesmitey, William Philip, William Chevalier, 11 jurors with whom Geoffrey le Keu was joined & sworn as the 12th &c, in the inquisition between Philota de Barantyn & Henry de St. Martin removed from themselves the aforesaid Geoffrey who was sworn before the Justices & took to themselves for the 12th William Galicien, who was not sworn, without the knowledge & license of the Justices, nor can they give any excuse for themselves except that the said Geoffrey did not wish to agree with them. Therefore all of them to be amerced.

Adhuc de reman de poch̃ Sci Elerii.

Comptum est p Roilos P̃hi le Evesk̃ Balli qđ Jords Lempere insultavit Willm Lenginour faciendo ei plag̃ e sang̃nem qui veñ e feč finem p p̃dca t̃ns p XL s̃ pp̃tm P̃hi le Evesk̃. Et t̃ comptū est qđ Ričus Corbel noctañ insultavit Guiltm Columb e fregit tabardū suū unde ha cla. Et qđ Robtus le Bas Junior ṽbavit Phelipotū Bordař Reg̃ noctañ unde ha cla. Ido fiant inde emend̃.

Comptum est p Roilos ejusđ Balli qđ Račus le Harel ṽbavit in crespisco noctis Step̃m le Breton cū acabliamento e sang̃ne, unde ha cla. Et p̃dcs Račs veñ & feč finem p p̃dca t̃ns p xxx s̃. Et t̃ comptū est p eosđ Roilos qđ Petronilla uxor Gilti Columb p ebrieta-tem inposuit Jord̃ le Serk in tabna p̃dci Guilti qđ voluit asportasse quend̃ cip̃h argenteñ et postea inde retraxit se e fečunt pacē adin- vicem sine licencia. Ido ułq; eoꝝ in m̃ia. Et p̃dcs Guiltis feč finem p uxe sua p x s̃ pp̃tm Galfri Galicien. Et Jords feč finem p xij s̃ pp̃tm Henř de Šco Martino.

Comptum est t̃ p Roilos ejusđ Balli qđ Guiltis des Aungreys Joñnes de Wyncheles e P̃hus de Wyncheles ṽbařunt Raolinam la Maynene e ip̃am acabliařunt uñ sang̃s e ha cla. Et p̃dci Guiltis Joñnes e P̃hus veñ e fečunt finem p p̃dca t̃ns videli p̃dcs Guiltis p xxxviij s̃ et Joñnes p xxxviij s̃ pp̃tm Guilti Payn. Et P̃hus p xxxviij s̃ pp̃tm Guilti Payn d̃ci clici. Et t̃ comptū est p eosđ Roilos qđ Joñnes Columbamy ṽbavit noctañ Guiltm Columb cognatū suū e ip̃m acab- liavit uñ plaga sang̃s e ha cla. Ido fač inde emend̃ et taxant̃ p juř ad Liiij s̃.

Comptum est p Roilos ejusdem Balli qđ Wilts Crespel pcussit uñem Jordi Perchart de quod lapid̃ in capite faciendo ei plag̃ e

Continuation of the remainder of the parish of St. Helier.

It is found by the rolls of Philip l'Evesque Bailiff that Jordan Lemprière assaulted William Lenginour wounding him & drawing blood, who came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression by 40 sols by the pledge of Philip l'Evesque. And it is also found that Richard Corbel by night assaulted William Columb & tore his tunic whereupon 'Clameur de Haro' was raised. And that Robert le Bas, junior, struck Phelipot, a 'bordier' of the King, by night whereupon 'Haro' was raised. Therefore let them make amends therefor.

It is found by the rolls of the same Bailiff that Ralph le Harel struck in the twilight Stephen le Breton by throwing him down & drawing blood, whereupon 'Haro' raised. And the aforesaid Ralph came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression by 30 sols. And it is also found by the same rolls that Petronilla wife of William Columb on the plea of drunkenness detained Jordan le Serk in the tavern of the said William because he wished to carry away a certain silver cup, & afterwards she withdrew therefrom & they mutually arranged the matter without license. Therefore both of them to be amerced. And the aforesaid William compounded for his wife by 10 sols by the pledge of Geoffrey Galicien. And Jordan compounded by 12 sols by the pledge of Henry de St. Martin.

It is also found by the rolls of the same Bailiff that William des Augrès, John de Vinchelez & Philip de Vinchelez struck Raulina la Maynene & threw her down whereupon blood flowed & 'Haro' raised. And the aforesaid William, John & Philip came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression, to wit, the aforesaid William by 38 sols, & John by 38 sols, by the pledge of William Payn, & Philip by 38 sols by the pledge of William Payn called the clerk. And it is also found by the same rolls that John Columbamy by night struck William Columb his kinsman & threw him down whereupon wounds, blood, & 'Haro' raised. Therefore let them make amends therefor & they are taxed by the jurats at 54 sols.

It is found by the rolls of the same Bailiff that William Crespel struck the wife of Jordan Perchard with a certain stone on her head inflicting on her a wound & drawing blood, whereupon 'Haro' raised.

sang^lnem uñ ha cla. Et p̄dcus Wilts nō veñ. Ido Rads Norman, Rads Crespel senior, Rads Crespel Junior e Guilts de Laik qui ip̄m manucep̄ in g^m mīa.

Comptum est p Roīlos ejusd qđ Jord le Rous alias querebat de Guillo Riuere de furco unius capucii et appleg ad has as̄s modo nō vult psequi. Iō ip̄e in mīa. Comptū est t̄ p Roīlos ejusd qđ Lucas Martin cepit quasđ garbas vi quas p^lus vendiderat Guillo Abaffaleyse unde ha cla. Iō ip̄e in mīa.

Mathius le Loreour Vič t̄c p̄sentat qđ cū ip̄e p̄cepisset P̄ho le Bacotel bordario t̄c qui tenet bordagiū suū quod fuit Pet^o Seirre p sviciū suspendendi lat^ones e huj^o viliū svicioz qđ ip̄e posset Ricm fit Galfri sup pilloriū p p̄ceptū Justič hic t̄c p̄dc̄s P̄hus illa fače noluit dicens manifeste se nolle huj^o sviciū fače. Iō ip̄e in mīa. Et bordagiū cap^r in mañ dñi Reğ t̄c. Postea veñ Rohtus Crespel Junior qui desponsavit unam fiedū p̄dci Pet^l e peī p̄dcm bord sibi libari p p̄dcm sviciū p eo faciend e offert secuī t̄c. Et concedit^r ei pp̄m p̄dci Vič. Et supponit sitir totam terram nōie secuī t̄c.

(M. 41.)

Adhuc de p̄litis de Corona.

pochia Šci Salvatoris veñ p xij.

Jerseye.

Juī p̄santant qđ Petr^o de Šco Clemente s^opensus fuit p latrocinio a duobz annis elapsis. [Habuit] catalla ad valenč xij libraz debīt monete de quodam debito qđ Humfridus de la Faleise de quibz P̄hus Levesque balis qui illas recepit respondebit. Et Ričus filius Riči Dru et Ričm a diu s^opensi f̄fūt et nō f̄uerunt f̄ras nec catalla. Et Ričus de la Hoge a x annis elapsis [suspensus] fuit p latrocinio et non f̄uit catalla set de f̄ra ejus patet in dorso roīi.

And the aforesaid William did not come. Therefore Ralph Norman, Ralph Crespel senior, Ralph Crespel junior, & William de Lecq who bailed him to be heavily amerced.

It is found by the rolls of the same that Jordan le Rous at another time accused William Rivere of the theft of a cap & it was remanded to these assizes. He does not now wish to prosecute. Therefore he is to be amerced. It is also found by the rolls of the same that Luke Martin took by force certain sheaves which before that he had sold to William Abatfalaïse whereupon 'Haro' raised. Therefore he is to be amerced.

Matthew le Loreour, Viscount &c. presented that whereas he commanded Philip le Bacotel, bordier &c. who holds his bordage which belonged to Peter Seirre by the service of hanging thieves & of such mean services, that he should put Richard son of Geoffrey in the pillory by the order of the Justices here &c. the aforesaid Philip would not do it, saying openly that he would not do this service. Therefore he is to be amerced. And the bordage is taken into the hands of the lord the King &c. Afterwards came Robert Crespel junior who married one of the heirs of the aforesaid Peter & prays that the aforesaid bordage may be re-delivered to him on condition that the aforesaid service be performed by him & he offers security &c. And it is granted to him by the pledge of the aforesaid Viscount. And he pledged likewise the whole of the land by way of security &c.

(M. 41.)

Continuation of the pleas of the Crown.

The parish of St. Saviour comes by 12 men.

Jersey. The jurors present that Peter de St. Clement was hanged for theft 2 years ago. [He had] chattels to the value of 12 livres of poor money consisting of a certain debt that Humphrey de la Falaise [owed him] of which Philip Levesque Bailiff who received the same shall answer. And Richard son of Richard Dru & Richard were hanged a long time ago & they had neither lands nor chattels. And Richard de la Hougue was [hanged] 10 years ago for theft, & he had no chattels, but it appears concerning his land on the back of the roll.

Clemencia La Baffarde s^opensa fuit ab octo annis elapsis non
fuit t^{ra}m hedita^r set fuit q^{ndā} archam e unam patella p^{ci}i v^s de
q^{ibz} hedes Petri Espiart respondebunt.

Dñs Rex h^t de forisfactura t^{re} Radi Galter qui abju^r Insulas
v^vga^t ter^r que valent p annu ij q^r fri. Et de Riço le Dru qui simi^r
abju^r t^c iij v^vga^t t^{re}. Et valent p ann^u ij bus^s f^ri. Et de t^{ra} Thome
Briard s^opensi unam v^vgatam t^{re} que valet p ann^u iij ca^b f^ri. Et p
mañ Radi Dru p iij virga^t t^{re} de t^{ra} i^pius Thome que p Justi^c libate
f^lūt p^d Ra^do p ix ca^b f^ri de quibz viij ca^b remañ i^pe Ra^do p j q^r
f^ri de redditu quē idem Ra^ds emit de p^dco Thoma dū fidel fuit et
ca^b residuus re^m d^{no} Regi et respon^d d^{no} Regi de arre^r viij anno^r t^c
unde Rex decept^o fuit t^c q^u i^m valuit t^{ra} sibi libata ult^a p^{cm} t^c.

Jordanus Pasqer a diu est abju^r insulas et fuit duas v^vgatas t^{re}
in feodo de Melechis unde Rex fuit annū e diem t^c. Et dñs p^dci
feodi esch^etam.

Dñs Rex h^t de esch^eteta de Hawysia Wautier bastarda di virga^t
t^{re} que valet p annū j ca^b f^ri. Et de P^ho Pitory Bastardo iij v^vga^t
t^{re} cum una domo que valent p annū xij ca^b f^ri. Et de Jo^hne filii
Rob^ti le Rous fugit^o j virgatam t^{ra} que valet p ann^u ij bz f^ri.

Presentant t^c q^d dñs Rex pcipit in eo^r parochia de firma p ann^u
ad paschⁱ ix li viij s iij d ad f^m S^ci Pauli in estate ix li viij s iij d.
Et ad f^m S^ci Michⁱs ix li xij s iij d. Et debent tenentes dñi Re^g in
d^{ca} parochⁱ fa^{ce} caria^g dñi Re^g de vino feno e busca capi^{en}do p qua-
libz carectata ij d. Habet t^c id^m dñs Rex in d^{ca} pochia ij molendia
aquatica que valent coibz annis LX li. Et debent tenentes ma^gri P^hi
de Cheny sectam ad molendinū dñi Re^g de Malassis ter p annū ad
molendū s. ad Naⁱ. Paschⁱ et ad f^m S^ci Michⁱs et debent invenire

Clemencia La Baffarde was hanged 8 years ago & had no land of inheritance but she had a certain chest & one pan of the value of 5 sols for which the heirs of Peter Espiart shall answer.

The lord the King has of the forfeiture of the land of Ralph Gautier who abjured the islands 5 virgates of land which are worth per annum 2 quarters of wheat ; & of Richard le Dru who likewise abjured &c. 3 virgates of land & they are worth per annum 2 bushels of wheat ; & of the land of Thomas Briard who was hanged one virgate of land which is worth per annum 3 measures of wheat ; & by the hands of Ralph Dru for 2 virgates of land of the land of the said Thomas which were leased by the justices to the said Ralph for 9 measures of wheat, of which 8 measures remain to the said Ralph, on account of one quarter of wheat of the rent which the same Ralph bought of the said Thomas while he was faithful & the other measure remains to the lord the King & he shall answer to the lord the King for the arrears of 8 years &c. whereof the King was defrauded &c. because the land leased to him was worth so much besides the aforesaid &c.

Jordan Pasquier long ago abjured the islands & had 2 virgates of land in the fee of Melèches whereof the King had the year & the day &c., and the lord of the aforesaid fee the escheat.

The lord the King has of the escheat of Hawysia Vautier a bastard half a virgate of land which is worth per annum one measure of wheat ; & of Philip Pitory a bastard 4 virgates of land with a house which are worth per annum 13 measures of wheat ; & of John son of Robert le Rous a fugitive one virgate of land which is worth per annum 2 bushels of wheat.

They present also that the lord the King receives in their parish of farm by the year at Easter 9 livres 8 sols 4 deniers, at the feast of St. Paul in summer 9 livres 8 sols 4 deniers, & at the feast of St. Michael 9 livres 12 sols 4 deniers. The tenants of the lord the King in the said parish owe to the lord the King the carriage of his wine, hay & firewood, taking for each cartload 2 deniers. The lord the King also has in the same parish 2 water mills which are worth one year with another 60 livres. And the tenants of Master Philip de Cheny owe suit at the mill of the lord the King at Malassis three times a year for grinding, to wit, at Christmas, Easter & Michaelmas,

maeremiū petras e coopturā ad dēm molend et Rex acq'etare carpen-
tariā et invenire melas e ferrū. Percipit t̃ dñs Rex fumagiū de tribz
annis in tres annos et valet coibz annis quando accidit xj li x s. Per-
cipit t̃ dñs Rex de Roſto le Paumer p añ ad Naĩ ij capoñ ij galliñ
p j pecia marisci que cōtinet x pticatas. Et de Nicño le Gernetier
e partiū suis pro quadam alia pecia ij galliñ et ij d ad Naĩ. Et ad
Pasch xxx ova j d. Et de hedibz Petri du Ruel ad Naĩ. ij galliñ ij d.
Et ad Pasch xxx ova. Et Jords de la Hoge e pticipes sui tenent
libe e debent sectam ad iij p'ncipales Cuĩ dñi Reġ p annū sine suĩ.

Presentant t̃ qđ Pñus de Carfet e Galfr̃ fraĩ ejus raçōne comīs-
sionis fraz fce patri eoꝝ de tenementis que Roſtus de Melech tenuit
ad fmiñ vite de forisfcura Thome Paynel p̃cipiunt p añ de fra de la
Charuee Dyne xxxviij s de firma e greveria. Et de la Charuee des
Gorges xxx s.

Presentant t̃ qđ ecclia p̃dcte parochie sita est in feodo Abbisse
de Cadm̃ set Archidiacoñ Constañ illam tenet e valet coibz annis
xx li.

Petr^o du Val e Wilts du Val tenent x v'gaĩ fre p bordaġ e sviciū
inde faciend̃ t̃c. Et reddunt nichilomin^o ad predcam̃ firma ij s. vj d.

Presentant t̃ qđ Wilts Vaudyn feč injuriam Roſto le Lorour
unde ha cla qui modo nō veñ. Ido in m̃ia.

Presentant t̃ qđ Guillimota filia Wilti Fale etatis xij annoꝝ
inventa fuit s̃mersa in puteo Jordani de la Hoge nullus inde malec^r.
Judm̃ Infortuñ.

Presentant t̃ qđ Roſtus Sibille senior solit^o est façe citare fideles
hoies dñi Reġ ex^r Insulas maliçose qui veñ e convict^o est de majori

& they ought to find timber, stones & covering for the said mill & the King ought to discharge the carpentering & find the mill-stones & the iron. The lord the King also receives fumage every three years & it is worth one year with another when it shall occur 11 livres 10 sols. The lord the King also receives of Robert le Paumer yearly at Christmas 2 capons & 2 hens for one piece of marsh-land which contains 10 perches; & of Nicholas le Gernetier & his partners for a certain other piece 2 hens & 2 deniers at Christmas, & at Easter 30 eggs & one denier; & of the heirs of Peter du Ruel at Christmas 2 hens & 2 deniers; & at Easter 30 eggs. And Jordan de la Hougue & his partners are free tenants & owe suit at the 3 principal courts of the lord the King annually without summons.

They present also that Philip de Carteret & Geoffrey his brother by reason of the grant of the lands made to their father of the tenements which Robert de Melèches held for the term of his life of the forfeiture of Thomas Paynel receive by the year of the land of the Carucate Dyne 38 sols of farm & 'greverie' & of the Carucate des Gorges⁽¹⁾ 30 sols.

They present also that the Church of the aforesaid parish is situated in the fee of the Abbess of Caen but the Archdeacon of Coutances holds it & it is worth one year with another 20 livres.

Peter du Val & William du Val hold 10 virgates of land by bordage & performing the service thereof &c. And they pay nevertheless to the aforesaid⁽²⁾ 2 sols 6 deniers as farm.

They present also that William Vaudin did an injury to Robert le Lorour whereupon 'Haro' raised, who now does not come. Therefore he is to be amerced.

They present also that Guillimota daughter of William Fale of the age of 12 years was found drowned in the well of Jordan de la Hougue; nobody being suspected thereof. Verdict: by misadventure.

They present also that Robert Sibelle senior is wont maliciously to cause the subjects of the lord the King to be cited out of the islands,

(1) Bagot. (2) Abbess of Caen.

pte tē. Ido committit' p'sone. Et Thoñ Hugñ clicus simitr fač citare tē e jam p v annos malicōse fatigavit Floriam Chapelein. Et Petr° Poindestre similr et feč malicōse citari Robtū Aleyn e Joñm de Caleys coram Judicibz delegatis. Et Ričus Poubele simitr feč citare Petrū le Telier apđ Constanč malicōse et ad magnos labores e ad magna custagia cont' coēs inhibiçōes tē qui nō veñ. Ido capiantur cum veñint. Et Vič cap in mañ dñi Regē terras e teñ tē. Et fuit mīa. Postea delata fuit hic qđ fra ad sectam pđci Petr° Poindestre ad suñ Balñm e ptes alios Insule qđ forent corā conservatoř p'vitiōz uniŕsitať Parisi tē ad respond de t'nñs hic fēis tē. Et Juř dicūt qđ illđ fit p abettū e pcur Joñe sororis e ptcipis ipius Pet'. Iō fra eoř cū cañ reñ in mañ dñi h q'usq, tē s. iij q'rī ordi de vestuř [de] ij virg ĩre pēii xxiiij s j vacč pč xxv s, xij biđ pč xxiiij s minuta in domo pč x s j acř ĩre q vť p añ vj cač fri. ĩm in poch Šci Clemētis.

Presentant t qđ Wilts filius Emmelote la Barbine puer đidii anni jacens in bercia dimissus fuit sine custodia in domo ipius Emmelote et quidam canis Thomase des Vaus inveniēs capť pđci pūi unctū de Grassa corrodit capť pueri usq, ad cerebrum unde statim obiit nullus alius inde malec' et sepult° fuit sine scitu vť visu balñi qui loco coronatoris est tē. Ido tota pochia in mīa. Et predca Thomasia cuj° canis tē in mīa. Et predca Emmelota simitr in mīa.

Presentant t qđ Jords Crespel ab xj annis elapsis s°pensus fuit p furto j jumenti. Et habuit v virg ĩre in feodo de Melesches unde dñs Rex ĩuit annū e vastū. Et heredes Regiñ de Carřet ĩent esch.

Presentant t qđ molendinař molend de Malasys levařunt quandā nova custumā et testatū est tē qđ molendinař de aliis molend siř levařunt tē. [Mandatum est] Balñ q'm vič qđ sollempniř e publice aliqo petat vť extorqueat ab aliq° mo..... q'etū tē.

who comes & is convicted by the greater part &c. Therefore he is committed to prison ; & Thomas Hugh, clerk, likewise caused to be cited &c. and now for 5 years has maliciously troubled Floria Chapelein ; & Peter Poingdestre likewise & he maliciously caused Robert Aleyn & John de Caleys to be cited before the Justices delegated ; & Richard Poubele likewise maliciously caused Peter le Telier to be cited at Coutances, & at much trouble & at great costs contrary to the general inhibitions &c., who did not come. Therefore let them be arrested when they shall come. And let the Viscount take into the hands of the lord the King the lands & tenements &c. he was amerced. Afterwards there was brought here a certain letter at the suit of the aforesaid Peter Poingdestre to summon the Bailiff & many others of the island to be before the conservators of the privileges of the university of Paris⁽¹⁾ &c. to answer for the transgressions here done &c. And the jurors say that that is done by the abetment & procurement of Joan the sister & partner of the said Peter. Therefore their lands with their chattels shall remain in the hands of the lord the King until &c., to wit, 3 quarters of barley of the crop of 2 virgates of land value 24 sols, one cow value 25 sols, 12 sheep value 24 sols, sundries in the house value 10 sols, & one acre of land which is worth by the year 6 measures of wheat. Also in the parish of St. Clement.

They present also that William son of Emmelota la Barbine a child of half a year old lying in the cradle was left alone in the house of the said Emmelota & a certain dog of Thomasa des Vaux finding the head of the said child anointed with grease gnawed the head of the child to the brain whereof it dièd immediately ; nobody else is suspected thereof & he was buried without the knowledge or view of the Bailiff who acts as coroner &c. Therefore the whole parish to be amerced. And the aforesaid Thomasa whose dog &c. to be amerced. And the aforesaid Emmelota likewise to be amerced.

They present also that Jordan Crespel was hanged 11 years ago for the theft of a mare. [He had] a virgate of land in the fee of Melèches, whereof the lord the King had the year & waste. And the heirs of Reginald de Carteret have the escheat.

They present also that the millers of the mill of Malassis introduced a certain new custom & it is witnessed &c. that the millers of other mills likewise introduced [It is commanded] to the Bailiff as well as to the Viscount that solemnly & publicly any who shall seek or extort from any quit &c.

(1) See Special Note following Errata.

(M. 41 d.)

Adhuc de pochia Šci Salvatoria.

Presentant t̃ qđ Robtus Gichart e Petř Piket noctant^r pessime
murdriaverūt Thomam Doneuand e Olivam uřem ejus unde Balis
e alii Ministri đni Ređ ptes fecerūt inquis e neminē inde venerunt
culpabil̃ licet fēm illud fuisset vilissimū e pessimū. Idō tota pochia
p̃ter Juř in mīa. Postea p̃dcus Petř reddidit se p̃sone et q'etat^o est
sicut patet alibi. Et Robtus nō veñ. Idō eřg^r e utlag^r. Et catalla
ejus in poch̃ Šci Elerii blađ semīař ad campťu und̃ ppars ejus xv š.
Et in pochia Šci Salvatoria řm semīař ad valorem vij cař ři et ordiñ
ad valorem iiij cař ordi et de siliğ ad valorem iiij q̃rř siliğ e di et de
piš ad valorem iiij cař piš et de fař ad valorem vj cař fař. Idem
fuit j vacē e ij vituř p̃cii xxx š et x bidenř p̃cii xx solid̃. Idem fuit
řram hereditarie s. v virğ řre quaz que valet p annū ij cař ři fuit t̃
j parcellā e j archā p̃cii vj š j ruscā p̃cii iiij š j miscariū ad teland̃ p̃c
v š de quibz Mathus le Loreour Vič e p̃poitus ejusđ vill respond̃.

Presentant t̃ qđ assisa panis e vini fracta est p infrascriptos
videlř p Robtum le Lorour, Petrum du Val, Godeřm le Lyoun, Colinū
le pdomme, Lauř řrem ejus, Guillotū le Rous, Perrotam Payen, Mar-
giam Paien, Rađm Moraunt, Robtū Geffř, Ričm Lengleys, Rađm
Brusebarre, Edm̃ Guyot, Guillm̃ Huřt, Ričm le Mussoun, Guillm̃
Palot, Robtum Poleyn, Jořnem Esclenke, Ričm Esclenke, Ričm Gilb̃t,
Guillm̃ Barbey, Petrum Poleyn, Guillm̃ Estur, Guillm̃ le Seneschal,
Robtum Godel, Guilbtum Resoun, Jořnem le Marsaille seniore, m,
Petrū Mahaud, Colinū Guyot, Guiffm̃ Pigou, Haul, Raulinam
Poleyn, bolengar̃. Et Galiotā la Normand, Robtum le Gerentier,
Rađm le Fevere, Julianam Laloel, Petrū Poindestre, Colinū de la
Hoge, Thom̃ Hugh, Lauř Loisel, Ričm le Fevere, Jořnem Ayer, Beatcem

(M. 41 d.)

Continuation of the parish of St. Saviour.

They present also that Robert Gichart & Peter Piket by night most cruelly murdered Thomas Donevand & Olive his wife whereupon the Bailiff & the other officers of the lord the King made many inquisitions, & those guilty thereof never came although that deed was most brutal & cruel. Therefore the whole parish except the jurors to be amerced. Afterwards the aforesaid Peter gave himself up to prison & was acquitted as it appears elsewhere. And Robert did not come. Therefore he is banished & outlawed. And his chattels in the parish of St. Helier [consist of] corn sown on shares⁽¹⁾ whereof his share is 15 sols, & in the parish of St. Saviour wheat sown to the value of 7 measures of wheat & barley to the value of 4 measures of barley & rye to the value of 4½ quarters of rye & of peas to the value of 4 measures of peas & of beans to the value of 6 measures of beans. He had also one cow & 2 calves value 30 sols & 10 sheep value 20 sols; also land of inheritance, to wit, 5 virgates of land, whereof each is worth by the year 2 measures of wheat; he had also one plate & one chest value 6 sols, one tub value 4 sols, one loom⁽²⁾ for weaving value 5 sols of which Matthew le Loreour Viscount & the Provost of the said village shall answer.

They present also that the assize of bread & wine is broken by the underwritten, to wit, by Robert le Lorour, Peter du Val, Godfrey le Lyon, Colin le Prud'homme, Laurence, his brother, Guillot le Rous, Perrota Payn, Margery Payn, Ralph Mourant, Robert Geffrey, Richard Lengleys, Ralph Brussebarre, Edmund Guyot, William Hubert, Richard le Musson, William Palot, Robert Poleyn, John Esclenke, Richard Esclenke, Richard Gilbert, William Barbey, Peter Poleyn, William Estur, William le Seneschal, Robert Godel, Gilbert Reson, John le Marsaille, senior, Peter Mahaud, Colin Guyot, William Pigou, Havel, Raulina Poleyn, bakers; and Galiota la Normande, Robert le Gerentier, Ralph le Fevre, Juliana Lalvel, Peter Poingdestre, Colin de la Hougue, Thomas Hugh, Laurence Loisel, Richard le Fevre, John Ahier, Beatrice Maihu, Guillimota la Roseye, Ralph Ammeline,

(1) *Campartum* = the right of the lord to take a certain share of the crop.

(2) *Miscarium* for *misterium*, French *métier*.

Maihu, Guillimotā la Roseye, Rađm Ammeline, Duoꝝ Lenglesche, Thoñ Cokerel, Pñm Lustlagne, Ranulphñm Gautier, Guillotū Baroun, Pñm Payn, Michñm Payn e Dioniš uñem Graie, tañnarios. Et Rađm Barbey, Ričm le Loreour, Willm Cokerel, Joñ la Marselle Junior e Hobbedot bolengař e tañnarios. Ido oñes in mīa.

Presentant t̃ qđ Robtus Horman feč p̃presturam de chimino Reğ p quodd fossatū ppe f̃ram suam. Et Guiltis Astele, Guiltis Mahu, Radus Parey, Rads le Harel, Guiltis Chapelleyn, e Joñnes de la Faleise consimitr. Et Robtus Guichart cepit de f̃ra in chimino Reğ latiř viij ped e long x pticař ad faciend fossatū suū. Et Jords le Rous post ultimas as̃ p̃prestavit de cōa Reğ latiř ij ped e long j ptič e đi. Et Wiltis Alisaundre feč fossatū in chimino Reğ sꝝ illud petravit ante as̃. Ido oñes in mīa.

Ričus Poyle qui alias coram Bařfo e Juř Reğ convictus fuit de eo qđ abduxit Mabillam uñem Gilbti le Blaunk cum bonis suis e plura g̃vamina sibi intulit veñ et feč finem p̃ pđca t̃ñs p xx li et teñ sua capiant̃ in mañ Reğ loco securitatis et corp^o suū remaneat in p̃sona quousq, securitatē inveřsit.

Ričus de la Hoge qui s̃pensus fuit put patet infra Rotñm fuit de liřa f̃ra simut cū iiij^{or} f̃ribꝝ e tribꝝ sororibꝝ xij virğ f̃re unde in feodo Reğ iij virğ f̃re e đi que valent p annū x cař f̃ri e đi et est p̃pars pđci Riči de integro j virğ f̃re e đi e q̃nta ps đi virğ quaz virğ valet p annū iij cař f̃ri que remañ đno Regi ut escheta tč. Et pticipes sui respond đno Regi de ar̃ a tempe s̃p̃eñ tč p eo qđ nūq̃ antea f̃fuit in mañ đni Reğ et decefo respondeat̃ đno Regi de valore pđce eschete.

Presentant t̃ qđ đns Rex het de cōn ad domū Guilti Hardoyñ vj virğ f̃re. Et ad doñu Ranulphi Toytyn iiij virğ. Et a maufant viij virğ. Et s̃b domo Parey j virğ.

Duce l'Anglaise, Thomas Cokerel, Philip Lustlagne, Ranulph Gautier, Guillot Baron, Philip Payn, Michael Payn & Dionise the wife of Gray, taverners; and Ralph Barbey, Richard le Loreour, William Cokerel, John la Marselle, junior, & Hobbedot, bakers & taverners. Therefore all of them to be amerced.

They present also that Robert Horman made an encroachment on the King's road by a certain hedge near his land. And William Astele, William Mahu, Ralph Parey, Ralph le Harel, William Chappelley & John de la Falaise likewise. And Robert Guichart took of the land in the King's road in breadth 8 feet & in length 10 perches to make his hedge. And Jordan le Rous since the last assizes encroached on the common of the King 2 feet in breadth & $1\frac{1}{2}$ perches in length. And William Alexandre made a hedge in the King's road but demolished it before the assizes &c. Therefore all of them to be amerced.

Richard Poyle who at another time before the Bailiff & the Jurats of the King was convicted for that he abducted Mabel the wife of Gilbert le Blanc with his goods & did him many injuries came & compounded for the aforesaid transgressions by 20 livres, & let his tenements be taken into the hands of the King by way of security, & his body shall remain in prison until he shall find security.

Richard de la Hougue, who was hanged as it appears in the roll, had of free land together with 4 brothers & 3 sisters, 12 virgates of land whereof in the fee of the King $3\frac{1}{2}$ virgates of land which are worth per annum $10\frac{1}{2}$ measures of wheat, & the share of the aforesaid Richard of the whole is $1\frac{1}{2}$ virgates of land & the 5th part of half a virgate, whereof a virgate is worth by the year 3 measures of wheat, which remain to the lord the King as escheats &c. And his partners shall answer to the lord the King for the arrears from the time of the hanging &c. for that it was never before in the hands of the lord the King & from henceforth let it be accounted for to the lord the King for the value of the said escheat.

They present also that the lord the King has of common near the farm of William Hardoyn 6 virgates of land; & near the farm of Ranulph Tortyn 4 virgates; & in Maufant 8 virgates; & near the farm of Parey one virgate.

Presentant t̃ qđ Guills Waudyn feč Robt̃m le Loreour ha cla qđ noluit solʒe sibi iiij đ p repačone cuj^odam chimini. Ido ipe in m̃ia.

Presentant t̃ qđ ecclie istius pochie sita est sup feodum Abbisse de Cadomo et est de advocačoe capitti Constancieñ e valet coibz XLviiij li.

Et Juř duodene p plibz concelamentis in veredco suo de quibz cōvicti f̃funt corā Justič p examinačoe in m̃ia.

Comptum est p Rořlos Phi le Evesk Balti qđ Joñne Beneyt Thomas Hugoun e Gilbtus le Vassal invenientes Ričm le Peile noctanř in domo Phi Morin cū uxe Gilbti le Blank ipm vbařunt e asptařunt tabardū suū e suptunicale suū in testimoniū invenčois. Ido fiant inde emend dño Regi. Et t̃ comptū est qđ Galfrus le Coker insultavit noctanř Guiltm řrem suū faciendo ei plağ e sang'nem qui veñ e finē fecit p xxx š pplm Radi Payn Carpentař. Comptū est p eosdem Rořlos qđ Joñnes Direuand insultavit noctanř Guillotū Foket in domo sua e vbařit uxem suam. Et qđ idem Joñes vbařit noctanř Peřr Hugoun e ipm acabliavit ad řram und sang's e ha cla. Et [Joñes] řđcs veñ e feč finem p řđcis t̃nš p XL š pplm Radi Direuant e Joñis Direuant.

Comptū est p Rořlos ejusđ Balti qđ Wilts řit Guilti Vaudyn vbařit Robt̃m le Lerour in chimino Reğ ipm acabliando unde ha cla qui veñ e feč finem p řđca t̃nš p xxxvj š. Et comptu est t̃ p rořlos ejusđm qđ Guills le Pikot e Ričus frař ejus vbařunt noctanř Ricm Nori, e Joñem de Grey in domo ipius Joñis. Ido fiāt inde emend. Et t̃ comptū p eosđ Rořlos qđ Martin^o de Wyncheles pcussit Raulinā la Mainel unde sang's e ha cla qui veñ e feč finē p řđca t̃nš p xviiij š pplm Joñis de S..... Et řđcs Wilts le Pikot e Ričus frař ejus nō veñ. Id Joñnes de Barantino e řđci Riči qui ipos manucep̃ in g^ovi m̃ia.

They present also that William Vaudin made Robert le Loreour raise the 'Clameur de Haro,' because he did not wish to pay to him 4 deniers for the repair of a certain road. Therefore he is to be amerced.

They present also that the Church of this parish is situated upon the fee of the Abbess of Caen & is of the advowson of the chapter of Coutances & is worth one year with another 48 livres.

And the jury of 12 men for many concealments in their verdict of which they were convicted before the justices by examination to be amerced.

It is found by the rolls of Philip l'Evesque the Bailiff that John Benest, Thomas Hugon & Gilbert le Vassal finding Richard le Peile by night in the house of Philip Morin with the wife of Gilbert le Blanc struck him & took away his tunic & over-tunic as evidence of the discovery. Therefore let them make amends thereof to the lord the King. And it is also found that Geoffrey le Coker by night assaulted William his brother inflicting wounds & drawing blood, who came & compounded by 30 sols by the pledge of Ralph Payn, carpenter. It is found by the same rolls that John Dirvaud by night assaulted Guillot Foket in his house & struck his wife. And that the same John by night wounded Peter Hugon & threw him to the ground whereupon blood was drawn & 'Haro' raised. And the aforesaid [John] came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression by 40 sols, by the pledge of Ralph Dirvaud & John Dirvaud.

It is found by the rolls of the same Bailiff that William son of William Vaudin struck Robert le Lerour in the King's high-way throwing him down whereupon 'Haro' was raised, who came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression by 36 sols. And it is found also by the rolls of the same that William le Picot & Richard his brother by night struck Richard Nori & John de Grey in the house of the said John. Therefore let them make amends thereof. And it is also found by the same rolls that Martin de Vinchelez struck Raulina la Mainel whereupon blood flowed & 'Haro' raised, who came & compounded for the said transgression by 18 sols, by the pledge of John de S..... And the aforesaid William le Picot & Richard his brother did not come therefore John de Barantin & of the said Richard, who bailed them to be heavily amerced.

(M. 42.) **Adhuc de plitis de Corona** de pochia Šci Broelardi.
Fresingfeld.

pochia Šci Broelardi veñ p xij.

Gereš Juř pŕesentant qđ Roštus đcus Levesqe multociens solitus fuit
fače citare [fideles homines dñi Reğ] extra regnū sup plitis de laicis
cañ ut sic maličōse de eis peccuniam extorqueat
nō veñ. Iđo cap^r cū veñit e in p^lsona salvo custodiat^r quousq^z tč.

Presentant t̃ qđ Roštus Huband erat piscando sup ripam maris
et de waggis e sic fuit sčmers^o et nullus alius
inde malec^r. Judm Infortuñ.

Presentant t̃ qđ Petr^o le Hussu Tašnař solitus est trahere de-
bitores suos coram curia xpianitatis de plito
de debitis suis. Iō ipe in g^{vi} mīa.

**Redds firme
dñi Reğ.**

Presentant t̃ qđ đns Rex habet in eoř pochia de certa firma p
annū ad ěmīos Paschē Šci Pauli e Šci Michis videlč ad quemlibz tmū
x ti xvij s̃ j đ qui debent colligi p manus ppoiti ad hoc assig^{ti} de
quibz abbas de monte Šci Michis solvit xv s̃ de predca firma pro
feodo de nigro Monte. Et Phus Gervaise solvit alios xv s̃ ad eand
firmam sup francū feodū et vocant istam firmā La Greŕye. Dicunt
t̃ qđ pč pđcam firmam Račs Bagot e Phus de la Moye debent dño
Regi pro vj virg ěre de feodo de la Moie quilibet eoř iiij s̃ p annū.

Habet đns Rex in eadm pochia quandam cōmunā ubi crescit
multū focale et Ričus le Rey tenet inde ptem p voluntate dñi Reğ et
reddit p anñ xxxviiij s̃ et vocant istam cōmunam Les Laundes de la
Moye et vocant reddm Le Multoneis. Et Guills Gocelin tenet inde
aliam ptem ad volunč tč et reddit p anñ xiiij s̃ et ěedes Phi Tilly
reddunt inde xij đ p anñ. Iđm đns Rex habet in eadm paroch sup

(M. 42.) *Continuation of the pleas of the Crown* of the parish of
St. Brelade.

Fresingfeld.

The parish of St. Brelade came by 12 men.

Jersey. The jurors present that Robert called Levesque was very often wont to cause [the subjects of the King] to be cited out of the realm concerning pleas of lay chattels so that he might maliciously extort money from them he did not come. Therefore let him be taken when he shall come & be kept safely in prison until &c.

They present also that Robert Huband was fishing upon the sea-shore & was by the waves & so was drowned & no one else was suspected thereof. Verdict: by misadventure.

They present also that Peter le Hussu, taverner, was wont to bring his debtors before the Ecclesiastical Court concerning pleas of his debts. Therefore he is to be heavily amerced.

Revenue of farm
of the
lord the King.

They present also that the lord the King has in their parish of cert farm by the year at the terms of Easter, St. Paul & St. Michael to wit, at each term 10 livres 17 sols 1 denier, which ought to be collected by the hand of the Provost appointed hereto, of which the Abbot of Mont St. Michel pays 15 sols of the aforesaid farm for the fee of Noirmont & Philip Gervaise pays another 15 sols to the said farm for the 'Franc Fief' & they call this farm 'Greverie.' They say also that besides the aforesaid farm Ralph Bagot & Philip de la Moye owe to the lord the King for 6 virgates of land of the fee of la Moie each of them 4 sols by the year.

The lord the King has in the same parish a certain common where there grows much fuel & Richard le Rey holds part thereof at the will of the lord the King & pays by the year 38 sols, & they call this common Les Landes de la Moye & they call the rent sheep-rent.⁽¹⁾ And William Gocelin holds another part thereof at the will &c. and pays by the year 14 sols & the heirs of Philip Tilly pay thereof 12 deniers by the year. Also the lord the King has in the same

(1) French: Moutonnage.

meſ Cornelot continens ij v'j terr' iij buſ fri. Et sup j v'gat fre e di que fūnt Riçi Bedyne s'pensi tē iij caſ fri p añ. Et de uno meſ continente quartam ptē j multoñey et de alia fra sabulosa de escheta Raði Mindoire bastardi qui obiit jam uno anno elapso iij caſ fri p añ. Et Alanus Mindoyre respondeat dno Regi de ij partibz p'dcoz iij caſ fri de uno anno. Et q u' predci Raði Mindoyre jam obiit infra assisas. Ido respondeatur dno Regi de ceſo de integro tē. Et Petrus le Markaunt debet dno Regi j capon e j d p añ sup fram Pet' Canu. Et Pet' le Pastor debet j gallin e j d de fra Cucku. Iſm Jorðs Baggot reddit dno Regi p añ j gallin e j d de di virg fre que fuit cuj'dam dei Vanel bastardi. Et Peir le Hageys e Colinus Nicole debent ij gallin e ij d p añ p fra sua de Beaumound. Et Colinus Mouchon e p'ticipes sui reddūt dno Regi p añ ij gallin e ij d p fra de Monte Cardon.

Presentant t qd post ultias assisas deveñ de wrecko a'pd La Corbiere quoddam doleū duū vacuū quod Lau' de Sevenok illud vendidit Colino Tilly p mañ Raði Turgys pro vj li debīt monete e idem Colinus solvit denar illos predco Rado. Et Idem Rads p'sens dicit qd ipe solvit predcos denar predco Lau' de Sevenok. Et predcus Lau' nō est p'sens nec unq' fuit receptor hic nec assign'us loco Receptoris. Ido sit in piclo ipius Raði et Idem Rads simul cū predco Lau' inde respondeant. Dicūt t qd Rads Kesnel invenit in Litorio maris xiiij pecias sepi et canes inde comedentes tē. Et idm Rads illud portabat ad domū Nichi pat's sui. Ido u'q' eoꝝ in mīa et mag' Wilts Lenginour qui sepū illud fuit respondeat dno Regi de valore ejusdem videlē de xvj š. Iſm dicunt qd devenit de Wrecko quedam pecia navis p'cii xx š unde Robtus de Hady respondebit. Dicunt t qd p'venit de Wrecko a'pd La Rosiere quedam Arbor p'cii iij š de

parish upon the messuage Cornelot containing 2 virgates of land 3 bushels of wheat; & upon $1\frac{1}{2}$ virgates of land which belonged to Richard Bedyn who was hanged &c. 3 measures of wheat by the year. And of one messuage containing the 4th part of one sheep walk & of other sandy land of the escheat of Ralph Mindoire, the bastard, who died a year ago 4 measures of wheat by the year. And Alan Mindoire shall answer to the lord the King for 2 parts of the aforesaid 4 measures of wheat for one year, & because the wife of the said Ralph Mindoire has died during the assizes therefore from henceforth account shall be made to the lord the King for the whole &c. And Peter le Markaunt owes to the lord the King one capon & one denier by the year upon the land of Peter Canu. And Peter le Pastor owes one hen & one denier of the land belonging to Cucku. Also Jordan Baggot pays to the lord the King by the year one hen & one denier for half a virgate of land which belonged to a certain person called Vanel the bastard. And Peter le Hageys & Colin Nicole owe 2 hens & 2 deniers by the year for their land of Beaumont. And Colin Mouchon & his partners pay to the lord the King by the year 2 hens & 2 deniers for the land of Mount Cardon.⁽¹⁾

They present also that after the last assizes there came of wreck at La Corbière a certain barrel half empty which Laurence de Sevenok sold to Colin Tilly by the hands of Ralph Turgys for 6 livres of poor money & the same Colin paid those moneys to the said Ralph. And the aforesaid Ralph being present says that he paid the aforesaid moneys to the aforesaid Laurence de Sevenok. And the aforesaid Laurence is not present & he never was receiver here nor appointed in the place of receiver, therefore let it be at the risk of the said Ralph & the said Ralph likewise with the aforesaid Laurence shall answer therefor. They say also that Ralph Kesnel found on the sea-shore 14 pieces of tallow & the dogs eating it &c. And the said Ralph carried it to the house of Nicholas his father. Therefore both of them to be amerced, & Master William Lenginour who had that tallow shall answer to the lord the King for the value of the same, to wit, 16 sols. They say that there came of wreck a certain piece of a ship value 20 sols whereof Robert de Hady shall answer. They say also that there came of wreck at La Rosière a certain tree value

(1) Cardon : Mons Gardonis in Extente of 1274. Probably Mont au Guerdain (Portelet).

quibz Radulphus Kesnel respondebit. Et q̄ Idm Raðs illam arborem asptavit sine licencia. Ido in m̃ia. Ĩm dicunt qđ Riçus Renof invenit in ripa maris in yeme hoc anno quendam saccū plenū m̃cimoñ videl̃ patr̃ nos̃r peccinibz cutell̃ e aliis t̃c de quibz p̃pars Reg̃ x ti unde P̃hus Leveske ballis respondebit. Dicunt t̃ qđ post ultias assisas devenit simitr̃ de Wrecko duū doleū vini albi p̃c̃ vj ti debīt monete et Laũr de Sevenok qui vinū illud fuit inde d̃no Regi respondeat. Ĩm Raðs Doe invenit in ripa maris quoddam guñnac̃m navis p̃cii xxx s̃ de quibz Ĩm Radulp^o respondeb̃.

Presentant t̃ qđ ecclia eoꝝ est in advocaçoē Abbis S̃ci Salvatoris et valet p̃ anū xxx ti.

Presentant t̃ qđ P̃hus Gervaise tenet de d̃no Rege j carucatam l̃re et deb̃ releviū t̃c et idm P̃hus deb̃ d̃no Regi s̃viciū s̃vandi p̃sones t̃c et deb̃ fiere j paz̃ ferroꝝ et si p̃libz indig̃it d̃ns Rex debet ea invenire. Et dicunt qđ om̃es tenentes residentes in feodo isto e t̃ om̃es alii tenentes residentes in feodis quozcumq̃ lib̃e tenenciū debent d̃no Regi fumaḡ excepti tantū m^o capitali mesuaḡ in quolibz feodo.

Presentant t̃ qđ Abbas de Monte S̃ci Michis clãm fiere lib̃am warennā in feodo suo de Nigro Monte e t̃ wreckū in eodem feodo set d̃ns Rex debet fiere visum et iiij^{or} p̃ncipalia et t̃ habet camptū in eodm feodo fumaḡiū e Cãr feloniū et t̃miatur in quo waranto t̃c. Et Guifls le Bretoun est Lib̃e tenens pred̃ci Abbis et debet ei releviū t̃c et non solvit d̃no Regi fumaḡ. Ido t̃minatur in quo waranto.

Et Jũr duodene p̃ eodem f̃iunt coram Justiç p̃ examinaçoem de p̃libz cōcelãntis in vered̃co suo in m̃ia.

3 sols of which Ralph Kesnel shall answer. And because the said Ralph carried away that tree without leave therefore he is to be amerced. They say also that Richard Renouf found on the sea-shore in winter this year a certain sack full of merchandize, to wit, paternosters, combs, knives & other things of which the share of the King is 10 livres whereof Philip Levesque the Bailiff shall answer. They say also that since the last assizes there came likewise of wreck half a barrel of white wine value 6 livres of poor money, & Laurence de Sevenok who had that wine shall answer to the lord the King therefor. Also Ralph Doe found on the sea-shore a certain rudder of a ship value 30 sols of which the same Ralph shall answer.

They present also that their Church is in the advowson of the Abbot of St. Saviour & is worth by the year 30 livres.

They present also that Philip Gervaise holds of the lord the King one carucate of land & owes relief &c., and the same Philip owes to the lord the King the service of keeping the prisons &c. and he ought to have one pair of irons & if more are wanted the lord the King ought to find them. And they say that all the tenants residing in this fee & also all the other tenants dwelling in the fees of all other free tenants owe to the lord the King fumage except only the chief messuage in each fee.

They present also that the Abbot of Mont St. Michel claims to have free warren in his fee of Noirmont & also wreck in the same fee, but the lord the King ought to have view & the four things appertaining to the Prince⁽¹⁾ & also has champart in the same fee, fumage & chattels of felons & it is determined in the quo warranto &c.

And William le Breton is a free tenant of the aforesaid Abbot & owes him relief &c. and did not pay fumage to the lord the King. Therefore it is determined in the quo warranto.

And the jury of twelve for the same by examination before the justices for many concealments in their verdict were amerced.

(1) i.e. gold and silk not worked &c. ; see p. 23.

(M. 42 d.) **Adhuc de p̃litis de Gorona** de pochia Šci Broelardi.

Presentant t̃ qđ assisa panis e vini in eoꝝ pochia fracta p infra-scriptos videlt p Colinū Alexandr Gringore Guillm Fenerer Colinū Tyllly et Phelipotū filiū Gervasii Tillyos. Et Colinū Tilly de Moya Petrū le Hussu Radm le Hussu Jacobū de Wynchetuband Guillm de Moya Petrum de Boulon Guillm Beket Tašnař. Ido oīes in mīa.

Presentant t̃ qđ đns Rex habet in eoꝝ pochia espkeř suā de congř t̃c et hoīes Abbis de Mōte [Šci Michis] piscatores t̃c tenentur portare pisces quos capiunt ad espkeř đni Reğ.

Presentant t̃ qđ đns Rex habet in pochia Šci Pet' molendinū de Keytiuel quod valet coībus annis XL li. Et dicunt qđ tenentes đni Reğ in ista poch deŃ sectam ad molendīm illud. Et tenentur iīdem Tenentes invenire macrenīm ad oīia grossa membra molendi illi^o set đns Rex debet invenire ferra e molas e carpñteriam t̃c. Et t̃ đci Tenentes tenent^r invenire coopturam ad molendīm illud et đns Rex faciet illud coopire sumptibꝫ suis.

Presentant t̃ qđ in feodo de Nigro Monte est quedam Capella de antiquo t̃c. Et Abbas de Monte Šci Michis tenetur faĉe celebrare in eadē Capella in uno festoꝝ Šci Michis et Rector istius parochie in alio festo t̃c. Dicunt t̃ qđ Idm Abbas deŃ venire ad tres p'ncipales Curias đni Reğ sine sumoniĉ. Et Pñus Gervaise simitr. Et quidam alii simitr.

Presentant t̃ qđ Thoñ Aubyn tenet de bordağ x virgañ terre de curtilagiis que valent p añ x š. Et Petr^o Aungetil et p̃ticipes sui tenent xxiiij virgañ terñ de Bordağ et reddant đno Regi p añ de ĉta firma vj š et valent ulfius xvij š. Et Riĉus le Rey e p̃ticipes sui tenent de bordagiis xvij virgañ terre que reddunt đno Regi p annū

(M. 42 d.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of the parish of
St. Brelade.

They present also that the assize of bread & wine in their parish is broken by the underwritten, to wit, by Colin, Alexander Gringore, William Fenerer, Colin Tilly & Phelipot son of Gervais Tilly, bakers; & Colin Tilly de la Moye, Peter le Hussu, Ralph le Hussu, James de Vinchelez,uband, William de la Moye, Peter de Boulon, William Beket, taverners. Therefore all of them to be amerced.

They present also that the lord the King has in their parish his esperkeria of congers, &c. and the men of the Abbot of Mont [St. Michel] fishermen &c. are bound to carry the fish which they take to the esperkeria of the lord the King.

They present also that the lord the King has in the parish of St. Peter the mill of Keytivel which is worth one year with another 40 livres. And they say that the tenants of the lord the King in that parish owe suit at that mill. And the same tenants are bound to find the timber for all the principal parts of that mill, but the lord the King ought to find the iron & wheels & carpentering &c. And also the said tenants are bound to find the covering for that mill & the lord the King shall cause it to be covered at his own costs.

They present also that in the fee of Noirmont there is a certain chapel of old &c. And the Abbot of Mont St. Michel is bound to provide for the celebration (of Divine Service) in the same chapel at one of the feasts of St. Michael & the rector of this parish at the other feast &c. They say also that the said Abbot ought to come to the three principal courts of the lord the King without summons. And Philip Gervaise likewise. And certain others likewise.

They present also that Thomas Aubyn holds of bordage 10 virgates of land of curtilage which are worth by the year 10 sols. And Peter Anquetil & his partners hold 24 virgates of land of bordage & pay to the lord the King by the year of cert farm 6 sols & they are worth besides 18 sols. And Richard le Rey & his partners hold of bordages 18 virgates of land which pay to the lord the King by the

iiij s̄ qui computantur in redditu de Multoneis et valent ulterius xxxvj s̄. Et p̄dci faciant s̄viciū bordagioꝝ t̄c. Et Riçus le Counte e participes sui tenent vj v'g̃ ĩre de bordağ. Et deß façe s̄viciū sup p̄poĩtum e alios s̄vientes Abbis Šci Michis de feodo de Nigro Monte. Et reddit p annū dno Regi xij d̄ de c̄ta firma. Et valet ulĩus vij s̄ vj d̄ p annū.

Presentant t̄ qđ Godefř Waryn feč quoddam fossatū in cōmuna dñi Reğ ad fač murū suū. Et Jordanus Selle fodiit glebas in cōmuna Reğ plibz locis illam deñiorando. Et Riçus Selle consimiłr. Et Rads Artur consimiłr. Et Guifls Fenerer feč p'presturam in via regia latitud ij ped e longiř iiij pticataꝝ et ibi seminavit ordiū. Et Rads Selle p'prestavit de regali Chimino latitud ij pedū e longiř j pticař seminand siliginē. Ido omēs in m̄ia. Et nocumenta repentur ad eoꝝ custagia p quos fca fũint.

Comptum est p Roĩlos Pñi le Evesk Balñi qđ Roštus le Evesk insultavit Aliciā du Val in domo sua e eam v̄bavit e acabliavit ad ĩram. Et Idem Roštus deforč ancillam Barthi le Talender vi e cont̄ pacem t̄c e cont̄ voluntatem suam et statim post fcm fugit. Ita qđ nullus t̄c. Et modo nō veñ e malecr̄. Ido exiḡ e utlaḡ.

Comptum est p Roĩlos ejusđ Balñi qđ Guillotus le Bretoñ Peř frař ejus e Thomas de Moia vefũnt ad domū Radi de Crapedoit in societate Rectoris huj^o ville e asptařunt corpus Emme Crapedoit defuncte in aurora diei p quod uxor ejusđ Radi levavit ha cla qui veniūt e fečunt finem p p̄dca t̄ns p x s̄. Et q̄ comptū est qđ p̄des Rector cont̄ voluntatem ux̄is p̄dci Radi asptařūt p̄dem corpus Ido ipe e omēs pochiani qui cū eo fũunt ad forciā illam in m̄ia.

year 4 sols, which are reckoned in the rent of the sheep-walks & are worth besides 36 sols. And the aforesaid do the services of bordiers &c. And Richard le Counte & his partners hold 6 virgates of land of bordage & his duty is to effect service on the Provost & other serjeants of the Abbot of St. Michel of the fee of Noirmont, & he pays by the year to the lord the King 12 deniers of cert farm & it is worth further 7 sols 6 deniers by the year.

They present also that Godfrey Waryn made a certain ditch in the common of the lord the King to make his bank. And Jordan Seale dug turf in the common of the King in many places, thereby damaging the same. And Richard Seale likewise. And Ralph Artur likewise. And William Fenerer made an encroachment in the King's high-way in breadth 2 feet & in length 4 perches & there sowed barley. And Ralph Seale encroached upon the King's high-road 2 feet in breadth & one perch in length sowing wheat. Therefore all of them to be amerced. And the damages shall be repaired at the costs of those by whom they were made.

It is found by the rolls of Philip l'Evesque, Bailiff, that Robert l'Evesque assaulted Alice du Val in her house & struck her & threw her to the ground. And the same Robert took the maid-servant of Bartholomew le Talender by force & against the peace &c. and against her will & immediately after the deed he fled, so that no one &c. And now he does not come & is suspected. Therefore he is banished & outlawed.

It is found by the rolls of the same Bailiff that Guillot le Breton, Peter, his brother, & Thomas de la Moye came to the house of Ralph de Crapedoit in the company of the Rector of this vill & carried away the body of Emma Crapedoit deceased at the dawn of the day wherefor the wife of the said Ralph raised 'Clameur de Haro,' who came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression by 10 sols. And because it is found that the aforesaid Rector against the will of the wife of the aforesaid Ralph carried away the aforesaid body, therefore he & all the parishioners who were with him at that act of violence are to be amerced.

(M. 43.)

Adhuc de plitīs de Corona.

Parochi S̃ci Clementis veñ p xij.

Jerseye.

Juř p̃sentant qđ dñs Rex habet mañiũ S̃ci Clementis unde mesuağ cum gardio valent Et ħbagium gardini valet p annũ viij cañ fri. Et ħbağ pvi clausi quod contiñ virgatas valet p annũ iij q̃r ij cañ fri. Et xvj pticař de eodm clauso valent p añ in ħbağ majoris clausi continentis viij virgař tč valet p añ viij q̃r fri. Et dñice terř sunt diřsis p reddm unde de Gervasio Estur iij cañ fañ j anca j đ ij galliñ viij campte tč. Des escornez j q̃r fañ j anca j đ ij galliñ xx ova. Des botilliers iiij cañ fañ [j anca] j đ ij galliñ xx ova. Des Neaus vij cañ fañ j anca j đ ij galliñ xx ova. D̃ mara iiij cañ fri⁽¹⁾ ij ij galliñ xx ova. D̃ Alano le Feuere v cañ fañ di j anca j đ ij galliñ xx ova. D̃ Ričo du Gardiñ ij [cañ] fañ j anca j đ ij galliñ xx ova. D̃ Bernart ij cañ fañ j anca j đ ij galliñ xx ova. Des Chau-seys vj cañ fañ j q̃rtionař j anca j đ ij galliñ xx ova. D̃ Fonteneys iij cañ fañ j anca j đ ij galline xx ova. De Roğo Towet iij cañ fañ j anca j đ ij galliñ xx ova. De esprovocz j q̃r fañ j anca j đ ij galliñ xx ova. Des Carpentiers iiij cañ fañ j anca j đ ij galliñ xx ova. De Valenbroun iiij cañ fañ j q̃rtionař j anca j đ ij galliñ xx ova. De Auguyer iiij cañ fañ j anca j đ ij galliñ xx ova. D̃ monastio j cañ e di j anca j đ ij galline xx ova. Du Gaan iij cañ fañ j anca j đ j galliñ xx ova. D̃ Varengot iiij cañ fañ j anca j đ ij galliñ xx ova. De Ada Bosquier iij cañ fañ j anca j đ ij galline xx ova. D̃ Rađo Lietaud xij cañ fañ j anca j đ ij galliñ xx ova. D̃ Rođto Wautier ij cañ fañ j q̃rtionař j anca j đ ij galliñ xx ova. Des Veisins v cañ fañ e di j anca j đ ij galliñ xx ova. De Blanchandyn viij cañ fañ e di cañ

(1) fañ (?).

(M. 48.)

Continuation of the pleas of the Crown.

The parish of St. Clement comes by 12 men.

Jersey.

The jurors present that the lord the King has the manor of St. Clement⁽¹⁾ whereof the messuage with the garden are worth
 And the herbage of the garden is worth by the year
 8 cabots of wheat. And the herbage of the small close which contains virgates is worth by the year 3 quarters 2 cabots of wheat. And 16 perches of the same close are worth by the year in the herbage of the larger close containing 8 virgates of land is worth by the year 8 quarters of wheat. And the demesne lands are [let] to divers persons at rent whereof of Gervais Estur 3 measures of beans, 1 goose, 1 d., 2 hens, 8 champart &c. ; of the Cornets 1 quarter of beans, 1 goose, 1 d., 2 hens, 20 eggs ; of the Boutilliers 4 measures of beans, [1 goose], 1 d., 2 hens, 20 eggs ; of the Neels 7 measures of beans, 1 goose, 1 d., 2 hens, 20 eggs ; of Mare 4 measures of wheat, 2, 2 hens, 20 eggs ; of Alan le Fevre 5½ measures of beans, 1 goose, 1 d., 2 hens, 20 eggs ; of Richard du Jardin 2 [measures] of beans, 1 goose, 1 d., 2 hens, 20 eggs ; of Bernart 2 measures of beans, 1 goose, 1 d., 2 hens, 20 eggs ; of the Chauseys 6½ measures of beans, 1 goose, 1 d., 2 hens, 20 eggs ; of the Fonteneys 3 measures of beans, 1 goose, 1 d., 2 hens, 20 eggs ; of Roger Touet 3 measures of beans, 1 goose, 1 d., 2 hens, 20 eggs ; of the Provosts 1 quarter of beans, 1 goose, 1 d., 2 hens, 20 eggs ; of the Carpenters 4 measures of beans, 1 goose, 1 d., 2 hens, 20 eggs ; of Valenbroun 4½ measures of beans, 1 goose, 1 d., 2 hens, 20 eggs ; of Auguyr⁽²⁾ 4 measures of beans, 1 goose, 1 d., 2 hens, 20 eggs ; of the Monastery, 1½ measures (of beans), 1 goose, 1 d., 2 hens, 20 eggs ; of Gaan 3 measures of beans, 1 goose, 1 d., 1 hen, 20 eggs ; of Varengot 4 measures of beans, 1 goose, 1 d., 2 hens, 20 eggs ; of Ada Bosquier 3 measures of beans, 1 goose, 1 d., 2 hens, 20 eggs ; of Ralph Lietaud 12 measures of beans, 1 goose, 1 d., 2 hens, 20 eggs ; of Robert Vautier 2½ measures of beans, 1 goose, 1 d., 2 hens, 20 eggs ; of the Voisins 5½ measures of beans, 1 goose, 1 d., 2 hens, 20 eggs ; of Blanchandyn 8½ measures of beans, 3 geese, 3 d., 3 hens,

(1) Now called the fief du Prieur. (2) Ogier (?).

iij ance iij d iij galliñ XL ova. D Sehir iiij caḥ faḥ j anca j d. Des
 Pipez iij caḥ faḥ j anca j d ij galliñ xx ova. D Emma du Viloun
 j q̄rionaḥ faḥ x ova j d. D Guillo Braynet xij caḥ faḥ sup hered suā
 e partiḥ suis. D Thoñ de Mara e partiḥ suis iiij caḥ faḥ. D Galfro
 Gonoy j sextionaḥ faḥ. Habet t̄ dñs Rex ibidm de redditu. De
 Alicia de Camino iij caḥ e di fri j galliñ. D Joḥa Relicta Espiardi
 Tullaunt v caḥ fri. D Nicḥo Fauvel vj caḥ fri j pañ de j denaḥ
 j capoñ. D Micḥe Baudyn vij caḥ. D Riḥo Aunqetil e Thoñ Aun-
 qetil xv busḥ fri. De Agnete Tousel e Micḥe Tousel xiiij caḥ fri.
 D Rado le Bordoun xxj caḥ fri. D Raḍi Gunor x caḥ fri.
 D ḥedibz Riḥi Mabile IX caḥ fri. D Colino le Fñceis xiiij caḥ j q̄r-
 tionāḥ fri de Matḥo du Moster vij caḥ fri. Iñm de ḥedibz Johanne
 iij caḥ fri. D Roḥto le Joevene ij caḥ fri. D Petro du Mostier
 iiij caḥ ij tsionḥ fri. D ḥedibz Guilti du Costil vj caḥ fri. D Wace
 le Joevene xx caḥ fri. D Petronilla Rualaunt iij caḥ fri. D Roḥto
 le Feyure IX caḥ fri. D Colino Saire xiiij caḥ fri. D Wace le bordon
 xxj caḥ fri. D ḥedibz Riḥi de Augeres xx caḥ fri. D Joḥne Wautier
 xiiij caḥ fri. D ḥedibz Joḥnis le p̄vost j caḥ j tsionaḥ fri. D Aleḥ
 le p̄vost j caḥ j tsionaḥ fri. D Riḥo le p̄vost xvj caḥ j tsionaḥ fri.
 D Joḥne de Costilio viij caḥ fri. Iñm de Pḥo le Mouner ij caḥ.
 D Alano le Bret v caḥ fri. D Petro Mellemal vij caḥ fri. D Rado
 Vivien xvij caḥ fri. D ḥedibz Riḥi du Vallet xiiij caḥ vj d. D Humḥr
 le bordoun iij caḥ fri. D Colino des prez v caḥ fri ij tsionr̄. D Rado
 le Feuere xj caḥ fri. D Guillo Pouchin vj caḥ fri. D Guillo Co-
 lumbel vj caḥ fri. D Bñdicto Columbel vj caḥ fri. D Riḥo Neel
 vj caḥ fri. D Agnete Clichie vij caḥ fri. D Guillo Clichie vij caḥ fri.
 D Guillo Brainet iiij caḥ ij tsionaḥ fri. D Riḥo Braynet iiij caḥ

40 eggs; of Sehir⁽¹⁾ 4 measures of beans, 1 goose, 1 d.; of the Pipets 3 measures of beans, 1 goose, 1 d., 2 hens, 20 eggs; of Emma du Vilon 1 quarter of beans, 10 eggs, 1 d.; of William Braynet 12 measures of beans upon inheritance of him & his partners; of Thomas de la Mare & his partners 4 measures of beans; of Geoffrey Gonoy $\frac{1}{6}$ of a measure of beans. The lord the King also has there of rent: of Alice Duchemin $3\frac{1}{2}$ measures of wheat, 1 hen; of Joan the widow of Espiard Tullaunt 5 measures of wheat; of Nicholas Fauvel 6 measures of wheat, 1 loaf of 1 d., 1 hen; of Michael Baudains 7 measures; of Richard Anquetil & Thomas Anquetil 15 bushels of wheat; of Agnes Touzel & Michael Touzel 14 measures of wheat; of Ralph de Bordon 21 measures of wheat; of of Ralph Gunor 10 measures of wheat; of the heirs of Richard Mabile 9 measures of wheat; of Colin le Francais $14\frac{1}{2}$ measures of wheat; of Matthew du Moutier 7 measures of wheat; also of the heirs of Joan 3 measures of wheat; of Robert le Jeune 2 measures of wheat; of Peter du Moutier $4\frac{2}{3}$ measures of wheat; of the heirs of William du Costil 6 measures of wheat; of Wace le Jeune 20 measures of wheat; of Petronilla Rualaunt 3 measures of wheat; of Robert le Fevre 9 measures of wheat; of Colin Sarre 13 measures of wheat; of Wace le Bordon 21 measures of wheat; of the heirs of Richard des Augerez 20 measures of wheat; of John Vautier 13 measures of wheat; of the heirs of John le Provost $1\frac{1}{3}$ measures of wheat; of Alexander le Provost $1\frac{1}{3}$ measures of wheat; of Richard le Provost $16\frac{1}{3}$ measures of wheat; of John du Costil 8 measures of wheat; also of Philip le Mouner 2 measures; of Alan le Bret 5 measures of wheat; of Peter Melle-mal 7 measures of wheat; of Ralph Vivien 18 measures of wheat; of the heirs of Richard du Vallet 13 measures 6 d.; of Humphrey le Bourdon 3 measures of wheat; of Colin des Prés $5\frac{2}{3}$ measures of wheat; of Ralph le Fevre 11 measures of wheat; of William Pouchin 6 measures of wheat; of William Columbel 6 measures of wheat; of Benedict Columbel $\frac{5}{6}$ measures of wheat; of Richard Neel 6 measures of wheat; of Agnes Clichie 7 measures of wheat; of William Clichie 7 measures of wheat; of William Brainet $4\frac{2}{3}$ measures of wheat; of Richard Braynet $4\frac{2}{3}$ measures of wheat; of the heirs of

(1) Schier (?).

ij fšionar̃ fri. D̃ heret̃ Hermine de Chauseye iiij cab̃ fri. D̃ Ričo Milaeỹs xxvij cab̃ fri. D̃ Guiffo Godefr̃ xiiij cab̃ fri. D̃ Colino Morice iiij cab̃ fri. D̃ Colino Nicole ij cab̃ di fri. D̃ Rošto Darioles j cab̃ di fri. D̃ Petro des Prez v cab̃ ij fšioñ fri. D̃ Joħne Fauvel j cab̃ di sextionař. D̃ Nichaa de Chausye ix cab̃ fri di. D̃ Ričo de Gerneř iiij cab̃ e di fri. D̃ Guiffo Blaunchebarbe iiij cab̃ ij fšion. D̃ Micħe Baudeyn xiiij cab̃ j fšion fri. D̃ Guiffo Sessoun iiij cab̃ fri. D̃ Colino le Maignen vj cab̃ fri. D̃ Joħne Giroye iiij cab̃ fri. D̃ Matħo Touet ij cab̃ fri. D̃ ħedibz Radi Feroun vij cab̃ fri. D̃ Jordano le Tubelin vj cab̃ fri. Iřm iiij cab̃ fri de ħeditate uřis sue. Iřm Ričus Milaeỹs tenet̃ diam acram ģre de dñicis ad Waynand p̃ medietate que medietas appciatur in hoc anno ad viij solidos. Iřm de ħedibz Guiffo du Costil vj cab̃ fri de ģra que Guiffo Rualant tenebat que dimisit ħedibz predctis p̃ dco redditu. Iřm xiiij cab̃ fri. Iřm viij cab̃ fri. Iřm de Jordano Fauvel filius Jordani vj cab̃ fri cū ptič suis. Iřm j cab̃ di sextoñ. Iřm Ričus filius Riči des Prez e Joħes des Prez x cab̃ e ij fšionar̃ fri. Petr^o des Prez Colinus des Prez e Ričus des Prez j galliñ j đ. Ričus Nel ij capoñ j đ. Agnes Clichie j capoñ j đ. Rad le Bordoun j capoñ j đ. Colin^o le Fraunceys j capoñ j đ et Joħa Touet j capoñ j đ. Percipit t̃ dñs Rex de antiqua firma de predco feodo de la Greverie xxv š ad tres ģios usuales et pref̃ illos pcipit de eisdem ad pasch̃ xvij š. Et debent tenentes de p̃dco feodo cariare vinū buscam e fenū et cariare camptū quod dñs Rex capit de eod̃ feodo usq̃ ad mařium et valet camptum illud coibz annis XLV^{li}. Percipit t̃ dñs Rex de qualibz domo de predco feodo unū pullağ ad fñm Šci Michis videlř unū Juvenem gallū et unā juvenam gallinam. Et modo sunt in predco feodo vj^{xx} domus. Et Michael Baudeyn tenet teñ sua libe faciendo xx š ad fñm Šci Michis pro quibz. Idem Micħel quiet^o est de caragio fabaz e ģri extra Insulam. Et debet̃ relevium de teñ suo cum acciderit de x š.

Hermine de Chauseye 4 measures of wheat; of Richard Millais 27 measures of wheat; of William Godfray 13 measures of wheat; of Colin Morice 3 measures of wheat; of Colin Nicole $2\frac{1}{2}$ measures of wheat; of Robert Darioles $1\frac{1}{2}$ measures of wheat; of Peter des Prés $5\frac{3}{4}$ measures of wheat; of John Fauvel $1\frac{1}{4}$ measures; of Nicholaa de Chausye $9\frac{1}{2}$ measures of wheat; of Richard de Guernsey $3\frac{1}{2}$ measures of wheat; of William Blanchebarbe $4\frac{3}{4}$ measures; of Michael Baudains $13\frac{1}{2}$ measures; of William Sesson 4 measures of wheat; of Colin le Moignan 6 measures of wheat; of John Giroye 3 measures of wheat; of Matthew Touet 2 measures of wheat; of the heirs of Ralph Feron 7 measures of wheat; of Jordan le Tubelin 6 measures of wheat; also 3 measures of wheat of the inheritance of his wife; also Richard Millais holds $\frac{1}{2}$ an acre of land of domain land at Waynand⁽¹⁾ on half shares which half share is valued this year at 8 sols; also of the heirs of William du Costil 6 measures of wheat of the land which William Rualant held which he demised to the aforesaid heirs for the said rent; also 13 measures of wheat; also 8 measures of wheat; also of Jordan Fauvel son of Jordan 6 measures of wheat with his partners; also $1\frac{1}{2}$ measures; also Richard son of Richard des Prés & John des Prés $10\frac{3}{4}$ measures of wheat; Peter des Prés, Colin des Prés & Richard des Prés 1 hen, 1 d.; Richard Neel 2 capons, 1 d.; Agnes Clichie 1 capon, 1 d.; Ralph le Bourdon 1 capon, 1 d.; Colin le Fraunceys 1 capon, 1 d.; & Joan Touet 1 capon, 1d. Also the lord the King takes of ancient farm of the said fee of 'Greverie' 25 s. at the 3 usual terms & besides that he takes of the same at Easter 17 s. And the tenants of the aforesaid fee owe the carriage of the wine, firewood & hay & the carriage of the champart, which the lord the King takes of the same fee, to the manor house & that champart is worth one year with another 45 livres. Also the lord the King takes of each house of the aforesaid fee 1 pullage at the feast of St. Michael, viz.: 1 young cock & 1 young hen. And now there are in the aforesaid fee 120 houses. And Michael Baudains holds his tenements freely, paying 20 s. at the feast of St. Michael for which the said Michael is quit of the carriage of beans & wheat out of the island. And he owes relief for his tenement, when it shall occur, 10 sols.

(1) Ouiné (?).

Presentant t̃ qđ qđ p̃t statutum editum de Religiosis t̃c Abbas de Monte Šci Mich̃is per quendam Thomam de Spinis monachū suū a xxij annis elapsis emit de Joñne le F̃nceys triginta solidā redd̃s p̃ṽientes de teñ qui Colin^o le Maignen modo tenet. Et quidam Galf̃r le Bramenchoun a xv annis elapsis dedit p̃d̃ce Abbatĩe x solid̃ redd̃ p̃ṽientes de meš e quodam clauso que p̃d̃cus Colin^o modo tenet. Et Idem Galf̃r eodem anno dedit p̃d̃ce Abbatĩe redd̃m j buss̃ fri p̃ṽientē de teñ Roñti de la Mare. Et p̃d̃cus Abbas simitr̃ a xv annis elapsis p̃quisunt ibid̃ ij virgañ fre e d̃iam de quibz Steph̃us Blaunchebarbe debet p̃ una ṽgata fre e d̃i vj cañ fri. Et filii Joñnis le Provost pro d̃ia virgañ ij cañ. Et mag̃r Will̃s Lenginour pro d̃i virgañ fre ij cañ. Id̃o veniat Abbas responsū t̃c. Qui ven p̃ attornatū suū e diç qđ d̃ns Rex in ultimis assiš recupavit mañiū Šci Clement̃ vsus cū set nō de mero jure ut ip̃is videtur. Et diç qđ post recuperare illud nunq̃ aliquid p̃cepit de p̃d̃cis redditibz sive tenementis. Et hoc idem testatū est in Cuñ. Id̃o p̃d̃cus Abbas eat inde sine die.

Presentant t̃ qđ Radulphus de Crapedoit e Jordanus de Monte uterq̃ eoꝝ p̃ medietate tenent carucatam de [Homet] de qua d̃ns Rex p̃cipit p̃ anñ ad fm̃ Šci Mich̃is xij š. Et ad fm̃ Šci Pauli [xij š] p̃d̃ci Radi et uterq̃ eoꝝ tenetur ad dium releviū [qñ casus etc] xxx š. Ets in ead̃m Carucata tenet de d̃no Rege de quadam antiqua forisfcura que vocat̃ le Camp Norberd reddendo inde p̃ anñ x iij cañ fri. Percipit t̃ d[ñs Rex] les feisauns ad tres t̃m̃ios p̃ annū xvij š solvendos p̃..... Gro[uville] le feisance. Et Petr^o de Šco Eleñ tenet mañiū suū de [Saumareys] de d̃no Rege obviabit d̃no Regi venienti in hac Insula in litore maris usq̃ ad [cingulas equi sui ?] d̃ni Reğ dū f̃fuit hic in hac Insula. Et est Northberteys Lx š.

They present also that since the statute published concerning religious men &c. the Abbot of Mont St. Michel by a certain Thomas de Spinis his monk 23 years ago bought of John le Franceys 30 sols of rent issuing from the tenement which Colin le Moiguan now holds. And a certain Geoffrey de Bramenchon 15 years ago gave to the aforesaid Abbey 10 sols of rent issuing from a messuage & a certain close which the aforesaid Colin now holds. And the same Geoffrey in the same year gave to the aforesaid Abbey the rent of one bushel of wheat issuing from the tenement of Robert de la Mare. And the aforesaid Abbot likewise 15 years ago purchased there $2\frac{1}{2}$ virgates of land of which Stephen Blanchebarbe owes for $1\frac{1}{2}$ virgates of land 6 measures of wheat. And the sons of John le Provost for half a virgate 2 measures. And Master William Lenginour for half a virgate of land 2 measures. Therefore let the Abbot come to answer &c. who comes by his attorney & says that the lord the King in the last assizes recovered the manor of St. Clement against him but not by correct law as it seems to them. And he says that after that recovery he never took anything of the aforesaid rents or tenements. And this is witnessed in court. Therefore the aforesaid Abbot may go therein 'sine die.'

They present also that Ralph de Crapedoit & Jordan du Mont, each of them for one half, hold the carucate [du Homet] of which the lord the King takes by the year at the feast of St. Michael 13 sols, & at the feast of St. Paul [13 sols]; of the aforesaid Ralph; & each of them owes half relief when it shall happen 30 sols.⁽¹⁾ And in the same carucate holds of the lord the King of a certain ancient forfeiture which is called the Camp Norberd paying therefor by the year 13 measures of wheat. Also the [lord the King] takes of the Faesans at the 3 terms by the year 18 sols to be paid [by the hands of the prévôt of Gro[uville]] fee ès Faesans. And Peter de St. Helier holds his manor of [Samarès] of the lord the King he shall meet the lord the King when he comes to this island on the sea-shore up to [the spurs of his horse] of the lord the King while he shall be in this island. And it is ... Norberd 60 s.

(1) Compare Extente 1381, page 40.

(M. 43 d.) **Adhuc de p̃lis de Corona** de poct̃ S̃ci Clementis.

Presentant t̃ qđ Petr^o Blauncvilein fuit s^opensus p̃ latrocinio nō fuit t̃ram nec catalla Petr^o And̃r fuit s^opens^o p̃ furto a xij annis elaps̃ nō fuit t̃ram ṽl catalla nisi cotagiū in dñio Petⁱ de Sausmareys unde annū e vastū ṽ s̃ de quibz pred̃ctus Petr^o respondeb̃. Et Petr^o Baudyn fuit s^opens^o a xiiij annis elapsis et fuit tres ṽlgatas terre de quibz Mich̃ Baudyn tenet ij ṽlgatas reddendo inde dom̃io Regi p̃ añ IX cab̃ f̃ri. Et Riçus le Maignen teñ inde j ṽlgā t̃re p̃ iiij cab̃ f̃ri. Et illa ṽlgata est in poct̃ de Grovill. Et Rogus G'nouse a diu est rectat^o de furto fugit et malecr̃. Ido exig^r e utlaç^r nō fuit t̃ras nec catalla erat tñ filius familiaris set nich̃ fuit p̃afamilias.

Presentant t̃ qđ Guilts le Golu solit^o est ducere simplices hoies ad tabnas e cōpellit eos invite solvere pro potu e cibo et qđ extorquet plima dona ab eis et faç eos citari p̃ int̃poitas p̃sonas ext̃ regnū coram Cōmissar̃ Ep̃i Constañ malicōse e absq̃ causa raçonabili. Et modo nō veñ. Ido in m̃ia. Et cap̃ cū veñit et custodiat^r in priona quousq̃ t̃c.

Presentant t̃ qđ Radus de Crapedoit soli^l est duçe simplices hoies suos ad tabnas e cōpellit eos solvere p̃ potu e cibo suo plusq̃ sibi debeant. Et Rad̃s p̃sens nō potest hoc dediçe. Ido in m̃ia. Et inveñ pleç̃ videñt Reginald̃ de S̃co Clemente e Guillm le Bretoun qđ amodo t̃c.

Presentant t̃ qđ Perrota filia Mich̃is Reynaud que moratur in Normanū p̃lies t̃xit Godef̃r Vivenche aṗd Hayam putei ext̃ Insulas sup̃ causa t̃ediñ in exheredaçõe corone e dignitatis dñi Reç. Et pred̃ca Perrota modo nō veñ s̃z se ret̃xit pp̃l huj^omodi citações et

(M. 43 d.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of the parish of
St. Clement.

They present also that Peter Blancvilein was hanged for theft : he had neither land nor chattels Peter Andrew was hanged for stealing 12 years ago & had neither land nor chattels except cottage in the lordship of Peter de Samarès whereof the year & the waste 5 sols of which the aforesaid Peter shall answer. And Peter Baudains was hanged 13 years ago & had 3 virgates of land of which Michael Baudains holds 2 virgates paying therefor to the lord the King by the year 9 measures of wheat. And Richard le Moignan holds thereof one virgate of land for 3 measures of wheat. And this virgate is in the parish of Grouville. And Roger Gernouse long ago was accused of theft & he fled & was suspected. Therefore he is banished & outlawed & had neither lands nor chattels : he was at that time a son yet under the power of his father but he has had nothing from his father.

They present also that William le Golu was wont to take simple men into the taverns & compel them unwillingly to pay for food & drink, & that he extorted very many gifts from them & caused them to be cited by persons intermediary out of the kingdom before the commissioner of the Bishop of Coutances maliciously & without lawful cause. And now he does not come. Therefore he is to be amerced & let him be taken when he shall come & be kept in prison until &c.

They present also that Ralph de Crapedoit is wont to take simple men of his own to the taverns & compels them to pay for his food & drink more than they owe him. And Ralph being present cannot deny this. Therefore he is to be amerced. And he found pledges to wit, Reginald de St. Clement & William le Breton that from henceforth &c.

They present also that Perrota daughter of Michael Reynaud who lives in Normandy many times sued Godfrey Vivenche at La Haye du Puits out of the island upon a cause of inheritance to the detriment of the Crown & dignity of the lord the King. And the aforesaid Perrota does not come now but keeps away on account of

nichil habet in hac Insula nisi ūm reddm ix cab̄ fr̄i de dīa ac̄ terre
quam Godefr̄ Vivenche tenet. Ido cap̄ redd̄s ille in mān̄ dñi Reḡ.
Et simitr̄ p̄dca Perrota cū ven̄it cap̄ quousq; tē.

Presentant t̄ qđ Joñā dca la Piletele citari feč Colinū Sarre ap̄d
Constanč malicōse et absq; causa račonabili. Et dcta Joñā nō veñ.
Ido capiat̄ cum ven̄it. Et Colinus Blanchard feč citare Constañ
Phm Dolobel e Guifm de Insula malicōse et absq; causa račonabili.
Et ipe nō veñ. Ido in mīa. Et cap̄ cū ven̄it.

Robtus de Groviſt feč citari Willm le Bret ap̄d haiam putei ext̄
regnū pro debito ij solid̄ quos pred̄ Robt^o dixerat p̄dc̄m Willm s'
debere de locačōne t̄bagii de laico feodo in hac Insula. Et Robt̄
psens nō potest hoc dediče. Ido cōmittat̄ Gaole inde redimendus tē
postea veñ e feč finem p̄ p̄dca t̄ns p̄ XL s̄ pp̄m Luce Espiard e Radi
de Roke.

Et p̄dcus Wilts absq; causa račonabili feč suñ ap̄d p̄dcam Hayam
Galfr̄ le Bret. Et Rogus de Costillo simitr̄ feč citari ibidm̄ Guifm
le Bret et multa dampna s' feč. Jō ipi in mīa.

Ecclesia p̄dce parochie est in donačōe Abbis Šci Salvatoris et
valet coiſz annis LX^{ll}

Presentant t̄ qđ post ul̄ias assisas devenit wreccū in ūra Reḡ
s. una pecia ligni p̄č ij s. quam magr̄ Guifm Lenginour recepit. Itm̄
quedam ancora navis unde ppars Reḡ L s̄ de quibz Drogo de Barantyn
respondeſ.

Presentant t̄ qđ Radulphus de Crapedoit habet Curiam de hoibz
suis exceptis causis in quibz debet īquestam p̄ xij hoies et ille sp̄tant
ad Cuř dñi Reḡ.

such citations & has nothing in this island except only the rent of 9 measures of wheat from half an acre of land which Godfrey Vivenche holds. Therefore let that rent be taken into the hands of the lord the King. And likewise let the aforesaid Perrota when she shall come be taken until &c.

They present also that Joan called la Piletele maliciously & without lawful cause caused Colin Sarre to be cited at Coutances. And the said Joan does not come. Therefore let her be taken when she shall come. And Colin Blanchard maliciously & without lawful cause caused Philip Dolbel & William de l'Isle to be cited at Coutances. And he does not come, therefore he is to be amerced. And let him be taken when he shall come.

Robert de Grouville caused William le Bret to be cited at La Haye du Puits out of the realm for a debt of 2 sols which the aforesaid Robert said the aforesaid William owed him for the letting of the herbage of a lay fee in this island. And Robert being present cannot deny this. Therefore he is committed to gaol to be ransomed therefrom &c. Afterwards he came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression by 40 sols by the pledge of Luke Espiard & Ralph de Roke.

And the aforesaid William without lawful cause caused Geoffrey le Bret to be summoned at the aforesaid Haye du Puits. And Roger du Côttil likewise caused William le Bret to be cited there & did him many injuries. Therefore they are to be amerced.

The Church of the aforesaid parish is in the gift of the Abbot of St. Saviour & is worth one year with another 60 livres.

They present also that since the last assizes there came of wreck to the land of the King to wit, one piece of wood value 2 sols which Master William Lenginour received. Also a certain anchor of a ship whereof the share of the King is 50 sols for which Drogo de Barantyn shall answer.

They present also that Ralph de Crapedoit has the court of his men, causes in which an inquest by 12 men is necessary being excepted & these belong to the court of the lord the King.

Presentant t̃ qđ assisa panis e vini fracta est p s̃scriptos videl̃
p ux̃em Joñnis Varič Alanū Nel Galf̃r Neel f̃it Colini Nel Laũr le
Bret Galf̃rm Neel de Mara Guilm̃ de Insula Ričm Daurenches
Guilm̃ Pouchyn Coletta Vivien Joñam Relictā B̃ndicti Columbel e
Alanū le Neir Bolengãr. Et p Joñam la Cornette Joñam la Pilecole
Aleḡ le p̃vost Joñm Wautier mag̃rm Guilm̃ Lenginour Thoñ le
Kokerel Roḡiū de Costillo Ričm Ernaud Petrū Baroun Guilm̃ Tul-
launt Laũr le bret P̃ñm Gadrin Alanū le Neir Thoñ Coudrent Rob̃tū
de Grovill Guilm̃ de Sausmareys Colinū de Šco Martino e Petrū
Basset Tabnarios. Ido om̃es in m̃ia.

Presentant t̃ qđ Michael le Veillard p̃poitus recipit blada p unam
mensurā et illa delibat e vendit p aliam minorem. Et P̃ñus Gadrin
salivit congr̃os contra inhibiçõem t̃c ubi debuissent duci ad esp̃kẽr dñi
Reḡ et inde vendidit Petro de Sausmareys vj libratas qui modo nō
veñ. Ido in m̃ia. Et distringant̃r t̃c.

Presentant t̃ qđ Ričus le Gaunber psona dce eccl̃ie feč citari ad
hayam putei ext̃ regnū Ričm Milaeys et Willm̃ Picot et p̃tes alios
absq̃ causa raçonalibi. Ido ipe in gravi m̃ia. Et idm̃ Ričus p̃cussit
Willm̃ Fauvel usq̃ ad effusionē sang̃nis und̃ ha cla. Et simiḡr p̃cus-
sit Ričm Cornet cont̃ pacē t̃c unde ha cla. Ido fiant inde emend̃ t̃c.

Presentant t̃ qđ Rob̃t^o Damade de Grovill̃ pro tu.....tatis t̃c
fugit ext̃ molendinū Petri de Sausmareys et pars virge
fracte per..... p̃cussit ip̃m Rob̃tū jux̃ molendiñ unde statim obiit
[et nullus inde] malec̃ ligna movencia ext̃ molend̃
cū canavacio que f̃fiunt appreciant̃r ad XL solidos.

Presentant t̃ qđ Rads le Feuere feč p̃prest.....
..... pticã longitud̃ faciendo murū e

They present also that the assize of bread & wine is broken by the underwritten, to wit, by the wife of John Varicus, Alan Neel, Geoffrey Neel son of Colin Neel, Laurence le Bret, Geoffrey Neel de la Mare, William de l'Isle, Richard d'Avranches, William Pouchyn, Colette Vivien, Joan the widow of Benedict Columbel, & Alan le Neir, bakers; & by Joan la Cornette, Joan la Pilecole, Alexander le Provost, John Vautier, Master William Lenginour, Thomas le Kokerel, Roger du Côttil, Richard Ernaud, Peter Baron, William Tullaunt, Laurence le Bret, Philip Gadrin, Alan le Neir, Thomas Coudrent, Robert de Grouville, William de Saumareys, Colin de St. Martin & Peter Basset taverners. Therefore all of them to be amerced.

They present also that Michael le Veillard the Provost received corn by one measure & delivered & sold it by another smaller [measure]. And Philip Gadrin salted congers against the inhibition &c. whereas they ought to have been taken to the esperkeria of the lord the King, & sold thereof to Peter de Samarès 6 pounds, who now does not come. Therefore to be amerced. And let them be distrained &c.

They present also that Richard le Gaunber parson of the said Church caused to be cited at La Haye du Puits out of the kingdom Richard Millais & William Picot & many others without lawful cause. Therefore he is to be heavily amerced. And the same Richard struck William Fauvel until he drew blood whence 'Clameur de Haro' was raised. And in like manner he struck Richard Cornet against the peace &c. whence 'Clameur de Haro' was raised. Therefore let them make amends therein &c.

They present also that Robert Damade of Grouville for &c. fled out of the mill of Peter de Samarès & part of the rod broken by dashed the said Robert against the mill whereof he died immediately. [And no one is] suspected. [The judgment is that the] moving timbers outside the mill with the canvass which were [the cause of the death shall be confiscated] & they are appraised at 40 sols.

They present also that Ralph le Fevre encroached perches in length in making a bank &

in regali via. Et Petr^o de Sa..... Et Rads
 feč p'presturā in regal.....
 Et Ričus Blauncvilein feč Baudyn feč
 fossatū in regia via Et
 Robti q̄ndam
 latitud ad vj pticatas longitud

(M. 44.) **Adhuc de plitis de Corona de pochia de Groviſt.**
 parocĥ de Groviſt veñ p xij.

Jerseye. Juř pſentant qđ Robtus des Aubers a diu est s^opensus fuit p
 furto bladoꝝ Phi..... Idm ĥuit libam terram
 videlĥ iiij v'gaſ tre quas quelibet valet p ann ij busſ fri

Presentant t̄ qđ Colinus le Musqens adiu est s^opensus fuit pro
 furto Idm ĥuit reddunt dno Regi p annū p
 mañ Colinū Gregoř e participū suoꝝ ij q̄r fri

Presentant t̄ qđ Nicha que fuit uř Robti des Aubers pro furco
 fugit ad ecchiam de abjuř insulas.

Presentant t̄ qđ Petr^o de Monasterio feloniř tč a diu est infecit
 Wiltm filiū Mabile e statim fugit ad ecchiam isti^o
 ville Ita qđ nullus tč et ibi recogñ fctm e abjuř Insulas. [Habuit]
 libam t̄ram videlĥ ij virgaſ tre e j clausum continens xij pticaſ que
 valent p ann v b3 fri j pañ j capoñ. Et sup hoc veñ Matĥo le Loreour
 et off t̄ dno Regi j caſ fri de inc'mento p ipe possit teſte
 pđca clausū e t̄ram sibi e heř suis e illas sⁱ app'are. Et cedit ei q
 Juř testāt qđ nūq̄ plus valuit pđcm redd.

..... in the King's high-way. And Peter
de Sa[marès] And Ralph
made an encroachment in the King's high-[way]
..... And Richard Blancvilein made
..... Baudain made a ditch in the high-way
..... And of Robert a certain
..... breadth to 6 perches in length

(M. 44.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of the parish of
Grouville.

The parish of Grouville came by 12 men.

Jersey. The jurors present that Robert des Aubers was hanged long ago
for stealing the corn of Philip The same had free land
to wit, 4 virgates of land, whereof each is worth by the year 2 bushels
of wheat.

They present also that Colin le Musqens was hanged long ago
for theft. The same had pay to the
lord the King per annum by the hand of Colin Gregory & his part-
ners 2 quarters of wheat.

They present also that Nicholaa who was the wife of Robert des
Aubers for theft fled to the Church of abjured the
island.

They present also that Peter du Moutier feloniously &c. long
ago killed William son of Mabel & immediately fled
to the Church of this vill, so that no one &c. and there acknowledged
the deed & abjured the islands. [He had] free land, to wit, 2 vir-
gates of land & one close containing 17 perches which are worth per
annum 5 bushels of wheat, one loaf, one capon. And upon this comes
Matthew le Loreour & offers to the lord the King one measure of
wheat of increase [so that] he may hold the aforesaid close & land to
himself & his heirs & appropriate them to himself, & it is granted to
him because the jurors witness that it was never worth more than
the said rent.

Presentant t̃ qđ Wills le Golu solit⁹ est t̃here P̃m le Mouner e alios simplices hoīes in tabnas et compellere eos ad solvend p̃ potu suo contra eoꝝ voluntatem. Ido veniat p̃dcus Guillus inde responsuꝛ. Et modo no veñ. Ido in mīa.

Presentant t̃ qđ p̃t ultias assisas Robtus Burnof invent⁹ fuit ligat⁹ p̃ guttur de quad corda alligata cuidam batello qui cecidit p̃ ebrietatem ext̃ eund batell et Guills Goies qui fuit cū eo in p̃dco batello ip̃m sic attraxit p̃ cordam p̃dcam et Idm Guills inde nō malecr̃. Judm infortunū.

Presentant t̃ qđ Guills le Golu f̃bavit noctañ in via Reḡ Ricm Hasteng e ip̃m acabliavit ad terram unde sanguis e ha cla. Ido ip̃e in mīa e cap̃r cum vesit.

Presentant t̃ qđ Petr⁹ filius Arnaldi de etate xx annoꝝ casu fortuito cecidit in q̃ndā fossatā et ibi s̃m̃sus fuit et nullus inde malecr̃. Judm Infortunū.

Presentant t̃ qđ Ricus Herebt ducens carecta suam cecidit s̃b ead̃m que t̃nsiens sup eum ip̃m inf̃fecit et nullus alius inde malecr̃. Judm Infortuñ p̃cii carecte e bestiaꝝ in ead̃m c̃ s̃ qui dantur in elemõs t̃c.

Presentant t̃ qđ Mathus filius Clementis Morice etatis ix annoꝝ casu fortuito pcussus fuit fulgure et inde statim obiit. Et nullus inde malecr̃. Judm Infortuñ.

Presentant t̃ qđ Petr⁹ Arnald invent⁹ fuit s̃mers⁹ in quaddam fossata. Et nullus inde malecr̃. Judm Infortuñ.

Presentant t̃ qđ Symon Johnis solitus est fãce suñ hoīes dñi Reḡ extra regnū sine causa ut sic extorqueat pecuniam t̃c. Et Robtus le Feuere t̃xit consimitr Gervasium Graffyn e alios ap̃d

They present also that William le Golu is wont to take Philip le Mouner & other simple men into the taverns & compel them to pay for his drink against their will. Therefore let the aforesaid William come to answer therein. And now he does not come. Therefore he is to be amerced.

They present also that since the last assizes Robert Burnof was found bound by the throat with a certain rope fastened to a certain boat, and he had fallen through drunkenness out of the said boat, & William Goies who was with him in the aforesaid boat drew him in by the said cord. And the said William was not suspected thereof. Verdict, by misadventure.

They present also that William le Golu wounded Richard Hastain by night in the King's high-way & threw him to the ground whereupon blood & 'Clameur de Haro' raised. Therefore he is to be amerced & let him be taken when he shall come.

They present also that Peter son of Arnald of the age of 20 years by accident fell into a certain ditch & was drowned there, & no one is suspected thereof. Verdict, by misadventure.

They present also that Richard Herebert leading his cart fell under the same which going over him killed him & no one else is suspected thereof. Verdict, by misadventure. Value of the cart & of the beasts in the same 100 sols which are given in alms &c.

They present also that Matthew son of Clement Morice aged 9 years by accident was struck by lightning & immediately died thereof. And no one is suspected thereof. Verdict, by misadventure.

They present also that Peter Arnald was found drowned in a certain ditch, & no one is suspected thereof. Verdict, by misadventure.

They present also that Simon Fitz-John is wont to cause the subjects of the lord the King to be summoned out of the realm without cause so that he may extort money &c. And Robert le Fevre likewise sued Gervaise Graffyn & others at Coutances. And

Constañ. Et Petr^o Linchoun traxit consimilr Guilt de Monte et alios extra regñ. Et Guillot^o le Telier eodm modo solit^o est vexare hoies ex^a regnū. Et Guillot^o le Golu simitr solitus est face suñ fidel hoies ex^a regnū sine causa tē. Ido oñes in mīa.

Presentant t̄ qđ Petr^o Ernof solit^o est coīter trahere hoies dñi Reġ in plito aṗd Constañ et aṗd Haiam putei e alibi extra regnū sine causa ut sic extorqueat pecuniam ab eis. Et t̄ idm Petr^o solit^o est compellere simplices paupes solvere in tabnis p potu suo cont^a voluntatem eoꝝ. Et modo nō veñ. Ido capiatur cum venīt. Et sit in mīa.

Presentant t̄ qđ dñs Rex habet chaceam suam in eoꝝ pochia sepalem tē. Ita qđ nō licet ibidm fugare p̄tq^a Hamoni de Hoga e participibꝫ suis qui possunt ibi fugare cum cane e bačlo sine ingenio tē et hoc fmiatur in quo waranto.

Presentant t̄ qđ assisa panis e vini fracta est p sbscriptos videlꝫ p Cardinū de Barnevill Bellocam Relictā Colini Hugone Walīm le Keu Ričm de Molendio Willm Lenginour Alanū Goez Michem le Feuere Robtū le Feuere Joñnem le Feuere Petrū filiū Henr de Gerneŕe Joñam Passewaret Joñnem le Bretoun Ricm Galbard Oliverum Luyliere Michem Ĥbert Joñnem Chivaler Jordanū Aleys Petrum Poleyn Petrum Chivaler Guillotū Pesaud Joñnem de Grae Petrum le Feuere Ricm Poleyn Petrum Neel Radm le Motoun e Pñm Phi Bolengarios. Et Oliṽū de Molendio Guiltm le Perot Ricm Galbard Joñnem Justice Lucam Espiart Ricm Aubrie Petrum Darcis e Guiltm le Motoun Tabnarios. Ido oñes in mīa.

Redd e fme
dñi Reġ

Presentant t̄ qđ dñs Rex ñet in eoꝝ počñ de certa firma p añ ad fminos Pasche Šci Pauli in estate e Šci Michis ad quemlibet fminū xxj^{ll} iij^s iiij^d. Ĥet e dñs Rex p̄ter p̄dcam firmam de una carucata ĩre as pontreaus xij s p añ quam Guiltus Phi e Joñnes Pontrel modo tenent Iñm dñs Rex ñet de carucata as P̄helipes viij s vj d p añ p

Peter Linchon likewise sued William du Mont & others out of the realm. And Guillot le Telier is wont in the same way to harass men out of the realm. And Guillot le Golu is wont likewise to cause faithful men to be summoned out of the realm without cause &c. Therefore all of them to be amerced.

They present also that Peter Ernof is wont commonly to sue the subjects of the lord the King at Coutances & at La Haye du Puits & elsewhere out of the realm without cause, so that he may extort money from them. Also the same Peter is wont to compel simple paupers to pay for his drink in taverns against their will. And now he does not come. Therefore let him be taken when he shall come & let him be amerced.

They present also that the lord the King has his own separate chace in their parish &c., therefore it is not allowed to hunt there except to Hamon de la Hougue & his partners who may hunt there with dog & stick without engine &c., & this is determined in the 'quo warranto.'

They present also that the assize of bread & wine is broken by the underwritten, to wit, by Cardin de Barneville, Belloca the widow of Colin Hugo, Walter le Keu, Richard du Moulin, William Lenginour, Alan Goetz, Michael le Fevre, Robert le Fevre, John le Fevre, Peter son of Henry de Guernesey, Joan Passewaret, John le Breton, Richard Galbard, Oliver L'Hyvière (?), Michael Herbert, John Chevalier, Jordan Aleys, Peter Poleyn, Peter Chevalier, Guillot Pesaud, John de Gray, Peter le Fevre, Richard Poleyn, Peter Neel, Ralph le Moton & Philip son of Philip, bakers ; & Oliver du Moulin, William le Perot, Richard Galbard, John Justise, Luke Espiart, Richard Aubrie, Peter Darcis & William le Moton, taverners. Therefore all of them to be amerced.

Rents & Farm
of the
lord the King.

They present also that the lord the King has in their parish of cert farm by the year at the terms of Easter, St. Paul in the summer, & St. Michael, at each term 21 livres 3 sols 4 deniers. Also the lord the King has besides the aforesaid farm from one carucate of land of the Pontrels 12 s. by the year which William son of Philip & John Pontrel now hold. Also the lord the King has from a carucate

Hamonis de Hoga e pticipū suoz ad eundē tminū tē. Et p̄dcus Hamo
 est libe teñ ejus de p̄dca carucata e debet plenū releviū tē pcipit t̄
 dñs Rex de carucata as Rasours vj s̄ p anñ p manus Guilhī Poleyn
 qui illam modo tenet. Habet t̄ dñs Rex de certa firma de feodo Inſ
 mariscis iiij s̄ in diſsis pticlis p anñ e debent reddi dño Regi ad
 festum ſci Michis p manus p̄poiti ejusdē feodi. Iſm dñs Rex ñet de
 quadam antiqua forisfactura vidz de j peč ĩre ij s̄ p anñ quam Joñes
 Lynchun modo tenet. Dicunt t̄ qđ dñs Rex ñet in eoꝝ počñ xxvij
 virgaĩ p̄ti quaz quelibet valet p anñ ij busĩ fri habet t̄ dñs Rex de
 escheto Margarete la Cameyse bastarde tē j virgaĩ ĩre e đi que valent
 p anñ v cab f..... [Tho]mas le Estlenģ modo illam tenet Iſm dñs
 Rex ñet de escheto virģ ĩre quas Colinus de
 Monasfio modo tenet p j q̄r̄tio fri dno Rege
 ij virģ ĩre de escheta p̄sbifi Chasteleyn dñi
 Regi p anñ j q̄r̄t fri ñet t̄ dñs Rex de escheta
 valet p anñ ij busĩ fri. Et de escheta que fueĩ
 fuit bastarda tē vj busĩ fri e đi vidz
 p iiij virģ ĩre quas modo tenent. Iſm
 Michs le Desuee de forisfcura cuj^odā
 ĩre e reddit dño Regi p anñ xij cab fri. Et Robtus
 virģ e đi e reddit p anñ j q̄r̄t fri. Et Petrus
 xv cab fri. Iſm de
 dno Regi p anñ Colinus le
 Hugōis Gane tē e Dñs de
rley anñ. Et
 virģ ĩre de escheta
 p anñ ij busĩ fri
 j virģ e x ptic quas Robtus le Jouene
 fumaģ istius počñ et valet coĩbz annis x^h.

of the Philips 8 s. 6 d. per annum by [the hands of] Hamon de la Hougue & his partners at the same term &c. And the aforesaid Hamon is his free tenant of the aforesaid carucate & owes full relief &c. Also the lord the King takes from the carucate of the Rasours 6 s. by the year by the hands of William Poleyn who now holds it. Also the lord the King has of cert farm of the fee between the Marshes 4 s. in divers parcels by the year & they ought to be paid to the lord the King at the feast of St. Michael by the hands of the Provost of the same fee. Also the lord the King has of a certain ancient forfeiture, to wit, of one piece of land 2 s. by the year which John Lynchun now holds. Also they say that the lord the King has in their parish 27 virgates of meadow-land whereof each is worth by the year 2 bushels of wheat. The lord the King has also of the escheat of Margaret la Cameyse, bastard, &c. $1\frac{1}{2}$ virgates of land which are worth per annum 5 measures of wheat. [Tho]mas le Estleng now holds it. Also the lord the King has of escheat
..... virgate of land which Colin du Moutier now holds for one quarter of wheat to the lord the King
2 virgates of land of the escheat of the priest Chastelyn
..... to the lord the King by the year one quarter of wheat.
Also the lord the King has of escheat is worth
by the year 2 bushels of wheat. And of the escheat
which were was a bastard &c. $6\frac{1}{2}$ bushels
of wheat, to wit, for 4 virgates of land which
now hold. Also Michael le Desvée of the forfeiture of a certain
..... of land & pays to the lord the King by
the year 12 measures of wheat. And Robert
virgate & a half & pays by the year one quarter of wheat. And
Peter 15 measures of wheat. Also
..... of to the lord the King by the year
..... Colin le of Hugh Gane
..... &c. and The lord of
..... year. And
virgate of land of escheat
by the year 2 bushels of wheat
one virgate & 10 perches which Robert le Jeune
..... fumage of this parish.
worth one year with another 10 livres.

(M. 44 d.)

Adhuc de poch de Groviſt.

P'sentant qđ Simon le Counte feč p'presturam de comuna đni Reğ latiř ĩj ped e long ĩj pticatař. Et Emma que fuit uxor Colini Hugoun p'prestavit de eadem comuna latiř ĩj ped e long ĩj pticatař in uno loco e in alio loco sui eadem comuna simiř p'preřvit ad eandem mensuram. Et Petrus Desert p'prestavit de eadem comuna latiř ĩj ped e long ĩij pticař. Et Ričus Hugoun consimiř e ejusdm mesure. Et Jořnes Walř cōsimiř. Et Rořtus de Šbmonte eodem modo. Et Petrus le Feuere simiř. Et Jořnes Seroye eodem modo e eadem mensura. ĩm Petrus Desert obstruxit cursum aque ad mensuram ĩij pticatař. Et Peř le Feuere obstruxit eundem cursū ad mensū ĩij ptič. Et Rořtus le Desuee consimiř. Et Rađus Martyn obstruxit cursum aque ad mensū vj ptič. Et Ričus de Pratis simiř ad mensū ĩj ptič. ĩm Gervař le Desuee obstruxit eund cursum tč mensū ĩj ptič. Et Ričus le Desuee consimiř. Et Ričus le Hurteour obstruxit řđcm cursum ad menř vj ptič. Dicunt ř qđ Rořtus Robyn Junior app'avit sibi řt ultimas ass tč de p'to đni Reğ latiř ĩj ped e long ĩj ptič. Et Matřus de molendino infossavit de chimino Reğ latiř e long ĩij pedū. Et Jořnes Lynchun feč p'presturam sup chiminū Reğ latiř ĩj ped e long ĩj ptič e ibidem seminavit canabū. ĩm Guillot^o Jořis feč quemđ murū in quodam semita regia latiř j ped e long ĩj ptič. Et Petrus Horman fodiit in chimino Reğ ad spgendū in řra sua e sic defioravit chiminū illud. Et Jořnes Huřti p'prestavit de chimino Reğ latiř ĩj ped e long ĩj ptič e illud seminavit. Et Guiltus Leael feč quoddam fossatum in chimino Reğ. Et Rađus le Muskens consimiř. ĩdo omēs in mīa. Et řđca nocumenta deobstruant^r ad eoř custagia p quos řca řřint tč.

Redds e firme
đni Regia.

ĩdē đns Rex habet in eoř pochia de antiqua esčieta ĩj virğ terř quas Rořtus de Barneviř modo tenet et reddit đno Regi p annū vij cař řri e vj galliř. Et Petr^o Damade tenet de forisřcura Belerente

(M. 44 d.)

Continuation of the parish of Grouville.

They present that Simon le Conte made an encroachment on the common of the lord the King 3 feet wide & 3 perches long. And Emma who was the wife of Colin Hugon encroached upon the same common three feet wide & three perches long in one place & in another place in the same common he likewise encroached to the same extent. And Peter Desert encroached on the same common in width 3 feet & in length 4 perches. And Richard Hugon likewise & of the same extent. And John Walter likewise. And Robert de Soulemont in the same way. And Peter le Fevre likewise. And John Seroye in the same way & to the same extent. Also Peter Desert obstructed the water-course to the extent of 4 perches. And Peter le Fevre obstructed the same course to the extent of 4 perches. And Robert le Desvee likewise. And Ralph Martyn obstructed the water-course to the extent of 6 perches. And Richard des Prés likewise to the extent of 3 perches. Also Gervaise le Desvee obstructed the same course &c. to the extent of 3 perches. And Richard le Desvee likewise. And Richard le Hurtour obstructed the said course to the extent of 6 perches. They say also that Robert Robin junior appropriated to himself since the last assizes &c. of the meadow of the lord the King in breadth 3 feet & in length 2 perches. And Matthew du Moulin made a hedge out of the King's road in breadth & length 4 feet. And John Lynchun made an encroachment upon the King's road 3 feet wide & 3 perches in length & there sowed hemp. Also Guillot Fitz-John made a certain bank in a certain King's path-way one foot in width & 2 perches in length. And Peter Horman dug (earth) from the King's road to spread over his land & thus deteriorated that road. And John Hubert encroached upon the King's road 2 feet in width & 2 perches in length & sowed it. And William Leal made a certain ditch in the King's high-way. And Ralph le Muskens likewise. Therefore all of them to be amerced. And the aforesaid obstructions shall be removed at the cost of those by whom they were made.

Rents & Farm
of the
lord the King.

The said lord the King has in their parish of ancient escheat 2 virgates of land which Robert de Barneville now holds & pays to the lord the King by the year 7 measures of wheat & 6 hens. And

di virgāi fr̃e. Et redd̃ dño Regi cab̃ fr̃i di. Iñm Dicunt qđ Math̃s Osof tenet j acrā terr̃ de feodo Norbert et reddit dño Regi p anñ xiiij cab̃ fr̃i. Iñm dicunt qđ dñs Rex habet in ead̃m pochia f̃ciam ptem uni⁹ virgāi fr̃e de escheta cujusdam Robti Hoboy bastardi e jacet pasturā e vicini semp̃ huerunt inde p̃fituū e adhuc h̃ent et hucusq̃ concelatum fuit dño Regi videl̃ p XL annos et valet p annū viij đ. Ido respondeant vicini de arrẽ. Et respondeatur inde de ceſo dño Regi. Habet t̃ dñs Rex di virg̃ fr̃e de escheta Guilli Aubrye bastardi quam Emma que fuit ux̃ Joñnis Haiher tenet et redd̃ p anñ j buss̃ fr̃i. Dicunt t̃ qđ est quedam carucata fr̃e in eoꝝ poch̃ que redd̃ dño Regi p anñ xv s̃ p manus Jord̃i le Rous ad ĩm̃m Sci Pauli in estate. Et carucata as Romyes redd̃ ad eundem ĩminū x s̃ p manus Joñnis Selle. Et carucata as mayneres reddit dño Regi p anñ xij s̃ ad eundem ĩminū p manus Petri Mangys. Et carucata Asteyle reddit dño Regi p anñ iij s̃ vj đ ad eundem ĩminū p manus Guilli Asteyle. Iñm Hamelinus de Hoga e p̃ticipes sui debent dño Regi de reddiī p̃tis suis t̃c annuatī vj ancas. Et Guillus Bercand e p̃ticipes sui debent dño Regi sup les meles quas tenent j anč. Et Guillus le Desuee e p̃ticipes sui debent sup scrotağ̃ quas tenent j anč. Et Ričus Michel e Guillus Michel debent sup mesuağ̃ suū iiij galliñ. Iñm h̃edes Pet⁹ Asteyle debent sup meſ suū ij capoñ e iiij đ. Et Mich̃ le Feuere debet sup p̃tum suū iij galliñ. Et Guillus la Boyce debet sup les meles quas tenet j anč. Dicunt t̃ qđ hoīes istius poch̃ debent dño Regi fumağ̃ de tribz annis in tres annos e valet coibz annis cum acciderit x li set dicunt qđ Guillus Asteyle Peř Neel e Hamelin⁹ de Hoga quieti sunt de fumagio q̃ debent releviū t̃c. Iñm dñs Rex h̃et in eoꝝ pochia j molend̃ ad ventū qđ valet coibz annis XL li. Et ij molend̃a aquatica que valent p anñ xx li. Et di carucaī fr̃e que fuit Martini

Peter Damade holds of the forfeiture of Belerente half a virgate of land, & pays to the lord the King 12 measures of wheat. Also they say that Matthew Ozouf holds 1 acre of land of the fee of Norbert & pays to the lord the King by the year 13 measures of wheat. They also say that the lord the King has in the same parish the 3rd part of 1 virgate of land of the escheat of a certain Robert Hoboy, a bastard, & it lies in pasture & the neighbours always had the profit thereof & still have & up to this time it was concealed from the lord the King, to wit, for 40 years & it is worth by the year 8 d. Therefore let the neighbours account for the arrears. And let it be accounted for thereof from henceforth to the lord the King. Also the lord the King has half a virgate of land of the escheat of William Aubreye, a bastard, which Emma who was the wife of John Ahier holds & pays by the year 1 bushel of wheat. They say also that there is a certain carucate of land in their parish which pays to the lord the King by the year 15 s. by the hands of Jordan le Rous at the term of St. Paul in the summer. And the carucate of the Romyes pays at the same term 10 s. by the hands of John Selle. And the carucate of the Mayneres pays to the lord the King by the year 12 s. at the same term by the hands of Peter Mangys. And the carucate Asteyle pays to the lord the King by the year 3 s. 6 d. at the same term by the hands of William Asteyle. Also Hamelin de la Hougue & his partners owe to the lord the King of rent for their meadows &c. yearly 6 geese. And William Bercand & his partners owe to the lord the King upon Les Mieles which they hold 1 goose. And William le Desvee & his partners owe upon the scrotages (?) which they hold 1 goose. And Richard Michel & William Michel owe upon their messuage 4 hens. Also the heirs of Peter Astey owe upon their messuage 2 capons & 4 d. And Michael le Fevre owes upon his meadow 3 hens. And William la Boyce owes upon Les Mieles which he holds 1 goose. Also they say that the men of this parish owe to the lord the King fumage every 3 years, & it is worth one year with another when it shall occur 10 livres, but they say that William Asteyle, Peter Neel & Hamelin de la Hougue are quit of fumage because they owe relief &c. Also the lord the King has in their parish a wind-mill which is worth one year with another 40 livres. And 2 water-mills which are worth per annum 20 livres. And half a carucate of land which belonged to Martin Barbey owes to the lord

Barbey debet dño Regi releviū tē. Et Pñus de Cheny modo tenet
fram illam de pquisito pñis sui tē. Dicunt t̃ qđ Jolies Gervaise e
pticipes sui tenent de dño Rege xx ac̃ ĩre p đĩ releviū tē de feodo
Audesfublej e debent tenentes feodi illius cariare sumptibz suis totū
grossū maeremiū ad dño molend̃ Reġ in ĩ Montem Šci Michis e Chere-
burgñ videz molend̃ de Malassis e magnū molend̃ in pochia Šci Sal-
vatoris. Et debent hoies Reġ istius pochĩ colleġe fenū Reġ in ista
pochĩ et t̃ cariare vinū fenū e buscam đni Reġ ubicūq, đns Rex volũit
in Inš.

Bordaġ Presentant t̃ qđ Thomas de Sauzmareys e pticipes sui tenent
xij virġ ĩre de bordaġ quaz̃ quelibet valet p añ ij b3 ĩri et debet
faċe serviciū capital̃ bordaĩ in ista pochia e pochĩ Šci Lauř. Et Riċus
le Mouner e pticipes sui tenent ij virġ ĩre de bordaġ e valent p añ
iij bus3 ĩri. Et Petr^o Chasteleyn e pticipes sui tenent consimiłr j ac̃
ĩre que valet p añ ij q̃rĩ ĩri. Et Roġtus de Valle simiłr tenet j virġ
ĩre que valet p añ ij b3 ĩri. Et Guiltus Herbert tenet j ac̃ ĩre que
valet p añ ij q̃rĩ ĩri. Et Riċus de Barneville tenet eodem modo đĩ
virġ ĩre que valet p añ j b3 ĩri. Et Huetus Goyres e pticipes sui
simiłr tenent j virġ ĩre que valet p añ ij b3 ĩri. Et Guiltus Horman
e pticipes sui cōsimiłr tenent ij virġ ĩre que valent p añ j q̃rĩ ĩri.
Et Thomas Herbert e pticipes sui tenent đĩ virġ ĩre que valet p añ
j b3 ĩri. Et Petr^o de Cruce tenet consimiłr j virġ ĩre que valet p
añ ij b3 ĩri. Et Matñus de Molendino e pticipes sui tenent simiłr
ij virġ ĩre de bordaġ. Et Petrus de Bourges bordaĩ tē oñavit bordaġ
illud Colino le Maynen e pticipibz suis de redd̃ iij b3 ĩri qui reĩ dño
Regi q, coĩtas Inš testat̃ qđ bordaĩ nō possunt oñare bordagia sine
licencia tē. Et Colinus Seruan e pticipes sui tenent ij

the King relief &c. And Philip de Cheny now holds that land of the purchase of his father &c. They say also that John Gervaise & his partners hold of the lord the King 20 acres of land by half-relief &c. of the fee of the Desfubley, & the tenants of that fee owe the carriage at their own costs of all large timber to the mills of the lord the King from between Mont St. Michel & Cherbourg, viz.: the mill of Malassis & the 'Grand Moulin' in the parish of St. Saviour. And the men of the King of this parish owe the duty of collecting the hay of the King in this parish & also of carrying the wine, hay & firewood of the lord the King wheresoever the lord the King shall wish in the island.

Bordage.

They present also that Thomas de Samarès & his partners hold 12 virgates of land of bordage each of which is worth by the year 2 bushels of wheat & he ought to do the service of the chief bordier in this parish & in the parish of St. Laurence. And Richard le Mouner & his partners hold 2 virgates of land of bordage & they are worth per annum 3 bushels of wheat. And Peter Chasteleyn & his partners hold likewise 1 acre of land which is worth per annum 2 quarters of wheat. And Robert du Val likewise holds 1 virgate of land which is worth per annum 2 bushels of wheat. And William Herbert holds 1 acre of land which is worth per annum 2 quarters of wheat. And Richard de Barneville holds in the same way half a virgate of land which is worth per annum 1 bushel of wheat. And Huet Goyres & his partners likewise hold 1 virgate of land which is worth per annum 2 bushels of wheat. And William Horman & his partners likewise hold 2 virgates of land which are worth per annum 1 quarter of wheat. And Thomas Herbert & his partners hold half a virgate of land which is worth per annum 1 bushel of wheat. And Peter de la Croix holds likewise 1 virgate of land which is worth per annum 2 bushels of wheat. And Matthew du Moulin & his partners hold likewise 2 virgates of land of bordage. And Peter de Bourges bordier &c. charged that bordage to Colin le Maynen & his partners with the rent of 3 bushels of wheat, which remain to the lord the King, because the commonalty of the island testifies that the bordiers cannot charge the bordages without license &c. And Colin Servan & his partners hold 2 virgates of land of bordage &

virg̃ f̃re de bordaḡ e valent p anñ et p̃d̃cm bordaḡ ofiat
Agneti relicte Riči Margie de vij caḡ f̃ri qui similr remanent dñō
Regi t̃c. Et Ričus ponele tenet j virg̃ f̃re de bordaḡ Horman de
p̃quiš de Thoma Pe[ronelle] defuncto que valet p anñ v caḡ f̃ri e remañ
dñō Reg..... Et Walfus le Cu tenet iij virg̃
f̃re de bord Pot..... Regi p anñ caḡ f̃ri e facit ſviciū
bordagii t̃c.

Presentant t̃ qđ Robtus Vivien feč suñ Rob̃tm
veñ t̃ cognovit t̃c set dicit qđ nō maliciose. Ido in m̃ia et invenit
..... P̃hm Fū..... e P̃hm Horman. Et Robtus de
Hoga feč citare R..... t̃c qui modo veñ e
nō potest hoc dediče. Ido in m̃ia et t̃c
unde Jordm de Hoga e Rađm Turgys
Gervaš Greffyn Joñem de Montibz e Rob̃tm modo
nō veñ. Ido in m̃ia.

*[The two remaining paragraphs of this Membrane are
very imperfect.]*

(M. 45.) **Adhuc de p̃litis de Corona** de počh Šce Mař.
parochia Šce Mař veñ p xij.

Jerseye. Juř p̃sentant qđ Colinus Robelin a xij annis elap̃s pro latrocinio
s̃pensus fuit. [Habuit] virgař terre que valet p anñ iiij^d. Et
Ričus Michel eođm anno s̃pens^o fuit nō [habuit catalla].

Presentant t̃ qđ Jordanus Chivaler abjuř Insulas a xxv annis
elap̃s et fuit di redd̃ dño Regi p anñ
iiij caḡ f̃ri.

Presentant t̃ qđ Joñnes de Beket in piscando p̃pe ripam maris
cecidit de quadam rupe p quod statim s̃mersus

they are worth per annum And the said bordage is charged to Agnes the widow of Richard Margerie with 7 measures of wheat which likewise remain to the lord the King &c. And Richard Peronelle holds 1 virgate of land of the bordage Horman of the purchase of Thomas Pe[ronelle] deceased which is worth per annum 5 measures of wheat & remains to the lord the King And Walter le Cu holds 3 virgates of land of the bordage Pot to the King by the year measures of wheat & shall do the service of bordage &c.

They present also that Robert Vivien caused Robert to be summoned comes & acknowledges &c. but he says that he did not do it maliciously. Therefore to be amerced & he finds [as pledges] Philip Fu..... & Philip Horman. And Robert de la Hougue caused R..... to be cited &c. who now comes & cannot deny it. Therefore to be amerced & &c. whereupon Jordan de la Hougue & Ralph Turgys, Gervaise Greffyn, John des Monts & Robert now do not come. Therefore to be amerced.

(M. 45.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of the parish of
St. Mary.

The parish of St. Mary comes by 12 men.

Jersey. The jurors present that Colin Robelin 13 years ago for theft was hanged. [He had] virgate of land which is worth by the year 4 d. And Richard Michel was hanged in the same year & had no chattels.

They present also that Jordan Chevalier abjured the islands 25 years ago & had half paid to the lord the King by the year 4 measures of wheat.

They present also that John de Beket in fishing near the sea-shore fell from a certain rock whereby he

fuit et nullus inde malecr̃. Judm Infortuñ. Et Colin
eodm modo s̃mers⁹ fuit et nullus inde malecr̃. Judm Infortuñ.

Presentant t̃ qđ Jordanus de Castro cecidit de quad rupe in
mare e statim s̃mersus Et Roḡus filius Gilbti
Dulbel piscando ppe mare casu fortuito s̃mers⁹ fuit. Et Robtus filius
Colini Blaunche balneando in quodam stagno s̃mersus fuit. Et
Guillot⁹ de Mara piscando piclitatus fuit in mari. Et nullus inde
malecr̃. Judm Infortuñ.

Presentant t̃ qđ Guilhota filia p̃sbri Ansgot a diu est equitando
sup unū eqū casu fortuito cecidit e p̃dcs equus illam tramavit unde
statim inde obiit et ñlls alius inde malecr̃. Judm Infortunū. Et
dicūt qđ P̃hus Levesk miles tūc fuit Balis qui de equo illo fec̃
cōmodū dñi Reg̃ t̃c.

Redd e firme
dñi Regis.

Presentant t̃ qđ dñs Rex pcipit p anñ in ista parochia xx li vij s̃
de certa firma p anñ. Et de feodo des Meschins x s̃. Et de feodo
des Wyncheles v s̃ de greviia. Et dñs Rex habet j ac̃r terre de foris-
fcura Guilti Artur que valet p anñ iiij cab̃ fri e Guilt filius Nichi
Robeleyn modo tenet. Et Jordanus Levesqe e participes sui tenent
vij virgaī terre et reddūt dño Regi p annū xiiij cab̃ fri. Et h̃edes as
Robelins tenent iij ac̃r et reddunt dño Regi p annū xvij cab̃ fri. Et
dñs Rex habet de forisfcura filii Robti Hug̃s vj virgaī terre que
valent p anñ ij q̃r fri. Et de forisfactura as Griffouns ij q̃r fri iiij
capoñ per annū. Itm ymarka que fuit uñ Alani Eleire p parce
cōmune viij d̃ ij galliñ. Et Guiltis Nicolas e participes as Robelins
reddunt dño Regi p annū de crofto del moster vj d̃ vj galliñ. Percipit
t̃ dñs Rex de montibz Petri Hug̃ que vocantur Latemie x li p annū.
Habet t̃ dñs Rex duo molendia videl̃ molendia de Jogelande e
molendim de Morer que valent p annū xl li. Dicunt t̃ qđ hoīes dñi

was immediately drowned & no one is suspected thereof. Verdict : by misadventure. And Colin was drowned in the same way & no one is suspected thereof. Verdict : by misadventure.

They present also that Jordan du Castel fell from a certain rock into the sea & was immediately drowned And Roger son of Gilbert Dulbel fishing near the sea was drowned by accident. And Robert son of Colin Blaunche bathing in a certain pond was drowned. And Guillot de la Mare fishing was drowned at sea. And no one is suspected thereof. Verdict : by misadventure.

They present also that Guillota daughter of the priest Ansgot long ago while riding upon a horse fell by accident & the aforesaid horse trod upon her whereof she died immediately & no one else is suspected thereof. Verdict : by misadventure. And they say that Philip Levesque, knight, was then Bailiff, who took that horse for the profit of the lord the King &c.

tents & Farm
of the
ord the King.

They present also that the lord the King takes by the year in that parish 20 livres 7 sols of cert farm by the year. And of the fee of Meschin 10 s. And of the fee of the Vinchelez 5 s. of 'greverie.' And the lord the King has 1 acre of land of the forfeiture of William Arthur which is worth by the year 4 measures of wheat & William the son of Nicholas Robelin now holds it. And Jordan Levesque & his partners hold 7 virgates of land & pay to the lord the King by the year 14 measures of wheat. And the heirs of the Robelins hold 3 acres & pay to the lord the King by the year 18 measures of wheat. And the lord the King has of the forfeiture of the son of Robert Huges 6 virgates of land which are worth by the year 2 quarters of wheat. And of the forfeiture of the Griffons 2 quarters of wheat 4 capons by the year. Also Ymarka who was the wife of Alan Eleire for the common pound 8 d., 2 hens. And William Nicolas & partners of the Robelins pay to the lord the King by the year for the croft of the Monastery 6 d. 6 hens. Also the lord the King takes of the hills of Peter Hugh which are called Latemie 10 livres by the year. Also the lord the King has 2 mills, to wit, the mill of Gigoulande & the mill of the Mourier which are worth per annum 40 livres. They say also that the men of the lord the King in this parish owe the service

Reĝ in ista pochia debent cariare vinū fenū e buscam dñi Reĝ ubi-cumq, Ministri Reĝ volūit in Insula. Et Guifus du Buhot tenet vij virĝ tre de feodo Riči Leveske e reddunt p añ vij b3 fri ij galliñ e ij d.

Presentant t̃ qđ Jordanus Levesqe et Pius Levesqe tenent de dño Rege xxx acr terre et reddūt dñm releviū cum acciderit. Et Guifus le Petist Junior de pochia Šce Tñitatis teñ dñam caructā et debet dñm releviū cum acciderit. Et Guifus de Mara teñ dñam carucatam tre et deb dñm releviū cū acciderit.

Presentant t̃ qđ ecclia istius parochie est de advocaçone Abbis de Cesario e valet coib3 annis LX ti. Et Abbissa de Cadomo et Abbissa de Moster Vilers habent medietatē decie garba3 ejusd parochie. Et Abbas Šci Salvatoris pcipit sextam garbam ejusd decie.

Presentant t̃ qđ ante ultias assisas devenit de Wrecko apđ Portum de Laik quedam navis und ppars dñi Reĝ valuit xx ti de quib3 Lauř de Sevenok e Joñnes de Newent Receptoř respond.

Presentant t̃ qđ Robt^o Godel feč citare Guilm le Feuere e Guilm Hamon apđ Hayam Putei malicose. Iō ipe in g^{vi} mia.

Presentant t̃ qđ assisa panis e vini fracta est p sbscriptos videlē p Guilm Fauvel Reginald Wautier Petrū Morel Ričm Boloyn Joñnem le Faucoun Guilm Estevene Robtum Bodet e Rogum Bernard bolengarios. Et Guilm Fauvel Regiñ Gautier Guilm de Mara Galfr̃m Levesqe Robum Bodet Ričm Bodet e Regiñ Mobey Tañnarios. Ido omes in mia.

Presentant t̃ qđ Reginaldus Arthur pprestavit de chimino Reĝ p carucā suam latiř ij ped e long j ptič. Et Robtus Robelyn consimilr. Et Robtus Valoun feč ppresturam de via regali p quodd

of carrying the wine, hay & firewood of the lord the King wheresoever the officers of the King shall wish in the island. And William du Buhot holds 7 virgates of land of the fee of Richard Levesque & they render by the year 7 bushels of wheat 2 hens & 2 d.

They present also that Jordan Levesque & Philip Levesque hold of the lord the King 30 acres of land & pay half-relief when it shall occur. And William le Petit junior of the parish of Holy Trinity holds half a carucate & owes half-relief when it shall occur. And William de la Mare holds half a carucate of land & owes half-relief when it shall occur.

They present also that the Church of that parish is of the advowson of the Abbot of Cherbourg & is worth one year with another 60 livres. And the Abbess of Caen & the Abbess of the Monastery Villiers have the moiety of the tithe of the sheaves of the same parish. And the Abbot of St. Saviour takes the 6th sheaf of the same tithe.

They present also that before the last assizes there came of wreck at the port of Lecq a certain ship whereof the share of the lord the King was worth 20 livres, for which Laurence de Sevenok & John de Newent, Receivers, shall answer.

They present also that Robert Godel maliciously caused William le Fevre & William Hamon to be cited at La Haye du Puits. Therefore he is to be heavily amerced.

They present also that the assize of bread & wine is broken by the underwritten, to wit, by William Fauvel, Reginald Vautier, Peter Morel, Richard Boloyn, John le Faucoun, William Estevene, Robert Bodet & Roger Bernard, bakers; and William Fauvel, Reginald Gautier, William de la Mare, Geoffrey Levesque, Robert Bodet, Richard Bodet & Reginald Mobey, taverners. Therefore all of them to be amerced.

They present also that Reginald Arthur encroached upon the high road with his plough in breadth 2 feet & in length 1 perch. And Robert Robelyn likewise. And Robert Valoun made an encroachment on the King's high-way by a certain ditch of his 2 feet in

fossatū suū latiŕ ij peđ e longŕ j pticaŕ. Et Thomas Galoupin p'pres-
tavit de cōa Reġ p caruē suam latiŕ ij peđ e longŕ ij ptič. Et Henŕ
fiŕ Joeine e pticipes sui fecerunt p'presturam de cōa Reġ latiŕ j pticate
e longŕ viij ptič. Ido omēs in mīa.

Presentant t̃ qđ Joĥnes Bloyne tenet xv acŕ fŕe de bordaġ e reddit
dño Regi p anñ p qualibet bovata vij ŝ que continentŕ in pđca firma
dñi Reġ e debet Idem bordaġ fače ŝviciū bordagii in tota pochia
Sci Audoeni de hiis que spectant ad dñm Regem et debet respondere
p̃poŕto istius pochie de omimodis denaŕ dñi Reġ levand in pđca pochia
Sci Audoeni. Et Reginald Betoun e pticipes sui tenent j bovaŕ fŕe
de bordaġ e reddunt p anñ ad pđcam firmam dñi Reġ vij ŝ. Et
faciunt ŝvič bordaŕ in ista poch.

Presentant t̃ qđ homīes Reġ de ista pochia debent cariare vinū
fenū e buscam dñi Reġ ubicumq, Ministri Reġ volŕint in Insula.
Ita tamen qđ debent recipe p qualibet quadrigata ij đ.

Presentant t̃ qđ Ep̃us Constancienŕ hiet tenentes suos in ista pochia
e pcipit de eis p anñ XL ŝ vj đ et pđci tenentes nō solvūt fumaġ tč.
Et Ep̃us Abriceŕ hiet in ista pochia campŕtū in feodo Pĥi Selran e in
feodo Baudoeni Jonan quod valet p anñ L ŝ.

Et Juŕ [p plibz] concelamentis in veredco suo de quibz convicti
fŕint [coram] Justič p exaŕiācoem [in mīa.]

(M. 45 d).

Adhuc de pochia Šce Maŕ.

Presentant qđ Thomas Henry insultavit noctanŕ domū filie Joĥnis
Viuf frangendo tč. Et Phelipotus le Ducheroun simitr insul-
tavit eādem. Ido ufq, eoꝝ in mīa.

breadth & 1 perch in length. And Thomas Galoupin encroached on the King's common with his plough in breadth 2 feet & in length 2 perches. And Henry son of Jeune & his partners made an encroachment on the King's common 1 perch in breadth & 8 perches in length. Therefore all of them to be amerced.

They present also that John Bloyn holds 15 acres of land of bordage & pays to the lord the King by the year for each bovat 7 s. which are contained in the said aforesaid farm of the lord the King & the same bordage owes the service of bordage in the whole parish of St. Ouen for those things which belong to the lord the King & ought to answer to the Provost of that parish (St. Mary) for all manner of moneys of the lord the King to be levied in the aforesaid parish of St. Ouen. And Reginald Beton & his partners hold 1 bovat of land of bordage & pay by the year to the aforesaid farm of the lord the King 7 s. And they do the service of the bordiers in this parish.

They present also that the men of the King of this parish owe the service of carrying the wine, hay & firewood of the lord the King wheresoever the officers of the King shall wish in the island, so nevertheless that they ought to receive for each four-horse cart, 2 d.

They present also that the Bishop of Coutances has his tenants in this parish & receives of them by the year 40 s. 6d., & the aforesaid tenants do not pay fumage &c. And the Bishop of Avranches has in this parish champart in the fee of Philip Selran & in the fee of Baldwin Jonan which is worth per annum 50 s.

And the jurors [for many] concealments in their verdict of which they were convicted [before] the Justices by examination [to be amerced.]

(M. 45 d.)

Continuation of the parish of St. Mary.

They present that Thomas Henry by night attacked the house of the daughter of John Viuf by breaking &c. And Phelipot le Ducheron likewise attacked the same. Therefore both of them to be amerced.

Presentant t̃ qđ molend̃ de Gigoullande cōbustū fuit p̃ malam e
stultam custodiam le Maynen tūc custodis molend̃ illius.
Ido ipe in m̃ia.

Comptum est p̃ Roſlos Phi le Evesk balli qđ Robtus le Evesk
insultavit quenđ Malueynaunt pcusciendo eū unde sang's plaga
e ha cla et appleg̃ fuit usq; ad has as̃ p̃ Radm Crapedoyt. Et
p̃dcs Robtus nō veñ. Ido pleg̃ suus in g̃vi m̃ia.

Comptum est p̃ Roſlos Phi le Evesk Balti qđ Thomas Henry e
P̃hus Ducheroun de Šco Petro noctañ intraſunt domū filie Joñnis
Humfray p̃ quod ip̃a reliquit domū cū ha cla. Ido fiant inde emend̃.
Et p̃dcs P̃hus veñ e feč finem p̃ p̃dca t̃ns p̃ xx š pp̃lm Phi le Evesk.
Et Joñnes Henry pať p̃dci Thome veñ e feč finē p̃ p̃dca t̃ns p̃ filio
suo p̃ xx š pp̃lm Phi de Carſet. Comptū est p̃ Roſlos ejusđ Balti qđ
Joñnes fiť Pet' de Hailes ṽbavit Colinū le Abbey in retractu maris e
ip̃m acabliavit ad t̃ram unde sang's e ha cla. Et p̃dcs Joñes veñ e
feč finem p̃ p̃dca t̃ns p̃ xxxvj š pp̃lm p̃dci p̃ris sui.

Adhuc de remañ de poch̃ de Groviť.

Comptum est p̃ Roſlos Phi le Evesk Balti qđ Simon le Curroure
alias p̃posuit quasđ bill̃ de cōspiracoibz vsus Walſm le Keu Wiltm
Lenginour e Lucam Espiard pp̃t quod appleg̃ fuit usq; ad has as̃ et
modo nō vult p̃sequi. Iō ipe in g̃vi m̃ia.

Et Juť duodene p̃ plibz concelamentis in vered̃co suo de quibz
convicti s̃sunt coram Justič p̃ examinačoe in m̃ia.

Juť p̃sentant qđ post ultimas as̃ venit ad Wreccū in pochia eoꝝ
j̃ doleū vini albi sats p̃cii vj ti x š quod Walſus le Keu fuit qui inde

They present also that the mill of Gigoulande was burnt through the careless & negligent custody of le Maynen then keeper of that mill. Therefore he is to be amerced.

It is found by the rolls of Philip l'Evesque, Bailiff, that Robert l'Evesque assaulted a certain Malveynant striking him whereupon blood & wounds & 'Clameur de Haro' raised & he was remanded on bail until the next assizes by Ralph Crapedoyt. And the aforesaid Robert did not come. Therefore his pledge to be heavily amerced.

It is found also by the rolls of Philip l'Evesque, Bailiff, that Thomas Henry & Philip Ducheron of St. Peter by night entered the house of the daughter of John Humfrey whereby she left that house raising 'Haro.' Therefore let them make amends therefor. And the aforesaid Philip came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression by 20 sols by the pledge of Philip l'Evesque. And John Henry father of the aforesaid Thomas came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression for his son by 20 sols by the pledge of Philip de Carteret. It is found by the rolls of the same Bailiff that John son of Peter de Hailes struck Colin Labey at low tide & threw him to the ground whereupon blood & 'Haro' raised. And the aforesaid John came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression by 36 sols by the pledge of his aforesaid father.

Continuation of the remainder of the parish of Grouville.

It is found by the rolls of Philip l'Evesque Bailiff that Simon le Curroure at another time proffered a certain bill of conspiracies against Walter le Keu, William Lenginour & Luke Espiard on account of which he was appledged to these assizes & now he does not wish to prosecute. Therefore he is to be heavily amerced.

And the jury of 12 for many concealments in their verdict of which they were convicted before the Justices by examination to be amerced.

The jurors present that since the last assizes there came of wreck in their parish one barrel of white wine (salty) value 6 livres 10 sols which Walter le Keu had, who shall answer therefor. Also

respond. Iīm devenit ad Wreccū j peč ligni p̄ci x s unde Wiltus le Petyt respond. Iīm devenit t̄ ad Wreccū j doleū vini uñ p̄pars Reġ LX s de quibz Wiltus le Petyt e Wilts Lengenour respond.

Presentant t̄ qđ sunt xv pticaĩ fre in eoꝝ pochl ubi dñs Rex solitus fuit fiere ceppos suos ad custod p̄sones t̄c e tenentes teñ illud oñsunt illud vsus ext̄neos de iij cab̄ fri redd̄ p anñ quem Petrus Espiard pquisivit qui jam obiit. Et fides p̄dci Petⁱ veñ e dat̄ dño Regi j cab̄ fri de redd̄ p anñ p sic qđ possint tenere teñ illud in pace salvo sibi waĩ suo t̄c. Et sciend̄ qđ quia p̄dcm teñ nimis p̄pinquū ecclie t̄c ordinatū fuit alias p ministros dñi Reġ qđ p̄soñ de celo ibi nō essent sz ducent̄ ad castrū dñi Reġ t̄c.

Presentant t̄ qđ Phelipot^o de Breban abduxit uxem Rađi Justice simul cū bonis mariti sui. Et p̄dcus Phelipotus nō veñ e malecr̄. Ido exiḡ e utlaḡ. Et Joñnes de Braban e Olivus fra^r ejus soliti sunt multū expendere in tabnis plus q̄m possunt fidelit̄ acquirere p quod ip̄i malecredūt eos et patet de eis in Roĩlo de delibacone Gaot.

Presentant t̄ qđ Lucas Espiard s̄traxit uxem Simonis le Curreour una cū bonis dñi Simonis put credunt t̄c. Et p̄dcus Lucas veñ e dicit qđ ip̄e nūq̄ abduxit uxem Simōis ex^a domū suam t̄c et dat̄ dño Regi p t̄ns quam fuit c s p̄p̄m Phi Levesk.

Presentant t̄ qđ in feodo Malet in eoꝝ pochl de quo Hamelinus de Hoga tenet eyneciam rōne ux̄is sue est quodd̄ molend̄ de quo dñs Rex solebat accipe L s p anñ p sic qđ molend̄ illd̄ possit fiere cōem moltam de hoĩbz dñi Reġ t̄c molere volentibz ad p̄dcm molend̄. Et dicūt qđ aliqui eoꝝ e eoꝝ p̄res viderunt Abbissam de Cadomo accipe L s p anñ in Castro dñi Reġ de elemosina t̄c. Et postea dca Abbissa

there came of wreck one piece of wood value 5 sols whereof William le Petyt shall answer. There also came of wreck one barrel of wine whereof the share of the King is 60 sols for which William le Petyt & William Lenginour shall answer.

They present also that there are 15 perches of land in their parish where the lord the King was wont to have his stocks to keep the prisoners &c. and the tenants of that tenement charged it to outsiders (the purchasers) with the yearly rent of 3 measures of wheat, which (tenement) Peter Espiard purchased, who is now dead. And the heirs of the aforesaid Peter come & give to the lord the King one measure of wheat of yearly rent, so that they may hold that tenement in peace without prejudice to their warrant (if any) &c. And be it known that because the aforesaid tenement is too near the Church &c. it was ordered at another time by the officers of the lord the King that from henceforth the prisoners should not be kept there but should be taken to the castle of the lord the King &c.

They present also that Phelipot de Breban carried off the wife of Ralph Justice together with the goods of her husband. And the aforesaid Phelipot does not come & is suspected. Therefore he is banished & outlawed. And John de Braban & Oliver his brother are wont to spend more in taverns than they can honestly earn, whereby they suspect them & it appears concerning them in the roll of gaol delivery.

They present also that Luke Espiard took away the wife of Simon le Curreur together with the goods of the said Simon as they believe &c. And the said Luke comes & says that he never removed the wife of Simon out of her house &c. and he gives to the lord the King for the transgression which he made 100 sols by the pledge of Philip Levesque.

They present also that in the fee of Malet in their parish of which Hamelin de la Hougue holds the eldership in right of his wife there is a certain mill of which the lord the King was wont to receive 50 sols by the year so that that mill may have the common multure of the men of the lord the King &c. wishing to grind at the aforesaid mill. And they say that some of them & their fathers saw the Abbess of Caen receive 50 sols annually in the castle of the lord the King as of alms, &c. And since then the said Abbess for a long

jam diu est accepit p̄dcos L s̄ sup p̄dc̄m molend̄. Et dicūt qđ tenentes
đci molend̄ debent fiere de triennio in trienniū xxx s̄ p̄ f̄cura đci mo-
lend̄ et sic usitatū est a tempe quo nō extat memoria qui quid xxx s̄
colligūt sup coitatem đce poch̄ p̄ mañ tenenciū p̄đci molendini simul
cū s̄uiente đni Reḡ assedendi scđm facultatē cujºcumq; t̄c.

Comptum est p̄ Rořlos P̄hi le Evesk̄ Balti qđ filius Jořnis le
Brabachon Juvenis fregit quand̄ archam existentem in arresto Reḡ
in domo P̄hi Justice sigillatam sigill̄ Vič. Et p̄dc̄s Jořnes veñ e feč
finem p̄ filio suo p̄ p̄đca t̄ns p̄ xx s̄. Et t̄ comptū est p̄ eosđ Rořlos
qđ Ričs Poyle s̄btraxit uřem Gilb̄ti le Blaunk̄ cū bonis mariti sui qui
veñ e feč finem p̄ p̄đca t̄ns p̄ xxⁱⁱ p̄ quibz suppoñ corpus suū tras e
catalla loco securitatis. Comptū est p̄ eosđ Rořlos qđ Alanº Anketil
řbavit noctanť Radm Pareye e uřem Wiffi le Leuere uñ ha cla qui
veñ e feč finē p̄ p̄đca t̄ns p̄ xxx s̄ pp̄lm Petl Hugoun e Druecti
Mariette. Et t̄ comptū est p̄ eosđ Rořlos qđ Ričs fit Wilti Horman
řbabit fit Petl Neel e iřam acabliavit e male tractavit qui veñ e feč
finem p̄ p̄đca t̄ns p̄ XL s̄ pp̄lm Walři le Keu. Comptū est t̄ p̄ eosđ
Rořlos qđ uxor Jořis Chivaler řbavit noctanť filiam Radi Romye e
iřam acabliavit. Et Jořnes veñ e feč finē p̄ uře sua p̄ xxxvj s̄ pp̄lm
Luce Espiard. Et t̄ comptū est p̄ eosđ Rořlos qđ Gervaš de Normañ
e Ričus frař ejus řbařunt noctanť Michem Herbert e Relictam Rořti
Gabard uñ sangls e ha cla qui veñ e fečunt finē p̄ p̄đca t̄ns quibz
eoř p̄ xxxvj s̄ pp̄lm adinvicem. Comptū est t̄ p̄ eosđ Rořlos qđ
Rořtus le Desuee e Gervaš le Desuee řbařunt Ričm le Chivaler
faciendo ei sanglnem e plař uñ ha cla qui veñ e fečunt finē p̄ p̄đca
t̄ns p̄ xxxvj s̄ [pp̄lm] adinvicē. Comptū est t̄ p̄ eosđ Rořlos qđ
Rořtus fit Hamelini de Hoga řbavit Rořm e iřm acabliavit
unde sangls e ha cla qui veñ e feč finem p̄ p̄đca t̄ns p̄

time past has received the said 50 sols upon the said mill. And they say that the tenants of the said mill ought to have every 3 years 30 sols for the building of the said mill & so it was used from time immemorial: which said 30 sols are collected by the hands of the tenants of the aforesaid mill from the commonalty of the said parish together with the serjeant of the lord the King elected according to their respective properties &c.

It is found by the rolls of Philip l'Evesque, Bailiff, that the son of John le Brabachon the younger broke open a certain chest being under arrest to the King in the house of Philip Justise, sealed with the seal of the Viscount. And the aforesaid John came & compounded for his son for the aforesaid transgression by 20 sols. And it is also found by the same rolls that Richard Poyle took away the wife of Gilbert le Blanc with the goods of her husband, who came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression by 20 livres for which he pledged his body, lands & chattels by way of security. It is found by the same rolls that Alan Anquetil by night struck Ralph Pareye & the wife of William le Sueur whereupon 'Haro' raised, who came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression by 30 sols by the pledge of Peter Hugon & Drouet Mariette. And it is also found by the same rolls that Richard son of William Horman struck the daughter of Peter Neel & threw her down & illtreated her, who came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression by 40 sols by the pledge of Walter le Keu. It is also found by the same rolls that the wife of John Chevalier by night struck the daughter of Ralph Romye, & threw her down. And John came & compounded for his wife by 36 sols by the pledge of Luke Espiard. And it is also found by the same rolls that Gervais of Normandy & Richard his brother by night struck Michael Herbert & the widow of Robert Gabard whereupon blood & 'Haro' raised, who came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression each of them by 36 sols by the pledge of each for the other. It is also found by the same rolls that Robert le Desvee & Gervais le Desvee struck Richard le Chevalier drawing blood & causing wounds whereupon 'Haro' raised, who came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression by 36 sols [by the pledge] of each for the other. It is also found by the same rolls that Robert son of Hamelin de la Hougue struck Robert & threw him down whereupon blood & 'Haro' raised, who came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression by

(M. 46.)

Adhuc de plitis de Corona de pocht Sci Lauř.

fressingfeld.

pocht Sci Lauř veñ p xij.

Jereš Juř pŕesentant qđ Lucas Bertel a xviiij annis elapsis s^opensus fuit. Et [habuit] ĩre p qua Jorđs Juliene reddit dño Regi p aññ ij;capoñ.

Presentant t̃ qđ Haesius Chivaler adiu est abjuř Insulas p minori furto [non habuit] ĩras nec catalla.

Presentant t̃ qđ Guiltus le Batel in ultimis asẽ trahinatus e s^opensus fuit tẽ. Et [habuit] catalla videliř blada seminata p̃cii XLvj š. ĩťm j vacẽ p̃cii XL š j vitulũ p̃cii iij š j agnũ p̃cii viij š j porcellũ p̃cii iij š. ĩťm medietat̃ j juvenci e j vacce e j Guilti Hasteyn p̃cii xxx š. Idem t̃ ĥuit j q̃rřĩũ ordĩ quod tradideret Guiltu War..... vendend̃ tẽ p̃cii xij š. Et ij busẽ ordĩ p̃cii vj š quos tradidit Guiltu Martin ad vendend̃ tẽ. Et Genettam p̃cii iiij š iiiij đ de quibz Robtus de Haddy respond̃ ĥuit eciam reddm j busẽ řĩ in feodo de Survitte quem Johnes de Cales ei debuit p̃cii tunc vj š. Et Humřus Foucher debuit ei in eodem feodo j cař fruĩti j pañ e j gallĩ de reddũ p̃cii tunc iij š iiiij đ. ĩdo veniant iidem Johnes e Humř inde responsuř nichĩ ulřius de eis q̃ nichĩ tenent modo de řra ejusđ.

Idem Guiltus ĥuit libam řram vidz vij virg̃ que libate řřunt Rado le Feuere e Rado le Curraunt p xvij cař fruĩti solvend̃ dño Regi tẽ ĥuit t̃ in pocht Sci Johnis j bz řĩ de redd̃ de j virg̃ řre quam Johnes de Caley modo tenet et t̃ ĥuit đĩ virg̃ řre que valet p aññ j cař řĩ.

Presentant t̃ qđ Petrus le Moigne a iiij^{or} annis elapsis trahinatus fuit e s^opensus e Margia uř ejus combusta fuit tẽ. Idem ĥuit xxxj virg̃ řre que valent p aññ LX cař řĩ e modo dimittunt̃ ad vij^h tẽ. Et Thomas Archur tenet de ředitate ejusđ quandam peciam řre p

(M. 46.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of the parish of
St. Laurence.

Fressingfeld.

The parish of St. Laurence comes by 12 men.

Jersey. The jurors present that Luke Bertel was hanged 18 years ago. And [he had] of land for which Jordan Juliene pays to the lord the King by the year, 2 capons.

They present also that Haesius Chevalier long ago abjured the islands for a small theft. [He had neither] lands nor chattels.

They present also that William le Batel in the last assizes was drawn & hanged &c. And [he had] chattels, to wit, corn sown of the value of 46 s. Also one cow value 40 s. One calf value 3 s. One lamb value 8s. . One pig value 3 s. Also the moiety of one heifer & one cow & one of William Hasteyn value 30 s. He also had one quarter of barley which he delivered to William War..... to be sold &c. value 12 s. And 2 bushels of barley value 6 s. which he delivered to William Martin to be sold &c. And a foal value 4 s. 4 d. for which Robert de Haddy shall answer. He had also the rent of one bushel of wheat in the fee of Surville which John de Cales owed him of the value then of 6 s. And Humphrey Foucher owed him in the same fee one measure of wheat, one loaf & one hen of rent of the value then of 3 s. 4 d. Therefore let the same John & Humphrey come to answer therein. Nothing further from them because they now hold nothing of his land.

The same William had free land, to wit, 7 virgates which were delivered to Ralph le Fevre & Ralph le Curraunt for 17 measures of wheat to be paid to the lord the King &c. He also had in the parish of St. John one bushel of wheat of rent from one virgate of land which John de Caley now holds & he also had half a virgate of land which is worth per annum one measure of wheat.

They present also that Peter le Moigne 4 years ago was drawn & hanged & Margery his wife was burnt &c. The same had 31 virgates of land which are worth per annum 60 measures of wheat & now they are let at 7 livres &c. And Thomas Arthur holds of the

xx cañ fri de redd quem idem Peñ vendidit cuidam Wiffo Johan cuj⁹ ñeres idm Thomas est ante feloniam tñ e libata fuit ei p Justiñ e valet ulfius ij cañ fri qui remañ dno Regi. Et idm Thomas respond dno Regi de arrerañ v annoñ a tempe quo libata ei fuit tñ.

Presentant tñ qđ Robtus le Columbel indictatus qđ infecit uxem suam captus fuit e impsonatus in Castro et inde evasit ex^a custodiam Petⁱ Espiard e exinde fugit ad eccliam Sci Elerii e ibi abjuñ Insulas. Judm Evañ sup pñm Petrum e hedes suos tñ. Predcus Robtus fuit de liba fra ij virñ fre que valent p añ j busñ fri. Idm tñ fuit in poch Sci Joñnis j domũ que vendita fuit Robto Michel p xiiij s. Ido idm Robtus inde respond.

Presentant tñ qđ Scolastica fit Riñi le Neir a XL annis elapsis indictata fuit de latrociniis fugiit tñ. Et fuit j virñ fre que valet p añ j cañ fri. Et pñca Scolastica jam obiit. Et hedes Reñin de Carlet dñi tñ hent esch pñce fre.

Presentant tñ qđ Guiltus le Gascoign bastardus obiit a ij annis elapsis. Et fuit medieñ j meñ e j virñ fre que valet p añ j busñ fri e di et sunt de escheta Reñ et uxor pñci Guilli inde dotata est tñ.

Presentant tñ qđ dñs Rex het in eoñ poch de feodo de Hundoneys xiiij q^arñ e iij busñ fri p añ. Et tenentes ejusd feodi debent dno Regi de xxx acñ ejusd feodi plenũ releviũ vidz de qualibet ac^a xij đ et de residuo de qualibet acra vj đ qñ g^avior reddñs tñ het tñ dñs Rex j virñ fre de antiquo e valet p añ ij busñ fri et Colinus Bertin modo illam tenet. Et Robtus Gilbert tenet j virñ fre de escheta Reñ de antiquo tñ et reddit p añ j busñ fri het tñ dñs Rex de quadam antiqua escheta de feodo Fournier iij busñ fri de reddu j pañ e j galliñ vidz de

inheritance of the same a certain piece of land for 20 measures of wheat of rent which the same Peter before the felony sold to a certain William Johan whose heir the same Thomas is &c. and it was delivered to him by the Justices & it is worth further 2 measures of wheat which remain to the lord the King. And the same Thomas shall answer to the lord the King for the arrears of 5 years from the time at which it was delivered to him &c.

They present also that Robert le Columbel indicted for killing his wife was taken & imprisoned in the castle & escaped therefrom out of the custody of Peter Espiard & thence fled to the Church of St. Helier & there abjured the islands. Judgment: Evasion, the aforesaid Peter & his heirs responsible therefor &c. The aforesaid Robert had of free land 2 virgates of land which are worth per annum one bushel of wheat. The same had also in the parish of St. John a house which was sold to Robert Michel for 14 s. Therefore the same Robert shall answer therefor.

They present also that Scolastica daughter of Richard le Neir 40 years ago was indicted for theft, & she fled &c. And she had one virgate of land which is worth per annum one measure of wheat. And the aforesaid Scolastica is now dead. And the heirs of Reginald de Carteret the lord &c. have the escheat of the aforesaid land.

They present also that William le Gascoign, bastard, died 2 years ago. And he had the moiety of one messuage & one virgate of land which are worth per annum $1\frac{1}{2}$ bushels of wheat & are of the escheat of the King & the wife of the aforesaid William has her dower thereon &c.

They present also that the lord the King has in their parish of the fee of Handois 14 quarters & 3 bushels of wheat by the year. And the tenants of the same fee owe to the lord the King for 30 acres of the same fee full relief, viz. for each acre 12 d. & for the rest for each acre 6 d. because the heavier rent &c. Also the lord the King has one virgate of land of old & it is worth by the year 2 bushels of wheat, & Colin Bertin now holds it. And Robert Gilbert holds one virgate of land of the escheat of the King of old &c. and pays by the year one bushel of wheat. Also the lord the King has of a certain ancient escheat of the fee of Fournier 3 bushels of wheat of rent, one

iiij virg̃ fre. Iŕm dñs Rex ñet in eoꝝ poŕ de ŕta f̃ma p añ ad ŕiŕs
Paŕŕ Œci Pauli in eŕate e Œci Mich̃is ix ñi ix ſ iiij d ad quēlibet ŕñ.
Et de feodo des Arbris v ſ de Greverie et dꝝ plenū releviū tĉ.

Presentant t̃ qđ Colinus le Malesars insultavit Robt̃m Gilbert in
mañio suo e feĉ ei plagā e sang̃nem unde ha cla. Et alias insultavit
eund̃ Robt̃m e eum morsit p digitū unde ha cla. Et p̃dcus Colinus
veñ e diĉ qđ p̃dcus Robt̃us eum vulñavit e multa enormia ei intulit
p quod idem Colinus p̃dco Robt̃o de alicubꝝ malefecit et vadiat dño
Regi emend̃ taxand̃ p discreĉoem Cuř tĉ ppt̃m Henrici de Œco Mar-
tino. Et Gilbt̃us le Hardy insultavit noctañ quamdam đcam Melior
in hosiĉo suo unde ha cla. Et Idm Gilbt̃us potans in taŕna Riĉi
Boif voluit recessisse vi e cont̃ voluntatem iĉius Riĉi p quod idm
Riĉus cla ha. Et Colinus le Galicien ṽbavit Joñem Angare unde
ha cla qui veñ e vadiavit emend̃ tĉ. Et Riĉus Morel jactavit lapides
ad hostiū Colini Morel p quod uxor iĉius Colini cla ha. Idō fiant
inde emend̃ tĉ. Et Riĉus de Vergee ṽbavit noctañ Colinū le Fil-
lastre uñ ha cla et patet alibi de eo.

Presentant t̃ qđ Joñnes des Cays Peř Ernof Guiffus le Golu e
Perrot⁹ le Opiket soliti sunt coit̃ faĉe citare maliciose fideles hoies
ex̃ regnū apud Constanĉ. Et modo nō veniūt. Idō oñes in mīa.
Et caĉr cū veñunt.

Presentant t̃ qđ Guiffus de Vergee ebrius cecidit in quadam
valle p̃funda unde statim obiit. Et [nullus inde malecr̃.] Judm
infortunū.

Presentant qđ casu fortuito cecidit de equo suo p
infortunū p tempis inclementiam nullus inde malecr̃.
Judm Infortunū p̃cii equi XL ſ Et assigñnt̃ in elemoſ sic

loaf & one hen, viz. for 3 virgates of land. Also the lord the King has in their parish of cert farm by the year at the terms of Easter, St. Paul in the summer & St. Michael 9 l. 9 s. 4 d. at each term. And of the fee des Arbres 5 s. of 'greverie' & it owes full relief &c.

They present also that Colin Malzard assaulted Robert Gilbert in his manor & wounded him & drew blood, whereupon 'Haro' raised. And elsewhere he assaulted the same Robert & bit him on the fingers whereupon 'Haro' raised. And the aforesaid Colin comes & says that the aforesaid Robert wounded him & committed many outrages upon him whereby the said Colin to some extent illtreated the aforesaid Robert & he will pledge to the lord the King amends to be taxed at the discretion of the court, by the pledge of Henry de St. Martin. And Gilbert le Hardy by night assaulted a certain woman called Melior in her inn whereupon 'Haro' was raised. And the said Gilbert drinking in the tavern of Richard Boif wished to withdraw by force & against the will of the said Richard whereupon the said Richard raised 'Haro.' And Colin le Galicien struck John Angare whereupon 'Haro' raised, who came & pledged amends &c. And Richard Morel threw stones at the door of Colin Morel whereby the wife of the said Colin raised 'Haro.' Therefore let them make amends therefor. And Richard du Vergee by night struck Colin le Fillastre whereupon 'Haro' was raised, & it appears elsewhere concerning him.

They present also that John des Cays, Peter Ernof, William le Golu & Perrot le Opiket are wont maliciously to cite subjects out of the kingdom at Coutances. And now they do not come. Therefore all of them to be amerced, & let them be taken when they shall come.

They present also that William du Vergee while drunk fell into a certain deep trench whereupon he died immediately. And [no one is suspected thereof.] Verdict : by misadventure.

They present that by accident fell from his horse by misadventure by [the inclemency] of the weather, [no one] is suspected thereof. Verdict : by misadventure : value of the horse 40 sols. And they are assigned in alms as

[Dicunt t̃ qđ hoĩes dñi] Reġ in ista pochl debent cariare vinū fenū
[e buscam dñi Reġ ubicumq, Ministri] Reġ volũint in hac Insula et
debent [facere sectam] in ista pochl
molend de Kaytivel quo

(M. 46 d.)

Adhuc de pl̃ifis Gorone de pochl Šci Lauř.

P̃senant qđ Rohtus le Barber e Colinus le Baillif ṽbati fũunt
noctant e vulsati et Thomas Archur e Jords le Gascoign inde indic-
tati fũunt et p̃tea rediti Offiĉ tĉ. Et p̃dcs Thomas veñ e inde
allocutus vidz de eo qđ cum ipe sit tenens dñi Reġ et ejus justiciabit
..... debet esse fidel ipe in ex̃hedac̃dem dñi Reġ e Corone sue
tenent se ad p̃vilegiũ clericale in tali casu de t̃nsg̃r tĉ quaz emend
ad dñm Reġe spectant p pace sua fracta tĉ nō potest hoc dedice e
supponit se ġre Cuř tĉ. Et p̃dcs Jords nō veñ. Ido Joħes pař ejus
cuj^o familiaris est in m̃ia. Et teñ e catalla ip̃ius Jordi capiant^r in
mañ dñi Reġ quousq, tĉ pleġ p̃dci Thome de emend Riĉus Michel e
Peř Burnolf.

Presentant t̃ qđ j jumentũ de Weif inventũ in eoř pochl libatum
fuit Balto p̃cii juñti x s̃ de quibz idm Balts respond.

Presentant t̃ qđ Radus fil Henř Galycien ħet j columbario injuste
in feodo nō libo p quod p̃ceptũ fuit in aliis as̃ qđ p̃terneret^r. Et q,
nō p̃stravit Jō in ġ̃vi m̃ia et statim p̃snat^r sumptibz suis tĉ.

Presentant t̃ qđ Lauř de Sevenok fuit clicus dñi Reġ e fuit in-
fidel tam dño Regi q̃m populo e solitus fuit cape dona ex utraq, pte
ad manutenendũ utrumq, tĉ. Et posuit fidel hoĩes in m̃is in Rořlis
sine scitu Balli veř Juř Reġ et feĉ levare denař huj^omodi ad opus suũ

[And they say that the tenants of the lord] the King in this parish owe the carriage of wine, hay [and firewood of the lord the King wherever the officers] of the King shall wish in this island & they owe suit in this parish at the mill of Quetivel in which

(M. 46 d.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of the parish of
St. Laurence.

They present also that Robert le Barber & Colin le Baillif were beaten by night & wounded & Thomas Arthur & Jordan le Gascoign were indicted thereof & afterwards surrendered to the officer &c. And the aforesaid Thomas comes & being questioned therein, viz., as to how he, being a tenant of the lord the King & subject to his jurisdiction & owing allegiance to him, should have claimed the benefit of clergy to the damage of the lord the King & of his crown in such case of transgression &c. the amends whereof belong to the lord the King for breach of his peace &c. He cannot deny this & submits himself to the mercy of the court &c. And the aforesaid Jordan does not come, therefore John his father under whose power he still was, is to be amerced. And let the tenements & chattels of the said Jordan be taken into the hands of the lord the King until &c. Pledges of the said Thomas for amends, Richard Michel & Peter Burnolf.

They present also that a mare of waif found in their parish was delivered to the Bailiff; value of the mare 10 s. for which the said Bailiff shall answer.

They present also that Ralph son of Henry Galicien has a dove-cote without right in his fee which is not a frank-fee whereof it was ordered in the other assizes that it be pulled down. And because he did not pull it down therefore he is to be heavily amerced & let it be pulled down immediately at his costs &c.

They present also that Laurence de Sevenok was the clerk⁽¹⁾ of the lord the King, & was unfaithful as well to the lord the King as to the people & was wont to take gifts on both sides to maintain both &c. And he amerced liege men in the rolls without the knowledge of the Bailiff or Jurats of the King & caused such money to be levied for his own advantage. And the aforesaid Laurence

(1) The Greffier.

pp^lum. Et p̄dcus Lauř modo nō veñ. Ido cap^r cū veñit. Et teñ sua capiant^r in manū dñi Reġ quousq; tē.

Presentant t̄ qđ Ričus le Fraunceys tenz xvij acř ĩre de feodo Amors in ista pochl. Et de feodo de la Launde in pochl Šce Tⁿi-tatis xij acř ĩre. Et de feodo des Arbres in ista pochl xxx acř ĩre et debet p teñ istis plenū releviū cū acciderit. Et Greveriam tē. Et p̄dcus Ričus debet p p̄dco feodo Amors unū p̄ndiū p añ ad ministros dñi Reġ vidz ad tres equites e duos pedites tē.

Presentant t̄ qđ as^s panis e vini fracta est p s̄sc̄ptos vidz Guiltm Chivaler, Guilt Neel, Petronillam Bertin, Wiltm Ernald, Lauř Pynel, Ričm le Corraunt, Guiltm Mortfouache, Guiltm Galicien, Colinū le Neir, Rađm Tebaut, Joñem Tebaut, Pñm Pynel, Colinū Pynel, Guiltm Roger, Rađm Neel, bolengarios. Et Joñem le Gascoign, Colinū Galicien, Wiltm Hasteng, Collardū Waryn, Joñem le Gros, Ričm Boif, Colinū Boif, Robtm Barber, Pñm Boif, Jacobum de Mountsorel, Joñem Martin, Joñm Angare. Ido omēs in mīa.

Presentant t̄ qđ Rađus Curraunt Joñes le Vicon e Joñes Hobaut fecerūt Ričō Trachee ha cla injuste. Ido in mīa.

Presentant t̄ qđ ecclia istius pochl est de advocacōne Abbtis de Blacalanda e valet coibz annis xxxⁱⁱ e fminat^r in quo waranto.

Presentant t̄ qđ dñs Rex ĩet de tenentibz feodi de Hundoneys p̄t švicia sc̄pta infra in isto Rořlo vidz de Guiltmo e Petro de Marek ĩribz ij đ e ij galliñ p añ. Et Petro de Keyteuel iij đ ij galliñ e xxx ova. Et de Guiltō Firebrache iij đ ij galliñ e xxx ova. Et de Rađo Gerald j đ e j galliñ. Et de ĩedibz Guilti Michel j đ e j galliñ.

Presentant t̄ qđ Colinus du Pount e alii familiares Rectoris de Šco Clemente asportařunt genettam Galři de Pount cont^a ejus voluntatē. Ido ipi in mīa.

does not now come. Therefore let him be taken when he shall come, & let his tenements be taken into the hands of the lord the King until &c.

They present also that Richard le Fraunceys holds 18 acres of land of the fee of Amorerers in this parish. And of the fee of la Launde in the parish of Holy Trinity 12 acres of land. And of the fee des Arbres in that parish 30 acres of land & he owes for these tenements full relief when it shall occur & 'greverie' &c. And the aforesaid Richard owes for the aforesaid fee of Amorerers a dinner yearly to the officers of the lord the King, viz. to 3 mounted & 2 on foot.

They present also that the assize of bread & wine is broken by the underwritten, to wit, William Chevalier, William Neel, Petronilla Bertin, William Ernald, Laurence Pynel, Richard le Corrant, William Mortfouache, William Galicien, Colin le Neir, Ralph Tebaut, John Tebaut, Philip Pynel, Colin Pynel, William Roger, Ralph Neel, bakers; & by John le Gascoign, Colin Galicien, William Hastein, Collard Waryn, John le Gros, Richard Boif, Colin Boif, Robert Barber, Philip Boif, James de Mountsorel, John Martin, John Angare. Therefore all of them to be amerced.

They present also that Ralph Currant, John le Vicon & John Hobant caused 'Haro' to be raised wrongly against Richard Trachee. Therefore to be amerced.

They present also that the Church of this parish is of the advowson of the Abbot of Blanchelande & is worth one year with another 30 livres, & it is determined in the 'quo warranto.'

They present also that the lord the King has of the tenants of the fee of Handois besides the services written within in this roll, to wit, of William & Peter du Marais brothers 2 d. & 2 hens by the year. And of Peter de Keytivel 3 d. 2 hens & 30 eggs. And of William Firebrache 3 d. 2 hens & 30 eggs. And of Ralph Gerald 1 d. & 1 hen. And of the heirs of William Michel 1 d. & 1 hen.

They present also that Colin du Pont & other servants of the rector of St. Clement carried away a foal of Geoffrey du Pont against his will. Therefore they are to be amerced.

Presentant t̃ qđ Pñus fñ Gregorii Amelyne inventus fuit mortuus in p̃tis de Groviff et nullus inde malecr̃. Judm Infortunū.

Presentant t̃ qđ Pñus le Gras indictatus de latrocinio in ultimis assis exactus fuit et modo nō veñ e malecr̃. Ido eñr e utlagr̃. Catalla nulla.

Presentant t̃ qđ Pñus de Carteret e pticipes sui capiunt p añ de molendino de Denemarche LX s̃ et est molendinū illud de feodo de Botevyleyn et Robtus de Melechies reddm illū tenuit inf alia teñ sua t̃c. Et idm Pñus e pticipes sui recipiunt de f̃ma in ista pochia et in poch̃ Sci Joñnis vij li p̃cipiunt t̃ idem pticipes decimas in ista poch̃ et in pochia Sci Joñnis que valent p añ LX s̃.

Presentant t̃ qđ Willus le Gras obiit bastardus e fuit j virg̃ fre e di que valent p añ j q̃r̃ fri et est in feodo Paynel e f̃edes Regiñ de Carlet illam tenent.

Presentant t̃ qđ Robtus le Desuee puer IX annoz invent⁹ fuit s̃mersus in rivo molendini de Tessoun et nullus inde malecr̃. Judm Infortunū.

Presentant t̃ qđ Robtus de Houn Doneys e pticipes sui tenent de dño Rege et debet idem Robtus colligē f̃rm debiñ dño Regi in feodo illo quod intus in Roñlo 9tinet̃. Et debet ulfius dño Regi j pañ pañ calcañ alboz que aretro sunt e xxx annis. Ido p̃dcs Robtus inde respond̃.

Presentant t̃ qđ Pñus Baudeyn feñ p̃presturā in chimino Regis latiñ di ped e long̃ j pticate. Et Guills Ernald consimitr latiñ di ptiñ. Et Joñ relictā Galfri Ernald p̃prestavit latiñ e vj ped long̃. Et Guills Nonel a iij annis elapsis p̃prestavit fre que p añ vj d. Ido respond̃ de arrerañ t̃c

They present also that Philip son of Gregory Amelyne was found dead in the meadows of Grouville & no one is suspected thereof. Verdict: by misadventure.

They present also that Philip le Gras indicted for theft at the last assizes was called & does not now come & is suspected. Therefore he is banished & outlawed. He has no chattels.

They present also that Philip de Carteret & his partners take by the year of the mill of Danmarche 60 s., & that mill is of the fee of Boutvilein, & Robert de Melèches held that rent among other his tenements &c. And the same Philip & his partners receive of farm in this parish & in the parish of St. John 7 livres, & the same partners also take the tithes in this parish & in the parish of St. John which are worth by the year 60 s.

They present also that William le Gras, a bastard, died & had $1\frac{1}{2}$ virgates of land which are worth by the year one quarter of wheat, & it is in the fee of Paynel & the heirs of Reginald de Carteret hold it.

They present also that Robert le Desvee a boy of 9 years was found drowned in the stream of the mill of Tesson & no one is suspected thereof. Verdict: by misadventure.

They present also that Robert de Handois & his partners hold of the lord the King, & the same Robert owes the duty of collecting the wheat due to the lord the King in that fee which is contained within in the roll. And he owes further to the lord the King one pair of white spurs which are in arrear 30 years. Therefore the aforesaid Robert shall answer therefor.

They present also that Philip Baudains made an encroachment in the King's road half a foot in width & one perch in length. And William Ernaud likewise half a perch in breadth. And Joan the widow of Geoffrey Ernaud encroached in breadth & 6 feet in length. And William Nonel 3 years ago encroached of land which by the year 6 d. Therefore let them answer for the arrears &c.

..... salvo Et om̃es p̃dci p̃ p̃dcis p̃prestui
sint in m̃ia.

Et Jũr duodene p̃ plibz concelamentis de quibz cōvicti f̃iunt
coram Justiç p̃ examinaçoem in m̃ia.

[Respice de remañ in Dorso de eodem.]

(M. 47.) **Adhuc de pl̃itis Corone** de pochia Šci Joħnis.

Fresingfeld.

pochia Šci Joħnis veñ p̃ xij.

Jereš Jũr p̃sentant qđ Riçus le Meleter trahinatus fuit e s̃p̃ensus p̃
latrociniis e m̃dro. [Habuit] ij virg̃ ĩre que reddunt d̃no Regi p̃
añ xviiij đ. Et Petronilla filia Pet' Boiste Cecilia
sorores ejusdem s̃p̃ense fuerunt et ĩuerunt iiij virg̃ ĩre que reddunt
..... j q̃r̃ ĩri. Et Rob̃tus Burnel e Lucas Bertel a
diu est s̃p̃ensi f̃iunt. Et nulla ĩuerunt catalla.

Presentant t̃ qđ Riçus Courlu a diu est abjũr Insulas p̃ lat̃cinio
ad eccl̃iam istius [parochiae] ĩuit j virg̃ ĩre e đ̃i e reddunt d̃no Regi
p̃ añ j bus̃ ĩri.

Presentant t̃ qđ Joħna la Graneye e Joħ la Pareye ceciderunt
casu fortuito de quadam alta rupe et inde statim obierunt et nullus
inde malecr̃. Judm̃ Infortunū.

Presentant t̃ qđ d̃ns Rex ĩet de feodo de Hennodoit XL b̃z ĩri p̃
añ ad pvam mensur̃ et se extendit ad mensuram Reğ ad vj q̃r̃ v cañ
e j ĩcionař. Et ĩet ul̃tius de eodem feodo v š de greverie p̃ añ. Et
feodum Donneville debet d̃no Regi p̃ añ XLj š x đ ad festū Šci Pauli
in estate et debent residentes in eodem feodo j p̃ndium p̃ añ ad

..... saving And let all the
aforesaid for the said encroachments be amerced.

And the jury of 12 for many concealments of which they were convicted by the Justices after examination to be amerced.

[Refer for the remainder to the back of the same.]

(M. 47.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of the parish of
St. John.
Fresingfeld.

The parish of St. John comes by 12 men.

Jersey. The jury present that Richard le Meleter was drawn & hanged for thefts & murder. [He had] 2 virgates of land which pay to the lord the King by the year 18 d. And Petronilla daughter of Peter Boiste Cecilia sisters of the same were hanged, & they had 4 virgates of land which pay one quarter of wheat. And Robert Burnel & Luke Bertel were hanged long ago. And they had no chattels.

They present also that Richard Courlu long ago abjured the islands for theft at the Church of this [parish]. He had 1½ virgates of land & they render to the lord the King by the year one bushel of wheat.

They present also that Joan la Graneye & Joan la Pareye fell by accident from a certain high rock & immediately died thereof & no one is suspected thereof. Verdict : by misadventure.

They present also that the lord the King has of the fee of Hennodoit⁽¹⁾ 40 bushels of wheat by the year by the small measure & it amounts according to the King's measure to 6 quarters 5½ measures. And he has further of the same fee 5 s. of 'greverie' by the year. And the fee Donneville owes to the lord the King by the year 41 s. 10 d. at the feast of St. Paul in the summer & the residents on the same fee owe one dinner by the year to the officers of the lord

(1) Fief de Henaud or Henout (Extentes 1274 & 1881).

ministros dñi Reġ in hac Insula videlī iij equites e iij pedites cū
p̄poito prel nūm tē. Et dñs Rex hiet ulīus de eodem feodo x caſ fri
iij anē iij putt ix galliū ix pañ e lxx ova et dñs Rex hiet campum
in eod feodo quod valet coibz annis iij ti. Hiet t̄ dñs Rex de antiquo
tē j virg tre que vocat̄ le Pount de Bouet e valet p añ j q̄r̄t aveñ.
Iīm dicunt qđ dñs Rex hiet quamdam coām in eoꝝ poch videlī a rivulo
de Molyn usq ad montem de Rokens. Et magr Pñus de Cheny debet
dño Regi p feodo Pinel e aliis teñ in pochia Šci Joñnis que Willus
paſ ejus fuit de dono dñi H. Reġ avi tē j paſ calcarū deauratoꝝ. Et
Drogo de Barantin e pticipes sui debēt dño Regi vj đ p añ p teñ
que tenēt de feodo Paynel de eschambio fco inf dñm H. Regem avm̄
tē et Drogonem de Barantino avm̄ p̄dci Drogonis de lx ti tre de p̄dco
feodo tenend p̄dco Drogoni e hiet tē in eschambio p teñ p̄dci Dro-
gonis in Insula de Aurenny.

Presentant t̄ qđ ecclia istius pochie est de advocacōne Abb̄tis
Šci Salvatoris et idem Abbas tenet̄ invenire custagia de repacōne
p̄cie ptis ecclie et idem Abbas nō veñ p̄mo die Itiñis. Ido ipe in m̄ia.

Presentant t̄ qđ as̄s panis e vini fracta p subsc̄ptos videlī Lauſ
Beneyt Guilm̄ le Barfot Pñm le Baouns Rogm̄ le Caleyſ Guilm̄ le
Noble Colinū le Monoyer Thoñ Malesars e Peñr Hastenġ Ranulpñm
Humfrey bolengarios et Peñr Hastenġ tañnariū. Et Petrum Marek
Joñem de Bonenoet Joñem le Noble Godefr̄m Godart bolengarios et
tañnarios. Ido om̄es in m̄ia.

Presentant t̄ qđ Guiltus Maret Peñr de Maret Godefr̄us Godart e
Joñ de Bonenoet salierunt congros cont̄ inhibiēcōem tē. Et Dionis̄
de Creaunce Prior de Bona nocte simitr salivit congros tam p stauro
suo q̄m p stauro Abbie sue. Ido om̄es in m̄ia.

the King in this island, to wit, to 3 mounted & 3 on foot with the Provost besides the number &c. And the lord the King has further of the same fee 10 measures of wheat, 3 geese, 3 pullets, 9 hens, 9 loaves & 70 eggs, & the lord the King has champart in the same fee which is worth one year with another 4 livres. Also the lord the King has of old &c. one virgate of land which is called le Pont du Bouet & it is worth by the year one quarter of oats. Also they say that the lord the King has a certain common in their parish, to wit, from the stream of the mill up to the hill of Rokens. And Master Philip de Cheny owes to the lord the King for the fee Pinel & other tenements in the parish of St. John which William his father had of the gift of the lord H. the King the grandfather &c. one pair of gilt spurs. And Drogo de Barantin & his partners owe to the lord the King 6 d. by the year for the tenements which they hold of the fee Paynel by exchange made between the lord H. the King the grandfather &c. and Drogo de Barantin the grandfather of the aforesaid Drogo of 60 librates of land of the aforesaid fee, to be held by the aforesaid Drogo & his heirs &c. in exchange for the tenements of the aforesaid Drogo in the island of Alderney.

They present also that the Church of this parish is of the advowson of the Abbot of St. Saviour, & the same Abbot is bound to provide the costs for the repair of the third part of the Church, & the same Abbot does not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore he is to be amerced.

They present also that the assize of bread & wine is broken by the underwritten, to wit, Laurence Benest, William le Barfot, Philip le Baons, Roger le Caley, William le Noble, Colin le Monoyer, Thomas Malzard, Peter Hasteng, Ranulph Humfrey, bakers, & Peter Hasteng, taverner. And by Peter Maret, John de Bonnenuit, John le Noble & Godfrey Godart, bakers & taverners. Therefore all of them to be amerced.

They present also that William Maret, Peter de Maret, Godfrey Godart & John de Bonnenuit salted congers notwithstanding the prohibition &c. And Dionis de Creance, Prior of Bonne Nuit, likewise salted congers as well for his stock as for the stock of his abbey. Therefore all of them to be amerced.

Presentant t̃ qđ Colinus le Grosser p̃prestavit de chimino Reġ latiř j ped e di e long vj pticař vidz p caruř suam. Et Nichus Heles feč p̃presturam de via regali p caruř suam latiř ij ped e long j perticate. Et Colinus Lillierre fodiit sup coām Reġ latiř j ped e di e long vj pticař. Ido oīes in mīa.

Presentant t̃ qđ Nichus heres magrī Nichi de Surville nō veñ p̃mo die Itifis. Ido in mīa.

Presentant t̃ qđ Joñnes de Bonenoet het quamdam porcoem domus sue sup coām latiř iiij ped e long xij ped et Ido ipe in mīa.

Presentant t̃ qđ Abbas de S̃co Salvatoř p Regiū Maridort q̃nd Priorē de bona nocte levavit quemđ murū claudendo de cōa j ptič in latiř e ij pticař in long et pceptum fuit in aliis aās qđ p̃sneret. Et Abbas adhuc tenet clausum illud cont̃ inhibicoem tē et Ido ipe in g̃vi mīa.

Comptum est p Roilos P̃hi le Evesk Bařhi qđ Robtus le Evesk e Joñnes Falu inventi f̃funt noctant p Robtm de Carfet in Warenam Reġ apud le Morer cū recibz que recia tradita f̃funt Robto de Haddy et postea p̃dci Robtus e Joñnes in p̃sonam f̃funt tē et exinde appleg ad has aās p Joñem de Wyncheles e Joñnes obiit e Robtus ponit̃ in exigend⁽¹⁾ sicut patet alibi et p̃dcs Joñes Falu nō veñ Jō cap̃ cū vexit. Et Joñnes de Wyncheles veñ e poñ se in g̃ram Cuř de xx fi p p̃dca manucař e aliis magnis t̃ñs pp̃m Wit̃i le Petyt de Rosel Guitt̃i des Aungreys e Robti Bradeseř de quibz x fi ponūt̃ in suū et residuū ponit̃ sup portū suū.

Et Juř duodene p plibz concelamentis in veredco suo de quibz cōvicti f̃funt coram Justič p examinaçoem in mīa.

Juř p̃sentant contençoe in P̃m Baudeyn e Colinū Hales p Wrecco ad duod maris et quod Colinus voluit asportasse in mīa.

(1) i.e. a writ of 'exigi facias' was issued against him, commanding his appearance within certain days of proclamation under penalty of being outlawed.

They present also that Colin le Grosser encroached on the King's road $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet in breadth & 6 perches in length, to wit, by means of his plough. And Nicholas Heles made an encroachment on the King's high-way with his plough 2 feet in breadth & 1 perch in length. And Colin Lillierre dug upon the common of the King $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet in width & 6 perches in length. Therefore all of them to be amerced.

They present also that Nicholas the heir of Master Nicholas de Surville did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore to be amerced.

They present also that John de Bonnenuit has a certain portion of his house upon the common, in breadth 4 feet & in length 12 feet. Therefore he is to be amerced.

They present also that the Abbot of St. Saviour by Reginald Maridort, formerly Prior of Bonnenuit, raised a certain bank to enclose of the common 1 perch in breadth & 3 perches in length, & it was ordered in the other assizes that it should be thrown down. And the Abbot still holds that close notwithstanding the inhibition &c. Therefore he is to be heavily amerced.

It is found by the rolls of Philip l'Evesque Bailiff that Robert l'Evesque & John Falu were found by night by Robert de Carteret in the warren of the King at le Mourier with nets: which nets were delivered to Robert de Haddy & afterwards the aforesaid Robert & John were in prison &c. and thence remanded on bail to these assizes by John de Vinchelez & John is dead & Robert is cited as appears elsewhere & the aforesaid John Falu does not come, therefore let him be taken when he shall come. And John de Vinchelez comes & submits himself to the mercy of the court for 20 livres for the aforesaid bail & for other great transgressions by the pledge of William le Petyt of Rosel, William des Augrès & Robert Brasdefer: of which 10 livres are paid down & the remainder is imposed upon their income.

And the jury of 12 for many concealments in their verdict of which they were convicted before the Justices by examination to be amerced.

The jury present contention between Philip Baudains & Colin Hales for wreck to 12 of the sea & that Colin wish to carry away to be amerced.

(M. 47 d.)

Adhuc de reman de pochia Šci Lauř.

Presentant qđ Colinus fil Gilbti Dyacre p fuř tĉ a ix anñ elapsis s^opensus fuit. Idem Colinus fuit unus ěedum Gilbti Diacre ģris sui qui obiit a iiij^{or} annis elapsis seisit^o de xiiij virg ģre e đi de feodo Reğ in hac poĉi q valent p anñ xxj cađ fri e đi. Et de j virg ģre [e đi] in poĉi Šci Petⁱ q valent p anñ iij cađ fruĉti. Et de ij virg ģre in poĉi Šci Broerdi q valent p anñ iiij cađ fri. Qui quidem s^opensus ģuit duos ģres e ģles sorores Ita qđ ģpars sua de ģdca ģeditate est ģcia ps duař ģciũ tĉ. Et sic se extendit ģpars ejus ad iiij virg ģre q valent p anñ ult^a sviciũ tĉ vj cađ fri e đi set inde jure [matris] ejus supstite sĉtrahat^r ģcia ps p dote sua tĉ e post mortem ejus integre remaneant dño Regi tĉ. Et ģticipes ejus respond dño Regi tam de arř iiij^{or} annoř q^m de reddũ de ceřo. Et sunt arř excepta dote xLiij ř iiij đ. Et sciend qđ hic utit^r p lege qđ pař vt mař de ģeditate sua nō potest dare uni ģier suoř plusq^m alii tĉ.

Juř ģsentant qđ Galřrus del Pount noctanĉ ģcussit Colinũ del Pount unde ha cla. Iđo iģe in mĉa.

Presentant t qđ Magř Pģus de Carřet levavit j columbare in feodo firmario ubi nō debet esse. Iđo ģceptũ est qđ ģfnat^r tĉ. Postea veñ ģdcs Pģus e dat dño Regi reddũ j ģb ģipis ģcipiend singtis annis impptũ p sic qđ iģe e ģedes sui gaudere possint columbari illo salvo jure cuj^olř. Et admittit^r p eo qđ nō est ad nocumentũ dñi Reğ.

Presentant t qđ Gregoř del Vergee alias p cunictis fugiit ad ecĉiam. Et postea reddidit se castro et inde missus in Angł p Thoĉn Payn vicem ģentem Petⁱ Darcyř Balti.

Presentant t qđ Nicģus Eģus Abriceñ est ģbe tenens et nō veñ p^omo die Itiřis. Iđo iģe in mĉa.

(M. 47 d.) **Continuation of the remainder of the parish of St. Laurence.**

They present also that Colin son of Gilbert Diacre for theft &c. was hanged 11 years ago. The same Colin [was] one of the heirs of Gilbert Diacre his father who died 4 years ago seised of $14\frac{1}{2}$ virgates [of land] of the King's fee in this parish which are worth by the year $21\frac{1}{2}$ measures of wheat. And of $1\frac{1}{2}$ virgates of land in the parish of St. Peter which are worth by the year 3 measures of wheat. And of 2 virgates of land in the parish of St. Brelade which are worth by the year 4 measures of wheat : which said (person) hanged had 2 brothers & many sisters, so that his share of the aforesaid inheritance is the 3rd part of 2 parts &c. And so his share amounts to 4 virgates of land which are worth per annum beyond service &c. $6\frac{1}{2}$ measures of wheat, but for the rights of his mother who survives the 3rd part thereof is subtracted for her dower &c. and after her death the whole shall remain to the lord the King &c. And his partners shall answer to the lord the King as well for the arrears of 4 years as for the rent from henceforth. And the arrears except the dower are 43 s. 4 d. And be it known that here it is used by law that the father or mother cannot give more of their inheritance to one than to another of their heirs &c.

The jurors present that Geoffrey du Pont by night struck Colin du Pont whereby 'Haro' was raised. Therefore he is to be amerced.

They present also that Master Philip de Carteret erected a dove-cote on a fee farm where it ought not to be. Therefore it is ordered that it shall be taken down &c. Afterwards comes the aforesaid Philip & gives to the King the rent of one lb. of pepper to be received every year for ever, so that he & his heirs may enjoy that dove-cote, saving the right of any others. And he is admitted because it is not to the detriment of the lord the King.

They present also that Gregory de la Vergée at another time for (stealing) conies fled to the Church. And afterwards he gave himself up at the castle & thence was sent to England by Thomas Payn filling the office of Bailiff in the stead of Peter Darcys.

They present also that Nicholas Bishop of Avranches is a free tenant & did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore he is to be amerced.

Presentant t̃ qđ Guifls Chivaler e Colinus Gerbert tenent j bo-
vata fre de bordağ. Et Ričus Hubert e pticipes sui tenent j bovať
fre de bordağ. Et Wifls Neel e pticipes sui tenent j bovať fre de
bordağ et faciūt šviciū bord et alia švicia sicut vicini p̃l cariağ e
fumağ tč.

Presentant t̃ qđ Colinus Gilbert a ix annis elapsis s̃pensus fuit
Nich ulfius q, sup̃.

Comptum est p Roļlos Phi le Evesk balti qđ Ričus Morel ṽbavit
uřem fr̃is sui in domo sua inde ha cla qui veñ e feč finem p p̃dca
t̃nš p xx š pptm Guilhi Morel.

Comptum est t̃ p eosđ Roļlos qđ Gilbtus le Hardy feč insultū
noctant̃ Meliore la Foleye frangendo ostiū suū cont̃ voluntatē tč
qui veñ e vadiat emend̃. Et q, noluit invenire securitatem remittit̃
p̃sone tč. Et Idem Gilbtus feč Ričm Beynečveyse ha cla noctant̃ in
tašna sua deforciando ei stoccū suū Jō fiāt inde emend̃ et sciend̃ qđ
Rađs le Hardy paľ ejus e Rađs fraľ suos fřunt ej^o pleğ.

Comptū est t̃ p eosđ Roļlos qđ Colinus Galicien Junior ṽbavit
Jořem Angare e iřm acabliavit cū plaga e sang'ne uñ ha cla. Jō
fiant inde emend̃.

Comptu est t̃ p Roļlos ejusđ qđ Colinus Malesars vulšavit Rořtm
Gilbert in brachio de quod gladio. Et p̃dcs Colin^o feč finē sicut
patet alibi. Comptū est p Roļlos ejusđ qđ Rađs Corraunt Jořes le
Vetu e Jořes Hubaunt decimatores tč fečunt Rořto Trachee ha cla
p eo qđ iřato decimařūt blada iřius Riči inponentes ei qđ false deci-
mavit qui veñ e fečunt finem p p̃dca t̃nš p XL š pptm adinvicem.

They present also that William Chevalier & Colin Gerbert hold 1 bovaté of land of bordage. And Richard Hubert & his partners hold 1 bovaté of land of bordage &c. And William Neel & his partners hold 1 bovaté of land of bordage, & they perform the services of bordiers & other services like their neighbours except carriage & fumage &c.

They present also that Colin Gilbert was hanged 9 years ago. Nothing further than above.

It is found by the rolls of Philip l'Evesque Bailiff that Richard Morel struck the wife of his brother in her house whereupon 'Haro' was raised, who came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression by 20 s. by the pledge of William Morel.

It is found also by the same rolls that Gilbert le Hardy by night made an assault on Meliora la Foleys by breaking her door against her will who comes & pledges the amends. And because he would not find security he is sent back to prison &c. And the same Gilbert caused Richard Bechervaise to raise 'Haro' by night in his tavern by forcibly taking away from him his dagger. Therefore let them make amends therefor. And be it known that Ralph le Hardy his father & Ralph his brother were his pledges.

It is found also by the same rolls that Colin Galicien, junior, struck John Angare & threw him to the ground with wounds & blood, whereupon 'Haro' raised. Therefore let them make amends therefor.

It is found also by the rolls of the same that Colin Malzard wounded Robert Gilbert in the arm with a certain sword. And the aforesaid Colin compounded as appears elsewhere. It is also found by the rolls of the same that Ralph Corraunt, John le Vetu & John Hubaunt farmers of the tithes &c. caused Robert Trachee to raise 'Haro' because they for a second time took tithes of the corn of the said Richard accusing him of having cheated in the payment of his tithes; who came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression by 40 s. by the pledge one for the other.

(M. 48.)

Adhuc de plitis Gorone de poch Sci Martini.

pochia Sci Martini veñ p xij.

Jereš

Juř pŕesentant qđ Guillotus le Tongart a diu est abjuř Insulas ad eccliam nō ěuit ěram vť catalla.

Presentant t̃ qđ Gaudinus Quarrere a xij annis elapsis abjuř Insulas. Et [habuit] videlť j virg ěre e đi quas Joěnes Wauter modo tenet e reddit đno Regi p [aně] Et Guiftus le Noarclepeys e Nicěa uxor ejus e Colinus filius ejusdem Joěnes F..... le Borgeys p fuř j patelle e denarioz tě abjuř Insulas. Et nicě huerunt.

Presentant t̃ qđ Gaudinus Gerard adiu est s^opensus fuit. Et nicě ěuit. Et Guiltis Foley a xx annis elapsis s^opensus fuit. Et ěuit iij virg ěre que valent p aně vij caš řri. Et Robtus Chalan a diu est s^opensus fuit. Et ěuit lišam ěram vidz j virg ěre e đi que valet p aně iiij caš řri et Thomas Dervauant iřt modo tenet.

Presentant t̃ qđ Petrus Ernof Thomas Dervauant senior e Thomas Dervauant Junior soliti sunt trahere homines Reğ in plitum in Cuř xpianitatis ex^a regnū apud Constaně e alibi Jō iři in g^avi měa.

Redđ e firme
đni Reğ

Presentant t̃ qđ đns Rex ěet in eoř pochia de řta firma p aně ad řminos Pasě Sci Pauli in estate e Sci Michis vidz de quelibet řmino x^u x^a xj^d. Et iij^a de greverie. ěet t̃ đns Rex de ešěeta de carucata de Dauneviřt vj q^ařť řri e vj caš p aně e xiiij đ xiiij aně xxix galliě e ccccox ova. Et đns Rex ěet camptum in eodem feodo quod valet coĩbz annis xj ti. Iřm đns Rex ěet de ešěeta Hamonis Dervauant bastardi iij virg ěre que valent p aně xj caš řri. Et de antiqua ešěeta de feodo Tollisaě iij virg ěre quas Alicia que fuit uxor Riěi Cogard modo tenet e valent p aně vij caš řuěti. Et

(M. 48.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** in the parish of
St. Martin.

The parish of St. Martin comes by 12 men.

Jersey. The jury present that Guillot le Tongart long ago abjured the islands at the Church he had neither land nor chattels.

They present also that Gaudin Quarrere 12 years ago abjured the island. And [he had] to wit, $1\frac{1}{2}$ virgates of land which John Vautier now holds & pays to the lord the King by [the year] And William le Noarclepeys & Nicholaa his wife & Colin son of the same, John F..... le Borgeys for theft of a pan & money &c., abjured the islands. And they had nothing.

They present also that Gaudin Gerard was hanged long ago. And he had nothing. And William Foley was hanged 20 years ago. And he had 3 virgates of land which are worth per annum 7 bushels of wheat. And Robert Chalan was hanged long ago. And he had free land, to wit, $1\frac{1}{2}$ virgates of land which is worth per annum 4 measures of wheat & Thomas Dervaut now holds it.

They present also that Peter Ernof, Thomas Dervaut, senior, & Thomas Dervaut junior were wont to sue the subjects of the King out of the realm in the Ecclesiastical Court at Coutances & elsewhere. Therefore they are to be heavily amerced.

Rents & Farm
of the
lord the King.

They present also that the lord the King has in their parish of cert farm by the year at the terms of Easter, St. Paul in the summer & St. Michael, to wit, for each term 10 l. 10 s. 11 d. And 3 s. of 'greverie.' Also the lord the King has of escheat of the carucate of D'Anneville 6 quarters of wheat & 6 measures by the year & 14 d., 14 geese, 29 hens & 420 eggs. And the lord the King has champart in the same fee which is worth one year with another 11 livres. Also the lord the King has of the escheat of Hamon Dervaut, a bastard, 3 virgates of land which are worth per annum 11 measures of wheat. And of ancient escheat of the fee Tollisak⁽¹⁾ 3 virgates of land which Alice who was the wife of Richard Cogard now holds, & they are

(1) See Extente 1274, page 21.

Johnes Hubert tenet de eadem escheta ij virg̃ fre e di e reddit dño Regi p añ iiij caš fri. Et Pñus Troptostney tenet inde iij virg̃ fre p vj caš fri. Et Galfrus Mahie tenet de eadem escheta ij virg̃ fre e di p quibz redd p añ v caš fri. Et Riçus le Goymel tenet iij virg̃ fre de escheta Fangot bastardi e redd dño Regi p añ vij caš fri j pañ e j capon. Et Coķ le Archer tenet iij virg̃ fre de escheta fratris ejusdem Fanegot simitr bastardi p v caš fri j pañ e j capon. Et Thomas le Blaunk tenet v virg̃ fre de escheta Nichi de la Hoge bastardi e redd p añ x caš fruñti. H̃et t̃ dñs Rex j virg̃ fre e di de fra Bilot que vať p añ ij caš fri. Et Colinus le Feuere ilt modo tenet. Et Riçus de Šco Stepho tenet iij virg̃ fre de fra Troptostney e redd p añ v caš fri. Iñm Johnes du Mount tenet j virg̃ fre de escheta la Rause bastarde e redd p añ ij caš fruñti. Et Guilltus Mahie tenet j virg̃ fre de escheta la Foleye s^pense que redd p añ ij caš fri. Et Colinus le Esterk tenet de eadem escheta iij virg̃ fre p ij bz fri. Et Galfrus Chivaler tenet inde j virg̃ fre p iij caš fri. Et Idem tenet xxx ptič fre de escheta Flori bastardi p ij caš fruñti. Et Johnes Wauter redd dño Regi p añ p j virg̃ fre e di de escheta la Carrere que abjuť tč v caš fri. Et Rades Dervaunt Junior tenet j virg̃ fre de escheta Milais que valet p añ iij caš fri. Et Colinus le Clerk redd dño Regi p añ p ij virg̃ fre e di de escheta Malnori s^pensi iiij caš fri. Et Guilltus Troptostney tenet de eadem escheta viij virg̃ fre p xvij caš fri. Et Guilltus Congart tenet de eadem j virg̃ fre p ij caš fri. Et Lucas Espiard di virg̃ fre p j caš fri. Iñm Thomas Dervaunt tenet v virg̃ fre p quibz redd p añ xv caš fri de quibz de fra Chalaunt di acř e de fra Hamon di acř et de escheta Thomase de la Hoge bastarde j virg̃ fre. Et Colinus Lesterķ tenet

worth per annum 7 measures of wheat. And John Hubert holds of the same escheat $2\frac{1}{2}$ virgates of land & pays to the lord the King by the year 4 measures of wheat. And Philip Troptostné holds thereof 3 virgates of land for 6 measures of wheat. And Geoffrey Mahie holds of the same escheat $2\frac{1}{2}$ virgates of land for which he pays by the year 5 measures of wheat. And Richard le Goymel holds 3 virgates of land of the escheat of Fanegot, a bastard, & pays to the lord the King by the year 7 measures of wheat, 1 loaf & 1 capon. And Cok l'Archer holds 3 virgates of land of the escheat of the brother of the same Fanegot likewise a bastard for 5 measures of wheat, 1 loaf & 1 capon. And Thomas le Blanc holds 5 virgates of land of the escheat of Nicholas de la Hougue, a bastard, & pays by the year 10 measures of wheat. Also the lord the King has $1\frac{1}{2}$ virgate of land of the land of Bilot which is worth by the year 2 measures of wheat. And Colin le Fevre now holds it. And Richard de St. Stephen holds 3 virgates of land of the land of Troptostné & pays yearly 5 measures of wheat. Also John du Mont holds 1 virgate of land of the escheat of la Rause, a bastard, & pays by the year 2 measures of wheat. And William Mahie holds 1 virgate of land of the escheat of la Foleye who was hanged which pays by the year 2 measures of wheat. And Colin Lesterk holds of the same escheat 3 virgates of land for 2 bushels of wheat. And Geoffrey Chevalier holds thereof 1 virgate of land for 3 measures of wheat. And the same holds 30 perches of land of the escheat of Florus, a bastard, for 2 measures of wheat. And John Vautier pays to the lord the King by the year for $1\frac{1}{2}$ virgates of land of the escheat of la Carrere who abjured &c. 5 measures of wheat. And Ralph Dervaut junior holds 1 virgate of land of the escheat of Milais which is worth by the year 3 measures of wheat. And Colin le Clerk pays to the lord the King by the year for $2\frac{1}{2}$ virgates of land of the escheat of Malnori⁽¹⁾ who was hanged 4 measures of wheat. And William Troptostné holds of the same escheat 8 virgates of land for 18 measures of wheat. And William Congart holds of the same 1 virgate of land for 2 measures of wheat. And Luke Espiard half a virgate of land for 1 measure of wheat. Also Thomas Dervaut holds 5 virgates of land for which he pays by the year 15 measures of wheat of which of the land of Chalaunt half an acre & of the land of Hamon half an acre & of the escheat of Thomasia de la Hougue, a bastard, 1 virgate of land. And Colin

(1) Mannuris (Extente 1274).

ij virg̃ f̃re de escheta la Duweresse bastard que valent p añ j b̃z f̃ri. Ĩm Thomas le Dubbeour⁽¹⁾ tenet x ptiç de antiqua escheta t̃c p quibz redd p añ x cab̃ f̃ri. H̃et t̃ d̃ns Rex de escheta Joñne Percequoer bastarde que obiit hoc anno reddm j q̃r̃t̃ f̃ri j pañ e j galliñ pvenientem de di ac̃r e di virg̃ f̃re quam Joñnes Larker modo tenet. Ĩm d̃ns Rex pcipit de carucata Everard ix cab̃ f̃ri e ij f̃cionar̃ j pañ e j capoñ e v s̃ v d̃ p añ ad festum S̃ci Michis. Et Riçus le Jumel debet d̃no Reği j pañ e j capoñ de reddu sup meš suū. Et Riçus le Coķ debet j pañ e j capoñ sup iij virg̃ f̃re quas Colinus Lesterķ tenere solebat. Dicunt t̃ qđ Riçus de Ketevill tenet de d̃no Rege j caruç f̃re de feodo de Ketevill e reddit xv s̃ p añ ad p̃dcam f̃mam et debet plenū releviū cū acciderit. Guills Dervaunt e p̃ticipes sui tenent de d̃no Rege d̃iam caruç f̃re p dimid̃ releviū e reddūt ix s̃ p añ ad p̃dcam f̃mam. Et debēt p̃dcus Guills e p̃ticipes sui cariare totum grossum macrenniū e molas p mare inf̃ montem S̃ci Michis e Chireburg̃ñ ad tria molend̃ vidz molend de Morer de Pount terryn e le Noef molyn pcipit t̃ d̃ns Rex de carucata Everard in eoꝝ pochia camptum quod valet coibz annis LX s̃. Dicunt t̃ qđ tenentes p̃dce carucate de Daunevill Debent h̃ere quodđ pãr anelloꝝ sive boiaꝝ ad custodiend̃ p̃sones t̃c p voluntate ministroꝝ d̃ni Reğ vidz de p̃soñ captis in eadem carucata. Ĩm hoies Reğ in eoꝝ pochia tenent̃ cariare vinū fenū e buscam d̃ni Reğ ubicumq; ministri ĩpius D̃ni Reğ volūnt in Insula. Et debent Iidem tenentes invenire sumptibz [suis totum meremium] ad molendinū Reğ quod vocat̃ le Graunt Molyn videlz t̃c s̃z d̃ns Rex debet invenire molas ferrum e carpenteriam. [Et valet] p̃dcm molendinū coibz annis L ti.

Presentant t̃ qđ Drogo de Barantino tenet de [d̃no Rege] maffiū de Rosel et habet furcas libam Warennam espkeriam Wreccū e Cuī [et terminatum in] quo Waranto. Et [debet] releviū LX^s cum acciderit

(1) Thomas le Dauqueur (Extente 1331, page 2).

Lesterk holds 2 virgates of land of the escheat of la Duweresse, a bastard, which are worth per annum 1 bushel of wheat. Also Thomas le Dauqueur holds 10 perches⁽¹⁾ of ancient escheat &c. for which he pays per annum 10 measures of wheat. Also the lord the King has of the escheat of Joan Percequoer, a bastard, who died this year the rent of 1 quarter of wheat, 1 loaf & 1 hen issuing from half an acre & half a virgate of land which John Larker now holds. Also the lord the King takes of the carucate Everard 19½ measures of wheat, 1 loaf & 1 capon, & 5 s. 5 d. by the year at the feast of St. Michael. And Richard le Jumel owes to the lord the King 1 loaf & 1 capon of rent upon his messuage. And Richard le Cok owes 1 loaf & 1 capon upon 3 virgates of land which Colin Lesterk used to hold. They say also that Richard de Quetteville holds of the lord the King 1 carucate of land of the fee of Quetteville & pays 15 s. by the year to the aforesaid farm & owes full relief when it shall occur. William Der-vaut & his partners hold of the lord the King half a carucate of land by half relief & pay 9 s. by the year to the aforesaid farm. And the said William & his partners owe the carriage of all the large timber & the mill stones by sea between Mont St. Michel & Cherbourg to the 3 mills, viz., the mill of Mourier, of Ponterrin & the New Mill. Also the lord the King takes of the carucate Everard in their parish champart which is worth one year with another 60 s. They say also that the tenants of the aforesaid carucate of D'Anneville owe the service of furnishing a certain pair of rings or fetters to keep the prisoners &c. at the will of the officers of the lord the King, to wit, the prisoners taken in the same carucate. Also the men of the King in their parish owe the duty of carrying the wine, hay & firewood of the lord the King wheresoever the officers of the said lord the King shall wish in the island. And the same tenants must find at their own costs [all the planks] for the mill of the King which is called le Grand Moulin, to wit &c. but the lord the King must find the mill-stones ironwork & wood-work. And the aforesaid mill one year with another is worth 50 livres.

They present also that Drogo de Barantin holds of [the lord the King] the Manor of Rosel & has gallows, free warren, esperkeria, wreck & courts [and it is determined in] 'quo warranto.' And [he owes] relief 60 sols when it shall occur

(1) Query : virgates.

(M. 48 d.) **Adhuc de p̄litis de Corona de poct̄ S̄ci Martini**

Presentant qđ Joĥna fīt Riċi Dalet de etate iiij^{or} annoꝝ portavit ignem in suo qui adherens pannis suis ip̄am combussit unde cito postea obiit et n̄ls malecr̄. Judm Infortunū.

Presentant t̄ qđ Colinus Troptostney Pet̄ Fouket e Joĥnes de Elemosina simul [multis] aliis circiū miniū viginti q̄tuor t̄nsierunt in quod̄ batello apud Eskerho ad querend̄ Wreccū t̄c redeuntes s̄mersi f̄gunt. Et nullus inde malecr̄. Judm Infor̄. Et q̄ p̄dcus batellus movens t̄c fuit causa mortis t̄c. Ido remań deodand̄. Et concedit̄ Thome Roger Johi Vallet e Riċo le Home p̄p̄m adinvicem p̄ XL s̄.

Presentant t̄ qđ devenerunt de Wrecco apud Beval iiij^{or} dolea vini unde p̄pars Reġ x ti debīt monete de quibz Roĥts de Haddy respond̄. Iīm j mastus p̄cii xvij^l debīt monete qui cariatuſ fuit in Gerneſ p̄ negociis d̄ni t̄c.

Presentant t̄ qđ Wilts la Foley feċ p̄presturam de via regali p̄ carucam suam latiū iiij ped̄ e lonḡ j p̄ticaſ e d̄i e illam seminavit. Et Silvester La Foley simiſtr p̄prestavit de chimio Reġ latiū j ped̄ e d̄i e lonḡ xij p̄tiċ. Ido ip̄i in m̄ia.

Presentant t̄ qđ Guiffotus Noel p̄ injuriam Riċi le Aungre qui asptabat lapid̄ de batello p̄dci Guiffoti cont̄ voluntatem suam levavit ha cla. Ido p̄dcs Riċs in m̄ia. Et Roĥtus fīt Riċi de la Ville feċ Thomā Doneuald ha cla injuste in domo sua. Ido ip̄e in m̄ia.

Presentant t̄ qđ Raċs Marsseille Thomas le Naom Gaudin^o de Elemosina Raċs le Gascoign Raulina relict̄a Steph̄ni le Suour Riċs de Vallibz e Coĥ le Archer vendiderunt panē cont̄ ass̄m. Ido ip̄e in m̄ia. Et Guiff̄ Galiote Riċus le Jumel Coĥ le Archer Riċus de Vallibz

(M. 48 d.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of the parish of
St. Martin.

They present also that Joan the daughter of Richard Dalet of the age of 4 years carried fire in her which catching to her clothes burnt her whereof she soon afterwards died & no one is suspected. Verdict: by misadventure.

They present also that Colin Troptostné, Peter Fouket & John de l'Aumône with [many] others about the number of 24 crossed in a certain boat to the Ecrehos to seek wreck &c. & coming back were drowned. And no one is suspected thereof. Verdict: by misadventure. And because the said boat bringing about (the accident) &c. was the cause of the death &c., therefore let it remain as a deodand. And it is granted to Thomas Roger, John Vallet & Richard le Home by the pledge one for the other for 40 s.

They present also that there came of wreck at Beval 4 barrels of wine whereof the share of the King is 10 livres of poor money for which Robert de Haddy shall answer. Also a mast value 18 livres of poor money which was carried to Guernsey for the King's service &c.

They present also that William la Foley made an encroachment of the King's high-way with his plough in width 4 feet & in length $1\frac{1}{2}$ perches & sowed it. And Silvester la Foley likewise encroached of the King's road $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet in width & 12 perches in length. Therefore they are to be amerced.

They present also that Guillot Noel, on account of the wrongful act of Richard le Aungre who carried away stones from the boat of the aforesaid Guillot against his will, raised 'Clameur de Haro.' Therefore the aforesaid Richard to be amerced. And Robert son of Richard de la Ville caused Thomas Donevald to raise 'Haro' wrongly in his house. Therefore he is to be amerced.

They present also that Ralph Marseille, Thomas le Naom, Gaudin de l'Aumône, Ralph le Gascoign, Raulin the widow of Stephen le Sueur, Richard des Vaux & Cok l'Archer sold bread against the assize. Therefore they are to be amerced. And William Galiete, Richard le Jumel, Cok l'Archer, Richard des Vaux, William

Guill le Feuere Robtus Fanegot e Robts Dalet tabnarii vendiderunt vinū e 8viš cont^a ass^am. Ido ipe in mīa. Et Thomas Fanegot Thomas Fortyn fecunt t^anš in vendendo vinū. Ido ipe in mīa.

Presentant t̄ qđ filius Colini le Blaunk casu fortuito mortuus fuit in molend de Rosel et nullus inde malecr̄. Judm Infortunū. Et nich de molend q cōbusi fuit tempe Guerre.

Et Juř duodene p plibz concelamentis in veredco suo de quibz cōvicti fūunt coram Justic p examinaçoem in mīa.

Comptum est p Rořlos Pñi le Evesk Balti qđ Guills fit Riči de la Ville 9bavit Guillotū le Counte in retractu maris faciendo ei plagā unde sang's e ha cla. Et 9dcs Guills veñ e feč finem p 9dca t^anš p xxxvj š pplm Coř Larcher. Et comptum est p Rořlos ejusd Balti qđ Robtus fit Riči de la Ville venit ad domū Thome Doneuald noctanē e cepit đcm Thom p guttuř in domo sua uñ ha cla qui veñ e finem feč p xx š pplm Coř Larcher.

Juř 9sentant qđ Jořna uxor Thome Hugoun 9bavit Jořam Filastre Lucas e fregit brachiū suū Jō ipe in g^avi mīa.

(M. 49.) **Adhuc de plitis de Gorona** de poři Šci Audoeni.

fressingfeld.

paroch Šci Audoeni veñ p xij.

Jerseye. Juř 9sentant qđ Jořnes le Fesse indictat^o de latrocinio a iij elapš fuğ ad ec[clesiam] et ibi abjuř Insulas. Idm huit de liba řra viij v'gař řre que valent p anñ vij cař de Carřet đns tē respondeat đno Regi de uno anno. Iřm đns Rex huit xvij š de mañ Robti de Hady. Et Idm huit macrennū 9č v š de quibz Guills le Petist respondeat.

le Fevre, Robert Fanegot & Robert Dalet, taverners, sold wine & ale against the assize. Therefore they are to be amerced. And Thomas Fanegot, Thomas Fortyn transgressed in the selling of wine. Therefore they are to be amerced.

They present also that the son of Colin le Blanc by accident died in the mill of Rosel & no one is suspected thereof. Verdict: by misadventure. And there is nothing of the mill because it was burnt in time of war.

And the jury of 12 for many concealments in their verdict of which they were convicted before the justices by examination to be amerced.

It is found by the rolls of Philip l'Evesque Bailiff that William son of Richard de la Ville struck Guillot le Conte at low tide, wounding him whereupon blood & 'Haro' raised. And the aforesaid William came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression by 36 sols by the pledge of Cok Larcher. And it is found by the rolls of the same Bailiff that Robert son of Richard de la Ville came to the house of Thomas Donevald by night & seized the said Thomas by the throat in his house whereupon 'Haro' raised, who came & compounded by 20 sols by the pledge of Cok Larcher.

The jury present that Joan the wife of Thomas Hugoun struck Joan Fillastre Lucas & broke her arm. Therefore she is to be heavily amerced.

(M. 49.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown** of the parish of
St. Ouen.

Fressingfeld.

The parish of St. Ouen comes by 12 men.

Jersey.

The jurors present that John le Fevre indicted for theft 3 years ago fled to the Church & there abjured the islands. The same had of free land 8 virgates of land which are worth by the year 7 measures [and Philip] de Carteret the lord &c. shall answer to the lord the King for one year. Also the lord the King had 17 sols of [by the] hands of Robert de Hady. And the same had timber value 5 s. for which William le Petit shall answer.

Presentant t̃ qđ Ymarka filia Colini Quissen de etate duoz annoz cecidit in quodam ibi s̃mersa fuit et nullus alius inde malecr̃. Judm Infortuñ.

Presentant t̃ qđ Mariona filia Joñnis Wautier piscando ppe ripam maris casu fortuito in mare e ibi s̃mersa fuit et nullus alius inde malecr̃. Judm Inforč. Nulla fuit catalla.

Presentant t̃ qđ dñs Rex habet in eoꝝ parochi Les Laundes de Lestak que modo reddunt dño [Regi] p añ xxx s̃. Percipit t̃ dñs Rex de xLiij ac̃ ĩre e di de feodo Doglaundres xLiij s̃ vj đ p añ de certa firma de quibz Petr^o Girard tenet di virgaĩ ĩre que reddit dño Regi p annũ iij caĩ fri. Et Ričus Faleisse tenet inde j virgaĩ terre p iij caĩ fri. Et vj virgaĩ ejusdē ĩre sunt eschete dñi Regē de quod felone t̃c que valent p añ vj caĩ fri et p redditu p̃dci fri debent s̃trahi xij đ de predca firma.

Presentant t̃ qđ ecclia pochie isti^o est de advocačoe Abbis de Monte Šci Michis et valet coĩbz annis xL ti. Et Idem Abbas habet in pp'os usus ij partes decie ejusd ecclie. Et Abbissa de Cadomo et Abbatisa de Moster Vilers ĩnt ĩciam ptem ejusd decie.

Presentant t̃ qđ assisa panis e vini fracta est p s̃scriptos videli p Guillm Grante Petrũ Mahie Petrũ de Valle P̃m le Serf Guillm Geraud P̃m Turgys Petrum Falu Roštum le Serkeys Wiłt le Serkeys Radm Turgys Guillotum Basset Petrũ Lagerte bolengai. Et Roğum Bernart Roštum le Normaunt Guillm Manuel Joñnem de Wyncheles Matham Thebaud P̃m Thebaud P̃m Fundeng Lauř Jordan Petrum Brogue et Petrũ Buffey Tabnai. Ido oĩes in mia.

Presentant t̃ qđ dñs Rex ĩet p añ de feodo de Wyncheles de certa firma ix s̃ viij đ. Et de eodm feodo v s̃ de Greverie p maĩ ppoiti Šce Marie.

They present also that Ymarka daughter of Colin Quissen of the age of 2 years fell into a certain where she was drowned, & no one is suspected thereof. Verdict : by misadventure.

They present also that Marion daughter of John Vautier fishing near the sea-shore by accident [fell] into the sea & there was drowned, & no one else is suspected thereof. Verdict : by misadventure. She had no chattels.

They present also that the lord the King has in their parish Les Landes of l'Etacq which now render to the lord [the King] by the year 30 s. Also the lord the King receives of 44½ acres of land of the fee of d'Orlaundes 44 s. 6 d. by the year of cert farm, of which Peter Girard holds half a virgate of land which pays to the lord the King by the year 4 measures of wheat. And Richard Falaise holds thereof 1 virgate of land for 3 measures of wheat. And 6 virgates of the same land are escheats of the lord the King of a certain felon &c. which are worth per annum 6 measures of wheat & from the rent of the aforesaid wheat 12 d. of the aforesaid farm should be deducted.

They present also that the Church of this parish is of the advowson of the Abbot of Mont St. Michel & is worth one year with another 40 livres. And the same Abbot has for his own use 2 parts of the tithe of the said Church. And the Abbess of Caen & the Abbess of the Monastery Villiers have the 3rd part of the same tithe.

They present also that the assize of bread & wine is broken by the underwritten, to wit, by William Grantez, Peter Mahie, Peter du Val, Philip le Serf, William Gerard, Philip Turgys, Peter Falu, Robert le Serkeys, William le Serkeys, Ralph Turgys, Guillot Basset, Peter Lagerte⁽¹⁾, bakers ; & by Roger Bernart, Robert le Normaunt, William Manuel, John de Vinchelez, Matthew Thebaut, Philip Thebaut, Philip Fondan, Laurence Jordan, Peter Brogue & Peter Buffey, taverners. Therefore all of them to be amerced.

They present also that the lord the King has by the year of the fee of Vinchelez of cert farm 9 s. 8 d. And of the same fee 5 s. of 'greverie' by the hands of the Provost of St. Mary.

(1) La Gerohe (?)

Presentant t̃ qđ Dionis le Feuere feč p'presturam sup chiminū Reġ p fossatum suū latiř uni^o ped e long j pticate e di. Et Joñes Falu p'prestavit de chimino Reġ p caruč suam latiř ij ped e long j pticate. Et Petrus de Falu feč p'presturam sup chiminū Reġ p caruč suam latiř j ped e long j pticate e di. Et Thomas le Feuere p'prestavit p fossatum suū sup chiminū Reġ latiř j ped e long di pticate. Et Joñes de Wyncheles feč p'presturam sup chiminū Reġ latiř ij ped p caruč suam in t̃ns̃so di virgař ĩre. Et Colinus le Broc simiř p caruč suam p'prestavit de chimino Reġ latiř j ped e di e long j pticate e di. Ido omes in m̃ia.

Presentant t̃ qđ Pñus de Carfet tenet mañiū suū de Šco Audoeno de dño Rege p šviciū duaz pciū unius feodi militis e debet tempe guerre se ĩcio equitū cū equis ad arma deservire dño Regi p spaciū duaz pciū XL diez. Et est releviū pđci Mañii x ti sciř p duabz ptibz unius feodi militis.

Et Juř duodene p ptibz conclamentis in veredco suo de quibz convicti sũnt p examinaçoem coram Justič in m̃ia.

Comptum est p Rořlos Pñi le Evesk Balti qđ Jords le Neir de Šco Audoeno noctanř řhavit Colinū Wauter e iřm acabliavit unde ha cla. Ido fiant inde emend. Comptū est t̃ p eisdem Rořlos qđ Peř Broune řhavit noctanř Colinū Wauter e iřm acabliavit unde ha cla qui veñ e feč finem p pđca t̃ns p xx š pplm Pñi de Carfet. Et qđ pđeus Colinus alias oř se ad sequend řsus pđcm Peř et modo nō vult psequi. Ido iře in m̃ia. Comptū est t̃ p Rořlos ejusđ Balti qđ Joñes Patier alias recogñ qđ abduxit quemđ bateř de Wrecco ex^a feod Reġ apud Laik usq in feod Joñis de Carfet militis e appleg fuit usq ad has as̃ p eund Joñem. Et pđcs Joñes Patier modo nō

They present also that Dionisius le Fevre made an encroachment upon the King's road by his hedge in width 1 foot & in length $1\frac{1}{2}$ perches. And John Falu encroached on the King's road with his plough to the width of 2 feet & the length of 1 perch. And Peter de Falu made an encroachment upon the King's road with his plough 1 foot in width & $1\frac{1}{2}$ perches in length. And Thomas le Fevre encroached by his hedge upon the King's road 1 foot in width & half a perch in length. And John de Vinchelez made an encroachment upon the King's road 2 feet in width with his plough across half a virgate of land. And Colin le Brocq likewise with his plough encroached on the King's road $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet in breadth & $1\frac{1}{2}$ perches in length. Therefore all of them to be amerced.

They present also that Philip de Carteret holds his manor of St. Ouen of the lord the King by the service of 2 parts of a Knights fee, & he is bound in time of war with two other horsemen & horses to serve under arms the lord the King for the space of 2 parts of 40 days. And the relief of the said manor is 10 livres, to wit, for 2 parts of one Knight's fee.

And the jury of 12 for many concealments in their verdict of which they were convicted by examination before the justices to be amerced.

It is found by the rolls of Philip l'Evesque Bailiff that Jordau le Neir of St. Ouen by night struck Colin Vautier & threw him down whereupon 'Haro' raised. Therefore let them make amends therefor. It is also found by the same rolls that Peter Browne by night wounded Colin Vautier & threw him down whereupon 'Haro' raised, who came & compounded for the aforesaid transgression by 20 s. by the pledge of Philip de Carteret. And because the aforesaid Colin at another time began a suit against the aforesaid Peter & now does not wish to prosecute, therefore he is to be amerced. It is found also by the rolls of the same Bailiff that John Patier at another time acknowledged that he took away a certain boat of wreck out of the fee of the King at Lecq into the fee of John de Carteret, Knight, & was remanded on bail to these assizes by the said John.⁽¹⁾ And the aforesaid John Patier does not now come. Therefore the aforesaid John

(1) i.e. by the pledge of the said John.

veñ. Ido p̃dcs Joñnes pleḡ suus in g^{vi} m̃ia. Et sciend̃ qđ p̃dcs Batell̃ app̃ciatus fuit ad viij li de quibz fiedes Regiñ de Carlet qui batell̃ illū huerunt simul cū Balho respondeb̃t. Comptū est t̃ p̃ eosđ Rořlos qđ Gills Lestakeys noctañ pcussit Colinū Hastein e fregit pannos suos und̃ ha cla et appleḡ fuit usq; ad has as̃s p̃ Joñem de Carlet militem. Et p̃dcs Guills modo nō veñ. Ido pleḡ suus in m̃ia. Comptū est t̃ p̃ eosdem Rořlos qđ Peř Organ ṽbavit Robřm Organ e ip̃m acabliavit unde plaḡ sang's e ha cla qui veñ e vadiat emend̃ taxad̃ p̃ Cuř t̃c. Et Galfr̃ de Laiķ e Robřtus Serkeys fřunt ej^o pleḡ. Postea p̃dcs Peř feč finē p̃ p̃dca t̃ns p̃ xx s̃ pplm Pñi Fundēg.

Jord̃s Norman Joñnes de Laiķ Robřtus Norman e filius Guilli de Laiķ arectati de fracc̃oe domus Lauř de Sevenoķ e asptačoe macrenni ejusđ veñ e dant d̃no Regi xx s̃ p̃ h̃end̃ inde bonam inquis̃ pplm Jordi de Mareķ. Et Juř dicūt sup̃ sacřm suū qđ ip̃i nō sunt inde culpabit̃. Ido respond̃ pochiam de dampnis f̃cis in p̃dca domo qđ nolunt diče culpabit̃ t̃c.

(M. 49 d.) [Preceptum] est Pño le Evesķ Balto dñi Reḡ p̃ Justič̃ hic qđ exigi fač̃ om̃es s̃bsc̃ptos rectatos [ad plita] Corone dñi Reḡ e fugitivos semel exactos ad pacem dñi Reḡ in hiis as̃s ad tres p̃ncipales Cuř dñi Reḡ p̃xio tenend̃ p̃t has as̃s. Ita qđ ad p̃mam Cuř sint sc̃do exacti et ad sc̃dam Cuř řcio exacti et ad řciam Cuř q̃rto exacti. Et si nō ṽfint tūc faciat eos utlagař sive forbanire. Et si cicius ṽfint tunc eos capiat e in p̃sona salvo custodire faciat. Ita qđ h̃eat corpa eoř ad stand̃ recto sc̃dm legem e cōsuetud̃ Iñs s. Pñm le Gras p̃ furto

his pledge to be heavily amerced. And be it known that the aforesaid boat was valued at 8 livres for which the heirs of Reginald de Carteret, who had that boat, shall answer together with the Bailiff. It is also found by the same rolls that William Lestakeys by night struck Colin Hastein & tore his clothes whereupon 'Haro' raised & he was remanded on bail to these assizes by John de Carteret, Knight. And the aforesaid William does not now come. Therefore his pledge to be amerced. It is also found by the same rolls that Peter Organ struck Robert Organ & threw him down whereupon wounds, blood & 'Haro' raised, who comes & gives security for the amends to be taxed by the court &c. And Geoffrey de Lecq & Robert Serkeys were his securities. Afterwards the aforesaid Peter compounded for the aforesaid transgression by 20 s. by the pledge of Philip Fondan.

Jordan Norman, John de Lecq, Robert Norman & the son of William de Lecq accused of breaking into the house of Laurence de Sevenok & taking away his timber come & give to the lord the King 20 s. to have thereon a full enquiry by the pledge of Jordan du Marais. And the jury say upon their oath that these are not guilty thereof. Therefore let the parish answer for the damages done in the aforesaid house because they do not wish to denounce the culprits &c.

(M. 49 d.) It was [commanded] to Philip l'Evesque Bailiff of the lord the King by the justices here that he cause all the underwritten accused persons to be cited at the pleas of the Crown of the lord the King & the fugitives already called to the peace of the lord the King in these assizes at the 3 principal courts of the lord the King next to be held after these assizes, so that at the first court they may be called to the second & at the second court to the third & at the third court to the fourth. And if they shall not come then let him cause them to be outlawed or banished. And if they shall come before, then let him take them & cause them to be kept safely in prison, so that [he may have] their [bodies] to stand their trial according to the law &

Robt̃m p̃ murthero Robt̃m f̃it Robt̃i Levesk p̃ raptu
 ancille Berteloti le Talender, P̃hm Braban q̃ abduxit ux̃em Rad̃i
 Justice cū bonis viri sui, Petrū Faleyse qui se gerit p̃ [decano] huj⁹
 Insule q̃ fregit p̃sonam Reġ e alias cepit Lauř de Sevenoķ clicum
 dñi Reġ [infra] maffiū dñi Reġ de Šco Clemente simul cū catařt dñi
 Reġ in custodē p̃dci Lauř inventis et misit p̃dcm Lauř p̃sonem ex̃
 dominiū Reġ in alienū regnū, Guillotū f̃it Robt̃i de Hoga qui fuit in
 auxiliū ad eripendē p̃dcm Decanū⁽¹⁾ ex̃ p̃sonam Reġ P̃hm f̃it Jord̃i
 Horman p̃ eodem Jord̃m f̃it P̃hi Horman p̃ eodem. Et c̃tificet Justiĉ
 dñi Reġ ad p̃mas aās cū ad ptes istas vēfint quid fecit de p̃missis
 distincte e apte. Et Justiĉ t̃c fecunt p̃dco Pho inde tras suas pa-
 tentes. Et simitr̃ p̃cept̃ est Baltis qui hic f̃funt qđ in inquisiĉiōibz
 capiendē poniāt distincte e apte in Rotlis nomen suū p̃ipum. Et noīa
 Juř dñi Reġ qui eū eo p̃sentes f̃funt et noīa Juř in eisdem in-
 qui- siĉiōibz e eciam diem e anñ e locum de capĉōe huj⁹ inquis̃. Et
 p̃ceptum est simitr̃ qđ ad abjuraĉōes simitr̃ fiat tam de noībz q̃m de
 die anno e loco et ponat̃ in Roīlis felonia recognita e portus feloni
 assig̃tus.

Cantař de Castr̃

Comptum est qđ Petr⁹ Vavasour Capells Castri dñi Reġ pcipit
 de redditu dñi Reġ c̃ s̃ p̃ annū e tenetur celebrare in capella castri
 t̃mmodo ter in septimana e nō amplius p̃ defectu victualiū t̃c. Et
 sunt in d̃cta Capella de Stauro j missale j calix bonus j par om̃i-

(1) Doubtless a mistake for "Clericum".

custom of the island⁽¹⁾, to wit, Philip le Gras for theft, Robert for murder, Robert son of Robert Levesque for the rape of the maid of Bertelot le Talender, Philip Braban because he took away the wife of Ralph Jutise with the goods of her husband, Peter Faleyse who held the office of Dean of this island because he broke into the prison of the King & therefrom took Laurence de Sevenok clerk of the lord the King [within] the lord the King's manor of St. Clement together with the chattels of the lord the King found in the custody of the aforesaid Laurence & sent the aforesaid Laurence a prisoner out of the dominion of the King to a foreign realm, Guillot son of Robert de la Hougue who aided in removing the aforesaid clerk out of the prison of the King, Philip son of Jordan Horman for the same, Jordan son of Philip Horman for the same. And he shall certify to the justices of the lord the King at the next assizes when they shall come to these parts what he shall have done concerning the premises clearly & frankly. And the justices &c. shall issue to the said Philip therein their letters patent. And likewise it was commanded to the bailiffs who shall be in office here that in inquisitions to be taken (by any one of them) he shall put clearly & openly in the rolls his own name, & the names of the jurats of the lord the King who shall be present with him, & the names of the jurors in the same inquisitions, & also the day & year & place of the taking of the inquisition. And it was commanded likewise that at abjurations the same be done as well as to the names as to the day, year & place & that the felonies acknowledged & the sentence pronounced on the felon shall be entered in the rolls.

The Chantry
of the Castle.

It is found that Peter Vavasour Chaplain of the castle of the lord the King receives of the revenues of the lord the King 100 s. by the year & is bound to celebrate in the chapel of the castle as often as 3 times in the week & not more on account of the lack of main-

(1) The procedure here described (and also at page 171) existed for centuries afterwards. It was customary for the Attorney-General at the Assize d'Héritage to cite criminals and fugitives from Justice to come to the King's peace. If they did not appear their names were inscribed as defaulters. A criminal could not be cited to appear at the Assize d'Héritage before being indicted. After having been indicted it sufficed for the accused to be called "en ouye de paroisse" and upon the return of the Prévôt of the accused's parish the proceedings were continued.

The following Act of the Royal Court shows succinctly the procedure :—

" L'an 1597 le 28^{me} jour de Juin. Richard Huelin ayant esté costumacé par ses défauts aux 4 assises des chefs plaids d'héritage à l'instance du Proc^r de la Reyne après avoir esté formellement Endité par le Conestable et Sermentez pour larrecin de certaine quantité de pommes et par ces costumaces attainé et convaincu dud^t crime et ses biens confisquez meubles et héritages, s'est depuis volontairement rendu en Justice se submettant à la deliberation d'icelle. Laquelle ayant considéré comme dedans l'an et jour de ladite costumace il s'est rendu en Justice et qu'il avait pris la fuite avant que d'avoir esté entre mains des Off^rs Et qu'il y a espoir de penitence, la condamnation est tournée en punition corporelle et partant ledit Huelin a esté condamné d'estre fouetté jusque à effusion de sang; au surplus demeure la confiscation au contenu de la sentence."

modoꝝ vestimentoꝝ ad celebꝛandꝛ tam ꝑ ꝑsbrꝛ qꝛ ꝑro altari set deficit unum porti-forium ꝑ matitutinis tꝛ unde concordatũ est qđ de xij qꝛrĩ frĩ reddꝛ quem dñs Rex recupavit versº Abbẽm de Bellosana assignentur de celo predco capello qui ꝑro tempe celebrabit in predco Castro vj qꝛr frĩ singlis annis in ꝑꝑaõem victualiũ suoꝝ e stipendii tꝛ Ita qđ singlis diebꝝ continue celebret in eodm ꝑ dño Rege Edwardo defuncto e dño Rege nunc et Regina et ad hoc Juratur. Et Injunctum est ballio qđ de viij libr de deodandis una cũ ꝑdco capllo cito ꝑvideat ad opus Capelle illius de uno competenti portiforio ibid remanendo impetuũ videlĩ de denaĩ dñi LX š. De Petro de Šco Elerio dño de Sausmareys XL š de deodand molendi sui. D Rado Turgys ꝑ uno equo de deodanda XL š. Et de hoĩbꝝ Drogoĩ de Barantyno de Rosel XL š unde ad libĩm ꝑdcm xx š. Et ad Lanđnam de Eskerho xx š.

(M. 50.)

Adhuc de coĩbꝝ ꝑlĩtis.

Jerseye.

Petrº Faleyse Decanus tꝛ associata sibi magna multitudĩe chicoꝝ veĩ hic [quum] Justiciaĩ sedebant in hac Insula satis mane. Et ꝑmo petiit ex pte Eꝑi C[onstaĩ et Offiç] sui delibãcom chicoꝝ arrestatoꝝ in Insula de Gerneĩ ꝑ quacumqꝫ causa cap[torꝝ e cũ] Justiç pefent ab eo si spale warrantũ ad hoc ħeret de eꝑo tanqꝫ loci ordinaĩ [prose]quando ꝑferebat set inde nichil ostendebat quod esset valoris. Et sup hoc Idem [Decanus] petiit diem de avisamento tꝛ. Et statim postea. Idem Decanus ꝑferebat qđ Justiciaĩ feçunt quasdam ꝑclamaçoes e inhibiçoes quas Balts hujº Insule publicaçat que [ꝑclamaçoes] fũunt in lesionem eccliaſtice libtatis quas instanĩ monuit Justiciaĩ hic statim cũ Justiciaĩ hic ballio sup hoc requisito ꝑpendissent qđ

tenance &c. And there are in the said chapel of the Cross a missal, a good chalice, 2 sets of vestments for celebration as well for the priest as for the altar, but there is wanting a breviary for matins &c. whereupon it is agreed that of the 12 quarters of wheat rent which the lord the King recovered from the Abbot of Bellozanne there shall be from henceforth assigned to the aforesaid chaplain who for the time shall celebrate in the aforesaid castle 6 quarters of wheat every year in full payment of his maintenance & stipend &c., so that every day regularly he shall celebrate in the same for the lord King Edward deceased, & the present lord the King & the Queen; & to this he is sworn. And it is enjoined to the Bailiff that out of 8 livres of deodands he together with the aforesaid chaplain shall quickly provide for the use of this chapel a suitable breviary to remain there in perpetuity, to wit, 60 s. of the money of the lord the King. From Peter de St. Helier lord of Samarès 40 s. of the deodands of his mill. From Ralph Turgys for a horse of deodand 40 s. From the men of Drogo de Barantyn of Rosel 40 s. whereof for the said book 20 s., & for the lighthouse of the Ecrehos 20 s.

(M. 50.)

Continuation of the common pleas.

Jersey. Peter Faleyse the dean &c. a great number of clerks accompanying came here [while] the justices were sitting in this island early. And first he claimed on behalf of the Bishop of [Coutances & his Official] the surrender of the clerks arrested in the island of Guernsey for whatsoever cause [they were seized, and when] the justices asked of him if he had any special warrant for this from the Bishop as ordinary of the place, which he could produce [authorising him to proceed] therein, he showed nothing of any value. And hereupon the same [Dean] demanded time for consideration &c. And immediately afterwards the same Dean alledged that the justices made certain proclamations & inhibitions which the bailiff of this island had published which [proclamations] were to the prejudice of ecclesiastical rights which he instantly warned the justices here immediately when the justices here (the bailiff being asked about this) had considered that these

illas proclamações fctas fuisse bre dñi Reġ quod dñs Rex nup misit Ottoni tē in heo vba tē. Edwardus dei grā Rex Angl Dñs Hibn e Dux Aquit dilecto e fideli suo Ottoni de Grandisono Custodi suo Insulaꝝ de Gerneseye Gerseye Serk e Aureneye vt ejus locum tenenti salm Cum sicut intellexim⁹ quidam hoies Insulaꝝ illaꝝ quas tenetis ad lminu vite vre ex concessione dñi E. quond Reġ Angl pris nri e que post decessum vrm ad nos e fides nros reſti debent non hntes consideraom ad Jus nrm regm in hac pte tam ministros vros qm alios hoies parciu eazd ad compend coram Epō Constañ e aliis Judicibꝫ ecclasticis extra easdem Insulas sup hereditatibꝫ feodis e suis feodalibꝫ responsu quoꝝ cognico infra easdem Insulas ad nos mere sp̄tat maliçose citari faciunt in nri pjudm e exheredaom manifestam. Nos huj⁹modi maliciam s̄tinere nō valentes voꝝ mandam⁹ qd in plenis Cuñ in Insuñ predcis e aliis locis ubi expediñ videritis ex pte nra firmit inhiberi faciatis ne quis s̄b forisfcura lraꝝ e teñ suoꝝ necnō e omiū que noꝝ forisfaçe poſunt citare faç seu citari procuret aliquem ministrū Insulaꝝ p̄dcaꝝ seu aliquē aliū de eisdem Insuñ ad compend coram pfato Epō seu alio Judice ecclastico sup hereditatibꝫ feodis seu feodalibꝫ aut sup aliquibꝫ aliis quoꝝ cognico ad nos ptinet responsu. T. me ipō apd Wesim xv die Maii anno rñ scdo et nō aſr et Iidem Justiciar illud intimassent p̄dco Decano dicentes inhibicoes e pclamações illas fctas fuisse p p̄dcm mandatū dñi Reġ e non p ipos nec ipi Justiciar illas possent revocare cū p dñm suū fcte fuissent nec ffunt revocande cū juste fuissent p̄dcus Decanus responsū eoꝝ nō acceptans statim dixit se pnunciare ex decreto qd omimoda cognico quoꝝcumqꝫ plitoꝝ p̄tq. de feodis hereditaris in Insuñ mere sp̄tabant ad forū ecclasticū e nō ad aliū e contradictores incidere in sentenciam excōiações majoris tē. Et licet Justiciar hic monstrassent ei qd omes

proclamations were made by [virtue of] a writ of the lord the King which the lord the King lately sent to Otto &c. in these words &c. Edward by the grace of God King of England lord of Ireland & Duke of Aquitaine to his beloved & faithful Otto de Grandison his Warden of the islands of Guernsey, Jersey, Sark & Alderney or his lieutenant greeting. Whereas as we understand certain men of those islands which you hold for the term of your life of the grant of the lord E. formerly King of England our father & which after your decease ought to revert to us & to our heirs, not having consideration for our royal right, in this behalf have maliciously caused as well your officers as other men of those parts to be cited to appear before the Bishop of Coutances & other ecclesiastical judges out of the same islands to answer concerning fees of inheritance & their issues, the cognizance whereof within the same islands wholly belongs to us, to our prejudice & manifest detriment: We not being able to suffer such wrong command that you in open court in the aforesaid islands & in other places where you shall deem it expedient shall on our behalf cause it to be strongly inhibited that no one under penalty of the forfeiture of his lands & tenements & of all things which they could forfeit to us, shall cause or procure to be cited any officer of the aforesaid islands or any one else of the same islands to appear before the aforesaid Bishop or other ecclesiastical judge to answer for fees of inheritance or issues therefrom or upon any other things the cognizance whereof belongs to us. Witness ourself at Westminster the 15th day of May in the 2nd year of our reign; & not otherwise, and the same justices had intimated this to the aforesaid Dean, saying that those inhibitions & proclamations had been made by virtue of the aforesaid mandate of the lord the King & not by themselves, neither can the same justices revoke them inasmuch as they were made by their lord, neither should they be revoked because they were just. The aforesaid Dean, not accepting their answer, forthwith said that it had been proclaimed by decree that the cognizance of all pleas whatsoever except those concerning fees of inheritance in the islands belong wholly to the ecclesiastical jurisdiction & not to any other & that those who should impugn this should incur the penalty of the greater excommunication &c. And although the justices here

libe tenentes Insulaꝝ Curiam hntes a tpe quo non extat memoria hnt
e fuerunt cogniconem de debitis e cataſt sbditoꝝ suoꝝ e hoc constat
ip̄os h̄ere ex antiqua concessione Regū e dnoꝝ Insule monstrassent q̄
eidm Decano qđ non latuit ei qui tamdiu moram traxit in Insul qđ
dñs Rex e ejus anteces̄s dñi Insulaꝝ a tpe quo memoria nō existat
semp usi f̄uunt tam de Juꝛ q̄ de consuetudīe h̄ere cognicones de
t̄nsḡr om̄ibꝫ p quoscumq̄ fctis in Insul e de debitis simitr que nō
sunt de testamento v̄l matrimonio p̄dcus Decanus h̄et om̄ia pinpen-
dens Itato f̄cio e quarto monuit ip̄os Justiciar qđ p̄dcas proclamações
e inhibiçōes statim façent revocari. Et cū Justiciar hic sepi⁹ ei di-
cerent illas f̄cas fuisse per dñm Regē ut p̄dc̄m est e ip̄i f̄cm ejus nec
possent v̄l vellent impugnā e monuissent ip̄m Decanū qui adiu est
protegebatur s̄b pace ip̄ius dñi Reḡ in Insul ne aliquid attemptaret
in p̄judm dignitatis Corone dñi Reḡ cont̄ Justic̄ t̄c p̄dcus Decanus
contemptib̄r pronunciavit exçōicatos om̄es illos a quibꝫ p̄dc̄e p̄ela-
mações e inhibiçōes emanarunt gēnatr e ip̄os Justiciar ead̄m de causa
noīatim in plena Cur̄ coram ip̄is Justic̄. Et monuit totā coītatē
Insule ex parte Ep̄i s̄b pena exçōicaçōis ne quis pop̄li dñi Reḡ hic
ip̄is Justic̄ obediret. Et siç ip̄i Justiciar ip̄m Decanū statim ibi in
Judiçō coram eis adjudicaſunt ad p̄soñ t̄c e ip̄m Decanū arrestaſunt.
Et cl̄ici illi sic adherentes sibi ut p̄dc̄m est ip̄m violen̄t rapuerunt a
p̄sona. Et Justic̄ hic fieri feçunt inquis de noībz p̄dc̄oꝝ Cliçoꝝ p quā
quā inventū fuit qđ Galfr̄ de Carfet Vivianus Mahumet p̄sona eccl̄ie
Sci Lauꝛ Wilts Payen p̄sona eccl̄ie de S̄co Petro Joñes le Salvage
p̄sona eccl̄ie Sci Eleꝛ Riçus Gerart p̄sona eccl̄ie Sci Joñis Riçus le
Pestour p̄sona eccl̄ie Sci Brolardi Riçus le Kaunber p̄sona eccl̄ie Sci
Cleñ Regiñ Hubert p̄sona Capelle de Loungeviñ Robtus Levesqe
Robtus de Carfet Henꝛ de S̄co Martino Wilts filius Robti de Hoga

showed to him that all the free tenants of the islands, having right of court, have & from time immemorial had cognizance of the debts & chattels of the persons subject to them, & it is established that they had this of the ancient grant of the Kings & lords of the island, & that they had showed to the said Dean that it was not unknown to him who had lived for such a long time in the island that the lord the King & his ancestors lords of the islands from time immemorial always used as well by right as by custom to have cognizance of all trespasses by whomsoever made in the island & of debts likewise which do not concern wills or marriage, the aforesaid Dean considering all these things admonished for a 2nd, 3rd & 4th time the said justices to cause forthwith the aforesaid proclamations & inhibitions to be immediately revoked. And whereas the justices here repeatedly told him that they (the proclamations) were made by the lord the King as is aforesaid & they neither could nor would impugn his deed & had admonished the said Dean, who for so long past has been under the protection of the peace of the said lord the King in the island, that he should not attempt anything to the prejudice of the dignity of the crown of the lord the King against justice &c. the aforesaid Dean in contempt pronounced all those to be excommunicated from whom the said proclamations & inhibitions emanated generally & the said justices for the same cause by name (& this he did) in open court before the justices themselves. And he admonished the whole community of the island on behalf of the Bishop under pain of excommunication that none of the people of the lord the King here shall obey the said justices. And so the said justices immediately proceeding to judgment committed the said Dean to prison &c., & they arrested the said Dean. And those clerks so adhering to him as is aforesaid violently rescued him from prison. And the justices here caused an inquisition to be made of the names of the aforesaid clerks whereby it was found that Geoffrey de Carteret, Vivian Mahumet, parson of the Church of St. Laurence, William Payn, parson of the Church of St. Peter, John le Sauvage, parson of the Church of St. Helier, Richard Gerart, parson of the Church of St. John, Richard le Pestour, parson of the Church of St. Brelade, Richard le Kaunber, parson of the Church of St. Clement, Reginald Hubert, parson of the Chapel of Longueville, Robert Levesque, Robert de Carteret, Henry de St. Martin, William son of

Philus filius Jordā Horman Jordā filius Phi Horman Robtus Gilbert Drogo de S̄co Martino Symon de S̄co Martino e Jordā Laungle sunt inde culpabiles. Postea duodena de S̄co Cleṁ Jurata ad p̄lita Corone p̄sentavit qđ pred̄ Decan^o e Thom̄ Daunceys Petr^o Ernof Petr^o Darcys Junior Wills le Golu Rađ de Bullone et Wills Pyrou jam a tribz annis elap̄s sine waranto e absq̄ licencia f̄inda v̄l petenda de baltis seu ministris dñi Reḡ intraverunt nañiū dñi Reḡ de S̄co Cleṁ e ibid̄ cepunt Lauř de Sevenok̄ tūc clicum dñi Reḡ in hac In̄s una cū bonis suis videl̄ ij ciphis arḡnti e aliis bonis q̄m̄ptimis t̄c. Et ip̄m in p̄sona v̄unt e posuert in ferre e s̄b magna custodia ip̄m duxerunt ex̄ regnū ut p̄sonē t̄c una cū magna sūma bonoř a p̄d S̄cm Eleř e alibi inventa s̄b possessione sua t̄c. Et ex pte dñi Reḡ injunctū fuit Thome Daunceys gen̄ali p̄curatori Epi Constañ in om̄ibz que ip̄m tangunt in hoc Itin̄e qđ ad diem lune p̄x̄ post f̄m S̄ci Lauř veniř fāc pred̄cos Clicos ad respond̄ inde dño Regi t̄c. Ad quē diem p̄dcus Thom̄ manifeste dixit se nō audeř intromittere quemcūq̄ clicum veniř in Cuř dñi Reḡ ad respond̄ ibi de aliquo t̄c. Dič řn ad excusand̄ se ip̄m qđ ip̄e pat^o erit v̄ificař p̄ p̄riam qđ ip̄e nūq̄ apposuit mañ ad p̄dc̄m Lauř [nec] ad aliqua bona sua unde certis de causis remanet inq̄iř capienda quousq̄ locutū f̄uit [coram] consilio dñi Regis t̄c.

(M. 50 d.) [Etiam] pred̄cus Decanus p̄fies e solempniř vocat^o ad pacem dñi Reḡ et Guillot^o de Hoḡ filius Robti de Hoḡ Phot^o Horman filius Jordā Horman e Jordā Horman filius Phi Horman qui dicuntur [in auxiliū] ip̄i similiř vocati t̄c nō veñ nec se volunt p̄mittere Justiciari p̄ ministros dñi Reḡ nec Dyocesanus vult eos fāce veniř Justiciales t̄c. Ido exigantur e utlagentur sive forisjudicarentur t̄c. Et catalla

Robert de la Hougue, Philip son of Jordan Horman, Jordan son of Philip Horman, Robert Gilbert, Drogo de St. Martin, Simon de St. Martin & Jordan Laungle are guilty thereof. Afterwards the [jury of] 12 of St. Clement sworn at the pleas of the Crown presented that the said Dean & Thomas Daunceys, Peter Ernof, Peter Darcys junior, William le Golu, Ralph de Bullon & William Pyrou now 3 years ago without warrant & without license had or sought from the bailiffs or officers of the lord the King entered the lord the King's Manor of St. Clement & there took Laurence de Sevenok then clerk of the lord the King in this island together with his goods, to wit, 2 silver cups & many other goods &c., and they imprisoned him & put him in irons & under strong custody they led him out of the realm as a prisoner &c. together with a great quantity of goods found at St. Helier & elsewhere in his possession &c. And on behalf of the lord the King it was enjoined to Thomas Daunceys general proctor of the Bishop of Coutances in all things which concern him in this eyre that on Monday next after the feast of St. Laurence he shall cause the aforesaid clerks to come to answer therein to the lord the King &c. At which day the aforesaid Thomas openly said that he did not dare to intermeddle (to cause) any clerk whomsoever to come into the court of the lord the King to answer there for anything &c. He says nevertheless to excuse himself that he will be ready to establish by the verdict of the country that he never laid hands on the aforesaid Laurence nor on any of his goods, wherefore for certain reasons let the inquisition to be taken stand over until it shall be referred to the council of the lord the King &c.

(M. 50 d.) [Also] the aforesaid Dean many times & solemnly called to the peace of the lord the King & Guillot de la Hougue son of Robert de la Hougue, Philipot Horman son of Jordan Horman & Jordan Horman son of Philip Horman who are said to be (aiding him) likewise called &c. do not come nor will they submit themselves to the jurisdiction of the officers of the lord the King, unless their diocesan will allow them to acknowledge the jurisdiction &c. Therefore let them be cited & outlawed, or be judged by default &c. And let the

ſcōꝝ fugitivoꝝ forisfiant. Et ſre e caſ alioꝝ tē qui nō fugerunt preceptū fuit Vič qđ ea capet in mañ dñi Reĝ e ſalvo cuſtodiret quouſq tē remaneant in mañ dñi Reĝ tē. Ita qđ Vič inde reſpond dño Regi de exiit tē quouſq veſſint et inde ſatiſfecint tē. Et ſciend qđ ſcōꝝ Galfr de Carſet ſe ſuppoſuit grē Cuī tē. Et Henr de Šco Martino qui tenens eſt ipſius dñi Reĝ ſup hiis allocut⁹ dič qđ nō eſt inde culpablis videlič de auxilio neq de conſilio. Et inde dixit qđ ſe velle purgaī tē. Et juſtič ſtatim de grā tē conceſſerunt ei qđ ſe purgaret inde ſola ſua manu tē qui hoc fače noluit ſet dixit ſe inde velle ſequi grām Cuī tē. Et q conſtat Cuī hic qđ predcū Robtuſ de Carſet qui unuſ eſt de pñcipalioribz tē pcpit ſingliſ anniſ quandaſ annuaſ penſionē Triginī libraſ Turroñ p ppte hered eoꝝ in hac Inſ. Ido phibitū eſt pđcto Pño qđ illaſ de ceſo nō ſolvat predco Robto quouſq ſatiſfecerit dño Regi ſet illaſ ex nunc retineat dño Regi inde reſponſur⁹ quouſq tē. Et predcū Robin⁹ Gilbt poſtea veñ. Et dič qđ nō fuit in eoꝝ ſocietate ad pmiſſa facienda tē. Et de hoc poñ ſe ſup patriam. Set q poſtea veñ ad eoꝝ ſocietatē. Ido in gavi mīa. Catalla pđci Petri Faleyſe j equuſ pñii LX ſ. In minutis bonis XL ſ. Magr de Carteſ ſeat elečionem ſolvendi dño Regi xxx li p delicto ſuo vt remaneant terre e caſ ſua in mañ dñi Reĝ quouſq ſatiſfecit dño Regi tē. Et interim reſpondeat dño Regi de exiit tē. Et ſciend qđ poſtq Idm Magr Galfr fecat dño Regi fidelit tē ſtatim poſtea ſic ſicut in auxilio Decani ipm movens e Juvans ad faciend id quod fec et ad movend omēſ Inſulanoſ qđ nulluſ eoꝝ intenderet Juſticiaī hic et ipē una cum pđco Robto frē ſuo pñcipat extitit ad ducend Decanū extra Cuī a pſona t in pſencia ipōꝝ Juſticiarioꝝ tē. Et nichomin⁹ XL li de fine ſuo in Itineī Robti

chattels of the aforesaid fugitives be forfeited. And as to the lands & chattels of the others &c. who did not flee it was commanded to the Viscount to take them into the hands of the lord the King & to keep them safely until &c. and they shall remain in the hands of the lord the King &c. So that the Viscount shall answer therefor to the lord the King for the revenues &c. until they shall come & shall make satisfaction thereof &c. And be it known that the aforesaid Geoffrey de Carteret submitted himself to the mercy of the court &c. And Henry de St. Martin who is a tenant of the same lord the King questioned about these things says that he is not guilty thereof to wit, neither by aid nor by counsel. And therein he says that he wishes to clear himself of the accusation &c. And the justices immediately as of favour &c. granted to him that he might clear himself thereof at their hands alone &c. who did not wish to do this, but said that he wished therein to submit himself to the mercy of the court &c. And because it appears to the court here that the said Robert de Carteret who is one of the principal (heirs) &c. receives every year a certain yearly pension of 30 livres tournois for the share of their inheritance in this island, therefore it is prohibited to the aforesaid Philip to pay the same henceforth to the aforesaid Robert until he shall have satisfied the lord the King, but he shall retain the same from now for the lord the King to answer therefor until &c. And the aforesaid Robin Gilbert afterwards comes & says that he was not in their company in doing the acts aforesaid &c. And for this he submits himself to the verdict of the country, but because he afterwards came in their company therefore he is to be heavily amerced. The chattels of the aforesaid Peter Faleyse, a horse value 60 s., in small goods 40 s. Master Geoffrey de Carteret shall have the choice of paying to the lord the King 30 livres for his offence, or his lands & chattels shall remain in the hands of the lord the King until he shall satisfy the lord the King &c. And in the meantime let account be made to the King for the revenues &c. And be it known that after the same Master Geoffrey had done fealty to the lord the King &c., he immediately afterwards aided the Dean inciting him & supporting him to do that which he did & to move all the islanders that none of them would attend the justices here; & he together with the aforesaid Robert his brother was the principal one to take the Dean out of the jurisdiction of the court from the prison & that in the very presence of the same justices &c. And nevertheless 40 livres of his fine in the eyre of Robert de Leisset

de Leisseĩ que poĩti fĩnt sup portũ suũ sũ plevinna ĩris sui e alioꝝ
adhuc sic remaneat in s^openso. Et p̃dcus Robtus fraĩ suus det dño
Regi x ti si velit delibare pensionē suam. Vivianus Mahumet psona
Šci Lauř solvat simitr dño Regi x ti p p̃dco delicto vť remaneant ĩre
e caĩ sua in maĩ dñi Reġ quousq̃ satisfecit tċ. Et se extendunt caĩ
sua ad xxx libr. Et Wiľts Payen pson ěcclie Šci Petri qui simitr
magnam ptē habet de ĩris e caĩ tċ respond dño Regi de x ti. Et
Joħnes le Salvage in cuj^o domo illa magna conspiraċo plocuta fuit
versus dñm Reġ p p̃dcis t̃nsġr det dño Regi x ti vť remaneant in
maĩ dñi Reġ xij virġ terř quas habet de fra geldabili de feodo p̃dci
magri Galfri de Cartet una cũ bestiis e aliis bonis suis preter obven-
ċones ecclie quousq̃ tċ. Et Riċus Gerart psona ecclie Šci Joħnis
det dño Regi x ti vť remaneant ĩre e bona ei ut sup^a. Et Riċus le
Pastur psona Šci Broelardi det dño Regi x ti vť remaneant ĩre ej^o e
bona ut sup^a. Et Riċus le Caunber det dño Regi xij ti sup omĩbz
que possidet. Et Reginaldus Huľt psona Capelle de Loungeviľ det
dño Regi x ti vť remaneant ĩre e caĩ ejus in maĩ dñi Reġ quousq̃
satisfecit Robtus Levesqe de Šca Trinitate det dño Regi c s vť exeat
fram Reġ quousq̃ reappelletur tċ. Et ĩfim remaneant bona ejus
cum terra sua in maĩ dñi Reġ. Et Wiľts de Hoga det dño Regi
c s. Et si nō sufficiat tċ tunc respond inde paĩ suus cuj^o manupastus
est tċ. Et Pħus filius Jordani Horman. Et Jordan^o filius Phi Hor-
man dent dño Regi x ti. Et si nō suffiċ respondeant ĩnd ĩres eoꝝ tċ.
Et predcus Henř de Šco Martino Drogo e Symon ĩres ejus dent dño
Regi xxx ti vť catalla eoꝝ apreciata ad XL ti una cum omĩbz ĩris eoꝝ
remaneāt in maĩ dñi Reġ quousq̃ satisfecint ut sup^a tċ. Et ĩfim
respond dño Regi de exiĩ tċ. Et Jordan^o Laungle det dño Regi c s

which were imposed upon his income under the replevin of his father & of others still so remains in suspense. And the aforesaid Robert his brother shall give to the lord the King 10 livres if he wish to free his pension. Vivian Mahumet parson of St. Laurence shall pay likewise to the lord the King 10 livres for the aforesaid offence or his lands & chattels shall remain in the hands of the lord the King until he shall satisfy &c. And his chattels amount to 30 livres. And William Payn parson of the Church of St. Peter who likewise has large portion of lands & chattels &c. shall answer to the King for 10 livres. And John le Sauvage in whose house that great conspiracy was hatched against the lord the King shall give to the lord the King for the said transgression 10 livres, or there shall remain in the hands of the lord the King 12 virgates of land which belongs to him of geldable⁽¹⁾ land of the fee of the said Master Geoffrey de Carteret together with his beasts & other goods except the offerings of the Church until &c. And Richard Gerard parson of the Church of St. John shall give to the lord the King 10 livres or his lands & goods shall remain as above. And Richard le Pestur parson of St. Brelade shall give to the lord the King 10 livres or his lands & goods shall remain as above. And Richard le Caunber shall give to the lord the King 12 livres upon all things which he possesses. And Reginald Hubert parson of the chapel of Longueville shall give to the lord the King 10 livres or his lands & chattels shall remain in the hands of the lord the King until he shall satisfy. Robert Levesque of Holy Trinity shall give to the lord the King 100 sols, or he shall leave the territory of the King until he shall be recalled &c. And in the meantime his goods with his land shall remain in the hands of the lord the King. And William de la Hougue shall give to the lord the King 100 sols, & if he has not sufficient to pay &c. then his father under whose authority he lives shall answer therefor &c. And Philip son of Jordan Horman, & Jordan son of Philip Horman shall give to the lord the King 10 livres, & if they have not sufficient to pay their fathers shall answer therefor &c. And the aforesaid Henry de St. Martin, Drogo & Symon his brothers shall give to the lord the King 30 livres or their chattels which are appraised at 40 livres together with all their lands, shall remain in the hands of the lord the King until they shall satisfy as above &c. And in the meantime account shall be given to the lord the King of the revenues &c. And Jordan Laungle shall give to the lord the King 100 sols or his

(1) Geldable, i.e. liable to pay tax or tribute.

vt remaneant dño Regi terre ejus et catalla ut sup^a. Et om̃ibz ista contradicentibz statim pupplice phibeatur terra dñi Reġ tē. Et in m̃icatis e locis aliis competentibz phibeatur om̃ibz pupplice ne quis huj^omodi contradictores manuteneat vt receptet. Et a tēpe phibiçois huj^o Ballivus puniat g^avi^l quos investit inde culpabtes. Et si Decanus venire voluerit ad pacem dñi Reġ tunc inveniat bonam secritatem de L libr pre^l predca catalla sua forisfcta tē de quibz medietas solvetur dño Regi e alia medietas ponetur in sufferenciam sup portū suū. Et q³ predci Petr^o Ernof Petr^o Darcys Junior Wilts Galu Rads de Bullone et Wilts Pirou qui ssunt in capçone p̃dci Lau^r de Seveno^k nō veniunt. Ido capiantur cū vssint.

(M. 51.) **Adhuc de pl̃itis Gorone** de manucaptis qui nō vssunt.

Jereš Jord^s le Neir manucapt^o p Guil^m le Neir e Rob^m Harmel de
D̃ Sco Aud eo qđ indictatus fuit ṽbavit noctan^t Colinū Wauter e ip̃m acabliavit
ad t̃ram unde ha cla nō veñ. Ido pleġ sui in m̃ia.

Petrus de Broune manucapt^o p Petrum Boeffey p t̃nsçssioe fca
Colino Wauter [nō veñ p¹mo die] Itissis. Ido pleġ suus in m̃ia.

D̃ Grovill Alanus Anketil manucapt^o p Drogonem Mariette e Guil^m Pop-
pecte p t̃n^s fca Radi [non] veñ p¹mo die Itissis. Ido pleġ
sui in m̃ia.

Ričus fil Wilⁱ Horman manucapt^o p Will^m Horman e Rob^m
Horman p t̃n^s fca nō veñ p¹mo die Itissis. Ido
pleġ sui in m̃ia.

Ričus Avice manucepit u^xem Jo^hnis Chivaler p t̃ns fca filie
Radi Romye e ip̃am nō p¹mo die Itissis. Ido ip̃e in m̃ia.

Jersey. Jordan le Neir bailed by William le Neir & Robert Harmel for
St. Ouen. that he was indicted for having assaulted by night Colin Vautier &
thrown him to the ground whereupon 'Haro' was raised, does not
come. Therefore his pledges are to be amerced.

Grouville. Alan Anketil bailed by Drogo Mariette & William Poppecte for wrong done to Ralph [does not] come the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledges to be amerced.

Richard son of William Horman bailed by William Horman & Robert Horman for wrong done to did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledges to be amerced.

Richard Avice bailed the wife of John Chevalier for wrong done to the daughter of Ralph Romye & she did not [come] the first day of the eyre. Therefore he is to be amerced.

Gervaš de Normanū e Ričus fraī ejus manucapti p Robīm Herbert p t̃ns f̃ca Michi Herbert nō veñ p'mo die Itiſis. Ido p̃dcs Roštus pleġ eoꝝ in g̃vi mīa.

Roštus le Desnee e Gervaš le Desnee manucapti p Robīm Bertram e Henř le Desnee p t̃ns f̃ca Ričo le Chivaler nō veñ p'mo die Itiſis. Ido pleġ sui in mīa.

Eleř Jorda Lempere manucapt^o p Pīm Fundenġ e Rađm Lempere p t̃ns f̃ca Wilto Lenginour nō veñ p'mo die Itiſis. Ido pleġ sui in mīa.

Roštus le Bas Junior manucaptus p Rađm Mañie Rađm Crespel e Guiltm le Curteys de eo qđ indictatus fuit qđ 9bavit noctan? Pñotum bordař Reġ uñ ha cla nō veñ. Ido pleġ sui in g̃vi mīa.

Rađus Harel manucapt^o p Petrum Harel p t̃ns f̃ca Stepño le Bretoñ nō veñ p'mo die Itiſis. Ido pleġ suus in mīa.

Joñnes Columbamy manucaptus p Guiltm Norman p t̃ns f̃ca Guiltm Columb nō veñ p'mo die Itiſis. Ido pleġ suis in mīa.

Salvař Joñnes Beneyt manucapt^o p Thomam Hugoun p t̃ns f̃ca Ričo Poyle nō veñ p'mo die Itiſis. Ido pleġ suus in mīa.

Giltus le Vassal manucaṗ p Giltm le Blank p t̃ns f̃ca Rico Poyle nō veñ p'mo die Itiſis. Ido pleġ suus in mīa.

Thomas Hugoun manucapt^o p Joñem Beneyt p t̃ns f̃ca Ričo Poyle nō veñ p'mo die Itiſis pleġ suus in mīa.

Martinus de Wyncheles manucapt^o p Guiltm de Wyncheles p t̃ns f̃ca Raoline la Maygnane nō veñ p'mo die Itiſis. Ido pleġ suus in mīa.

Audoen Petr Organ manucaṗ p Guiltm de Laiķ e Robīm le Serkeys p t̃ns f̃ca Rošto Organ nō veñ p'mo die Itiſis. Ido pleġ sui in mīa.

Gervaise of Normandy & Richard his brother bailed by Robert Herbert for wrong done to Michael Herbert did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore the said Robert their pledge to be heavily amerced.

Robert le Desnee & Gervaise le Desnee bailed by Robert Bertram & Henry le Desnee for wrong done to Richard le Chevalier did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore their pledges to be amerced.

St. Helier.

Jordan Lemprière bailed by Philip Fondan & Ralph Lemprière for wrong done to William Lenginour did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledges to be amerced.

Robert le Bas junior, bailed by Ralph Mahie, Ralph Crespel & William le Curteys for that he was indicted for striking by night Phillot the 'bordier' of the King whereupon 'Haro' was raised did not come. Therefore his pledges to be heavily amerced.

Ralph Harel bailed by Peter Harel for wrong done to Stephen le Breton did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledge to be amerced.

John Columbamy bailed by William Norman for wrong done to William Columb did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledge to be amerced.

St. Saviour.

John Benest bailed by Thomas Hugoun for wrong done to Richard Poyle did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledge to be amerced.

Gilbert le Vassal bailed by Gilbert le Blanc for wrong done to Richard Poyle did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledge to be amerced.

Thomas Hugoun bailed by John Benest for wrong done to Richard Poyle did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledge to be amerced.

Martin de Vinchelez bailed by William de Vinchelez for wrong done to Raolina la Maygnane did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledge to be amerced.

St. Ouen.

Peter Organ bailed by William de Lecq & Robert le Serkeys for wrong done to Robert Organ did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledges to be amerced.

Ď Šca Maria.

Guiltus le Faucon manucaþ p Peġr le Bas e Jordm del Pounte de indictamto lat^ocinii nō veñ p^omo die Itifis. Ido pleġ sui in mīa.

Guiltus fit Riči de la Ville manucaþ p Ričm přem suū p t^{ns} fca Guilto le Counte nō veñ p^omo die Itiñia. Ido pleġ suus in mīa.

Thomas Henry manucapt^o p Joħem Henry p t^{ns} fca filie Joħnis Humfrey nō veñ p^omo die Itifis. Iō pleġ suus in mīa. Et Pħus le Ducheroun manucaþ p Jordm le Evesk p eod nō veñ p^omo die Itifis. Ido pleġ simitr in mīa.

Salvaġ

Galfr Cokerel manucapt^o p Račm Payn e Joħam matrem iþius Galfri p t^{ns} fca Gilto fri suo nō veñ p^omo die Itifis. Ido pleġ sui in mīa. Et si pđca Joħna nō sufficiat respond Balis qui iþam admisit.

Ď Šco Clemġe

Roġus de Coustil manucapt^o p Joħem du Coustil přem suū p t^{ns} fca Marione de Barantino nō veñ p^omo die Itifis. Ido pleġ suus in mīa.

Joħnes du Costil manucaþ p Guillm du Costil přem suū p t^{ns} fca Marione de Barantino nō veñ p^omo die Itifis. Ido pleġ suus in mīa.

Pħus Godel đcs Gentilhome manucaþ p Pħm Payn e Guillm Borgate de eo qđ indictat^o fuit qđ insultavit noctan^o domū Marione de Barantino jactando lapid ad ostiū suū uñ ha cla nō veñ. Ido pleġ sui in g^{vi} mīa.

Colinus Goscelin manucaþ p Willm Lenginour Alanū le Neir faciendo ei plagam e sang^onem in g^{vi} mīa.

Guiltsiaunt e Roħtus Grima..... [indictati] fñunt [qđ insult]ařunt Colinū Pynel cū acabliamento Iō pđc eoř in g^{vi} mīa. Et Elerio Saumareys

St. Mary. Gilbert le Faucoun bailed by Peter le Bas & Jordan du Pont on an indictment for theft did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledges to be amerced.

William son of Richard de la Ville bailed by Richard his father for wrong done to Gilbert le Conte did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledge to be amerced.

Thomas Henry bailed by John Henry for wrong done to the daughter of John Humfrey did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledge to be amerced. And Philip le Ducheron bailed by Jordan l'Evesque for the same did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledge likewise to be amerced.

St. Saviour. Geoffrey Cokerel bailed by Ralph Payn & Joan mother of the said Geoffrey for wrong done to William his brother did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledges to be amerced. And if the aforesaid Joan be not able to pay, then let the Bailiff who accepted her answer.

St. Clement. Roger de Costil bailed by John du Costil his father for wrong done to Marion de Barantin did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledge to be amerced.

John du Costil bailed by William du Costil his father for trespass done to Marion de Barantin did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledge to be amerced.

Philip Godel called Gentilhomme bailed by Philip Payn & William Borgate for that he was indicted for assaulting by night the house of Marion de Barantin by throwing stones at her door whereby 'Haro' was raised did not come. Therefore his pledges to be heavily amerced.

Colin Goscelin bailed by William Lenginour [indicted for assaulting] Alan le Neir, wounding him & drawing blood, did not come. Therefore his pledge to be heavily amerced.

Williamiaunt & Robert Grima.....
were [indicted for wounding] Colin Pynel by throwing him to the ground [& do not come.] Therefore their aforesaid [pledges] to be heavily amerced. And
St. Helier Samarès

(M. 51 d.)

Adhuc de manucaptis qui nō veſunt.

..... manucapt⁹ p Rađm Hastein, Galfr̃m Hastein e
Colinū Morel p t̃ns f̃ca uxi nō veñ p¹mo die Itifis.
Idō pleḡ sui in mīa.

..... Galicien manucapt⁹ p Nichm p̃rem suū p t̃ns f̃ca Johi
Angare nō veñ p¹mo die Itifis. Iō pleḡ suos in mīa.

..... Malesars manucaptus p Thomam Malesars & Ja-
cobum de Wyncheles p t̃ns f̃ca Gilbert nō veñ p¹mo die
Itifis. Iō pleḡ sui in mīa.

..... le Corraunt Joñes le Victu e Joñes Hubaunt manu-
capti p Ričm le Corraunt, Robīm Perer p t̃ns f̃ca Ričo Trache nō
veñ p¹mo die Itifis. Iō pleḡ eoꝝ in g^{vi} mīa.

Jord fit Phi Horman manucapt⁹ p Guillm des Augreys Jacobū
de Wyncheles e Colinū Malesars p t̃ns f̃ca Vivencie Mothoun e filie
sue nō veñ p¹mo die Itifis. Jō pleḡ sui in mīa.

Sebirota Goies manucapta p Regiñ de Šco Clemente Thomā
Anleķ e Joñem Hubert p t̃ns f̃ca Colino le Fillastre nō veñ p¹mo die
Itifis. Iō pleḡ sui in mīa.

Đ Šco Martino. Guiltis fit Riči de la Ville manucapt⁹ p Ričm p̃rem suū nō veñ
p¹mo die Itifis. Iō pleḡ suos in mīa.

Robtus fit Riči de la Ville manucaḡ p Ričm de la Ville e Guillm
Direvaunt nō veñ p¹mo die Itifis. Iō pleḡ suos in mīa.

(M. 51 d.) **Continuation of persons bailed** who did not come.

..... bailed by Ralph Hastein, Geoffrey Hastein & Colin Morel for wrong done to the wife of did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledges to be amerced.

..... Galicien bailed by Nicholas his father for wrong done to John Angare did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledge to be amerced.

..... Malzard bailed by Thomas Malzard & James de Vinchelez for wrong done to Gilbert did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledges to be amerced.

..... le Corraunt, John le Victu & John Hubaunt bailed by Richard le Corraunt, Robert Perer for wrong done to Richard Trachy did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore their pledges to be heavily amerced.

Jordan son of Philip Horman bailed by William des Augreys, James de Vinchelez & Colin Malzard for wrong done to Vivienca Mothoun & her daughter did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledges to be amerced.

Sebirota Goies bailed by Reginald de St. Clement, Thomas Anley & John Hubert for wrong done to Colin le Fillastre did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledges to be amerced.

St. Martin. William son of Richard de la Ville bailed by Richard his father did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledge to be amerced.

Robert son of Richard de la Ville bailed by Richard de la Ville & William Direvaut did not come on the first day of the eyre. Therefore his pledges to be amerced.

(M. 52.) **Delibāco Gaole coram prefatis Justic̃ in Ins̃
de Jereseye.**

Jereseye. Justic̃ hic audientes p famam publicam qđ quidam Robt⁹ Desnee puer IX annis [ætate] murdrit⁹ fuit et exinde poitus juxta pvū rivulū molendū in confinio pochiaꝝ Sci [Laurentii] et Sci Petri ac si fuisset sbr̃sus in rivello illo cum nō esset e accidentes magnam [intentionem] esse hic ad feloniam illam cōcelandū pcesserunt ad inquirendū inde rei ṽtatem p p[ro]biiores et] fidedigniores hujus Insule s̃ P̃hm de Carteret Joħnem de Barantyn Petrum de S̃co [Elerio] Levesqe Reginaldū de S̃co Elerio Robtum de la Hoge Guillm des Augeres Guillm le Petit [Ma]lesars Guillm Dierevaud P̃hm Horman e P̃hm Levesqe. Qui dicunt qđ nec ip̃i nec eoꝝ antecessores p qui feoda integra tenent umqꝫ poni consueverunt in huj⁹ inquisiçioibꝫ ex officio set [propter] reverenciam dñi Reĝ e rogatū Justiciarioꝝ concesserunt ad p̃sens inde façde veredctm salva [ipsis] e h̃edibꝫ suis liçtate sua ne trahatur in consequenciam tempibꝫ futuris tç. Et eis [conceditur]. Et dicunt sup sacrū suū qđ ip̃i malecredūt Raulinam uxem Nichi le Desnee de mūdno p̃dco. Et cum p Justiciař p̃cept̃ fuisset vicecoñ qđ ip̃am statim capet vicecoñ statim adiit aṗd villā de S̃co Elerio ubi morantes erant e ip̃am querens non invenit set publice precipit ex pte dñi Reĝ qđ burgenses munirent cimiterium ne ip̃a ibi se intruderet. Et dū vicecoñ alibi quesivisset eam p̃dci Nichus e Raulina manifeste coram ip̃is burgensibꝫ sine impedimento se posuerunt in eccliam clamor̃ de harou tamen fiete levato Justiciař adhuc sedentibꝫ ad plita. Ido om̃es in m̃ia. Et p̃dci Nichus e Raulina tenuerunt se in ecclia p xv dies e amplius licet plies per Justiciarios e Juř Regis quesitū esset ab eis si voluissent reddere se ad pacem dñi Regis tanqꝫ hoies

(M. 52.) **Exat Delivery before the said Justices in the island of Jersey.**

Jersey. The justices here, hearing by public report that a certain Robert Desnee a boy of 9 years [of age] was murdered & then put close by a small mill stream in the confines of the parishes of St. [Laurence] & St. Peter, as if he had been drowned in that stream, whereas he was not, & as there happened to be a great [endeavour] here to conceal that felony, proceeded to enquire into the truth of the matter by [the best and] most trustworthy men of this island, to wit, Philip de Carteret, John de Barantyn, Peter de [St. Helier,] Levesque, Reginald de St. Helier, Robert de la Hougue, William des Augrès, William le Petit, Malzard, William Direvaud, Philip Horman & Philip Levesque, who say that neither they nor their ancestors before them who hold fees entire⁽¹⁾ were ever wont to be put on such inquisitions 'ex officio,' but out of respect for the lord the King & by the desire of the justices, they consented in this present case to give a verdict therein, saving [to themselves] & to their heirs their rights, that it be not drawn into precedent in the future &c. And [this is conceded] to them. And they say upon their oath that they suspect Raulina the wife of Nicholas le Desnee of the aforesaid murder. And whereas it was commanded by the justices to the Viscount that he should arrest her at once, the Viscount forthwith went to the town of St. Helier where they were living & asking for her did not find her, but commanded publicly on behalf of the lord the King that the burgesses should guard the cemetery so that she might not enter there.⁽²⁾ And while the Viscount sought her elsewhere the aforesaid Nicholas & Raulina apparently before the eyes of those very burgesses without hindrance on their part put themselves in the Church, 'Clameur de Haro' being raised but without right, the justices being then sitting at the pleas. Therefore all of them to be amerced. And the aforesaid Nicholas and Raulina remained in the Church for 15 days & more, although on many occasions they were called upon by the Justices & Jurats of

(1) Feodum integrum, i.e. non divisum (fié entérin).

(2) i.e. prevent her from entering the Church to take refuge.

pacis vñ tenere se ad refugiū ecclie sicut felones. Qui demū reddiderunt se paci dñi Reġ. Et venientes coram Justiciā tē. Et predca Raulina allocuta de predca felonía mortis ípius Roḡti et predcus Nichus pre s^opiçone fuge sue allocut^o de consensu tē e de receptamento uñis sue scienter tē defendūt mortem e omem feloñ tē. Et de bono e malo poñ se sup patriam. Et Pñus Fundenġ Radulphus Turgys Wilts le Petist Joñnes de Wyncheles Thoñ Huge Galfr Levesque Thoñ des Augres Lauř Loisel Joñnes de Wyncheles Junior Roġus Dauboeuf Galfr le Galicien e Guills le Segresteyn Juř dicunt sup sacrm suū qđ predci Nichus e Raulina non sunt inde culpabtes nec malecred^t de aliquo alio malefco. Iđo eant inde quieti salvus dño Regi catalt eoř p fuga qui se extendunt ad vij^m xvij^a ix^d per diversas ptictas in pochiis Šci Salvatoris Šci Lauř e Šci Elerii de quibz Vič e ppoiti simul cū pđco Nicho respondebunt.

Et sciend qđ pro magna manutencōe quam Justič pponderunt esse de diřsis feloñ fecunt ípi qđ Juř dñi Reġ p majori e fideliori parte eořdm poiti fñunt in inquisiçoibz in quas indictati se posuerunt cum ptestacōe qđ non trahatur in consequenciam tē set salva sit eis libtas sua quatenus de jure salvanda fuit tē.

De Šca Mař Guills le Faucoun rectat^o de latrocinio de pilando bidentes viciniō veñ e defend omē lat^ociniū e totū tē. Et de bono e malo poñ se sup patriam. Juř dicunt sup sacrm suū qđ pred Guills nō est inde culpabilis nec de alio malefco malecr^t. Iđo sit quiet^o.

Đ Šco Petro. Riçus Galopin rectat^o de s^opiçone latrocinii bidenciū gallinař e alioř minuť veñ e defend omē lat^ociniū e totū tē. Et de bono e malo poñ se sup pat'am. Juř dicunt sup sacrm suū qđ nō est inde culpabilis nec de alio malefco malecr^t. Iđo sit quietus.

the King to say whether they would surrender to the peace of the lord the King as peaceful subjects or remain in the refuge of the Church as felons ; who at length surrendered to the peace of the lord the King & coming before the justices &c. ; and the aforesaid Raulina being accused concerning the said felony of the death of the said Robert & the aforesaid Nicholas on account of the suspicions raised by his flight being accused as to his consent &c. and to his having received his wife knowing &c. repel (the accusation of having caused) the death & all felonious intent &c. And for good or evil submit themselves to the verdict of the country. And Philip Fondan, Ralph Turgys, William le Petit, John de Vinchelez, Thomas Huge, Geoffrey Levesque, Thomas des Augrès, Laurence Loisel, John de Vinchelez, junior, Roger Dauboef, Geoffrey le Galicien & William le Segresteyn, jurors, say upon their oath that the aforesaid Nicholas & Raulina are not guilty thereof nor suspected of any other wrong-doing. Therefore let them be discharged therein, saving to the lord the King their chattels on account of their flight which amount to 7 livres 17 sols, 9 deniers in various parcels in the parishes of St. Saviour, St. Laurence & St. Helier of which the Viscount & the Provost, together with the aforesaid Nicholas shall answer.

And be it known that for the great protection which the justices considered to be necessary concerning divers felonies they enacted that the jurats of the lord the King for the greater & more faithful part of them should be put on inquisitions to which those indicted have submitted themselves, receiving a protest that it should not be drawn into precedent &c. but that their freedom shall be maintained, so far as by law it should be maintained &c.

St. Mary. William le Faucon accused of the theft of shearing the sheep of neighbours came & denied all theft & all &c., and for good or evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. The jurors say upon their oath that the aforesaid William is not guilty thereof nor suspected of any other misdeed. Therefore let him be discharged.

St. Peter. Richard Galopin accused on suspicion of stealing sheep, hens, & other small things comes & denies all theft & all &c. And for good or evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. The jurors say upon their oath that he is not guilty thereof, nor suspected of any other misdeed. Therefore let him be discharged.

D Šco Salvař

Jořnes filius Riči Douenand e Colinett^o Palot rectati qđ sunt cōmunes latrones tč veň e defendť oňe latrociniũ e totũ tč. Et de bono e malo poň se sup pat'am. Juř dicunt sup sacřm suũ qđ pđcti Jořnes e Colinett^o nō sunt inde culpabľes nec de alio malefctō malecrť. Iđo quieti.

Jořnes le Feuere đcus Justice rectatus qđ nō ⁽¹⁾ fuit de societate Rořti Horman falsonař monete veň e defendť totũ tč. Et de bono e malo poň se sup pat'am. Et Jořnes Diereuauđ Jořnes de Braban et Oliřus de Braban rectati qđ iři multum expendunt in tařnis e alibi plus qđm possunt fideř lucrari p quod credit' iřos esse latrones veň e defendť totũ tč. Et poň se sup patriam. Et pđcus Přus simiř rectat^o qđ iře feč crokettũ de quodam cultello e apuit hostiũ celarii et iře simul cum pđcis Jořne e Olivero e Jořne Douenauđ dũ fřunt in p'soň in castro Reğ fuř de warnistura Reğ ad qđntitatē dimidii doť vini e tres bacoň veň e defendť totũ tč. Et de bono e malo poň se sup pat'am. Juř dicunt sup sacřm suũ qđ pđci Přus Jořnes Oliver^o e Jořnes non sunt inde culpabľes nec de aliis malefctis malecrť. Iđo sint quieti.

Petr^o Piket rectat^o qđ iře simul cũ aliis murdriavit Thoň Douenauđ e Olivam uřem ejus veň e defendť oňem feloň e totũ tč. Et de bono e malo poň se sup patriam. Juř dicunt sup sacřm suũ qđ pđcus Petr^o nō est inde culpabľis nec de aliis malefctis malecrť. Iđo sit quiet^o.

Dioniř le Feuere rectat^o de societate Rořti
fiř Riči Faleyse rectat^o de blađ p'or
[veň e defendť totũ tč. Et de bono] e malo poň se sup přiam Juř
dicũt sup [sacřm suũ qđ pđci Dioniř et non sunt inde]
culpabiř. Iđo eant inde quieti.

(1 Sic.

St. Saviour.

John son of Richard Dovenand & Colinet Palot accused of being common thieves &c. come & deny all theft & all &c. And for good or evil submit themselves to the verdict of the country. The jurors say upon their oath that the aforesaid John & Colinet are not guilty thereof nor suspected of any other misdeed. Therefore they are discharged.

John le Fevre called Jutise accused of being of the company of Robert Horman forger of money comes & denies the whole &c. And for good or evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. And John Dierevaud, John de Braban & Oliver de Braban accused of spending much more in taverns & elsewhere than they can honestly earn, whereby they are believed to be thieves come & deny all &c. And submit themselves to the verdict of the country. And the aforesaid Philip likewise accused of making a crook of a certain knife & opening the door of a cellar, & he together with the aforesaid John & Oliver & John Dovenand while they were in prison in the castle of the King stole from the King's garrison stores to the amount of half a hogshead of wine & 3 pig's carcasses come & deny all &c. And for good or evil submit themselves to the verdict of the country. The jurors say upon their oath that the aforesaid Philip, John, Oliver & John are not guilty thereof nor suspected of any other misdeeds. Therefore let them be discharged.

Peter Piket accused for that he together with others murdered Thomas Dovenand & Olive his wife, comes & denies all felony & all &c. And for good or evil submits himself to the verdict of the country. The jurors say upon their oath that the aforesaid Peter is not guilty thereof, nor suspected of any other misdeeds. Therefore let him be discharged.

Dionisius le Fevre accused [of being] of the company of Robert son of Richard Falaise accused [of taking] the corn of the Prior of [come & deny all &c. And] for good or evil submit themselves to the verdict of the country. The jurors say on [their oath that the said Dionisius and are not] guilty thereof. Therefore let them be discharged.

(M. 53.) **Plita de Corona** coram Joñne de Fresingfeld Drogone de Barantino et Joñne de Dittone Juticiariis Itiflantibz in Insulis die lune px̃ ante festum s̃ci Barnabe Apli anno regni dñi Edwardi Regis Anglie secundo continuato in Jerseye usq; ad diem lune pximū post festū Aptorum Petri et Pauli ut de die in diem.

Jerseye. Pñus Hamon unus de duodena t̃c in m̃ia p contemptu. Et
Brolard Nicñus du Gardin..... in m̃ia p eodm.

Petr⁹ Maret elect⁹ ad inquisiçones dñi Reġ non veñ et suñ t̃c.
Jdo in m̃ia. Et in m̃ia p eodm.

Wiffus Warclipeys veñ in Cuř hic e ptulit cartam dñi Reġ pat's
..... in hec verba. Edwardus Dei gr̃a Rex Angl̃ Dñs
Hiñ e Dux Aquit̃ omibz suis ad quos p̃sentes tre
p̃veñint sal̃tm. Sciatis qđ caritatis nostrae pdonavimus
Warclipeys e Agneti ux̃i ejus Nicño le Warclipeys e Gaudino Karrere
de poçñ Šci Martini Veñis de Insula de Gereseye sectam pacis ñre
que ad nos ptinet p latrociniis e aliis t̃nsg̃r̃sionibz p ip̃os Willm
Agnetem Nicñm e Gaudinū in Insula p̃dca cont̃ pacem ñram ppe-
tratis unde rectati sunt et t̃ abjuraçoem ejusd̃ Iñs e aliaꝝ Insulaꝝ
adjacent̃ quam fecunt p lat̃ciniis e t̃nsg̃r̃ p̃d̃cis e firmam pacem
ñram eis inde concedim⁹ Ita tñ qđ fient recte in Cuř ñra ibidem si
quis vsus eos volñt de lat̃ciniis e t̃nsg̃r̃ p̃d̃cis. In cuj⁹
rei testimoniū has iras ñras fieri fecim⁹ patentes. T̃. me ip̃o apud
Westm vij⁹ die April̃ anno r̃ ñ xxvij⁹.

Comptū est p Juř in quam Joñnes de Laiķ se posuit qđ ip̃e emit
quamđ osta[dam ?] de stauro dñi Reġ de Lauř de Sevenok ex̃ mereatū
t̃c sine waranto. Iō ip̃e in g̃vi m̃ia.

(M. 53.) **Pleas of the Crown** before John de Fresingfeld, Drogo de Barantin & John de Ditton justices in eyre in the islands on Monday next before the feast of St. Barnabas the Apostle in the second year of the reign of the lord Edward King of England continued in Jersey up to the Monday next after the feast of the Apostles Peter & Paul as from day to day.

Jersey.
St. Brelade. Philip Hamon one of the 12 &c. to be amerced for contempt.
And Nicholas du Gardin to be amerced for the same thing.

Peter Maret chosen [to serve] on the inquisitions of the lord the King does not come & was summoned &c. Therefore he is to be amerced. And to be amerced for the same thing.

William Warclipeys came into court here & produced a Charter of the father of the lord the King in these words: Edward by the grace of God King of England, lord of Ireland & Duke of Aquitaine to all his to whom these present letters shall come, greeting: Know ye that we of our charity have granted to [William] Warclipeys & Agnes his wife, Nicholas Warclipeys & Gaudin Karrere of the parish of St. Martin the Old of the island of Jersey, suit of our peace, which belongs to us, for thefts & other trespasses perpetrated by the same William, Agnes, Nicholas & Gaudin in the aforesaid island against our peace whereof they are accused, & as to the abjuration of the said island & of the other islands adjacent which they made for the aforesaid thefts & trespasses we have granted them our firm peace therein, so nevertheless that they do stand their trial in our court there if any one shall wish to [proceed] against them concerning the said thefts & trespasses. In witness whereof we have caused these our letters to be made patent.

Witness Ourselves at Westminster the 7th day of April in the 27th year of our reign.

It is found by the jury to which John de Lecq submitted himself that he bought a certain (?) of the lord the King of Laurence de Sevenok privately⁽¹⁾ &c. without warrant. Therefore he is to be heavily amerced.

(1) i.e. not in open market.

(M. 54.) **Plita coram Gohne de Fresingfeld** e sociis suis Justiĉ
Itibantibz in insulis die Lune p^x ante f^m ſci Barnabe Apli
anno regni dⁿⁱ Edwardi Regis Anglie secundo pred^{co} die
continuato in Aureny usq³ ad diem post festum
Decollaĉonis ſci Jo^hnis Bap^ti ut de die in diem.

Aureny. [D^{ns}] Rex p Wil^m des Mareys qui sequitur pro eo petit vsus
Precentor^{is} e Capit^{lm} e octo solidatas redditus et redd^m
nov^e cabotelloz fri quatuor e camp^{tu} bladoz
de toto feodo ip^{os} p^{centoris} e capit^{li} advo^{ca}coem
ecclie ejusdem Insule ut Jus t^c. Et unde Idem Wil^{ls} dicit
..... avus t^c fuit seisi⁹ de pred^{cis} redditibz et advo^{ca}coe t^c
..... ad eccliam illam p^{sentavit} quendam Wil^m
chicum suū institutus in ead^m. Et q^d t^{le} sit
jus ip^{ius} dⁿⁱ [offert verificare sicut] Cu^r con^s.

[Et Precentor e] mag^r scolasticus concano^{icus} ejusdem p attorⁿ
suū veⁿ. Et Wil^{ls} de Stonerailles p^{cu^r} ad
tūc admissus p veⁿ. Et dicūt q^d p^{dc}i precentor e
capit^{lm} t^c e o^mes p^{decessores} sui de [habu]erunt p^{dc}a teⁿ
e p^{dc}am eccliam in pp^{los} usus a tempe quo nō extat memoria
..... [sine] tempis interrup^{coe} excepto tempe guerre in⁹ Reges
ultimo h^{ite} scil^t p^{ris} dⁿⁱ Re^g nūc. Et q^d ita est
offerunt v^{ificare} p p^{riam}.

Et Wil^{ls} dicit p d^{no} Rege q^d d^{ns} Jo^hnes Rex obiit sc^{itus} de
p^{dc}is teⁿ cuj⁹ mortem p^{dc}us d^{ns} H. rex avus t^c
intravit in eadem e illa Ita est offert
v^{ificare} p d^{no} Rege p recordū Cancellarⁱ dⁿⁱ Re^g aliis modis quibz
[Curia] con^s. Et petit Jud^m p d^{no} Rege.

(M. 54.) *Pleas before John de Fresingfeld & his fellow-justices in eyre* in the Islands on Monday next before the feast of St. Barnabas the Apostle in the second year of the reign of the lord Edward King of England being continued on the aforesaid day in Alderney up to after the feast of the Decollation of St. John the Baptist⁽¹⁾ as from day to day.

Alderney. [The lord] the King by William des Mareys who sues for him claims against the Precentor & Chapter of [Coutances] 8 sols of rent & the rent of 9 bushels of wheat, 4 & champart of the corn of the whole fee of the said Precentor & Chapter advowson of the Church of the same island as of right &c. And thereupon the said William says that the grandfather &c. was seised of the aforesaid rents & advowson &c. to that Church presented a certain William his Clerk instituted into the same. And that such is the right of the said lord the King [he offers to establish] as the court shall determine.

[And the Precentor &] Scholastic Master, Fellow-Canon of the same by his attorney comes. And William de Stonerailles proctor thereupon admitted comes, & they say that the aforesaid precentor & chapter &c. and all their predecessors of [held] the aforesaid tenements & the aforesaid Church to their own uses from time immemorial [without] interruption of time except at the period of the war last waged between the Kings, to wit, [in the time of the] father of the lord the King that now is. And that this is so they offer to establish by the verdict of the country.

And William says for the lord the King that the lord John the King died seised of the aforesaid tenements at whose death the aforesaid lord H. the King, the grandfather, &c. entered into possession of the same & [held] them &c. That this is so he offers to establish for the lord the King by the rolls of Chancery of the lord the King [or] by other ways which [the Court] shall determine. And he claims judgment for the lord the King.⁽²⁾

(1) June 24th.

(2) On the subject of the royal and ecclesiastical rights in Alderney, see Dupont vol. i, p. 321. & vol. ii, pp. 103—112.

Plita de Corona de Aureny.

Nomina p̄poitoꝝ	Noīa Juī Reġ	
Wilfus Jacob	Petr ^o Peset	Guiff May
Guiff le Petyt q' nūc est	Petr ^o du Pleyn	Guiff le Waleys
	Jacobus Nicole	

Noīa Juī duodene		
Ričus le Cardonel,	Guiff Nicole,	Henī Gilard,
Rads Lengleys,	Henī de la Hoge,	Henī Bertram,
Joīnes Menet,	Petr ^o Nicole,	Joīnes Avice,
	Guiff Cosyn senior,	
	Ričus le Counte,	
	Robtus Roney.	

Insulata de Aureny veī p xij.

Juī p̄sentant qđ Simon Oede inventus fuit seisisus de una camisia de furto valoris x deñ quam fuī de uxe Riči Jacob. Et Simon veī petens inde ġram tē e dič qđ ipe fecit p̄lq̄m de p̄dca camisia tantumodo de eo. Et poī se sup p̄riam. Et Juī dicūt sup sacrum qđ ipe nō malecredunt eum de aliquo alio malefco. Jō mittit' ad castrū dñi Reġ de Garnesey morand ibi in p'sona p voluntate dñi Reġ. Et inīim inde loquend est tē.

Presentant t̄ qđ Joīnes Champion indictatus fuit qđ ipe fregit de Wrecco e vendidit quemđ fanchionē mirentū in eadem. Et Joīn sz q, p̄les sunt testes. Jō mittit' simiīr p̄sone tē. Et inīim loquend est

Presentant t̄ qđ Joīnes de Portesume simul cū navicla de Portesume vesunt in hāc Insulam e ceperunt Guillot secum in naviclā suā cont' ejus voluntatem tē. Et Idm Guillot

Pleas of the Crown of Alderney.

Names of the Prevosts.	Names of the Jurats of the King.	
William Jacob,	Peter Peset,	William May,
William le Petyt who is now in office.	Peter du Pleyn,	William le Waleys,
	James Nicole.	

Names of the Jury of twelve.

Richard le Cardonel,	William Nicole,	Henry Gibard,
Ralph Lengleys,	Henry de la Hougue,	Henry Bertram,
John Menet,	Peter Nicole,	John Avice,
	William Cosyn senior,	
	Richard le Conte,	
	Robert Rouey.	

The islet of Alderney comes by 12 men.

The jury present that Simon Ode was found in possession of a shirt obtained by theft of the value of 10 d. which he stole from the wife of Richard Jacob. And Simon comes, seeking grace therein, &c. and says that he made except concerning the said shirt. And he submits himself to the verdict of the country. And the jurors say upon their oath that they do not suspect him of any other misdeed. Therefore let him be sent to the castle of the lord the King in Guernsey to remain there in prison at the will of the lord the King. And in the meantime the matter is reserved for pleading &c.

They present also that John Champion was indicted for that he broke of wreck & sold a certain looking-glass in the same. And John but because there are many witnesses therefore let him likewise be sent to prison &c. and in the meantime let it be reserved for pleading.

They present also that John de Portsmouth together with ship of Portsmouth came into this island & took Guillot with them into their ship against his will &c. And the said Guillot

..... Serk ubi ip̃i robiaſunt Insulanos tē. Et Guillotus
..... contra voluntatem suam et diē
qd̃ ip̃i ſepissime illū inſficere
maliciam eoꝝ tē e diē qd̃ eandem p cantelam vix ev.....
..... hic ppendentes malū exemptū e scandalū fieri si
.....rint cū p̃dcs feloñ
pedibꝫ suis in p̃dca Insula miserunt
eum p'sone. Et infim loquend tē. Et p̃dcs
..... rediit in hanc Iñ sine wař e recept^o fuit ut
..... abstulit eis navē suam. Iō tota Cōitas
in m̃ia. Postea tē
p̃dci Gilb̃ti ſibi remittit^r.

(M. 54 d.)

Adhuc de pl̃itis Gorone de Aureng.

Presentant qd̃ Wilfs Estambert abjuř Iñ a xxxvij annis elapsis
p bidentium Postea tris dñi
Reg̃ de p̃donaçoe abjuř et t̃ de tris e catař suis reñend. Et p̃dcs
Wilfs de Sandwyꝫ pbavit ġram illam p quod t̃re sue
ei libate Et Colinus Mener

Presentant t̃ qd̃ Colinus Mener cois latro a xij annis elapsis
s^opensus fuit et dñs Rex p mañ Radi Oede tūc bařti tē e
Idm fuit t̃ram h̃editarie vide vj virġ t̃re de valore
patet infra. Et fuit vij virġ t̃re in feodo Capiřli Constañ unde
..... annū tē. Et valent p̃dce virġ t̃re vj bus̃ f̃ri p annū.

Presentant t̃ qd̃ Matild̃ la Nouvele bastarda que fuit tres filios
bastardos p̃creatos seisita de quibꝫdam teñ in
villa t̃e Marie in hac Insula circi^o a LX annis elapsis de quibꝫ
.....

[went with them to the island of] Sark where they robbed the islanders &c. And Guillot [says that he went with them] against his will & says that they [tried to kill him on many occasions] their wickedness &c. And he says that at length by wariness he with difficulty escaped [The Justices] hereupon considering that a bad example would be shown & a scandal would be caused if when the aforesaid felon put his foot in the said island sent him to prison. And in the meantime let it be reserved for pleading &c. And the said returned into this island without warrant & was taken as took from them their ship. Therefore all the commonalty to be amerced. Afterwards &c. of the aforesaid Gilbert is remitted to him.

(M. 54 d.) **Continuation of the pleas of the Crown in Alderney.**

They present also that William Estambert abjured the islands 37 years ago for [stealing] sheep Afterwards [he produced] a letter of pardon of the lord the King for the abjuration & also to retake possession of his lands & chattels. And the aforesaid William [by] de Sandwych proved that pardon whereby his lands were delivered to him And Colin Mener

They present also that Colin Mener a common thief was hanged 12 years ago & the lord the King by the hands of Ralph Ode then bailiff &c. And the same had land of inheritance, to wit, 6 virgates of land the value of which appears within. And he had 7 virgates of land in the fee of the chapter of Coutances whereof year &c. And the aforesaid virgates of land are worth 6 bushels of wheat by the year.

They present also that Matilda la Nouvele a bastard who had 3 bastard sons begotten died seised of a certain tenement in the vill of St. Mary in this island

Henř de Hoga tenet j virg ěre e redd ěno Regi p annũ j bus ě fri.
 Et Oñius le Gresley ěre de ěra ejusd e redd
 ěno Regi p annũ j bz ě fri. Et Joñnes Cosyn tenet de ěra di
 virg ěre spinose e redd p annũ j ca ě fri. Dicunt t qđ tota domus
 scilě veraq Petⁱ Peset nup quamđ
 porědem ěre ejusd in pđca villa una cũ meš excepto muro gabuli
 vsus austrũ. Postea de ěra meš cũ domibz tě reconcedit^r pđco Petro
 e ěedibz suis tenend de ěno Rege p reddm ij s e j q^rř ě fri una cũ
 pulla ě tě. Et redd de quibz meš illđ ofat^r post mortē pđce Matild
 a quo quidē tempe meš illđ fuit esě ěni Reě totalě adnullant^r.

Presentant t qđ sunt ij mole manuales libe in hac Insula quas
 Nickus le Neir ěet unā e Sampson le Counte ěet aliam ab antiquo tě
 sz nō possunt molere ad molas suas [nisi] fũit p defectu molend ěni
 Reě qđ nō pořint ibi molere e nullus Insulanoř potest ěre molas
 pě pđcos Nickm e Sampš sine speciali liceně ministroř ěni Reě vt
 firma

Presentant t qđ ěns Rex ěet in villa Bē Marie in hac Insula
 quodd clausũ ubi Reě ponit^r e valet camptũ coibz
 annis XL ti pcipit t ěns Rex de ěta firma in hac Insul per annũ de L
 bova ěre quas quedam fuit majores e quedam minores. ěet t in
 ěnico ěra arrabili circi ě Lij virg ěre de quibz Juř libařunt quamđ
 cedula circi a iiij^{or} annis elapsis řcam in hec řba Robtus Reyner
 p ij virg ěre ij bz ě fri Relicta al Dekene p ij virg xxx peě (?) ěre
 v ca ě fri e j galliñ Lauř Lengleys p iiij virg j q^rř ě fri Robtus Reyney
 p ij virg e di v ca ě fri Peř le M^ocer p ij virg e di j q^rř ě fri e j ca ě
 M^ocer p ij virg v ca ě fri Mathis Peissoun p ij virg v ca ě
 Joñnes Colin p ij virg ij bz ě fri e p j Alia virg j bz e ij danereř
 Peř Peset p ij virg ij bz ě fri Lauř Lengleys p j virg ij ca ě fri Peř

about 60 years ago of which Henry de la Hougue holds one virgate of land & pays to the lord the King by the year one bushel of wheat. And Oliver le Gresley of land of the land of the same & pays to the lord the King by the year one bushel of wheat. And John Cosyn holds of the land [of the same] half a virgate of thorny land & pays per annum one measure of wheat. They say also that the entire house to wit, of Peter Peset [is situated upon] a certain portion of the land of the same in the aforesaid vill together with a messuage except the wall of the gable towards the south. Afterwards by grace the messuage with the houses &c. was regranted to the aforesaid Peter & to his heirs to be held of the lord the King by the rent of 2 sols & one quarter of wheat together with pullage &c. And let the rents with which that messuage is charged be altogether annulled after the death of the said Matilda from which said time that messuage was the escheat of the lord the King.

They present also that there are 2 free hand-mills in this island of which Nicholas le Neir has one & Sampson le Conte has the other of old &c. but they may not grind at their mills [unless it] shall be by the default of the mill of the lord the King that they shall not be able to grind there, & none of the islanders can have mills except the aforesaid Nicholas & Sampson without special license of the officers of the lord the King or of the farmers of

They present also that the lord the King has in the vill of St. Mary in this island a certain close where the champart of the King is put, & the champart is worth one year with another 40 livres. Also the lord the King takes of cert farm in this island 40 [livres] by the year of 50 bovates of land whereof some are large & some are small. He has also in demesne land about 52 virgates of land of which the Jurats delivered a certain schedule about 4 years ago made in these words:—Robert Reyner for 3 virgates of land 3 bushels of wheat, the widow of Dekene for 2 virgates 30 perches of land 5 measures of wheat & 1 hen, Laurence Lengleys for 4 virgates 1 quarter of wheat, Robert Reyney for 2½ virgates of land 5 measures of wheat, Peter le Mercer for 3½ virgates of land 1 quarter of wheat & 1 measure, le Mercer for 2 virgates 5 measures of wheat, Matthew Peisson for 2 virgates 5 measures, John Colin for 3 virgates 3 bushels of wheat & for 1 other virgate 1 bushel & 2 small bushels, Peter Peset for 2 virgates 2 bushels of wheat, Laurence Len-

du Pleyñ p j virg j b3 fri Rads Le Aiguel p ij virg tre iij b3 fri
Jacobus Nicole p iij virg iij b3 fri Guills Martinet p di virg j cab fri
Bertramus Nicole p ij virg ij b3 fri Riçus le Counte de la Fountenele
p ij virg ij b3 fri Peir Peset p j virg iij cab fri Galfr Leaiguel p iij
virg iij b3 fri Peir Peste p x ptiç tre ij danereff fri Guills Cosyn p
ij virg tre e di iij b3 fri Robtus Reyney p di virg j cab fri.

*[The remainder of this membrane is in too imperfect
a condition to be worth publishing.]*

(M. 55.) **Adhuc de reman de Corona de Aureng.**

*[This membrane is also very imperfect. The following
paragraphs only will allow of publication.]*

[Presentant] t̃ dñs Rex Capellam Sci Deharii jux^a Castrum que
valet coib3 annis

Presentant t̃ Juř qđ Joñnes Menir Osanna filia M.....
Robtus J..... t̃nsçssi sunt in assisa panis t̃c. Et Petr
Peset Guills Elene Oliçs le Joñnes le
Fauconer Henř Longenet Riçus Cardonel Petr De
Robtus Rogney Jacobus Nicole t̃nsçssi sunt in assisa panis e vini.
Jō ipe in m̃ia.

Juř p̃sentant qđ Robtus le Fauconer alias violent̃ p̃travit ostiũ
domus Reymūdi fr̃is sui p que appleg̃ fuit ad as̃ t̃c et Robtus e
Reymūdus veñ e concord̃ sunt. Jō uřq3 eoř in m̃ia.

Riçus Cardonel queř de falso Judio qui alias appellavit t̃c et
posuit fr̃as e catalla loco pleğ nō p̃sequit̃. Jō ipe in m̃ia.

Et Juř duodene simul cū tota coit̃ate p̃ conclamento fr̃ař q̃ f̃funt
Drogonis de Barantyn quas dñs H. Rex fuit de eo in escambiũ in

gleys for 1 virgate 3 measures of wheat, Peter du Pleyn for 1 virgate 1 bushel of wheat, Ralph le Aignel for 2 virgates of land 3 bushels of wheat, James Nicole for 4 virgates 3 bushels of wheat, William Martinet for half a virgate 1 measure of wheat, Bertram Nicole for 2 virgates 2 bushels of wheat, Richard le Conte de la Fontenele for 2 virgates 2 bushels of wheat, Peter Peset for 1 virgate 3 measures of wheat, Geoffrey le Aignel for 3 virgates 3 bushels of wheat, Peter Peste for 10 perches of land 2 small bushels of wheat, William Cosyn for 2½ virgates of land 3 bushels of wheat, Robert Reyney for half a virgate 1 measure of wheat.

(M. 55.) **Continuation of the remainder of the Crown pleas of
Alderney.**

They present also that the lord the King [has] the chapel of St. (?)..... next the castle which is worth one year with another.....

They present also that John Menir, Osanna the daughter of M..... Robert J..... have broken the assize of bread &c. And Peter Peset, William Elene, Oliver le John le Fauconer, Henry Longenet, Richard Cardonel, Peter De, Robert Rogney, James Nicole have broken the assize of bread & wine. Therefore they are to be amerced.

The jury present that Robert le Fauconer at another time had violently pulled down the door of the house of Reymund his brother whereby he was remanded on bail to the assizes &c. And Robert & Reymund come & are agreed. Therefore both of them to be amerced.

Richard Cardonel plaintiff who at another time appealed concerning a wrong judgment &c. and gave his lands & chattels by way of security, does not prosecute. Therefore he is to be amerced.

And the jury of 12 together with the whole commonalty for concealments of lands which belonged to Drogo de Barantyn which the lord H. the King had in this island of him in exchange for

hac Insula p LV ti fre in Inš de Jereš. Et t p plibz cōcelamentis in
veredco suo de quibz cōvicti fūunt coram Justiċ p examinaċōem. Jō
oīes in g̃vi mīa. Et maxie p [teñ] q̃ fūunt Drogonis de Barantino
..... dñs H. Rex dedit ei in escam̃ LX ti fre in Jereš in
escam̃ q̃ cū tota coitate.

Petr du Pleyn Jacobus Nicole Wilts May e Wilts le Waleys Juī
Reg̃ se s̃trahentis nō aŋunt venire coram
Justiċ quousq; p̃positus quosd̃ sollempni?
e misit p quibzđ. Jō in g̃vi mīa.

(M. 56.)

Adhuc de

Preceptū est balfio firmi e injunctum qđ ad tres p̃ncipales Cuī
p annū diligenter inquirat de oīibz
t̃nsgressionibz fctis contra pacem in Insula de quibz t̃ns.....
inquiri solet ab antiquo. Et attach̃ indictatos scđm antiqum con-
suetudiem t̃c. Et simitr inquirat de Wreccis
solatis dño Regi vī conelatis. Et de
de infortuniis de morte hoīs. Et si inuestit aliqua bona vī catalla que
sunt in cujuscumq; etatis vī condiċōis
..... bona illa fideīr appreciari e
predcas assisas. Et ea tunc p̃sentet coram Justiciaī etc.

*[The condition of remainder of this membrane as also
that of M. 56 d. which concludes the Roll is so imperfect
as not to warrant being printed.]*

FINIS.

55 librates of land in the island of Jersey, & also for many concealments in their verdict of which they were convicted before the justices by examination, are all of them to be heavily amerced. And chiefly [for the tenements] which belonged to Drogo de Barantin. The lord H. the King gave him in exchange 60 librates of land in Jersey in exchange, which with the whole commonalty

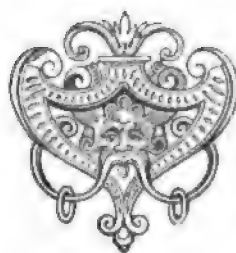
Peter du Pleyn, James Nicole, William May & William le Waleys jurats of the King withdrawing themselves did not [care] to come before the Justices until the provost according to custom summoned them & sent for others. Therefore they are to be heavily amerced.

(M. 56.)

Continuation of

It is firmly commanded to the bailiff & enjoined that at the 3 principal courts each year he shall diligently enquire concerning all trespasses committed against the peace in the island, concerning which trespasses enquiry was wont to be made of old. And that he attach those indicted according to ancient custom &c. And likewise that he enquire concerning wrecks taken from the lord the King or concealed. And concerning of misadventures concerning the death of men. And if he shall find any goods or chattels which are in of whatsoever age or condition those goods to be faithfully appraised & arrested to the aforesaid assizes. And that he then present those things before the Justices &c.

FINIS.



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